THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

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Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Jan. 2, 1871.

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JAS. H. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

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n10v1ly

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BULLION and ORES assayed. CORRECTNESS GUARANTEED. n1v13m.

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Practical Assayer,

KEARSARGE MILL, - - - - - INYO CO., CAL.

ALL ASSAYS GUARANTEED CORRECT, AND Orders promptly attended to.

September 19, 1870. tfn10

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE

SHAVING SALOON.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.

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INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870 n15v13m

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

STAGE HOUSE.

Independence, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.

MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870.

n1v1 3m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BAILEY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

BISHOP CREEK

STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE,

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

SALOONS.

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.

Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors.

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

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THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8v29 3m

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

SALOON.

MAY & TASKER, Proprietors.

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS, INDEPENDENCE.

WHERE THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE happy to meet all old and new friends. Bar supplied with the most popular and palatable beverages. Call and take a smile, smoke a Havana, and play a game of billiards.

MAY & TASKER.

BOOTS & SHOES.

BOOTS & SHOES.

New Shoemaker Shop,

One door North of the Drug Store.

G. W. TODD. J. N. MALONE.

TODD & MALONE

ANNOUNCE TO THEIR FRIENDS AND THE public generally that they are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of BOOTS and SHOES, on the shortest notice, FOR CASH. The best of French material will be used.

☞ Repairing Neatly Executed.☜

nv8n18tf

JOHN STOCK,

BISHOP CREEK (Near Pinchower's Store)

Practical Bootmaker.

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER, AND repairing done, at lowest rates FOR CASH.

July 10, 1870. n1v16m

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

☞ ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.☜

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2 tf

BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, POSTERS, Cards, etc., printed in the finest style, at this office

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FOR INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.

Fare to San Francisco.....$50.

OFFICE—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Russ House.

A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.

W. G. ROBERTS, Agent. n14m3

INDEPENDENCE, LONE PINE AND CERRO GORDO

STAGE LINE.

CONNECTING WITH STAGES FROM RENO and Los Angeles, carrying Mail and Express.

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Mondays at 5 o'clock, A. M. Wednesdays at 8 A. M.

LEAVES LONE PINE:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT CERRO GORDO:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

LEAVES CERRO GORDO:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT LONE PINE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 12 o'clock, M.

ARRIVES AT INDEPENDENCE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 5 o'clock P. M.

JOHN COLLISTER, Proprietor.

Independence, September 26, 1870. n12 3m

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

—AND—

General Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.

Have goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.

WM. M. OSBORN,

nv18m3 Los Angeles.

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER MARCH 8TH, 1870, TRAINS will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—Week days—8 A. M. and 1 P. M.

Sundays—8 A. M. and 2 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

FARE:

Between Los Angeles and Wilmington	$1 00
" " and Anaheim	2 50
" Wilmington and "	1 50
From Los Angeles to Florence	25
" " " Compton	50
" " " Dominguez	75
" " " Cerritos	75
From Wilmington to Cerritos or Dominguez	25
" " " Compton	50
" " " Florence	75
Sunday Excursion Tickets between Los Angeles and Wilmington—for round trip	1 00

Commutation Tickets, between Los Angeles and Wilmington, $7 50 per month.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

Freight from Anchorage to Los Angeles:

Dry Goods, $4 per ton measurement.
Groceries, $5 per ton weight.
Staves, $4 per ton weight.
Other merchandise, $5 per ton weight.
Empty Pipes, $1 each.
Lumber, $7 per M.

From Los Angeles to Anchorage:

Grain $2 50 per ton.
Wool and Honey, $3 50 per ton.
Wine, $3 00 per ton.
Hides, dry, 8 cents each.
" wet, $3 50 per ton.
Other merchandise, $5 per ton.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n17m3 E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

D. COHN & CO., Agents

OFFICE—At D. Cohn & Co.'s store. n29n5m6

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CLOSE & FINK,

MASONS,

A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.

July 9, 1870. n1v13*

CARPENTERING.

JOHN HECKEL,

Carpenter & Builder.

Independence, Cal.

PAYS PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO JOBBING and making estimates. Orders from the country attended to. n276m

"GRAN'MA AL'AS DOES"

BY A. H. POE.

I wan' to mend my wagon,
And has to have some nail's;
Just' two, free will be plenty,
We're going to ham our rails,
The splendidest rail fences,
We're makin' ever was!
I wis' you'd help us to find 'em,
Gran'ma al'as does.

My horse's name is Betsey;
She jumped and broke her head,
I put her in the stable,
And fed her milk and bread.
The stable's is in the parlor;
We didn't make no muss,
I wis' you'd let it stay there,
Gran'ma al'as does.

I's goin' to the cornfield
To ride on Charlie's plow;
I sweet he'd like to have me;
I want to go right now,
Oh, won't I get up awful,
And when like Charlie wheels?
I wis' you wouldn't bozzer;
Gran'ma never does.

Jugglers in India.

One morning when I was in India I heard the beating of a drum and the squeaking of a flageonet under my window. It was not inspiring music. The drummer did not play with such spirit as some of the boys played who went into the army, and the flageolet had an unpleasant squeak to it. I was too weary with traveling and too tired of sight-seeing to look out and see what was going on. Besides, it was a very hot day, and the mercury in the thermometer was up to one hundred and ten in the shade. I had my coat, vest, stockings and shoes off, and was lying on a couch with a punka going backward and forward a few inches above my face. Do you ask what a punka is? It is a great fan. The punka was going over my head and the puller was was keeping time with the drummer, when my Hindoo landlord, with a great white turban on his head nearly as large as a bushel basket, looked into my room and said, "Don't you want to see the jugglers?" "Certainly." I had heard a great deal about them and wanted to see them very much, and went out and sat down upon the veranda while the jugglers went through their performances. There were three or four persons in the party, who made a low bow and then set down on the ground. They were snake-charmers as well as jugglers. They sat in a row, one beating the drum, another playing the flageolet, while the third had an anaconda wound around one arm and around his neck. The anaconda was about twelve feet long, and its wide, flat head was raised two or three feet above that of the Hindoo. It opened its mouth, ran out its tongue, and flashed its eyes and twisted its head in such a snakey way that I did not like the look of him at all. A fourth had a large, greenish snake wound round his arm. One of the charmers made a low, clucking sound, and the slimy creature unwound himself, crawled down to the ground and started for the veranda to make our acquaintance. When he was almost up to our feet, the charmer made a different cluck, and the snake, after giving a hiss and running out its red forked tongue, and flashing its fiery eyes, went back and coiled himself once more around the fellow's arm. There were two large earthen jars upon the ground, and now, as the charmer made another cluck, two cobras raised their heads above one of the vessels. The bite of the cobra is very deadly. The poison strikes instantly through the system, paralyzes it and brings on death very quickly.

The charmer made a whispering noise and they came creeping over the sides of the jar and wound themselves in coils upon the ground, just as a sailor coils a rope upon the deck of a ship. There they were with their heads nearly a foot above the center of the coil, waving them backward and forward with their mouths wide open, and the two sharp fangs in their upper jaws exposed, their eyes flashing and their tongues in motion. Cobra de Capella is a Portuguese word, meaning hooded snake, and it is sometimes called the "hooded snake," because it has a sort of hood upon its head. The charmer struck at them with his fingers and they struck back again. When they are enraged they show their anger by puffing up their hoods, hissing, flashing their eyes and striking at everything near them. As the charmer continued to plague them they became very wrathful. How their eyes flashed! How their tongues went! And what a hissing they made! They seemed angry enough to strike their tormentor dead. They are very slow-motioned, and, as there was no danger that they would get at us, we sat and watched them with composure; besides, we knew that the charmer had them under perfect control; for, when they were as angry as they could be, he gave a low whistle, which calmed them in a moment and sent them back into the jar. Then the charmer put his hand into another vessel and took out a dozen or more great scorpions. Their sting causes excruciating pain — far worse than that of hornets. These were as large as some of the crabs that live along our ocean shores, and were ugly looking creatures; but he handled them as calmly as if they were canary birds or white mice, or any other harmless thing. He hung them upon his ears, upon his arms as if they were bracelets, and the creatures never thought of harming him. It was wonderful to see the power of these charmers over such venemous creatures. There are some men in the world who are endowed by nature with remarkable power over the lower order of creation.

But these jugglers could do some very clever tricks—some that would puzzle you completely. They have one trick that the slight-of-hand performers in this country never have been able to imitate. It is called the mango trick. I did not see it, but other men have witnessed the performance, and I cannot doubt their word. The mango is a very delicious fruit, about the size of a Bartlett pear, with a flavor like that of a strawberry. It grows on a small tree. The juggler first smooths a place on the ground, places a basket over it and covers it with a cloth. Then he sits down beside it, reaches his arms under the basket, moves them slowly, as if working with his hands, singing a low song. After awhile he raises the basket, and you see a mango plant ten or twelve inches high, growing where only a few moments before you saw smooth ground! You think, perhaps, that he had the plant in the basket and set it out; but if you had examined the basket or the cloth you would have found no plant concealed. He puts the basket over the plant again, sits down once more and waits for the plant to grow. In a few moments he raises the covering a second time and you see a plant two feet high! Again he covers it, waits awhile to have it grow, and at the third raising you will see a ripe mango on the plant. He will present it to you, and you can assure yourself by eating it that it is not a make-believe, but genuine fruit!

Do you ask how it is done? I have not the least idea. Of course they do not make a plant grow there; it is only a trick; but the deception is so perfect that it seems to be a reality. If they could produce plants in that way they could beat nature; for it takes weeks and months for nature to grow a tomato plant or a cabbage, and years to produce a mango tree. If they could do it in reality, it would be worth while to employ a few of them to raise crops when the crops were likely to fail; but there is nothing real in what they do.—Carleton.

A FREAK OF FORTUNE.

Samuel Duhobret was a disciple of the famous engraver, Albert Durer, admitted into the art-school out of charity. He was employed in painting signs and the coarse tapestry then used in Germany. As he was about forty years of age, small, ugly, and hump-backed, he was the butt of all jokes among his fellow pupils, and selected as a special object of dislike by Madame Durer, who tormented the scholars and domestics, as well as the master, by her Xantippical temper. Poor Duhobret had not a spice of malice in his heart, and not only bore all his trials with patience, but eating, without complaint, the scanty crust given him for dinner, while his companions fared better; always showed himself ready to assist and serve those who scoff'd at him. His industry was indefatigable. He came to his studies each morning at daybreak, and worked until sunset. During three years he plodded thus, and said nothing of the paintings he had produced in his lonely chamber by the light of his lamp. His bodily energies wasted under the incessant toil. No one cared enough for him to notice the feverish color in his wrinkled cheek, or the increasing meagreness of his misshapen frame. No one observed that the poor pittance set aside for his mid-day meal remained untouched for several days. The poor artist made his appearance as usual, and as meekly bore the gibes of the students or the taunts of the lady; working with the same untiring assiduity, though his hands trembled and his eyes were often suffused with tears.

One morning he was missing from the scene of his labors, and though jokes were passed about his disappearance, no one thought of going to his lodgings to see if he were ill or dead. He was indeed prostrated by the low fever that had been lurking in his veins and slowly sapping his strength. He was half delirious and muttered wild and incoherent words, fancying his bed surrounded by mocking demons, taunting him with his inability to call a priest to administer the words of comfort that might soothe his passage to another world.

From exhausted slumbers he awoke faint and with parched lips; it was the fifth day he had lain in his cell neglected. Feebly he stretched out his hands toward the earthen pitcher, and found that it contained not a drop of water. Slowly and with difficulty he arose, for he knew that he must procure sustenance or die of want. He had not a kreutzer. He went to the other end of the room, took up the picture he had painted last, and resolved to carry it to a dealer, who might give him for it enough to furnish him necessaries for a week longer.

On his way he passed a house before which there was a great crowd. There was to be a sale, he learned, of many specimens of art collected during thirty years by an amateur. The wearied Duhobret thought he might here find a market for his picture. He worked his way through the crowd, dragged himself up the steps, and found the auctioneer, a busy little man, holding a handful of papers and inclined to be rough with the lean, sallow hunchback who so eagerly implored his attention.

"What do you call your picture?" he asked.

"It is a view of the Abbey of Newbourg, with the village and landscape," replied the trembling artist.

The auctioneer looked at him, hummed contemptuously, and asked the price of it.

"Whatever you please; whatever it will bring," was the anxious reply.

"Hem!"—with an unfavorable criticism—"I can promise you no more than three thalers."

Poor Duhobret had spent the nights of many months on that piece. But he was starving, and the pittance offered would buy him bread. He nodded to the auctioneer and retired to a corner.

After many paintings and engravings had been sold, Duhobret's was exhibited. "Who bids? Three thalers! Who bids? was the cry." The poor artist held his breath; no response was heard. Suppose it should not find a purchaser? He dared not look up; he thought everybody was laughing at the folly of offering so worthless a piece at public sale. "It is certainly my best work," he murmured piteously to himself. He ventured to glance at the picture as the auctioneer held it in a favorable light. There was certainly a beautiful freshness in the rich foliage, a transparency in the water, a freedom and life in the animals. The steeple, the trees, the whole landscape, showing the genius of an artist. Alas! he felt the last throb of an artist's vanity. The dead silence continued and, turning away, he buried his face in his hands.

"Twenty-one thalers!" a faint voice cried out. The stupified painter gave a start of joy, and looked to see who had uttered those blessed words. It was the picture dealer to whom he was first to go.

"Fifty thalers!" cried the sonorous voice of a tall man in black.

There was a moments silence. "One hundred thalers!" at length cried the picture dealer, evidently piqued and anxious.

"Two hundred!"

"Three hundred!"

"Four hundred!"

"One thousand thalers!"

Another profound silence; and the crowd pressed around the two opponents who stood opposite each other with flushed and angry faces.

The tall stranger bid fifteen hundred thalers.

"Two thousand thalers!" shouted the picture dealer looking around him triumphantly.

"Ten thousand!" vociferated the tall man, his face crimson with rage, and his hands clinched convulsively.

The dealer grew pale, his frame shook with agitation. His voice was suffocated; but after two or three efforts he cried out:

"Twenty thousand!"

His tall opponent bid forty thousand. The dealer hesitated. His adversary laughed a low laugh of insolent triumph, and the crowd gave a murmur of admiration. The picture dealer felt his reputation at stake, and called out in sheer desperation:

"Fifty thousand!"

The tall man hesitated; the crowd was breathless. At length, tossing his arms in defiance, he shouted:

"One hundred thousand!" adding an impatient execration against his adversary. The crest-fallen picture dealer withdrew. The tall victor bore away the prize. He passed through the wondering people, went out, and was going along the street, when a decrepid, lame, humpbacked wretch, totting along by the aid of a stick, presented himself before him. The stranger threw him a piece of money, and waved his hand as if dispensing with thanks.

"May it please your honor," persisted the supposed begger, "I am the painter of that picture." He rubbed his eyes, for he had hardly yet been able to convince himself that he had not been dreaming.

The tall man was Count Dunkelsbach, one of the richest noblemen in Germany. He stopped and questioned the bystanders. Being convinced of the truth of the statement, he took out his pocket book, tore out a leaf, and wrote on it a few lines.

"Take it, friend," he said. "It is the cheque for your money. Good morning."

Duhobret invested his money, and resolved to live luxuriously for the rest of his life, cultivating painting as a pastime. But though he had borne privation and toil, prosperity was too much for him. Indigestion carried him off. His picture had long an honored place in the cabinet of Count Dunkelsbach, and the curious incident of its purchase was often related. It afterward passed into the possession of the King of Bavaria.—*Catholic World.*

Refreshing.

A countryman at a New Orleans theatre, the other night, as the escort of some ladies, retired at an intermission and returned with a pound or two of peanuts wrapped in paper, and two huge bananas sticking from his pocket. Just then, however, and before he had time to take his seat, one of the actresses who had especially won his admiration, came to the footlights and warbled a beautiful melody. The full rich voice, exquisite intonation, and breathing strains almost divine, completed the conquest of the countryman's heart, and, unable to restrain his delight, he heaved on the stage his peanuts, bananas, and pocket handkerchief, as a tribute to the fair enchantress. There was a momentary astonishment visible upon the faces on the stage, a single interval of hesitation, which was removed by the countryman's voice, full and clear, "Take 'em, my gal, by jingo, you're welcome!" And then the house came down.

—There are at least ten thousand species of flies cast of the Rocky mountains.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Cal., Jan. 2, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

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THE LAND OFFICE.

The following note from the newly appointed Receiver of this Land District explains itself:

AURORA, December 27, 1870.

MESSRS. EDITORS, Inyo Independent: The Aurora Land Office will open for business January 2d, 1871.

Yours, etc.,
T. W. DEXTER,
Receiver.

A New Agricultural Paper.

The want of a first-class paper especially devoted to the peculiar agricultural interests of the Pacific coast has long been felt. To supply this need, Dewey & Co., of San Francisco, publishers of The Scientific Press, will commence on the 7th of the present month, the publication of a sixteen page weekly, to be called The Pacific Rural Press, a specimen copy of which we have received. We heartily welcome the new publication. The interests of our own county are about equally divided between mining and farming. Not a farmer in it, however well informed but may learn something of value, pertaining to his business, from an ably conducted paper, specially devoted to the consideration of the peculiar conditions of soil, climate and seasons of the Pacific coast. From the well-known ability and energy of the publishers, we doubt not that The Rural Press will fulfill all these conditions. Single copies, $4 00 per annum.

We have made arrangements with the publishers of The Rural Press so that we can furnish that paper to present subscribers of The Independent for $3 00 additional, in advance. NEW subscribers paying for both journals in advance, can have them for $7 00. We will make a still greater reduction to clubs of three or more.

General Lee wanted in France.

Among the correspondence of the State Department just published, is the following from Minister Motley, dated August 17th:

It is an authentic fact that the French Government telegraphed to London yesterday to know if General Lee is still there, or whether he is expected. The supposition is that a military command is to be offered him. I am not aware that General Lee is in London or that he is expected here. The fact, however, that the French Government should show such anxiety to obtain military talent from so distant a quarter, would seem to argue some want of confidence in the government of their armies.

'Tis Well.

An Ohio gentleman, interested in the reform dress movement, is willing to undertake the task of cutting loose the corset-strings of 15,000,000 of American women. He desires also, he says, "to free women from the bondage of petticoats." Building a Pacific railroad would be nothing to that contract.

The Pacific Law Reporter.

Members of the legal profession and others, desiring to keep properly posted in the current law cases of our own, as well as other States, can not do better than to subscribe for the above paper. Published weekly, by Wm. Ayres & Co., 312 Washington street, San Francisco. Terms: $2 00 per quarter.

Seven Sins

To be accounted for that were left out of the book, viz:

1—Refusing to take your local paper.

2—Taking a paper and then refusing to pay for it.

3—Not advertising.

4—Getting married and forgetting to hand in the notice along with a dollar, 'william' to the printer.

5—Asking newspapers to publish matter that is for your own benefit without remuneration.

6—Reading copy on a compositor's case.

7—Never paying your subscription until the publisher goes to the trouble of asking for it.

CHRISTMAS TIMES.

Among all civilized nations, and in every well regulated community during the last few days of the old and at the beginning of the new year custom has made it a sort of a duty for all to take a season of rest and recreation. It is a good custom, but in this hurly burly rushing, progressive age, we seriously fear the Christmas holiday enjoyments are fast losing zest and importance. The American people and notably we of the Pacific coast have no time to enjoy a holiday of any kind. As if purposely designed to detract from the possible enjoyments of this customary holiday week, a disagreeable, not to say mean habit has obtained in business circles of making the last of these days, the day for balancing material accounts. Of all the days in the year, why should this be selected for lugging in such affairs? Why would not the first day of March or June or September or the first of any other month do just as well as New Years? In fact come to think about it, it would suit the most of us in this community at least, much better, if the day selected for "squaring accounts" should be deferred until about September the first. Why should so many individuals for the first time in the year, on pleasure bent, be robbed of half their joys by such a pleasure-killing reminder? This, added to the trooping recollections of disappointed hopes—of opportunities lost—the melancholy scenes of real life crowding our memories in the experiences of the year past and forever gone—and more to make this period a time of sorrow and mourning, than of joy. As the Sabbath day is to the week, so should Christmas week be to the year—a time of rest free from worldly cares. But "business is business" and business has nearly rendered obsolete the pleasures of "Christmas Times" as practised in days of yore.

No time now, if opportunity and inclination prompted, to enjoy "corn shuckings, quiltings, country break-downs, shooting matches, etc." Such enjoyments exist only in tradition. The jolly old Christmas times are fading away, and after finally ceasing to exist, the verdict will read, "Killed by business and January balances."

THE WAR IN EUROPE.

The war in France is thus defined by the Sacramento Union:

Tours was captured by, or rather surrendered to the Germans on the 21st instant. The German force was but 10,000. This argues that the Army of the Loire has taken its departure for the far southwest. In a few weeks the scene of active operations is likely to be transferrd to the neighborhood of Bordeaux, the new capital. To the north and west of Paris there are no considerable French armies. Manteuffel is drawing his lines around Havre and Cherbourg, as if he knew the enemy to be weak in that quarter. In the direction of Lille and Soissons they are no stronger. The departments on the Moselle, Meuse and Rhine are all effectually conquered and all their fortresses in German hands. The army of Garibaldi has dissolved at Dijon, and General Werder has no formidable enemy nearer than Lyons. At Lyons the mob appears to be in the ascendent. They are murdering the officers of the National Guard. Yet the French must have a considerable force on the Rhone and Saone. When the Government gets established at Bordeaux with the Army of the Loire to cover its deliberations, the French situation will be somewhat improved in this. The armies of the Rhone and Garonne, (late of the Loire), will be in supporting distance of each other, and good generalship may be able to make something out of fact. But only good generalship can possibly mend matters permanently. Nothing short of a grand overthrow of Prince Frederick Charles, before the capitulation of Paris, which would uncover the besiegers, or the defeat of General Werder at Dijon, which would expose the Prussian provinces to a French invasion, can help the French cause to anything beyond a temporary advantage. Really, we can't see the least prospect for either of these disasters to the Germans. They are growing stronger every day by reason of their fortified positions, reinforcements and the disasters happening to the French in every quarter of France. Nor are the French gaining in any respect essential to success in war. The quick succession of commanders is a bad sign. The army is virtually wielded by Gambetta, a civilian, not of proved ability, and the people are dividing more and more upon the question of Republic and Empire, and hourly sickening of a war which brings no victory, no glory, nothing but disgraceful defeats, desolated towns, inexorable levies by friend and foe, starvation and ruin. At this moment, lacking only Paris which must capitulate within three months, the better and most populous half of France, from the Rhine to the British channel and from Belgium to the Loire, is conquered and at the mercy of the Germans.

—Some clever fellow has manufactured handkerchiefs upon which a map of the seat of war in Europe is stamped. They have proved an immense success, everybody wishing to poke his nose into the seat of conflict without personal danger.

LETTER FROM CERRO GORDO.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

CERRO GORDO, December 27, 1870.

MESSRS. EDITORS: A tragedy was enacted in this town on the morning of the 25th, instant. It seems that some three or four gentlemen were in Hughes saloon, enjoying themselves playing cards, drinking wine, and otherexhilerating beverages until a late hour on Christmas eve when some Cornishmen came in, and seemed to be determined such festivities should not go on unless they could have a hand in it. This was not allowed by the first party, and hard feelings were engendered. With these feelings existing between the two parties, and considerable whiskey drinking, about six o'clock in the morning it culminated in a fight between one of the Cornishmen and E. A. Reddy, an old citizen of this place. After several hard knocks with fists had been exchanged between them, Reddy floored his antagonist by a well directed blow which somewhat stunned him. Reddy turned to go away and had got nearly across the room, when the Cornishman came to his senses, and at the same time drew a revolver and cocking it told the bystanders to "scatter." A friend of Reddy's called to him to look out or he would be shot. Reddy wheeled, drawing his revolver at the same time and fired it instantaneously. The shot took effect in the right breast of the unfortunate Cornishman. He lived about five hours. I was not present at at the time the affray took place, but this is the version of an eye-witness. Mr. Reddy gave himself up to the Deputy Sheriff, who has taken him to Lone Pine, where I suppose he will have an examination, of which result I doubt not you will be duly posted.

THE MINES.

Mining in this camp is being prosecuted with energy. Hart & Whipple, White & Williams, and Mr. E. A. Reddy are the only parties that are taking out any galena of note. On the Belmont side the tunnels are being prosecuted with vigor. The Crowning Glory has changed hands. The Oceola and Friendship mines are being worked, but with what success I cannot say. The Wittekind miners have their tunnel in one hundred and eighty feet, but have struck very hard rock, being unable to make more than five inches on each shift of ten hours. The Belmont miners have passed the point with their tunnel at which they expected to strike their ledge, but have failed to see it as yet. Messrs. Harrington & Burns are still going ahead on the Sunburst, having a shaft sixty-eight feet deep, and a drift of nearly the same distance; they are taking out some rich ore, and have on the dump enough to nearly pay all the expenses of the above work—which I call very good for a starter. The furnaces have been running pretty steady for some time past, although water has been scarce—caused by the bursting of the water pipes. If the Asphaltum Piping Company of San Francisco has piping of the quality they advertise, here is a field for them, as the iron pipes do not answer the purpose as well as it was thought they would. The pressure has, in two instances, proved too great for them, although it cannot be more than two hundred and fifty feet perpendicular.

MERCURIO.

Coming Exodus from Paris.

The Paris correspondent of The New York World writes:

The most alarming symptom of the hour is the great exodus from Paris which is to take place the instant peace is signed. In going down town this morning I met about twenty people, and this was their language: "Here comes peace, thank Heaven. The instant I can quit Paris, I go. I have shouldered my musket and risked my life on the ramparts. My duty is done—for the rest they may fight it out. 'Twill be terrible civil war. The days of June, 1848, will be nothing to it; then they were unarmed, now they are well armed, have bombs in abundance and are desperate. I shall find Switzerland, or Belgium a comfortable home until the tempest has spent its fury." The same sentiments I hear expressed go where I may. Frightful distress reigns already in the Quartier Mouffetard, Faubourg St. Antoine, and its northern neighbor, Belleville.

Starvation in Alcase and Lorraine.

The war correspondent of The Boston Journal, Mr. Edward King, in his private letters, urges the inaugurntion of measures by which means can be provided for the immigration of the people of Alcase and Lorraine to this country. He agrees with Col. Mc Kaye whose letter we have published, that no pen can describe the sufferings of the people there. They are *starving to death* by hundreds. He has been among them and has been a witness of their sufferings. He says that as many as twenty five thousand families would gladly go away, and that it would be a holy, noble work to rescue them from the terrible sufferings which surround them. Some of the emigration agencies which are formed for the purpose of securing emigrants for the Southern and Western States, would find among these people a most desirable field for operations, and any organized aid which our own people could render would be most worthily bestowed.—*Bulletin.*

—There is said to be a large accumulation of nickel and copper cents in the postoffices throughout the country. In Louisville, for instance, the postmaster reports one hundred thousand of them. The whole number of such coin now held by the several postoffices will propably reach forty million cents.

—French agents are buying cattle in Iowa.

Titles to Mill Sites.

Commissioner Wilson some time ago, made the following decision concerning mill sites. The matter is of considerable interest to miners:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, GENERAL LAND OFFICE, Nov. 18, '70.

HENRY S. BLAKE, Esq., United States Attorney for Montana, Virginia City, Montana:

SIR:—In reply to your letter of the 28th of September last, I have to state that my understanding of the Act of July 26th, 1866, in reference to authorizing patents for mill sites, agrees with your own. The 9th section provides that the owners of water rights shall be maintained and protected in the same whenever they are recognized and acknowledged by the local customs, laws, and decisions of courts, but makes no provision for issuing patents for them.

The Act, however, enables claimants of mineral veins to include in their diagrams, and obtain patents, for such reasonable quantity of surface ground as may be necessary for the convenient working of the mines, as fixed by local rules.

Consequently, when a mill site is used in connection with a mine, and has reduction works erected upon it, I think a fair and liberal construction of the Mining Act will authorize us to treat such mill sites as a part of the mining claim, provided it is so held under the local mining laws or customs and to include it in the patent with the vein or lode.

But it is evident that in no other manner than as a part of a mining claim, does the Act of July 21st, 1866, authorize the issuing of patents for mill sites.

When they were used for the convenient working of mines, actual contiguity between such mill sites and the veins or lodes, is not deemed absolutely essential, and the former may be included in patents for mining claims although some distance may intervene between them and the lode.

Very respectfully, etc.,
JOS. S. WILSON,
Commissioner

Of Interest to Pre-emptors.

[From The Sacramento Union, December 24.]

On the 14th instant, Julian, Chairman of the House Committee of Public Lands, reported back from his committee a bill authorizing the transfer of valid pre-emption claims to actual settlers, and demanded a vote upon its passage. There was not a single objection in the House, and the bill after being engrossed and read a third time, was passed and sent to the Senate. It provides that where settlements have been or may be made in good faith on the unsurveyed public lands of the United States, under the pre-emption laws, and valid pre-emption rights acquired, it shall be lawful, before survey, and before filing the township plats in the local land office of the district for the pre-emptor to sell and transfer the land so settled upon, for a valuable consideration, to any person who is qualified to pre-empt land. The purchaser shall have the same rights as the original pre-emptor had, and is empowered to prove up his claim from the original date of settlement. But the purchaser must comply in good faith with all the requirements of the pre-emption laws. The law hitherto has prohibited the transfer of pre-emption rights from one person to another, until the survey shall have been made and a patent received. Julian's bill is now before the Senate and there is no reason to think it will not pass that body and so become a law.

If this bill does become a law, it will practically undo a late decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, of which the less said the better for the judgment displayed, whereby pre-emptors are regarded as having no rights on the public lands that ought to be respected or may not be taken away until they shall have complied with every requirement of the law and secured their patent. It is found in recent years, so rapid is the increase of the value of border lands that homestead settlers who have resided upon their claims for as much as four years, often prefer to pay the full Government price of the land rather than wait a year longer to perfect their title: because they can sell out at ten to to twenty times as much as the land office price. This law will enable sale to be made at any time, and operate as a mercantile convenience to the actual settler, and recognize his equity in the land before the patent is received.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in Postoffice at Independence, January 1st, 1871.

Bean, A J	Ohgere, Karl
Burgess, John	Reed, T
Francis, T P	Rice, Harvey
Garcia, R	Savage, Michael
Hawkins, B P	Shrage, Frank
Morral, Harry	Steward, J R 2
Murphy, J J	Templeton, W F
Murphy C W 2	Thompson, Mrs L
Neff, Miss Belle	Vest, Jacob
Nesbit, C A 2	Walford, J B.
Nelgon, J B	

Closing Out Business!

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING DETERMINED to close out business immediately, offer for sale their large and well assorted stock of

General Merchandise,

At greatly reduced prices,

FOR CASH ONLY.

All those indebted to the Firm must settle before the 1st day of January, 1871.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Desiring to purchase goods will do well to give us a call.

TO CAPITALISTS.

We offer for sale, with immediate possession our entire stock of Merchandise, Store and Storehouse, at a bargain.

nv7n18tf D. COHN & CO.

For Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his place in Lone Pine,

FIFTY HEAD OF HOGS,

At a bargain. Inquire of

n23tf LOUIS MUNZINGER, Lone Pine.

DIED.

At Camp Independence, December 23, 1870, of consumption, WILLIAM M. PHILLIPS, a native of Iowa, aged 29 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE TO SAWYERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISH TO LET A CONTRACT, at the Big Pine Saw Mill, of

Sawing TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND FEET OF LUMBER

For particulars enquire at Bell's flour mill for at the Big Pine saw mill.

January 7, 1871. BELL & IRO. v1n27tf

SEMI-WEEKLY STAGE LINE

TO AURORA, CARSON, RENO AND SAN FRANCISCO, via Central Pacific Railroad,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after this date stages will leave Independence for Aurora and intermediate points

Every Wednesday and Sunday, at 5 o'clock, A. M.,

Connecting at Benton with stages for Columbus and Silver Peak; connecting at Aurora with stage for Pine Grove, Genoa, Carson, Virginia and Reno; at Reno connection every day with trains of Central Pacific Railroad for Omaha and Chicago on the East, and Sacramento and San Francisco West. Returning, through connection made from Reno every MONDAY and FRIDAY morning, on the arrival of trains from San Francisco and Omaha.

Time 60 Hours Less, and 180 Miles Less Staging to San Francisco than by any other Route.

T. W. DEXTER, Proprietor.

Independence, Jan. 1, 1871. n26 2m*ly

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27y

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF THOMAS MASON, DECEASED.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Administrator of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers within ten months from the publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at his residence at Bishop Creek.

n27 GEORGE SMITH, Administrator.

NOTICE.

TO THOMAS W. HILL AND HERMAN SCHOENEMAN, partners with John Simpson and Charles Hoffman in the Alpha, Franklin and Omega Mining Claims, situated near the Lower Town of Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine District, Inyo County, California.—NOTICE.—There will be a meeting of the shareholders of the above named mining claims held at the residence of John Simpson, in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, said District, County and State, at 6 o'clock P. M. on MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, for the purpose of levying assessments, for working and developing said mining claims.

JOHN SIMPSON,
CHARLES HOFFMAN,
By F. K. MILLER, Agent.

Cerro Gordo, November 21st, 1870. n20 8s

NOTICE.

TO THE CERRO GORDO AND VIRginia Mining Company: Henry Bush, Jr., P. W. Bennett, J. B. Lowly, and M. D. Hammer or his agent; also, G. W. Cornell and Antonio Mercsol or their or either of their respective agents, executors, administrators, heirs or assigns, partners with H. W. Gould in the Buena Suerte Mine situated in the Belmont Mining Camp, Lone Pine District, Inyo county, California. Notice—There will be a meeting of the owners in the above mine held at the office of H. W. Gould, in the upper town of Cerro Gordo, said district, county and State, on Saturday, the 25th day February, A. D., 1871, at 6 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of levying assessments for working and developing said mine.

H. W. GOULD.

Cerro Gordo, December 26, A. D., 1870.

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
December 7, 1870.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY "GENERAL FUND."

No.	In favor of	Amount
170	A C Hanson	$ 270 00
171	C M Josin	37 50
173	S P Moffat	152 00
174	W L Moore	105 00
177	J W McMurry	75 00
176	J R Hughes	75 00
178	C D Begole	75 00
175	W A Greeley	150 00
179	A C Stevens	123 60
180	A C Stevens	150 00
182	John Patterson	12 00
182	C M Josin	37 50
165	J Earl	9 17
183	P Harrington	9 68
187	C D Begole	75 00
200	W L Moore	25 00
201	W L Moore	50 40
202	P Reddy	20 00
185	John R Hughes	75 00
186	J W McMurry	75 00
198	S P Moffat	179 95

ON THE "COUNTY BUILDING" FUND.

301	John Broder	$400 00
302	" "	200 00
303	" "	250 00

ON THE "CONTINGENT" FUND.

332	S P Moffat	$113 55
343	" "	32 00
346	I Harris	6 00

ON THE "ROAD" FUND.

148	Alexander & Chaquette	$100 00
149	" "	100 00
150	" "	100 00
151	" "	100 00

ON THE "MONO DEBT" FUND.

No. 1	Mono County	$500 00
" 2	" "	500 00

I. HARRIS,
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

BILLIARDS!

Messrs Phelan & Collender,

THE WELL-KNOWN BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS, of New York, have established at

541 Market Street, San Francisco,

An extensive branch of their business, where they propose to keep constantly on hand the LARGEST and most complete assortment of

Billiard Tables, Cloths, Cues, etc.,

ON THIS COAST.

THE TABLES are of the latest styles and size recently adopted in the Eastern States; are manufactured in the best possible manner, and are furnished with PHELAN'S LATEST IMPROVED CUSHIONS. The

New Composition Billiard Balls,

Made by the Hyatt Manufacturing Co. of Albany, New York—THE BEST SUBSTITUTE FOR IVORY YET DISCOVERED. For sale only by us. Price, $12 per set.

All goods sold will be of the best quality, and the prices fully as low as any other house in the business.

Parties visiting the city are invited to visit our warerooms and inspect our stock.

GEO. E. PHELAN, 541 Market St.

N. B. The public are notified that no other parties on the Pacific coast have the right to sell Phelan's Cushions. n17 3m

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Fish Springs Store

J. R. WESTERVILLE | J. T. RYAN

WESTERVILLE & RYAN,

BEG LEAVE TO TENDER THANKS TO THEIR neighbors for the patronage already extended to them, and being desirous of a continuance of their custom will constantly keep on hand a supply of

Dry Goods & Clothing,

GROCERIES,

Hardware,

Farming and Mining Utensils,

Medicines,

LIQUORS,

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

WESTERVILLE & RYAN.

n3tf 23tf

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, December 3, 1870. n23m3

S. PINCHOWER & BROS.,

Bishop Creek, Cal.

..DEALERS IN..

General Merchandise,

Dry Goods,

CLOTHING,

Groceries,

CROCKERY, Etc., Etc., Etc.

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Call And See Our Stock!

S. PINCHOWER & BRO.

Bishop Creek, Inyo Co., Cal.

July 10, 1870. 1v1n6m

HARNESS AND SADDLES.

HARNESS SHOP.

Bishop Creek, Inyo County, Cal.

HAVING OPENED A HARNESS AND SADDLER Shop, with a complete stock, the undersigned will make and repair all kinds of

HARNESS AND SADDLES.

Work warrranted to give satisfaction.

Shop on Stage Road, one mile north of Sneden's Store—place better known as "Norton's Lower House."

ALEXANDER C. MATLACK.

Bishop Creek, September 24, 1870. n12 3m

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Jan. 2, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

The Races.

The races over the Lone Pine Race Track were largely attended, passing off to the satisfaction of everybody, and a considerable amount of money changed hands. The event had been looked forward to with vast interest by sporting men, and the result will show that our racing stock, although termed "sage-brushers," will require racers of more than average fleetness to beat them.

On the first day's race, single dash of one-half mile, for purse of $100, the following entries were made:

C. Mulkey.....names blk s Billy Buffum
Hitchcock.....names s f Lucy Dale
A. J. Stukard.....names b g Coal Tar
P. W. Bennett.....names b g Sheep Driver
W. M. Donathan.....names b c Maneater

Won by Billy Buffum, time not given with the horses coming in in the following order: 1st, Billy Buffum; 2d, Maneater; 3d, Coal Tar; 4th, Sheep Driver.

SECOND DAY.

Single dash, one-fourth mile, for purse of $50, free for all horses, except those owned in Lone Pine. The following horses were entered:

Gill.....names b c Frank
Crumley.....names g h Pet
Stukard.....names b g Coal Tar

The first heat was decided as a "dead," or tie. On the second, Pet won by two feet.

SAME DAY—TROTTING RACE.

One mile, two best in three, for purse of $70. For this race were entered:

Mulkey.....names b m Nellie
Perrett.....names s b g Ebony
Stevens.....names b h Gopher

Won by Ebony, distancing others. Time, 3:32. In order to decide more bets as to the time Ebony would make in a race, he again shot beautifully around the track in 3:22½. This is within the time bet on that he would make in the race, but we believe the money was drawn because the heat was made after the race was decided.

THIRD DAY.

Running race, mile and repeat, best two in three, for purse of $150, with the following horses entered:

W. M. Donathan.....names b h Snipe
C. Mulkey.....names s m Lucy Dale
P. W. Bennet.....names b h Sheep Driver

After a fair send-off, the horses started off keen for the lead. When about half-way round Snipe was unfortunate enough to find a jack upon the track which he struck and fell over, but he manfully started again and came in to the score but a length or two behind Nellie. This heat was justly, we think, decided off. Time 1:52½.

In the next heat Mulkey's mare came in two lengths ahead, winning the heat in 1:54, with Snipe second.

Third heat was won with the mare in the same relative position at the out-come, Nellie winning in 1:49½.

The track was somewhat uneven, and rather dusty, but the horses were well handled, and all express themselves satified with the manner in which the whole races were conducted.

Some coin changed hands on races not in the programme, but our time and space forbids refering to them this week.

Semi-Weekly Mail.

We have the gratification of announcing that from this date we are to have two mails per week. Mr. Dexter has determined, as will be seen by reference to his advertisement, to put on another stage, thus giving us a semi-weekly mail. No appropriation has been made by Government for this purpose as yet, though presumably it soon will be. We doubt not that the largely increasing business requirements of this section will soon demand something more than a semi-weekly mail. By rights should even now, have a tri-weekly; but let us be thankful for this much, especially as it is due to private enterprise.

Fire.

Quite an extensive conflagration raged for a few hours yesterday, in the fields directly north of town. It originated from a camp fire at Glover's place; the wind blowing strong from the north, drove it directly for Judge Mathew's house and stacks. Our citizens were on the ground in force, and lent willing hands to stay the fiery monster, but all their exertions would have been unavailing in saving stacks and fences, had not the condition of the ground in the immediate vicinity been favorable. Towards the last the wind blew with great violence, but the fire was finally subdued without material loss.

The Gill-Ault Affair.

As public report has materially perverted the facts pertaining to this case, much to Mr. Gill's prejudice, we very willingly devote considerable space to his interesting account of the occurrence. Hoping to receive, in due time, the result of a legal investigation, we refrained from giving publicity to the rumors attending the shooting. Mislead by the report of the farcical investigation attempted before Justice Weyland, we made a statement last week inconsistent with the truth, and as far as possible wish to set the matter right. Without further comment we refer our readers to Gill's account of the affair.

The Firemen's Ball.

The ball given by Independence Engine Co., No. 1, is generally accorded to have been one of the most successful affairs of the kind ever enjoyed in the Valley. Until after supper, the numbers present could be better described as a "crush," but after a few of the more sedate couples retired, the floors were evenly filled and dancing kept up until late next morning; and all went away satisfied with the conduct of the "First Annual" of One's boys. We are gratified to state, in addition, that the net returns will amount to a considerable benefit to the Company's treasury.

Ignacio Mine.

By the failure of Mrs. Woodworth (who was in our county a few weeks ago), to pay the liabilities on said mine, the whole of the Woodworth's interest becomes the property of our fellow townsman, Mr. Davison, the redemption creditor. It was agreed, between Mrs. Woodworth and Mr. Davison, that the money should be paid in San Francisco on the 15th of last month, but by last advices, Mr. Davison has been notified of the failure of said payment. This is one of the leading mines of Cerro Gordo. Mr. Davison asks $10,000 for his interest.

Religious.

By some unaccountable arrangement we last week omitted to give the appointment of religious services in this neighborhood, by the Rev. A. Clark. From a note from that gentleman we learn a series of religious meetings have been commenced at the Chapel at Bishop Creek, which are awaking considerable religious interest. The Chapel has been newly furnished, painted, and made a comfortable meeting place.

Left the Country.

Under Sheriff Talcott failed to arrest Ault, the latter probably in anticipation that a warrant would be sworn out, having left the country in time to avoid arrest.

Didn't Forget Us.

Josh Billings has put it on record that he is opposed to the use of ardent spirits as a common beverage, but for manufacturing purposes thinks a little of it taste good. So do we—and particularly Joe Fernbach's lager. A New Year's sample sent in to this office was pronounced No. 1, by all hands. We used it strictly for manufacturing purposes, let it be understood.

Ball at Lone Pine.

Want of space, and the necessity of getting the paper out in time for the Southern mail this morning, alone prevents us doing justice to the really enjoyable dance and supper given at Mrs. Barry's Hotel on the night of the 30th. Of the many who attended none could fail to express their satisfaction.

Homicide in Cerro Gordo.

E. A. Reddy, Christmas morning shot and killed a Cornishman in Cerro Gordo, an account of which will be found in our Cerro Gordo correspondence. We are informed Reddy was fully justified in the shooting, and has been acquitted. We expect to publish the evidence in full next week.

Religious Notice.

Rev. A. Clark requests us to give notice that Divine services will be held as follows: Big Pine, Saturday, at 7 o'clock P. M., January 6; Fort Independence, at the School House, January 7; Independence, on the Sabbath, at 11 o'clock A. M., January 8; George's Creek School House, same date, in the evening.

Fight.

A pretty severe fistic encounter occurred one night last week, in one of the saloons of this place, between a couple of parties well-known to our citizens, one of whom received considerable punishment.

His Condition.

Wm. Gill's wound is doing very well, we are told. It is a bad wound; the whole point of the left shoulder being blown away.

Will Practice.

E. H. Van DeCar, Esq., gives notice that he will practice law in any county embraced in the Sixteenth Judicial District.

Sawyers Take Notice

Of Bell & Bro.'s advertisement in the appropriate column.

THE AULT-GILL AFFRAY.

Complete Statement of the Affair—A Correct Version—A Strange Mode of Dispensing Justice.

INDEPENDENCE, Cal., December 30, '70.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Having noticed, in the last issue of your paper, an article too severely reflecting upon myself, and a statement uncalled for by the facts in the case, I would respectfully submit for the correct information of yourself and readers the following account of the affray between Ault and myself. In so doing, I feel justified, from the fact that the disappearance of Mr. Ault has placed it out of my power to give the matter the legal investigation which would make so complete an exoneration of myself, and bring him into the light which his entire course of action deserves. If in so doing, I shall have occasion to censure or call into question the manner in which the examination of Mr. Ault was conducted, your readers may consider me responsible, for I shall present what I know to be facts, and leave the public to judge of the merits of the case without reference to the flying reports, from which you doubtless obtained the information leading to the publication of the statements referred to.

In order to allow a fair conclusion to be drawn from the premises in the case, I shall commence my account of the affair from my first connection with Mr. Ault at his ranch on Bishop Creek:

On the 24 day of May last, I went to work with Mr. Ault, to work the ranch in partnership and derive therefrom equal profits. Up to sometime in August, all went agreeable, and each party was satisfied with all arrangements. During this month Ault and Jessie Spray went to Long Valley to take care of stock, and were gone about a week; Ault's wife, Mrs. Spray, John Sellers and myself were left on the ranch. The evening Ault returned we were at Owensville at a ball, Sellers going with Mrs. Spray, a friend by the name of Crawford went with Mrs. Ault, and myself with another party. A man by the name of John Dickenson, who came to the ranch subsequently, was left in charge. When Ault arrived, he desired to know of Dickenson if I went with Mrs. Ault to the party. Dickenson replied that he did not know, as he was not at home when we started. Ault then went to the ball, arriving about 11 o'clock; the first I knew of his being there was from a verbal message being brought to me that I must look out for myself for I was going to get killed before morning, and about five minutes afterwards Ault made his appearance in the ball room. I spoke to him; shook hands, and asked him to join in the dance. "No!" replied he, "this is not my crowd." Said I:

That is very strange, Mr. Ault, that this is not your crowd. It appears to me as though where your wife, family and friends are, that ought to be your crowd—if not why, bring your crowd into operation, there is nobody to holding you.

In a short time Mr. Ault, Crawford and party, went to the ranch. Ault and Dickenson remained at the store.

When I got ready to go home, I hitched up and went, arriving there, probably, two hours afterwards; when, placing my clothes away I noticed that where my knife and pistol always lay, that the pistol was missing. Becoming angry at this additional evidence of evil intentions on the part of some one, I took my knife and stood in the door and said: That the first man who entered there who did not like me I would cut him in two. By this time Ault and Dickenson had arrived home, and Ault and wife stood in the rear of the house talking; Jessie Spray came in and wanted to know "what was the matter?" Told him of my warning at the store, and told him that I believed it was true from the fact of my pistol having been taken, and added: That the one who had taken it had better not come near me.

During the few moments conversation I had with Spray he told me I would not be hurt, then I went to bed. On the following morning I enquired of Mrs. Ault what had become of my pistol?. She replied that she had "taken it to prevent Andy from shooting me with my own pistol." Ault was then working out in the corral—went to him and asked him what had been told him the night previous; he replied that he "would not tell me, but that he had came near committing a rash act." I asked him if he believed the reports which were being circulated? He replied that he had "come to the conclusion that they were false." If you had believed them, said I, I suppose you would have shot me down and run off. He said he "wouldn't say what he would have done." Told him all I wanted to get was what was due me from the ranch, and wanted no trouble with him. Said he, "that trouble you never will have, here's my hand, and I will listen to no more reports." All went smoothly from that time until within a day or two before the time I was shot.

Coming to settle up I saw that if I contended for what was my own I would have trouble—so I gave him all he asked in every instance, without question; although feeling bad about having to pay him more than was his due—I said nothing.

This occurred about the time that Ault's wife went away.

We then made arrangements to board together; he furnishing the house fixtures free to myself and men, with the agreement to furnish sufficient provisions to pay his way while he was there.

On the evening of Thursday, the 24th of of November, we finished shelling corn. Had a final settlement and division of produce, on the evening following. He desired to know as to how we were to settle our board arrangements. I answered: Anyway to make it satisfactory to both sides. I asked him the value of the provisions he had bought and brought to the house. He said he "couldn't tell without going after the bills." I now offered to make a proposition, never having made any before in our settlement. "What is it?" enquired he. I told him I would pay all hired help during the corn shelling, and call it square. He snarled out something, and said he "couldn't see how I calculated." I told him he needn't fix himself to rob me any further, you have robbed me of all you ever will—and at this time we passed some pretty rough words; when he said "you had better shut your mouth." Now you talk to suit—you have been boasting about your fighting, now name your fight, and I will bet you all I have that there will be only one left in two minutes after you have commenced. With a few more words he quieted down—without further threats than what I have noted.

Ault and Dickenson went to Sneden's store that evening; I went part of the way and stopped at Smith's; on the following morning went back to the ranch—Ault, Dickenson and Spray were there; all was quiet, and I inquired about a division of four sacks of corn, which was satisfactorily arranged. I started for Tim Lewis' sawmill, where I remained that night, loading a team. On Saturday, came within six miles of Ault's ranch with the team; then came on home; rode up to the gate; unsaddled my horse and turned him loose; John Dickenson meet me at the door and inquired about the teams. I answered him; Ault was sitting inside the door, writing at a stand; I went in and walked around him and went to the bed, where I laid my hat and gloves; went out past him and got a drink at the creek a few steps from the door; when I returned I found him still writing; I passed through into the kitchen and asked Dickenson if he had anything cooked, as I was very hungry; he followed me into the kitchen and said "Yes, I am just fixing dinner." I had not spoken to Ault; I went to the cupboard and got a piece of bread; John Dickenson sat down behind the stove and while handling the oven door I noticed he was looking directly through into the other room at Ault; I was sitting within six or eight feet of the door, between the kitchen and the room occupied by Ault; I heard Ault say to me, "You s—n of a b—h! you will never abuse me again." I turned my head to look and discovered him with a shotgun leveled upon me, and aimed so as to strike me in the left eye; I saw his finger touch the trigger, and instantly sprang up, receiving the charge of shot in my left shoulder; ran out at the door and had proceeded, perhaps, about twenty-five yards before he shot the second time. Of this charge, a couple of shot struck me in the back, doing me no injury. The next thing I saw of Ault he was in pursuit of me with a pistol; I ran to a house about one hundred yards distant, where a man named Chase was living; Ault made two or three starts to come on, but desisted, from what cause I know not. Chase and wife were returning home with wood; were probably one mile distant at the time I arrived at the house. Just before they arrived Dickenson came from Ault's house to see whether I had been killed or not, I suppose. When Chase came up, Dickenson told him to remove me to Smith's; Chase replied that he would; I wanted him to take his rifle along and prevent Ault from shooting me while in the wagon; he refused as he did not want to get himself into any trouble; asked Dickenson where Ault was; told me he had gone to give himself up. I requested that they would not start with me until Ault had gone off the ranch; I was watching and saw Ault get four or five hundred yards from the house, when I told them to start with me. We had proceeded as far as Ault's house when I asked them to stop, which they did; I raised up to look for Ault, saw him coming towards the house and asked Dickenson to give me his pistol. He said "No, he would not;" to which I replied, Oh, John, are you going to have him follow me up and kill me, without giving me any show in the world; he then said he would give the pistol to Chase; I told him "all right," and he did so. The party then started for Smith's; had driven about five hundred yards, when I saw Ault leave the house, following us up; I enquired if Ault had a shot-gun, and was answered that they thought he had; said I, if he comes up will you draw the pistol and not allow him to shoot me in the wagon? Chase said, "No, I will give you the pistol, tie the horses and get out in the cane." We were going fast and I begged of them to go slower; he drove up to Warnerfield's house and stopped when Ault came out of the cane and stopped, turned and took another road for Sneden's store. I told Chase to drive on, that the coward wouldn't come if he had a dozen shot-guns. We had gone about three hundred yards when we met a man, whom Chase asked to get in and go down with us, which he did; then the two took me down to Smith's house, arriving there, we found no one at home, except Mrs. Smith and daughter. I was lifted out of the wagon, carried into the house and placed on the bed, when both of the men left immediately, leaving none but the ladies to care for me for four or five hours. I know nothing of what took place for the next six or eight hours.

I employed a lawyer named Welsh to endeavor to postpone Ault's examination until my brother had returned from Independence with a physician, but he failed.

And in this connection I would make the statement that I was totally unrepresented and that the prosecution of Mr. Ault was altogether ignored. What kind of a farce took place in the preliminary examination, in the case of the People vs. Ault I know not, except what I hear; my simplest requests were not granted, and to say the least, the course of Justice Weyland was entirely at variance with the merits of the case. With just cause I felt aggrieved at this proceeding, and upon my arrival here swore out a warrant for Ault's arrest.

The Under Sheriff was dispatched from this place to effect his arrest; as to the result of his movements, I have received the following from Bishop Creek:

BISHOP CREEK, December 28, 1870.

MR. WM. GILL, INDEPENDENCE,

DEAR SIR:—News has just came in that the Deputy Sheriff left Sneden's in pursuit of Ault, while he (Ault) was yet in sight of the (Sneden's) store and rode on behind him until he saw Ault ride up to his own house, speak to John Dickenson, and both ride away together. He thought Ault was on a race horse, and so he came back to the store, and started home in the morning.

Yours, etc.,

L. SMITH.

—A man who has a wife or sweetheart named Lize is not to be believed about anything, for he's always telling Lize about everything.

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,
INDEPENDENCE,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GROCERIES,
Provisions, Liquors,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
Dry Goods,
HARDWOOD,
HARDWARE,
BOOTS, SHOES,
Crockery,
GLASSWARE,
Tin-Ware,
SADDLERY,
Farming Implements,
SHOE FINDINGS,
AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,
Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas,
Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni,
Vermicelli, Tapioca,
Preserved Fruits,
Jellies, Jams,
Dried Apples,
Peaches,
Grapes,
Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles,
Extracts, Sauces,
Codfish, Salmon, Mackerl,
Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,
French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS
Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,
SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.
Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER
Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,
BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,
WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,
WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of
Glass and Crockery Ware,
Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by
D. COHN & CO.
Independence, Cal, October 8, 1870. n13tf

J. W. TYLER.

AURORA
Fruit & Variety
STORE.
J. W. TYLER,
AURORA,
Nevada.
Wholesale and retail dealer in
ALL KINDS OF FRUITS
APPLES,
PEARS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS,
GRAPES
And every kind of fruit in season
AT REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH!

Cigars and Tobacco,
Havana and American Cigars,
Cigaritos de Dumas,
Manillas, Etc
The best qualities of
Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos:
Chewing—(Fine Cut)—
John Anderson's Solace,
Liberty Boy,
Forest Rose,
Century,
Savory,
(in Papers or Cans.)
Chewing—(Plug)—
Nature's Bounty,
Nectar of Roses,
May Apple,
Forest Rose,
Washoe,
Prince Esterhazy,
Horn of Plenty
Signet,
Tulip,
Pear
Pearl of Orient,
Bouquet,
Peach,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
Smoking—
WADAWANUCK,
BIG LICK,
SETHALSEY,
NONPARIEL,
GOLDEN SHOWER,
ORONOCO,
EUREKA,
SIESTA,
FOREST ROSE,
All of which we will sell in papers or cans at the lowest market prices.

TURKISH AND SPANISH,
Maccoboy, Scotch and French Rapee
SNUFFS!
Meerschaum, Stone and India Rubber
PIPES,
Cherry Stems, Mouth Pieces, etc., etc.
A good assortment of
Stationery,
Pocket Cutlery,
Gold Pens,
Pencils,
Albums,
Chessmen,
Playing Cards,
Crib Boards,
Spectacles,
Brushes, all kinds.
Etc., etc., etc.
ALSO,
A good assortment of the finest
CANDIES,
FIG PASTE,
RASINS,
NUTS,
FIGS,
GUAVA JELLY,
ETC., ETC.

LADIES' PORTFOLIOS ALL SIZES!
Drawing and Tissue Paper!
Diaries for 1871.
PERFUMERY, EXTRACTS and SOAPS.
IF YOU WANT
TOYS AND GIFTS
—GO TO—
J. W. TYLER'S.
ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL receive prompt attention. Remember
J. W. TYLER,
Corner Pine and Bush Streets,
AURORA, NEVADA.
Aurora, Nev. September 26, 1870. n12 3m

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,
J. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERRAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.
North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
—DEALERS IN—
General Merchandise.
Stock consisting in part of
GROCERIES,
—AND—
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Dry Goods.
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS.
Boots and Shoes
Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY, PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

Extra Family Flour,
BELL'S NO. 1, constantly on hand and for sale
Goods constantly arriving from the San Francisco market.
Take Heed to Our Motto!
"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"
"A nimble nine-pence is preferable to a slow shilling!"
ONE PRICE STORE!
SAVE MONEY BY BUYING CHEAP!
"ECONOMY IS WEALTH."
Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.
BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.
J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.
Independence, January 1, 1871.

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Jan. 2, 1871.

A Bet Fairly Won.

Said Bill to Richard the other day, "Did you ever hear how tough hided I am?" "I never did," replied Dick. "Tougher than common folks?"

"I reckon 'tis a few. I'll bet you a drink, Dick, that you may take a cow-hide, and lay it upon my bare skin as hard and as long as you like, and I won't even flinch." "Done; I'll take that bet. If I don't make you squirm like a half-skinned eel the first cut, I'm sadly mistaken."

"You take the bet, then?" "I do."

"Well, wait till I go up stairs and get my bear-skin, and—" "Oh, ho! your bear-skin! No, no, I mean—"

"I don't care what you mean—its a fair bet fairly won. My bare skin is my bear-skin, and nothing else." "I'll give in," said Richard, looking foolish and flabbergasted. "Let's adjourn to the 'Pewter Mug,' and say no more about it."

The Female Poet

Just added to the staff of The Chicago Post got her situation on the strength of this touching idyl:

"Into the bussum of the flours
The sun looks from above;
Alas! no one lookt into mine,
I wilt for human love."

—A rising man—the balloonist.

—Before a man enters the state of matrimony he should ring the belle.

—Advice to surgeons: Keep your temper, or you will lose your patients.

—It is objected to a morning paper that it is two-cents-ational.

—A goat is good as a milker, but succeeds better as a butter.

—According to the articles of war, it is death to stop a counon-ball.

—A dangerous character—a man who takes life cheerfully.

—Two thousand Chinamen have gone across the continent.

—When riding a donkey what kind of fruit do you represent? A pear.

—They tell of a man out West whose hair is so red that he has to wear flynets over his ears to keep the candle moths from flying in.

—A greenhorn of inquiring mind asks, What is the difference between a screw-driver and a screw-propeller?

—Punch says that in some parts of England the water is so hard that skating on it is kept up all through the Summer.

—It is considered cool to take a man's hat with his name written in it, simply because you want to get his autograph.

—Stars are clearly the best astronomers, because they have studded the heavens since the Creation.

—Napoleon-le-Sedantaire is a nick-name applied by the French to the prisoner of Wilhelmshohe.

—English cities whose mayors are blessed by the birth of children during their term of office present them with silver cradles.

—The Bavarian mitrailleuses fire three hundred and sixty bullets a minute, and are fatal at two thousand paces' distance.

—The latest venture in rural New York journalism is called The Sandy Hill Saw-Mill. The editor expects to get his board out of it.

—New York dealers receive a million quarts of milk a day, which they expand to a million and a half.

—A sharp fellow says, "If time is money," he is willing to exchange a little of it for cash.

—Railroads are aristocratic. They teach every man to know his own station, and to stop there.

—The principal occupation of the "girl of the period" is said to be to sit at the window and watch for the "coming man."

—A ton of burglars' tools to one hundred and fifty pounds of burglar have been captured this year by the Philadelphia police.

—There will be fifty-three Sundays in the year 1871, the year begining and ending on Sunday. It ought to be a good year and a happy one.

—"Never mind the obituary, judge," said a Montana culprit when the court became pathetic in pronouncing the sentence. "Let's fix the time for the funeral."

—Why is a drunkard hesitating to sign the pledge like a skeptical Hindoo? Because he is in doubt whether to give up the worship of the jug or not.

—A reason which a philanthropist gives for "sparing the noble red-man" is, that we should lose the pleasantist part of our years, if we hadn't the "Indian some'ers" (summers).

—A newspaper article has been going the rounds of the press, headed, "Where is your Boy at Night?" A brilliant urchin suggests the propriety of another article, inquiring, "Where is the Old Man at Night?"

—Newark, New Jersey, is to have the finest Catholic cathedral in the country, larger than the one in New York, and to take twelve or fifteen years in building, and to be of brown stone and Aberdeen granite.

—The coolies taken to work on a railroad in Texas, a short time since, have not been successful. After an ineffectual attempt to compete with the brawny sons of the Emerald Isle, they were compelled to give up and engage in cotton picking.

—When a steady, well-behaved young man is seen shaking hands with a pump and bidding it an affectionate good-night, or saying, "Poor old Corbison Robscrew," there may be a faint apprehension that he has been "taking some thing."

MISCELLANEOUS.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE For 1871.

THE FIRST EDITION OF ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND copies of **Vick's Illustrated Catalogue of Seeds and Floral Guide**, is published and ready to send out—100 pages, and an Engraving of almost every desirable Flower and Vegetable. It is elegantly printed on fine tinted paper, illustrated with Three Hundred fine Wood Engravings and Two beautiful

COLORED PLATES.

The most beautiful and the most instructive Floral Guide published. A **GERMAN EDITION** published, in all other respects similar to the English.

Sent free to all my customers of 1870, as rapidly as possible, without application. Sent to all others who order them for **Ten Cents**, which is not half the cost. Address

JAMES VICK,
n25 4t Rochester, N. Y.

A Valuable Book.

THE NEW YORK OBSERVER

YEAR BOOK

AND ALMANAC.

To Be Issued January 1st, 1871.

ONE OF THE MOST COMPLETE COMPENDS of important information which has ever been compiled in this country. It should be in every Library, as a Book of Reference.

It contains an interesting **History of Almanacs; Civil, Commercial, and Agricultural Information** concerning All the Governments in the World; a GENERAL SUMMARY of all the BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATIONS and RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS in the World, with a complete MINISTERIAL DIRECTORY of nearly every Religious body in the United States, a complete LIST OF ALL THE COLLEGES, THEOLOGICAL SEMINARIES, MEDICAL and LAW SCHOOLS in the United States.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

All persons subscribing and paying for THE NEW YORK OBSERVER for one year ($8) will receive a copy of this valuable work

GRATUITOUSLY.

Sample copies of The Observer sent free.
SIDNEY E. MORSE, Jr. & CO.
37 Park Row, New York.
Mailed to any address, post-paid, on receipt of price. n25td

LIVERY STABLES.

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5-6m

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB,..... ....Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.
n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.
nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

EAGLE Livery and Feed STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House.

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.
THOS. J. GOODALE.
Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Store in Post Office Building,

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES,

Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13ftc

Drugs & Medicines

ALSO,

SPICES, PERFUMES, &C.

—AND—

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

PATENT MEDICINES,

HORSE LINIMENTS,

STATIONERY!

Of Every Variety.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONERY

—AND—

ALL KINDS OF NUTS.

Tobacco & Cigars

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AND A VARIETY of other goods not specified, all at reasonable prices for cash.

JOHN LENTELL.
Independence, July 6, 1870. n1v13m

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, August 8, 1870. n5 6m

LUMBER, LUMBER!

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

BELL & BRO., Proprietors.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH

LUMBER AND SHINGLES

Equal to the very best that can be produced in Inyo County, in quantities to suit, at our mill on Big Pine Creek, at

Lowest Rates for Cash.

We can furnish scantling of any length up to 32 feet, and timbers of any size up to 34 inches square, Siding, Flooring, extra clear, narrow or wide, Soft Finishing Lumber, etc., etc. Parties desiring timbers or lumber of any kind can not do better than to examine our stock and facilities before purchasing elsewhere.

Good Merchantable Lumber at $25.

Big Pine, October 30, 1870. n17tf

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.
Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 65 cents per pound, for sale at this office. f0[illegible]

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer;
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass,
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n2jy 16tf

BLACKSMITHING.

MILLS & CLARKE,

BISHOP CREEK, INYO COUNTY, CAL.,

BLACKSMITHING,

Horseshoeing, Repairing, Etc.,

Done with neatness and dispatch.
Bishop Creek, July 11, 1870. n1v13m.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.
Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

WAGON WORK.

WAGON MAKING,

House and Sign Painting.

J. G. PAYNE, Proprietor,

ANNOUNCES THAT HE IS PREPARED TO execute all description of Wagon Making, House and Sign Painting, etc., at reasonable rates, at his shop on Edwards street. jy16tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Also, in connection,

Partzwick Hotel.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions,

CLOTHING, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.,

At Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., Sept. 26, 1870. n12v3m

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870.
n12v1-3m

BAKERY.

LONE PINE BAKERY.

ANTONIO PASSMA

ANNOUNCES to his friends and the public generally that he has constantly on hand BREAD, and CAKES. Pies and fancy Pastry furnished to order.
Lone Pine, Aug. 4, 1870. [no5 6m

ART GALLERY.

PHOTOGRAPHS,

Ambrotypes

And Melainotypes.

Mr. L. D. WELSH,

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN HIS business in Independence, will be happy to meet the citizens of Inyo county at his rooms on Edwards Street, nearly opposite the Inyo House, where he is prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES and MELANOTYPES of every description.

Views taken of Buildings, Scenery, Mining claims, etc., at very moderate prices.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.
n8v2m1

MEDICAL.

TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK, August 15, 1868.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo, Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœa, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of profound confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist of 19 Years' Experience

(From the largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.)

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU

For weakness arising from indiscretion. The exhausted powers of Natures which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forbodings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

THE CONTSITUTION

Once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu

In affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incidental to the sex or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

—AND—

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superceding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copavia and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to effect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere Price $1 25 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $6 50. Delivered to any address. Describe Symptoms in all communications.

ADDRESS,

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Drug & Chemical Warehouse,

594 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

NONE ARE GENUINE unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.
o3n13v1m6

LIFE INSURANCE.

CONTINENTAL Life Insurance Co. OF NEW YORK.

JUSTUS LAWRENCE, President.
M. B. WYNKOOP, Vice President.
J. P. ROGERS, Secretary.
S. C. CHANDLER, Actuary.

ASSETS:

$3,500,102 80!

ANNUAL INCOME:

$4,000,000

Excess over all expenditures,

$1,265,805 86!

SPECIAL FEATURES.

Pure Mutuality, as the entire surplus of the Company belongs to the Policy-holders.

Annual Distribution of Surplus, on the "Contribution Plan."

Economy of Management: only one other New York Company showing as low a ratio of expense to income, during the years 1868 and 1869, according to the official returns to the Massachusetts Insurance Department.

Careful Selection of Risks, as indicated by the exceedingly small mortality among its members.

All Policies Non-forfeitable, in accordance with the explicit terms which are embodied in the written Policy.

Thirty Days' Grace.—Should the due date of the premium accidentally, or otherwise, be allowed to pass without payment of the same, the Policy-holder has the privilege of paying it any time within thirty days thereafter, the Policy being held in force during that time.

No Extra Premium for Travel or Foreign Residence.—Persons insured in this Company are permitted, without extra charge of premium, to go to or return from any part of the world, and to reside anywhere excepting between Latitude 34° North and the Tropic of Capricorn.

Policies Incontestable for the customary reasons.

Policy-holders have a voice in the elections and management of the Company.

No Charge is made for policy or medical examination.

By the Laws of the State of New York, Life Insurance Companies are made specially secure.

The "Continental" has deposited with the State Superintendent of Insurance the sum of $100,000, required by law, which remains in his custody as a permanent guarantee fund.

POLICIES.

The Continental issues policies upon all APPROVED PLANS.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS.

Premiums may be paid entirely in cash, annually, semi-annually, or quarterly; or, if desired, one-third may be allowed to remain as a loan on the policy, at interest, until canceled by dividends, or otherwise. The remaining two thirds may be paid annually, semi-annually, or tri-annually.

DIVIDENDS.

The Surplus of the Company is distributed annually among the policy-holders on the "Contribution Plan," each one receiving the full amount which his policy has contributed to the formation of the surplus.

On All Cash policies dividends apply annually after the second year, and may be used in one of the three following ways:

1st.—To reduce the third and all subsequent annual premiums.

2nd.—To purchase additional insurance, payable at the same time as the original policy.

3d.—To purchase additional insurance payable in case of death within one year.

These dividend additions may at any time be converted into cash for the payment of future premiums. They thus form a large and constantly increasing reserve fund, which may be availed of in time of misfortune and pecuniary embarassment.

In the case of policies paid up by a limited number of annual premiums, the dividends do not cease with the term of payment, but continue until maturity.

20,375 Members have been obtained since the Company organized, and notwithstanding the hard times so generally complained of all over the United States, the CONTINENTAL has issued 2,774 more policies in 1869 than in the year previous—being an increase of 46.25 per cent.

PACIFIC COAST AGENCY,

H. H. BLAKE & CO.,

MANAGERS,

302 Montgomery Street,

San Francisco.

P. A. CHALFANT,

LOCAL AGENT,

jy16m3 Independence.

State Library

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA; SATURDAY, JANUARY 7, 1871. NUMBER 28.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Jan. 7, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

J. M. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

TERMS:

One Year, by Mail or Express	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
Three Months	1 75
One Month	50
Single Copies	25

LEGAL ADVERTISING

Will be charged for as follows, invariably in advance:

Per Square, First Insertion	$1 50
Per Square, Second Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Third Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Fourth Insertion	1 00
Per Square, each subsequent Insertion	35

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING

Will be charged for at the following rates, in advance:

One Square (20 lines or less)	1 Month		$5 00
" " "	2	"	8 00
" " "	3	"	10 00

REGULAR ADVERTISERS

Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

AGENTS:

Authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions.

San Francisco	WM. B. LAKE.
New York	HUDSON & MENET.
Virginia, Nev.	J. R. MYERS.
Aurora "	JAS. M. MEREDITH.
Hot Springs	ALBERT MACK.
Bishop Creek	SETH G. SNEDEN
Big Pine	D. NAYLOR.
Fish Springs	J. T. RYAN.
Lone Pine	A. B. ELDER.
Cerro Gordo	JOHN B. WHITE

BUSINESS CARDS.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,

Aurora, ... Nevada.

Comprising the Counties of Esmeralda, Nevada, and Mono and Inyo, California.

·27 T. W. DEXTER, Receiver.

HARVEY RUSSELL,

Justice of the Peace,

BISHOP CREEK PRECINCT.

Office at Sneden's Hall. n1v16m

J. J. MOORE,

Justice of the Peace,

LONE PINE PRECINCT.

aug 8n5 1y

JOHN A. HANNAH,

Justice of the Peace,

FIFTH PRECINCT.

MINING RECORDER,

CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.

n10v81y

A. B. ELDER

SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY,

L. A. TALCOTT,

UNDER SHERIFF.

ATTORNEYS.

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no5 1y

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf]

P. REDDY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

SAN FRANCISCO CORRESPONDENTS:

BENNETT & OWENS,

JUDGE N. P. BENNETT. JNO. W. OWENS

All business in reference to Mining Patents and Land Claims, Collections, etc., promptly attended to. v1n1ly

ASSAYING.

ASSAY OFFICE

J. W. POOR.

OFFICE—PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

BULLION and ORES assayed. CORRECTNESS GUARANTEED. n1v13m.

ERNST HEILIGENDORFER,

Practical Assayer,

HUMBOLDT MILL, - - - - - INYO CO., CAL.

ALL ASSAYS GUARANTEED CORRECT, AND Orders promptly attended to.

September 19, 1870. tfn10

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 65 cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

HOTELS.

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

STAGE HOUSE.

Independence, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at the hotel.

MRS. E. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v1 3m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BAKRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

BISHOP CREEK

STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE,

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

SALOONS.

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.

Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors.

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

n13jy93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH H RRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8v29 3m

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

SALOON.

MAY & TASKER, Proprietors.

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS, INDEPENDENCE,

WHERE THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE happy to meet all old and new friends. Bar supplied with the most popular and palatable beverages. Call and take a smile, smoke a Havana, and play a game of billiards.

MAY & TASKER.

BOOTS & SHOES.

BOOTS & SHOES.

New Shoemaker Shop,

One door North of the Drug Store.

G. W. TODD. J. N. MALONE.

TODD & MALONE

ANNOUNCE TO THEIR FRIENDS AND THE public generally that they are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of BOOTS and SHOES, on the shortest notice, FOR CASH. The best of French material will be used.

Repairing Neatly Executed.

nv8n18tf

JOHN STOCK,

BISHOP CREEK (Near Pinchower's Store)

Practical Bootmaker.

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER, AND repairing done, at lowest rates FOR CASH.

July 10, 1870. n1v16m

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2-tf

BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, POSTERS, Cards, etc., printed in the finest style, at this office

STAGES.

SEMI-WEEKLY STAGE LINE

TO AURORA, CARSON, RENO AND SAN FRANCISCO, via. Central Pacific Railroad,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after this date stages will leave Independence for Aurora and intermediate points

Every Wednesday and Sunday, at 5 o'clock, A. M.,

Connecting at Benton with stages for Columbus and Silver Peak; connecting at Aurora with stage for Big Grove, Genoa, Carson, Virginia and Reno; at Reno connection every day with trains of Central Pacific Railroad for Omaha and Chicago on the East, and Sacramento and San Francisco West. Returning, through connection made from Reno every MONDAY and FRIDAY morning, on the arrival of trains from San Francisco and Omaha.

Time 60 Hours Less, and 180 Miles Less Staging to San Francisco than by any other Route.

T. W. DEXTER, Proprietor.

Independence, Jan. 1, 1871. n26-2m6ly

FOR INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.

Fare to San Francisco.....$50.

OFFICE—205 Montgomery street, opposite the Russ House.

A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.

W. G. ROBERTS, Agent. n14m3

INDEPENDENCE, LONE PINE AND CERRO GORDO

STAGE LINE.

CONNECTING WITH STAGES FROM RENO and Los Angeles, carrying Mail and Express.

TIME TABLE.

LEAVES INDEPENDENCE:

Mondays at 5 o'clock, A. M. Wednesdays at 8 A. M.

LEAVES LONE PINE:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock. A. M.

ARRIVES AT CERRO GORDO:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

LEAVES CERRO GORDO:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT LONE PINE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 12 o'clock, M.

ARRIVES AT INDEPENDENCE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 5 o'clock P. M.

JOHN COLLISTER, Proprietor.

Independence, September 26, 1870. n12 3m

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

—AND—

General Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.

Have goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.

WM. M. OSBORN,

nv18m3 Los Angeles.

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER MARCH 8TH, 1870, TRAINS will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—Week days—8 A. M. and 1 P. M. Sundays—8 A. M. and 2 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 4 P. M

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

FARE:

Between Los Angeles and Wilmington	$1 00
" " and Anchorage	2 50
" Wilmington and "	1 50
From Los Angeles to Florence	25
" " " Compton	50
" " " Dominguez	75
" " " Cerritos	75
From Wilmington to Cerritos or Dominguez	25
" " " Compton	50
" " " Florence	75
Sunday Excursion Tickets between Los Angeles and Wilmington—for round trip	1 00

Commutation Tickets, between Los Angeles and Wilmington, $7 50 per month.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

Freight from Anchorage to Los Angeles:

Dry Goods, $4 per ton measurement.
Groceries, $5 per ton weight.
Staves, $4 per ton weight.
Other merchandise, $5 per ton weight.
Empty Pipes, $1 each.
Lumber, $7 per M.

From Los Angeles to Anchorage:

Grain $2 50 per ton.
Wool and Honey, $3 50 per ton.
Wine, $3 00 per ton.
Hides, dry, 8 cents each.
" wet, $3 50 per ton.
Other merchandise, $5 per ton.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n17m3 E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

D. COHN & CO., Agents.

OFFICE—At D. Cohn & Co.'s store. n20n5m8

A ROAD STEAMER.

We take from The Kern County Courier a description of a road steamer contained in The Scientific American. The Courier is very sensibly agitating the feasibility of establishing these steam teams as a method of inter-communication, and as the description is as interesting to us of this valley as to them, we give it.

This remarkable traction engine has, during the past two years, attracted more notice among scientific men than any of the numerous road locomotives which have ever preceeded it. The use of steam on common roads has long excited the great interest of all engineers as well as those who would benefit by its practical introduction. Without discussing the special reasons of the failure of the Boydell system, with its cumbrous self-carrying tramway, or the Bray engine with its projecting and recinding claws operating through the periphery of its driving wheels, it may be briefly stated that no road engine has ever satisfied the demand for driving heavy trains of wagons on common roads, until the advent of Mr. Thompson's ingenious invention.

Adhesion, without too great weight; traction, without destroying the roads; gearing, which would not break when jolting over rough pavements, and steerage which would enable the engine to be easily turned, were some of the absolute requirements of a practical road locomotive. The enormous weight of friction engines, with rigid tires, now used in connection with steam plowing in England, proves its necessity for the purpose of gaining sufficient adhesion. Their provision for inserting teeth in the face of the wheels tells the story of their destruction of roads when drawing heavy loads. Their inability to use springs causes a wear and tear of gearing and working parts, which any mechanic will understand, and the time consumed in turning corners quite unfits them for high speed.

Many ingenious traction engines have been made in this country, but as they were not constructed for drawing heavy loads, there was no occasion to surmount the difficulties stated above.

In the elastic tire invented by R. W. Thompson, C. E., of Edinburgh, all these fatal objections have been overcome and new powers developed. The idea of using vulcanized rubber for gaining adhesion, traction, and simplicity of gearing, was as novel as valuable.

Even this useful and important discovery might have never been given to the world had not Mr. Thompson been a gentleman of large means as well as a thoroughly educated engineer. He was thus enabled to continue his experiments and complete his invention before it was brought before the public, and it is probably for this reason that it at once attracted the notice of the most eminent engineers of the Old and New World.

A brief description of the "Road Steamer" is all that is necessary in connection with the accompanying engraving (in Scientific American.) The driving wheels are about five feet in diameter with a broad iron tire having narrow flanges, upon which is placed a ring of soft vulcanized rubber twelve inches in width and five inches in thickness, which surrounds the iron tire, and is kept in place by the flanges. Over the rubber there is placed an endless chain of steel plates, three and a half inches wide, which series of steel plates is the portion of the wheel which comes in contact with the rough road. This reticulated chain is connected by what might be properly styled steel vertebræ, at each side of the wheel. The rubber tire and steel plates, have no rigid connection, but are at perfect liberty to move round independently of each other, or even without the concurrence of the inner ring of the wheel which they both inclose. This is a remarkable combination, and contributes to the great success of the wheel as a whole. Holes are made in the inner iron rim of the wheel to admit air under the rubber tire. This enables the rubber to creep clowly round the wheel, so that in going a mile with a heavy load in tow, the rubber tire will be found to have crept once round the iron tire. To this ingenious device is due the indestructible nature of the tire. An enormously heavy and sudden strain upon the soft tire might tear it, but the slip saves it. Nearly the whole weight of the engine is upon the drivers, the third wheel in front being only for steering. The rapidity and ease with which it guides the steamer must be seen to be realized. It will instantly spin around with its inner driving wheel, describing a circle of less than six feet in diameter. The weight upon the rubber tires causes them to collapse and conform to all the irregularities of the road for a space of twenty inches each, and thus is insured adhesion and traction, which cannot be obtained in the slight line of contact with smooth and rigid tires. To this fact is due the ability of the road steamer to draw enormous loads and to ascend steep hills.

Perhaps one of its most important features, as concerns it use in this country, is its ability to run over soft ground or muddy roads. The rigid-tired traction engines in England are able to slowly grind over their hard and magnificently macadamized roads but on our dirt roads they would be utterly useless. In this respect the road steamer has not been inaptly compared to the elephant and camel, whose elastic cushioned feet enable them to cross the soft, yielding sands of the desert. It is this same elastic cushion which prevents injury to the roads, and which, acting as springs or buffers between the rough road and the gearing saves the machinery from damage. The work done by the wheel in depressing the rubber in front, is again performed by the rear in urging the wheel forward, so that the one exactly balances the other, hence there is no loss.

The boiler used is of the vertical, tubular type, made entirely of steel, and constucted with special regard to simplicity and great strength. All the gearing and working parts are either of steel or malleable iron, and are entirely hidden from sight. An ingenious device in connection with the exhaust of of steam almost suppresses the noise caused by its escape. The coal bunkers hold a day's supply. There is a single gear for quick speed, and a douple gear for heavy loads. The engines are double cylinders with a reversing gear. Either of the driving wheels can be thrown in or out of gear, so that in turning sharp corners the inner wheel is out of gear, slipping freely while the outer wheel drives the machine around.

When attached to a loaded train of four wagons by a simple triangle coupling the whole can be turned in any road of ordinary width, each wagon following in the exact wake of the steamer. The loads drawn by the two sizes now made are from twelve, to twenty tons, up inclines of one in twelve, and twenty to thirty tons on a level road. The speed varies from two and a half to six miles an hour for freight steamers, and ten miles an hour for those specially constructed for passenger service. The consumption of coal averages about half a ton per day. About three times as much wood by weight is required to furnish the same steam power.

All the road steamers can be fitted with a fly wheel and governor, so as to run as stationary engines for driving any description of machinery.

The British Government appointed a commission of military men to examine these road steamers with a view of adopting them in the War Department. The examination was most severe and the report so favorable that a number have been ordered; among others one to carry stores up the Rock of Gibraltar, the inclines being one in six. Various other European governments have, after careful examination, ordered them for drawing heavy artillery and other purposes. Over seventy steamers are now in order at the works in Great Britain for India, Australia, and other countries.

With our vast country, so much of which will be for many years without railroads, they will be of great use for mines, transportation companies, feeders to railroads, for general carrying purposes, and for towing on canals. One steamer can draw six boats at double the speed of horses. And lastly, in plowing the grain fields of the Great West, as also the sugar and cotton plantations of the South, they will find a wide field of usefulness, and prove of great value. Harnessed to one of Williamson's gang plows, they turn over seven furrows of eight inches depth and twelve inches in width with perfect ease, as we can testify, having personally witnessed the performance of one of them, not long since, in plowing obstinate soil.

Mr. D. D. Williamson, of 23 Broadway, New York, is the exclusive manufacturer under Mr. Thompson's American patents. No better assurance can be given that the American engines will be fully equal, if not superior to the British; than the fact that the great Locomotive Works of Patterson, whose locomotives at the great Paris Exhibition, took the prize over all others, have contracted to build them for Mr. Williamson, and are now constructing a number for the American market.

Paris Bill of Fare.

The following is given as a "literal translation" of a bill of fare as recently presented at a gentleman's table in Paris:

Horse soup with millet.
Minced cat, Mayonnaise sauce.
Shoulder of dog, tomato sauce.
Jugged cat, with mushrooms.
Dog chops, with peas,
Salmis of rat, sauce Robert.
Joint of dog, served with young rats and peppersauce.
Begonia, with gravy.
Salad, etc.
English plum pudding, with horse-marrow.

—When Congress sat in Philadelphia, a certain Senator from New England, who was not considered exactly the wisest man in the House, had a frequent custom of shaking his head when another was speaking. This gave offence to a member from Virginia, who complained publicly of the affront, whereupon a waggish member assured the Senate that he had known the offender long, and that it was only an ill habit he had got into, for though he would oftentimes shake his head, yet there was *nothing in it.*

—A British livery-stable keeper presented the following bill for the use of a horse:

Anos	10s.	00d.
Atakynonymom . .	00	6
Toatolhofol . .	10s.	6d.

"which he meanter to say" that his charge was for "a horse" and for "taking of him home," the "total of all" being 10s. 6d.

Notable Beginnings.

California records for 1870 will include three memorable industrial events—the shipment of the first bale of home raised silk; the raising of the first successful crop of cotton, leading to the planting of several large tracts to that staple; and the first success in the manufacture of beet sugar. These are very interesting events, and, regarded as the beginnings of what are destined to be among the leading and most valuable industries of the State, and their importance can hardly be estimated. Either one of the products named is sufficient to support a community many times larger than our present population.

Silk is the staple industry in portions of the old world which counts thousands to our hundreds of people. In France and Italy it employs more people than we number in every field of labor west of the Rocky mountains, and heretofore the United States have drawn all supplies of it from those countries and Asia. Cotton was the main source of the wealth of our Southern States, and employed a population of millions. Beet sugar making, with the production of the beets, and improvement of lands and cattle contiguous to factories, has become in a comparatively few years the main support of numerous large districts in France and Germany, and the number of persons connected with and supported by it in those countries, directly and indirectly, equals, if it dose not exceed, the whole population of California.

Of course there is abundant room for profitable competition in the cultivation and manufacture of products in such general demand. Considering that the silk and sugar we import in the United States runs up to fifties and hundreds of millions in yearly value, and that the cotton fields of the South are decreasing in fertility, the opportunity to plant these industries in the virgin soil of California, where climate and soil are so pre-eminently favorable is a grand one. Rightly appreciated and improved, it can but lead to most important results at an early day. Here are openings for some of the surplus capital which burdens our city vaults. Here are fields for enterprise far more creditable and permanently remunerative than making corners in mining stock, or monopolizing land, wheat, quicksilver and coal. The day will come when the most wealthy and influential Californians will be those who embarked in these and other great products and manufactures, utilizing land and money and labor in the line of directly supplying staple wants of man. In that day the wrecks of speculation and inordinate grasping will be monuments of an era of misdirected energy and capital.—*Bulletin.*

Strasbourg Cathedral after the Siege.

The high steeple of the Minster was an extremely convenient look-out for the besieged, and in fact they could look from there into all the works of the Germans, and discover at once where laborers were employed. If the Prussian General had only to act as a General, his first order would have been to destroy this dangerous building; but as it was he took the utmost care to protect it as much as possible. The French had established on the Minster, in the building of the guard, a telegraph station, from where the batteries were informed of the points against which they had to direct their fire. The telegraph was plainly to be seen from outside, and to give them a hint, some shot were fired against it. One of them pierced the wall quite close to the telegraph. Instead of taking the hint, the French showed themselves always on the hight, and it was very natural that some of the artillerymen, who perhaps did not understand the value of that architectural monument, could not resist the temptation of sending up some balls to drive them away, notwithstanding all orders of the General. The large Gothic cross on the top of the Minster has been struck also at its foot, and is hanging over somewhat on one side. It is said that a gunner boasted that he could hit the cross, and an officer hearing it, and not believing it possible at such a great distance, and to shame the boaster, said, "I will give you a thaler if you hit it." Though soldiers only were permitted to ascend the tower on that day, our little company entered also. The beautiful towers containing the winding staircases were not much damaged; but some parts of the stone balustrades had suffered, and it was dangerous to pass. The whole roof of the nave is burned, but the vaults underneath fortunately resisted and kept the flames from the interior of the church. From that gallery one has a distinct view of all the parallels. As the whole Minster was crowded with soldiers, we had some difficulty in descending the narrow stairs. We entered the interior of the church and were glad to see that not much damage had been done. Some simple wooden chairs were burned; the upper part of the organ and some parts of stained windows were broken; but the celebrated clock was intact. I think, however, that the damage done will require 1,000,000 francs to repair it.—*Temple Bar.*

—"Why is it, husband, that whenever we send for a pound of tea or coffee to the grocery man it falls several ounces short?" "Oh, its just a weigh he has."

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Jan. 7, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. H. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

TERMS:

One Year, by Mail or Express	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
Three Months	1 75
One Month	50
Single Copies	25

LEGAL ADVERTISING

Will be charged for as follows, invariably in advance:

Per Square, First Insertion	$1 50
Per Square, Second Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Third Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Fourth Insertion	1 00
Per Square, each subsequent insertion	25

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Will be charged for at the following rates, in advance:

One Square (10 lines or less)	1 Month		$5 00
" " "	3 "		8 00
" " "	3 "		10 00

REGULAR ADVERTISERS

Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

REMOVAL.

The office of this paper has been removed from its old location to the Independent Building, on Edwards street, in the southern end of town. Although our new situation is a little out of the center of the place, old and new friends are invited to find us now and then, accompanied with such little matters as orders, items, cash, etc.

CHANGE OF PUBLICATION DAY.

In order to make our publication day correspond with the departure of the mails, under the new arrangements, we again change the day of issue to Saturday, at 12 o'clock M.

INDEPENDENCE PAPERS.

Parties who have received their papers at this office, will from this time forward find them at the Postoffice. This, of course, does not include those delivered to town subscribers.

MONEY FOR THE STATE.

County Treasurer Harris left last week for Sacramento, to pay over to the State Treasurer the sum of $4,543.47, the proportion of taxes due the State from this county. This is almost double the amount paid last year, and is a good showing of the comparative increase of the wealth of the county. A report of the County Treasurer, to be published in a week or two, will give a fair basis upon which to calculate the county's advancement in wealth and financial condition.

Hunckton.

Such is the name of the new and highly interesting mining camp, formerly known as Cartle Peak, Dunderberg, etc., in Mono county. It is now known by that name in Washington, Mr James G. Thompson having secured the appointment as Postmaster. Mr. Thompson is also County Surveyor of Mono county. The place is increasing quite rapidly, and the rich and extensive Dunderberg is attracting much attention in mining circles.

For Water.

The parties sinking for water on the 40 mile desert, below Desert Springs, between this place and Los Angeles, have reached a depth of 180 feet, and have found no water. They say, however, that they have struck damp ground and the indications are good for a bountiful supply.

Gone and Done It.

The Los Angeles Star of December 19th, contains the following account of the fate of a former Cerro Gordoite:

Sunday evening at 6 o'clock in the Catholic Church, P. G. Gelcich, Esq, late of Cerro Gordo, and Miss Lola Serrano, daughter of Don Muriano Serrano, were united in the holy bonds of wedlock. A large number of persons witnessed the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Father Koll. After the happy couple had received a blessing from the Bishop an adjournment was had to the residence of the brides father, where the wedding cake was eaten and the health of the bride toasted in flowing bumpers of sparkling wine. Music and the dance were enjoyed in perfection, until an early hour Monday morning when the assemblage dispersed, unanimous in their opinion that the occasion had been one of the happiest in the lives of the *unmarried* present.

—One Samuel Allis, of Blackforth county, thought it would be amusing to play ghost. He appeared to a farmer who "strikes five hundred from the shoulder," and was carried home in a blanket.

—Mrs. Partington says she understands the pickle the Emperor has got into, but she would like to know what this neutrality is that Victoria is trying to preserve.

ASSUMING SHAPE.

We are pleased to state that the question of a railroad into this valley has assumed a tangible shape. A company was incorporated in San Francisco, December 22d, with the object of constructing and operating a railroad from Wilmington, Los Angeles county, to Wickenburg, Arizona, with a branch road from some convenient point on the main trunk to extend into this valley Capital stock, $5,000,000, divided into shares of $100 each. The length of the main trunk is 500 miles. Directors—P. Banning, D. M. Alexander, H. Van Valkenburg, Herman Jacoby and Ed. M. McDonald.

Notwithstanding the expressed opinions of certain parties that a railroad would be ruinous to certain interests, we think a moments reflection must convince any reasonable man that the future prosperity of all this vast inland region depends very materially on a quicker and cheaper system of communication with the business world, than the one now in use. Our farmers have no other markets for their productions than that offered by our mines. Unlike other agricultural countries, our merchants can make no use of the wheat, corn, and other products of the farm, in the way of paying for goods below. This places our business transactions on a cash basis. The necessary supply of money can, owing to the great distance of the world's market, only come from our mines. The supply is not equal to the requirements, a fact sufficiently manifest in the futile endeavors being made to effect yearly settlements. To suit this state of affairs, and afford the necessary extended credits, a large amount of capital is involved. Goods are now weeks in transit when they should be but so many days. The money invested must be accounted for at a heavy rate of interest. Taking these facts into consideration it is safe to say that it now requires $10,000 to do business equal to $1,000, under the possible advantage of a railroad. It would be a saving of at least one hundred per cent. in the cost of the goods to the consumer. It would reduce the cost of farming in the same ratio. Hundreds of mines immediately on the line of road, now untouched, would be made to yield their treasures Mines a hundred miles eastward would be made tributary. A certain cash market would be afforded for any article of farm produce, at but a slightly reduced rate. Farm lands, mines, and property of all kinds would be greatly enhanced in value, even in the certain anticipation of a railroad. Capital and population would be attracted—Inyo county would not be, as at present, a *terra incognita*, only to be visited by business men under compulsion. A railroad company interested in its development, would advertise our mines and other advantages to the world. With a railroad we have an encouraging future; without it, merely an existance.

The actuating spirit, in opposition to such improvements, is the same that has opposed every material improvement of the age—the same that caused the destruction of the first thrashing machine, because it was considered an innovation upon the rights of the flail-men. With all due deference to the opinions of others, regarding its advantages, we hope and trust a railroad into or near this valley may soon be an accomplished fact. A matter fraught with so much importance to our future interests and welfare, deserves every possible encouragement.

WAR NEWS.

Nothing decisive or especially important has transpired in the war operations about Paris. The Germans are obliged to keep an immense army to prevent a successful sortie. An unsuccessful attempt of this sort was made a few days ago by 100,000 French. Afterwards, and the latest, another sortie by 5,000 men, mostly of the Garde Mobele resulted in the defeat of the latter, after a temporary success. Following this attempt the Prussian forts (two of them) opened fire on the city defenses. None of the balls reached the city, nor was any noticeable damage done.

The whole French nation is armed or arming. They are determined to prolong the war until an honorable peace can be gained. They will never consent to give up an inch of territory. To do so would humiliate France into a third-rate power. Though badly generaled and almost uniformly unsuccessful in the field the spirit of the nation remains unbroken, and the hope is still entertained of driving the invaders from their soil.

A correspondent reports an interview at Bordeaux with Count de Chambourdy, Minister Delegate of Foreign Affairs, in regard to the chances of peace. The Minister said: At present peace seems distant. However lamentable this war is, peace would be dishonorable on terms so inadmissible. It would change France into a third-rate power. Prussia made a great mistake in not concluding peace with Favre at Ferriers. The civilized world will condemn her for her refusal to propose terms which might have been honorable to Prussia without being humiliating to France.

Rich and poor unite in the opinion that the only thing left is to fight out the war. If, in so doing, France is financially ruined, there will be the less for Prussia to take.

The Medical Properties of Vinegar.

The principal ingredient of vinegar, and that which gives it its strength, is acetic acid, of which strong vinegar contains about five per cent. In a pure state this acid is colorless, inflammable, exceedingly pungent, intensely sour and acid to the taste, volatile, and evaporates if exposed to the air. In experiments upon rabbits, it has been found that one ounce of acetic acid will kill a large healthy rabbit in seven minutes, and, on examining the intestines, they were found softened and highly inflamed. When applied to delicate, sensitive tissues in man, it is very irritating and almost a caustic. Galand was of the opinion that vinegar seriously injured the nervous system and impoverished the blood.

According to Margagin it occasions thickening of the walls of the stomach. Portal relates a case in The London Medical Gazette, of a young woman who was very stout and was advised to drink a small quantity of vinegar daily to reduce her size. It worked to a charm for this purpose, but in a month brought on cough, difficult breathing, fever, wasting away, and death by consumption.

German quacks are said to profess to cure obesity by means of daily doses of vinegar, and, if they sometimes fulfilled their promises, it was usually at the expense of their patient's lives. Sunderlin says that those who work in vinegar factories soon acquire a cachectic look and become consumptive. Orfila relates the case of a patient who swallowed a teaspoonful of acetic acid. He shrieked with pain, his mouth was whitened, there was a burning pain in his throat, chest and abdomen, profuse sweating; diarrhœa and vomiting occurred, and the pulse became small and quick. All these symptoms are those of poisoning.

All modern writers agree in this: that vinegar is to be avoided where the digestion is weak, or where there is a tendency to flatulence or diarrhœa. Chlorotic females are forbidden to use it, even though they long for it, and nursing mothers are advised to refrain from its use, as it oftens occasions fatal diarrhœa in infants by acidifying the milk, which otherwise would nourish. As an article of diet it is of doubtful utility, especially when other and better organic acids may be used in place of it, when acids are needful.

Completion of a Mighty Work.

[From The San Francisco Bulletin, Dec. 27th.]

The telegraphs brings information to-day, that the workmen in the tunnel of Mt. Cenis, toiling from opposite directions have met, and the perforation of the lofty Alpine summit is complete. A more daring work was never attempted by man, and its completion marks one of the grandest triumphs of the age. The project for a tunnel through Mt. Cenis was first suggested to the Sardinian Government in 1857, by Chevalier Henry Mans, and it received almost immediate sanction. The tunnel was to be twice as long as any other in the world, and was to pierce a mountain of flinty hardness, a distance of over seven miles and a half at an elevation of 4,092 feet above the level of the sea in the region of almost perpetual storms. In the face of difficulties such as men never had encountered before, the engineers and surveyors prosecuted their work, estimated the cost, and while the contract terms included 25 years for the completion of the work, these men predicted that it would be accomplished early in 1871. The telegram of to-day, more than confirms their prediction.

The northern entrance of the tunnel is at the French town of Fourneaux, the southern, near the town of Bardoneche, on the river Mardovine, in Italy. It pierces Mount Cenis 2,400 feet below the ancient pass or road over the summit, and at the deepest is 5,400 feet below the surface. In height it is 19 feet, and in breadth 25 feet, spacious enough to admit double railway trucks. The perforation was accomplished by means of ponderous drill machines, driven by compressed air engines with drill heads or borers weighing 600 lbs. each. The work has progressed steadily from November, 1860, to the present time, a temporary railroad having been used in the interim by which travelers were taken over the summit in cars drawn by stationary engines, and running on three tracks.

—Some years ago there lived in an Eastern town an old man who had a propensity for stealing small and portable articles that came in his way. As he was poor and past labor, and well known about town, no further notice was taken of his peculiarities than to keep a sharp lookout when he was around. A dealer had a quantity of dry fish landed on the wharf at an hour too late to get them into his store, and, as he was about covering them with an old sail-cloth, he espied old Brown, apparently reconnoitring. Selecting a couple of the fish he said: "Here, Brown, I must leave these fish out here to-night, and I will give you these two if you promise me that you will not steal any." "That is a fair offer, Mr. Allen, but—well—I don't know," with a glance at the offered fish, and then at the pile, "I think I can do better."

LETTER FROM CARSON.

[Lady Correspondent of The Inyo Independent.]

CARSON, December 27, 1870.

DEAR INDEPENDENT:—Carsonites rejoice in the beautiful weather vouchsafed, in comparative temporal prosperity, and the holiday festivals, introduced by the advent of Santa Claus, on Christmas Eve. The several churches gave satisfactory evidence of the industry and good taste of their respective members, in collecting and displaying the beautiful gifts prepared for the Sabbath School children. The Episcopalians used the New Hall, and made a fine display. The Methodists were so unfortunate in having their tree fall, to the injury of a chandilier, and, doubtless to the terror of the little ones, whose precious gifts had been entrusted to its arms. The general effect was good; but the tree was to low to be pleasing to the eye. The presents displayed there were good, one of which touched the ceiling, and were considered remarkable productions in their way. They were made by the artificial arrangement of the trunks, and carefully trimmed branches of natural trees. An Irishman looked upon their fine proportions, and said to the manufacturer: "Ye have done will, indade, but faith, an' it would take ye a long time to make 'em grow!" But few would have suspected their origin differed from "Topsy," who, we are creditably informed, "growed." Happy as the little ones, and childred of a larger growth were, I could not but feel, that little stockings, hung by the hearthstone, with sleepy visions of Santa Claus in tasseled cap, with golded chariot and reindeers, driving in some mysterious way down the chimney, in the hush of night, to fill the said little stockings with every imagined sweet—the better way, since it is productive of equal good and less evil.

Christmas day, I listened to an excellent sermon on, "The character of Christ." The Reverend gentleman remarked in its course, the inappropriateness of the present method of celebrating the anniversary of the Saviour's birth, urging that carnivalism should have no place in it. He exhorted his flock to greater energy and faithfulness in their attendance upon every means of grace, in view of the festivities about to be inaugurated, or as a reporter for the press paraphrases it: "Owing to the influx of the ungodly," regarding it a capital hit at the Legislature soon to convene.

The energetic and presistent Daily Appeal to our sympathies and purses will be made no more. Henceforth the ways and means, sins and follies of the Republicans are to be *Registered* in the peculiar types and colors in which all the acts of that party appear, when exhibited by the Democratic press. Well, this is another evidence of the compensation in nature as hinted at in these sublime lines:

"Every dog has his day,
And the cat his afternoons."

AU REVOIR.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A Hundred Diseases may proceed from one source, a deceased or debilitated stomach. No human being can be made healthy when digestion is disordered. Tone the stomach and liver and regulate the bowels with DR. WALKER'S VEGETABLE VINEGAR BITTERS, and the work of assimilation and excretion will go bravely on. This vital elixir conquers the causes of all physical irregularities. By insuring perfect digestion and a proper flow of bile, it insures pure blood, a vigorous circulation, and a prompt discharge of all waste matter from the system.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law,

AURORA, NEVADA,

WILL BEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

NOTICE:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between WILLIAM L. MOORE and C. D. BEGOLE, of Lone Pine, Inyo County, California, has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent. All those indebted to C. D. Begole, or C. D. Begole & Co., are hereby notified to come forward and settle with C. D. Begole immediately.

WM. L. MOORE,
C. D. BEGOLE.

Lone Pine, Cal., January 2, 1871.

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
January 2, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY "GENERAL FUND."

No.	In favor of	Amount
199	W A Greenley	$150 00
203	C F Duval	25 00
184	A C Hanson	250 00
204	J J Moore	64 00
206	C M Joslin	37 50
207	A C Hanson	250 00

ON THE "COUNTY BUILDING" FUND.

304	John Broder	$500 00

ON THE "MONO DEBT" FUND.

No. 3	Mono County	$500 00

I. HARRIS
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

n028-4t

NOTICE TO SAWYERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISH TO LET A CONTRACT, at the Big Pine Saw Mill, for Sawing TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND FEET OF LUMBER

For particulars enquire at Bell's flour mill or at the Big Pine saw mill.

January 1, 1871. BELL & BRO. v1n27tf

For Sale.

THE UEDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his place in Lone Pine,

FIFTY HEAD OF HOGS,

At a bargain. Enquire of

LOUIS MUNZINGER,
Lone Pine.

n29tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek

CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES.

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC, ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

Closing Out Business!

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING DETERMINED to close out business immediately, offer for sale their large and well assorted stock of

General Merchandise,

At greatly reduced prices,

FOR CASH ONLY.

All those indebted to the Firm must settle before the 1st day of January, 1871.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Desiring to purchase goods will do well to give us a call.

TO CAPITALISTS.

We offer for sale, with immediate possession our entire stock of Merchandise, Store and Storehouse, at a bargain.

nv7n18tf D. COHN & CO.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF THOMAS MASON, DECEASED.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Administrator of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers within ten months from the publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at his residence at Bishop Creek.

n27 GEORGE SMITH, Administrator

NOTICE.

TO THOMAS W. HILL AND HERMAN SCHOENEMAN, partners with John Simpson and Charles Hoffman in the Alpha, Franklin and Omega Mining Claims, situated near the Lower Town of Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine District, Inyo County, California.—NOTICE.—There will be a meeting of the shareholders of the above named mining claims held at the residence of John Simpson, in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, said District, County and State, at 6 o'clock P. M. on MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, for the purpose of levying assessments, for working and developing said mining claims.

JOHN SIMPSON,
CHARLES HOFFMAN,
By F. K. MILLER, Agent.

Cerro Gordo, November 21st, 1870. n20-8w

NOTICE.

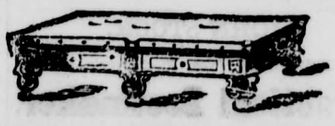
TO THE CERRO GORDO AND VIRginia Mining Company: Henry Bush, Jr., P. W. Bennett, J. B. Rowley, and M. D. Blummer or his agent; also, G. W. Cornell and Antonio Meresol or their or either of their respective agents, executors, administrators, heirs or assigns, partners with H. W. Gould in the Buene Suerte Mine, situated in the Belmont Mining Camp, Lone Pine District, Inyo county, California. Notice—There will be a meeting of the owners in the above mine held at the Office of H. W. Gould, in the upper town or Cerro Gordo, said district, county and State, on Saturday, the 25th day February, A. D., 1871, at 6 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of levying assessments for working and developing said mine.

H. W. GOULD.

Cerro Gordo, December 26, A. D., 1870.

BILLIARDS!

Messrs Phelan & Collender,



THE WELL-KNOWN BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS, of New York, have established at

541 Market Street, San Francisco,

An extensive branch of their business, where they propose to keep constantly on hand the LARGEST and most complete assortment of

Billiard Tables, Cloths, Cues, etc.,

ON THIS COAST.

THE TABLES are of the latest styles and size recently adopted in the Eastern States; are manufactured in the best possible manner, and are furnished with PHELAN'S LATEST IMPROVED CUSHIONS. The

New Composition Billiard Balls,

Made by the Hyatt Manufacturing Co. of Albany, New York—THE BEST SUBSTITUTE FOR IVORY YET DISCOVERED. For sale only by us. Price, $12 per set.

All goods sold will be of the best quality, and the prices fully as low as any other house in the business.

Parties visiting the city are invited to visit our warerooms and inspect our stock.

GEO. E. PHELAN, 541 Market St.

N. B. The public are notified that no other parties on the Pacific coast have the right to sell Phelan's Cushions. n17 3m

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

J. DAVISON,
J. P. M. PERHAM,
Independence, Cal.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD,
San Francisco.

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise.

Stock consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Dry Goods.

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS.

Boots and Shoes

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

TIN,
STOVES,
HARDWARE,
CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS; FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,
PAINTS,
OILS AND WINDOWS;
STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY, PIPES AND CUTLERY,
ETC., ETC, ETC.

Extra Family Flour,

BELL'S NO. 1, constantly on hand and for sale

Goods constantly arriving from the San Francisco market.

Take Heed to Our Motto!

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

"A nimble nine-pence is preferable to a slow shilling!"

ONE PRICE STORE!

SAVE MONEY BY BUYING CHEAP!

"ECONOMY IS WEALTH."

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, January 1, 1871.

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Jan. 2, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Notable Arrivals and Departures.

As a matter of interest to our readers, we chronicle the following goings and comings of some of the gentlemen prominently interested in the mines of our county. Mr. A. H Dorr, formerly extensively interested in the mines of Kearsarge mountain, and present claimant of the famous Santa Marie mine, or "Dorr Ledge," in Cerro Gordo, arrived in Lone Pine by the last Southern stage. Also, by the same line, Mr. Tregallis, an English mining engineer, who comes to take the management of the Eclipse mine, in place of Captain Barratt, who has resigned his position. We understand that Captain Barratt leaves for London in a few weeks, and we venture to say that he will be missed by his many friends. John Patterson, N. C. Apple and W. A. Ford, who have recently disposed of their interest in the Crowning Glory mine, left Lone Pine last week, by private conveyance, for Los Angeles, intending to return to their former homes East. Kit Johnson, also, accompanys the party. Under Sheriff Tabor, of Lander county, Nevada, left by the last stage for Austin. James O'Donnol, of the Kearsarge mine, left for Virginia by the same stage, for the purpose of employing carpenters, miners, etc., to put in machinery and work the mine. Mr. J. B. Hiskey, for many years foreman of the extensive Washoe Valley Reduction Works, in Nevada, has been in town for a few days, making arrangements to start up the quartz mill at Deep Spring Valley, which property has come into his hands. He proposes to run the mill on custom work—a plan which will be appreciated by Deep Spring miners. Mr. Hiskey's success in working these ores, or any other which he takes hold of, we consider absolutely certain, and the rates should be placed as low as possible. The mill, however, is first to undergo a thorough refitting, and a return to principles known to be successful.

Released.

Manuel Moreno and Louis Manilo, arrested at Lone Pine on charge of being parties in the Austin stage robbery, and held in custody at this place, were last week released on a writ of *habeas corpus*, on the ground that they were held without due legal proceedure. They are the same parties who were so roughly handled by a mob on the night of December 16th, while being brought here to jail. They express themselves as satisfied at the treatment received at the hands of our officers, and, claiming innocence of course, only feel dissatisfied because of not being allowed to proceed immediately to Nevada for a hearing. If they are among the parties guilty of the robbery, the only thing to blame for their release is our lack of communication with the rest of the world.

Specimens.

We have received from Mr. Wm. Egan, several fine specimens of ore from the Inyo District, in the Inyo range of mountains, immediately opposite this place. The mines are represented as rich and extensive and easily reached by a good natural road Some four or five parties are now taking out ore for reduction at Swansea. From H. Jack, J. S. Broder and another gentleman, we have received a number of specimens of Deep Spring Valley ore, from numerous ledges, discovered by this prospecting party, among the rest, some fine looking ore from the "Printer," and a beautiful piece or two from the celebrated "Blue Belle." When time and space permits we shall be glad to give full accounts of their locations.

Thanks to Bentonites.

We acknowledge our indebtedness to Mr. J. O. Wheeler for a couple of the finest specimens we have seen in many a long day. They are of that description so peculiar to Hot Springs, being white and soft, tinged with blue, interveined with sheets of fine, native silver. We are not apprised of its assay value, but it must be high up in the hundreds. Friend Henry Desing, of the same place, will please accept our thanks for Eastern papers received.

More Races.

The racing excitement at Lone Pine continues, and several match races have been run, and more are talked of, all of which indicate "flush times" in that locality. We have heard a denizen or two of that place express their fears of the "horse whisters" "bunching" on them, but what this means is beyond our ken. Money changes hands pretty freely, and now and then a fight or two enlivens the scene.

Hot Spring Ore.

Two large loads of fine ore, from the Kearsarge mine, at Hot Springs, passed through town last week for the Swansea smelting works. The general advantage to our miners, of these works purchasing ore from all parts of the county cannot be overrated, and for the encouragement of this plan, moves should be made by Inyo county to place her roads in first-class condition, at whatever cost.

Merchandise.

Some five or six large "prairie schooners," propelled by ten and twelve animals each, arrived in town last Friday, loaded with goods for our merchants.

Warrants Payable.

Several parties are notified to call upon County Treasurer Harris and get the money for their warrants.

A Desperate Charge of the Prussians Landwehr Upon a Huge Catamount.

FISH SPRINGS, January 4, 1870.

MESSRS EDITORS:—Three Germans in the employ of Goodale & Curtis, at Fish Springs, becoming satisfied that some thief of the night was making away with all the chickens and eggs it could get hold off, concluded to use a little strategy to despoil the sly chap of his ill-gotten gains. Consequently, a trap door was made to the chicken-house, and a rope attached thereto, running from it to their bed room—one of the party remaining awake for developments. He had not long to wait, for 12 o'clock brought a squall among the feathered tribe. The rope was pulled, closing the door, and Mr. Cat was in his prison cell—probably for the first time. A general charge was then sounded by the whole party—the roof scaled, and a Colt's battery finished the bloody work, and the chicken gourmand threw up the sponge; causing much cheering by the party at the success of their strategy.

At least fifty chickens, and probably twenty dozen of eggs have been devoured by this animal. We hear of similar raids upon other farmers. It would be well for farmers to keep a look-out for these hen-roost robbers if they wish to live on chicken and eggs.

The boys, after a post mortem examination, pronounced the raider a catamount. Its weight is fifty pounds, and measurers, from tip of nose to end of tail, three and a half feet. Let us hear from the next farmer that gets a larger one.

CATAMOUNT.

Sudden and Horrible Death.

The even course of events with the people of Cerro Gordo has again been startled by the occurrence of an affair calculated to lead thinking people into moralizing, and furnishing the basis for an effective temperance lecture. From the imperfect account which we have received, it appears that a family by the name of Ormrod, consisting of a man and wife and a daughter of 18 months of age. On the morning of January 3d, the Deputy Sheriff for Cerro Gordo was passing the habitation (almost under ground) of the Ormrod's, his attention was attracted by the screams of the child. Passing into the place a most sickening sight met his gaze. The man was lying on the bed insensible, the woman on the floor dead, and the child had crept to the fire-place, from which issued the cries. Both were addicted to drink, and this seems to be the result of a continued holiday spree, and is probably the cause of death, although some think they were poisoned. To-day's Cerro Gordo stage will probably bring us the particulars of the post-mortem examination.

A Shocking Discovery—Probable Murder.

Last Monday morning as some teamsters were passing over the road between Bishop Creek and Hot Springs at a point within a few miles of Fish Slough, they discovered the bloody clothes and mutilated foot of a man The man's dress, as far as found, consisted of a short, black, and apparently new coat, lined with checked material two woolen shirts, and a pair of badly torn overhauls. All were scattered, and the ground tramped up as if done by coyotes. The foot is small, evidently that of a white man, encased in the right boot, which is broken on the inside, and a small patch on the outward side of the boot. Although most of the clothes were found, nothing of any description was discovered in the pockets. Parties have gone from Bishop Creek to thoroughly examine the ground and search for some means of identifying the unfortunate, and probably murdered man. As it is not known in which county the place is where the remains were found, it is possible that no official investigation, or coroner's inquest may be held, but we will endevour to obtain, and give all the facts developed.

Returned.

Our sanctum was invaded yesterday by the old Inyoan, so well known to many by the name of Dave Love, who returns to his old haunts, thinking this county will do. He is a little disposed to growl at some things, for while on his way from Los Angeles to Independence, he stopped at Lone Pine, and laying down his blankets and clothes for a few minutes, on the porch of a public house, some scroundrel, not having the fear of God or Dave Love, before his eyes, but being moved and instigated by the devil, did willfully, maliciously, and feloniously pick up the said blankets and clothes and appropriate the same to his own use, to the great damage of the said Dave Love, to wit: In the sum of about $40 00. Dave took the matter cool. He had to because the nights are cool and his bed was gone, but he vented himself in our presence about in this manner: "I don't want the chap who stole those articles to have any luck. I wish he would have to live in Los Angeles the hottest part of the year and never see a pound of ice. I want him to go to Wilmington and get those blankets full of fleas. May he be compelled to drink whisky at every station between Lone Pine and San Diego; be elected to the Legislature, or to Congress, and thus disgrace himself forever. If any say he is not overflowing with absolute "cussedness," "let him be anathema."

Practicing.

The official law card of Judge J. G. McClinton, of Aurora, will be found in another column. He proposes to pay especial attention to conducting business in the Land Office.

The Board of Supervisors.

The Board of County Supervisors will meet next Monday, January 9. Another member of the Board is to be elected to fill the vacancy of John Sheppard, who has resigned. Some person from Lone Pine will probably be selected.

The Evidence

Adduced in the case of E. A. Reddy, for the killing of a Cornishman (whose name we have not learned) at Cerro Gordo, did not come to hand in time for this week's paper. As the matter is of considerable interest to all, we will give it next week.

Secretary.

At a regular meeting of Independence Engine Co. No. 1, held last Tuesday evening, Mr. A. J. Close was elected Secretary of the company, vice Wm. J. Fennell, who has resigned and gone to Los Angeles.

Dissolved.

The well known old settlers, Charley Begole and "Dad" Moore, have dissolved co-partnership in their business at Lone Pine, and invite all indebted to them to step up and settle.

Postmaster.

J. B. Rowley, Esq., has received the appointment of Postmaster of this place to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of J. G. Payne.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
WHOLESALE
DRUGGISTS,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,

Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with every thing kept in a well supplied WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.

FRESH DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS, ESSENTIAL OILS, KEROSENE OIL, | TILDEN'S PREPARAT'NS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, SHAKER HERBS, PERFUMERIES, PAINTS AND OILS.

Which we offer at the lowest Cash Prices, and are determined not to be undersold.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

FOR SALE.

OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal. After our best wishes and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty-one years, during which period we have been steadily engaged in the Drug business in California, we beg to say to consequence of the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Cal. Vinegar Bitters, now spread over the United States and countries far beyond, we are necessitated to devote our entire time to said business.

We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific coast and the only one continuous under the same proprietors since 1849, and have determined to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.

This is a rare opportunity for men with means, of entering into a profitable business with advantages never before offered.

For particulars enquire of
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
R. H. McDONALD, J. C. SPENCER } Wholesale Druggists. San Francisco, Cal.

N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices to defy competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!
Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal. ☞ Send for a circular.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing the peculiar quality of acting as a powerful remedy in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and all the Visceral Organs.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.
Headache Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Fish Springs Store

J. R. WESTERVILLE | J. T. RYAN
WESTERVILLE & RYAN,

BEG LEAVE TO TENDER THANKS TO THEIR neighbors for the patronage already extended to them, and being desirous of a continuance of their custom will constantly keep on hand a supply of

Dry Goods & Clothing,
GROCERIES,
Hardware,
Farming and Mining Utensils,
Medicines,
LIQUORS,
TOBACCO and CIGARS.

WESTERVILLE & RYAN.
n3n23tf

S. PINCHOWER & BROS.,
Bishop Creek, Cal.
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise,
Dry Goods,
CLOTHING,
Groceries,
CROCKERY, Etc, Etc., Etc

LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Call And See Our Stock!

S. PINCHOWER & BRO.
Bishop Creek, Inyo Co., Cal.
July 10, 1870. 1v1n6m

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES,
Provisions,
Mining Implements,
LIQUORS,
Tobacco and Cigars,
—AND—
General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices:

Cerro Gordo, December 3. 1870. n23m3

HARNESS AND SADDLES.

HARNESS SHOP.
Bishop Creek, Inyo County, Cal.

HAVING OPENED A HARNESS AND SADDLER Shop, with a complete stock, the undersigned will make and repair all kinds of

HARNESS AND SADDLES.

☞ Work warrranted to give satisfaction. ☜

Shop on Stage Road, one mile north of Sueden's Store—place better known as "Norton's Lower House."

ALEXANDER C. MATLACK

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,
INDEPENDENCE,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GROCERIES,
Provisions, Liquors,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
Dry Goods,
HARDWOOD,
HARDWARE,
BOOTS, SHOES,
Crockery,
GLASSWARE.
Tin-Ware,
SADDLERY,
Farming Implements,
SHOE FINDINGS,
AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,
Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas,
Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni,
Vermicelli, Tapioca,
Preserved Fruits,
Jellies, Jams,
Dried Apples,
Peaches,
Grapes,
Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles,
Extracts, Sauces,
Codfish, Salmon, Mackerl,
Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,
French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS
Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,
SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.
Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER
Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc, etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,
BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,
WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,
WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITTS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of
Glass and Crockery Ware,
Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

D. COHN & CO.

J. W. TYLER.

AURORA
Fruit & Variety
STORE.
J. W. TYLER,
AURORA,
Nevada.

Wholesale and retail dealer in
ALL KINDS OF FRUITS
APPLES,
PEARS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS,
GRAPES
And every kind of fruit in season
AT REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH!

Cigars and Tobacco,

Havana and American Cigars,
Cigaritos de Damas,
Manillas, Etc
The best qualities of
Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos!

Chewing—(Fine Cut)—
John Anderson's Solace,
Liberty Boy,
Forest Rose,
Century,
Savory,
(in Papers or Cans.)

Chewing—(Plug)—
Nature's Bounty,
Nectar of Roses,
May Apple,
Forest Rose,
Washoe,
Prince Esterhazy,
Horn of Plenty
Signet,
Tulip,
Pear
Pearl of Orient,
Bouquet,
Peach,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Smoking—
WADAWANUCK,
BIG LICK,
BETHALSEY,
NONPARIEL,
GOLDEN SHOWER,
ORONOCO,
EUREKA,
SIESTA,
FOREST ROSE,
All of which we will sell in papers or cans at the lowest market prices.

TURKISH AND SPANISH.
Maccobey, Scotch and French Rapee
SNUFFS!

Meerschaum, Stone and India Rubber
PIPES,

Cherry Stems, Mouth Pieces, etc., etc.

A good assortment of
Stationery,
Pocket Cutlery,
Gold Pens,
Pencils,
Albums,
Chessmen,
Playing Cards,
Crib Boards,
Spectacles,
Brushes, all kinds,
Etc., etc., etc.

ALSO,
A good assortment of the finest
CANDIES,
FIG PASTE,
RAISINS,
NUTS,
FIGS,
GUAVA JELLY,
ETC., ETC.

LADIES' PORTFOLIOS ALL SIZES!

Drawing and Tissue Paper!

Diaries for 1871.

PERFUMERY, EXTRACTS and SOAPS.

IF YOU WANT
TOYS AND GIFTS
—GO TO—
J. W. TYLER'S.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL receive prompt attention. Remember

J. W. TYLER,
Corner Pine and Bush Streets,
AURORA, NEVADA.

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Jan. 2, 1871.

—The prettiest girls in Utah generally marry Young.

—The beer drank in the United States in one year costs the drinkers twenty-one millions.

—The horse is a curious feeder. He eats best when he hasn't a bit in his mouth.

—Missouri has disclosed to the census-takers twenty-one thousand colonels.

—Queen Victoria subscribed five hundred pounds for the French wounded.

—A mathematical fallacy—that twenty juries will be found to contain only twenty-foremen.

—Two St. Louis female teachers get two thousand dollars each.

—A liberal translation of "*Tempus fuget*" is "few get time."

—Cameos are again coming into fashion, and are set with pearls and diamonds.

—The largest diamonds in the world belong to the Emperor of Russia.

—The gold-mines of California yield annually $23,000,000; the quicksilver-mines $1,500,000; and the coal-fields $1,000,000.

—In the postoffices throughout Lorraine and Alsace the Emperor's head on the stamps is already replaced by the Prussian eagle.

—Wanted, at the Post Office, a stamp licker. The deputy P. M. says his tongue is about to succumb to the pressure made upon it in that line.

—Two twin-brothers in Boston are said to be so much alike that they frequently borrow money of each other without knowing it.

—The distinguished author of "Lines to a Waterfall," is said to be engaged now on "Lines to a Hairpin."

—New York is already troubled with impostors who pretend to have lost limbs in the recent battles.

—Three cities in Ohio are running a close race in population. Columbus has 31,331, Dayton 31,366, and Toledo 31,693.

—The Lonisville Courier-Jouanal says, woman, with all her beauty and worth, should remember that man was the chief matter considered at the creation. She was only a side issue.

—It is said that when sewing-girls are allowed to laugh aloud, talk and sing, they do more and better work than when silence is compelled.

—Mrs. Partington says she undersands the pickle the Emperor has got into, but she would like to know what this neutrality is that Victoria is trying to preserve.

—The man who married three sisters in succession, excused himself on the ground that by so doing he got off with only one mother-in-law.

—The following advice is from a New York paper: "Press on, young man, though you be poor. We know a youth who, with only his two hands and a crow-bar, opened a jewelry-store, and he is now living in a fine store residence in Sing-Sing.

—History, says The Spectator, seems to show that there is hardly any race, from the Maori to the Prussian or the Yankee, which will not make good military material, and which, under able leadership, would be incompetent to astonish the world by its military feats.

—In respect to population New Orleans is nearly stationery. Ten years ago she had a population of one hundred and sixty thousand. Now, with considerable territory added, she can not show above one hundred and eighty thousand.

—It is a curious coincidence that Louis XIV, of France, took Strasbourg by assault from the Germans on the 28th of September, 1681, and that it surrendered to the German forces under General Werder exactly one hundred and eighty-nine years after, on the same day of the month, the 28th of September, 1870.

—In many parts of Europe it was believed that r candle made of the fat melted from the body of an infant, and placed in a dead man's hand, would make the carrier invisible and enable him to enter any house he chose. This talismatic candle was much in use by thieves. It was supposed that this superstition had long since vanished, but a recent trial in Russia shows that it still exists there, a thief having stole the body of a child to obtain the material for his candle.

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE

SHAVING SALOON.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths. n2jy163m

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK,

MASONS,

A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.
July 9, 1870. n1v13*

CARPENTERING.

JOHN HECKEL,

Carpenter & Builder.

Independence, Cal.

PAYS PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO JOBBING and making estimates. Orders from the country attended to. n276m

MISCELLANEOUS.

VICK'S

FLORAL GUIDE

For 1871.

THE FIRST EDITION OF ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND copies of **Vick's Illustrated Catalogue of Seeds and Floral Guide**, is published and ready to send out—100 pages, and an Engraving of almost every desirable Flower and Vegetable. It is elegantly printed on fine tinted paper, illustrated with Three Hundred fine Wood Engravings and Two beautiful

COLORED PLATES.

The most beautiful and the most instructive Floral Guide published. A **GERMAN EDITION** published, in all other respects similar to the English.

Sent free to all my customers of 1870, as rapidly as possible, without application. Sent to all others who order them for **Ten Cents**, which is not half the cost. Address

JAMES VICK,
n25 4t Rochester, N. Y.

A Valuable Book.

THE NEW YORK OBSERVER

YEAR BOOK

AND ALMANAC.

To Be Issued January 1st, 1871.

ONE OF THE MOST COMPLETE COMPENDS of important information which has ever been compiled in this country. It should be in every Library, as a Book of Reference.

It contains an interesting **History of Almanacs; Civil, Commercial, and Agricultural Information** concerning All the Governments in the World; a GENERAL SUMMARY of all the BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATIONS and RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS in the World, with a complete MINISTERIAL DIRECTORY of nearly every Religious body in the United States, a complete LIST OF ALL THE COLLEGES, THEOLOGICAL SEMINARIES, MEDICAL and LAW SCHOOLS in the United States.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

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37 Park Row, New York.
Mailed to any address, post-paid, on receipt of price. n25td

LIVERY STABLES.

HUNT'S

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5-6m

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB,..... ....Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.
n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.
nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

EAGLE

Livery and Feed

STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.
Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Store in Post Office Building,

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES,

Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfte

Drugs & Medicines

ALSO,

SPICES, PERFUMES, &C.

—AND—

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

PATENT MEDICINES,

HORSE LINIMENTS,

STATIONERY:

Of Every Variety.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONERY

—AND—

ALL KINDS OF NUTS.

Tobacco & Cigars

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AND A VARIETY of other goods not specified, all at reasonable prices for cash.

JOHN LENTELL.
Independence, July 6, 1870. n1v13m

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK

SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, August 9, 1870. n5 6m

LUMBER, LUMBER!

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

BELL & BRO., Proprietors.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH

LUMBER AND SHINGLES

Equal to the very best that can be produced in Inyo County, in quantities to suit, at our mill on Big Pine Creek, at

Lowest Rates for Cash.

We can furnish scantling of any length up to 32 feet, and timbers of any size up to 34 inches square, Siding, Flooring, extra clear, narrow or wide, Soft Finishing Lumber, etc., etc. Parties desiring timbers or lumber of any kind can not do better than to examine our stock and facilities before purchasing elsewhere.

Good Merchantable Lunber at $25.

Big Pine, October 30, 1870. n17tf

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK

Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.
Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass,
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n2jy16tf

BLACKSMITHING.

MILLS & CLARKE,

BISHOP CREEK, INYO COUNTY, CAL.,

BLACKSMITHING,

Horseshoeing, Repairing, Etc.,

Done with neatness and dispatch.
Bishop Creek, July 11, 1870. n1v13m.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.
Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

WAGON WORK.

WAGON MAKING,

House and Sign Painting.

J. G. PAYNE, Proprietor,

ANNOUNCES THAT HE IS PREPARED TO execute all description of Wagon Making, House and Sign Painting, etc., at reasonable rates, at his shop on Edwards street. jy16tr

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Also, in connection,

Partzwick Hotel.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions,

CLOTHING, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.,

At Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., Sept. 26, 1870. n12-3m

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870.
n12v1-3m

BAKERY.

LONE PINE BAKERY.

ANTONIO PASSMA

ANNOUNCES to his friends and the public generally that he has constantly on hand BREAD, and CAKES. Pies and fancy Pastry furnished to order.
Lone Pine, Aug. 4, 1870. [no5 6m

ART GALLERY.

PHOTOGRAPHS,

Ambrotypes

And Melainotypes.

Mr. L. D. WELSH,

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN HIS business in Independence, will be happy to meet the citizens of Inyo county at his rooms on Edwards Street, nearly opposite the Inyo House, where he is prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES and MELANOTYPES of every description.

Views taken of Buildings, Scenery, Mining claims, etc., at very moderate prices.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.
n5tf29tf

MEDICAL.

TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK, August 15, 1868.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo, Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœa, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of profound confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist of 19 Years' Experience.

(From the largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.)

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU

For weakness arising from indiscretion. The exhausted powers of Natures which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forbodings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

THE CONSTITUTION

Once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu

In affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incidental to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

—AND—

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superceding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copavia and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to effect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere Price $1 25 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $6 50. Delivered to any address. Describe Symptoms in all communications.

ADDRESS,

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Drug & Chemical Warehouse,

594 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

NONE ARE GENUINE unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.
o3u13v1m6

LIFE INSURANCE.

CONTINENTAL

Life Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.

JUSTUS LAWRENCE, President.
M. B. WYNKOOP, Vice President.
J. P. ROGERS, Secretary.
S. C. CHANDLER, Actuary.

ASSETS:

$3,500,102 80!

ANNUAL INCOME:

$4,000,000

Excess over all expenditures,

$1,265,805 86!

SPECIAL FEATURES.

Pure Mutuality, as the entire surplus of the Company belongs to the Policy-holders.

Annual Distribution of Surplus, on the "Contribution Plan."

Economy of Management: only one other New York Company showing as low a ratio of expense to income, during the years 1868 and 1869, according to the official returns to the Massachusetts Insurance Department.

Careful Selection of Risks, as indicated by the exceedingly small mortality among its members.

All Policies Non-forfeitable, in accordance with the explicit terms which are embodied in the written Policy.

Thirty Days' Grace.—Should the due date of the premium accidentally, or otherwise, be allowed to pass without payment of the same, the Policy-holder has the privilege of paying it any time within thirty days thereafter, the Policy being held in force during that time.

No Extra Premium for Travel or Foreign Residence.—Persons insured in this Company are permitted, without extra charge of premium, to go to or return from any part of the world, and to reside anywhere excepting between Latitude 34° North and the Tropic of Capricorn.

Policies Incontestable for the customary reasons.

Policy-holders have a voice in the elections and management of the Company.

No Charge is made for policy or medical examination.

By the Laws of the State of New York, Life Insurance Companies are made specially secure.

The "Continental" has deposited with the State Superintendent of Insurance the sum of $100,000, required by law, which remains in his custody as a permanent guarantee fund.

POLICIES.

The Continental issues policies upon all APPROVED PLANS.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS.

Premiums may be paid entirely in cash, annually, semi-annually, or quarterly; or, if desired, one-third may be allowed to remain as a loan on the policy, at interest, until canceled by dividends, or otherwise. The remaining two thirds may be paid annually, semi-annually, or tri-annually.

DIVIDENDS.

The Surplus of the Company is distributed annually among the policy-holders on the "Contribution Plan," each one receiving the full amount which his policy has contributed to the formation of the surplus.

On All Cash policies dividends apply annually after the second year, and may be used in one of the three following ways:

1st.—To reduce the third and all subsequent annual premiums.

2nd.—To purchase additional insurance, payable at the same time as the original policy.

3d.—To purchase additional insurance payable in case of death within one year.

These dividend additions may at any time be converted into cash for the payment of future premiums. They thus form a large and constantly increasing reserve fund, which may be availed of in time of misfortune and pecuniary embarassment.

In the case of policies paid up by a limited number of annual premiums, the dividends do not cease with the term of payment, but continue until maturity.

20,375 Members have been obtained since the Company organized, and notwithstanding the hard times so generally complained of all over the United States, the CONTINENTAL has issued 2,774 more policies in 1869 than in the year previous—being an increase of 46 14 per cent.

PACIFIC COAST AGENCY,

H. H. BLAKE & CO.,

MANAGERS,

302 Montgomery Street,

San Francisco.

P. A. CHALFANT,

LOCAL AGENT,

jy16m3 **Independence.**

State Library

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA; SATURDAY, JANUARY 14, 1871. NUMBER 29.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Jan. 14, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

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New York	Hudson & Menet.
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Aurora "	Jas. M. Meredith.
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Bishop Creek	Seth G. Sneden
Big Pine	D. Naylor.
Fish Springs	J. T. Ryan.
Lone Pine	A. B. Elder.
Cerro Gordo	John B. White.

ATTORNEYS.

J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law,

AURORA, NEVADA.

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *n65ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf]

P. REDDY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

SAN FRANCISCO CORRESPONDENTS:

BENNETT & OWENS,

JUDGE N. P. BENNETT. JNO. W. OWENS

All business in reference to Mining Patents and Land Claims, Collections, etc., promptly attended to. v1n1ly

BUSINESS CARDS.

HARVEY RUSSELL,

Justice of the Peace,

BISHOP CREEK PRECINCT.

Office at Sneden's Hall. n1v16m

J. J. MOORE,

Justice of the Peace,

LONE PINE PRECINCT.

aug 8n65ly

JOHN A. HANNAH,

Justice of the Peace,

FIFTH PRECINCT.

MINING RECORDER,

CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.

n10v1ly

A. B. ELDER

SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY,

L. A. TALCOTT,

UNDER SHERIFF.

JOB PRINTING

-OF-

Every Description,

EXECUTED IN

UNEXCEPTIONABLE STYLE,

-AT THE-

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

ASSAYING.

ASSAY OFFICE

J. W. POOR.

OFFICE—PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

BULLION and ORES assayed. CORRECTNESS GUARANTEED. n1v13m.

HOTELS.

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870 n15v13m

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

STAGE HOUSE.

Independence, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.

MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v1 3m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BAKRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

BISHOP CREEK

STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE.

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage

PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

SALOONS.

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.

Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors.

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

n13v93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH H BRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8s23 3m

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

SALOON.

MAY & TASKER, Proprietors.

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STRETS, INDEPENDENCE.

WHERE THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE happy to meet an old and new friends. Bar supplied with the most popular and palatable beverages. Call and take a smile, smoke a Havana, and play a game of billiards.

MAY & TASKER.

BOOTS & SHOES.

BOOTS & SHOES.

New Shoemaker Shop,

One door North of the Drug Store.

G. W. TODD. J. N. MALONE.

TODD & MALONE

ANNOUNCE TO THEIR FRIENDS AND THE public generally that they are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of BOOTS and SHOES on the shortest notice, FOR CASH. The best of French material will be used.

Repairing Neatly Executed.

nv8n18tf

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK,

MASONS,

A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.

July 9, 1870. n1v13*

CARPENTERING.

JOHN HECKEL,

Carpenter & Builder.

Independence, Cal.

PAYS PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO JOBBING and making estimates. Orders from the country attended to. n27tm

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 65 cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

STAGES.

SEMI-WEEKLY STAGE LINE

TO AURORA, CARSON, RENO AND SAN FRANCISCO, via Central Pacific Railroad,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after this date stages will leave Independence for Aurora and intermediate points

Every Wednesday and Sunday, at 5 o'clock, A. M.,

Connecting at Benton with stages for Columbus and Silver Peak; connecting at Aurora with stage for Pine Grove, Gonoi, Carson, Virginia and Reno; at Reno connection every day with trains of Central Pacific Railroad for Omaha and Chicago on the East, and Sacramento and San Francisco West. Returning, through connection made from Reno every MONDAY and FRIDAY morning, on the arrival of trains from San Francisco and Omaha.

Time 60 Hours Less, and 180 Miles Less Staging to San Francisco than by any other Route.

T. W. DEXTER, Agent.

Independence, Jan. 1, 1871. n26 2m*ly

FOR INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.

Fare to San Francisco.....$50.

OFFICE—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Ross House.

A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.

W. G. ROBERTS, Agent. n14m3

INDEPENDENCE, LONE PINE AND CERRO GORDO

STAGE LINE.

CONNECTING WITH STAGES FROM RENO and Los Angeles, carrying Mail and Express.

TIME TABLE.

LEAVES INDEPENDENCE:

Mondays at 5 o'clock, A. M. Wednesdays at 8 A. M.

LEAVES LONE PINE:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT CERRO GORDO:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

LEAVES CERRO GORDO:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT LONE PINE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 12 o'clock, M.

ARRIVES AT INDEPENDENCE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 5 o'clock P. M.

JOHN COLLISTER, Proprietor.

Independence, September 26, 1870. n12 3m

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

—AND—

General Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.

Have goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.

WM. M. OSBORN,

nv18m3 Los Angeles.

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER MARCH 8TH, 1870, TRAINS will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—Week days—8 A. M. and 1 P. M.

Sundays—8 A. M. and 2 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Except on days of steamer's arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

FARE:

Between Los Angeles and Wilmington	$1 00
" " and Anchorage	2 50
" Wilmington and "	1 50
From Los Angeles to Florence	25
" " " Compton	50
" " " Dominguez	75
" " " Cerritos	75
From Wilmington to Cerritos or Dominguez	25
" " " Compton	50
" " " Florence	75
Sunday Excursion Tickets between Los Angeles and Wilmington—for round trip	1 00

Commutation Tickets, between Los Angeles and Wilmington, $7 50 per month.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

Freight from Anchorage to Los Angeles:

Dry Goods, $4 per ton measurement.
Groceries, $5 per ton weight.
Staves, $4 per ton weight.
Other merchandise, $5 per ton weight.
Empty Pipes, $1 each.
Lumber, $7 per M.

From Los Angeles to Anchorage:

Grain $2 50 per ton.
Wood and Honey, $3 50 per ton.
Wine, $3 00 per ton.
Hides, dry, 8 cents each.
" wet, $3 50 per ton.
Other merchandise, $5 per ton.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n17m3 E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

D. COHN & CO., Agents.

OFFICE—At D. Cohn & Co.'s store. a29n5m6

THE AGED STRANGER.

AN INCIDENT OF THE WAR.

"I was with Grant"—the stranger said;
Said the farmer: "Say no more,
But rest thee here at my cottage porch,
For thy feet are weary and sore."

"I was with Grant"—the stranger said;
Said the farmer: "Nay, no more—
I prithee sit at my frugal board,
And eat of my humble store."

"How fares my boy—my soldier boy,
Of the old Ninth Army Corps?—
I warrant he bore him gallantry
In the smoke and the battle's roar."

"I know him not," said the aged man,
"And, as I remarked before,
I was with Grant"—"Nay, nay, I know,"
Said the farmer, "Say no more;

"He fell in battle—I see, alas!
Thou didst smooth these tidings o'er—
Nay, speak the truth, whatever it be,
Though it rend my bosom's core.

"How fell he—with his face to the foe,
Upholding the flag he bore?
Oh! say not that my boy disgraced
The uniform that he wore."

"I cannot tell," said the aged man,
"And should have remarked before,
That I was with Grant—in Illinois—
Some three years before the war."

Then the farmer spake him never a word,
But beat with his fist full sore,
That aged man, who had worked for Grant
Some three years before the war.

The Gold Discovery in California.

The Bulletin has received from Henry W. Bigler, one of the men working at Sutter's mill, in 1848, when gold was discovered there, the following interesting letter, which is full of character and bears internal evidence of perfect truth:

FARMINGTON, Davis Co., Utah, December 28th, 1870.

LIFE AND ADVENTURES OF JAMES W. MARSHALL.

The above notice I saw about three months since in the 23d number and 15th volume of your paper, and as I am there referred to as being one of the mill hands, who, if alive, could substantiate the accuracy of the narrative, I cheerfully give my testimony, although it is at a very late hour, because I feel that it is a duty that I owe to Marshall, and perhaps to the public. I have not seen the work referred to, neither have I seen any person who said they had. I should be exceedingly glad to obtain a copy, and if I had Marshall's address I should open a correspondence with him. I was one of the men at work at Coloma at the time the gold was found by Marshall. I well remember when he sent a young Indian for James Brown to send him a plate. Brown was on top of a saw pit; he jumped down saying: "I wonder what Marshall wants with a tin plate?" After we had quit our day's work, Marshall came into our shanty and told us he believed he had found gold, and directed Brown and myself to shut down the head gate early in the morning and throw in dirt and leaves so as to completely shut off the water, which we did, while Marshall went alone down into the tail race. In a few minutes he came back with a most pleasing smile on his face, carrying his old white hat in his arms, saying: "Boys, by G—d, I believe I have found a gold mine." At this he sat his hat on the work bench that stood in the mill yard, and the mill hands all gathered around in an instant; and there, sure enough, in the top of his hat crown (the top knocked in a little) was the pure metal; how much I do not know, perhaps an ounce. One of the company, by the name of Azariah Smith, pulled out a five dollar gold piece and compared the coin with the particles. There was a difference in the looks, but this was accounted for on account of the alloy in the coin. Any of us would have been willing to have sworn and testified that what James W. Marshall had lying on the top of his old hat crown was gold, although none of us had ever seen gold dust before. Some three or four days after this, Marshall went down to Sutter's Fort to see about grub and to have the mineral tested, he was gone four days. When he returned and was asked what he had made out of the metal, his reply was: "O, boys, by G—d, it is the pure stuff. I and the old Captain locked ourselves up and was half a day trying it; and the outsiders wondered what in hell was up, and surmised that I had found a quicksilver mine, for you see there is a quicksilver mine found by a woman down toward Monterey; but we let them sweat. We found that it agreed with the encylopedia, and we applied aquafortis, and it has nothing to do with it. We then weighed it in water by balancing the dust against silver on a pair of scales, in the air, having a basin of water. We let the scales down, and when it came in contact with the water, by G—d, the gold went down and the silver up (motioned it out with his hands), and that told the story that it was the clear stuff." He then said Sutter would be up in a few days to look at and examine the race, etc. In a few evenings afterwards Marshall came into our shanty and told us that Sutter had come; that he was up to the other house; "and, now boys," said he, "we have all got a little gold dust. I motion that we all give Henry (myself) some, and in the morning, when you shut off the water, let him (Henry) take it down and sprinkle it all over the base rock. Not let on to the old gentleman (Sutter), and it will so excite him that he will set out his bottle and treat, for he always carries his bottle with him." So next morning early, before the old gentleman come down, we did as Marshall proposed. Just as the mill hands were finishing breakfast, we saw the old gentleman coming, stubbing along with his cane in his hand (a well dressed old gentleman too), Marshall on one side and Wimer on the other and Sutter in the middle. As they neared our shanty we went out and met them. After shaking hands and passing the common salutations, we were all invited by Sutter and Marshall to go along and have a general time prospecting in the race. Just at this time one of Wimer's little boys, not knowing what was up, ran on ahead and picked up nearly every particle, and came running back, nearly out of breath, meeting us and exclaiming, "See here how much I have found!" having, perhaps, $50 worth in his hands, and we dare not say a word least the joke would be found out and we lose our liquor. The old gentleman, as soon as he saw what the boy had, thrust his cane into the ground, saying, "By Jo, it is rich!" However, we all went into the race and found a number of particles, and from that day forward gold began to be found in other places besides the tail race. I advised Marshall to marry that girl who found the quicksilver mine, if she was single or not married, for, said I, if this is what the tail turns out to be I wonder what the head will be? The life and adventures of James W. Marshall, so far as being the first discoverer of the California gold, is all true, and he found it as you represented in your paper. If what I have written is of any use to either you or Marshall, you are at liberty to make use of it.

A Camel's Revenge.

Everybody knows that the camel possesses the faculty of ruminating the food, already stored in one of his stomachs, and that he willingly enough grants himself this pleasure when he has nothing to eat; but it is not generally known, perhaps, that he possesses sufficient malice to make, when an opportunity arises, this prerogative a means of vengence.

I had noticed in the morning that one of our camel drivers appeard on bad terms with his beast. He vainly tried to master him by punishment pulling with all his might the cord which passed through the animal's nostril; the latter was obstinate, and threw himself every moment on the ground, a proof of rebellion. The Kalmuck, irritated by the struggle, profited by a halt to dismount, and inflict severe chastisement on the recalcitrant; but the camel, disdainfully raising his long neck, followed with so malicious an eye all his tyrant's movements, that without doubt he was revolving some project of revenge in his head. And so it happened that he quietly waited until the Kalmuck stood opposite to him; then opening his great mouth, he ejected full in the camel-driver's face a double volley of masticated herbs, mixed with salver and all sorts of filthiness. It would be impossible to describe the air of satisfied vengence with which the camel raised his neck, and moved his head from one side to another, as if in quest of applause. What astonished me the most in this affair was his master's moderation after undergoing such an outrage. He wiped himself coolly, remounted his saddle, and caressed the neck of the ill-bred animal, as if he had received the most flattering compliment. A good understanding being thus strangely re-established, they went on their way peaceably, without giving another thought to what had taken place.—*Madame de Hell.*

Bavarian Bravery.

A correspondent at the seat of war writes: "In one of the recent engagements in France, a Bavarian battery, in a very hot place, ran out of ammunition; but instead of withdrawing, Lieutenant Peter Widman, commanding, shouted: "Lads, if we retire to fetch ammunition, these Frenchmen will think we are running away. We can't shoot at them that's true, but we can show them that we don't care for them. Stand before the guns, all of you, and sing them the "Wacht am Rhein," in stout German chorus. No sooner said than done; the men formed up with perfect steadiness, and gave the French the musical counterpart of the "Marseillaise" in their best style, from beginning to end, under a rattling fire.

About Oysters.

Persons who prefer oysters cooked in their own liquor may be interested in knowing what the fluid contains. The Journal of Microscopy says:

Open an oyster, retain the liquor in the lower or deep shell, and, if viewed through a microscope, it will be found to contain multitudes of small oysters, covered with shells and swimming nimbly about—120 of which extend but one inch. Besides these young oysters, the liquor contains a variety of animalculæ and myriads of three distinct species of worms. Sometimes their light represents a bluish star about the center of the shell, which will be beautifully luminous in a dark room.

The Use of Gold and Silver

Was not unknown to the Welsh in 842, when the laws, in early times, were collected. The man who dared to insult the King of Aberffraw, was to pay (besides certain cows and a silver rod) a cup, which would hold as much wine as his majesty could swallow at a draught; its cover was to be as broad as the king's face; and the whole as thick as a goose's egg, or a ploughman's thumb-nail.

—The new Court House in Chicago has, thus far, cost $416,767,56.

The Lost Races of America.

The Cincinnati Chronicle publishes a long account of the famous Indian mounds near St. Louis, Mo., many of which are being leveled in building a new railroad. The following extracts open up a world of speculation:

A most remarkable variety of earthworks are those in Wisconsin and Iowa, which bear the outlines of men and animals, constituting huge bassorelievos on the surface of the earth, and challenging our wonder by their number, variety and extent. One of these, on Bush creek, Ohio, is in the form of a serpent, over one thousand feet in length, extended in graceful curves, and terminated in a triple coil at the tail. The embankment constituting the effigy is near five feet high by thirty feet at the center of the body. The neck of the figure is stretched out and slightly curved, and its mouth is opened wide, as if in the act of swallowing or ejecting an oval figure which rests partly within the distended jaws. The combined figure has been regarded as a symbolical illustration of the Oriental cosmological idea of the serpant and the egg. From this and other facts, it is estimated that these mounds were formed not less than 2,000 years ago. By whom built, and whether their authors migrated to remote lands under the combined attractions of a more fertile soil and more congenial climate, or whether they disappeared before the victorious arms of an alien race, or were swept out of existence by some direful epidemic or universal famine, are questiones probably beyond the power of human investigation to answer. History is silent concerning them, and their very name is lost even to tradition.

Folly.

The love of display which characterizes American society, and especially New York society, is in no instance more clearly shown than at the bridal altar. It is the aim of many a young girl's life not only to be married but to have a "fashionable wedding." She does not wish to be maried in the old humdrum style. Love—a solemn ceremoney; an unostentatious union; are voted absurd. Diamonds, point lace, a carriage and four, an envious multitude of lookers-on—that is the maiden's dream, the father's dread and the groom's bugbear. The father thinks: "Well, it can only occur once; she is off my hands now. Its a pretty heavy expense, but its the fashion; I suppose I've got to do it." The prospective husband, perhaps with a salary of $2,500 a year, says to himself: "If she thinks I can keep her in this luxurious style, she is mistaken." Frequently the bride's trousseau costs more than a husband can earn in a year. But Mrs. Grundy must be consulted and the domestic comfort sacrificed to display. What man but would sooner be quietly united to the girl he loves and put the cost of ostentatious display into his business, or use it to make his home happier? What father willingly throws his money away upon a costly display at his daughter's wedding? It is money sacrificed upon the altar of fashion—a sacrifice soon regretted as useless and foolish, and bringing unpleasant memories of an event that should be recollected with pleasure.—*New York Sun.*

Answer to an Inquiry from The Coming Man.

[Mark Twain in The January Galaxy.]

"Young Author."—Yes, Agassiz *does* recommend authors to eat fish, because the phosphorus in it makes brains. So far you are correct. But I cannot help you to a decision about the amount you need to eat, at least, not with certainty. If the specimen composition you send is about your fair usual average, I should judge that perhaps, a couple of whales would be all you would want for the present. Not the largest kind, simply good middling sized whales.

Good Coal in Arizona.

The Prescott Miner says: "The extensive coal ledge recently found near Camp Thomas, in the eastern part of this country, has been thoroughly tested and pronounced first-rate. Government is now using it in its forges. Besides our mines of gold, silver, copper and salt, we can now congratulate ourselves upon having good coal beds throughout northern Arizona.

Limitations.

A late decision of the Supreme Court of this State fully sustains the Statute of Limitations. Therefore two years quiet possession of a mining claim or five years of landed property gives a good title as against all adverse claimants.

Closed.

The Eureka quartz mine at Grass Valley has been closed temporarily, because it is said some of the miners were discovered stealing specimens, and the superintendent wants time to devise means to prevent ana more theft of that kind.

—The first debate of the United States House of Representatives was on the subject of tariff. In debate one of the members from South Carolina favored a protective on hemp.

—Paradoxical as it may appear, to become round it is necessary to eat square meals.

—Pittsburg now has more newspapers than any other city in the United States, New York alone excepted.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Jan. 14, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

WAR NEWS.

Remarkable activity is being displayed in the military operations, on all sides of Paris. The spirit of the French seems to rise with the exigency, and their new system of constantly attacking the Germans in detail is giving the latter serious annoyance. Near Bapaume, on the 2d instant, a battle lasting ten hours was fought. Both sides sustained heavy losses, and the French claim a victory. The Army of the Loire is preparing for a forward movement from the South, and the Parisians are anxious for another grand sortie. The news through German sources amounts to but little, except from the neighborhood of the capital, where the besiegers are beginninng to show the superior range of their heavy guns and boast of effectual firing on the eastern defences The inhabitants are suffering from lack of fuel, and the mortality among children is admitted to be very great.

A special dispatch to The Gold Hill News, says:

LONDON January 5.—Manteuffel telegraphs from Ameins, January3d, that General Bentheim, with troops from the First Army Corps, attacked that city on the morning of that day, on the left bank of the Seine, and captured three cannon, three flags and 500 prisoners.

General Bentheim telegraphs from Elouean, January 4th, confirming the above, and adds that he has pursued the enemy beyond Bourgachard. The battle lasted throughout the day.

Versailles, January 4.—The bombardment of the southern forts of Paris commenced at six this morning.

Brest January 6.—The French Government informs the Telegraph Company that messages for Paris can be accepted to be forwarded by pigeons at the senders' risk. The charge is ten cents per word, and messages are not to exceed twenty words.

Chinese Testimony.

The Supreme Court of the State of California, October Term, 1870, in the case of the "People *vs.* Brady," decided that, "No Indian or person having one half or more Indian blood, or Mongolian or Chinese, shall be permitted to give evidence in favor of, of against any white man"—overruling the decision in the case of the "People *vs.* George Washington," 36th Cal. 658, in which it was decided such testimony was admissible, and that Section Fourteen of the Act of this State, concerning crimes and punishments was not abrogated by the Fourteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution.

This decision is in accordance with the opinions of the entire bench, save Rhodes.

Coal Mines Destroyed.

The Carbon coal fields, in Wyoming Territory, were recently totally destroyed by fire. The mines were directly under the Union Pacific railroad, and furnished a large portion of the coal for the road and for the towns along the road. On Sunday a smouldering fire in a deserted chamber caused an explosion which destroyed the shafting, and set fire to the mine. The fire raged with great fury. The force on the Wyoming division of the Union Pacific railroad was summoned to aid in extinguishing the flames, but did not succeed. The coal beds laid only fifty feet below the surface and the result was that the bottom of the town was burned out. The citizens deserted the place. The mine will have to be abandoned, and the Union Pacific railroad company will have to build a track three miles around the mines. The work of building the road is now progressing.

The Eclectic.

The January number of this really useful and interesting periodical is at hand. We pronounce it a good publication, for country readers especially.

San Domingo.

The President expresses confidence in the passage of the San Domingo resolutions by the House. It is said the President has already decided upon the names of the Commissioners, but declines to give them to the public at present.

Unlucky.

An Iowa editor has unfortunately fallen heir to nearly three millioas, and will probably outlive his usefulness as a journalist.

No Changes Probable.

President Grant has expressed himself as satisfied with his Cabinet, and not disposed to make any changes.

A FARMERS' MEETING.

In an other column will be found a communication signed "Grub Hoe," containing suggestions worthy of attention from those directly interested. The utility of farmers' meetings or clubs is fully proved and acknowledged in many counties in every State in the Union. If such meetings are of advantage in older localities, where farming has been reduced to a fixed science, it certainly can not fail to be a benefit in a country like this. Here, owing to the peculiar conditions of the soil and climate, a new experience is involved, entailing extra expense and labor, a great deal of which might be avoided by the facts brought forth by a free discussion and inter-change of ideas and experience. A farmers' club affords the best means for this purpose. There is scarcely a trade or calling that has not its unions or clubs for mutual improvement and protection. Farming, the foundation for all the rest—the noblest, as well as oldest and most important of them all, deserves as much at the hands of its votaries. The science of farming is but imperfectly understood at the best. Farmers' clubs have done much to explode old fogyisms connected with the business, and have inculcated new ideas with beneficial results. They have schools in which the best informed may learn something.

Concert in action, in matters pertaining to the disposition of crops when ready for market has been attended with good results in older communities. It could not do less for a new one. In addition to these, there are other matters of interest to the agricultural interests of this county that would suggest themselves to, and could only be advantageously acted upon, by an organized body of practical farmers. If we do not wish this important interest of Inyo county to be entirely ignored by the outside public, some move besides incidental mention, must be made. A club of this kind could do much in this way. The simple fact that such an organization existed, would help materially to direct attention to our real advantages. Capital is required to develop our mines; population to enhance farm values. If we wish for either or both of these essentials, it will not do to trust to the chapter of accidents for the accomplishment of our wishes. We need to be represented at the agricultural fairs of the Southern District, to come off the present year. This would be an important consideration for the farmers' club.

Such organizations go far to convince others, as well as ourselves, that we have other than temporary interests, to identify our own interests in the great future of this county, as based on the belief in our great mining and agricultural advantages.

NARROW GAUGE RAILROADS.

We last week alluded to the incorporation of a company, with the object of building a railroad from Wilmington to Wickenberg, Arizona, with a branch to this section. We stated the length of the main trunk to be 500 miles. We now learn that this distance includes the Inyo county branch.

Senator Cole has introduced a bill in the Senate to aid the construction of this proposed road, which gives it a very liberal endowment; sufficient to encourage the belief that the road will be built. We last week gave the names of the Directors; they are responsible men—we believe they mean business.

The main points of the bill are as follows: The right of way through the public lands of the United States, with 100 feet on each side of said road; the necessary lands for depots, stations, side-tracks, and other needful uses in operating the road, not exceeding forty acres at any one place, together with ten alternate sections of land per mile on each side of said line of road, and that said railroad may be constructed on a gauge of thirty inches. Said lands to be sold only to actual settlers, in quantities not exceeding 160 acres to any one settler, and at prices not exceeding $2 50 per acre.

REFERRED TO A COMMITTEE.

It is stated in the Washington correspondence of The Bulletin, that the bill to charter the Wilmington and Arizona railroad (Cole's Senate bill) was introduced in the House by our representative, Axtell, which body referred it to the Committee on Public Lands. It is feared this Committee will make no report this session, as the feeling against any more land subsidies to railroads is very strong and growing stronger. The presumption is, however, that an exception will be made in favor of the Southern Pacific.

We sincerely hope that our representatives may succeed in securing the bill first referred to from the hands of the Committee with a favorable report. Whatever, and however plausible the objections to railroad subsidies may be in general, there can be none special to this Arizona road. Nine-tenths of the land included in the proposed grant, is now, and ever will be, perfectly useless and valueless unless brought into use by means of a railroad. Though there is an occasional oasis, consisting of as fair lands as any in the world, by far the greater portion that would be included within this grant is a perfect desert. Within easy reach, and along every part of the line, mines of great value exist. The grant of land asked for in this bill is simply nothing to give, in view of the increased value of the remainder. With the maximum price of the railroad land fixed at $2 50 per acre, as required by the bill—with the farther restriction of selling no more than 160 acres to person, there is no chance for wrong to either Government or individuals. The only value the lands can have will be due to the railroad.

The Southern portion of this State demand aid of the kind asked for in the bill as a right. We say again to our Congressmen, leave no stone unturned to get the bill through.

Los Angeles and Soledad Turnpike.

[From The Los Angeles Star, December 31]

We had the pleasure, on Friday, in company with C. E. Bean, Esq., of The News, Capt. Moore, engineer of the road, and Mr. Ferguson, of the Common Council, of taking a ride over the road which is being constructed across the mountains lying between this city and Soledad. Any one looking at the abrupt ranges of the Sierra Madre at this point would at once say that the construction of a road here was impracticable, but Capt. Moore has exhibited the fact that it is not only possible, but practicable, with a moderate expenditure of money. And when we consider the effect of communication with Soledad, Havilah, and all the mining settlements of Kern and Inyo counties, on the trade of this city, by this road, cutting off thirty miles in the present distance of sixty-five miles, all will admit that such expenditure of money is not only judicious, but absolutely indispensable to the prosperity of the trade and commerce of Los Angeles. Those, therefore, who have embarked in the undertaking had better push it ahead vigorously, and all interested in the prosperity of the city had better lend a willing and liberal helping hand.

The work on the road commences at the foot of the mountains, two miles west of the Arroyo Seco, and about twelve miles from town. The cutting extends at present about five miles, which brings the grade to within a mile and a half of the summit of the first ridge. When finished to the top of this, the road will then wind along the Tajunga canyon, passing which, it will ascend the second range of mountains and cross the northern summit within fifteen miles of the place of beginning. The descent on the northern side of the mountain will be comparatively easy, as regards the work on the south side.

The grade obtained by the engineers is quite satisfactory, and when the road is completed, the heaviest teams will encounter no difficulty in traveling it. The general line of gradient is about one foot in twenty; in one or two places it is at present greater, but this, we believe, is to be reduced. The work is being executed in a substantial and permanent manner. The ravines are built up with solid mason work, the walls, in each instance, resting on the bed rock, and so constructed as to prevent washing by the current of the water. The roadway will be ample, and give a bed of ten or twelve feet, with turnouts at convenient distances. We can add nothing to the mere facts in the case, to show the importance of this work to this city, and to impress upon all the importance of constructing the good work.

The road from the city to connect with the grade may be made by the way of the San Pascual or Verdugo ranches. Both offer great facilities, and the advantage of the one over the other must be obtained by actual survey and measurement. When the road shall be completed, it will be of immense importance to this city, and be the main traveled road to the great mining districts north of us.

The Killing of General Prim.

A Herald cable correspondent at Madrid writes on the 27th of December in regard to the assassination of Prim: The Generals Adjutant gave me the first connected story. He witnessed the scene, having occupied a front seat in the carriage. His own version of the affair is as follows: Prim and two Aids as usual left the Cortes at the conclusion of the debate, in the evening at 7½, entered the carriage and drove rapidly by the shortest way from the Cortes to the War Office. The streets were deserted at the point where the Calle Del Tured debouches into Alacalla, the broadest street in the city, through the narrow passage. Two hired cabs drew up and obstructed the way. This was so common an event, however, that it would scarcely attract notice; but Lieutenant Mayo, my informant, dropped a glass in the door nearest him and looked out just in time to see two men, who were covered under their long cloaks, advancing from the shadow of the cabs. He had barely time to cry out, "Stoop, General, they are going to fire!" when the muzzles of blunderbusses were dashed into the carriage through the window on either hand, shivering the glass to atoms, and the contents were dischared point-plank at the occupants in the back seat, who must have been undistinguishable in the darkness. The next moment the assassins darted back under cover of the cabs, and so around into the Alicalla, where they mounted two horses that were tied to trees, and instantly were safe from pursuit, because of the snow and darkness. The coachman dashed his horses forward against a number of cabs, upsetting one, and drove in hot haste to the War Office, where the wounded men alighted. Prim simply remarked to the sentinel: "I am wounded, but not much."

Gold.

SAN FRANCICO, January 6.—1 P. M. Gold at 11 A. M. 110⅝. Greenbacks, 90¾; selling, 91¼.

MARRIED.

On Bishop Creek, at the residence of Thomas Clark, January 3, 1871, by the Rev. A. Clark, Mr. JOSEPH ROWAN, of Bishop Creek, to Miss BARBARA ANN PULL, of Davis county, Iowa.

DIED.

In Aurora, Nevada, January 9th, LAVINA, wife of Dr. A. A. Green, aged 38 years.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Health has a beauty of its own. No eruptions, sores or discolorations disfigure or annoy the man or woman whose stomach, liver and bowels do their duty thoroughly. To compel them to their work, to render it impossible for them to do it in a slovenly, imperfect way, it is only necessary to take a few doses of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS. This potent vegitable specific renovates every weakened organ and disordered function.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HOWARD, Superintendent.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SAN FELIPE MINING COMPANY—LOCATION, Cerro Gordo, Inyo County, California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said company, held on Friday, January 6th, 1871, an assessment of Five Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, 419 California street, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the Fifteenth Day of February, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, shall be sold on TUESDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF MARCH, 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

D. A. JENNINGS, Secretary

Office—Room No. 26, Hayward's Building, 419 California street, San Francisco, California.

1:29-4t

FREEDOM NOTICE.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT WE HAVE THIS day given to our son, LA FAYETTE GILL the remainder of his time, during his minority, to act for himself. We shall claim none of his wages, and shall not pay any of his debts contracted after this date.

S. A. DENSMORE,
E. E. DENSMORE.

Independence, Jan. 9, 1871. 29 3t

REPORT OF COUNTY TREASURER.

INDEPENDENCE, Inyo Co., Cal., December 19, 1870.

AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING WARRANTS.

On the County General Fund,		$12 075 89
" "	Road "	4 745.66
" "	Building "	6 532 00
" Mono Debt	"	12,000.00
Total amount of outstanding warrants,		$35,353.55

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT FUNDS.

For the County General Fund,		$ 660 29
" "	Road "	498 16
" "	Building "	233 51
" "	Hospital "	1,102 68
" "	Sinking "	58.43
" "	Contingent	260 63
" "	Gen. school fund (unapport'ned)	1,134.22
" "	Mono debt fund	1 370 61
" "	State Gen. "	3 464 91
		$8,773.35

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

School District of Independence,		$ 2.79
" "	Milton	102.64
" "	Union	80.64
" "	Bishop Creek	190 41
" "	Lone Pine	102 62
" "	Round Valley	37.43

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL LIBRARY FUNDS.

School Library Fund, Independence	$16 79
School Library Fund, Milton	22 74
" " " Union	1.99
" " " Lone Pine	2.54
	$9,334.96
Cash received for delinquent taxes till date (unapport'n'd)	$ 729 46
Total am't of cash on hand	$10 064 42
Am't due for State purposes	3 464 91
Total am't cash on hand for county purposes	$6 599 51
To County Indebtedness to date (interest not included)	28,754.04
	$35 353.55
County Indebtedness last report, date August 5, 1870	$33,525.50
County Indebtedness December 19	28,754 04
Reduction of County Indebtedness since August 5, 1870	$4,771.46

I. HARRIS, County Treasurer,
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

Approved January 9, A. D. 1870.

J. H. SHEDD, President.

Filed January 9th, A. D. 1871.

n29.4t S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Fifth Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of P. Reddy against Rafael Cuervo, duly attested the Fifth day of January, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon and attached the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Fifty undivided lineal feet in the Union quartz lead or lode, situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the Town of Independence, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for Cash, United States gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

January 14, 1871. n29.3t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Fifth Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of M. W. Belshaw & Co against P. G. Gelcich, duly attested the Ninth day of January, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon and attached the following described real estate, to-wit:

Two hundred lineal feet in the Monitor mine, situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock, P. M., in front of the Court House, in the Town of Independence, I will sell the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for Cash, United States gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

January 14th, 1871. n29 3t

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between WILLIAM L. MOORE and C. D. BEGOLE, of Lone Pine, Inyo County, California, has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent. All those indebted to C. D. Begole, or C. D. Begole & Co., are hereby notified to come forward and settle with C. D. Begole immediately.

WM. L. MOORE,
C. D. BEGOLE.

Lone Pine, Cal., January 2, 1871.

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.,
January 2, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY "GENERAL FUND."

No.	In favor of	Amount
190	W A Greenley	$150 00
203	C F Duval	25 00
184	A C Hanson	250 00
204	J J Moore	64 00
206	G M Jessup	37 50
207	A C Hanson	250 00

ON THE "COUNTY BUILDING" FUND.

304	John Broder	$600 00

ON THE "MONO DEBT" FUND.

No. 3	Mono County	$500 00

I. HARRIS
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

n28 4t

NOTICE.

TO THE CERRO GORDO AND VIRginia Mining Company: Henry Bush, Jr., P. W. Bennett, J. B. Rowley, and M. D. Blumner or his agent; also, G. W. Cornell and Antonio Meresol or their or either of their respective agents, executors, administrators, heirs or assigns, partners with H. W. Gould in the Buena Suerte Mine, situated in the Belmont Mining Camp, Lone Pine District, Inyo county, California. Notice—There will be a meeting of the owners in the above mine held at the Office of H. W. Gould, in the upper town or Cerro Gordo, said district, county and State, on Saturday, the 25th day February, A. D., 1871, at 6 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of levying assessments for working and developing said mine.

H. W. GOULD.

Cerro Gordo, December 26, A. D., 1870

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF THOMAS MASON, DECEASED.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Administrator of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers within ten months from the publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at his residence at Bishop Creek.

1:27 GEORGE SMITH, Administrator

NOTICE.

TO THOMAS W. HILL AND HERMAN SCHOENEMAN, partners with John Simpson and Charles Hoffman in the Alpha, Franklin and Omega Mining Claims, situated near the Lower Town of Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine District, Inyo County, California.—NOTICE.—There will be a meeting of the shareholders of the above named mining claims held at the residence of John Simpson, in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, said District, County and State, at 6 o'clock P. M. on FRIDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, for the purpose of levying assessments, for working and developing said mining claims.

JOHN SIMPSON,
CHARLES HOFFMAN,
By E. K. MILLER, Agent.

Cerro Gordo, November 21st, 1870. 1:29-8w

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES.

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 65 cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

J. DAVISON,
J. P. M. PERHAM,
Independence, Cal.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD,
San Francisco.

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise.

Stock consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Dry Goods.

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS.

Boots and Shoes

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

TIN,
STOVES,
HARDWARE,
CARPETING, WALL
PAPER AND HOUSE
LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND
SHEETINGS, FURNITURE
BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND
CURLED HAIR
MATTRESSES
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY
AND
GLASSWARE,
PAINTS,
OILS
AND WINDOWS;
STEEL, POWDER AND
FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS,
AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY
PIPES AND CUTLERY,
ETC., ETC, ETC.

Extra Family Flour,

BELL'S NO. 1, constantly on hand and for sale

Goods constantly arriving from the San Francisco market.

Take Heed to Our Motto!

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!" ☜

"A nimble nine-pence is preferable to a slow shilling!"

ONE PRICE STORE!

☞ SAVE MONEY BY BUYING CHEAP! ☜

"ECONOMY IS WEALTH."

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, January 1, 1871.

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Jan. 14, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 6 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Sad News.

From a correspondent in Aurora, we hear the sad tidings of the death of the much beloved and respected wife of Dr. A. A. Green, and learn of the general gloom which prevails throughout the town in consequence. The lady was taken down with a severe attack of pneumonia, and the telegraph and relays of teams were immediately brought in requisition to obtain the best medical attendance from Virginia as speedily as possible. Dr. Hopkins arrived in a very few hours, but too late to save her. She died early the next morning. The Doctor, in his sad hour of affliction, has the deepest sympathy of all.

Important Discovery,

A large deposit of borax has been discovered at, or near Fish Slough, some five or six miles from the bridge across Owens River, in Bishop Creek precinct. The borax is found in beds; is slightly impregnated with saltpetre, and, after having been tested at several black-smith shops, is pronounced of the best quality. The claim is owned by Brockman, Ryan, Westerville, and others, and knocks the spots out of any similar borax operations at Clear Lake or in Esmaralda. Mr. Ryan will go to San Francisco with some 5,000 pounds of the article shortly.

The Fish Slough Murder.

It now appears that the human remains found at Fish Slough, on the Hot Spring road, where those of a Chinaman, who formerly worked at McBride's ranch, although it is reported that a white man is also missing. The boot described in our last as belonging to the foot and leg discovered, has been identified as that of the Chinaman, and it is further ascertained that he had the sum of $60 with him. It is certainly to be hoped that the perpetrators of this affair, be they dastardly Indians or murderous white men, will be apprehended and justice meted out.

The Semi-Weekly.

"Mail," or "steamer day" is becoming more common than it "used to was," since the inauguation of the Semi-Weekly system. Mr. Dexter is deserving of credit, since he put the extra stage on without, as we understand it, an authorized increase by the Government, but if this rich and growing county is not entitled to a daily mail, or if it does not obtain one shortly, then our judgment is in error.

Disagreeable.

It might occur to a man up a tree, that Inyo county ought to be able to provide a stove for the court room, whereby much of the disagreeableness of holding and attending court might be obviated. At the last term of the District Court, the learned Judge became ill from the lack of the ordinary comforts of a fire, and certainly can entertain but little respect for the advantages of Inyo's municipal hospitality.

A Chance for Trouble.

One of the Mexicans, recently held at this place for the Austin stage robbery, a day or two since reported on the streets of Lone Pine, that C. Mulkey, Esq., was among the number engaged in the lynching affair at the Point of Rocks. Feeling justly indignant, Mr. Mulkey requested a retraction, at the point of a pistol, which was readily given. The Mexican now says that Mr. Mulkey was not among the number.

Storm Extended.

Our recent cold snap extended to the northward of us, or else it comes from there here, for in Aurora, says a letter dated January 10th, "two inches of snow fell here (there) last night, and this morning the dry snow was flying wildly, but later in the day we have had a light wet snow falling, which continues this evening."

Apology.

We offer an apology to our patrons this week for the nondeliverance of numerous job orders, which should have been done before this time, but for the fact that the removal last week, and a change of publication day, virtually lost four days of the week for our job man, who promises to catch up with his department this week, and be ready for more business in his line.

Accident to a Horse.

A day or two since a work horse, belonging to Mr. Warden, of this place, while running in play, struck against the projecting end of a fence rail, which penetrated his breast to the depth of a foot or more, making a fearful wound. Two pieces of the rail, each about ten inches long, have been extracted. The animal may recover.

Miners Wanted.

We are authorized to state that twenty five or thirty good practical miners can obtain employment at good wages at Cerro Gordo, in the different mines now working. For men who are experienced and out of employment, this is a good opportunity.

Improvements.

Among the most solid and substantial improvements of the valley, may be noted the new dwelling houses of Mr. Stewart and Mr. H. C. Hart, at Lone Pine. Both these and many other new buildings in that place, reflect credit on the town and their builders.

Court Week.

Since Monday last, both the southern and northern end of our county has been well represented in town, by litigants, jurors and others, in attendance upon the County Court. We give, elsewhere, the calender as disposed of up to last night.

Cold Snap.

The past week has been the coldest of the season, even the water in Kearsarge Creek being frozen solid, so that water was decidedly "scace," but this is probably due from the harder freezing which occured in the mountains.

Weather Tables.

We shall commence, week after next, giving the meteorological observations as taken at the Post, by Hospital Steward Rogers—kindly furnished us by that gentleman—commencing with a table of the average temperature of the past five years.

Committee Meeting.

The members of the Committee of Arrangements of the recent ball of Independence Engine Co., No. 1, will meet to-morrow (Sunday) evening, at Wallace's saloon, to make their final report and settlement.

Ought to be Fixed.

Some one should make a move towards getting a bridge over the creek in the middle of town, and it will be ably seconded by the citizens. Time!

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

INDEPENDENCE, Cal., January 9, 1870.

Board met pursuant to adjournment. Present, John H. Shedd, T. R. Hutchinson.

Bills were allowed as follows:

ON HOSPITAL FUND.

C. B. White, medicines and attendance on indigent sick, $29. J. J. Rogers, $208. Levi Firestine, making coffin for Joseph Keaffer, $13.50. J. Chastine, digging grave for same, $10.

ON GENERAL FUND.

J. A. Lank, Coroner, $23.50. Margaret Blaney, boarding prisoners, $70. Wm. Barrows, J. P., Township No. 5, $10. John Crough, Constable Township No. 4, $59. A. B. Elder, for making arrests, $33. Chalfant & Parker, county printing, $106.

ON CONTINGENT FUND.

A. B. Elder, for cash advanced, $103.

On petition, John Alexander was appointed Supervisor for District No. 3, vice John Sheppard, resigned.

Resignation of John Crough as Constable of Township No. 4 accepted.

Bond of Irwin Messa, in matter of changes in highway, approved and filed.

COUNTY COURT PROCEEDINGS.

A. C. Hanson, Judge.

The County Court which met last Monday, transacted the following business:

Barkardt vs. Weyland, mandamus—writ dismissed, at plaintiff's cost.

J. G. Bircham vs. Robt. Arnold—appeal dismissed on motion of Appellant.

J. C. Kingsley vs. Robt. Arnold—appeal dismissed on motion of Appellant.

Friday, met at 10 o'clock and adjourned till 1 o'clock to-day.

In suit of D. Cohn & Co., vs. Sanford A. Dinsmore, David Thomas and J. A. Colter, intervened and claimed the property. On trial by a Sheriff's jury, the property was awarded the claimants.

The Evidence in the Reddy-Dunn Affair.

In another column will be found the principal part of the evidence aduced in the examination of E. A. Reddy, for the killing of Thomas Dunn, upon which Justice Moore discharged the defendant. The deceased was, we believe, formerly a member of Washoe Engine Co., No. 4, attached to the Virginia Fire Department.

County Treasurer's Report.

Elsewhere in this week's issue will be found the quarterly report of the County Treasurer. It was prepared to be submitted to the Board at their meeting in December, but that body not having a quorum present, adjourned, and met January 9th. We shall endeavor to look up County financial affairs a little next week.

L. & S. P R. R.

In our advertisements of this week, will be found the corrected card of the Los Angeles & San Pedro Railroad. The company have the handling of all goods received in this valley from San Francisco, and seems to be an exception to railroads in general, *i. e.*, that they do a liberal, careful business.

Embarked in Business.

The irrepressible General C. C. Bell, of Lone Pine, has embarked in the sea of merchandising, having established himself behind an eating stand in Moore & Begole's saloon.

Assessment Levied.

An assessment of $5 per share has been levied on the stock of the San Filipe Mining Company, payable immediately, to the Secretary, at his office, 419 California street, San Francisco.

Sale of Mining Property.

February 6th, next, will be sold by the Sheriff, interests in the Union lead mine and the Monitor silver ledge, at Cerro Gordo, now under attachment.

New Supervisor.

At the last meeting of the Board of Supervisors, John Alexander was appointed member of the Board for the Third Township, vice John Sheppard, resigned.

Machinery Arrived.

Last week two large teams from Reno, loaded with machinery for the Kearsarge improvements, arrived at the mine.

FOR A FARMERS' MEETING.

TULE RANCH, January 13, 1871.

MESSRS EDITORS:—Permit me, through your columns, to make a suggestion to the farmers of this county—to wit: To hold a mass meeting or convention, sometime next month, to discuss grievances that seem to have borne hard on them in the past, are now in full force, and in which are involved much of their weal or woe in the future. To talk these matters over together fully and fairly, and try and devise and carry out some means for their relief, and place the farming interest in its proper position. An earnest and united effort to that end cannot fail of accomplishing something, and will well repay a day spent for that purpose. I hope that some of the "old hands" may see proper to set the ball in motion—issue a call and have a convention and see what can be done.

GRUB HOE.

The People of the State of California Against E. A. Reddy, Deft.

TESTIMONY OF C. SULLIVAN.

C. Sullivan, sworn—My name is Cornelius Sullivan; aged 28; reside in Cerro Gordo; I was in the saloon of John Hughes, at Cerro Gordo, at the time of the difficulty between the deceased, Thomas Dunn, and the defendant, Reddy. When this man named Sullivan and Cock were fighting, I went up to try to separate them, and some of Cock's party were rushing around trying to excite them; some of them sung out, "Let them fight away." Mr. Reddy, and I think it was the deceased, had some kind of a clinch, but I did not see any blows struck; I was standing up alongside of a little round table, and I saw Mr. Reddy walk towards the door; my back was turned to the deceased, and I heard a voice sing out behind me, "Scatter ye sons of b—es! scatter!" I looked around and seen the deceased with a pistol in his hand; I jumped around a small table to get out of his way; while I was in the act of getting out of the way I heard somebody say (I think it was Dr. Lasesne), "Look out! he is going to shoot." I heard the report of a pistol, and at the time I looked around, towards the deceased, I seen him lying down, and I thought that it was he that fired the pistol. When I saw him lying down I thought somebody had given him a blow; I heard somebody say, "Look out! he has got the pistol in his hand and is going to shoot again." Some person sung out, "Take the pistol away from him," and I was about the nearest one to him, and pushed up and took the pistol out of his hand; I returned the pistol inside of the bar to Pat Ryan, and I did not know at the time that this man was shot.

Q—Did you see Mr. Reddy with a pistol in is hand?

A—No, not that I remember of.

Q—Do you know who fired the shot?

A—No.

Q—Was the pistol that you took out of deceased's hand cocked?

A—I think it was; I would not be positive, for I was a little excited.

Q—Did any one else have hold of the pistol from the time you took it out of the hands of the deceased till you handed it to Mr. Ryan.

A—No, Sir.

Q—Did you deliver it in the condition in which you found it to Mr. Ryan?

A—Yes, Sir.

Q—Where was Reddy at the time the deceased sung out, "Scatter you sons of b—es," and came forward with his pistol?

A—By the water barrel; he appeared to be in the act of going after water.

Q—How far was deceased and defendant apart at that time?

A—I should judge, about eighteen or twenty feet.

Q—In what direction was deceased's pistol pointing, and in what direction was he advancing?

A—Towards the door and towards the defendant.

Q—Were there any other persons standing at the water barrel besides Reddy?

A—I seen every one getting out of the way as fast as they could; there was no one between them.

Q—Did you understand from his conduct that he intended to fire his pistol?

A—He appeared to, as near as I could judge.

Q—Judging from his conduct and from all the circumstances, who did he appear to intend to shoot?

A—Somebody near the water barrel.

Q—Did he, or, did he not appear to intend to shoot the defendent?

A—From the way he had his pistol pointed, I judged he did not intend to shoot anybody else.

Q—Did you not see the defendant and the deceased in a struggle, a few moments before the shot?

A—I do not know; I saw somebody in contact with defendant.

Q—Did you not see the defendant knock the deceased down, near the billiard-table, and then walk towards the water barrel, turning his back against the deceased?

A—I saw the man defendant was in contact with, knocked down by defendant, and defendant then walked away.

Q—Did you see the man get up who was knocked down?

A—No, Sir.

TESTIMONY OF PATRICK RYAN.

Patrick Ryan, sworn—My name is Patrick Ryan; aged 44; reside in Cerro Gordo. Between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock in the morning of Christmas day (December 25th, 1870), I had charge of Mr. Hughes' saloon at Cerro Gordo; Mr. Dunn and his comrades came in and got a drink; every thing seemed to go on very sociably; there was quite a number in the house at the time; Mr. Cock and Mart Sullivan got into a difficulty; some were trying to make peace, and some said let them fight. The deceased I saw come from the billiard-table with a white handled six-shooter in his hand; I hollowed to him for "God's sake not to shoot," and, in fact, I thought he had shot; shortly after the report I saw the deceased lay on his back alongside the billiard-table; I called to Con. Sullivan to take the six-shooter out of his hand, thinking he had been knocked down; Mr. Sullivan did so, and handed me the six-shooter; I put it under the counter; it remained there until the deputy Sheriff came for it, and till that time I thought deceased was the person that had shot, but I found that his pistol had not been discharged; as soon as the shot was fired peace was made. I don't know who fired the shot; I saw that Dunn was shot after we came to examine him; I saw Mr. Reddy previous to the shooting trying to make peace; at the time that I called to deceased not to shoot, Reddy was at the other end of the saloon, near the water barrel; at the time I saw deceased with the pistol in his hand, I called to him not to shoot because he appeared to be excited, and Mr. Cocks and Sullivan were quarreling, deceased was going towards the end of the house where the defendant was, when I called to him not to shoot; I could not say that he intended to shoot any particular person; I heard some person say, "Reddy, look out! he is going to shoot," and I saw that he came as if he intended to shoot; I couldn't say whether Reddy was engaged in a fist fight with the deceased before the shooting or not; the pistol was pointed towards the end of the room where Reddy was, and he was advancing in that direction; I didn't hear deceased say anything; it is about twenty or twenty-five feet from the place where Reddy was to the place where Dunn fell when he was shot; the pistol of Dunn's was cocked at the time it was handed to me; the pistol of Dunn's was loaded and capped all round.

TESTIMONY OF JOHN H. GILBERT.

John H. Gilbert, sworn—My name is John H. Gilbert; aged 33 years; reside in Cerro Gordo. On Christmas day, in the morning, I went into the saloon and took a drink; after a little while there was a muss between James Cocks and some other man, and then the Doctor drew a pistol; then there was great talking all through among the boys, and after a little I heard the report of a pistol; I didn't see any one fire; I was standing with my back to the sound of the pistol; the pistol went off behind me; at that time I was looking toward the billiard-table; I saw Thomas Dunn fall; In a minute or so I went to him, and he says, "Johnny, I'm shot;" he says, "go for Bill Bastion, he is the only man I want to see." This was in Inyo county, on Sunday, Christmas day, in the morning, December 25th, A. D. 1870. I don't know the name of the saloon, nor who is the proprietor of the house—Hughes, I think.

Q—Who is James Cock?

A—He is one of the boys that went there with us.

Q—Who is the Doctor you speak of?

A—Dr. Lesesne, I believe.

Q—After Dunn fell, and asked for Bill Bastion, what then?

A—I went and brought him down; he laid about a half hour, and then we packed him home, to the cabin, and put him in his bed; then we told one of the boys to go after the doctor, in the valley; after that I went to bed, and at 11 o'clock I was waked up and told that he was dead.

TESTIMONY OF MICHAEL BARNES.

Michael Barnes, sworn.

Q—Do you know who did the shooting in the difficulty at Cerro Gordo, when Dunn was shot?

A—No, Sir.

Q—Did you see Mr. Reddy fire a shot?

A—I did not.

Q—What was deceased doing at the time he was shot?

A—He was standing opposite to Reddy, with a pistol pointed towards him.

Q—With what intent?

A—To my notion it was with intent to shoot; he acted as a man would who was about to shoot another one.

Q—Did you see defendant engaged in a difficulty or scuffle with the deceased?

A—I saw defendant knock a man under the billiard-table; then Dr. Lesesne said to defendant, "That is sufficient," and defendant then walked away toward the water barrel, near the door. I heard this man, deceased, when he came forward with his pistol in his hand say, "Clear the road! fair play!" The crowd separated; then I heard a voice say, "Look out! Reddy."

DEPOSITION OF JOSEPH DUIGNAN.

On the 25th day of December, 1870, about 6 o'clock A. M., Mr. E. A. Reddy came to me, in the town of Cerro Gordo, in this county, and stated to me that he had shot a man and wished to give himself up to me; I asked him who it was he had shot? he told me it was a Cornishman. I took charge of him as Deputy Sheriff; I went to Hughes' saloon and saw a man with a gun shot wound in the right breast; I was told by several persons that E. A. Reddy had shot the man, that he had drawn a pistol on E. A. Reddy, and that E. A. Reddy had shot him. I inquired for the pistol that the man drew on Mr. Reddy, and the bar-keeper handed me a pistol from behind the bar, and told me that was the pistol the man had. The man's name that was shot is Thomas Dunn.

JOSEPH DUIGNAN,
Deputy Sheriff.

Killing.

A PEORIA boy recently killed two hundred dogs, and sold their skins to buy wood for his mother. Good boy!—[Exchange.

Of course he bought dog wood.—[New York Globe.

Poor boy! Some one should write doggerel poetry on his benevolence.—[Gold Hill News.

You are running this matter too dog goned much; but did he save the bark?

Mustering out.

A general order has just been promulgated from the War Department, making extensive transfers, assignments and muster-out.

HARNESS AND SADDLES.

HARNESS SHOP.

Bishop Creek, Inyo County, Cal.

HAVING OPENED A HARNESS AND SADDLER Shop, with a complete stock, the undersigned will make and repair all kinds of

HARNESS AND SADDLES.

☞ Work warrranted to give satisfaction. ☜

Shop on Stage Road, one mile north of Sneden's Store—place better known as "NORTON'S LIGHT HOUSE."

ALEXANDER C. MATLACK.
Bishop Creek, September 24, 1870. n12 3m

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Fish Springs Store

J. R. WESTERVILLE | J. T. RYAN

WESTERVILLE & RYAN,

BEG LEAVE TO TENDER THANKS TO THEIR neighbors for the patronage already extended to them, and being desirous of a continuance of their custom will constantly keep on hand a supply of

Dry Goods & Clothing,

GROCERIES,

Hardware,

Farming and Mining Utensils,

Medicines,

LIQUORS,

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

WESTERVILLE & RYAN.
n3 1y 23tf

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, December 3, 1870. n23m3

LIVERY STABLES.

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET.

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

ny7n1sm3 AL. BRIGGS.

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

EAGLE

Livery and Feed

STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House.

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES.

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.
Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

HUNT'S

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n05 6m

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB, ... Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.
n15y13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

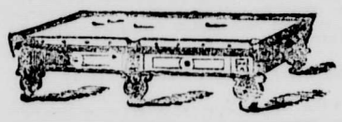
A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass,
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n2jy16tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

BILLIARDS!

Messrs Phelan & Collender,



THE WELL-KNOWN BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS, of New York, have established at

541 Market Street, San Francisco,

An extensive branch of their business, where they propose to keep constantly on hand the LARGEST and most complete assortment of

Billiard Tables, Cloths, Cues, etc.,

ON THIS COAST.

THE TABLES are of the latest styles and size recently adopted in the Eastern States; are manufactured in the best possible manner, and are furnished with PHELAN'S LATEST IMPROVED CUSHIONS. The

New Composition Billiard Balls,

Made by the Hyatt Manufacturing Co. of Albany, New York—THE BEST SUBSTITUTE FOR IVORY YET DISCOVERED. For sale only by us. Price, $12 per set.

All goods sold will be of the best quality, and the prices fully as low as any other house in the business.

Parties visiting the city are invited to visit our warerooms and inspect our stock.

GEO. E. PHELAN, 541 Market St.

N. B. The public are notified that no other parties on the Pacific coast have the right to sell Phelan's Cushions. n17 3mi

NOTICE TO SAWYERS,

THE UNDERSIGNED WISH TO LET A CONTRACT, at the Big Pine Saw Mill, of

Sawing TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND FEET OF LUMBER

For particulars enquire at Bell's flour mill or at the Big Pine saw mill.

January 1, 1871. BELL & BRO. v1n27tf

J. W. TYLER.

AURORA

Fruit & Variety

STORE.

J. W. TYLER,

AURORA,

Nevada.

Wholesale and retail dealer in

ALL KINDS OF FRUITS

APPLES,
PEARS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS,
GRAPES

And every kind of fruit in season

AT REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH!

Cigars and Tobacco,

Havana and American Cigars,
Cigaritos de Damas,
Manillas, Etc

The best qualities of

Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos!

Chewing—(Fine Cut)—

John Anderson's Solace,
Liberty Boy,
Forest Rose,
Century,
Savory,
(in Papers or Caus.)

Chewing—(Plug)—

Nature's Bounty,
Nectar of Roses,
May Apple,
Forest Rose,
Washoe,
Prince Esterhazy,
Horn of Plenty
Signet,
Tulip,
Pear
Pearl of Orient,
Bouquet,
Peach,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Smoking—

WADAWANUCK,
BIG LICK,
SETHALSEY,
NONPARIEL,
GOLDEN SHOWER,
ORONOCO,
EUREKA,
SIESTA,
FOREST ROSE,

All of which we will sell in papers or can the lowest market prices.

TURKISH AND SPANISH.

Maccoboy, Scotch and French Rapes

SNUFFS!

Meerschaum, Stone and India Rubber PIPES,

Cherry Stems, Mouth Pieces, etc., etc.

A good assortment of

Stationery,
Pocket Cutlery,
Gold Pens,
Pencils,
Albums,
Chessmen,
Playing Cards,
Crib Boards,
Spectacles,
Brushes, all kinds,
Etc., etc., etc.

ALSO,

A good assortment of the finest

CANDIES,
FIG PASTE,
RASINS,
NUTS,
FIGS,
GUAVA JELLY,
ETC., ETC.

LADIES' PORTFOLIOS ALL SIZES!

Drawing and Tissue Paper!

Diaries for 1871.

PERFUMERY, EXTRACTS and SOAPS.

IF YOU WANT

TOYS AND GIFTS

—GO TO—

J. W. TYLER'S.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL receive prompt attention. Remember

J. W. TYLER,

Corner Pine and Bush Streets,

AURORA, NEVADA.

Aurora, Nev., September 26, 1870. n12 6m

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Jan. 14, 1871.

Ashes as a Cattle Feed.

The Maine Farmer says :—One of our substantial subscribers—in a recent conversation—gave his experience in training neat stock affected with a habit of eating wood, chewing bones, etc His cattle were one Spring affected in this way, they became thin in flesh, refusing to eat hay, and presenting a sickly appearance. He had an impression that their food lacked the constituents for making bone, but his neighbors, used bone meal, without noticing any good result whatever. Last Spring he put about four bushels of leached ashes in his barnyard, and threw out to them about a shovelful each day. They all eat as if in evident relish. After turning them out to pasture, he put one peck of dry ashes per week on the ground in the pasture. They ate it all up, and gnawed off the grass where it had been laying. The cattle began to improve, gaining flesh and looking better than they had for several years. He says this morbid appetite was unnoticed years ago, from the fact that the land was new and ashy from the burning of woods and land clearings. He has another proof of the value of ashes for stock from this incident : He had a large tub full of leached ashes which remained in it some time. It was afterward used as a watering tub ; and when the cattle drank from it, they would lick and gnaw the sides and bottom of the tub ; actually bitting out pieces and eating them. Latterly he gives one quart of ashes mixed with the same quantity of salt, to twelve head of cattle, about once a week, and finds it to agree with them wonderfully.

Human Wet Blankets.

For one, writes Fanny Fern, the longer I live, the more I value health and cheerfulness. For pity's sake, let mothers, before they speak the final affirmative to a daughter's lover, see that he has both of these priceless gifts. I remember a human wet blanket I used to stare at, with round eyes of wonder, when a child. A groan—sepulchral—marked his entrance, a groan his setting down. A groan preceded the inquiry : "Well, isn't it a dreadful dull time in the church?" "No," answered Brother Hopeful; "there were two accessions last Sunday." "Well,"—with another groan—"ten to one they will both backslide." Now what call had this man to be the father of twelve children ?—yet that was just his number. One would think with his hearse-like views of life, he wouldn't take that liberal view of the census. Oh, give me the man who comes into his house with a free, joyous swing of his arm, snatches up the baby and seats it on his head, and kisses his wife as he hunts up the rest of "the bairns." I can tell a woman in any crowd who has this sort of a husband—God bless him! wherever he is. No son or daughter of his will ever be likely to roam in search of a pleasanter place than "our house."

—The first printing was done April 14th, 1414.

—Gunpowder was first used December 23d, 1524.

—The first Cardinal was made November 23d, 1524.

—The first trial by jury took place May 14th, A. D. 960.

—Christmas was first celebrated December 25th, 98.

—The first mariner's campass was made November 21st, A. D. 1302.

—Printing was first brought into New England March 25th, 1417.

—The first steamer for India sailed August 16th, 1845.

—Steam navigation was first successfully applied February 11th, 1809.

—The first commencement at Harvard took place October 9th, 1642.

—The first total abstinence society was organized February 18th, 1809.

—The first woolen-mill has been set in operation in Salem, Oregon, with 480 spindles.

—The first iron works established in England, was at Lyon. The first attempt to melt the ore was made in 1643.

—The first building erected in America to collect the King's duties, occupied the site at the corner of Richmond and North streets, Boston.

—The first religious newspaper published was The Herald of Gospel of Liberty, which was published by Elias Smith, Portsmouth, N. H., in 1808.

—The first paper-mill in New England was located at Milton ; the linen at Londonberry ; the first powder at Anover ; the first glass at Quincy.

—The following advertisement appeared in a Pennsylvania paper : "Cupil and Hymen.—The little Brown cottage at Cambridge, Penn., is the place to call to have the marriage knot promptly and strongly tied. Inquire of the Rev. S. J. Whitcomb.

—The first cut nails ever made were produced in Rhode Island, and the Historical Society of the State has the machinery employed in their institution. The nails were made during the Revolution.

—The earilest reference we have to music is in the book of Genesia (Chap. 3, verse 21), where Jubal, who lived before the deluge, is mentioned as the "Father of all such as humble the harp and organ."

—Cured. "Are you connected with a paper here?" asked a countryman of an inmate of the Indiana Insane Asylum. "Oh, no!" was the reply ; "I have been to the insane asylum and am cured ; a man never runs a newspaper after he is cured."

On Short Commons.

"My dear madame, can you give me a glass of grog?" asked a fatigued traveler in Arkansas, as he entered a cabin on the roadside.

"I ain't got a drop," replied the woman.

"But a gentleman told me you had a barrel."

"Why, good gracious," replied the woman, "what do you reckon one barrel of whiskey is to me and my children when we are out of milk."

—Five hundred dollars have been deposited in the bank of Aix la Chapelle, for the German soldier who captures Garibaldi, dead or alive.

BLACKSMITHING.

MILLS & CLARKE,
BISHOP CREEK, INYO COUNTY, CAL.,
BLACKSMITHING,
Horseshoeing, Repairing, Etc.,
Done with neatness and dispatch.
Bishop Creek, July 11, 1870. n1v13m.

ABRAHAM PARKER,
—THE—
Pioneer Blacksmith
—OF—
OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.
Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.
Of every description.
Wagon Work
Done in the best style at reasonable terms.
Agricultural Implements
Made and repaired.
UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.
A. PARKER.
Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

WAGON WORK.

WAGON MAKING,
House and Sign Painting.
J. G. PAYNE, Proprietor,
ANNOUNCES THAT HE IS PREPARED TO execute all description of Wagon Making, House and Sign Painting, etc., at reasonable rates, at his shop on Edwards street. jy16tr

BAKERY.

LONE PINE BAKERY.

ANTONIO PASSMA
ANNOUNCES to his friends and the public generally that he has constantly on hand BREAD, and CAKES. Pies and fancy Pastry furnished to order.
Lone Pine, Aug. 4, 1870. [no5 6m

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE
SHAVING SALOON.
WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths. n2[y16tm

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.
J. M. MEREDITH,
AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.
DEALER IN
Stationery,
BLANK BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,
MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,
CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,
And Everything in his Line Cheap.
ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.
Store in Post Office Building,
AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

ART GALLERY.

PHOTOGRAPHS,
Ambrotypes
And Melainotypes.
Mr. L. D. WELSH,
HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN HIS business in Independence, will be happy to meet the citizens of Inyo county at his rooms on Edwards Street, nearly opposite the Inyo House, where he is prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES and MELANOTYPES of every description.
Views taken of Buildings, Scenery, Mining claims, etc., at very moderate prices.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
n8a29tf

MARKET.

Independence
BUTCHER SHOP.
L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.
ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.
ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.
Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2-tf

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,
INDEPENDENCE,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GROCERIES,
Provisions, Liquors,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
Dry Goods,
HARDWOOD,
HARDWARE,
BOOTS, SHOES,
Crockery,
GLASSWARE.
Tin-Ware.
SADDLERY,
Farming Implements,
SHOE FINDINGS,
AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!
THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash :
GROCERIES,
Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Tapioca, Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Jams, Dried Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles, Extracts, Sauces, Codfish, Salmon, Mackerl, Salt Pork, Etc.
LIQUORS,
French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.
CIGARS AND TOBACCOS
Of the best brands in the market.
DRY GOODS,
SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.
CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.
Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.
HARDWOOD TIMBER
Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Of all descriptions.
FURNITURE,
BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.
HARDWARE,
WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.
SADDLERY,
WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITTS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.
A Splendid Assortment of
Glass and Crockery Ware,
Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by
D. COHN & CO.
Independence, Cal, October 3, 1870. n13tfo

DRUGS.

A. A. CREEN,
—Wholesale and Retail—
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,
AURORA, NEVADA.
DEALER IN
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES,
Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds. Guaranteed Fresh.
ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfto

Drugs & Medicines
ALSO,
SPICES, PERFUMES, &C.
—AND—
Hair Restoratives & Dyes.
PATENT MEDICINES,
HORSE LINIMENTS,
STATIONERY :
Of Every Variety.
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONERY
—AND—
ALL KINDS OF NUTS.
Tobacco & Cigars
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AND A VARIETY of other goods not specified, all at reasonable prices for cash.
JOHN LENTELL.
Independence, July 6, 1870. n1v13m

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK
SAW MILL.
SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER,
SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,
SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, August 8, 1870. n5-6m

LUMBER, LUMBER!
BIG PINE SAW MILL.
BELL & BRO., Proprietors.
WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH
LUMBER AND SHINGLES
Equal to the very best that can be produced in Inyo County, in quantities to suit, at our mill on Big Pine Creek, at
Lowest Rates for Cash.
We can furnish scantling of any length up to 32 feet, and timbers of any size up to 34 inches square, Siding, Flooring, extra clear, narrow or wide, Soft Finishing Lumber, etc., etc. Parties desiring timbers or lumber of any kind can not do better than to examine our stock and facilities before purchasing elsewhere.
Good Merchantable Lunber at $25.
Big Pine, October 30, 1870. n17tf

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK
Flouring Mills.
RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.
THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.
Feed and Flour
Constantly on hand for sale. Also
FLOUR SACKS
At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.
RUSSELL & CO.
Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

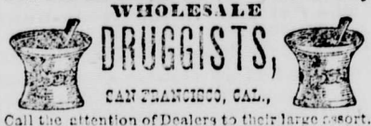
FLOUR.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A
FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT
At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of
FAMILY FLOUR,
Ground and Unground Feed,
At the lowest rates.
n26tf RUSSELL & CO.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. MACK,
Partzwick, Mono Co., Cal.,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
Also, in connection,
Partzwick Hotel.

D. NAYLOR,
RETAIL DEALER IN
Groceries, Provisions,
CLOTHING, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.,
At Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.
Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., Sept. 26, 1870. n12 3m

R. J. MORRISON,
BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Wines, Liquors, Etc.
AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,
Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with every thing kept in a well supplied WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.

FRESH DRUGS,	TILDEN'S PREPARAT'NS
PATENT MEDICINES,	DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS	SHAKER HERBS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,	PERFUMERIES,
KEROSENE OIL,	PAINTS AND OILS,

Which we offer at the lowest Cash Prices, and are determined not to be undersold.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

FOR SALE.
OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal. After our best wishes, and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty one years, during which period we have been steadily engaged in the Drug business in California, we beg to say in consequence of the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Cal. Vinegar Bitters, now spread over the United States and countries far beyond, we are necessitated to devote our entire time to said business.
We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific coast and the only one continuous under the same proprietors since 1849, and have determined to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.
This is a rare opportunity for men with means, of entering into a profitable business with advantages never before offered.
For particulars enquire of
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
R. H. McDONALD, } Wholesale Druggists.
J. C. SPENCER, } San Francisco, Cal.
N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices to defy competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!
Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS,
Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.
WHAT ARE THEY?
FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal. Sent free on application.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing the peculiar virtue of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and all the Viscera Organs.
THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,
Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.
For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.
DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.
Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.
They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.
FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.
Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores ; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.
PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle.
J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
je7n28y1

MEDICAL.

TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK, August 15, 1868.
Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.
MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo, Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries ; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.
Buchu as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance ; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates ; the smallest quantity of other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation ; upon inspection it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœa, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.
Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,
With a feeling of profound confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist of 19 Years' Experience.

(From the largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.)
NOVEMBER 4, 1854.
"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold ; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."
WILLIAM WIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU
For weakness arising from indiscretion. The exhausted powers of Natures which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forbodings of Evil ; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

THE CONSTITUTION
Once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu
In affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incidental to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu
—AND—
IMPROVED ROSE WASH
Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure ; completely superceding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copavia and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE
Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu
In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.
Those suffering from broken down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.
The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to effect the bodily health and mental powers.
All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere Price $1 25 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $6 50. Delivered to any address. Describe Symptoms in all communications.

ADDRESS,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Drug & Chemical Warehouse,
594 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
NONE ARE GENUINE unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed
H. T. HELMBOLD.
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THE INYO INDEPENDENT

VOLUME 1. DEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA; SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1871. NUMBER 20.

State Library

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Cal., Jan. 21, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

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DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf]

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SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY.

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Every Description,

EXECUTED IN

UNEXCEPTIONABLE STYLE,

—AT THE—

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

ASSAYING.

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Office—PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

BULLION and ORES assayed. CORRECTNESS GUARANTEED. n1v13m.

HOTELS.

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BAILEY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 10, 1870. n12 6m

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

STAGE HOUSE.

Independence, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS THANKS TO his numerous friends for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed the NEW HOTEL and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The travelling public will find the best of meals and good clean beds at this hotel.

MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietress.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n13tf

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

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THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17 1870 n15v13m

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STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELLERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Communication corrals at Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE.

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14tf

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BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.

Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.

PARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors.

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

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BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

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HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billard Table connected with the Saloon. n8v29-3m

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INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

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Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

SALOON.

MAY & TASKER, Proprietors.

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS, INDEPENDENCE.

WHERE THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE happy to meet all old and new friends. Be supplied with the most popular and purest of beverages. Call and take a seat, smoke a Havana, and play a game of billiards.

MAY & TASKER.

BOOTS & SHOES.

BOOTS & SHOES.

New Shoemaker Shop,

One door North of the Drug Store.

G. W. TODD. J. N. MALONE.

TODD & MALONE

ANNOUNCE TO THEIR FRIENDS AND THE public generally that they are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of BOOTS and SHOES, on the shortest notice, FOR CASH. The best of French material will be used.

☞ Repairing Neatly Executed.☜

no8 18

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK,

MASONS,

A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES, Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.

July 9, 1870. n1v13*

BAKERY.

LONE PINE BAKERY.

ANTONIO PASSMA

ANNOUNCES to his friends and the public generally that he has constantly on hand BREAD, and CAKES. Pies and fancy Pastry furnished to order.

Lone Pine, Aug. 4, 1870. [no5 6m

STAGES.

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870. Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MINER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

SEMI-WEEKLY STAGE LINE

TO AURORA, CARSON, RENO AND SAN FRANCISCO, via Central Pacific Railroad,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co's Express.

From and after this date stages will leave Independence for Aurora and intermediate points

Every Wednesday and Sunday, at 5 o'clock, A. M.,

Connecting at Benton with stages for Columbus and Silver Peak; connecting at Aurora with stage for Big Grove, Genoa, Carson, Virginia and Reno; at Reno connection every day with trains of Central Pacific Railroad for Omaha and Chicago on the East, and Sacramento and San Francisco West. Returning, through connection leave from Reno every MONDAY and FRIDAY morning, on the arrival of trains from San Francisco and Omaha.

Time 60 Hours Less, and 180 Miles Less Staging to San Francisco than by any other Route.

T. W. DEXTER, Agent.

Independence, Jan. 1, 1871. n26 2m8ly

FOR INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Waterman's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Lynn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.

Fare to San Francisco.....$50.

OFFICE—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Ross House.

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STAGE LINE.

CONNECTING WITH STAGES FROM RENO and Los Angeles, carrying Mail and Express.

TIME TABLE.

LEAVES INDEPENDENCE:

Mondays at 5 o'clock, A. M. Wednesdays at 8 A. M.

LEAVES LONE PINE:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT CERRO GORDO:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

LEAVES CERRO GORDO:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 4 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT LONE PINE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 12 o'clock, M.

ARRIVES AT INDEPENDENCE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 5 o'clock P. M.

JOHN O. LEISTER, Proprietor.

Independence, September 26, 1870. n12 3m

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

—AND—

General Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.

Have goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stables, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.

WM. M. OSBORN,

n v18m3 Los Angeles.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

D. COHN & CO., Agents.

Office—At D. Cohn & Co.'s store. n29 5m6

BARBER SHOP.

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WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.

n2tf 263m.

CARPENTERING.

JOHN HECKEL,

Carpenter & Builder.

Independence, Cal.

PAYS PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO JOBBING and making estimates. Orders from the country attended to. n27 6m

SATURDAY NIGHT.

'Tis Saturday night, and labor is done,
The sun is sinking, and almost gone,
The bells are ringing that toll the day,
The last of seven, is passing away—
Forever away.

The weary laborer hastens now,
With flushing cheek and toil-stained brow;
He is thinking how hard the poor man's lot,
How plain his garb, how low his cot,
And scant his fare.

But his eye grows bright as he moves apace,
And a smile lights up his care-worn face;
For he sees by the door in the twilight dim,
That wife and baby are waiting for him,
With welcome home.

His wife's fond words and his baby's play
Soon drive the gloomy cloud away;
At home and at rest, his heart grows light,
And he blesses God for Saturday night
To call his own.

Our work on earth will soon be done,
And Saturday night for us will come;
Sooner or later, we may not know,
But its twilight falls on all below,
And we are gone.

Down the vale of the shadow of death,
Down to the river that flows beneath;
Myriads passed that way before,
And yet to pass are Myriads more,
But each alone.

We all shall hail our Saturday night,
For its darkness endeth in rest and light;
But the secret dread each heart has known,
Is the terrible thought that we go alone
Through vale and wave.

Yet we need not fear to enter there,
For beyond and above the scene is fair;
And we soon shall rise to that world of light,
Where no week of toil makes Saturday night
A precious boon.

THE DISEASES OF ROMANCE.

[From Appleton's Journal.]

Writers of fiction owe much of the interest of their productions to the great variety of ills and bodily infirmities incident to human existence. Were it not for sundry severe and often fatal diseases, how could the denouement of a novel be made so satisfactory to the gentle reader? Unpopular, not to say wicked characters, when their brief sands of periodical life are almost run out, are easily disposed of by sudden death, cut down by disease, or disabled by bodily injury. The harsh and unfeeling father, who bids fair to give no end of trouble to the faithful pair "on elopement bent," dies just in time to allow the them to marry at leisure and inherit the property. The dissipated elder brother, whose presence becomes disagreeable, has a timely attack of delirium tremens, which carries him off amid the pious reflections and improving moralizings of the sensitive author. The managing mamma, while straining every point to compel her unwilling daughter to wed the wicked but rich lover in preference to his poor but virtuous rival, has an attack of apoplexy very acceptably to the reader, and thereby allows the course of true love to run smooth. The false and fickle fair one, who makes shipwreck of the hero's affections and ruins his earthly prospects, goes out very imprudently in thin shoes, and galloping consumption gallops away with her. The faint-hearted lover, who does not dare to breathe his love for fear of being rejected, has an attack of brain fever, and in his delirium babbles it all to the object of his affections, who very opportunely sits by his side and receives the involuntary confession with delight. The victim of unrequited affection, who has begun to cough in a distressing way, and to wear a hectic flush, welcomes back her wayward lover, and recovers her health just as she seemed in a fair way to die of tubercle. The gentle reader would have no special reason to complain of the sad havoc of disease and death, provided it was confined to the wicked or undesirable characters; but those of us who have read, with dewy eyes and uncertain voices, of Little Nell, Paul Dombey, or Colonel Newcome, know that the purest, bravest, and fairest, are ruthlessly sacrificed in obedience to the inexorable demands of fiction. When an author has nearly finished his story, and finds a whole book-load of hale, hearty characters left upon his hands, these little thunderstrokes of disease or disaster simplify matters wonderfully, and relieve both author and reader of untold anxiety. Still, most of these sudden deaths are unnatural, and rarely occur in real every day life. Take one example. Many interesting heroes and amiable heroines often charm us with their excellences during their brief life of fiction, only to burst blood-vessels in fits of temporary excitement, and die with deplorable facility. But, in actual life, sudden and immediate death from hæmorrhage from the lungs is exceedingly rare. We must not wonder that these various methods of sudden death are so popular with authors, for they are easily managed and extremely convenient. It is quite difficult to make any great blunder in arranging simple murder, poisoning, apoplexy, or hæmorrhage, because the work is straightforward and generally done in a business like way. When, however, the novelist attempts any thing more complicated in this line, he is liable to grossly mismanage some of the minutiæ and sacrifice scientific accuracy to stage effect. There are comparatively few who, in the language of the laity, "are able to take a character through" a long fit of sickness, without making a mistake in the symptoms or treatment of the disease.

Miss Mulock would fain have us believe that John Halifax, ill for many days with a low form of fever, who has lost courage and strength so far as to be unable to turn himself in bed, in a half day's time, through the magic of a short note, signed Ursula March, is able to dress himself, walk about, eat a hearty meal, and make a proposal of matrimony. In a magazine tale, written by a popular writer not long since, the hero suffers from complete paralysis in his locomotive apparatus—resulting, of course, from a railroad accident—for two full years, during which time he falls in love with a tender-hearted maiden, through whose sympathetic aid and kindly assistance his nether limbs resume their allegiance. The story was interesting, and the denouement gratifying, since the hero, when the "sedition of his members" was past, married the girl of his choice, who, by the merest accident, happened to be both beautiful and wealthy. But, in point of sober fact, it ought to be stated that, when paraplegia, resulting in an injury to the spinal cord, lasts longer than six months without improvement, the case may be considered hopeless.

In one of the most popular of Cooper's novels, a thorough-bred villain, whose name I have forgotton, sits down upon a door-step of a Winter's night to concoct some fresh piece of rascality; and, on attempting to rise, finds himself stricken with sympathetic paralysis as it is called, owing to the exposure to cold. Much to the gratification of author and reader, he is unable to leave the spot, and, after a proper space for repentance, grows rapidly worse and soon dies. This may be admirable fiction, but very poor pathology; for sympathetic paralysis never proves fatal, when not complicated with any other disease, but goes on steadily to recovery.

The case of Valentine, in Dumas' Count de Monte Christo, is much better managed, and does not violate any established law of medical science.

Many of Charles Dickens' delineations are true to Nature. Nothing could be more truthful than the account of the gradual fading of Paul Dombey or the child-wife Dora. But his portrayal of insanity is faulty. His lunatics have altogether too much method in their madness, and do not fail to show forth all their manifold eccentricities therein. The perennial Mr. Dick for instance, never does anything which savors of mental unsoundness, except fly kites and pen memorials regarding Charles I., and is capable of attending to business, give wise counsel (all the while charging himself with insanity in a manner contrary to all other crazy people), never gets excited, but leads a most exemplary life, with the two exceptions above mentioned. "Mr Fs's Aunt" is a trifle better, although she goes to the other extreme, and never says or does a sensible thing—which is also contrary to the general custom of lunatics.

On the other hand, Reade, thanks to his medical education delineates insanity with life-like accuracy. A good example of his skill occurs in "Hard Cash," when Captain Dodd loses his senses from long continued excitement, exposure, and hardship, but recovers again after two years of wandering—the immediate medical agent being a blow upon the head, received in falling from the arm-yard of a vessel. Another equally faithful picture of monomania occurs in the same book, when the avaricious Richard Hardy has the insane fancy that he is hopelessly ruined, and endeavors to gain his living by begging, although possessed of great wealth. Such faithful pen pictures prove him to have been a careful student of insane mental manifestations.

Walter Scott's lunatics are uniformly violent and often dangerous people, and display only this special form of insanity. Their insanity compensates in intensity of action for what it lacks in variety of manifestations.

Thackeray has no lunatics, simply because the interest of his writings depends not so much upon incident and action, as upon careful delineation of motive and keen dissection of the springs of human action. His characters have frailties enough, and do foolish things enough from unworthy motives, to render any special insanity quite superfluous.

It is interesting to note the partiality of various novelists to certain forms of death. Dickens' good characters die of decline, while his villainous ones meet some sudden and awful death. Thackeray's characters are long-lived, and generally die of old age or paralysis—very rarely by any violent death.

Miss Yonge has a penchant for the diseases of infancy and childhood—measels scarlet fever, and diphtheria, through which dispensations of Providence her amiable and admirable characters are often "done to their death." The author of "Guy Livingstone" thirsts for blood as much as a cannibal hungers for a missionary, and in his latest production kills three principal characters in as many chapters, and disfigures for life the beautiful face of a fourth. Wilkie Collins is equally sanguinary in his tastes, and murders, poisons, drowns, and hangs his characters without remorse. Dumas disposes of his creations by wholesale massacre, although, to his credit be it said, he sometimes restores them to life again. Miss Mulock's characters generally go off quietly and decorously, dying in their beds, with their sorrowing friends about them. John Halifax, it is true, died suddenly; but, as the coroners' verdicts say, from "natural causes." The author of "St. Elmo," *horresco referens*, dispenses to her characters, broken blood vessels, paralysis, inflammation of the brain, malignant typhus, hip-joint disease, heart desease, and suicide, in the main with an impartial hand, although sometimes a very sturdy robust character survives successive attacks of the respective maladies, and requires a combination of them to take him out of the world.

It is worthy of note, however, that the popular taste, which formerly delighted in horrors, is changing, and novels which give pictures of society, or delineations of character, are more sought after. Let us hope that, when the "coming man" writes his corresponding work of fiction, he will use these blood-and-thunder adjuncts with a sparing hand, furnishing only so much as may be needed for the proper action of the story. For his great aim should be to amuse and profit by presenting us real scenes, incidents, and characters drawn from Nature, yet excelling her, remembering constantly that fiction is not tragedy.

The Orgin of Mosquitoes.

The Red River Indians have a curious legend respecting the origin of mosquitoes, they say that once upon a time there was a famine, and the Indians could get no game. Hundreds had died from hunger, and desolation filled the whole country. All kinds of offerings were made to the Great Spirit without avail, till one day two hunters came upon a white wolverene, an old woman sprang out of the skin, and, saying that she was Manitou, promised to go and live with the Indians, promising them plenty of game as long as they treated her well, and gave her the first choice of all the game that should be brought in. The two Indians assented to this, and took the old woman with them, which event was immediatley succeeded by an abundance of game. When the sharpness of the famine had passed in the prosperity which the old woman had brought to the tribe, the Indians became dainty in their appetites, and complained of the manner in which the old woman took to herself all the choice bits; and, this feeling became so intense that, notwithstanding her warning that if they violated their promise a terrible calamity would come upon the Indians, they one day killed her as she was seizing her share of a fat reindeer which the hunters had brought in. Great consternation immediately struck the witnesses of the deed, and the Indians, to escape the predicted calamity, boldly struck their tents and moved away to a great distance. Time passed on without any catastrophe occurring, and, game becoming more plentiful, the Indians again began to laugh at their being deceived by the old woman. Finally a hunting party on a long chase of a reindeer, which had led them back to the spot where the old woman was killed, came upon her skeleton, and one of them in derision kicked the skull with his foot. In an instant a small, spiral, vapor-like body arose from the eyes and ears of the skull, which proved to be insects, that attacked the hunters with great fury, and drove them to the river for protection. The skull continued to pour out its little stream, and the air became full of avengers of the old woman's death. The hunters, upon returning to camp, found all the Indians suffering terribly from the plague, and every since that time the Indians have been punished by the mosquitoes for their wickedness to their preserver, the Manitau.

Topham, The Strong Man.

Thomas Topham, the "strong man," was born in London, 1710, and was bred a carpenter, and afterwards "travelled on his muscle." He was a quiet, peaceful man, of middle size and weight, made like other men, except the usual cavities under the hands and arms were, in his case, filled with muscles. The wonderful stories of his feats are well authenticated.

He could hold under perfect restraint, and with ease to himself, the strongest horse. He lifted a table six feet long, with fifty pounds on the end of it, with his teeth, and held it in a horizontal position a considerable time. He rolled up a pewter dish weighing seven pounds, with as much apparent ease as the reader would roll up a piece of paper. He held a pewter quart pot at arm's length and squeezed the sides together like an eggshell.

He lifted two hundred pounds with his little finger and waved it gently around his head. He lifted Mr. Chambers, a clergyman, who must have lived on the fat of the land, for he weighed 378 pounds, with one hand, Mr. Chambers' head being placed on one chair and his feet on another. At a blow he struck a round bar of iron, one inch in diameter, against his naked arm, and bent it like a bow.

One night, observing a watchman asleep in his watch box, he picked up box and watchman, carrying the load with the greatest ease, and dropped them over the wall into Tindale burying ground.

A butcher once passed a window at which Topham was sitting. He stooped down and took half an ox from the fellow's shoulders with so much ease and dexterity that the man swore that the devil had flown away with the beef.

At a race a man insisted upon driving upon the track; so Topham took hold of the tail of the cart and drew it gently back, the driver whipping the horse like a madman all the time.

When he kept a public house two men were determined to fight him; so, to satisfy them, he seized them by the napes of their necks and knocked all the fight out of them.

—The running time "across the continent" is now six days and twenty hours.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Jan. 21, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

CHAS. P. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

Accomodating. (?)

The ways of some of the public functionaries of Uncle Sam are past finding out. With lively memories of former good times while "running with the machine" of one of the fire companies of Virginia City, we have been sending the boys a copy of The Independent ever since its establishment, over seven months ago. Notwithstanding the fact that the postmaster at Virginia is a life member of the same organization, and, at a rough guess, forty of its members have boxes at the postoffice, not a copy of the paper has reached them, as we have recently ascertained. Now, we would suggest to that gentleman, that if he or his clerks are interested in this paper that they subscribe for it, and let the balance go to their destination. And, also, that if any papers are not called for, the law requires that the publishers shall be notified.

Godey's Lady's Book

For February is a very good number indeed. The embellishments are numerous. The experience of nearly half a century, with a special object in view, ought, as near as possible, to compass perfection. For this length of time L. A. Godey has devoted time and talent in the endeavor to produce a first-class magazine for the instruction and amusement of the fairer portion of creation. There is not, probably, a town or hamlet in the United States in which some one or more has not been benefited thereby. It is worthy of patronage.

Received.

We have received from George W. Childs, Philadelphia, The Public Ledger Almanac, for 1871; very valuable as a book of reference, and presented to The Public Ledger subscribers. Of Geo. P. Powell & Co. The Advertisers' Gazette, a weekly journal of newspaper intelligence, and of much interest to the craft. The Aron Piano Forte Company send a beautifully printed and illustrated pamphlet, setting forth the superiority of their pianos.

Surveyor General's Report for 1869-70.

Our thanks are due Surveyor-General Bost, for a copy of Statistical Reports. Inyo County, according to these reports, makes a very sorry showing.—all because this report is based on the returns of 1869, but apparently standing for the last year,—1870. By reference to another article in this issue, the extent of the injustice done this county will be manifest.

Lost It.

The State Prison property of Nevada, the title of which has been in litigation for two years, has, by a recent decision of the courts, lost it, through the negligence of some of the State officers. Its original cost was $10,000, with many thousands more for improvements. With a State treasurery robbed of $106,000, its all, and heavy obligations due, Nevada would appear to be having a rough deal of it.

The Chinese New Year

Falls on the 6th of February. This one will be of more than usual importance, as, according to Chinese reckoning, will begin another term of a thousand years. Two weeks' festivities are to be devoted, in California, to the celebration of the end of a cycle and the beginning of another. Little is known of the manner in which this division of time is connected with their cosmology and religion.

Rain.

Last week the rain fall along the coast was quite general.

Expensive Document.

Mr. Welch, of Cambridge, Mass., recently deceased, the proprietor of the "University Press," was the sincere friend of Harvard College, and had provided in his will for a donation of $20,000 to the University. A small catalogue was to be prepared, and the wise men of Harvard found a printer who was willing to undertake the pamphlet cheaper by a few dollars than their neighbors, the "University Printers," who had a prescriptive right to do the University work. Mr. Welch resolved that the pamphlet, which, if the University had been to poor too pay for, he would gladly have done for nothing, should be the costliest job work ever undertaken. So on his death bed he altered his will, and the $20,000 will never go into the coffers of the University, and the catalogue when it comes out, will henceforth be known as the most expensive document of its size ever printed in America.

COUNTY FINANCES.

Inyo county is rather unfortunate: first, she stands credited in published statistical reports of the State with less than half of her real population and propety values because based on estimates made nearly two years ago. From this cause she must stand for a year to come at the bottom of the list of California counties; her actual progress out of sight, or at least two years in arrears. In another particular of quite as much immediate importance she is equally unfortunate: that is, in the market value or ruling rates of her bonds or warrants. The prices of all articles of commerce are governed by the laws of supply and demand; in one sense a county warrant or other evidence of indebtedness may be considered a marketable commodity, having ony a prospective value, governed by the time and certainty of its redemption. Gold and silver have a fixed value, yet at the same time circumstances might render it impossible for the holder of a twenty dollar piece to obtain more than half its value in silver—because if forced to sale a sufficient amount of silver could not be obtained, or the holders of the silver or bidders having no competition, would not go beyond certain limits, which might be much below the real value.

From some such cause as this it is we suppose, that Inyo's county warrants will bring but 50 cents on the dollar These warrants bear 10 per cent. interest; the ability of the county to redeem them is beyond question; it is only a matter of time. Let that be sooner or later the 10 per cent. interest would still make their purchase a good investment, even at the rates of interest on the Pacific Coast. Except that the interest is not paid annually or semi-annually as in United States securities, we cannot see why money invested in county warrants, even at par, is not equally as good as in the former.

The total indebtedness of this county at the present time, is in round numbers $28,000, with cash on hand sufficient to reduce this to $26,000. Since August last the entire debt has been reduced about 22 per cent. Between the dates of the tax lists of 1869 and 1870 the taxable property has more than doubled. At these rates the debt will be paid in full in two years. The county is now paying, or agreeing to pay, two dollars for one, or if paid in two years, twenty cents for the use of fifty cents, besides the double, assuming money to be worth two per cent per month (it is only one and one half), county warrants ought to day be worth eighty cents, and would be except for the reason mentioned at the outset—want of competition among bidders or scarcity of coin, or what is the same thing, over anxiety on the part of holders to sell.

STATISTICAL.

In The Sacramento Union of January 2d, 1871, we find tables of wealth and population summed up for the year 1870. In these tables the statistics of Inyo county for 1869 appear as for 1870. We are credited with a population of but 1,200, when the actual number is 1,952. The total population of the State, according to these tables is placed at 594,003. To this should be added the difference as shown for this county of 752, making the total, if otherwise correctly stated, to be 594,755.

The number of voters of this county is placed at 300 in these tables, as well as in the Surveyor-General's report. Of citizens entitled to this privilege, some of whom, however, are not on the Great Register—we had, last June, 778 in place of the 300. The increase of property values amounts to $280,017 more than we are credited with in the tables. In every material interest our increase is in the same flattering ratio, approximating in the aggregate to at least 50 per cent. Instead of but 1,500 acres in actual cultivation we have 5,524 acres. Total property valuation (real value) equals $1,103,780, instead of $350,692, as in the report. Of horses we have 1,514, instead of 798. Of neat cattle we have 5,567, in place of 1,080, as in the report, and so on in the same proportion for every article returned.

The census returns, as published in The Scientific Press, of January 7th, 1871, for 1870, are correct so far as this county is concerned. The Press report of the population of the State foots up to 557,275. This is considerably less than The Union table, which is taken from the Surveyor-General's report for 1869-70.

The actual increase of population in the State since 1860, according to The Press, is only 177,397, more than one half of which falls to San Francisco alone, he remainder being divided among the thirty-seven "cow counties," that show an increase. In seventeen mining counties there is a loss of 45,430.

LETTER FROM AURORA.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

AURORA, Nevada, January 14, '71.

EDITORS INDEPENDENT:—The present Winter is, so far as it has come and gone, one of the most remarkable ever experienced in this section since the advent of the whites. We have had no snow as yet worth mentioning, and scarcely enough cold weather to remind us that this country has a climate at all. The results of so much fine, dry weather will, I fear, be disastrous to farmers and stock men, who depend upon the heavy snows of Winter for moistening the ground and thereby producing an abundant crop of grass, as well as for filling the creeks and streams with water for irrigating purposes. True, we are very likely to have some heavy snow-storms before Spring, but late snows seldom do much good in this country. They are generally light, and melt away so suddenly as not moisten the ground to any considerable depth On every hand we already hear farmers expressing their belief that next Summer will be a very dry one—as bad, if not worse than the one last past.

The mines of this county are giving fairer promise of wealth and permanence now than for many years. The mines of Aurora, or Esmeralda District proper, are now, as they have been for several years, measurably neglected and are, of course, producing but a small amount of bullion, but the mines of Aurora are "but a drop in the bucket" compared with the mineral wealth of the whole county. The mines of Columbus District seem to be more promising at present than those of any other camp in the county, if not in the State. The old mines of the district are turning out large quantities of chloride ores of almost fabulous richness, while some new discoveries, recently made, give abundant evidence of being as rich or richer than the old locations. As yet the facilities for reducing the ores are totally inadequate to the wants of the district, but this difficulty will soon be overcome by the erection of new mills. Messrs. Sweetapple & Hazeltine, formerly of Lyon county, are having a new mill built at McCone's foundry, in Silver City, which will be finished and put up at Columbus, with all possible haste. I have been informed, also, that Mr. Hauke, of Columbus, will erect a fine mill there next summer, for crushing the ores from his own mines Those immense deposits of borate of lime, about which so much has been said lately in scientific circles, and by the press generally, lie within two or three miles of Columbus. Borate of lime in such large deposits and in the crystalized form, found near Columbus is "something new under the sun," and the discovery will be of incalculable value to science and art. A huge corporation has been formed in San Francisco for the purpose of working these deposits, and if the enterprise is properly managed it will undoubtly become a source of great profit to the company, as well as revenue to the county. Columbus is, also, blessed with inexhaustible deposits of pure salt, some of the beds or marshes lying almost within the limits of the town Salt is extensively used in the reduction of silver ores, and the discovery of so much of the article so near the town was a streak of good fortune for the people of Columbus. Now, if they could only find a good coal mine or two in the vicinity, their cup of happiness would, or ought to be full; but I suppose they are human like other people, and if they had all I have mentioned and a thousand other conveniences besides, some of them would still grumble because Providence had neglected to furnish them with a few barrels of twenty dollar gold pieces ready coined.

Work has been suspended at the Silver Peak mine and mill for some time, but I am informed, on what I regard as good authority, that operations will be resumed, in full blast, about the 1st of May.

At Pine Grove, which is one of the most even paying, steady-going camps in the State, the people are enjoying their usual prosperity. The yield of the mines in that camp is about $10,000 per week, chiefly gold bullion.

Rockland, four miles south of Pine Grove, is beginning to be a camp of great importance. One of the best mines in the State—"the Dolores"—is situated there, and rumor hath it that Mr. Sylvester Keau, who is the principal owner, has sold one thousand feet of his claim to Pope & Talbot, of San Francisco, for a large sum of money. There is one mill now running steadily at Rockland, and another will be built in the Spring.

Agricultural and other improvements are keeping pace with the development of the mines, and in all respects I think the prospects of our county are brighter now than they have been for many years.

As to local items, scarcely anything worthy of publication has occured here since the Vigilantes cleaned out the roughs in '64. The holidays, immaculate in their clear, bracing, health giving atmosphere and laughing sunshine, have come and gone with their good deeds and good cheer, and linger only as pleasures in memory; but aside from the ordinery routine of the ever welcome Christmas tree festival for the little children and the dinners and suppers, and balls, and New Year's calls for the "children of larger growth"—they passed without mentionable incident or accident in Aurora. No "man for breakfast;" no broken heads; no bloody noses; no elopements; no divorces; no larcenies, arsons, rapes or robberies—no anything to entitle us to the distinction of true Pacific Coast civilization. Life in Aurora is getting to be like a perpetual New England Sunday afternoon. To one who has witnessed the "glorious times" in the hey day of the silver excitement, it is almost intolerable. *Won't* some good Samaritan come up some morning and kill a *small* man or two for our special benefit! If any one, in the fullness of his compassion, desires to afford the people a greater gratification by killing *large* men, he will please bring his victims along with him, for the writer hereof stands six feet seven in his boots, and weighs in the neighborhood of 400 pounds.

Very glad, indeed, to learn from your excellent paper that the citizens of Independence have organized a fire company, and taken time by the forelock in guarding against the ravages of what has been peculiarly the "destroying angel" of Pacific Coast towns. Hail to "Independence Engine Co., No. 1.

G.

LETTER FROM LONE PINE.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

LONE PINE, January 12, 1871.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Times are dull in these parts, and it is difficult to pass off the time without getting into mischief, and there are some hereabout who do not keep clear of rough doing. In walking around the saloons you can occasionally see some of that class of beings commonly called "sports," who have never earned a dollar by honest labor since they have been in the county, and live by waiting for some silly miner to arrive from Cerro Gordo to "go through him." Many of these fall easy victims to their *winning* ways. Only a few evenings since one of these poor fellows arrived from Cerro Gordo to recruit his health, who had $100 to pay his way for a few weeks—two of these low, lazy fellows got hold of him and beat him out of the last dollar he had. The man is not now able to work although he is a good mechanic and willing to work when he can. Another specimen of a confidence man, who came here from Los Angeles about three months since, by the name of Joe Wilson, a young fellow about twenty-three years old. He finally got an out-fit of four horses, harness and a thorough-brace wagon, $60 in gold coin and a gold watch, with which to go to Los Angeles and bring a load of fruit for himself and J. H. Strachan. The aforesaid Wilson, not having the fear of God before his eyes, took the team, wagon and harness to Los Angeles and, on the 27th ultimo had them sold for the sum of $215, when $600 would have been a very moderate price. But is it not strange that a fair looking American will take the chances of going to the State prison for ten or fifteen years for the pitiful sum of $215? We have still smaller thieves, too, for on Monday night, at an hour when all honest men were in bed, an able bodied old scamp, who talks French, Spanish and Italian, was caught in Mrs. Parry's hen house—he had four of the fowls tied and was still tying when he was caught by Father Sander. The same individual has stolen more blankets from Brice McKinney and Dr. Columbo than he can pack in three square loads across the street.

Messrs. Editors, if you, or any one else, have any freighting from Los Angeles, you would do well to see R. Nadeau, Esq., as I understand that he has agreed to deliver 130 tons of bullion per month to Los Angeles, for M. W. Belshaw, Esq., of Cerro Gordo. This is about twice as much as Mr Belshaw has ever been able to ship. For Mr Nadeau to ship this amount it will require at least thirty teams per month. There is no hopes of his being able to keep up with the furnace, as there is on hand at the present time about 450 tons If Mr. Nadeau could take 230 tons instead of 130 he would still be far behind the demand of the furnaces.

Messrs. Editors, you and the out-side world think that Lone Pine is but a small, one-horse town, judging, I mean, from the number of business advertisements that appear in your paper. It is true that Aurora beats this place all hollow, and so does Bishop Creek. Either of them advertise more than do the merchants of Lone Pine. We have enough places of business, and they sell their goods, wares, etc., high enough; they sell more for cash than any other town in the county, and why they are so penurious I cannot see They do not have to pay the bills of the printer, for they get it all from the consumer—it is he that pays for all their little extras. I am going to show you and the out-side world that we are not such small potatoes, if our merchants do not advertise, for we have five very respectable stores. I will name them, that you may see whose they are: A. M. Loomis & Bro.; Danieri & Steuart; Chas. Meysan; George Fobstein; Francisco Brizzolara and Peyser & Hoff. Our whisky mills are to numerous too mention, but they number nine. Of the very good livery stable of I. W. Hunt you have heard; he has a card in your paper The other is kept by Cyrus Mulkey, a very good man; of hotels we have two, and one restaurant, two breweries, one black-smith shop, one photograph gallery, and two butcher shops.

SWYTHIAN.

Newspaper Change.

The Carson Appeal material has been sold to Perkins & Street, who are now publishing The State Register—Democratic in politics. It is a good paper, and we infer that Carson is one of the most lively little cities in the country.

Sutro Tunnel.

The Sutro Tunnel was, on the 9th, in 1,760 feet. The ground works well. The water is increasing at the face of the tunnel.

OBITUARY.

"Thou hast all seasons for thine own, O! Death!"

Sad news, indeed, was to me, to hear that my long-loved friend, Mrs. LAVINIA GREEN was dead. How little did I think when last I clasped her hand and said, "good bye," it was to be forever. No, not *forever!* only to the shrine through which we loved the soul that was immortal.

How death rolls up the curtain from the past, and points to every word and act, and gives to each a meaning we did not see before. I now recall a conversation we had together the last day I was with her. We were speaking of her departed sister, Mrs Smith, when I observed her shudder and turn a little pale; and, she said, "I believe *she is here now!*" I said, "I have no doubt of it," and I spoke of the views I had of death and the life beyond; when she replied, with much earnestness. "If this be true then I would not fear to die." But how little did I dream then, while looking upon her in the full tide of life and health, of being called so soon to mourn the loss of one for whom I have for years entertained feelings of the warmest friendship. Beloved by all who knew her, and idolized by her husband, being the light of his home and heart, as they had no children—but little Edith, the adopted daughter of her deceased sister, who is doubly an orphan now—and I feel to mingle my tears with his and her bereaved sister and friends, and to ask that Divine consolation may be given them to enable them to bear this sad affliction.

LUNA HUTCHISON.

Owens Valley, January 17, 1871.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

It is a great mistake to suppose that the cause of rheumatism, neuralgia or gout exists where the pain is experienced. The source of these diseases is generally UREA in the blood, and it is one of the special properties of Dr. WALKER'S VEGETABLE VINEGAR BITTERS to neutralize this deposit, while it renovates the relaxed kidneys and thus prevents them from permitting a portion of their secretion to escape through improper channels. Torpidity of the stomach has also much to do with the vitiation of the blood, and upon this organ the Bitters act directly as a stimulant and invigorant.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Consul General on the Pacific Coast for Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Russia.

Established 1849.

ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

ESSENTIAL OILS, DYE STUFFS,

And General Merchandise,

By the Package Only.

CASH ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION from this or any Foreign Market will receive prompt and faithful attention. Miners, Manufacturers and Wholesale Trade supplied on Cash. No notice or attention paid to orders for goods, if there is no provision made for the payment of the same.

CONSIGNMENT SOLICITED.

OFFICE, No. ..... FOREST, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

N. B.—Cash for Wine Products So licited on Consignment.

☞ N. B.—Business transacted in all the principal Commercial Languages. ☜ ja21n30

C. O. D.

WM B. LAKE,

ADVERTISING

—AND—

PURCHASING AGENT,

No. 12 Montgomery Street,

SAN FRANCISCO,

Opposite Lick House. Up Stairs.

WILL FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY description at the very lowest cash rates, he having superior facilities for purchasing and an intimate acquaintance with all the leading houses in the city. All articles sent promptly on the receipt of cash, or C. O. D. He refers by permission to LAVILAND, COOPER & CO., China, Crockery and Fancy Goods Dealers, 335 Pine street, San Francisco; DR. B. F. JOSSELYN, 618 Sacramento street; CUMMINGS BROTHERS, American Watch Depot, 607 Montgomery street; BEARE, ROBBINS & CO., importers of Printing Paper, 516 Sacramento street; G. G. BURNETT, Druggist, 330 Montgomery street; JAMES R. GATES, Importer of Drugs and Medicines, corner of Commercial and Sansome streets; KOHLER, CHASE & CO., Dealers in Toys and Musical Instruments, 635 and 637 Clay street; R. H. YATES, Agent for Singer Sewing Machines, 139 Montgomery street; H. A. FLEMING, Agent for Howe Sewing Machines, 137 Kearney street; J. A. SHABSE, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Furniture and Bedding, 707 Market street. ja21n50

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO ME BY MY connection with the firms of WESTERVILLE & CO and WESTERVILLE & RYAN are hereby notified to pay all such debts to JOHN R. WESTERVILLE, who alone is authorized to receipt for the same; and I hereby give notice that in any business that I engage in in the future, the said J. R. Westerville and the firm of Westerville & Ryan are in no way responsible for the same.

JOHN T. RYAN.

Independence, Jan 16, 1871. ja21n30 4t

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD MOST RESPECTFULLY notify persons indebted to him in business contracted during the old year, that all accounts must be settled, either by cash or note on account of a change made in my business from CREDIT to CASH, which took place on the 1st day of January, 1871. Am prepared to sell goods of all kinds lower than has ever been offered heretofore in this part of the country—for CASH, and CASH ONLY.

R. J. MORRISON,

ja21n30 6t Benton, Cal.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF THOMAS MASON, DECEASED.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Administrator of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers within ten months from the publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at his residence at Bishop Creek.

n27 GEORGE SMITH, Administrator

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COpartnership heretofore existing between O. GLOVER and WM. DEAN has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm will pay the same to O. Glover, and all debts due by the firm will be paid by both parties equally.

O. GLOVER,

WM. DEAN.

Independence, January 20, 1871. Ja21-3t.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SAN FELIPE MINING COMPANY—LOCATION, Cerro Gordo, Inyo County, California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said company, held on Friday, January 6th, 1871, an assessment of Five Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, 419 California street, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the Fifteenth Day of February, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, shall be sold on TUESDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF MARCH, 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

D. A. JENNINGS Secretary.

Office—Room No. 26, Hayward's Building, 419 California street, San Francisco, California.

n29 4t

REPORT OF COUNTY TREASURER.

INDEPENDENCE, Inyo Co., Cal., December 19, 1870.

AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING WARRANTS.

On the County General Fund	$12 075 89	
" " Road "	4 745 66	
" " Building "	6 532 00	
" Mono Debt "	12,000 00	
Total amount of outstanding warrants		$35,353.55

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT FUNDS.

For the County General Fund	$ 660 20	
" " Road "	498 16	
" " Building "	223 51	
" " Hospital "	1,102 68	
" " Sinking "	58 43	
" " Contingent	260 03	
" " Gen. school fund (unapport'ned)	1,134 22	
" " Mono debt fund	1 370 61	
" " State Gen. "	3,464 91	
		$8,773 35

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

School District of Independence	$ 3 79	
" " Milton	102 64	
" " Union	80 64	
" " Bishop Creek	190 41	
" " Lone Pine	102 62	
" " Round Valley	37 45	
		$9,334 96

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL LIBRARY FUNDS.

School Library Fund, Independence	$16 79	
School Library Fund Milton	22 74	
" " " Union	1 99	
" " " Lone Pine	2 54	
		$44 06
Cash received for delinquent taxes till date (unapp'r'n'd)	$ 729 46	
Total am't of cash on hand	$10 064 42	
Am't due for State purposes	3 464 91	
Total am't cash on hand for county purposes	$6 599 51	
To County Indebtedness to date (interest not included)	28,754 04	
		$35 353.55
County Indebtedness last report, date August 5, 1870	$33,525 50	
County Indebtedness December 19	28,754 04	
Reduction of County Indebtedness since August 5, 1870	$4 771 46	

I. H. BRIS, County Treasurer.
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

Approved January 9, A. D. 1870

J. H. SHEDD, President.

Filed January 9th, A. D. 1871.

n29 4t S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER, Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., January 2, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY "GENERAL FUND."

No.	In favor of	Amount.
199	M. A. Gormley	$250 00
203	C. F. Dunn	25 00
204	A. C. Hudson	250 00
205	E. S. Moore	64 00
206	M. Gorman	57 50
207	A. C. Hudson	250 00

ON THE "COUNTY BUILDING" FUND.

304	John Broder	$600 00

ON THE "MONO DEBT" FUND.

No. 3	Mono County	$500 00

I. H. BRIS,
County Treasurer.
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

n28 4t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Fifth Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of P. Reddy against Reuben Cuervo, duly attested on Fifth day of January, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon and attached the following described Real Estate, to wit:

Fifty undivided feet in the Union quartz lead or lode, situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871 at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the Town of Independence, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for Cash, United States gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,

By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

January 14 1871. n29 3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Fifth Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of M. W. Belshaw & Co. against P. G. Gelcich, duly attested the Ninth day of January, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon and attached the following described real estate, to wit:

Two hundred lineal feet in the Monitor mine, situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock, P. M., in front of the Court House, in the Town of Independence, I will sell the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for Cash, United States gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,

By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

January 14th, 1871. n29-3t

NOTICE.

TO THE CERRO GORDO AND VIRginia Mining Company: Henry Bush, Jr., P. W. Bennett, J. B. Rowley, and M. D. Bummer or his agent; also, G. W. Cornell and Antonio Meresol or their or either of their respective agents, executors, administrators, heirs or assigns, partners with H. W. Gould in the Buene Suerte Mine, situated in the Belmont Mining Camp, Lone Pine District, Inyo county, California. Notice—There will be a meeting of the owners in the above mine held at the Office of H. W. Gould, in the upper town or Cerro Gordo, said district, county and State, on Saturday, the 25th day February, A. D., 1871, at 6 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of levying assessments for working and developing said mine.

H. W. GOULD.

Cerro Gordo, December 26, A. D., 1870.

NOTICE:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between WILLIAM L. MOORE and C. D. BEGOLE, of Lone Pine, Inyo County, California, has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent. All those indebted to C. D. Begole, or C. D. Begole & Co., are hereby notified to come forward and settle with C. D. Begole immediately.

WM. L. MOORE,

C. D. BEGOLE.

Lone Pine, Cal., January 2, 1871.

FREEDOM NOTICE.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT WE HAVE THIS day given to our son, LA FAYETTE GILL, the remainder of his time, during his minority, to act for himself. We shall claim none of his wages, and shall not pay any of his debts contracted after this date.

S. A. DENSMORE,

F. F. DENSMORE.

Independence, Jan. 9, 1871. 29-3t

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Jan. 21, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

, All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 6 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Entitled to Vote.

From Assistant U. S. Census Marshal Connelly's report, now on file in the Clerk's office, we find the following as the true number of voters or persons entitled to that privilege, who were in this county June, 1870:

Cerro Gordo, Swansea, Coso and Big Lake	192
Lone Pine, including George's Creek	167
Independence and vicinity, excluding soldiers	159
Bishop Creek, including all from Camp Independence North	260
Total for the county	778

Mail Petition.

A petition has been extensively circulated through town, receiving many signatures, praying for an increase to three times a week of the Southern Stage Line. This is a good idea, for the stages now run full from Lone Pine south; and we believe the increase of business and importance of this valley, particularly the southern end of it, demand the increased mail and traveling facilities. It petitions have a weight among "the powers that be," sign it by all means.

Commissions.

We direct the attention of business men and our readers generally, to the advertisement of Ernest A. Erlandson, general commission merchant of San Francisco. Mr. Erlandson has been established in business since 1849, and receives cash orders for goods and consignments of every description, and transacts business in all commercial languages.

Items.

Many items of interest, concerning matters in and around Esmeralda, will be found in the letter of our correspondent, "G," from Aurora. "Swythin," of Lone Pine, brings to light, also, some transactions occuring in that place, and gives an idea of the quantity of bullion on hand in Cerro Gordo.

Mount Hope Mine.

This mine is located about one mile east of the Crysopolis mill. Capt. Chase is at work driving a tunnel, which is now in fifty feet, and in thirty or forty feet further expects to strike the ledge at a depth of one hundred and fifty feet. The Captain thinks he will find a twenty foot ledge and rich. It is to be hoped he may.

Collister's Line.

John Collister is about establishing his line from this place to Cerro Gordo as a tri-weekly, going all the way through in one day. The principal business done is between Lone Pine and Cerro Gordo. "Mc" is bound to be ahead—we'll bet a new hat that he is the first of our stage lines to run a daily.

Thanks.

We have received an interesting sketch from the pen of Mr. J. C. Watt, of Swansea, which will appear in our issue of next week. Also, a letter from the genial "Picton," a member of the detachment of Co. B, 12th Infantry, now posted at Fish Lake Valley, received to late for this week's paper.

C. O. D.

Parties desiring any description of goods or articles from San Francisco, will do well to refer to the advertisement of Wm. B. Lake, elsewhere. Mr. Lake is agent of The Independent in San Francisco, and will be remembered by his many old Aurora friends.

Ball at Benton.

We learn that R. J. Morrison, of Hot Springs, intends giving a ball at his place on the anniversary of Washington's Birthday. The affair will doubtless be an enjoyable one, and will be largely attended by dancers.

Ice.

Mr. Connelly has, up to this date, secured about twenty tons of ice in the ice-house lately constructed just above town. Should the weather continue favorable, he expects to house sixty tons in all.

Eclipse.

We hear of some extensive operations and changes on the part of the Eclipse Company, among the rest, the cutting of a ditch to supply the mill with water from the river as a motive power.

Removing.

Messrs. Rothschilds & Co., are taking possession of their new store, where they may have room for part of their customers to get in at one time.

Returned.

Our jovial friend D. P. Pierce, formerly of the Kearsarge mine, has put in an appearance among us again, and says that he prefers this country to Washoe.

Cash Basis.

See R. J. Morrison's notice, among the new advertisements.

A THRILLING ADVENTURE.

[From The Iowa Tribune.]

We question whether in the history of "hair breadth" escapes, a parallel to the following can be found. The story was told by an old and valued friend, now residing in Ohio, but whose early days were spent near the scene of the tragic adventure here related. We give the story as related in the words of the hero:

"It was about the year 1789, that I settled in Virginia; near the falls of the Kanawha. The country at that time was an unbroken wilderness. But few settlements had been made then by the whites, and they were so far apart as to render vain all hope of assistance in case of an attack from the hostile Indians—numbers of whom still infested the neighborhood.

I lived there alone with my wife for several months, unmolested, and by dint of perseverance, being young and hardy, had succeeded in making quite a large clearing in the forest, which I had planted with corn, and which promised an abundant yield.

One morning after we had dispatched our humble meal, and I had just prepared to venture forth on my regular routine of labor, my attention was arrested by the tinkling of a cow-bell in the corn-field.

"There," said my wife, "the cow is in the corn field."

But the ear of a backwoodsman becomes, by education, very active, especially so from the fact that his safety often depends upon the nice calculation of that sense. I was not easily deceived. I listened—the sound was repeated. 'That,' said I to my wife, 'was not the tinkle of a bell upon the neck of a cow. It is a decoy from some Indians who wish to draw me into some ambush.'

Believing this to be the case, I took down my old musket, and seeing that it was properly loaded, I stole cautiously around the field to the point from which the sound seemed to proceed. As I suspected, there, in a cluster of bushes, crouched an Indian waiting for me to appear in answer to his decoy bell that he might send the faithful bullet to my heart. I approached without discovering myself to him until within shooting distance, then raised my piece and fired. The bullet sped true to its mark, and the Indian fell dead.

Fearing that he might be accompanied by others, I returned with all speed to the cabin, and having firmly barricaded the door, I watched all day from the port-holes in anticipation of an attack from the companions of the Indian I had killed. To add to the seeming helplessness of my situation, I discovered that I had but one charge of powder left. I could make but one shot, and if attacked by numbers, I should be entirely in their power. Determined to do the best with what I had, I poured out the last charge of powder and put it in my musket and then waited the approach of night, feeling confident of an attack. Night came at last—a beautiful moonlight night it was, too, and this favored me greatly, as I would thereby be able to watch the movements of the enemy as they approached my cabin. It was some two hours after nightfall and yet I had neither heard or seen any signs of the Indians, when suddenly I was startled by the baying of my dog at the stable, which stood a little west of the cabin, and between the two was a patch of ground upon which the full moon fell unobstructed. Judging from the noise at the stables that they would advance from that direction, I posted myself at the port hole on that side of the cabin.

I had previously placed my wife on the cross pole in the chimney, so that in case that our enemies effected an entrance in the cabin she might climb through the low chimney and effect her escape. For myself I entertained no hope; but I resolved to sell my life dearly.

With breathless anxiety I watched at the portehole. At length I saw them emerge from the shadow of the stable and advance across the vacant ground toward my cabin. One—two—three—great heaven! six stalwart Indians armed to the teeth, and urged on by the hope of revenge, and I alone to oppose them, with but one charge of powder. My case was desperate indeed. With quick, yet steady step in close, single file they approached, and were already within a few yards of the house, when a slight change in the movement of the forward Indian changed the position of the entire six, so that a portion of the left side of each was uncovered.

They were all in range—one aim would have covered all. Quick as thought I aimed and fired. As the smoke cleared away, I could hardly credit what my senses showed me as the result of my shot. The fifteen slugs with which I had loaded my musket had done their work well. Five of the six Indians lay dead upon the ground, and the sixth one had disappeared.

Although no enemy was in sight, I did not venture forth until morning. Securing the arms of the fallen Indians, I followed up the missing one until I reached the river, beyond which place I could discover no trace whatever. From the amount of blood which marked the trail, together with the unmistakable evidence that he had picked his way with difficulty, I was led to believe he was mortally wounded, and in order to prevent his body from falling into the hands of his white foe he had groped his way to the river, and thrown himself into the current which bore him away.

The Indians had killed my cow, and that, you may be assured, was no trifling loss, yet in my gratitude at my escape from the merciless savages I would have been willing to have made greater sacrifices. I was well provided (by means of the arms and amunition taken from the six Indians) in case of a second attack, but this, fortunately proved to be my last adventure with the savages. Not one of the band had escaped to tell the tale to incite his brethern to revenge the death of his comrades."

"Ah!" exclaimed the old man, while the tears gushed from his eyes at the memory of that eventful night "that was a glorious shot—the best I ever made."

The hero of this adventure lived to to see his rude wilderness, where he had pitched his homely cabin, transformed into smiling fields and peopled by hardy and enterprising pale faces, among whom his last days were passed in peace and plenty, undisturbed by the presence of his old time foes.

BOOTS & SHOES.

BOOTS & SHOES.

New Shoemaker Shop,

One door North of the Drug Store.

G. W. TODD. JNO. MALONE.

TODD & MALONE

ANNOUNCE TO THEIR FRIENDS AND THE public generally that they are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of BOOTS and SHOES, on the shortest notice, FOR CASH. The best of French material will be used.

☞ Repairing Neatly Executed. ☜

nv5n18tf

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

J. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise.

Stock consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Dry Goods,

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS.

Boots and Shoes

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

Extra Family Flour,

BELL'S NO. 1, constantly on hand and for sale

Goods constantly arriving from the San Francisco market.

Take Heed to Our Motto!

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!" ☜

"A nimble nine-pence is preferable to a slow shilling!"

ONE PRICE STORE!

☞ SAVE MONEY BY BUYING CHEAP! ☜

"ECONOMY IS WEALTH."

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, January 1, 1871.

WAGON WORK.

WAGON MAKING,

House and Sign Painting.

J. G. PAYNE, Proprietor,

ANNOUNCES THAT HE IS PREPARED TO execute all description of Wagon Making, House and Sign Painting, etc., at reasonable rates, at his shop on Edwards street. jy16tr

BLACKSMITHING.

MILLS & CLARKE,

BISHOP CREEK, INYO COUNTY, CAL.,

BLACKSMITHING,

Horseshoeing, Repairing, Etc.,

Done with neatness and dispatch.

Bishop Creek, July 11, 1870. n1v13m.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Fish Springs Store

J. R. WESTERVILLE. | J. T. RYAN

WESTERVILLE & RYAN,

BEG LEAVE TO TENDER THANKS TO THEIR neighbors for the patronage already extended to them, and being desirous of a continuance of their custom will constantly keep on hand a supply of

Dry Goods & Clothing,

GROCERIES,

Hardware,

Farming and Mining Utensils,

Medicines.

LIQUORS,

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

WESTERVILLE & RYAN.

13v23tf

Bishop Creek

CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES.

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal. August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

For Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his place in Lone Pine,

FIFTY HEAD OF HOGS,

At a bargain. Inquire of

LOUIS MUNZINGER, Lone Pine.

n25tf

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 65 cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

J. W. TYLER.

AURORA

Fruit & Variety

STORE.

J. W. TYLER,

AURORA,

Nevada.

Wholesale and retail dealer in

ALL KINDS OF FRUITS

APPLES,
PEARS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS,
GRAPES

And every kind of fruit in season

AT REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH!

Cigars and Tobacco,

Havana and American Cigars,
Cigaritos de Damas,
Manillas, Etc

The best qualities of

Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos!

Chewing—(Fine Cut)—

John Anderson's Solace,
Liberty Boy,
Forest Rose,
Century,
Savory,
(in Papers or Cans.)

Chewing—(Plug)—

Nature's Bounty,
Nectar of Roses,
May Apple,
Forest Rose,
Washoe,
Prince Esterhazy,
Horn of Plenty
Signet,
Tulip,
Pear
Pearl of Orient,
Bouquet,
Peach,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Smoking—

WADAWANUCK,
BIG LICK,
SETHALSEY,
NONPARIEL,
GOLDEN SHOWER,
ORONOCO,
EUREKA,
SIESTA,
FOREST ROSE,

All of which we will sell in papers or can the lowest market prices.

TURKISH AND SPANISH.

Maccoboy, Scotch and French Rapee

SNUFFS!

Meerschaum, Stone and India Rubber PIPES,

Cherry Stems, Mouth Pieces, etc., etc.

A good assortment of

Stationery,
Pocket Cutlery,
Gold Pens,
Pencils,
Albums,
Chessmen,
Playing Cards,
Crib Boards,
Spectacles,
Brushes, all kinds,
Etc., etc., etc.

ALSO,

A good assortment of the finest

CANDIES,
FIG PASTE,
RASINS,
NUTS,
FIGS,
GUAVA JELLY,
ETC., ETC.

LADIES' PORTFOLIOS ALL SIZES!

Drawing and Tissue Paper!

Diaries for 1871.

PERFUMERY, EXTRACTS and SOAPS.

IF YOU WANT

TOYS AND GIFTS

—GO TO—

J. W. TYLER'S.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL receive prompt attention. Remember

J. W. TYLER,

Corner Pine and Bush Streets,

AURORA, NEVADA.

Aurora, Nev., September 20, 1870. n13tf

LIVERY STABLES.

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

Independence, Cal.,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

EAGLE

Livery and Feed

STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

HUNT'S

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5-6m

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB,..... Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

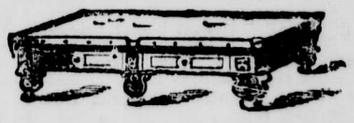
A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass,
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n2jy16tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

BILLIARDS!

Messrs Phelan & Collender,



THE WELL-KNOWN BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS, of New York, have established at

541 Market Street, San Francisco,

An extensive branch of their business, where they propose to keep constantly on hand the LARGEST and most complete assortment of

Billiard Tables, Cloths, Cues, etc.,

ON THIS COAST.

THE TABLES are of the latest styles and size recently adopted in the Eastern States; are manufactured in the best possible manner, and are furnished with PHELAN'S LATEST IMPROVED CUSHIONS. The

New Composition Billiard Balls,

Made by the Hyatt Manufacturing Co. of Albany, New York—THE BEST SUBSTITUTE FOR IVORY YET DISCOVERED. For sale only by us. Price, $12 per set.

All goods sold will be of the best quality, and the prices fully as low as any other house in the business.

Parties visiting the city are invited to visit our warerooms and inspect our stock.

GEO. E. PHELAN, 541 Market St.

N. B. The public are notified that no other parties on the Pacific coast have the right to sell Phelan's Cushions. n17-3m

NOTICE TO SAWYERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISH TO LET A CONTRACT, at the Big Pine Saw Mill, of

Sawing TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND FEET OF LUMBER

For particulars enquire at Bell's flour mill or at the Big Pine saw mill.

BELL & BRO.

January 1, 1871.

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Jan. 21, 1871.

Hints to Farmers.

The "Fat Contributor," of The Cincinnati Times, contributes the following hints, which may be of use to our agricultural readers:

Now that Winter is approaching, it would, perhaps, be as well to discontinue haying, and turn your attention to getting in your fall saw-logs. No farmer can consider his fall work complete until he has his cellar well supplied with saw-logs. Seated around a blazing hearth of a Winter's night, there is no fruit more delicious.

A correspondent asks us what we think of late plowing. Plowing should not be continued later than 10 or 11 o'clock at night. It gets the horses in the habit of staying out late, and unduly exposes the plow. We have known plows to acquire spring halt and inflammatory rheumatism from late plowing. Don't do it.

To another correspondent who wants to suggest a good drain on a farm, we would say a heavy mortgage at ten per cent. will drain it about as rapidly as anything we know of.

A pick-ax should never be used in picking apples. It has a tendency to break down the vines and damage the hive.

In sowing your Winter apple-jack a horse-rake will be found preferable to a step-ladder. Step-ladders are liable to freeze up, and are hardly palatable unless boiled with sugar.

The coming cold weather should suggest to the humane farmer the necessity for a new cow-shed. The following is a receipt for making a good cow-shed: Pour a pailful of boiling hot water on her back, and if that don't make a good cow-shed—her hair—we are no prophet, to anybody.

Recent English Travelers.

Like most of our recent and more liberal travelers in America, Mr. Rae and the "Two Englishmen" exert themselves to do justice to the general refinement and gentle bearing of persons in the higher classes of American society, and to impress on readers that the piquant sketches which a departed generation of caricaturists produced a veritable portraitures of transatlantic character exhibit none of the traits of either ordinary or exceptional Americans of the present day. "As for the repulsive Yankee of the novelists," Mr. Rae observes, he is nowhere to be met in the flesh." The "Two Englishmen" go yet further, and, after insisting that, though he may have less stiffness and formality than his European equivilents, "the American gentleman is as good a type of his class as is to be found in London or Paris," they compare English with Ameaican morality, to the great advantage of the latter. "The morality of American society," they remark, "generally appears to us to be much more stern than that of the English. A man who transgresses the bounds of decorum in the United States is looked on as a black sheep, to be avoided by all respectable people, and not to be admitted within the precincts of a gentleman's house."

Household Receipts.

Corn bread—An original receipt—To make corn bread equally well without as with eggs was discovered by a California miner who recently communicated the method to us. Our friend occupied a "camp," and of course did his own cooking. On one occasion finding himself short of meal for his corn bread, he eked it out by mixing therewith a quantity of cold mush which had been set aside from a previous meal. His astonishment was great at perceiving the decided improvement the previously cooked meal produced on his corn bread. He repeated the experiment with the same result, and has since communicated the discovery to many, all of whom are unanimous in pronouncing cooked meal as good as eggs to make corn bread light. Mix liberally, say one-third.

—Angry old gentleman: "Now, you children, I'll tell you what it is; if you make any more noise in front of my house, I'll speak to that policeman."

Chorus of juveniles: "That p'liceman! Lor, we ain't afeered of him! Why, that's father!"

—Poets, who praise northwesters above all,
Will Winter "Honest Winter" doubtless call.
Honest, indeed! Why, Winter's no such thing—
Does it not often steal a March from Spring?

—The Saturday Review thinks that the next compiler of a history of inventions ought to include in his book some notice of the men who have discovered names for new magazines.

—It has been ascertained that there are in the United States sixty-one thousand ministers of all denominations. Averaging the salary, it is about $700.

—The Courts decide that all railroad tickets are good until used, the condition, "Good for this day only," being of no value—according to judicial decisions.

—Flesh colored gloves are the latest fashion. The advantage is, that at a little distance no one notices that you've got them on, except in Pittsburg.

—Notwithstanding the war, each of the States engaged in the rebellion shows an actual increase in population since 1860.

—The difference between a horse-dealer and a horse-stealer is not always a pronounced one, although it should be.

France just now is the "Gaul of bitterness."

—Could a grass-hopper play at cricket if it had a mind to do so?

—A Home melodist. A baby

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, Etc., Etc.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Store in Post Office Building.

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

ART GALLERY.

PHOTOGRAPHS,

Ambrotypes

And Melainotypes.

Mr. L. D. WELSH,

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN HIS business in Independence, will be happy to meet the citizens of Inyo county at his rooms on Edwards Street, nearly opposite the Inyo House, where he is prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES and MELANOTYPES of every description.

Views taken of Buildings, Scenery, Mining claims, etc., at very moderate prices.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

1:8a29tf

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. 1:2tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, December 3, 1870. n23m3

HARNESS AND SADDLES.

HARNESS SHOP.

Bishop Creek, Inyo County, Cal.

HAVING OPENED A HARNESS AND SADDLER Shop, with a complete stock, the undersigned will make and repair all kinds of

HARNESS AND SADDLES.

Work warrranted to give satisfaction.

Shop on Stage Road, one mile north of Sneden's Store—place better known as "NORTON'S LIGHT HOUSE."

ALEXANDER C. MATLACK.

Bishop Creek, September 24, 1870 n12 3m

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Dry Goods,

HARDWOOD,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES,

Crockery,

GLASSWARE,

Tin-Ware,

SADDLERY,

Farming Implements,

SHOE FINDINGS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,

Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas,
Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni,
Vermicelli, Tapioca,
Preserved Fruits,
Jellies, Jams,
Dried Apples,
Peaches,
Grapes,
Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles,
Extracts, Sauces,
Codfish, Salmon, Mackerl,
Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,

French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS

Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,

SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.

Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER

Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,

WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,

WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITTS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of

Glass and Crockery Ware,

Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

D. COHN & CO.

Independence, Cal, October 3, 1870. n13tf

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES,

Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfc

Drugs & Medicines

ALSO,

SPICES, PERFUMES, &C.

—AND—

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

PATENT MEDICINES,

HORSE LINIMENTS,

STATIONERY:

Of Every Variety.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONERY

—AND—

ALL KINDS OF NUTS.

Tobacco & Cigars

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AND A VARIETY of other goods not specified, all at reasonable prices for cash.

JOHN LENTELL.

Independence, July 6, 1870. n1v13m

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, August 8, 1870. n5 6m

LUMBER, LUMBER!

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

BELL & BRO., Proprietors.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH

LUMBER AND SHINGLES

Equal to the very best that can be produced in Inyo County, in quantities to suit, at our mill on Big Pine Creek, at

Lowest Rates for Cash.

We can furnish scantling of any length up to 32 feet, and timbers of any size up to 34 inches square, Siding, Flooring, extra clear, narrow or wide, Soft Finishing Lumber, etc., etc. Parties desiring timbers or lumber of any kind can not do better than to examine our stock and facilities before purchasing elsewhere.

Good Merchantable Lumber at $35.

Big Pine, October 30, 1870. n17tf

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK

Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Also, in connection,

Partzwick Hotel.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions,

CLOTHING, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.,

At Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., Sept. 26, 1870. n12-3m

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

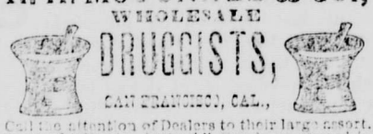
Wines, Liquors, Etc.

AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

WHOLESALE



DRUGGISTS,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,

Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with every article kept in a well supplied WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.

FRESH DRUGS,	TILDEN'S PREPARAT'S
PATENT MEDICINES,	DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS	SHAKER HERBS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,	PERFUMERIES,
KEROSENE OIL,	PAINTS AND OILS,

Which we offer at the lowest Cash Prices, and are determined not to be undersold.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

FOR SALE.

OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal. After our best wishes, and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty-one years, during which period we have been steadily engaged in the Drug business in California, we beg to say to consequence of the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Cal. Vinegar Bitters, now spread over the United States and countries far beyond, we are necessitated to devote our entire time to said business.

We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific coast and the only one continuous under the same proprietors since 1849, and have determined to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.

This is a rare opportunity for men with means, of entering into a profitable business with advantages never before offered.

For particulars enquire of

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists.
San Francisco, Cal.

R. H. McDONALD, J. C. SPENCER.

N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices to defy competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!

Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands

Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Bitters have no equal. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a powerful Tonic, possessing also the peculiar property of removing Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and other Visceral Organs.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

MEDICAL.

TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK, August 15, 1866.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo, Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœia, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of profound confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist of 19 Years' Experience.

(From the largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.)

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU

For weakness arising from indiscretion. The exhausted powers of Nature which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forbodings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

THE CONSTITUTION

Once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu

In affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incidental to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

—AND—

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copavia and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to effect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere Price $1 25 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $6 50. Delivered to any address. Describe Symptoms in all communications.

ADDRESS,

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Drug & Chemical Warehouse,

594 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

NONE ARE GENUINE unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA; SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1871. NUMBER 31.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Jan. 28, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

TERMS:

One Year, by Mail or Express	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
Three Months	1 75
One Month	50
Single Copies	25

LEGAL ADVERTISING

Will be charged for as follows, invariably in advance:

Per Square, First Insertion	$1 50
Per Square, Second Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Third Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Fourth Insertion	1 00
Per Square, each subsequent Insertion	35

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING

Will be charged for at the following rates, in advance:

One Square (10 lines or less)	1 Month	$5 00
" " "	2 "	8 00
" " "	3 "	10 00

REGULAR ADVERTISERS

Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

AGENTS:

Authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions.

San Francisco	WM. B. LAKE.
New York	HUDSON & MENET.
Virginia, Nev.	J. R. MYERS.
Aurora "	JAS. M. MEREDITH.
Hot Springs	ALBERT MACK.
Bishop Creek	SETH G. SNEDEN
Big Pine	D. NAYLOR.
Fish Springs	J. T. RYAN.
Lone Pine	A. B. ELDER.
Cerro Gordo	JOHN B. WHITE.

ATTORNEYS.

J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law,

AURORA, NEVADA.

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. n30ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf]

P. REDDY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

SAN FRANCISCO CORRESPONDENTS:

BENNETT & OWENS,

JUDGE N. P. BENNETT. JNO. W. OWENS

All business in reference to Mining Patents and Land Claims, Collections, etc., promptly attended to. v1n1ly

BUSINESS CARDS.

HARVEY RUSSELL,

Justice of the Peace,

BISHOP CREEK PRECINCT.

Office at Sneden's Hall. n1v16m

J. J. MOORE,

Justice of the Peace,

LONE PINE PRECINCT.

aug 8n65 ly

JOHN A. HANNAH,

Justice of the Peace,

FIFTH PRECINCT.

MINING RECORDER,

CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.

n10v1ly

A. B. ELDER

SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY,

L. A. TALCOTT,

UNDER SHERIFF.

JOB PRINTING

—OF—

Every Description,

EXECUTED IN

UNEXCEPTIONABLE STYLE,

—AT THE—

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

ASSAYING.

ASSAY OFFICE

J. W. POOR.

Office—PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA

BULLION and ORES assayed. CORRECTNESS GUARANTEED. n1v13m.

HOTELS.

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BAILEY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

STAGE HOUSE.

Independence, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.

MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v1 3m

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870 n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK

STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE.

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14n3

SALOONS.

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON,

Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.

BACKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors.

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE. n12v93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8s29 3m

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

SALOON.

MAY & TASKER, Proprietors.

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS, INDEPENDENCE.

WHERE THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE happy to meet all old and new friends. Bar supplied with the most popular and palatable beverages. Call and take a smile, smoke a Havana, and play a game of billiards.

MAY & TASKER.

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK,

MASONS,

A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.

July 9, 1870. n1v13*

BAKERY.

LONE PINE BAKERY.

ANTONIO PASSMA

ANNOUNCES to his friends and the public generally that he has constantly on hand BREAD, and CAKES. Pies and fancy Pastry furnished to order.

Lone Pine, Aug. 4, 1870. [n06 6m

BOOTS & SHOES.

BOOTS & SHOES.

New Shoemaker Shop,

One door North of the Drug Store.

G. W. TOLD. J. N. MALONE.

TODD & MALONE

ANNOUNCE TO THEIR FRIENDS AND THE public generally that they are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of BOOTS and SHOES, on the shortest notice, FOR CASH. The best of French material will be used.

Repairing Neatly Executed. n8 80181

STAGES.

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

SEMI-WEEKLY STAGELINE

TO AURORA, CARSON, RENO AND SAN FRANCISCO, via. Central Pacific Railroad,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after this date stages will leave Independence for Aurora and intermediate points

Every Wednesday and Sunday, at 5 o'clock, A. M.,

Connecting at Benton with stages for Columbus and Silver Peak; connecting at Aurora with stage for Pine Grove, Genoa, Carson, Virginia and Reno; at Reno connection every day with trains of Central Pacific Railroad for Omaha and Chicago on the East, and Sacramento and San Francisco West. Returning, through connection made from Reno every MONDAY and FRIDAY morning, on the arrival of trains from San Francisco and Omaha.

Time 60 Hours Less, and 180 Miles Less Staging to San Francisco than by any other Route.

T. W. DEXTER, Agent.

Independence, Jan. 1, 1871. n26 2m8ly

FOR INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.

Fare to San Francisco.....$50.

Office—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Occidental Hotel.

A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.

W. G. ROBERTS, Agent. n14m3

INDEPENDENCE, LONE PINE AND CERRO GORDO

STAGE LINE.

CONNECTING WITH STAGES FROM RENO and Los Angeles, carrying Mail and Express.

TIME TABLE.

LEAVES INDEPENDENCE:

Mondays at 5 o'clock, A. M. Wednesdays at 8 A. M.

LEAVES LONE PINE:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT CERRO GORDO:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

LEAVES CERRO GORDO:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT LONE PINE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 12 o'clock, M.

ARRIVES AT INDEPENDENCE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 5 o'clock P. M.

JOHN COLLISTER, Proprietor.

Independence, September 26, 1870. n12 3m

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

—AND—

General Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.

Have goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.

WM. M. OSBORN,

nv18m3 Los Angeles.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S

EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

D. COHN & CO., Agents.

OFFICE—At D. Cohn & Co.'s store. a29n5n6

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE

SHAVING SALOON.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.

n2jy163m

CARPENTERING.

JOHN HECKEL,

Carpenter & Builder.

Independence, Cal.

PAYS PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO JOBBING and making estimates. Orders from the country attended to. n27 3m

A TRIP BY THE ISTHMUS.

FOR THE INDEPENDENT, BY J. C. WATT.

Very refreshing is the first glimpse of the beautiful blue sea, with its placid bosom just rippled by the Summer breeze and the tiny wavelets sparkling bright in the mellow sunshine; with stately vessels dotting here and there its surface, and swift, busy little steamers pushing and ploughing their hurried way. Refreshing under any circumstances, doubly so after a long sojurn in a barren, desolate land, where the weary eye turns vainly in search of some bright object to break the terrible monotony of the omnipresent, unchanging Sierras, and the withered stems of the sage brush.

So, at least, thought we, as rolling briskly along among huge piles of baggage, boxes and merchandise of every description arranged along the sides of the wharf, we drew up at the gang-way of the Pacific Mail steamship "Colorado," and looked out from the deck, for the first time, on the Golden Gate, and the slumbering, azure, beautiful, treacherous wastes of the Pacific.

A scene to be remembered—this "steamer day," with its numberless incidents, half humorous, half pathetic. Here a couple of Hibernians, with the rich brogue of their far-off country still "thick upon them," are exchanging vows of friendship over a rapidly diminishing bottle of the "creature," and giving and receiving a thousand messages for absent friends, much to the amusement and edification of the throng of bystanders, who listen with open mouths, and receive each fresh sally with a roar of good-humored laughter. There, in that quiet corner, an aged woman, her bundle of clothes and bedding plainly betokening a steerage passenger, and her daughter, a healthy, buxom lass, are locked in each other's arms, each bidding the other what they know too well must be in reality a last farewell. And here, just as the ropes are being cast off and the planks removed, the traditional Englishman, with his carriage full of traps and luggage, just as we have all read of him a thousand times, bursts frantically upon the scene, and amidst a whole volley of imprecations on the "blarsted hurry of these bloody Americans," is hustled unceremoniously on board. At the same moment the order "steam ahead" is given, and now the ponderous paddle-wheels have begun to revolve, the pier is slowly passed, and amidst a tremendous waving of handkerchiefs and energetic shouts of farewell, we steam majestically down the bay, and the long voyage to New York *via.* Panama has commenced in earnest.

For the first twenty-four hours, as a matter of course, life on a steamer is not remarkably pleasant: everything is in confusion, passengers running here and there in ineffectual attempts to discover their state-rooms, and bothering the unfortunate Purser with endless queries on every imaginable subject, which that patient and gentlemanly official answers with bland good humor and never-failing courtesy, from his sanctum just forward of the main saloon. When this all-important question of state-room has been sufficiently discussed and set at rest, the parties roaming together commence a sort of introductory conversation, with a view of ascertaining "what sort of a fellow" is to share their narrow quarters with them, and taking mental note, the while, as to his manner, style and physique generally. The gong is pretty sure to startle them with its deafening summons to lunch before a full or satisfactory estimate can be made, and as the sea-breeze has by this time commenced to operate as a famous appetizer upon our landsmen, a general rush is made for the dining saloon, where everybody scrambles into the first seat he comes to, and hastens to attack the bountiful supply of viands set before them, with commendable zeal.

Such, at least, was our experience of the first day on board the good steamer "Colorado." During this time the bay and the beautiful Golden Gate has been passed, the "Cliff House" and "Seal Rock" sunk below the horizon, and the regular swell of the Pacific betokens that we are now really "at sea."

On the second day, during the forenoon, the passengers assembled in a long line by the Purser's office, when the table seats are distributed, and and henceforth, every one having his own number, all confusion and crowding is avoided. From this date the voyage may be said to commence; parties and private cliques are formed, and life on the steamer assumes, for the most part, an exceedingly quiet, domestic character. Early rising is the order of the day, at least during the first portion of the voyage, everybody seeming to think it necessary to express a romantic desire to see a real, genuine "sunrise on the sea"—consequently the decks assume a lively, picturesque appearance from early dawn; ladies jauntily attired in scarlet wrappers (when supposed to be becoming), escorted by equally romantic young beaux, pace the promenade and expatiate with much energy on the beauties of nature. Perhap, though by no means the orthodox hour for such proceeding, a sly flirtation may be the result of this early rising, and words of tender import pass between these devotees of "nature"—for, shocking as such conduct would unquestionably be held *on shore*, it is but too true that *at sea* any amusement of this character is resorted to without the least apparent scruple, let us believe—in charity—merely to pass away the time. The breakfast bell, ringing at about half past eight, dispels all sentiment in a charmingly abrupt manner, and for the next hour little is heard save the rattling of cups, knives and forks, conscientiously used, and satisfactory provision being made generally for that very important and imperative fellow passenger, the "inner man."

From this time to lunch, at one o'clock, many devices are resorted to for "passing away the time." If the "ante-breakfast" chit-chat has been sufficiently interesting, it may be resumed *ad infinitum;* or, if otherwise inclined, a game of quoits on the after deck will pleasantly beguile the time till noon, when a general rush is made for the "Bulletin," on which, each day, a record of the latitude, longitude and distance traveled during the preceeding twenty-four hours is posted. This is a source of unfailing interest, as is natural, and many wagers are daily made as to the result. As a rule, about two hundred and sixty miles is the average rate of speed, though the engines are capable of doing greater execution, if necessary.

This excitement over, those who deem it advisable adjourn to the dining saloon, where a cold luncheon is awaiting their gastronimic powers, after an exercise of which a "siesta" in a hammock or on a sofa under the grateful awning of the upper deck, is *de riguer.*

Dinner is, *par excellence,* the event of the day; and the tables, in favorable weather, present a variety of toilets, elegant and appropriate, that would by no means be put to the blush at any *recherche* dinner on shore. The bill of fare, too is really excellent, regular courses, from soup to "curry and rice," following each other with a regularity and celerity most gratifying to the aforementioned "inner man" This East Indian dish of curry and rice is a feature on the Pacific steamers, and if one can only season one's palate to the proper temperature for its thorough appreciation, it forms a most enjoyable and *sociable* conclusion to the meal.

The evenings are pleasantly passed with music, dancing (in calm weather), a quiet rubber of whist, or a continuance of the matudinal flirtation, now rendered doubly attractive by the "witching hour" and the soft murmer of the moon-lit sea beneath. All, we think, must turn with pleasure to the memory of the fortnight spent thus happily together, as we journeyed down the peaceful waters of the Pacific, completely separated, for the time being, from the outside world and all its petty cares and vexations, with little to trouble, everything to amuse. But if we dally longer over these pleasant memories it will be many a day ere we reach our destination, and many a league of the "much resounding sea" must be traveled before the weary paddles shall have carried us home. To return then to the "incidents de voyage."

We had been just about long enough at sea to wish for a glimpse of land when we touched at Manzanillo, a small and comparatively unimportant sea-port of Mexico, where we parted with a few of our passengers and took aboard several others, and after a couple of hours waiting for mails, etc., stood out to sea once more, and two days after rounded to in the beautiful, land-locked harbor of Acapulco, the little town nestled cosily among luxuriant groves of palms at the foot of the lofty, rugged Cordilleras, stretching away in savage grandeur as far as the eye can reach, and a thousand miles farther. No sooner was the arrival of the steamer announced by the booming of our solitary signal "Parrott" than a hundred little canoes shot out as if by magic from the shore, and, skimming swiftly over the bright waters of the bay, in a few moments hove to under our quarter. These little vessels were filled delicious, tempting clusters of tropical fruit—bananas, cocanuts, oranges, limes and pineapples, all for sale at very low figures. There were also ssveral boats of a more substantial character, with cushioned seats, for the transportation of such passengers as might wish to avail themselves of the opportunity to visit the shore. So being ourself thus inclined, a scramble among the palms and old Mexican fortress was at once decided upon. To a stranger, this old town of Acapulco is interesting as a specimen of those old-time Spanish settlements once quite numerous on the Pacific sea-board, and strolling through its few, narrow streets, where everything looks just as it must have looked hundreds of years ago, makes one, in truth, almost forget that he is living in all the enlightenment of the Nineteenth Century. Aside from the interest it possesses to the tourist on this account, it is of little importance except, perhaps, as the nearest seaport to the famous City of Mexico, distant some two hundred miles in the interior, and from which place to Acapulco is a rough mountain road, but little traveled, however. The day being hot and the blue water looking very tempting, we were resolved to try a swim, although earnestly entreated by the good-hearted "natives" not to do so; "too much shark, too much shark" being the reason alleged. Swim we did, however, for half an hour, and came out mightily refreshed thereby, without having seen a sign of their terrible "maneaters." After sucking the delicious milk from a bunch of green cocoanuts, and laying in a good supply of the native manufactured "poco tempo" cigars, we bade adieu to the little town and pulled out to our comfortable quarters on the steamer, after having passed a most novel and pleasant day in this hospitable little abode of the Spaniards.

Weighing anchor late at night and standing out once more, the morning found us many a mile at sea, and relapsing into the usual lazy manner of spending the time, passed rapidly down the coast of Mexico and Central America, with but one or two incidents of note to break the monotony of the voyage.

When about two hundred miles south of Acapulco, during our passage through the body of water known as the Gulf of Tehuantepec, we experienced our first, and indeed only, rough weather on the Pacific side. This was in the form of a genuine hurricane, or "chabasco," and its approach was pointed out to us some time previous to its arrival. A small, and to all appearance innocent, black cloud, no larger than a man's fist, was the first indication of the coming tornado, and this, advancing rapidly, soon covered the whole western horizon with a heavy gloom, and parallel with this advancing cloud was plainly visible a white ridge of foaming water rushing down upon us with a terrible velocity. The moment the squall struck us the staunch old vessel reeled over as though smitten by a heavy blow, and for a few moments it seemed as if the fury of the elements must prove victorious, but recovering from the first shock she was instantly put "head on" to the sea, in which position she remained until the fury of the storm had spent itself. In an hour's time time the "chabasco" had passed over, and we were able to continue our voyage. During its continuation all overdue accounts with old Father Neptune was settled in what we doubt not was a most satisfactory manner to his Royal Highness—certain it is our dinner tables that day presented an unusual array of pale and woebegone faces, and for once "curry and rice" was at a discount. Too much praise can not be accorded to the crew of Chinese sailors, who handled the vessel as coolly and with as much neatness of execution as any corps of white men could have done under similar circumstances, and indeed, we have been told by officers of the ship that the Celestials are, in almost every respect, quite equal to their white-faced brethren. As waiters and servants generally we have found them uniformly civil, obliging and anxious to please, and, as yet, uncorrupted by that most injurious system of "feeing," which is now considered essential to comfort with all other classes of servitors.

On the third day from Panama we were startled from our afternoon nap by the cry of "man overboard," and crowding to the stern of the steamer we caught a momentary glimpse of a black, struggling form, far astern; but, although the engines were at once reversed, and boats lowered and manned with wonderful dispatch, every effort to rescue the unfortunate man was in vain, though the lifeless body was recovered and brought on board, and committed to the deep on the following morning, with the reading of that impressive and touching service, the "Burial at Sea."

In forty-eight hours thereafter we sailed quietly into the beautiful harbor of Panama, and rounded to about a mile from the city--the signal cannon announcing that we had reached our journey's end on the Pacific side, and the long voyage of over three thousand miles accomplished.

In our next paper we propose a continuation of the trip, touching the incidents in crossing the Isthmus, a passing word or two of Panama and Aspinwall, and the voyage "home."

In concluding this imperfect sketch, we would most heartily advise all who contemplate going "East," and who have the time to spare, to try for themselves this "Trip by the Isthmus," insuring them a capital time, and recommending them for comfortable accommodations to the good old steamer "Colorado," and to the courtesy of Captain Farnsworth, a thorough seaman and finished gentleman, in whose company and under whose careful guidance the memory of our two week's cruise will ever be looked back upon with feelings of the livliest pleasure.

War's Changes.

If the war should continue much longer Germany bids fair to be transformed to France with a good chance of the latter of location in Germany. For six months nothing has been heard but the steady tramp of the hardy Teutons westward—"Westward the course of empire takes its way;" regular army first, composed of the youth and unmarried men of the country; then the reserves, and now the Landwehr. The married men are now under orders for the front. A counter current is also in in operation toward Germany—the current of French prisoners, not marching steadily and in battle array, but in confused masses, with downcast faces and sorrow-stricken hearts. It is evident, indeed, that the struggle is daily increasing in strength. If things go on at the present rate for a month or two more, there will be at the opening of Spring not less than two millions of men in arms in France, engaged in the most terrific struggle the world has ever witnessed.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Cal., Jan. 28, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

CONFIDENTIAL.

P. T. Barnum discovered, some years ago, that people like to be humbugged—for fun. New York sharpers have since made the discovery, to the extent of about $100,000 a year, that there are plenty who will stand humbugging of a serious kind, and pay for the privilege, besides; and, as we like to assist parties desirous of getting on in the world, we will call attention to a proposal from Mr. John F. Hamilton, of 212 Broadway, New York.

John has some "dear friends" in all parts of the United States. His heart is overflowing with pity and the regular milk of human kindness when he converses with gentlemen concerning these distant friends struggling against poverty's pangs. Out of his abundance he will divide. For the small sum of $10, coin of the realm, he will furnish any of his needy friends "with $100 of the best counterfeit money that ever was made." He indites to every friend that he can hear of a long epistle to the above effect and much more. There is no limit to his magnanimity. He will sell or give away (provided the friend won't tell anybody) for $50 U. S. coin $500 of his good money, which "no banker can detect," $20 cash down and, to prove his high regard for his friend's integrity, will allow him thirty days in which to pay up the remaining $30; and so on up to sums of $20,000. He says he deals on the square, and wouldn't ask any cash down, only to secure himself in the cost of printing, etc. In one of his letters to a dear friend in this county, he tells him a neighbor of his has made a very large fortune in silver and gold all through his counterfeit money, and that all of Blank's neighbors wonder how he got so rich. Now all the neighbors have hitherto thought Blank got rich by mining and trade, but by friend Hamilton's confidential communication we have the peculiar taste in the water clearly accounted for.

To remove any lingering doubts in the minds of his friends, Mr. Hamilton has put it down in his own handwriting (electrotyped, however) that "I will take a solemn oath that the bills I send you will never be detected." No safer proposition under the sun than that, but the express charges on the bills forwarded will be very light, indeed.

There is much more in this letter inviting confidence and ten dollar pieces, closing with a pressing invitation to his friend, should he visit New York, to be sure and call upon him at his "*private* office, 52 John street, Room 5, up stairs." We would suggest, however, that if he is not there he may be in some other place.

The letter alluded to is a genuine document sent to a gentleman of Lone Pine, who forwarded it to us. The swindling institution in New York from which it emanated has recently been "busted up" by the police. It is a gratifying fact, in connection with this matter, that hundreds of would-be rascals, in various parts of the country, are swindled out of the remittances which they fondly hoped were to secure them the means of cheating friends and neighbors. John F. Hamilton is not a counterfeiter, because he only *promises* to send his "goods" for the fools' good money.

Poor Taste.

A San Francisco dispatch says: The action of the Directors of the Mercantile Library, in mounting the wheels used in their late lottery on posts in front of their building as a perpetual reminder of the manner in which the institution was cleared of debt, is severely criticised on all sides, the general feeling appearing to be that the sooner it is allowed to be forgotten the better for all concerned.

Body Snatching.

The good citizens of Iowa City are justly incensed over the exhumation and dissection of Mrs. Herrick, a very respectable lady of that city, by the medical students of the State University. The dissection of a student or two might have a sanitary effect against the repetition of any such outrage.

Proposed New States.

Mr. Sargent has introduced a bill to enable Washington Territory to become a State in the Union. Sargent has also introduced a bill for the admission of Utah, having irrevocable restriction on polygamy without the consent of Congress.

QUEER STATISTICS.

In an article concerning the gold and silver interets of the coast in the San Francisco Bulletin of the 20th instant, we notice the following:

From the small mining camp of Cerro Gordo, Inyo county, over 200,000 pounds of lead bullion, fertile in silver, have come to this port during the past year, the most of which was under consignmen to these works.

The works alluded to are those of Mayor Selby's. The article from which the above extract is taken gives us a very interesting history and description of these works, their operations for the past four years, proposed enlargement, etc., all designed to give the public an idea of the extent and importance of our mining interests. But if the other statements included in the article are no nearer the truth than that relating to Cerro Gordo, the effort is a failure. For instance instead of "200,000 pounds from the small mining camp of Cerro Gordo" the shipments from the works of M. W. Belshaw alone for the past year is a fraction over 2,000,000 (two million) pounds, and during the same time from the neighboring works of the Owens Lake Siver Lead Company, half as much more has been shipped, making a total shipment for the year of three million pounds of silver lead bullion, all from Cerro Gordo and all to San Francisco. That is *fifteen* times as much as The Bulletin article credits Inyo county at the Selby works, and by inference, all that has been received at San Francisco from Inyo county.

Selby & Co. expect to increase the capacity of their works so as to enable them to reduce 1,000 tons per month. If the transportation can be obtained Belshaw & Co. alone will furnish one-fourth of that amount; they have now contracted with one teamster to deliver 130 tons per month at Los Angeles. The lead bullion shipment from the works of the Owens Lake Silver Lead Company will probably be less than heretofore, owing to the fact that high grade ore is to be worked, and the *quantity* of metal produced will in consequence be much less, while the quality of the bullion will be much finer.

We are confident, to speak entirely within bounds, that Inyo county has mines capable of producing bullion *each month* equal to her present yearly shipment. But be that as it may, we hope a standard authority like The Bulletin will correct its figures and give us due credit for what we have done.

AN ANTE-MORTEM OBITUARY.

If a man wishes to find out how insufferably mean he is, let him become a candidate for office. If he is a man of keen sensibility three weeks of active canvassing will generally be sufficient to make him ashamed of himself for the rest of his natural lifetime. On the other hand, if a perfect knowledge of mundane affairs were vouchsafed him after death, he would in most cases be utterly astonished at his own virtues and worth during his former existence, as pictured by his terrestial friends. He would naturally think his new brimstone surroundings had effected a complete metamorphosis and that the vacuum created by his demise was occasioned by the exit of some good man, of whom he had never before heard, and not himself at all—that is if he is or was a modest man. Anyhow, the foregoing is about the sum of Judge E. H. Van De Car's remarks to us, when reviewing the remarks of newspaper friends regarding his own supposed departure for the realms unknown. The Judge tells us that he did'nt die from exposure at all, The Reese River Reveille to the contrary notwithstanding, but stuck to his horses and came through to this place exactly in accordance with the original programme. The Gold Hill News, The Sacramento Reporter and numerous other papers have published obituary notices in connection with the supposed sad event. The Placer Herald says:

We learn from The Reese River Reveille of December 23d, that Judge Van De Car had been found dead in Nye county, Nevada, about the 15th ult. The Reveille says:

"A letter received from Captain Rock, of Belmont, dated December 20th, states that Ezra H. Van DeCar, P. G. H. P. of California, was found dead near Cloverdale, in Nye county. Captain Rock says that Mr. Van DeCar arrived in Belmont about the 20th of November. He had two horses, on which he packed his blankets, etc. About the 1st he left for California, and he appears to have got lost and wandered through the western part of Nye until he got to Cloverdale, where it is believed he died from cold. His remains were taken to Ione, where they were interred."

Judge Van DeCar was an old and respected citizen of Placer, where he leaves many warm friends who will, with us, mourn his decease and the circumstances surrounding it. E. H. Van DeCar was elected County Judge of this county in the Fall of 1858, and served out his full official term, which lasted four years and closed in 1862. It is the testimony of all that he was a faithful, competent, and just judge, a gentleman on the bench and off the bench, and in all the walks of public and private life. Before the close of his term of office as Judge, his health became impaired and soon after his retirement he repaired to the mineral springs in Santa Barbara county, where he experienced much relief, and finally we believe was entirely restored. We supposed, until this news reached us, that he was in some of the southern counties of this State, as he had informed us, on one of his visits here, that he liked that portion of California, and thought of making it his permanent home. Judge Van DeCar was Past Grand High Priest of the Royal Arch Masons of California, at the time of his death. Mrs. R. O. Cravens, wife of the State Librarian at Sacramento, is a relative of Judge Van DeCar.

The Reveille of the 16th instant has the following:

It is with pleasure we see in The Gold Hill News a tangible sign that Mr. Van De Car is not dead, as was reported. The sign consists of the following card in The Inyo Independent:

E. H. Van DeCar, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Independence, Cal. Will practice in the Sixteenth Judicial District and the counties comprising the same.

It will be recollected that, in his last letter, Captain Rock stated that the party sent by the Masons of Belmont to give poor Van's body a Christian burial, reported having seen no *corpus* whatever, but on the contrary saw what they thought were the tracks of his horses leading in the direction of Lone Pine. The above shows that Mr. Van DeCar "made the rifile" in good style, and never entertained the idea of allowing his body to moulder in the lonely regions of Cloverdale.

P. S.—After the above was in type, our attention was called to the fact that the card in The Inyo Inpependent was an old one, and might be as dead as poor Van himself. Our devil, who is an observing fellow, says he recollects this circumstance, for we, too, exchange with The Independent, but can not find the last number just now. We shall know in a day or two how this is. In the meantime Van DeCar, where are you? If you are alive, sing out! if you are dead you will have to be excused of course.

The last mail brings us the Nevada papers containing announcements that Mr. Van DeCar is still in the land of the living, letters having been received from him. But The Reveille has been most persistent in its attempt upon the life of Mr. Van DeCar. Notwithstanding the fact that the Belmont party could find no remains, and that the gentleman's official card was published here, The Reveille still insisted on the death of its victim, or at least doubted conclusive evidence of his being alive and kicking.

The facts concerning the trip, as related us by Judge Van DeCar, are that on the 20th of December he left Belmont as described, and that on the night of the 24th was compelled, by reason of having lost the road, to lay out, suffering no inconvenience, however, as he was well provided with blankets, etc.; and duly continued his journey on the following day. He expresses himself as sorry to have caused any uneasiness concerning him on the part of his friends, but he "don't propose to give up the ship yet."

And now, Mr. Reveille man, whether this meets you in the early blush of morn, or in the full light of noon, or perhaps at dawn, or possibly in the dead hour of night, when the ghosts of your would-be victims should haunt you—then allow us, notwithstanding the remarkable recollection of circumstances by your observing satan, to breath it softly in your ear—to gently whisper the living fact—that there is not now, nor never has been, a line of matter in The Independent any more dead than Judge E. H. Van DeCar himself.

WAR NEWS.

The Parisians are becomining much dissatisfied with Trochu and say they want a fighting general in his place. The Reds are becoming revolutionary and are posting the walls with declarations against the government, denouncing its members as utterly incompetent, and stating that the people are starved while the favorite soldiers are over fed.

Dates of the 16th state that Paris is being mercilessly bombarded, heavy projectiles pouring in night and day, striking hospitals, ambulances, schools, churches, public libraries and dwellings. One projectile, in Rue Vanguard, killed four children and wounded five. The city is transformed into a vast battle field, the women showing themselves as brave as the men.

The Parisians have attempted a number of sorties but met a repulse in every instance. On the 11th, a great battle was fought by the Army of the Loire under Gen. Clauzy and the Germans under Prince Frederick Charles. The battle field was near Le Mans. This battle is said to be the most eventful since the war began. The French fought heroically but lost the field and 20,000 prisoners besides a large number killed and wounded; the battle lasted two days, the numbers engaged comprising 150,000 French and 100,000 Germans. As the French army still remained intact after the fight, we do not see why correspondents should rate this battle as of so much importance.

The Germans have 200,000 men on the way to reinforce their army which which will give them a total force of 1,000,000 men on French soil. The prospects of France are gloomy, indeed, though her people are as determined as ever.

Austria designs offering the following as a basis of peace: France to surrender 20 warships, 1,000,000,000 thalers and a strip of land four miles wide on the left bank of the Rhine and destroy all the forts within 20 miles of that stream.

On the 18th, King William issued a proclamation accepting the Imperial Dynasty of the German Empire, thus restoring the Empire after a lapse of sixty years.

LETTER FROM "PICTON."

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

CAMP SAGE BRUSH, Nev., January 13, 1871.

MESSRS. EDITORS:

"FORWARD MARCH!"

You perceive by the heading of this letter that our detachment has been removed from "Camp Egbert," Round Valley, to this region of beauty, since my last missive. When the order for our march arrived we were taken somewhat by surprise, and without having an acquaintance with Moore's poetry, more than one might be heard muttering, in the spirit of his creations

"I never loved a tree or flower
But 'twas the first to fade away," etc.

But the soldier is in a position which is explanatory of the old adage of Soloman, "there is no peace for the wicked." We had just finished our quarters for the Winter when the order to *vamos* was received; hence, the idea of throwing away so much labor to the winds was slightly vexing. Nevertheless, march we must, and march we did,

"Trumpet sounding, cymbals playing,
To the merry, merry fife and drum."

"CAMP SAGE BRUSH."

I will not worry your readers by a detailed narrative of our march of over one hundred miles, with four days rations in our haversacks, two blankets and an overcoat on our backs; with our breech-loader's and twenty rounds of ammunition for the same, as a make-weight. Suffice it to say, we got along like heroes to our destination, and reached this delectable, delightsome, and deserted locality in schedule time. There are several of our number who never were in the State of Nevada before, (your correspondent being one of them) and it is my humble opinion, mark me, I said *my humble opinion*, that the great majority have the idea strongly implanted in their breasts, that they have seen several places a trifle lovelier than "Palmetto District." It is quite possible that they are a prejudiced set of fellows, who can not realize the beauties of sage brush and sand,—too little used to *good society* to value at their proper rate the "noble red man" of the Shoshone persuasion, and have heard good music too rarely to estimate properly the choruses as rendered in the howl of cayotes. Be that as it may certain it is, most of this detachment are strongly persuaded that when the government of the United States vote to remove the Capital from Washington they will most likely, overlook the claims of the State of Nevada, and particularly the District of Palmetto. As for your humble servant, I am a philosopher, who can look at the bleakest desert without experiencing those nonsensical sensations for verdant fields and woody dells, so often sighed for by some of my brothers in arms. In short, not being a *ladies man*, the total absence of female faces, dos not bring "home, sweet home," or even Camp Independence, in that strong relief against the figure of dreariness, as is the case with several of my comrades I con'd mention.

I think it is Job, although it may be the Psalmist, who said "I would not live always," but whichever of the two "*old swells*" made the remark, I am quite settled in my belief that they resided in a country closely resembling this portion of the United States. I have no doubt but our superiors were well aware of all I have refered to in the foregoing. But splendid scenery, brilliant prospects from hill and dale, nay, the lovliest verdure of undulating woodlands are little taken into consideration by officers of Major Egbert's class, when old Cowitch and his Shoshone rascals are inclined to hostility; nevertheless, as the chill breath of "rude boreas" whistles in the face, and the snow flakes strike one in the "e'e" old memories will crowd upon us,—of Montgomery street on a May morning, and Oakland with its loveliness, and cause those who are not of a philosophical temperament, to—sigh.

THE INDIANS.

The red man is here in his primitive glory, and numerous enough to do mischief, when they deem it fit to take the war-path in earnest. The Shoshones are the most powerful, yet, that portion of the Piutes who desire to *secede* from Jo. Bowers, because of his friendship for the whites, are roaming around here in large squads. These *Lo*-gentlemen are wilder in appearance than any I have seen before, with the exception of the Apaches of Arizona. Black crimes, and dire murders, are written on the brow of one half of them.

It is undoubtably true that they are hostile at this moment, and that fear alone deters them from rushing into the performance of the most ponderous acts of the "Tragedy of Death," through grim vizaged war. Two miners are known to have been killed in this district not long ago,—the remains of cattle and horses, stolen, killed and eaten by them are frequently found by the few prospectors that remain, and since our detachment arrived, one miner near our camp recovered a considerable amount of property from the Shoshones (which they had stolen from his cabin) by threatening them with a raid, by the "blue pants and breech-loaders."

MINERAL WEALTH OF PALMETTO.

It may not be known generally,—it may not be credited, by those who may be told, *but this is one of the richest regions on this continent.* Though bleak, barren, dreary and a desert, it is a vast bed of minrrals, gold, silver, copper, lead, etc. In almost every acre of this district a mine of some metal can be struck; yet, and in the face of this fact, there are but three miners remaining amid such natural wealth at this moment,—dread of the Indians, and a lack of capital combined, cause many to leave, and deters others from venturing hither. In the coming spring, when frosts and snows have disappeared, the fine mill at this spot (now silent as the home of death), will be again in life, and at work, and miners (now that soldiers are at hand) will crowd into the auriferous hills and canyons in great numbers. If the detachment is withdrawn, I venture to prophesy the scarcity of scalps soon thereafter.

SCOUTING.

We have had some heavy scouting on three occasions since our arrival, under the leadership of Sergeant Remsnyder and Corporal Smith respectively, one near and over the Placer mines ten miles south-east of Palmetto, the second in the hills to the north—the last a few days ago, through the canyons to the south-west. On the last occasion we discovered the trail of a large body of Shoshones going in the direction of "Death Valley." We also found two *caches* stored with various seeds, pinyons and other supplies peculiar to the *Lo* family.

"HEAP COLD."

The weather is intensely cold at present, and it is almost impossible to be tolrably comfortable away from the fire, as a consequence scouting through these snow clad mounians is not a joke with a point to it, as the first glance would indicate. As to myself I would prefer stepping into Harris' saloon at Independence and *smile* at him or "any other man" at any time. There is good indication of more snow as I write, and in all probability before this missive reaches the office of The Independent, this detachment will be *snowed in* for a time,—but, *nous verrons.*

PICTON

Presidential Appointments.

A dispatch from Washigton says: The following nominatios were sent to the Senate to-day: James R. Hardenburg, to be Surveyor-General of California; E. J. Rhodes, Receiver of Public Monies at Harrison, Arkansas; Stephen Coffin, Indian Agent at Warm Springs, Oregon.

MARRIED.

In Lone Pine, January 26 at the residence of the bride's father, L. MUNZINGER to MISS ADALADA GALARON.

In Lone Pine, January 25, at the Lone Pine Hotel, W. J. DONATHAN to MISS KATIE BARRY.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

All varieties of pain seem to be included is the agonies of dyspepsia. Yet by invigorating the stomach and toning the liver and bowels with Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters you can arrest them all. The chemical and mechanical action of the stomach, liver and intestines being restored by this operation the pain and the oppression cease, the appetite is restored, the dazed brain regains its clearness, the spirits become buoyant and the happy result is "a sound mind in a sound body."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

DEEP SPRING MILLING & MINING COMPANY. Location of Works, Deep Spring Valley, Inyo County, California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said company held on the 14th day of January, 1871, an assessment of One Dollar ($1) per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Treasurer, at his office, 306 Clay street, San Francisco.

Any stock upon which assessments shall remain unpaid on the 25th day of February, 1871 shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment be made before, will be sold on SATURDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF MARCH, 1871, to pay delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

A. A. JORDAN, Sec'y pro tem.
340 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California. j28:31 4t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of John Berlet against John Ricketson et als, duly attested the twenty-third day of January A. D. 1871 I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Section No. 36, Township No. 18 South, Range No. 37 East, Base and Meridian of Mount Diabolo.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, at Two o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the town of Independence, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, U. S. gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
January 28, 1871. j 28 31w3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Fifth Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of P. Cohn & Co. against S. E. Clement, duly attested the 24th day of January, 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Four hundred undivided lineal feet in the Zombee lode; four hundred undivided lineal feet in the Pinyone lode, together with the Clement or Pinyone tunnel. All of said Real Estate situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M. in front of the Court House, in the town of Independence, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
January 28, 1871. ja28n31w3

$250 A MONTH

CAN BE MADE BY ANY MAN OR WOMAN that can be silent. No risk and need not interfere with other business. Full information, etc., furnished on receipt of $1.50 in currency or postage stamps.

Address,

Postoffice Box 1925,
ja28n31tf San Francisco, California.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD MOST RESPECTFULLY notify persons indebted to him in business contracted during the old year, that all accounts MUST be settled, either by cash or note, on account of a change made in my business from CREDIT to CASH, which took place on the 1st day of January, 1871. Am prepared to sell goods of all kinds lower than has ever been offered heretofore in this part of the country—for CASH, and CASH ONLY.

R. J. MORRISON,
ja21n30-6t Benton, Cal.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COpartnership heretofore existing between O. GLOVER and WM. DEAN has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm will pay the same to O. Glover, and all debts due by the firm will be paid by both parties equally.

O. GLOVER,
W. DEAN.
Independence, January 20, 1871 Ja21-3t.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SAN FELIPE MINING COMPANY—LOCATION, Cerro Gordo, Inyo County, California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said company, held on Friday, January 6th, 1871, an assessment of Five Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, 419 California street, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the Fifteenth Day of February, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, shall be sold on TUESDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF MARCH, 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

D. A. JENNINGS, Secretary.
Office—Room No. 26, Hayward's Building, 419 California street, San Francisco, California.
n29 4

REPORT OF COUNTY TREASURER.

INDEPENDENCE, Inyo Co., Cal., December 19, 1870.

AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING WARRANTS.

On the County General Fund,			$12,075 89
" "	Road	"	4,745 66
" "	Building	"	6,532 00
" Mono Debt		"	12,000 00
Total amount of outstanding warrants,			$35,353.55

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT FUNDS.

For the County General Fund,		$ 660.20
" "	Road "	498.16
" "	Building "	223.51
" "	Hospital "	1,102.68
" "	Sinking "	58.43
" "	Contingent	260.63
" "	Gen. school fund (unapport'ned)	1,134.22
" "	Mono debt fund	1,370.61
" "	State Gen. "	3,464.91
		$8,773.35

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

School District of Independence,		$ 3.79
" "	Milton	102.64
" "	Union	80.64
" "	Bishop Creek	190.41
" "	Lone Pine	102.62
" "	Round Valley	37.45

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL LIBRARY FUNDS.

School Library Fund, Independence	$16.79
School Library Fund Milton	22.74
" " " Union	1.99
" " " Lone Pine	2.54
	$9,334.96
Cash received for delinquent taxes till date (unapport'n'd)	$ 729.46
Total am't of cash on hand	$10,064.42
Am't due for State purposes	3,464.91
Total am't cash on hand for county purposes	$6,599.51
To County Indebtedness to date (interest not included)	28,754.04
	$35,353.55
County Indebtedness last report, date August 5, 1870	$33,525.50
County Indebtedness December 19	28,754.04
Reduction of County Indebtedness since August 5, 1870	$4,771.46

I. HARRIS, County Treasurer.
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

Approved January 9, A. D. 1870
J. H. SHEDD, President.
Filed January 9th, A. D. 1871.
n29 4t S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER, Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., January 2, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE "COUNTY GENERAL FUND."

No.	In favor of	Amount.
199	W. A. Greenley	$150 00
203	C. F. Duval	25 00
184	A. C. Hanson	250 00
204	J. J. Moore	64 00
06	M. J. Smith	57 50
207	A. C. Hanson	250 00

ON THE "COUNTY BUILDING" FUND.

394	John Broder	$500 00

ON THE "MONO DEBT" FUND.

No. 3	Mono County	$500 00

I. HARRIS
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
n29 4t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Fifth Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of P. Reddy against Ruiac Cuery, duly attested the Fifth day of January, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon and attached the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Fifty undivided lineal feet in the Union quartz lead or lode, situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the Town of Independence, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for Cash, United States gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
January 14, 1871. n29 3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Fifth Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of M. W. Belshaw & Co. against P. G. Gelcich, duly attested the Ninth day of January, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon and attached the following described real estate, to-wit:

Two hundred lineal feet in the Monitor mine, situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock, P. M., in front of the Court House, in the Town of Independence, I will sell the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for Cash, United States gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
January 14th, 1871. n29 3t

NOTICE.

TO THE CERRO GORDO AND VIRginia Mining Company: Henry Bush, Jr., P. W. Bennett, J. B. Rowley, and M. D. Blummer or his agent; also, G. W. Cornell and Antonio Meresol or their or either of their respective agents, executors, administrators, heirs or assigns, partners with H. W. Gould in the Buene Suerte Mine, situated in the Belmont Mining Camp, Lone Pine District, Inyo county, California. Notice—There will be a meeting of the owners in the above mine held at the Office of H. W. Gould, in the upper town or Cerro Gordo, said district, county and State, on Saturday, the 25th day February, A. D., 1871, at 6 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of levying assessments for working and developing said mine.

H. W. GOULD.
Cerro Gordo, December 26, A. D., 1870.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between WILLIAM L. MOORE and C. D. BEGOLE, of Lone Pine, Inyo County, California, has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent. All those indebted to C. D. Begole, or C. D. Begole & Co., are hereby notified to come forward and settle with C. D. Begole immediately.

WM. L. MOORE,
C. D. BEGOLE.
Lone Pine, Cal., January 2, 1871.

FREEDOM NOTICE.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT WE HAVE THIS day given to our son, LA FAYETTE GILL, the remainder of his time, during his minority, to act for himself. We shall claim none of his wages, and shall not pay any of his debts contracted after this date.

S. A. DENSMORE,
F. E. DENSMORE.
Independence, Jan. 9, 1871.

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Jan. 28, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 6 o'clock P. M., Friday.

COUNTY COURT PROCEEDINGS—JANUARY TERM.

A. C. Hanson, Judge.

January, 25th.—Ellen Moran Plaintiff & Appellant, vs. David Garland Defendant & Respondent. Appeal dismissed.

January, 26th.—Charles Cook Plaintiff & Respondent, vs George Buckhardt Defendant & Appellant. New trial ordered. Respondent failed to appear. Judgement for Appellant, for the sum of $225.50 on a counter claim.

January, 27th.—Lunatico de Enquirendo. Charles Hawkins from Bishop Creek, and David Ormrod from Cerro Gordo, were examined, and pronounced insane. Ordered to Stockton.

An Object of Compassion.

Our readers may remember that at the time of the miserable death of Mrs. Ormrod at Cerro Gordo, the attention of passers by was attracted to the house and the distressing scene within by the wailing of her half perished child, a little girl about a year and a half old. This little waif of humanity is now without a natural protector, her father being insane and but recently ordered to the Stockton Asylum. The child, up to the present time, has been kindly taken care of by a Mexican women, but who is not in circumstances to keep her any longer than to give time for the authorties to find a home for her. She is bright and pretty. Will not some humane person desirous of an object of affection come forward and adopt the helpless innocent? Here is a chance for a good action that will bring its reward, especially to any good hearted couple so unfortuate as to possess no child of their own to brighten a home, ever cheerless without the glad voices of childhood.

The Eclipse.

Surveys have been made from the Eclipse mill to a point on the river nine miles above, with a view of bringing water in to propel the mill machinery. The dimensions of the proposed canal are stated to be 10 feet in width at the bottom, 12 on top and 3 deep, but we beleive the enterprise is not fully determined upon. Some 7 tons of extremely rich ore from the new strike in the mine are at the mill, ready for shipment to England. The assays of this ore average $1,898 per ton, with more on the dump at the mine, and plenty in sight. It is probable that the company will erect smelting works for the proper reduction of this new character of ore.

School Matters.

The Board of Trustees for Independence school district have decided to suspend school for the present, the subscription fund and public school money both being exhausted. We are sorry circumstances make this step necessary, but hope the suspension will be but temporary. The children have made good advancement under Mrs. Conner's teaching, who has made every effort, and has succeeded in giving general satisfaction. Parties who have not paid their subscription to the school fund will confer a favor by handing the amount of their subscriptions to P. Reddy, Esq.

Hot Springs Ore.

Last Tuesday two teams of Shaw's, Ferguson's two and one belonging to Wells passed through town loaded with ore from Hot Springs District, for the Swansea furnace. The aggregate amount of ore is, in all, nearly 48,000 pounds, from the Kearsarge, Cornucopia, Peterson's and other mines. Judging from several samples, kindly furnished by Mr. J. O. Wheeler the whole lot will work away up in the hundreds, as it must to pay the expense of hauling so far and smelting. The early return of Superintendent Brady is looked for, when the works will start up for a long and profitable run.

New Strike of Lead.

In the tunnel of White & Williams, a large body of *solid* galena was struck last week, and large quantities are being brought to the surface. This, the Bonna Vista, tunnel is now in 400 feet, with side drifts of perhaps 400 feet more. The body of metal seems permanent and extensive. Credit is due Mesrs. White & Williams, who are also owners of the Jefferson lead mine, for their energy and stick-to-it-ativeness in opening up their ledges, and this strike seems to have made their success doubly sure.

Borax.

The borax deposit in Fish Slough, of which we made mention a week or two since, was discovered by Moses Brockman, some two months ago. As he was passing along the road he remarked that the deposits on the Slough resembled those east of Silver Peak, and upon testing it in the blacksmith shops was confirmed that he had found valuable borax, in large quantities. Mr. Brockman is the principal owner, Messrs. Reddy, Winters and McLaughlin owning small interests. There will be a quantity shipped to San Francisco shortly, for the purpose of ascertaining its value in a crude state.

Belmont Mine.

Last week the lower tunnel of the Belmont mine in Cerro Gordo, was in 600 feet. The rock was still soft enough to make good headway. In the same tunnel, 370 feet from the mouth, the miners struck a ledge of about 2 feet in thickness, and will start a drift on it this week. In the upper tunnel of the same mine they have two shafts, each 70 feet deep, at the bottom of which the ledge increases in thickness and richness.

Wittekind Mine.

The tunnel on this mine, is in about 170 feet. The miners say the rock is somewhat softer than it has been for sometime past, and that they are getting along faster than formerly.

Cerro Gordo Papers.

Our subscribers in Cerro Gordo will please leave their names at the postoffice and with our agent, respectively, and the papers will be sent to whichever place they may wish to get them.

Osceola Mine.

The miners of this company, are still at work driving their tunnel but as yet have not reached the ledge. They are now in about 200 feet.

The Crowning Glory

Miners are at work steadily, and are extracting a considerable quantity of good ore.

Belshaw's Furnace

Keeps steadily at work, running out stack upon stack of silver-lead bars.

LETTER FROM LONE PINE.

Bullion—Forgers—Thieves.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

Lone Pine, January 26, 1871.

Messrs. Editors: I write you again that I may pass the time for an hour or two, having read all the weekly newspapers, periodicals, etc. And this reminds me of not ng a great mistake in The Weekly Bulletin, of January 14th. In speaking of the lead product of the Pacific coast it says that "the small mining camp of Cerro Gordo, Inyo county, alone produces nearly 200,000 pounds of lead bullion annually." Now, sirs, this is wide of the mark. Cerro Gordo produces from one furnace alone more than 1,200,000 pounds annually, and if we had any means of shipping it we could do much better than that, too. Another error in the same article is that the Eureka bullion is much richer in silver than that of Cerro Gorro. That is incorrect, as our bullion is richer in silver than any smelted on this coast. Eureka has gold in hers, which makes it of more value than ours, but that place does not beat us in quantity nor quality in proportion to the number of furnaces in operaton; and I think that we rather beat them.

It becomes my duty again this week to write more about those would-be "sharps" I mentioned last week. One of the same scoundrels (I think his name is Wilson—unlucky name) and "Big Bill" got hold of one of V. Beaudry's orders, calling for $2 87, and made it read $12.87, by prefixing 1 to the figures and adding "ive" to the writing, and passed the same. They may have more of them, and will perhaps pass them on the road north, as it is thought they will go to Columbus. They are able-bodied scoundrels, and ought to be caught, but the law is such that no one here could swear hard enough to get the warrant of arrest. They were seen going north near the New York House, on Tuesday afternoon last. Another duck of a thief is that man Charles Dearsy, who stole a two horse wagon and harness, and is thought to have stolen four good work horses. He was seen going for the Northern mines at Hot Springs, and again beyond Aurora. At present I can not give the description of the horses nor their brands, but I understand that Mr. Barker and Sheriff Elder are going to offer a reward of $100 for the thief's arrest. Dearsy is rather a bright looking fellow, light hair and beard, is about five feet eight inches in hight; he is from Sidney, and walks like a thief of considerable style and ability—weighs near 160 pounds. He will be most likely to sell everything about Carson or Virginia City.

Swythian.

The Kearsarge.

Messrs. White & Co., who have the contract for cutting a tunnel 150 feet in length, through a bluff of rocks between the lower tunnel of the mine and the head of the tramway to the mill, have about completed the work. The getting out of timbers for the water wheel and the cutting of the water ditch is progressing at a favorable rate and the early Spring will probably find operations being prosecuted to a greater extent and with more energy than ever before.

At the Postoffice.

Our George's Creek subscribers will find their papers at the Postoffice, as the stage does not run so as to make it advantageous to send by it. Any one of the neighborhood in town on Saturday afternoon might take out the whole lot. When Collister makes Monday one of his days of departure he will deliver them again.

"How is That for High!"

Such is the brand of a fine lot of cigars now on sale by P. Cohn & Co., a sample box of which are now being burnt in our sanctum, by the courtesy of that firm. As the blue smoke wreathes around our classic cranium, we answer "very high!"

Company Meeting.

There will be a regular monthly meeting of Independence Engine Co. No. 1, on next Monday evening, at Wallace's saloon. Every member should be on hand, attend to business and save being mulcted in the sum of 50 cents.

Papers.

Next week and after The Indpendent will be delivered to our town subscribers by our new carrier, Mr. Heslep Yaney. Parties who may be overlooked will please leave notice at this office.

Arm broken.

January 24th, at Bishop creek, as Willie Hinkleman, aged about 13 years, was riding a fractious horse, the animal fell, breaking his arm.

Birthday Ball.

Benton folks are making preparations to celebrate the 22d of February by a grand ball, at Benton Hall.

Rain.

On the 18th considerable rain fell at San Diego, Los Angelos and other points along the coast as far North as San Francisco. It came in good time, as the drouth had become distressing.

THE RAMIE.

We commend the following to the notice of farmers. We believe the ramie could be successfully cultivated in this valley, and if so it would afford an article for exportation and a larger margin of profit than any other crop. The plant requires irrigation, though generally raised without. The cultivation of ramie and of Norway oats is certain to become, even the present year, two very important interests in the coast counties. We hope some of our enterprising farmers will not let the season pass without at least an experiment with both these plants. They are both adapted to our soil and situation.

Ramie, destined by intrinsic value to become a leading article in the commerce of the country, forces itself upon the attention of the people everywhere. Unlike all other important commodities, however, it is not permitted to enjoy its halcyon days of infancy, but it is instead, at the behest of necessity, transformed into the proportions of a giant.

A better fabric than cotton, and a cheaper one than silk, has become indispensible to mankind, and ramie supplies both requisitions in one staple.

Unlike other commodities that dazzle the eyes of commerce with the splendor of their riches, ramie confines itself to no isotherm, but grows and prospers and matures perfectly in the zone of cotton, of cane, of tobacco and of corn, and is hardier than either. It requires less culture and is cheaper to harvest and prepare for the loom than any other fibre adapted to the various uses of man. Carefully prepared it may be made as fine as silk, and immeasurably stronger; whilst its coarser products may be made heavier and more durable than the strongest tow. It is fine, it is strong, it is durable.

Whatever fabric is demanded—from the light gauze to the heaviest canvass—ramie stands ready to supply. Destined as it is to take the place of all other manufactures of this nature in the world's commerce, because of cheapness and durability, its market is co-extensive with the requirements of man. The world has to be clothed, and that article which will accomplish the object in the best manner and for the least money, must inevitably supply the market. That article is ramie; and its general introduction will build up thousands of factories to give employment to our people, whilst saving to us the millions of money wrung from the pockets of the people in the way of tariffs. Let our people take hold of this matter as its importance demands, and America, instead of paying a tribute to the skilled labor of the Old World, will manufacture a cheaper and better material than can be produced from cotton or silk, and will send her ships laden with the valuable products of her looms, to every port in christendom. And the thousands upon thousands of acres of land lying untouched by the hand of industry in our State, can by means of this product be made to return to the husbandman a reward, which, if stated, might seem visionary, but which would yet be real. Lands so far away from market as to render the raising of grains unprofitable, because of the immense cost of transportation, will yet net to the farmer ten fold the market value of of his grain. The fine fibre of the ramie would, at the least calculation, be worth four hundred dollars per ton in San Francisco, and the cost of raising it, and preparing it for market would not exceed forty dollars per ton. Add to this the cost of transportation, say $60 per ton, and there is a net margin of three hundred dollars per ton.

If it be urged that the present prices are merely fictitious, it is only necessary to reply that ramie commands that price in competition with the other fibres now in use; and as the world is to be its consumer, it seems improbable that prices will decline from an overstocked market.

But, suppose that prices should depreciate one half, is it not sufficient margin left yet for profit, to secure to the farmer reward for his labor, several hundred per cent, beyond what he can hope for under present circumstances?

This subject, involving as it certainly does, the serious consideration of every one who has the well-being of our State at heart, cannot be too closely investigated, as the more it is scrutinized the more it will be found resting on an endurable basis.

Some of our citizens, quick to discern the gains of an individual wealth that involves a public benefaction, have tested to the senses of our people, the fact that the greatest mine of the world it at every man's door, if he will apply the plowshare to the virgin soil, in the manner indicated.

Until lately it has been found quite difficult to separate the outer from the inner fibre, the coarser from the finer, but this drawback has yielded to the present attack of ingenuity, and machinery costing but a few hundred dollars can now be had that completely overcome that difficulty, and this success has rendered complete the greatest industrial achievement of the age—the introduction of perfectly seperated ramie fibre into the manufactures of the world.

—Many men are worth nothing, and some are worth-less.

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass,
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n2jy16tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

Consul General on the Pacific Coast for Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Russia.

Established 1849.

ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ESSENTIAL OILS, DYE STUFFS, And General Merchandise,

By the Package Only.

CASH ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION from this or any Foreign Market will receive prompt and faithful attention. Miners, Manufacturers and Wholesale Trade supplied for Cash. No notice or attention paid to orders for goods, if there is no provision made for the payment of the same.

CONSIGNMENT SOLICITED.

Office, No. ..... Street,

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

N. B.—California Products Solicited on Consignment.

N. B.—Business transacted in all the principal Commercial Languages. ja21n30tu

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

J. Davison, J. P. W. Perham, Independence, Cal. | J. S. Rothschild, San Francisco.

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise.

Stock consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Dry Goods.

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS.

Boots and Shoes

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

Extra Family Flour,

BELL'S NO. 1, constantly on hand and for sale

Goods constantly arriving from the San Francisco market.

Take Heed to Our Motto!

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

"A nimble nine-pence is preferable to a slow shilling!"

ONE PRICE STORE!

SAVE MONEY BY BUYING CHEAP!

"ECONOMY IS WEALTH."

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, January 1, 1871.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES, Provisions, LIQUORS, CIGARS AND TOBACCO. DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS, Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS. HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES, Cloth Piece Goods, Clothing, Hardware, Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal. August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

LIVERY STABLES.

EAGLE Livery and Feed STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

Cerro Gordo FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

Independence, Cal.,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times.

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5-8m

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 8 cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

J. W. TYLER.

AURORA Fruit & Variety STORE.

J. W. TYLER, AURORA. Nevada.

Wholesale and retail dealer in

ALL KINDS OF FRUITS

APPLES,
PEARS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS,
GRAPES

And every kind of fruit in season

AT REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH!

Cigars and Tobacco,

Havana and American Cigars,
Cigarites de Dames,
Manillas, Etc

The best qualities of

Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos!

Chewing—(Fine Cut)—

John Anderson's Solace,
Liberty Boy,
Forest Rose,
Century,
Savory,
(In Papers or Cans.)

Chewing—(Plug)—

Nature's Bounty,
Nectar of Roses,
May Apple,
Forest Rose,
Washoe,
Prince Esterhazy,
Horn of Plenty
Signet,
Tulip,
Pear
Pearl of Orient,
Bouquet,
Peach,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Smoking—

WADAWANUCK,
BIG LICK,
ASTHALSEY,
NONPARIEL,
GOLDEN SHOWER,
ORONOCO,
EUREKA,
SIESTA,
FOREST ROSE,

All of which we will sell in papers or can the lowest market prices.

TURKISH AND SPANISH.

Macaboy, Scotch and French Rapes

SNUFFS!

Meerschaum, Stone and India Rubber PIPES,

Cherry Stems, Mouth Pieces, etc., etc

A good assortment of

Stationery,
Pocket Cutlery,
Gold Pens,
Pencils,
Albums,
Checkers,
Playing Cards,
Crib Boards,
Spectacles,
Brushes, all kinds,
Etc., etc., etc.

ALSO,

A good assortment of the finest

CANDIES,
FIG PASTE,
RAISINS,
NUTS,
FIGS,
GUAVA JELLY,
ETC., ETC.

LADIES' PORTFOLIOS ALL SIZES!

Drawing and Tissue Paper!

Diaries for 1871.

PERFUMERY, EXTRACTS and SOAPS.

IF YOU WANT

TOYS AND GIFTS

—GO TO—

J. W. TYLER'S.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL receive prompt attention. Remember

J. W. TYLER,

Corner Pine and Bush Streets,

AURORA, NEVADA.

Aurora, Nev., September 26, 1870. n13-3m

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Jan. 28, 1871.

Protected by a Cat

[From The New York Herald.]

There resides in Thirty-fifth street, a gentleman named Michael Hardin, and he is fortunate enough to possess not only a beautiful wife, but a pretty little, daughter scarcely three years of age. The child's name is Mamie, and from her playful, happy nature and rare beauty she has been a general favorite with all who have been so fortunate as to enjoy her parent's acquaintance and her own childish friendship. Among the child's playmates was a favorite cat, and the young lady's feline friend having established a homestead of her own beneath an ajoining building, deserted the little fragment of the *genus homo*, and took up her exclusive residence among those of her own "kit and kin." Not knowing that the cat was about to become the maternal relative of a number of young Thomases or Tabbies the child was almost heart-broken at her sudden desertion, and for days it searched the parental domain without ceasing, for its play-mate. On Monday evening last the child heard a mewing under the building where the feline family had taken refuge, and perceiving a small aperture thereto she crowded her little body into it. Once in she could not extricate herself, not knowing enough to carefully back out, and remained in the narrow hole till Tuesday morning. In the meantime the father and mother having missed the little one, were in an agony of grief, and engaged in a wild search for the lost one. Suspicious parties circulated stories to the to the effect that the child had been stolen, and even went so far as to designate the child-stealer. Two or three said they had seen the child in possession of a suspected party. In the meantime, while friends were making search, the mother wandered about, crying for her lost darling and moaning most piteously. Suddenly her quick ear detected the feeble voice of her little one calling, and, following the sound, the child was rescued after an absence of thirteen hours. She was quite exhausted and over her the cat was standing guard; purring and occasionally lashing her tail against her sides, as a group of bright-eyed rats peered forth near by, or scampered past in the distance.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

It is stated on good authority that Vice President Rice, of the Northern Pacific Railroad, who has been on this coast for some time, has made arrangements for the early completion of that part of the road between Columbia river and Puget Sound, 25 miles to be placed in running order by July 1st. The Pacific Rolling Mills, of this city, have the contract for all the rails they can furnish, and the remainder are already shipped from New York. The road will start on Columbia river, about six miles above the mouth of the Cowlitz, and pass through Olympia, keeping on the eastern side of the Cowlitz. The same company will construct the line from Lake Superior to Red River of the North, and from St. Cloud, Minnesota, to Pembina. Captain Wm. C. Walker, late of the Sacramento Tide Land Reclamation Company, will go up next week to take charge of the construction in Oregon, taking with him engineers, firemen, blacksmiths, etc. One hundred and seventy-five Chinamen will go with him, and two hundred more will follow on the next steamer. From 1,500 to 2,000 men will be at work as soon as possible. This looks like business. And in connection with these statements there is some significance in the fact that an effort is now making in Congress, which will doubtless have the support of the friends of the Northern Pacific Railroad, to place a subsidized line of steamships on the route between Puget Sound and the Sandwich Islands, connecting with the San Francisco and Australasian line.—*S. F. Bulletin.*

Cheap Railroad.

The question which has been agitating the railroad world in reference to narrow guage roads is to be practically tested. Says a correspondent of The Iron Age: "A narrow-gauge (two feet six inches) will be built in Pennsylvania, from Allentown to Harrisburg via. Reading and Lebanon, along the Tulpehocken and Swatara creeks. The Fairlee engine will be used, the cost of construction and equipments being one-third that of the four-feet gauge. A speed of twenty five miles an hour is expected, and freight carried at one cent a ton per mile."

—The Philadelphia Press deliberately advises its readers to "lay in their coal." —Disgusting.

—It is a somewhat curious fact that a compositor takes most c'es when hardest at work.

—A petition to the Detroit City Government ends: "And your petitioners will ever pray—if praying will do any good."

—Garters with monogram clasps are now worn by the pretty girls. They are quite a novelty yet, but we hope to see more of them.

—At a lecture given in Frankfort, Ind., not long since, the tickets read: "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God. Admit one."

—An advertisement was sent to the Cleveland *Herald* office, on a recent Sunday night, in which occurred the words, "The Christian's Dream: No Cross, No Crown." The compositor made it read, "The Christian's Dream: No Cows, No Cream."

—A peripatetic Sunday School talker ended a long story thus: "And now, my young friends, the names of those two boys were—Thomas and Philander. Thomas, I have told you, was a bad boy, and went down—down—down. Philander was a good boy, and went up—up—up. Little children, Philander stands before you!"

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Store in Post Office Building.

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

ART GALLERY.

PHOTOGRAPHS,

Ambrotypes

And Melainotypes.

Mr. L. D. WELSH,

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN HIS business in Independence, will be happy to meet the citizens of Inyo county at his rooms on Edwards Street, nearly opposite the Inyo House, where he is prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES and MELANOTYPES of every description.

Views taken of Buildings, Scenery, Mining claims, etc., at very moderate prices.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

n8n29tf

MARKET.

Independence

BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, December 3, 1870. n23m3

HARNESS AND SADDLES.

HARNESS SHOP.

Bishop Creek, Inyo County, Cal.

HAVING OPENED A HARNESS AND SADDLER Shop, with a complete stock, the undersigned will make and repair all kinds of

HARNESS AND SADDLES.

Work warrranted to give satisfaction.

Shop on Stage Road, one mile north of Sneden's Store—place better known as "NORTON'S LIGHT HOUSE."

ALEXANDER C. MATLACK.

Bishop Creek, September 24, 1870. n12 3m

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Dry Goods,

HARDWOOD,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES,

Crockery,

GLASSWARE,

Tin-Ware,

SADDLERY,

Farming Implements,

SHOE FINDINGS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,

Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Tapioca, Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Jams, Dried Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles, Extracts, Sauces, Codfish, Salmon, Mackerel, Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,

French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS

Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,

SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES,

Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER

Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,

WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,

WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of

Glass and Crockery Ware,

Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

D. COHN & CO.

Independence, Cal, October 3, 1870. n13m

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES,

Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfc

Drugs & Medicines

ALSO,

SPICES, PERFUMES, &C.

—AND—

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

PATENT MEDICINES,

HORSE LINIMENTS,

STATIONERY:

Of Every Variety.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONERY

—AND—

ALL KINDS OF NUTS.

Tobacco & Cigars

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AND A VARIETY of other goods not specified, all at reasonable prices for cash.

JOHN LENTELL.

Independence, July 6, 1870. n1v13m

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK

SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors.

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,

Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, August 8, 1870. n5 6m

LUMBER, LUMBER!

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

BELL & BRO., Proprietors.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH

LUMBER AND SHINGLES

Equal to the very best that can be produced in Inyo County, in quantities to suit, at our mill on Big Pine Creek, at

Lowest Rates for Cash.

We can furnish scantling of any length up to 32 feet, and timbers of any size up to 34 inches square, Siding, Flooring, extra clear, narrow or wide, Soft Finishing Lumber, etc., etc. Parties desiring timbers or lumber of any kind can not do better than to examine our stock and facilities before purchasing elsewhere.

Good Merchantable Lumber at $25.

Big Pine, October 30, 1870. n17tf

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK

Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n20tf RUSSELL & CO.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Also, in connection,

Partzwick Hotel.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions,

CLOTHING, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.,

At Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., Sept. 26, 1870. n12-3m

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,

Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with every thing kept in a well supplied WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.

FRESH DRUGS,	TILDEN'S PREPARAT'NS
PATENT MEDICINES,	DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS	SHAKER HERBS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,	PERFUMERIES,
KEROSENE OIL,	PAINTS AND OILS,

Which we offer at the lowest Cash Prices, and are determined not to be undersold.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

FOR SALE.

OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal., after our best wishes, and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty-one years, during which period we have been steadily engaged in the Drug business in California, we beg to say in consequence of the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Cal. Vinegar Bitters, now spread over the United States and countries far beyond, we are necessitated to devote our entire time to said business.

We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific coast and the only one continuous under the same proprietors since 1849, and have determined to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.

This is a rare opportunity for men with means, of entering into a profitable business with advantages never before offered.

For particulars enquire of

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

R. H. McDONALD, } Wholesale Druggists.
J. C. SPENCER, } San Francisco, Cal.

N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices to defy competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!

Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands

Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

Ja1a28y1

MEDICAL.

TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK, August 15, 1868.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo, Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœia, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of profound confidence,

I am, very respectfully,

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Chemist and Druggist of 10 Years' Experience.

(From the largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.)

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WIGHTMAN,

Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU

For weakness arising from indiscretion. The exhausted powers of Nature which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forbodings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

THE CONSTITUTION

once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is resorted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu

in affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous State of the Uterus, and all complaints incidental to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

—AND—

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superceding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to effect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere Price $1 25 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $6 50. Delivered to any address. Describe Symptoms in all communications.

ADDRESS,

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Drug & Chemical Warehouse,

594 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

NONE ARE GENUINE unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

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THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA; SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1871. NUMBER 32.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Feb. 4, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

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One Year, by Mail or Express	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
Three Months	1 75
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Fish Springs	J. T. RYAN.
Lone Pine	A. B. ELDER.
Cerro Gordo	JOHN B. WHITE

ATTORNEYS.

J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law,

AURORA, NEVADA.

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n26 f

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no5 1y

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy 9tf]

P. REDDY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

SAN FRANCISCO CORRESPONDENTS:

BENNETT & OWENS,

JUDGE N. P. BENNETT. JNO. W. OWENS

All business in reference to Mining Patents and Land Claims, Collections, etc., promptly attended to. v1n11y

BUSINESS CARDS.

HARVEY RUSSELL,

Justice of the Peace,

BISHOP CREEK PRECINCT.

Office at Sneden's Hall. n1v16m

J. J. MOORE,

Justice of the Peace,

LONE PINE PRECINCT.

aug 3n5 1y

JOHN A. HANNAH,

Justice of the Peace,

FIFTH PRECINCT.

MINING RECORDER,

CERRO GORDO DISTRICT. n10v11y

A. B. ELDER

SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY.

L. A. TALCOTT,

UNDER SHERIFF.

JOB PRINTING

-OF-

Every Description,

EXECUTED IN

UNEXCEPTIONABLE STYLE,

-AT THE-

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

ASSAYING.

ASSAY OFFICE

J. W. POOR.

OFFICE—PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

BULLION and ORES assayed. CORRECTNESS GUARANTEED. n1v13m.

HOTELS.

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BLANEY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

STAGE HOUSE.

Independence, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The travelling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.

MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v13m

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17 1870 v15n13m

BISHOP CREEK

STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELLERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE,

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14n3

SALOONS.

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.

Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE. n13v93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8v29 3m

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand.

SALOON.

MAY & TASKER, Proprietors.

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS, INDEPENDENCE.

WHILE THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE happy to meet an old and new friends Bar supplied with the most popular and palatable beverages. Call and take a smile, smoke a Havana, and play a game of billiards.

MAY & TASKER.

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK,

MASONS,

A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.

July 9, 1870. n1v13*

BAKERY.

LONE PINE BAKERY.

ANTONIO PASSMA

ANNOUNCES to his friends and the public generally that he has constantly on hand BREAD and CAKES. Pies and fancy Pastry furnished to order.

Lone Pine, Aug. 4, 1870. fm5 6m

BOOTS & SHOES.

BOOTS & SHOES.

New Shoemaker Shop,

One door North of the Drug Store.

G. W. TODD. J. N. MALONE.

TODD & MALONE

ANNOUNCE TO THEIR FRIENDS AND THE public generally that they are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of BOOTS and SHOES, on the shortest notice, FOR CASH. The best of French material will be used.

Repairing Neatly Executed. n8u18tf

STAGES.

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MUNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

SEMI-WEEKLY STAGE LINE

TO AURORA, CARSON, RENO AND SAN FRANCISCO, via Central Pacific Railroad,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co's Express.

From and after this date stages will leave Independence for Aurora and intermediate points

Every Wednesday and Sunday, at 5 o'clock, A. M.,

Connecting at Reno with stages for Columbus and Silver Peak; connecting at Aurora with stages for Big Grove, Genoa, Carson, Virginia and Reno; at Reno connection every day with trains of Central Pacific Railroad for Omaha and Chicago on the East, and Sacramento and San Francisco West. Returning, through connection made from Reno every MONDAY and FRIDAY morning, on the arrival of trains from San Francisco and Omaha.

Time 60 Hours Less, and 180 Miles Less Staging to San Francisco than by any other Route.

T. W. DEXTER, Agent.

Independence, Jan. 1, 1871. n26 2m8y

FOR INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FREELOUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.

Fare to San Francisco.....$50.

Office—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Ross House.

A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.

W. G. RUSSELL, Agent. n14m3

INDEPENDENCE, LONE PINE AND CERRO GORDO

STAGE LINE.

CONNECTING WITH STAGES FROM RENO and Los Angeles, carrying Mail and Express.

TIME TABLE.

LEAVES INDEPENDENCE:

Mondays at 5 o'clock, A. M. Wednesdays at 8 A. M.

LEAVES LONE PINE:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT CERRO GORDO:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

LEAVES CERRO GORDO:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT LONE PINE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 12 o'clock, M.

ARRIVES AT INDEPENDENCE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 5 o'clock P. M.

JOHN CALLISTER, Proprietor.

Independence, September 25, 1870. n12 3m

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

—AND—

General Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.

Have goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.

WM. M. OSBORN,

nv18m3 Los Angeles.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

D. COHN & CO., Agents

OFFICE—At D. Cohn & Co.'s store. n29n5m6

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.

n2jy163m

CARPENTERING.

JOHN HECKEL,

Carpenter & Builder.

Independence, Cal.

PAYS PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO JOBBING and making estimates. Orders from the country attended to. n27tm

WHEN I MEAN TO MARRY.

BY JOHN G. SAXE.

When do I mean to marry?—Well—
'Tis folly to dispute with fate;
But if you choose to hear me tell,
Pray listen while I fix the date.

When daughters haste with eager feet
A mother's daily toil to share;
Can make the puddings which they eat,
And mend the stockings which they wear.

When maidens look upon a man
As in himself what they would marry
And not as army soldiers scan
A sutler or commissary.

When gentle ladies who have got
The offer of a lover's hand,
Consent to share his "earthly lot,"
And do not mean his lot of land.

When young mechanics are allowed
To find and wed the farmers' girls,
Who don't expect to be endowed
With rubies, diamonds and pearls.

When wives, in short, shall freely give
Their hearts and hands to manly spouses,
And live as they were wont to live,
Within their sires' one-story houses.

Then, madam, if I'm not too old—
Rejoiced to quit this lonely life,
I'll brush my beaver, cease to scold,
And look about me for a wife.

A BEAR HUNT.

The Grayson correspondent of The Stanislaus News of January 14th says:

John Grummet, a veteran bear hunter of this county, was out hunting in the Coast Range mountains last week, and gives the following exciting account of his exploits:

I had camped over night at the base of a steep chaparral hill, near the head of the north fork of the Arroyo Salado, and in the morning, at daybreak, I shouldered my trusty Spencer rifle, and climbed to the summit. I had shot a deer on the way up but that was not the game I was after. I was hungry for bear meat. I knew they were in the vicinity, for I had seen their signs close by on a previous occasion. Sure enough, before traveling far along the eastern brow of the summit, I found a fresh track, made, apparently, not many minutes before. The track led into a dense thicket to my left, so, advancing cautiously into and through the thicket, I came to an open space of perhaps half an acre in extent, with a few clumps of the wild juniper trees scattered promiscuously over it, while beyond lay a deep canyon covered by a dense chaparral; while pausing to reconnoiter, I heard the snapping of small twigs just in my front but on the farther side of the clump of juniper. Having often heard the same sound I knew what was the matter; the bear was feeding on the small blueberries which grow on these trees. I crawled cautiously round and soon found myself within thirty steps of a huge grizzly, so busily engaged that he had no idea that any foe was so near. Her head was turned from me, but I took deliberate aim at the back part of her skull and fired; she rolled over without a sound or hardly a struggle. Taking a few steps forward, I repeated the dose, but 'twas no use, the first shot had severed the spinal vertebræ.

Just then my attention was attracted in another direction, for there arose from the thicket beyond a terrible succession of growls and snarls, accompanied by the crashing of the underwood, very plainly indicating that there was warm work to be done if I wanted to eat any of that bear. Unfortunately, in the excitement of the moment, and having my eye fixed steadfastly on the place whence issued the ominous sounds I got a cartridge fast in the breach by trying to load without throwing the lever far enough back. Here was a dilemma, with a savage bear coming toward me within 75 yards. I hurriedly threw the lever down again, jerked a handful of loose cartridges out of my pocket and laid them beside me, slipped one into the breach by hand, and as I raised my gun to my face my enemy was within twenty feet. He was coming in a sidling manner, so the bullet, striking him in the front part of the shoulder blade, ranged back and passed out at the opposite flank. He fell dead but there was still another behind him in full view. My nerves were perfectly steady now, however, and two deliberate shots laid him dead within ten feet of his leader. And now still another came in sight, very cautiously advancing a few steps, and then rearing up erect and prospecting the situation; being well concealed, however, he did not see me, and ventured up within twenty steps, when he, too, fell a victim to my deadly Spencer. After waiting a few moments and shouting that if they had any more bears to fetch them along, I made a reconnoissance in force but the supply of bears had given out. Nothing was left to do but skin and divide the carcasses. All took much less time than I have occupied in telling it. I do not think over five minutes elapsed between the first shot and the last, and when it was all over the sun was but half an hour above the eastern horizon. It took many a weary trip up and down that hill to get the meat into camp, and when I reached Grayson that night about 10 o'clock, after driving thirty miles, I felt as if I had done a hard day's work.

The Highest.

A man at Sparta, Wis., wishing to present an organ to a church, wrote to a friend in New York to know what it would cost to get one. He received a reply that he could get a cussed little organ for $1,500; "but if you expect to get to heaven on the organ dodge, you had better invest about $3,000." He took the high-priced organ.

Legal Witticisms.

The remarks of an exchange, "that many of our successful lawyers commenced life as preachers," is gracefully corrected by one of the legal gentlemen refered to, who begs leave to state that he began life as an infant.

A country justice of the peace, on having his attention called to the fact, as he was about to enter judgement in a certain case, that he had not jurisdiction on account of the amount involved being over two hundred dollars, promptly responded: "The court has thought of that, and discovered a remedy. The court will enter judgement for the full amount, and then issue two executions, each for a half."

In a recent action against the corporation of Canterbury, England, to recover damages for injuries received by the plaintiff, he having been thrown from his carriage in the night time by coming in contact with a pile of stones left in the highway, the somewhat singular defense was set up that "the accident would not have occurred in the daytime, and that, as darkness was the act of God, so was the accident." The Lord Chief Justice is said to have ruled against this point with some warmth.

Some years since, while a judge, who now occupies a very high judicial position in the State, was holding circuit in one of the western counties, a case of a trivial character was called on. His Honor, somewhat "riled," remarked that such suits instead of taking up the time of the court would be more properly disposed of by submitting the same to a jury of old women. The plaintiff's attorney quietly replied, that, without taking exception to the opinion of the honorable Court, he thought the cause could not have been before a more appropriate tribunal.

An Awful Frog Story.

A man named Southworth, living in Warren, Pa., has just ejected from his stomach a frog which has been living there for fifteen years! Mr. Southworth has had a good deal of trouble with that frog. It used to begin to croak at the most unreasonable hours. When Southworth would go to church, for instance, the frog would remain silent until the congregation engaged in silent prayer, and then it would set up such a terrific yowl that the sexton would rush in and collar Southworth and drag him out to quiet down in the graveyard. Sometimes the frog would give a nocturnal serenade after Southworth was fast asleep in bed, and then Southworth would rise as mad as anything, and seize a stomach pump and try to draw the frog up. But the subtile reptile had had that trick played on it too often during these fifteen years, and it always shinned up the tube a piece, out of the draft, and waited until Southworth exhausted himself. Southworth never fooled that frog a great deal. And when frogs were in season Southworth used to fish for this one with a fly; but it always refused to rise, and the fly buzzed so in Southworth's alimentary canal that it nearly tickled Southworth to death. So Southworth had to wait until the other day, when the frog thought it would come up and go and see a friend; and when it did come Southworth was so mad at it that he killed it with a fork. He says the frog used to eat twice as much as he did; but we have been thinking it over and it seems to us that the statement must be exagerated somewhat.

The Dutchman's Trick.

While a Dutchman was reading the advertisements on the new post-office fence, a professional "beat" came up to him and said:

"Shon, if you treat to the whiskey, I will learn you a trick."

Shon agreed. "Beat" then placed his hand against the fence and told him to strike it as hard as he could. Shon, not thinking that any harm could befall him by doing so, struck a blacksmith's blow, but instead of hitting "beat's" hand, the latter jerking it away, poor Shon struck the fence-board, knocking it off.

"Mein Gott in Himmel!" cried Shon. "What you makes foolish? I knocks mine hand clean off up to the elbow! Oh socker blitz! my poor frau, what will she say?"

Poor Shon was bound to have revenge; so one day as he was passing through the streets, he espied a man. Going up to him he said:

"Mynherr, I show you one little trick for nodink."

As there was no fence nor tree near, Shon put his hand against his mouth and said:

"Strike yust so hard as you can."

Mynheeer struck, and Shon pulled his hand away and received the blow on his mouth, and was knocked down. Shon jumped up his mouth bleeding, and commenced dancing with pain.

"Sherusalem! a thousand tuyfels dake dis goontry! I goes pack to Holland!"

Some

Of the foot-passengers on the Cambridge, Mass., horse-railroad were good-naturedly chaffing the voluminous conductor of a car, as he insinuated his burly form among them to collect their fares. "If the company insists on our standing," said one, "we shall have to insist on their employing smaller conductors." "They'd have hard work to find one that feels smaller than I do," replied the budgered man.

—Don't go back on your paper. A subscriber to an Iowa paper recently stopped his paper, and the next week he was nearly kicked to death by a horse.

The Sutro Tunnel.

A Washington dispatch contains the following account of the proceedings in relation to the bill to give $3,000,000 to the Sutro Tunnel project.

Nye, in accordance with previous notice, addressed the Senate on the bill to create a fund to be known as the Mineral Land Fund, and for other purposes. The bill provides for paying over to the Sutro Tunnel Company the proceeds of money received by the United States from the sale of mineral lands; $50,000 to be paid upon the completon of every 500 feet, and the tunnel to be completed within ten years.

Nye, to demonstrate the magnitude of the interest involved in the construction of the Sutro Tunnel, stated that the Comstock lode, to which the tunnel was to be constructed, has yielded since its discovery ten years ago $120,000,000 almost equaling the total yield of silver of the whole Republic of Mexico. The mines of that lode are now reached at a perpendicular depth of 1,200 feet, and the obstacles encountered in mining thus far show the early abandonment of it. The difficulties of pumping water and hoisting ore, at which fifty-three steam engines are employed and kept in motion with fire-wood at an expense of several million dollars per annum. The great obstacle in mining was the great increase of heat below the surface. The thermometer at 1,200 feet below standing at 110 degrees, making it almost impossible for men to work, and impairing health.

Religious.

Rev. E. P. Roe gives, in The New York Evangelist, an account of religious affairs in the Military Academy at West Point. He says that "the religious influences are steadily growing stronger at West Point. Several of the officers are earnest Christians, and General Upton, the new commandant, and his accomplished sister throw the whole weight of their influence and constant effort toward promoting a Christian life and spirit among the students." In calling for Ceneral Howard on Sabbath evening he "found him at the cadet prayer-meeting, which is now regularly sustained twice a week, on Sundays and Wednesday evenings. There were about fifty students present, who are no longer a despised minority but have weight and influence with the rest."

Pass It Around.

"If Lemuel L. P. Morris, formerly of Sonoma, Sonoma county, will write to his afflicted mother, now living in Vallejo, and inform her as to his whereabouts and his business, he will greatly please one who has suffered much for him. Any letter directed through Editors Chronicle or Rev. C. E. Rich will reach Mrs. Mary Morris. Will other papers please copy and oblige a poor old lady."

Equally Ignorant.

A story is going the rounds of the English press, under the head of "Lamentable Ignorance," to the effect that a little girl, ten years old, examined at an inquest on the body of her father, could not tell where little girls went who told lies. This leads a correspondent of The Pall Mall Gazette to relate, of the late Judge Maule, that having asked a little girl tendered as a witness if she knew where she would go after death if she told a lie, and the child replying, "No Sir" the judge was overheard to mutter to himself, "No more do I."

Exactly The Reason.

A gentleman, while walking in his garden, caught the gardener asleep under a tree. He scolded at him soundly for his lazyness, and ended by telling him that such a sluggard was not worthy to enjoy the light of the sun. It was for that reason exactly, said the gardner, "that I crept into shade"

New Mode.

A Prussian chemist has invented a new mode of warfare on the battlefield. It is a powder that makes a whole regiment sneeze for half an hour.

To Be Smelt.

Flattery is like cologne water, to be smelt of, not swallowed.

—Louisiana alligators have devoured sixteen amendments for the current year.

—Little fish have a proper idea of business. Not being able to do better they start on a small scale.

—The following sentence of only thirty-four letters, contains all the letters in the alphabet: "John quickly extemporized five tow bags."

—Mr. Bliss, of the firm of Bliss & Co., New York, has been elected President of the Union Pacific Railroad in place of Oliver Ames, resigned.

—Stages run so slow in some parts of Vermont, says a Boston journal, that the chickens make a practice of roosting on the axle.

—The following good story is told of a young society gentleman, who graduated from old Harvard: On the examination in physics he was asked: "Mr.——, what planets were known to the ancients?" "Well, sir," he responded, "there were Venus and Jupiter, and—after a pause—I think the *earth*, but I'm not quite certain." He can't yet comprehend what it was the class laughed about just at that time.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Feb. 4, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

THE LEAD STRIKE IN CERRO GORDO.

In a conversation with Mr. J. B. White, one of the owners of the Buena Vista Tunnel, a day or two since, we gained some idea of the extent and importance of the recent strike of lead, refered to in our last issue. The developments already made have proved the deposit to be beyond all question the most extensive and valuable body of mineral ever discovered in this county and the largest body of lead ever opened on the coast. Judge J. A. Hannah, District Recorder, writes us concerning the Buena Vista Tunnel and the Jefferson mine, as follows: "The tunnel is, 536 feet in length, with 800 feet of track laid in tunnel and drifts, the whole costing $7,000. About 100 feet apart in the side drifts of the tunnel are two cuts across the ledge, in one of which it proves to be from 40 to 50 feet wide, and in the other they have run 30 feet and are not yet through the metal. It is a huge deposit, and one solid mass of mineral. Within the past two weeks, in making these prospects, they have extracted 400 tons of ore." The same gentlman, in speaking of the Jefferson ledge, owned by the same parties, P. Williams and John B White, says: "The shaft is down 150 feet, which has paid every foot from the roots of the grass to the bottom, the ledge being from 10 to 20 feet in width. The Buena Vista tunnel taps the ledge 300 feet below the surface. The owners now employ seventeen men in the shaft and tunnel, and Mr. Williams informs me that as soon as he can make room for them in the mine, he will put on some forty more.

This ore will average the same percentage of lead as Cerro Gordo lead ores generally—from 60 to 70 per cent., while assays resulted in finding it to be worth from 100 to 125 ounces of silver per ton.

Considering the fact that but a few weeks ago lead was scarce, the known deposits being worked out and it was thought probable that a sufficient amount could not be obtained to advantageously smelt the silver ore, the importance of this enormous strike cannot be overestimated.

PEACE.

It will be seen by referring to our extract of war news that Paris has capitulated, and the terrible war ended. This news reaches us through last Sunday's Alta, and without doubt, can be accepted as a fact, as in the nature of things within the city for several dayspast, the surrender was a foregone conclusion.

Gambetta has declared his determination to continue the fight, claiming that he can raise and equip two millions of men. His determination, however, will amount to nothing.

By the meagre details of the terms of capitulation it will be seen that Bismarck obtained the terms he insisted upon immediately after the Sedan surrender. As applicable to the French we may exclaim "How the mighty have fallen." They have lost men, material, prestige and territory, can scarcely claim any establishsd form of government, and all within a short period barely exceeding the third of a year. The wildest dreamer, a few months ago, could not have outlined a course of such wonderful events, culminating in the surrender by the leading nation of Europe of their capital.

Future historians will have a new era from which to date events.

German Emperor.

William of Prussia was proclaimed Emperor of Germany January 19th, in presence of all the German Princes and representatives. Exactly one hundred and seventy-nine years after the coronation of the first King of Prussia William accepts the title of Emperor of Germany.

Another Trip.

The oft-disappointed Millerites of New England have set another day for "going up"—the 11th of Febuary and they have already commenced to get excited and enthusiastic over their contemplated jonrney.

Good Ore.

The Salt Lake Herald says that forty tons of ore from Silveropolis yielded $ 23,522,46. The cost of working the ore was $4,289,26, leaving a net total profit of $19,283,14 on the forty tons.

THE DROUTH.

The continuous dry weather that has been experienced the present season in the southern and middle portions of the State has been the cause of much uneasiness and dissatisfaction. Though a little rain has lately fallen in those localities, the relief to the minds of all directly interested is but slight; because even if the present rains were copious, much more, later in the season, will be required to mature crops. The experience of late years proves the great uncertainty of the harvest, no matter how auspicious the beginning of the planting season. Though the hopes of the farmer may be temporarily raised, as they doubtless are by the late rainfall, it will require but a few days of sunshine to effectually dissipate them again. A partial remedy for the bad effects of a dry season is found in deep plowing and summer-fallowing, and as these plans have come extensively into use there need be no fear of general crop failure, let the season be as dry as any yet known. But, notwithstanding this, there are hundreds of settlers, in the southern part of the State especially, who feel a great desire to find homes in a locality free from the losses and inconveniences occasioned by the dry Winters they so much dread. Constant accessions to the population of the State are being made by the arrival of immigrants coming by land and sea. Because of the drouth and consequent uncertain returns for money and labor, the prospect for the new comers will be discouraging, though they may find in the coast counties, which seem to attract the most of them, lands as fair as the sun ever shown upon.

Our own section needs population. By setting forth our real advantages and inducements, and nothing more, in a proper manner, we doubt not many of the right sort would be glad to avail themselves of our superior advantages. While in truth we admit there are some things not perfectly *couleur de rose*, yet taking all the facts into consideration we believe our county presents superior advantages to any other in the State. Without attempting especial mention in detail, we will say that we have an excellent climate, good water and fuel; plenty of good government land and means of irrigation—thus rendering our farmers independent of dry or wet seasons, though the system does involve some extra labor. Crops yield well and surely. Our valley is literally surrounded by a belt of rich and inexhaustible mines of various kinds of valuable minerals.

In short, we have within the limits of Inyo county every material element, when properly developed, to warrant the belief in a great and prosperous future. We lack population, capital for the development of our mines, and a better system of communication with the outside world. Give us either one of these and the others will follow. Here are good opportunities for manufacturers, mechanics of every kind, farmers and miners.

Believing these to be facts, we consider it a duty to bring them to the notice of as many as possible of those who may be in search of homes.

STEAM WAGONS.

One of the Thompson Steam Wagons has lately undergone a very thorough trial at Oakland, and the fact pretty well proven that steam is a motive power that can be advantageously used on common roads.

This Oakland steam horse was put through his paces over all kinds of roads to be found in that vicinity,—up hill and down on good hard ground and through fields impracticable for an ordinary loaded wagon and team, and in every case his performance was satisfactory.

Making all due allowances for favorable reports, enough has been shown by this and other trials that these engines can be profitably used over any roads suitable for heavy teams. They are well suited to level, sandy roads, or in other words can be used on such roads, with no more loss of power than that incurred by ordinary teams over the same kind of roads.

Allowing for the steam wagon the ability of performance claimed for it the advantage in their use as compared to ordinary heavy horse and mule teams, is about as follows:

On good hard roads with a grade no greater than one foot in twelve, a first class Thompson engine will move 30 tons at the rate of 2½ miles per hour; to move the same number of tons by horse power would require, say twenty horses or two ten-horse teams. The out fit or first cost would be about the same. The necessary number of attendants in each case would be equal. In general terms the cost of fuel for the engine would not be more than half as much as the provender for the horses. The distance over which the load might be moved in each 24 hours would be for the horses, say 15 miles; for the engine, 45 or 50 miles. On heavy sandy roads it is assumed that the advantage would be still more in favor of steam.

On roads especially made for them these steam wagons have been used to great advantage; for men of means or a company there is an inducement offered to at least investigate their power and advantages, with a view of trying them on the level sandy roads through out this section of the State. We have but little doubt that in such roads as that leading from here to Los Angeles these steamers might be profitably used in the conveyance of passengers and light loads at high speed, if under such circumstances, they are capable of running at a rate of ten miles per hour. If practicable at all the expense would be very much less than a well stocked stage line, while after the road was prepared the capital required would be less. It is a matter, as we before stated, well worthy of investigation.

NEWS FROM PARIS—A SCENE.

A letter from Paris of the 23d, says a London correspondent writing on the 26th of January, has the following:

Yesterday, 128 days since the commencement of the siege, was witnessed for the first time since the investment a scene which all have been dreading more or less every day during the dreary four months. There has been bloodshed in the streets of Paris, not from the besiegers, but by the acts of those reckless adventurers who have all along sought in the siege and miseries and misfortunes of the country for the advance of their own interests. On Saturday evening a crowd of citizens at Belleville and other quarters, who had been threatening mischief since the failure of the sortie of the 19th, gathered in numbers around the prison Mazas, where Flourens, Lilliens and other political prisoners are incarcerated, and after various riotous demonstrations, gathered courage in the absence of opposition and made an attack on the prison. They beat down the gates with bludgeons, stones and iron bars. The jailers and turnkeys fled for their lives, leaving the jail free to the rioters, who opened the cells, releasing the inmates until they found Flourens, Millier, and their companions, who were borne away in triumph, amid cries of "*a bas l'avre! a bas Trochu!*" After parading the streets the ruffian crowd stopped and Flourens made a speech upon the Maire of the 20th arrondisement, comprising the turbulent quarters of Bellville, St. Fargeau, Pere La Chaise and Charonne, intending to establish the head-quarters of the revolutionary movement, which was hoped would extend over the whole city. However, as the parade failed to draw on any large number of followers into active co-operation, and finding those willing to plunge into revolation were badly armed and almost destitute of ammunition, the rioters abandoned the scheme after seizing 200 rations.

Bread will be ready for distribution among the starving population of Belville. Before dispersing, Flourens called on all present to make an oath to meet on Sunday noon in front of the Hotel de Ville, and there demand possession of the Government, in the name of the people. The rioters took the oath with great vehemence and excitement, and then broke up and returned to their miserable homes or wandered about the dark city like birds of ill omen, till daylight. At noon yesterday in accordance with their pledge, about 200 of the most repulsive, villainous-looking ruffians in the city, including a number of soldiers and the 101st war battalion of National Guards, marched in a body to the place in front of the Hotel de Ville, uttering revolutionary cries, and calling upon the citizens to arm.

Never during the present troubles has a crowd been seen bringing so vividly to mind the horrors of the old French revolution. They occupied the Place over an hour, without any opposition, surging, shouting and yeling. In the meantime a small guard of Mobiles and Bretons were drawn up in front of the Hotel de Ville who stood their ground, avoiding any collision with the mob by all means in their power.

After one o'clock the Adjutant in command advanced in front of the men on account of the somewhat more threatening demonstration by the crowd and was fired upon and fell, severely wounded in the head and arms. Immediately on seeing their officer fall, the Mobiles fired on the crowd, creating a terrible panic. Unfortunately a number of persons who had gathered as lookers on, encouraged by the length of time which had elapsed without violence, were drawn up in front of the Hotel de Ville, and received the shots of the Mobiles as the crowd fled shrieking. Apparently fifty of their number were left on the ground. It was afterward ascertained that five were killed, including one woman and two children and eighteen wounded more or less severely, besides several slighter hurts.

At the same moment that the Mobiles fired, a number of muskets were discharged from windows of houses on the east side of the place occupied by the rioters. Three or four Mobiles fell from the fire which was badly directed. The old casemates above the statue of Henri Quatre were completely riddled with bullets. After several rounds were fired, the Mobiles withdrew from the buildings and a large force of National Guards came at double quick time along the Rue Rivoli, with General Vinoy at their head. As they approached the Hotel de Ville, the rioters left the houses and fled before them, the guards allowing them to escape without shooting or arresting them. It is said Flourens was prominent among the rioters in the last attack before the firing begun, but was not seen afterward.

LETTER FROM DEEP SPRING.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

DEEP SPRING VALLEY, Jan. 28.

MESSRS. EDITORS: By your permission I will give the readers of The Independent an item or two from this camp. I have not yet had time to visit many of the mines, but will at some future day give a description of the leading ones. The Blue Bird is a fine lead, and the boys have a tunnel in on the ledge some sixty or seventy feet, the ledge showing plain all the way in, and at the end of the tunnel they have ore of the finest quality. They also have a shaft on the ledge some fifty feet deep, which shows a good vein. On the dump they have some twelve or fifteen tons of ore, worth from $400 to $500 per ton. I am told that it is not very rebellious, and therefore not hard to work, yet will have to be roasted. The Cinderella is also a very fine ledge, from six to eight feet thick, and crops out boldly. A shaft thirty feet deep is sunk upon the ledge, showing fine metal-bearing rock; this mine is, without much doubt, one of the finest things in the country. I am told that the ore is refractory, and in fact it shows galena in almost every piece. This mine is favorably located (some five miles south of Wyman creek), and can be worked to a depth of several hundred feet, by running a tunnel into the hill, all the way on the ledge. Why the owners are not doing something on this claim is not understood, and when such locations as these are allowed to lay idle it is hardly to be expected that a district can prosper. I am told that this lead can be traced north to Wyman creek, and that it is all located, but nothing done on any of the claims.

I next called on Messrs. Hiskey & Walker, lessees of the property of the Deep Spring Milling and Mining Company. They are now busy building a reverbatory furnace, and expect to have the mill in running order on or before the middle of March. They have to remove all of the experimental playthings of Mr. Paul, and replace the pans. It seems strange that a company of intelligent men would allow themselves to be drawn in to the tune of some $10,000 by such a notorious humbug as —— ——.

There are more people here than I expected to find, and jolly good fellows they are. A party with a four-horse team have recently arrived from White Pine, and in fact they are arriving from almost every part of the globe. What they all want here I have no idea, unless they have come for the same purpose that I did—and that was to locate some ledges; and if I could not find any to locate I might find some to *relocate*, and I hereby notify all claim owners to comply with the law, or some one else will. I made one or two locations, and when I went to the Recorder's office I was informed that that gentleman was also Justice of the Peace, and was out on his judicial circuit, and his deputy was out on the river on a pleasure trip. But when I return to the river I can do as others do—file my notices with the Recorder.

There is a town site selected, and Harry Millington has erected a stone mansion, in which he proposes to feed the weary and hungry prospectors. There are also several private residences in course of construction. Mr. Ryan has adobes made with which to build a storehouse, and he soon goes to the Bay City to purchase goods for his new place.

There are several things much needed here, to make this camp lively: Some enterprising cuss with six or eight pack mules; another enterprising boy to carry express from here to Big Pine once or twice a week charging a reasonable price for carrying letters and papers, also doing other errands; and an indefinite number of men who want to prospect until they find something good and then go to work on their claims with a will and be determined to make a "raise," not do as all have done, locate a thousand and one claims and do nothing ourselves nor allow others to do anything. One good claim is sufficient for any man if he will improve it and make it a paying mine. I shall continue to look for a good ledge and when I find one I shall advise you of what else I have seen.

PROSPECTOR.

PARIS CAPITULATES!

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.

Paris capitulated on the 27th. Terms, surrender of the garrison and summoning of a National Assembly.

LONDON, Jan. 28.

Favre was in conference with Bismarck at midnight. Bismarck carried his point. Capitulation involves peace, the cession of Alsace and German Lorraine, and part of the fleet; a money indemnity, to be guaranteed by the municipalities; a portion of the German Army to return home, and the war to cease. It is necessary some territory be retained to secure the fulfilment of the compact. The Mobiles are to be sent home, and the German army to enter Paris. The Emperor to return immediately to Berlin.

LONDON, Jan. 27.

An official despatch, dated Versailles, Friday morning, says Favre returned yesterday to Paris. He will come to Versailles again to-day, accompanied by a military officer, for the purpose of settling the terms of the capitulation. There has been no firing since last Thursday on either side.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.

The news of the capitulation of Paris reached here at half-past ten tonight. Notwithstanding the lateness of the hour the news boys were soon crying the extras in the streets. There is but little excitement, as the news was anticipated.

From Washington.

We are glad to be able to state that the reports from Washington give hope that the appropriation for the San Pedro harbor improvement will receive the favorable consideration of Congress at the present session. Our Senators and Representatvies are lending their aid and influence to the cause, and they are backed up in their efforts by the documents and local information supplied by Senator Wilson, whose personal character and great familiarity with our State, as well as his labors to promote the best interests of California, are well known in Washington, and add great force to all his representations. He is, moreover, supported by the report of the eminent engineer, Gen. Alexander, of the U. S. Topographical Engineers, as well as by the resolutions of the Legislature of California. We hope the efforts of our friends may be successful, and that so necessary and important a work as the improvement of our harbor will be commenced this present year.—*Los Angeles Star.*

Napoleon's Position.

In a reported conversation, the Emperor is put down in this wise: "It would be quite well, "he said," if it were publicly understood that I never intend to remount the throne on the strength of a military pronunciamento, by the aid of the soldiery just as little as by that of Prussia. I am the sole sovereign who rules by the grace of God, next by the will of the people, and I shall never be unfaithful to the origin of either. The whole people, which has four times approved of my election, must recall me by its deliberate vote, else I shall never return to France. The army possesses no more right to place me on the throne than had the lawyers and leafers to push me from it. The French people, whose sovereign I am, have the sole decision."

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in Postoffice at Independence, February 1, 1871

Cock, J H	Charpentier, Napoleon
Chamolin, Charlotte	Charpentier, Mrs N
Caxter, John	Bailey, T H
Fisher, Fred	Edger, R M or A C
Greenhaum, A	Gibson, James
Griffin, W A 2	Murphy, T
Nicolson, R	Reed, Robert 2
Ryan, J W	Spencer, W H
Shwarz, Fred	Thomas, Joseph
Winchell, W W	

J. B. ROWLEY, P. M.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

To avert evil is one of the grandest triumphs of human skill. This triumph is achieved by Dr. Walker's Vegetable Vinegar Bitters. They build up, fortify and renovate the feeble system, thus enabling it to defy the elemental causes of disease. Hence their efficacy as a protective medicine, in districts where the air and water are impure. The weakest and most susceptible organization is rendered proof against all malarious disorders by taking one or two doses daily as a preventive.

NEW ABVERTISEMENTS.

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

in the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVISON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
fe4n32tf

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY.

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY:

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Saw Mill, Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32-6m*

PROPOSALS WANTED.

TENDERS ARE CALLED FOR THE MAKING of a ditch for the Eclipse Gold Mining Company (Limited).

Plans and specifications, and all particulars can be obtained at the office of the Company.

HENRY TREGELLAS, Manager.
fe4n32 2t

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY notify all persons indebted to him in business during the year 1870 to call and settle immediately, as from and after this date I intend to sell for cash or its equivalent only—under which rule I hope to be able to furnish all kinds of goods at greatly reduced prices.

D. NAYLOR.

Big Pine, Cal., February 5, 1871.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

DEEP SPRING MILLING & MINING COMPANY. Location of Works, Deep Spring Valley, Inyo County, California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said company held on the 14th day of January, 1871, an assessment One Dollar ($1) per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Treasurer, at his office, 306 Clay street, San Francisco.

Any stock upon which assessments shall remain unpaid on the 25th day of February, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment be made before, will be sold on SATURDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF MARCH, 1871, to pay delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

A. A. JORDAN, Sec'y pro tem.

340 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California. ja28-31 4t

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SAN FELIPE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION, Cerro Gordo, Inyo County, California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said company, held on Friday, January 6th, 1871, an assessment of Five Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, 419 California street, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the Fifteenth Day of February, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, shall be sold on TUESDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF MARCH, 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

D. A. JENNINGS, Secretary.

Office—Room No. 26, Hayward's Building, 419 California street, San Francisco, California. n29-4

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of John Barlet against John Eicketson et als., duly attested the twenty-third day of January A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Section No. 36, Township No. 18 South, Range No. 37 East, Base and Meridian of Mount Diablo.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, at Two o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the town of Independence, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, U. S. gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.

By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

January 28, 1871. ja28n31w3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Fifth Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of D. Cohn & Co. against S. B. Clement, duly attested the 24th day of January, 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Four hundred undivided lineal feet in the Zombee lode; four hundred undivided lineal feet in the Pinyone lode, together with the Clement or Pinyone tunnel. All of said Real Estate situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the town of Independence, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.

By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

January 28, 1871. ja28n31w3

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD MOST RESPECTFULLY notify persons indebted to him in business contracted during the old year, that all accounts must be settled, either by cash or note, on account of a change made in my business from CREDIT to CASH, which took place on the 1st day of January, 1871. Am prepared to sell goods of all kinds lower than has ever been offered heretofore in this part of the country—for CASH, and CASH ONLY.

R. J. MORRISON,

ja21n30 6t Bentum, Cal.

NOTICE

TO THE CERRO GORDO AND VIRginia Mining Company: Henry Bush, Jr., F. W. Bennett, J. B. Rowley, and M. D. Baumner or his agent; also, G. W. Correll and Antonio Merced or their or either of their respective agents, executors, administrators, heirs or assigns, partners with H. W. Gould in the Buena Suerte Mine, situated in the Belmont Mining Camp, Lone Pine District, Inyo county, California. Notice—There will be a meeting of the owners in the above mine held at the Office of H. W. Gould, in the upper town of Cerro Gordo, said district, county and State, on Saturday, the 25th day February, A. D., 1871, at 6 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of levying assessments for working and developing said mine.

H. W. GOULD.

Cerro Gordo, December 26, A. D., 1870.

REPORT OF COUNTY TREASURER.

INDEPENDENCE, Inyo Co., Cal., December 19, 1870.

AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING WARRANTS.

On the County General Fund,	$12 075 89	
" " Road "	4,745 66	
" " Building "	6,732 00	
" Mono Debt "	12,000 00	
Total amount of outstanding warrants,		$35,353.55

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT FUNDS.

For the County General Fund,	$ 660 20	
" " Road "	493 16	
" " Building "	223 51	
" " Hospital "	1,102.68	
" " Sinking "	58.43	
" " Contingent	260 63	
" " Gen. school fund (unapport'ned)	1,134.22	
" " Mono debt fund	1 370 61	
" " State Gen. "	3,464 91	
		$8,779 23

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

School District of Independence,	$ 5.79	
" " Milton,	102 64	
" " Union,	80.64	
" " Bishop Creek,	190 41	
" " Lone Pine,	102.62	
" " Round Valley,	37.45	
		$9,334.96

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL LIBRARY FUNDS.

School Library Fund, Independence,	$16 79	
School Library Fund, Milton,	22 74	
" " " Union,	1.99	
" " " Lone Pine,	2.54	
		$9,334.96
Cash received for delinquent taxes till date (unapport'n'd)	$ 729.46	
Total am't of cash on hand,	$10,064 42	
Am't due for State purposes,	3,464.91	
Total am't cash on hand for county purposes,	$6 599,51	
To County Indebtedness to date (interest not included)	28,754.04	
		$35,353.55
County Indebtedness last report, date August 5, 1870	$33,525.50	
County Indebtedness December 19,	28,754 04	
Reduction of County Indebtedness since August 5, 1870	$4,771.46	

I. HARRIS, County Treasurer,
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

Approved January 9, A. D. 1870.
J. H. SHEDD, President.

Filed January 9th, A. D. 1871.
S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

n29.4t

For Sale.

THE UEDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his place in Lone Pine,

FIFTY HEAD OF HOGS,

At a bargain. Inquire of

LOUIS MUNZINGER.

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Feb. 4, 1871,

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 6 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Saddle Stealing.

About the last of December a German living with Supervisor John Shedd had a saddle stolen from him. It had been gone about a month when J. Earle, Esq., missed one of his. Circumstances pointed to Dennis O'Neil and a man known as "Whisky Jack" as the parties guilty of the thefts, they having left but a day or two before the property was missed. Mr. Earle, desirous of punishing this infraction of law and rights of property, caused the parties to be pursued, Constable Paul Houard, of Fish Springs, and L. C. Dorsey being despatched after them. They started out on the evening of Sunday, January 22, and rode to the Deep Spring mill that day, from whence to Piper's ranch, and still further to McFee's, almost without stopping. Going on to Columbus, they could learn nothing of the men, and started to McBride's, and from there they went to Aurora. Getting tidings of their men here, the two again started on, Dorsey with a fresh horse, Houard expecting to get one at the Five Mile House; but in this he failed and was compelled to stop. However Dorsey, accompanied by W. F. Craven, of Sweetwater, went ahead and overtook the men about seven miles beyond that place. They amiably surrendered, and after a continuous ride of 225 miles by the officers, they were made prisoners and started on the back track. Messrs. Houard and Dorsey express themselves as under obligations to the citizens of Aurora generally, and Judge F. K. Bechtel in particular, for assistance rendered them. Being arraigned for trial here, before Justice Gunnison, the prisoners demanded to be tried before a jury, which was empanneled and the case proceeded with. After several hours of examining witnesses, pleading, etc., the jury were given the case at about 8 o'clock P. M. They were out until the following morning at 10 o'clock, and then reported that it was impossible for them to agree upon a verdict. The counsel for the prisoners now raised the question of the right of the Justice to try them, he having been absent from the county for more than three months, upon which the proceedings were quashed, and the prisoners released. O'Neil claims to have purchased the saddle from a soldier for $15 when he (O'Neil) was drunk, and hid it because he thought it was Government property. "Whisky Jack" has not, probably, even so plausable claim as this to set up.

Rich Quartz.

Mr. J. S. Broder, just arrived from the Deep Spring mining district, has with him a specimen of auriferous quartz from the Hard Cash lode that will assay at the least calculation $15,000 per ton, and he says that he has a large amount of the same sort in sight. Mr. Broder also says, that Hiskey & Co., of the Deep Spring Mill Co., have agreed to work the ore for him for $30 per ton. And, that they will soon be able to commence on customers work. This will soon let us know what we may expect from that district.

Hymenial.

Of late Cupid has been shooting his bolts promiscuously and with but little discrimination throughout the valley taking old and young alike. Though he may not cease firing for want of ammunition, he will soon have to do so for want of victims. The carnage in the ranks of the fair sex has been sweeping, scarcely any marriagable remaing untouched. It is a fact melancholy but true as the numerous remaining bachelors will testify.

New Name.

The upper end of this valley proper is known by the general name of Bishop Creek, and the same is the designation of the particular place where the Postoffice, Clark's Hotel and Sneden's store are located. For the better distinction, a name should be supplied for what is going to be a flourishing town—and we propose that it should be christened "Snethsigeden." Or any other man.

That Meeting.

Our Lokelitems got an idea into his head that last Monday came in February, and stated that the regular monthly meeting of Independence Engine Co. No. 1 would then take place. This was just one week ahead of time, as the meeting occurs next Monday. We repeat our previous advice in regard to the attendance of members.

Returned.

D. D. Gunnison, Esq. returned to camp last Saturday after a sojourn of several months on the other side of the mountains. His rather protracted absence is entirely excusable, seeing that he brought back with him a better half to assist him drowning the recollection of the miseries of his recent bachelor days. We extend a hearty welcome home to the Judge and his lady.

Mail Wanted.

It is about time that the residents of Deep Spring Valley were supplied with mail accommodations. The immense mineral importance of that section of country can not long be overlooked by the floating thousands, and some regular communication should be established.

Our Thanks

Are due to Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Donathan for the wine and cake received at this office. The wedding notices of last week were received at too late an hour to allow of an expression of our hearty and sincere wishes of happiness and long life to the newly wedded couple.

A German Capture

Of French was announced in our last paper, in the wedding notice of L. Munzinger and Miss Adalada Galaron. You bet your muck-a-muck! We send greeting to Louis and his lady, and wish them health and fortune.

The Champion Porker.

Cromwell & Garretson, of Bishop Creek the other day killed a hog that tipped the beam at 548 pounds, neat. This is the largest amount of pork contained in one pig's skin that we have heard of in this valley.

Sale of Mining Property.

At 2 o'clock next Monday Sheriff Talcott will sell, in front of the Court House, fifty feet in the Union mine, and two hundred feet in the Monitor ledge, on execution.

Gone With Them.

Sheriff Elder started last Monday morning, on the Southern stage, with Charles Hawkins and David Ormrod, to take them to the State Insane Asylum.

Proposals.

Superintendent Tregellas of the Eclipse Company has in to-day's paper, a notice of interest to parties desiring a ditching contract.

J. T. R. ON "SWYTHIAN."

De Arcy and His Reviewers.

At Home, February 1.

Messrs. Editors: In your last issue "Swythian" seems to labor heavily over the casualties and crimes of the atmosphere he breathes. His sensitive moral nature thereby make him a police gazeteer, and in that official capacity he allows his credulity to tampered with by some of those "sharpers," whom, he says, it is his duty to expose. Else he would not write a tissue of falsehoods, mentioning names in full, especially when the accused is not a public villain, and can make no defense on account of absence. Oh, Swythian! if we are morally great, let us be merciful; if we have bad neighbors, let us shun them; if we are brave, let our opponents have a chance of defense; if we are thievish, let us have no business jealousy about us; if we are mean and low, let us tear the good characters of those around us, for there is nothing like being on a level. Brother Swythian has luckily found a "duck of a thief" and "scoundrel" and he, with inspired genius, wings his flight to the realms of unsurveyed imagination, where he finds a certain Charles Dearsy, whom he fixes up as a "duck of a thief."

The following facts in the case can be attested to by persons whose names will be left at The Independent office: Mr. Llaski and a certain Spaniard sold to De Arcy a wagon, which he (Llaski) had in his possession to secure $80 owed him by the Spaniard. De Arcy contracted with the Spaniard to take the wagon and pay $30 to him, and keep the wagon until the amount was returned. In paying the Spaniard, Mr. Llaski interfered, he and the Spaniard having some angry words about the money. They afterwards agreed between themselves, and, following De Arcy up, they both received the sum of $80, and he took the wagon with their consent. It seems now the wagon in question belonged to Mr. Barker, who was in some way connected with the Spaniard. So there is a swindle outside De Arcy.

What become of the $80, dear Swythian? Why did Llaski send De Arcy to the Spaniard, telling him the Spaniard would never redeem it? Why did the Spaniard take it so easy when he first went after the wagon?

Now, Swythian, your hero would be harmless, but great writers like you, I and Shakspeare must paint our thieves infernal. Therefore you make Mr. De Arcy steal "four good horses" (no mustangs), but you say you do not know the brands. O, dull Swythian! the spirit of Shakspeare will wake and eject you out of the Trinity for breaking the thread of your narrative. You know we trio are licensed to bring imagination into play. Our old partner being dead, the two of us can start into the business of guess-work, and never become bankrupt. But we are utterly disappointed about the horses. Mr. De Arcy took five horses, belonging to himself. Mostly all persons in the northern part of the county are aware of this, and also that he paid his debts. But one of the firm says De Arcy came from Australia. This is the greatest crime of all, according to the theory of the guess-work firm, who have spent years of mental labor divining the secret of nature for the purpose of bringing before the public the science of Geographical Pathology.

Nature being very stubborn in her ways, following out her old contract without regard to Swythian or I, has planted in her own soil various races of men, distributing them to suit herself. She could not do them all justice. Consequently, a great mass of mankind is deprived of honesty or intellect; here our great intellects come in. My partner, Swythian, discovered it first. This theory will prove for the first time that Ireland and Spain are outside the pale of salvation. But Swythian tells me that nature made a special dispensation of her ways when she made me. I believe Swythian belongs to our firm, and we know every thing. Swythian knows a great deal and I know the balance.

J. T. R.

Mining Discoveries.

A correspondent writes from Bishop Creek that some very rich mines were discovered in that mining district last week, there being four different prospecting parties now in the field, all sanguine that they have a big thing. The exact nature of these discoveries is not stated. The same correspondent adds: Messrs. Boley & Russell bought the Sides place, and Summers & Peder have bought the Ault place. The only objectionable feature in these changes consisting in the fact that none of these purchasers have families and consquently are not exactly the sort of settlers for a new country, when there is already a dearth of school population.

Worth Notice.

In a locality like Cerro Gordo where water is scarce and high priced, any one who will furnish a respectable substitute is a benefactor. John Hughes is that man He don't substitute water for whisky, but in lieu of water will furnish a warranted pure, exhilerating beverage. For consultation and a chance to play on the best billiard tables in the county, call at Davison & Hughes' saloon, Cerro Gordo.

Drugs and Medicines.

Parties standing in need of physic, either of the regular or patented kind, or any of the thousand and one *ictas* usually found in a drug and variety store, will always do better to call on the "men who advertise," among whom we will specially mention our old friend and pioneer, John Lentell, at the old stand, who will sell such things as cheap as any body.

Assessment.

An official notice appeared in our last week's paper of the levying of a $1 assessment on the stock of the Deep Spring Mill and Mining Company. The proceeds will doubtless be used to pay off the company indebtedness in the valley.

School Matters.

The Bishop Creek school, M. S. Clark, teacher is crowded, there being 45 or 50 scholars in attendance all the time. David Love has his school in Round Valley well attended and in good running order.

Lumber

The Bell Bros., at the Big Pine saw mill, will furnish lumber of a good quality at their mill, cheaper than any to be obtained elsewhere in the valley. See their new advertisement.

Blanks.

Parties wishing any description of legal blanks are requested to send in their orders now, while our press is running on them, and get them $2 per hundred lower than otherwise.

The Fenian Exiles

Who arrived in New York, January 27, had an enthusiastic reception at Sweeney's Hotel. Crowds of sympathizers assembled there and pressed their way in. Every one seemed anxious to greet Thomas Fancis Burke and Dr. Mulcahy, especially the former. The scene throughout was, in point of numbers and enthusiam, one rarely witnessed. O'Donovan Rossa and wife conducted the reception, and were objects of incessant attention.

How To Get Office.

In the Senate on the 27th ultimo, Schurz proceeded to review the necessities of the civil service and the remidies for existing abuses. Quoting from the investigations of the Retrenchment Committee into the New York Custom-house affairs, he showed the looseness of the system of political appointments.

Referring to the appointment by the President of friends and acquaintances to office, he mentioned the case of a Western applicant, who failing to secure a local and unimportant office, was recommended by a delegation from his his own State for Pension Agent and after failing in that, he undertook his own case, and being a man who must be provided for, was appointed by the President Minister Resident in a South American Republic. That office not being high enough the gentleman succeeded in having himself nominated Minister Plenipotentiary, but was defeated in the Senate. He was then made Governor of a Territory, and all this within seven days. At the conclusion of Schurz's remarks he offered as a substitute the bill introduced by him last session for a reform of the civil service by a system of competitive examinations.

Eastern Nevada Railroad.

The Eastern Nevada Railroad Company filed articles of association yesterday with the Secretary of State. The object of the company is to build a narrow gauge railroad from Elko, on the Central Pacific Railroad, to Hamilton, White Pine county, by the most direct and practicable route, which will be along the chain of valleys lying between the Diamond range of mountains on the west and Ruby range on the east, and rather between the old Wells, Fargo & Co. stage road—inclining to the former along the South Fork of the Humboldt and through Huntingdon Valley, and to the latter along Railroad Valley. Following is a list of the incorporators named in the articles of association: Dr. Volney Spaulding, John G. Mott (of Gillig, Mott & Co.), Wm. Hendrie, Herman Saddler, Frank Wheeler, D. J. Elmore, John D. Frent, M. P. Freeman, L. Wilsey, N. Wescott, J. B. Fitch and M. Lake.—*G. H. News, Jan. 21.*

The Ramie Plant.

The Pacific Rural Press says that Judge Graham of Haywood who has 80,000 surplus roots, has gone to Los Angeles, under a proposition from a large land company, to put out a quantity of roots on the plains. While we would not recommend farmers to cultivate ramie extensively, we think favorably of its moderate introduction generally on suitable lands.—*Los Angeles News.*

—A gentleman lately passing through a village in North Carolina, observed on a sign in the road, near a tavern, the following lines which, on inquiry, he found to be the offspring of the landlord's brain:

"I, John Dilworth, liveth here,
Sells good brandy gin and beer,
I made my borde a letel whyder,
To lette you nowe I sel good syder."

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK
Flouring Mills.
RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour
Constantly on hand for sale. Also
FLOUR SACKS
At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.
RUSSELL & CO.
Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A
FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT
At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of
FAMILY FLOUR,
Ground and Unground Feed,
At the lowest rates.
n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,
—THE—
Pioneer Blacksmith
—OF—
OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.
Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.
Of every description.
Wagon Work
Done in the best style at reasonable terms.
Agricultural Implements
Made and repaired.
UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.
A. PARKER.
Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

$250
A MONTH
CAN BE MADE BY ANY MAN OR WOMAN that can be silent. No risk and need not interfere with other business. Full information, etc., furnished on receipt of $1.50 in currency or postage stamps.
Address,
Postoffice Box 1925,
ja28n81tf San Francisco, California.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,
J. DAVISON, J. F. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.
North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
—DEALERS IN—
General Merchandise.
Stock consisting in part of
GROCERIES,
—AND—
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Dry Goods,
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS.
Boots and Shoes
Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.
TIN,
STOVES,
HARDWARE,
CARPETING, WALL
PAPER AND HOUSE
LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND
SHEETINGS, FURNITURE
BLANKETS AND BED-
DING, SPRING AND
CURLED HAIR
MATTRESSES
AGRICULTURAL IMPLE-
MENTS, CROCKERY
AND
GLASSWARE,
PAINTS,
OILS
AND WINDOWS;
STEEL, POWDER AND
FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS,
AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY
PIPES AND CUTLERY,
ETC., ETC, ETC.
Extra Family Flour,
BELL'S NO. 1, constantly on hand and for sale
Goods constantly arriving from the San Francisco market.
Take Heed to Our Motto!
"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"
"A nimble nine-pence is preferable to a slow shilling!"
ONE PRICE STORE!
SAVE MONEY BY BUYING CHEAP!
"ECONOMY IS WEALTH."
Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.
BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.
J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.
Independence, January 1, 1871.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek
CASH STORE.
SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of
GROCERIES,
Provisions,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,
HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloth Piece Goods,
Clothing, Hardware,
Crockery and Glassware,
TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,
POWDER AND SHOT
Flasks and Pouches.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
Manufactured to order.
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS
AND STATIONERY.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES.
PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
PAINTS AND OILS
Wall Paper,
CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.
All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.
SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal. August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

LIVERY STABLES.

AURORA
EXCHANGE STABLE,
PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.
S. G. COBB,.....Proprietor.
SADDLE HORSES,
Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,
—TO LET ON—
Reasonable Terms
HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.
n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

EAGLE
Livery and Feed
STABLE,
Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,
Independence, Cal.
HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of
BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,
At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of
Hay and Grain
On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.
THOS. J. GOODALE.
Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

Cerro Gordo
FEED STABLE.
DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.
ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

A CHANGE
In the Livery Business.
HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE
Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,
Independence, Cal.,
The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,
HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,
At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.
nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

HUNT'S
LIVERY & FEED STABLE,
—LONE PINE, Cal.—
HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.
I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5 6m

WAGON WORK.

WAGON MAKING,
House and Sign Painting.
J. G. PAYNE, Proprietor,
ANNOUNCES THAT HE IS PREPARED TO execute all description of Wagon Making, House and Sign Painting, etc., at reasonable rates, at his shop on Edwards street. jy16tr

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 65 cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

J. W. TYLER.

AURORA
Fruit & Variety
STORE.
J. W. TYLER,
AURORA.
Nevada.
Wholesale and retail dealer in
ALL KINDS OF FRUITS
APPLES,
PEARS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS,
GRAPES
And every kind of fruit in season.
AT REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH!
Cigars and Tobacco,
Havana and American Cigars,
Cigaritos de Damas,
Manillas, Etc
The best qualities of
Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos!
Chewing—(Fine Cut)—
John Anderson's Solace,
Liberty Boy,
Forest Rose,
Century,
Savory,
(in Papers or Cans.)
Chewing—(Plug)—
Nature's Bounty,
Nectar of Roses,
May Apple,
Forest Rose,
Washoe,
Prince Esterhazy,
Horn of Plenty
Signet,
Tulip,
Pear
Pearl of Orient,
Bouquet,
Peach,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
Smoking—
WADAWANUCK,
BIG LICK,
SETHALSEY,
NONPARIEL,
GOLDEN SHOWER,
ORONOCO,
EUREKA,
SIESTA,
FOREST ROSE,
All of which we will sell in papers or can the lowest market prices.
TURKISH AND SPANISH.
Maccoboy, Scotch and French Rapee
SNUFFS!
Meerschaum, Stone and India Rubber
PIPES,
Cherry Stems, Mouth Pieces, etc., etc.
A good assortment of
Stationery,
Pocket Cutlery.
Gold Pens,
Pencils,
Albums,
Chessmen,
Playing Cards,
Crib Boards,
Spectacles,
Brushes, all kinds,
Etc., etc., etc.
ALSO,
A good assortment of the finest
CANDIES,
FIG PASTE,
RAISINS,
NUTS,
FIGS,
GUAVA JELLY,
ETC., ETC.
LADIES' PORTFOLIOS ALL SIZES!
Drawing and Tissue Paper!
Diaries for 1871.
PERFUMERY, EXTRACTS and SOAPS.
IF YOU WANT
TOYS AND GIFTS
—GO TO—
J. W. TYLER'S.
ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL receive prompt attention. Remember
J. W. TYLER,
Corner Pine and Bush Streets,
AURORA, NEVADA.
Aurora, Nev., September 26, 1870. n12-3m

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Feb. 4, 1871,

—A seat of learning in Ohio: a Grecian bend composed of newspapers.

—A gent lately caught cold by kissing a lady's snowy brow. Served him right.

—Never wait for a thing to turn up Go and turn it up yourself. It takes less time, and is sure to be done.

—A man who stole another man's hat, even when his name was written in it, was let off on the ground that he was collecting autographs.

—"Have a drink, Dock?" inquired an acquaintace of a friend, the other day. "Thank you, I never—refuse," was the reply.

—Mark Twain says they at once ascertained who raised a prize pumpkin at the New York Agricultural fair by trying Mr. Greely's hat on it. The authorship was recognized.

—Gentlemen walking should keep their hands in their pockets. It shows their figure to advantage, keeps their hands warm, and out of other people's pockets.

—An old man, named Henry Shimmel, eighty-five years of age, of Wallacetown, Clearfield County, was found dead on his bed some days since. "Came to his death by the visitation of God," was the verdict of the jury.

—A young man at La Crosse, Wis. looked through the keyhole of a girl's bedroom, and ever since the doctors have been trying to get a knitting needle out of the place where his eye ought to be.

—Last week, a Teutonic barber a Huntington became so enraged at the twaddle of a sympathizer with the French in the conflict abroad, that he shaved one side of his face, and obliged him to go elsewhere for relief of the other.

—A Hartford man carried home some ice cream in a paper the other day. He took it into a crowded car, and held it up so that as it melted a gentle meandering of it coursed down a $150 cloak on a lady passenger. It ruined the cloak, and the man said he was sorry.

Must Draw a Line.

A good story is told of a man who having, after a long struggle, worked himself into good society by means of the aristocratic alliance of his daughter, gave a grand dinner party to his newly acquired circle. He didn't invite his own brother, for the reason that "society is getting so mixed one must draw a line somewhere."

A Modest Request.

At a recent fashionable ball in New York, a mild-mannered man approached an elaborately dressed lady and said: "Will you please tell me what you have on? A fashion reporter wants to know."—*Exchange.*

This must have been some Ginnkins of The Carson Register.

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES, Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds. Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfte

Drugs & Medicines

ALSO,

SPICES, PERFUMES, &C.

—AND—

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

PATENT MEDICINES,

HORSE LINIMENTS,

STATIONERY:

Of Every Variety.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONERY

—AND—

ALL KINDS OF NUTS.

Tobacco & Cigars

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AND A VARIETY of other goods not specified, all at reasonable prices for cash.

JOHN LENTELL.

Independence, July 6, 1870. n1v13m

MISCELLANEOUS.

Consul General on the Pacific Coast for Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Russia.

Established 1849.

ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ESSENTIAL OILS, DYE STUFFS, And General Merchandise,

By the Package Only.

CASH ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION from this or any Foreign Market will receive prompt and faithful attention. Miners, Manufacturers and Wholesale Trade supplied for Cash. No notice or attention paid to orders for goods, if there is no provision made for the payment of the same.

CONSIGNMENT SOLICITED.

OFFICE, No. ..... STREET.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

N. B.—California Products Solicited on Consignment.

N. B.—Business transacted in all the principal Commercial Languages. ja21n30tn

C. O. D.

WM. B. LAKE,

ADVERTISING

—AND—

PURCHASING AGENT,

No. 12 Montgomery Street,

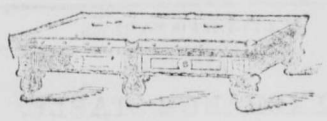
SAN FRANCISCO,

Opposite Lick House, Up Stairs.

WILL FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY description at the very lowest cash rates, he having superior facilities for purchasing and an intimate acquaintance with all the leading houses in the city. All articles sent promptly on the receipt of cash, or C. O. D. He refers by permission to BAYLAND, COOPER & CO., China, Crockery and Fancy Goods Traders, 235 Fin street, San Francisco; I. R. B. F. JOSLYN, 618 Sacramento street; CUMMINGS BROTHERS, American Watch Depot, 607 Montgomery street; BLAKE, REMANS & CO., importers of Printing Paper, 516 Sacramento street; G. G. BURNETT, Druggist, 336 Montgomery street; JAMES R. GATES, Importer of Drugs and Medicines, corner of Commercial and Sansome streets; KOHLER, CHASE & CO., Dealers in Toys and Musical Instruments, 633 and 635 Clay street; R. H. YATES, Agent for Singer Sewing Machines, 139 Montgomery street; H. A. DEMING, Agent for Howe Sewing Machines, 137 Kearney street; J. A. SHABER, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Furniture and Bedding, 707 Market street. ja21n50

BILLIARDS!

Messrs Phelan & Collender,



THE WELL-KNOWN BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS, of New York, have established at

541 Market Street, San Francisco,

An extensive branch of their business, where they propose to keep constantly on hand the LARGEST and most complete assortment of

Billiard Tables, Cloths, Cues, etc.,

ON THIS COAST.

THE TABLES are of the latest styles and size recently adopted in the Eastern States; are manufactured in the best possible manner, and are furnished with PHELAN'S LATEST IMPROVED CUSHIONS. The

New Composition Billiard Balls,

Made by the Hyatt Manufacturing Co. of Albany, New York—THE BEST SUBSTITUTE FOR IVORY YET DISCOVERED. For sale only by us. Price, $12 per set.

All goods sold will be of the best quality, and the prices fully as low as any other house in the business.

Parties visiting the city are invited to visit our warerooms and inspect our stock.

GEO. E. PHELAN, 541 Market St.

N. B. The public are notified that no other parties on the Pacific coast have the right to sell Phelan's Cushions. 1?8 3m

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUSKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer;
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass,
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n2jy16tf

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, August 8, 1870. n5.6m

For Sale.

THE UDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his place in Lone Pine,

FIFTY HEAD OF HOGS,

At a bargain. Inquire of

LOUIS MUNZINGER,
Lone Pine.

n25tf

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, Etc., Etc.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Store in Post Office Building,

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

ART GALLERY.

PHOTOGRAPHS,

Ambrotypes

And Melainotypes.

Mr. L. D. WELSH,

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN HIS business in Independence, will be happy to meet the citizens of Inyo county at his rooms in Edwards Street, nearly opposite the Inyo Hotel, where he is prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES and MELANOTYPES of every description.

Views taken of Buildings, Scenery, Mining claims, etc., at very moderate prices.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. n8n29tf

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n24tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, December 3, 1870. n23m3

HARNESS AND SADDLES.

HARNESS SHOP.

Bishop Creek, Inyo County, Cal.

HAVING OPENED A HARNESS AND SADDLER Shop, with a complete stock, the undersigned will make and repair all kinds of

HARNESS AND SADDLES.

Work warrranted to give satisfaction.

Shop on Stage Road, one mile north of Sneden's Store—place better known as "NORTON'S LIGHT HOUSE."

ALEXANDER C. MATLACK.

Bishop Creek, September 24, 1870. n12-3m

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Dry Goods,

HARDWOOD,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES,

Crockery,

GLASSWARE,

Tin-Ware,

SADDLERY,

Farming Implements,

SHOE FINDINGS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,

Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Tapioca, Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Jams, Dried Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles, Extracts, Sauces, Codfish, Salmon, Mackerl, Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,

French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS

Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,

SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.

Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER

Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,

WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,

WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITTS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of

Glass and Crockery Ware,

Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

D. COHN & CO.

Independence, Cal, October 3, 1870. n13tfm

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Also, in connection,

Partzwick Hotel.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions,

CLOTHING, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.,

At Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., Sept. 26, 1870. n12-3m

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

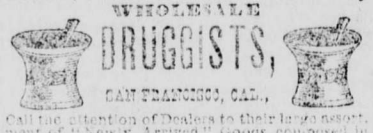
Wines, Liquors, Etc.

AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870 n12-1 3m

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

WHOLESALE



DRUGGISTS,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,

Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with every thing to be kept in a well supplied WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.

FRESH DRUGS,	TOILET & PERFUMERY
PATENT MEDICINES,	DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS	SHAKER HERBS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,	PERFUMERIES,
ESSENCES & OILS,	PAINTS AND OILS.

Which we offer at the lowest Cash Prices, and are determined not to be undersold.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

FOR SALE.

OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal. After our best wishes, and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty-one years, during which period we have been steadily engaged in the Drug business in California, we beg to say in consequence of the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Cal. Vinegar Bitters, now spread over the United States and countries far beyond, we are necessitated to devote our entire time to said business.

We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific coast and the only one continuous under the same proprietors since 1849, and have determined to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.

This is a rare opportunity for men with means, of entering into a profitable business with advantages never before offered.

For particulars enquire of

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
R. H. McDONALD, } Wholesale Druggists.
J. C. SPENCER, } San Francisco, Cal.

N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices to defy competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands

Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal. They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing the peculiar merit of quickly curing the most violent diseases of the Liver, and all the Viscera Organs. Congestion or inflammation of the Liver, and all the Viscera Organs.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.

Headache Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

ja7n25y1

MEDICAL.

TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK, August 15, 1868.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo, Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœia, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of profound confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist of 19 Years' Experience.

(From the largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.)

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU

For weakness arising from indiscretion. The exhausted powers of Natures which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forbodings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

THE CONSTITUTION

Once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu

In affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incidental to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

—AND—

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superceding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copavia and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to effect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere Price $1 25 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $6 50. Delivered to any address. Describe Symptoms in all communications.

ADDRESS,

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Drug & Chemical Warehouse,

594 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

NONE ARE GENUINE unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

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State Library

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA; SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1871. NUMBER 33.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Feb 11, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. H. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

TERMS:

One Year, by Mail or Express	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
Three Months	1 75
One Month	50
Single Copies	25

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Will be charged for as follows, invariably in advance:

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Per Square, Second Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Third Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Fourth Insertion	1 00
Per Square, each subsequent insertion	35

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Will be charged for at the following rates, in advance:

One Square (10 lines or less)	1 Month	$5 00
" " "	2 "	8 00
" " "	3 "	10 00

REGULAR ADVERTISERS

Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

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Authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions.

San Francisco	WM. B. LAKE.
New York	HUDSON & MENFT
Virginia, Nev.	J. R. MYERS.
Aurora "	JAS. M. MEREDITH.
Hot Springs	ALBERT MACK.
Bishop Creek	SETH G. SNEDEN
Big Pine	D. NAYLOR.
Fish Springs	J. T. RYAN.
Lone Pine	A. B. ELDER.
Cerro Gordo	JOHN B. WHITE

ATTORNEYS.

J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law.

AURORA, NEVADA.

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law.

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. n5ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [n9tf]

P. REDDY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

SAN FRANCISCO CORRESPONDENTS:

BENNETT & OWENS,

JENNE N. P. BENNETT. JNO. W. OWENS

All business in reference to Mining Patents and Land Claims, Collections, etc., promptly attended to. v1n11ly

BUSINESS CARDS.

HARVEY RUSSELL,

Justice of the Peace,

BISHOP CREEK PRECINCT.

Office at Sneden's Hall. n1v16m

J. J. MOORE,

Justice of the Peace,

LONE PINE PRECINCT.

aug 6n6 ly

JOHN A. HANNAH,

Justice of the Peace,

FIFTH PRECINCT.

MINING RECORDER,

CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.

n10v1ly

A. B. ELDER

SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY,

L. A. TALCOTT,

UNDER SHERIFF.

JOB PRINTING

—OF—

Every Description,

EXECUTED IN

UNEXCEPTIONABLE STYLE,

—AT THE—

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

ASSAYING.

ASSAY OFFICE

J. W. POOR.

OFFICE—PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

BULLION and ORES assayed. CORRECTNESS GUARANTEED. n1v18m.

HOTELS.

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. u12 6m

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

STAGE HOUSE.

Independence, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.

MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietress.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v1 3m

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

WHIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK

STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE.

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14n3

SALOONS.

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVISON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

fe4n32tf

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON,

Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.

BAKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

n13jy95m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v15m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8v29-3m

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

SALOON.

MAY & TASKER, Proprietors.

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS, INDEPENDENCE.

WHERE THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE happy to meet all old and new friends. Bar supplied with the most popular and palatable beverages. Call and take a smile, smoke a Havana, and play a game of billiards.

MAY & TASKER.

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK,

MASONS,

A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.

July 9, 1870. n1v13*

BOOTS & SHOES.

BOOTS & SHOES.

New Shoemaker Shop,

One door North of the Drug Store.

G. W. TODD. J. N. MALONE.

TODD & MALONE

ANNOUNCE TO THEIR FRIENDS AND THE public generally that they are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of BOOTS and SHOES, on the shortest notice, FOR CASH. The best of French material will be used.

Repairing Neatly Executed.

n28n1tf

STAGES.

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

SEMI-WEEKLY STAGE LINE

TO AURORA, CARSON, RENO AND SAN FRANCISCO, via. Central Pacific Railroad,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after this date stages will leave Independence for Aurora and intermediate points

Every Wednesday and Sunday, at 5 o'clock, A. M.,

Connecting at Benton with stages for Columbus and Silver Peak; connecting at Aurora with stage for Pine Grove, Genoa, Carson, Virginia and Reno; at Reno connection every day with trains of Central Pacific Railroad for Omaha and Chicago on the East, and Sacramento and San Francisco West. Returning, through connection made from Reno every MONDAY and FRIDAY morning, on the arrival of trains from San Francisco and Omaha.

Time 60 Hours Less, and 180 Miles Less Staging to San Francisco than by any other Route.

T. W. DEXTER, Agent.

Independence, Jan. 1, 1871 n26-2m6ly

FOR INDEPENDENCE

—VIA—

Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.

Fare to San Francisco.....$50.

OFFICE—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Russ House.

A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.

W. G. ROBERTS, Agent. n14m3

INDEPENDENCE, LONE PINE AND CERRO GORDO

STAGE LINE.

CONNECTING WITH STAGES FROM RENO and Los Angeles, carrying Mail and Express.

TIME TABLE

LEAVES INDEPENDENCE:

Mondays at 5 o'clock, A. M. Wednesdays at 8 A. M.

LEAVES LONE PINE:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock A. M.

ARRIVES AT CERRO GORDO:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

LEAVES CERRO GORDO:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT LONE PINE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 12 o'clock, M.

ARRIVES AT INDEPENDENCE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 5 o'clock P. M.

JOHN COLLISTER, Proprietor.

Independence, September 26, 1870. n12 3m

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

—AND—

General Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.

Have goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.

WM. M. OSBORN,

nv18m3 Los Angeles.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

D. COHN & CO., Agents

OFFICE—At D. Cohn & Co.'s store. n29n5m6

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.

n2jy163m

CARPENTERING

JOHN HECKEL,

Carpenter & Builder.

Independence, Cal.

PAYS PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO JOBBING and making estimates. Orders from the country attended to. n27n6m

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17n3

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,

Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, August 8, 1870. n5 6m

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet.

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Saw Mill, Feb. 1, 1871. f4n32 6m*

MISCELLANEOUS.

Consul General on the Pacific Coast for Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Russia.

Established 1849.

ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ESSENTIAL OILS, DYE STUFFS, And General Merchandise,

By the Package Only.

CASH ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION from this or any Foreign Market will receive prompt and faithful attention. Miner, Manufacturers and Wholesale Trade supplied for Cash. No notice or attention paid to orders for goods, if there is no provision made for the payment of the same.

CONSIGNMENT SOLICITED.

OFFICE, No.....STREET,

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

N. B.—California Products Solicited on Consignment.

N. B.—Business transacted in all the principal Commercial Languages. ja21n30ts

C. O. D.

WM. B. LAKE,

ADVERTISING

—AND—

PURCHASING AGENT,

No. 12 Montgomery Street,

SAN FRANCISCO,

Opposite Lick House. Up Stairs.

WILL FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY description at the very lowest cash rates, he having superior facilities for purchasing and an intimate acquaintance with all the leading houses in the city. All articles sent promptly on the receipt of cash, or C. O. D. He refers by permission to DAVILAND, COOPER & Co., China, Crockery and Fancy Goods Dealers, 335 Pine street, San Francisco; DR. B. F. JOSSELYN, 618 Sacramento street; CUMMINGS BROTHERS, American Watch Depot, 607 Montgomery street; BLAKE, ROBBINS & Co., importers of Painting Paper, 516 Sacramento street; G. G. BURNETT, Druggist, 330 Montgomery street; JAMES R. GATES, Importer of Drugs and Medicines, corner of Commercial and Sansome streets; KOHLER, CHASE & Co., Dealers in Toys and Musical Instruments, 633 and 635 Clay street; R. H. YATES, Agent for Singer Sewing Machines, 139 Montgomery street; H. A. DEMING, Agent for Howe Sewing Machines, 137 Kearney street; J. A. SHABER, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Furniture and Bedding, 707 Market street. ja21n30

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 8½ cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

AH SIN'S REPLY TO TRUTHFUL JAMES.

The following verses, from The Albany Evening Journal, indicates both the growing popularity of the "dialect poems" introduced by Harte, and the ease with which very clever imitations of them can be produced:

Which my name is Ah Sin;
I don't want to call names,
But I must, to begin,
Say just this of T. James:
That I am convinced he is rather
Well up to the sinfullest games.

Yes, Ah Sin is my name,
Which I need not deny;
What I mean is no shame—
You will find if you try,
That its meaning is something Celestial—
And "how is that for high?"

And about that small game;
I did not understand,
So I made it my aim,
With the smile that was "bland,"
To keep my small eyes at the keenest
On Nye, as he dealt the first hand.

And the way that he dealt,
There could be nothing finer.
But somehow I felt,
"Mr. Ah Sin, from China,
Because you smile so child-like,
These fellows play you for a minor!"

But no slouch is Ah Sin,
And from the word "Go,"
I did play for to win,
And Nye—rather so,
And play the new game as I learn him,
Which showed level head, don't you know.

On my nails there was wax,
But that nothing proves,
When I state the real facts;
I was 'prenticed on shoes,
And that wax that was found on my fingers,
Was the kind the shoemaker's use.

And the packs up my sleeve?
My oath I will take,
Were not there to deceive,
But got there by mistake,
I bought them for Ah Sin, the younger,
Who like some card houses to make.

In my pockets they were,
When I sat down that day,
But what with the stir
And excitement of play,
They worked up my sleeve from my pocket,
And strange it was, too, I must say.

Was it right in Bill Nye,
When the trump knave I led,
For to blacken my eye
And on me put a head?
Had I known James led the right bower,
I'd have played something else in its stead.

But I don't play no more;
For my luck now is cast
On a ruchless shore,
So I "Stick to my last,"
And my smile at North Adams is pensive,
And my heathenish days they are past.

The "Queer"

[From The New York World.]

The most dangerous counterfeit ever issued was the fifty dollar legal tender note, an imitation of the second series of the government notes of that denomination. One shover boasted that he passed seventeen of them in one day upon the tradespeople of this city without detection. It is a pleasent reflection that this same man has within three months past been sent to the penitentiary at Alleghany City for a term of ten years for a similar offence. These notes were issued simultaneously in various parts of the country, and to all appearances bus but two defects. On the face of the counterfeit the lower button on Hancock's coat was omitted, and on the back of the plate two of the small numbers "50" run together.

Following this note came the one hundred dollar compound interest note, connected with which there is a tale of blood and horror which shows the depths of infamy to which this degrading crime will reduce its instigators. The parties interested in getting up this plate, having induced an employe of the Treasury to steal an impression of the genuine in the department itself, subsequently procured him to be poisoned, lest he should divulge the secret, seduced his wife from her father's house, and broke up his entire family. An Englishman, whom they subsequently employed to engrave the face of the plate, they procured to be charged with an infamous crime, and compelled him to leave the country. His son refusing to flee with him, was subsequently sent to Sing Sing for a term of seven years at hard labor. These parties being thus terribly disposed of, the secret was considered safe; a press was set up in a secluded place and $750,000 of the money printed. This was such a successful imitation of the genuine issue that the notes were freely taken at the banks; and were only discovered at the Treasury. The plates have since been captured by the secret service men and destroyed. The principals in this great crime made fortunes out of this project, with which they embarked in speculations which swept away every dollar. Of these men, one died of delirium, and one was sent to the penitentiary; of the third all trace has been lost.

Will Get Along.

In a thinly populated township in Iowa, remote from a school house, a citizen, having a family to educate, contrived to get a certain territory, of which he was the only inhabitant, set off as a new district. He then elected himself sub Director, and secured an appropriation to build a school house. He built a dwelling house for himself with the money, finishing off a school room in the upper story. He then used the contingent fund to buy himself a cooking stove, and warmed the school room by taking the pipe through it to the chimney. He then installed his wife as teacher of her own children, fixing the salary to please himself. This man will get along, if he don't get a set-back.

—A Maine sophomore tried to haze a freshman, but came off second best. The "fresh" tied him into a chair and shaved his head, all but a scalp-lock on the crown.

A Puzzled Dutchman.

A Wisconsin secular paper contains the following good story:

One who does not believe in immersion for baptism, was holding a protracted meeting, and one night he preached on the subject of baptism. In the course of his remarks he said, some believe it necessary to go down into the water, and come up out of it to be baptized. But this he claimed to be a fallacy, for the preposition "into" of the Scriptures, should be rendered differently, as it does not mean into at all times. "Moses," he said, "we are told went up into the mountain, and the Saviour was taken into a high mountain, etc. Now we do not suppose that either went into the mountain, but upon it. So with going down into the water, it means simply going down close by or near to the water, and being baptized in the ordinary way by sprinkling."

He carried this idea out fully, and in due time, season, and style closed his discourse, when he gave a general invitation to any one who felt so disposed to rise and express their thoughts. Quite a number of the brethern arose and said that they were glad they had been present on the occasion, and that they were well pleased with the sound sermon they had just heard, and felt their souls greatly blessed. Finally a corpulent gentleman of Teutonic extraction, a stranger to all, arose and broke a silence that was almost painful, as follows:

"Mister Breacher, I ish so glad I vas here to night, for I has had explained to my mind some tings I never could pelief pefore. Oh, I ish so glad 't into does not mean into at all, put shust close py or near to, for now I can pelieve many tings what I coot not pelief pefore. We reat, Mister Breacher, that Tamel vos cast into the ten of lions, and came out alife! Now I nefer coot pelief that, for the wilt peasts would shust eat him right up; put now it ish ferry clear to my mind. He vos shust close py or near to, he vos not in the ten at all. Oh, I ish so glad I vos here to-night.

"Again we reat that the Hebrew children vos cast into the fierish furnace, and that air always look like a pig story too, for they vouid haf peen purnt up; put it ish all plain to my mind now, for they were shust cast close py or near to, the fierish furnace. Oh, I vos so glad I vos here to-night!

"And, den Mister Breacher, it ish sait that Jonah vos cast into the sea and take into the vales pelly. Now I nefer coot pelief that. It alvays seemet to me to pe a pig fish story, put it ish all blain to my mind now, he vos not into the vales pelly at all, put shust shumpet onto his puck ant rote ashore. Oh, I vos so glad I vos here to-night!

"And now, Mister Breacher, if you vill shust exblain two more bassages of Scripture I shall pe, Oh, so glad I vos here to night! One of them ish vere it says the vicked shall pe cast into a lake that purns vith fire and primstone alvays. Oh! Mister Breacher, shall I pe cast into a lake that purns vith fire if I am vicket! or shustclose py or near to, shust near enough to pe comfortaple? Oh! I hopes you tells me shust close py a goot vay off, and I vill pe so glad I vos here to-night! The other bassage is that vich says plessed are they who do these commandments, that they may have a right to the tree of life and enter in through the gates into the city. Oh, tell me, shall I get into the city, and not close py or near to, shust so near to see vat I haf lost and I vill pe so glad I vos here to night!"

He sat down with the impression made on many minds present, that it would do to take the Bible for only what it clearly says.

A German Buying Land.

The following is from The Colusa Sun, of the 7th: "A few days since a vigorous German fresh from the 'Fader land,' appeared in Colusa, and approaching a gentleman who was agent for a large tract of land in the interior of county, made known his wishes to purchase a section, consisting of 640 acres. The gentlemanly agent exhibited a map of the property, and set the price at $8. The man concluded to view the premises, and after a two days' walk returned, and asked if the title was good. He was informed that it was a United States patent—the best that could be had. Upon being refused a reduction in the price, the land seeker concluded he would take the property. The land agent asked him if he proposed to pay in coin or drafts. After some hesitation the purchaser said he would pay in coin. The agent figured up and said, at $8 per acre it would amount to $5,120. The German very much astonished, struck an attitude, and ejaculated, "Mine t'under, dere musht hal been sum mishtake. I vas to haf pait eight tollars for de whole section." The sale was immediately declared null and void and of no effect.

Non-Suited.

Lawyer—"The coat's too long, the waistcoat's too long; in fact the entire suit's too long."

Tailor—"Dear me, sir, I'm so very sorry, but the fact is, I—I thought that gentlemen of your profession prefered long suits."

—"You are very stupid, Thomas," said a country teacher to a little boy eight years old. "You are a little donkey and what do they do to cure them of stupidity?" "They feed them better, and kick them less," said the arch little urchin.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Feb. 11, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

MINER'S LAWS.

Local mining laws are in all cases made with the view of giving the pioneer prospector the full benefit of his discoveries and locations. The intention of the law is too often defeated by its very liberality in permitting the unlimited locations of claims, to hold which, merely a nominal amount of work is required. Being thus rated so cheaply in law, they are neglected by original owners until relocated by other parties, entailing expensive litigation or more serious troubles.

This is not the worst feature of a too liberally interpreted law. The principal interest of the country is subverted when the same individual is permitted to maintain posssession of just as many claims as he may choose to record. There is nothing in the law to prevent a prospector from locating and holding, for a year at least, one or more claims in every mining camp from the Columbia river to Arizona. The system is a fruitful source of law suits, besides retarding the development of the country. From sore experience monied men are chary of mining investments for fear of defective titles, mostly originating from the dog-in-the manger style of unlimited claim locations.

It is quite right that miners who were forced to abandon their claims a few years since from danger of Indians should be allowed ample time to regain possession, but that time is not supposed to extend much beyond the period when operations can safely be renewed. There are many good ledges in this county, we are told, whose owners have never been near, or had any thing done on them since the troublous times of '64. So far, the original right has been respected, but neither local or any other law of right will sustain these long absent owners should any one see proper to take possession of their claims. Many other valuable mines are lying in idleness, untouched for years, the owners of which never left the country nor ever find time to comply even with the simple requirements of local laws. We may reasonably look for an important addition to our mining population within the next year, some of whom will take and hold any claim of the class above mentioned that they can find should they so desire.

Foreign capital is finding its way to this country seeking investments in mining property. A pre-requsite with this class is a perfect title, and the only one entirely satisfactory is a United States patent. Purchasers under that law are perfectly satisfied that no legal quibble can rob them of their property, and mines offered for sale under that title will find buyers when others of a value otherwise equal will not be looked at. For the information of miners we shall next week, publish the United States law concerning mining patents.

Col. Avery.

We are pained to learn that Col. D. E. Avery has met with another severe accident, by beiug thrown from his buggy in the streets of Gold Hill, Nevada. No bones were broken this time though the force of the fall left him insensible for a half an hour or more. He had barely recovered from the stage accident incnrred at Aurora while on the way home from this place.

County Warrants.

The Board of Supervisors very sensibly declined to accept bills on the General Fund based on a valuation of the warrants at less than sixty cents on the dollar. They sell readily at fifty-five cents and but little on the market at that price. They will soon go at a higher figure, at least they should do so.

The Eclectic

For February contains the usual amount of varied reading matter. Considering the quantity, and nature of its contents, The Eclectic is a good magazine and cheap enough at the publishers price, which is but $ 2 per annum. Address John M. Scudder, Cincinnati Ohio.

Thanks.

Hon. S. B. Axtell has placed us under obligations for a number of valuable documents. Also, Hon. G. W. Julian for a copy of his speech entitled "The Overshadowing Question."

RAILROAD SUBSIDIES.

The matter of county aid to railroads is likely to become a question of more than ordinary importance to the people of this State. Attempts are being made to give the question a political cast. Already candidates have based their chances for conventional nominations according to sentiments on this question. As yet, however, it has not become a distinctive plank in the platform of either party.

The interest of nearly every county in the State demands railroad advantages. To secure these many of them manifest a disposition to go beyond their means in proffering aid. To restrain these counties from becoming hopelessly in debt the Governor vetoed a bill granting the right to vote cash subsidies to proposed railroads. This veto will be sustained by a majority of the people of the State in the next election should it become an issue as it probably will. The main objection to the unrestrained exercise of this privilege by counties is that they thus, in becoming the debtor of a soulless corporation, become its tools and the victims of its corrupting power in all matters of opposing interests.

But, while there are other serious objections to this form of aiding the construction of necessary railroads, we can see none whatever to the system pursued by the general government in giving grants of laud, especially in aid of such enterprises throughout the vast wilderness west of the Missouri No better use can be made of such otherwise worthless lands.

Certain newspapers are reiterating the charge that such disposition of the public domain is simply robbing the workingman. So far as this charge applies to the western portion of the American continent we do not believe it true in any sense. We can not see how the workingman is robbed by taking from him, so to speak, lands he never possessed, nor would desire to possess. Though owned by railroad companies the lands included in grants is still on the market; but, it is objected, the workingman who desire to purchase must pay an advanced figure for them. When the owner of a piece land adds to its original value by improvements he would rate it accordingly in case of sale. A railroad company ought to have the same right. Without obtaining title to a reasonable amount of land but few railroads would be built; without the railroads much of now valuable lands would not be worth the recording fee.

The newspapers before refered to say that the Central Pacific has monopolised the best timbered lands of the Sierra Nevadas, and by so doing have robbed workingmen. True, the company hold their half of these lands at high figures, but as the only value they possess is due to their proximity to the railroad, instead of robbing workingmen many hundreds have in consequence obtained profitable employment. There are thousands of acres of the same class of lands equally as good in these same mountains not covered by railroad grants that the workingmen can have almost for the asking. The same is true concerning farming lands in other remote corners of the State.

Our Mcteo logical Tables.

By the kindness of J. J. Rogers Hospital Steward at Camp Independence, we are enabled to present to our readers a table giving the mean of temprature for this point, running through a period of five years, extending back to 1866. By this it will be seen the mean average for that time is 59.5°, Fahrenheit; the hottest, 107; the coldest, 11° above zero. The average humidity, by hygrometer is 11.9°, and the average rainfall is 8.75 inches. The year 1869 had the coldest day as well as the smallest quantity of rain, the whole amount for the year measuring but 1.15; the greatest rainfall occurred in 1867, being 21.77 inches. Considering the altitude, which is 4,598 feet above the level of the sea, these observations show a better average, in a hygienic point of view than any other part of the coast north of San Diego. According to our recollection of published meteorological observations taken representing the vaunted San Diego climate, it is very similar to our our own.

The Reese River Reveille says:

The Inyo Independent takes us to task for what he calls our persistence in killing Judge Van Decar. Bless you Mr. Independent, we all but shed tears while penning the melancholy paragraphs concerning the supposed sad event, and were hugely relieved when we saw in The Placer Herald that the Jubge was alive and kicking, and made haste to copy the welcome Inteligence. As to that statement of yours about "dead matter," we must take your word for it, of course. It raises Inyo county in our estimation muchly.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

The elections in France were to take place on the 5th and 8th of the present month. The Assembly is to consist of 753 members. The Imperialists are making every effort in favor of their own cause, but so far, their prospects are discouraging. The Empress Eugenie, from her retreat in England, urges her people never to accept peace on the terms proposed. The feeling throughout France in opposition to dismemberment is very bitter, indicating that peace is by no means an accomplished fact, though Favre and Trochu are using all their influence to elect an Assembly favorable to acceptance. A three week's armistice on land and sea was agreed upon, through which time Gambetta and others urge the people to drill unceasingly.

The French armies in the south of France still keep the field, and if the Gambetta party carry the election will resume operations on the expiration of the armistice.

The German army were not to enter the city and have not done so, though their flags fly over the surrounding forts. The Emperor William is still with the army, not having returned to Berlin, as reported. He has ordered 3,000,000 rations daily for the starving populace of Paris. Pending action of the peace movement 300,000 of the German Landwehr are ordered to hold themselves in readiness to take the field. Should the war be continued the savagness that has characterized the contest hitherto, will be put to shame by both parties in what is to follow.

The London Times pronounces the German terms as simply outrageous, and in other ways is encouraging the war spirit. Meantime, no Englishman dare enter Paris for fear of death at the hands of the mob, so strong is the feeling against England.

The prospects are that Bismarck's terms will in no degree be modified, and however humiliating to the proud spirit of the French nation, the Germans appear to be in position to enforce their demands.

Extensive Conflagration in Virginia City, Nevada—Two Lives Lost.

From The Gold Hill News of February 1st we learn that a great fire broke out in Virginia City at 1 o'lock that morning, by which two men lost their lives, and some forty houses were destroyed. The locality of the fire was in that part of the city immediately north of Piper's Opera House and east of C street.

The firemen displayed the most indomitable courage and energy in their efforts to check the fast spreading flames and to them the credit is given for saving the Opera House and a large portion of the city. The News says:

So rapid was the progress of the flames that within five minutes by the watch from the time the alarm was given not only three buildings on the west side of D street, but two on the east side, were on fire, and from the manner in which the wind veered and whirled sparks and even whole shingles, it looked at one time as though the whole eastern portion of the city would be destroyed. The firemen were doing their best, but in the narrow streets with sheets of flame rolling over them from both sides they could only take up their hose and retire—though they did not do so until citizen friends almost cursed them for staying after they had repeatedly requested them to come away. Particularly conspicuous at this time were two men mounted upon the roof of the second house from the corner of D and Union. They held a pipe and were covered with blankets and may not have been burned, but a dozen times outsiders gave them up for lost men as the flames rolled over them and they disappeared from sight. A friendly company occasionally played a stream on them, but the greater part of the time they were left to take the desperate chances. As the flames and smoke rolled over them one would be seen covering the other with his blanket, and supporting him until a change of the wind gave them a mouthful of fresh air, or until some company threw a stream on them for a few seconds. Those two men were more cursed by outsiders than any two men concerned in the fight with the fire, just because they expected to see them burned to death. "Why don't they come down? Oh, God! look at the flames rolling out of the windows under them! There goes the balcony and they don't know that all below them is a sheet of fire!" Now they are wrapped in smoke and out of sight. "I will bet you four bits you will never see them alive afiain!" There is a change in the wind—"there they are yet, d—n them!" cry a dozen voices; "why don't they come down?" At the last moment, and just as the building is swaying and rolling down the hill they stagger to the edge of the roof. A Hook and Ladder man sees the situation—"Steady, boys!"—down they come, and over goes the building with a terrible crash, while a shower of sparks ascends for hundreds of feet. The voice of the foreman is heard and they are again away with the pipe—a door before them and the flames striking down almost to their feet. But notwithstanding this they stand there. Meantime, several brave members of Washoe Engine Company No. 4 had carried their hose over a balcony upon the front of a house on the east side of D street. A cry is at once raised among the outsiders of "Where are the d—d fools going? Look at them; only look at them!" The men enter the window with the pipe and the hose, and a moment after the whole front of the building is a sheet of flame. Then there is a cry for help and all the engines near turn their streams upon the front of the building, into which the brave men had ventured. At last the foreman is convinced that no one can be still in the building and be still alive, and gives the order to pull back the hose. Out comes the whole string of hose, with water spouting from the pipe, but no man appears. Meantime, at the E street end of the building the spectators enjoy a rare treat. Five men rush to the end of the building, smash the windows and leap out. All but one strike the awning aslant and come safely to the ground, and that one goes square through to his arms and sticks, while the flames roll out through the windows above. Those were the men who had hold of the pipe which was pulled out of the front of the building. Whether they were doing their duty or not they had rather a close call. The only trouble—once the firemen were on the ground—appeared to be to keep them out of the fire. Outsiders were constantly calling to their friends, "For God's sake, come off that roof; the building is going!" or "Look out there; that sidewalk is sinking!" yet they all—all the firemen—came off unscathed, with nothing worse than blistered ears, cheeks and hands.

The charred bodies of the two unfortunates who lost their lives by being burned in Mrs. Sherman's lodging house, proved to be the remains of Patrick Ryan and Charles Smith. The latter had just been pardoned out of the penitentiary, where he was serving a term for the killing of Mickey Free, at Gold Hill, some years since.

Washinton News.

Dates of Febuary 3d state that the House Committee had an informal discussion upon the Southern Pacific Railroad bill, and it was understood would soon make a favorable report.

In the Senate the following was had in reference to War Pensions:

In the Senate, the pending amendment was to strike out the clause making the payment of pensions conditional upon proof by applicants of their inability to support themselves. It was agreed to.

Sawyer moved to grant pensions also to soldiers wives whose services were specifically recognized by Congress, although their service may have been less than three months. Sawyer said the amendment applied to some five or six survivors of a little band of boys who took part in the battle of Plattsburg, and were honorably mentioned in General Macombe's dispatches and in a resolution of Congress. The amendment was agreed to.

The amendment gives pensions to all who served three months during the war instead of requiring three months consecutive service. It was agreed to.

The bill was further amended so as to allow pensions only to the widows of soldiers who were married at the time of the war of 1812, and excluding all who subsequently married again; also making the time of service two instead of three months.

On motion of Stearns the provisions of the bill were extended to widows of the Revolutionary soldiers, and the bill then passed. It will be returned to the House for concurrence in the Senate amendments.

Magdalena Bay.

As great efforts are making by unprincipled persons, for the purpose of speculation to induce an emigration to this place, San Francisco papers are very earnest in their warnings to prevent any one being deluded by their deceptive representations, and one of them quotes the following extract from a description of the locality by J. Ross Browne, which, from the well-known character of the author, may be relied upon as truthful, and will show the heartless depravity of those engaged in the nefarious work:

"The coast upon which we landed is desolate beyond description; nothing in view but desert and sand hills, with patches of mangrove, mesquit, buhch grass and cactus. A magnificent evening sky constituted the sole charm of the scene. I climbed several of the highest points and could see nothing on any side but a vast stretch of desert, the dreary monotony of which was scarcely relieved by occasional elevations of bare sand swept into billowy hummocks, like an angry sand ocean suddenly paralyized. For a sweep of many miles the same fearful monotony prevails: no living thing disturbs the silence: the stillness of death reigns supreme."

A Good Time Coming.

We have it on good authority that the great desideratum—the cheap reduction of ores—is near at hand. No more monopolies. The Stetefeldt furnace, which instead of proving an advantage, has been a curse to this community, is knocked into a cocked hat Two different furnaces, working up to 93 per cent. and cheaper than Mr. Stetefeldt's, are now in successful operation in this State, and a company is ready, right here in Austin, to erect a mill with one of these and work ores for at least 30 per cent. less than present rates. There is no foolisuness about this. The parties are in earnest and have "soap" in abundance. They have been investigating this thing for some time and are perfectly satisfied that the new furnaces are all that they are represented to be. —*Reese River Reville.*

Indian Outrages.

Dates of January 25th from Lewiston, New Mexico, tell of continued Indian troubles as follows:

A week since fifteen men left here to prospect for gold in the Chericana mountains. News is just received from Apache Pass, through the mail driver, that the party were attacked by Indians and two of the number left for Fort Bowie to obtain assistance. Two miers were kiiled before they left. Intense excitement prevails here. The fear and suspense regarding the prospecting party are terrible, as it was composed of our best men. The mail from Los Mimbres to La Meilla was captured by Indians. Captain Russell, of Fort Bowie, left with a detachment of men to render aid. The Indians also stole and drove off about 3,000 sheep belongiug to Cristobal Chaves of Belen. Two men are supposed to be killed by Indians, as they have not been heard from. On Monday several citizens started in pursuit but they have not yet been heard from. The Indians drove the sheep in the direction of White Mountains.

METEOROLOGICAL NOTES

For the Five Years Ending December 31st, 1870, at Camp Independence, Cal.

	1866	1867	1868	1869	1870	Mean.
Average temperature open air, thermometer in shade	60.5	61.	58.5	58.7	59.	59.5
Average difference in thermometer and hygrometer	12.7	11.5	8.2	13.	14.	11.9
Rainfall, inches	8.38	21.77	8.2	1.54	1.11	8.72
Warmest day	107	107	105	101	107	.....
Coldest day	18	19	15	11	14.5	.....

—A beaten politician remarked, as the reason for his defeat in a debate, that his opponent stated just the only thing which he was not prepared to meet. "What was that?" inquired a friend. "The truth," was the reply; "nobody ever heard of a politician stating the truth before."

—The latest plan for quick transit in New York is to build a viaduct of brick, stone and iron from the City Hall to Harlem river, high enough to span streets and wide enough for four railroad tracks.

—Land lubbers may be informed that the nautical experiment of boxing the compass is usually attempted up on the quar-deck.

MARRIED.

At Snethsigedon, February 4th, by Robert Weyland, J. P., W. P. GEORGE to MRS. MARGARET E. BLANEY.

Cake, you bet!

BORN.

In Lone Pine, February 5th, to the wife of J. R. Clarke, a daughter.

In Independence, January 31st, to the wife of H. C. Morse, a daughter.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The disguised drams, falsely called medicines, sold in bar-rooms as "tonics" and "stomachics," have nothing in common with DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS. That famous invigorant does not owe its stimulating properties to fiery and adulterated Alcohol, but to medicinal roots and herbs never heretofore combined. The effect of the Bitters in cases of constitutional debility, chronic indigestion, liver complaint, and all diseases tending to consumption, is so marvellous that except to those who have felt or witnessed it, the result seems incredible.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARD OF THANKS.

TO MRS. J. G. PAYNE: THE UNDERSIGNED, Committee appointed by Independence Engine Company No. 1, instructed to convey to you the thanks of the Company, would most respectfully submit: That the ornamental painting and design executed and presented by yourself, is invaluable as an ornament and company property, and the generous motives which prompted its preparation deeply appreciated by the members of this company, acknowledging in the courtesy extended us the kind encouragement and approval so highly prized by volunteer firemen. We remain, Madam, yours, etc.

H. M. ISAACS,
A. J. CLOSE, } Committee.
J. E. PARKER.

MASONIC NOTICE.

THE FREE AND ACCEPTED MASONS RESIDING in the vicinity of Independence are requested to meet at E. H. VAN DeCAR'S OFFICE, on SATURDAY EVENING, the 11th instant, to consider the propriety of organizing a Lodge at this place.

E. H. VAN DeCAR,
J. WHITE,
W. G. SQUIRES.

n33-1t

Notice to Loggers.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISH TO EMPLOY A good logger, or let a contract to deliver Five Hundred Thousand (500,000) feet of logs, at the Big Pine Saw Mill. Parties wishing to take the contract can be furnished with teams, trucks and everything that is necessary to carry on the business. A Blacksmith who can shoe oxen and make himself generally useful is also wanted. For particulars, inquire at Bell's Flour Mill, or at the Big Pine Saw Mill.

BILL & BRO.

February 11th, 1871. n33-2t

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—WE ARE NOW prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of THE PEOPLE'S LITERARY COMPANION—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address

fc9n333m E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

$5 TO $10 PER DAY. MEN WOMEN BOYS and GIRLS who engage in our new business make from **$5 to $10 per day** in their own localities. Full particulars and instructions sent free by mail. Those in need of permanent, profitable work, should address at once. GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

fc9n333m

LEGAL NOTICES.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

DEEP SPRING MILLING & MINING COMPANY. Location of Works, Deep Spring Valley, Inyo County, California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said company held on the 14th day of January, 1871, an assessment One Dollar ($1) per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Treasurer, at his office, 306 Clay street, San Francisco.

Any stock upon which assessments shall remain unpaid on the 25th day of February, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment be made before, will be sold on SATURDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF MARCH, 1871, to pay delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

A. A. JORDAN, Sec'y pro tem.

340 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California. ja28n31 4t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of John Berlet against John Ricketson et als., duly attested the twenty-third day of January A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Section No. 36, Township No. 18 South, Range No. 37 East, Base and Meridian of Mount Diablo.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, at Two o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the town of Independence, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, U. S. gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

January 28, 1871. ja28n31w3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Fifth Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of D. Cohn & Co. against S. B. Clement, duly attested the 24th day of January, 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit:

Four hundred undivided lineal feet in the Zombee lode; four hundred undivided lineal feet in the Pingone lode, together with the Clement or Pingone tunnel. All of said Real Estate situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the town of Independence, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

January 28, 1871. ja28n31w3

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD MOST RESPECTFULLY notify persons indebted to him in Business contracted during the old year, that all accounts MUST be settled, either by cash or note, on account of a change made in my business from CREDIT to CASH, which took place on the 1st day of January, 1871. Am prepared to sell goods of all kinds lower than has ever been offered heretofore in this part of the country—for CASH, and CASH ONLY.

R. J. MORRISON,
Benton, Cal.

ja21n30-6t

NOTICE.

TO THE CERRO GORDO AND VIRginia Mining Company: Henry Bush, Jr., P. W. Bennett, J. B. Rowley, and M. D. Blummer or his agent; also, G. W. Cornell and Antonio Meresol or their or either of their respective agents, executors, administrators, heirs or assigns, partners with H. W. Gould in the Buena Suerte Mine, situated in the Belmont Mining Camp, Lone Pine District, Inyo county, California. Notice—There will be a meeting of the owners in the above mine held at the Office of H. W. Gould, in the upper town of Cerro Gordo, said district, county and State, on Saturday, the 25th day February, A. D., 1871, at 6 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of levying assessments for working and developing said mine.

H. W. GOULD.

Cerro Gordo, December 26, A. D., 1870.

PROPOSALS WANTED.

TENDERS ARE CALLED FOR THE MAKING of a ditch for the Eclipse Gold Mining Company (Limited).

Plans and specifications, and all particulars can be obtained at the office of the Company.

H. NAY TREGELLAS, Manager.

f 4:32 2t

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY notify all persons indebted to him in business during the year 1870 to call and settle immediately, as from and after this date I intend to sell for cash or its equivalent only—under which rule I hope to be able to furnish all kinds of goods at greatly reduced prices.

D. NAYLOR.

Big Pine, Cal., February 3 1871. fc4n32-4t

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass,
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n2j 16tf

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Feb. 11, 1871,

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion these columns, must be handed in on or before o'clock P. M., Friday.

Canvassing Committee Appointed.

At the last meeting of Independence Engine Company No. 1, held on the 6th instant, it was resolved to begin work in earnest, to the end of an early purchase of an apparatus, a committee having laid before them numerous propositions from companies having extra engines to dispose of. The committée, as appointed by the company, with power to secure the aid of other citizens not members, consists of: I. Harris, Thomas May, H. M. Isaacs, A. C. Hanson and Thomas J. Goodale. The committee have no small duty to perform, but the safety and permanence of the very town itself demands a fire organization; and the citizens should, and doubtless will, make their liberaiity equal to the occasion. Twelve or fifteen hundred dollars is the amount required, but we had better raise it now, and stand some chance of having a town left should the fire-fiend ever get a start.

The Cyclops.

In our item concerning the rich strike of the Broder company, in Deep Spring Valley last week, we erred in calling the mine the "Hard Cash." It seems the ledge is entirely different from the one of that name, and is called the "Cyclops." The ore is of such character that the free gold will drop from it on handling, and the pieces shown us are certainly the richest specimens of gold rock we ever saw. We are promised a full description of the mine, but have already learned that the ledge is 22 inches in width, and the ore assaying so high up in the thousands that if our Lokleitems had but a ton or so of it he would resign his "sit" forthwith.

Indian Murder.

About 10 o'clock on the night of the 7th instant there occnrred one of those tragic Indian episodes which now and then take place, and which illustrate so well the murderous disposition of their nature. An Indian boy who had been carrying a pistol around Cerro Gordo for several days, found a squaw near Belshaw's furnace, at the time indicated, and shot her twice, both bal's piercing the heart, and then made his escape. The Indians say they do not know the cause.

A Fine Affair.

From our knowledge of the preparations being made for it, we conclude that the Washington's Birthday Ball, to be given by R. J. Morrison, at Benton, is to be a splendid affair. As we know of no other announcements for parties elsewhere on this day of days, "Bob" will doubtless have his hands full, for but few of those fortunate enough to receive an invitation will care to stay away.

Another

Of those elegant little dances came off at the Inyo House last night, with a much larger attendance than the one a night or previous, mentioned elsewhere. As the big dailies say, "our reporter was present," but Lokleitems is of the opinion that he got too dizzy in the mazes of the giddy waltz—or something—to be able to report anything very clearly. This circumstance will account for the unusual brilliancy (?) of his department to-day!

At Last.

The fire company publish this week a card returning thanks to Mrs. J. G. Payne, for the beautiful and appropriate painting of the name and motto of the organization, generously presented them by that lady on the occasion of their Inauguration Ball. Its beauty and appropriateness were much commented on by the many present.

Dance.

A nice little impromptu party came off at the Inyo House, last Wednesday evening. The convocation of a few friends suggested the idea of a dance, and music being procured, "de ball went on" to the thorough enjoyment of all present.

To Loggers.

Messrs. Bell Brothers offer a good chance for some working man to obtain a profitable job or contract to furnish saw logs to the Big Pine saw mill. No other capital than muscle or experience required. See notice under "New Advertisements."

Deserted.

On the night of the 7th instant, James O'Brien and —— Solan, privates of Co. B, 12th U. S. Infantry, at Camp Independence, deserted from the command and left for parts unknown.

Anxious.

We would like to have somebody report the proceedings of the meeting of the Pioneers, so extensively billed for last night.

F. & A. M.

Members of this order will observe a notice in another column inviting co-operation, which we hope may meet with full response.

Lumber Yard.

We learn that John Lentell is about establishing a depot opposite the Inyo House for the sale of lumber.

Lone Pine.

For several important Lone Pine items, consult "Scribbler's" letter.

Home Made Yeast.

The following is the most superior receipt for yeast I ever saw, and I have tried dozens, for we always use hop rising. It is available to country people, as it requires no yeast to commence with. Try it and you will use no other: Boil two ounces best hops in four quarts of water, half an hour; then strain it and let it cool to milk warm; then add a small handful of salt and half a pound of brown sugar; beat one pound of flour with some of the liquor and mix all together. The third day add three pounds of potatoes boiled and mashed, and let it stand until the next day; then strain it and it is ready for use; stir it frequently and keep by the fire while making, and stir it well before using it. This is very strong and only half the usual quantity is required.

Good

In the United Strtes Senate, January 26th' the motion to repeal the Income Tax was carried by one majority — thh vote standing 26 to 25.

—The life of a Virginia schoolmaster is not all sunshine. In Fairmount, the other day, the boys ducked their pedagogue in a neighboring creek, because he would not treat them to five dollars'

LETTER FROM LONE PINE.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

Lone Pine, February 8, 1871.

Messrs. Editors: By your last paper I see that your correspondent from this place, "Swythian;" has failed to connect, and feeling somewhat inclined to give your readers some account of the doings in and around our burg, I therefore avail myself of the present opportunity.

Times have been rather dull since the holiday sports, and we have not done a very rushing business generally for the last month or more, but at present everything begins to look up, and we anticipate good times in the Spring and Summer. So mote it be.

Our old friend, Col. Sherman Stevens arrived in town last Friday from a trip to h'old Hingland, where, I learn, he succeeded in forming a company, and is going to erect a furnace at the mouth of Cottonwood creek, for the purpose of working ores from the Cerro Gordo mines.

Mr. A. H. Dorr is now gone to the lower end of Big Lake, for the purpose of selecting a suitable place to erect a furnace to smelt the ore from his famous Santa Maria mine, at Cerro Gordo.

Our old friend and townsman, George Zobelien arrived in town yesterday from a three or four months' tour in the southern counties, and returned perfectly satisfied that Inyo county is a better place than any he visited. George took himself a better-half at Los Angeles, and looks much improved. What a wonderful change it makes it makes in the appearance of an "old bach" to get spliced! How slick and neat they look, eh?

We have a good school in town now: Miss Galiff is teaching a subscripiion school, with about thirty scholars in attendance.

One night last week, about 9 o'clock, some one entered the grain store of Peter Pearson, while the proprietor was enjoying a game of billiards at Fred Grothey's saloon, by tearing off a board from the back part of the store, and went through Peter's money drawer, taking therefrom about $25 in gold and silver coin. There were two Belshaw orders in the money drawer, bu the thief left them, probably thinking that if he took them they might lead to his discovery. Peter takes it easy, as he does everything, but says he did feel somewhat inclined to cuss a little at first.

On last Thursday a man by the name of Hutchison hired a horse and rigging from I. W. Hunt's livery stable, for the avowed purpo-se of going to Swansea. On Saturday morning some parties from that place reported that he had not been there, and on inquiry Mr. Hunt l arned that he crossed the Lone Pine bridge and turned up the valley, and also ascertained that he had stopped at Mathews' place on Thursday nigh, and told Mathews he was going to Bishop Creek. Mr. Hunt went before Justice J. J. Moore and laid a complaint of grand larceny and obtained a warrant for the arrest of Hutchison, and on Saturday evening started in pursuit of his man. Should he overtake him I will give you particulars in my next.

Scribbler.

LETTER FROM "SNETHSIGEDEN."

Snethsigeden, February 7, 1871.

Messrs. Editors: Our usually quiet town (to which you gave the euphonious name of Snethsigeden in your last issue), was most agreeably surprised by the arrival of a party from Independence, in search of a judge who is said to preside in that Court where, for time out of mind, Hymen plays the leading part. Mr. W. P. George and Mrs. Margaret E. Blaney, accompanied by their mutual friends, Mr. and Mrs. P. Reddy, made their advent among us, and on the 4th instant, Mr. George and Mrs. Blaney were duly married, Judge Wayland doing the agreeable, and Mr. and Mrs. Reddy acting the *role* of groomsman and groomsmaid. I should like to give you a description *in extenso* of the personal appearance and dress of the parties most interested on this festive occasion, but this I must leave to some more worthy Jenkins, better posted in the technicalities of dress and fashion. In a word, however, I will say both principals and accessories were turned out in a style most gorgeous, gotten up out of the very best material, and with an utter recklessness as to expense.

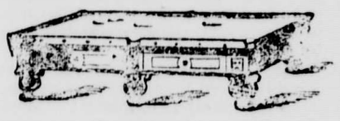
I would add that Mr. and Mrs. George must feel highly gratified at the warm and hearty reception which they received at the hands of their old and tried friends. Mr. George is a member of the Sons, and the entire lodge turned out in their spierdid regalia, to do honor to their brother and tender their congratulations. Our old friends Mr. Sneden and lady threw open to the happy couple the full and free hospitalities of their house. Along about the wee short hours, the anvil artillery was trotted out and much saltpeter consumed, under the able management of the brothers Crough and Mills, waiting our rejoicing and well wisdes to the ears of our guests.

To wind up the festivities of this most pleasant occasion, a grand dance was inaugurated for the gratification of Mr. George and lady, which was attended by all of our belles and beaux, as well as our more staid and steady going people. The dancing was kept up with unabated vigor until a late hour, when bride and groom retired, amid the congratulations and hearty good will of all present. Long may they wave.

More anon from Linch Pin.

BILLIARDS!

Messrs Phelan & Collender,



THE WELL-KNOWN BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS, of New York, have established at

541 Market Street, San Francisco,

An extensive branch of their business, where they propose to keep constantly on hand the LARGEST and most complete assortment of

Billiard Tables, Cloths, Cues, etc.,

ON THIS COAST.

THE TABLES are of the latest styles and size recently adopted in the Eastern States; are manufactured in the best possible manner, and are furnished with PHELAN'S LATEST IMPROVED CUSHIONS. The

New Composition Billiard Balls,

Made by the Hyatt Manufacturing Co. of Albany, New York—THE BEST SUBSTITUTE FOR IVORY YET DISCOVERED. For sale only by us. Price, $12 per set.

All goods sold will be of the best quality, and the prices fully as low as any other house in the business.

Parties visiting the city are invited to visit our warerooms and inspect our stock.

GEO. E. PHELAN, 541 Market St.

N. B. The public are notified that no other parties on the Pacific coast have the right to sell Phelan's Cushions. n28 3mi

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

J. Davison,
J. P. M. Perham,
Independence, Cal.

J. S. Rothschild,
San Francisco.

North-east Corner Edwards and Market streets,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise.

Stock consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Dry Goods.

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS.

Boots and Shoes

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

Extra Family Flour,

BELL'S NO. 1, constantly on hand and for sale

Goods constantly arriving from the San Francisco market.

Take Heed to Our Motto!

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

"A nimble nine-pence is preferable to a slow shilling!"

ONE PRICE STORE!

SAVE MONEY BY BUYING CHEAP! 63

"ECONOMY IS WEALTH."

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

Business or Commissions entrusted to us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, January 1, 1871.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

Seth G. Sneden having resumed business on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES.

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal. August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, December 3, 1870. n23m3

WAGON WORK.

WAGON MAKING,

House and Sign Painting.

J. G. PAYNE, Proprietor,

Announces that he is prepared to execute all description of Wagon Making, House and Sign Painting, etc., at reasonable rates, at his shop on Edwards street. jy16tr

$250 A MONTH

Can be made by any man or woman that can be silent. No risk and need not interfere with other business. Full information, etc., furnished on receipt of $1.50 in currency or postage stamps.

Address,

Postoffice Box 1926,
San Francisco, California.

ja28n31tf

J. W. TYLER.

AURORA

Fruit & Variety STORE.

J. W. TYLER,

AURORA,

Nevada.

Wholesale and retail dealer in

ALL KINDS OF FRUITS

APPLES,
PEARS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS,
GRAPES

And every kind of fruit in season

AT REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH!

Cigars and Tobacco,

Havana and American Cigars,
Cigaritos de Damas,
Manillas, Etc

The best qualities of

Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos!

Chewing—(Fine Cut)—

John Anderson's Solace,
Liberty Boy,
Forest Rose,
Century,
Savory,
(in Papers or Cans.)

Chewing—(Plug)—

Nature's Bounty,
Nectar of Roses,
May Apple,
Forest Rose,
Washoe,
Prince Esterhazy,
Horn of Plenty
Signet,
Tulip,
Pear
Pearl of Orient,
Bouquet,
Peach,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Smoking—

WADAWANUCK,
BIG LICK,
SETHALSEY,
NONPARIEL,
GOLDEN SHOWER,
ORONOCO,
EUREKA,
SIESTA,
FOREST ROSE,

All of which we will sell in papers or can the lowest market prices.

TURKISH AND SPANISH.

Maccoboy, Scotch and French Rapes

SNUFFS!

Meerschaum, Stone and India Rubber PIPES,

Cherry Stems, Mouth Pieces, etc., etc

A good assortment of

Stationery,
Pocket Cutlery,
Gold Pens,
Pencils,
Albums,
Chessmen,
Playing Cards,
Crib Boards,
Spectacles,
Brushes, all kinds,
Etc., etc., etc.

ALSO,

A good assortment of the finest

CANDIES,
FIG PASTE,
RASINS,
NUTS,
FIGS,
GUAVA JELLY,
ETC., ETC.

LADIES' PORTFOLIOS ALL SIZES!

Drawing and Tissue Paper!

Diaries for 1871.

PERFUMERY, EXTRACTS and SOAPS.

IF YOU WANT

TOYS AND GIFTS

—GO TO—

J. W. TYLER'S.

All orders by mail or express will receive prompt attention. Remember

J. W. TYLER,

Corner Pine and Bush Streets,

AURORA, NEVADA.

Aurora, Nev., September 26, 1870. n12-3m

LIFE INSURANCE.

CONTINENTAL Life Insurance Co. OF NEW YORK.

JUSTUS LAWRENCE, President.
M. B. WYNKOOP, Vice President.
J. P. ROGERS, Secretary.
S. C. CHANDLER, Actuary.

ASSETS:

$3,500,102 80!

ANNUAL INCOME:

$4,000,000

Excess over all expenditures,

$1,265,805 86!

SPECIAL FEATURES.

Pure Mutuality, as the entire surplus of the Company belongs to the Policy-holders.

Annual Distribution of Surplus, on the "Contribution Plan."

Economy of Management: only one other New York Company showing as low a ratio of expense to income, during the years 1868 and 1869, according to the official returns to the Massachusetts Insurance Department.

Careful Selection of Risks, as indicated by the exceedingly small mortality among its members.

All Policies Non-forfeitable, in accordance with the explicit terms which are embodied in the written Policy.

Thirty Days' Grace.—Should the due date of the premium accidentally, or otherwise, be allowed to pass without payment of the same, the Policy-holder has the privilege of paying it any time within thirty days thereafter, the Policy being held in force during that time.

No Extra Premium for Travel or Foreign Residence.—Persons insured in this Company are permitted, without extra charge of premium, to go to or return from any part of the world, and to reside anywhere excepting between Latitude 34° North and the Tropic of Capricorn.

Policies Incontestable for the customary reasons.

Policy-holders have a voice in the elections and management of the Company.

No Charge is made for policy or medica examination.

By the Laws of the State of New York, Life Insurance Companies are made specially secure.

The "Continental" has deposited with the State Superintendent of Insurance the sum of $100,000, required by law, which remains in his custody as a permanent guarantee fund.

POLICIES.

The Continental issues policies upon all APPROVED PLANS.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS.

Premiums may be paid entirely in cash, annually, semi-annually, or quarterly; or, if desired, one-third may be allowed to remain as a loan on the policy, at interest, until canceled by dividends, or otherwise. The remaining two thirds may be paid annually, semi-annually, or tri-annually.

DIVIDENDS.

The Surplus of the Company is distributed annually among the policy-holders on the "Contribution Plan," each one receiving the full amount which his policy has contributed to the formation of the surplus.

On All Cash policies dividends apply annually after the second year, and may be used in one of the three following ways:

1st.—To reduce the third and all subsequent annual premiums.

2nd.—To purchase additional insurance, payable at the same time as the original policy.

3d.—To purchase additional insurance payable in case of death within one year.

These dividend additions may at any time be converted into cash for the payment of future premiums. They thus form a large and constantly increasing reserve fund, which may be availed of in time of misfortune and pecuniary embarassment.

In the case of policies paid up by a limited number of annual premiums, the dividends do not cease with the term of payment, but continue until maturity.

20,375 Members have been obtained since the Company organized, and notwithstanding the hard times so generally complained of all over the United States, the CONTINENTAL has issued 2,774 more policies in 1869 than in the year previous—being an increase of 46 1-5 per cent.

PACIFIC COAST AGENCY,

H. H. BLAKE & CO.,

MANAGERS,

302 Montgomery Street,

San Francisco.

P. A. CHALFANT,

LOCAL AGENT,

jy16m3 **Independence.**

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Feb. 11, 1871.

A Donation Party.

Somewhere in Pennsylvania there is a Presbyterian clergyman whose nominal salary is four hundred and fifty dollars a year.

But as it was six months in arrears the congregation determined to give him a donation party, to help him along.

It came off—the donation party did. The entire flock was on hand, but of the presents there were only six rolling pins, a pen-wiper, and a quarter of a peck of onions.

The minister, of course, had to furnish refreshments; and the company not only discouraged four hams, three and a half pounds of sixty cent butter, and thirteen loaves of bread, but they ate up two pounds of sugar and all next Winter's preserves.

To crown all, four spoons were missing.

The clergyman says he wants to have just one more donation party and he will close up his business and begin life over again as a champion pauper at the almshouse.

He is particularly down on one sister who jammed herself full of ham and preserves and enough other succulent diet to keep the entire family a week, and then lay up against the wall, pretending to feel religious, and singing, "There is rest for the weary."

A Disgusted Lover.

A disgusted lover, who went with his adored Malvina to "one of them cussed huggin' balls" the other night, didn't wait to see the end of it. On the contrary, he "rid his bosom of the perilous stuff" that weighed upon his heart by quoting the following:

What! the girl I adore by another embraced?
What! the balm of her breath shall another man taste?
What! pressed in the whirl by another man's knee?
What! panting, reclined on another than me?
Sir! she's your's. You have brushed from the grape its soft blue:
From the rosebud you've shaken the tremulous dew;
What you've touched you may take. Pretty waltzer adieu!

—To Kill Ants—Hit your uncle's wife on the head with a hammer.

—What should a man carry with him when calling on his affianced?—Affection in his heart, perfection in his manners, and confection in his pockets.

—Another little girl wants to know if fleas are white, because her uncle had told her that "Mary had a little lamb with fleas as white as snow."

—You might as well attempt to shampoo an elephant with a thimbleful of soap-suds as attempt to do a big business without advertising.

—The choir sang "Come, Ye Disconsolate," at a recent wedding in Lafayette, Ind. The bride, who is thirty-two, says she isn't near so disconsolate as she was.

—A person in prison was asked by a friend what it was for. "For telling lies," he replied. "Telling lies! how is that?" demanded the other. "Why, telling people I would pay 'em and not keeping my word."

—A man in Exeter, Massachusetts, refused to have the pegs of a new pair of shoes he was buying for his boy rasped off, because in that case the boy would run all over town, and the shoes wouldn't last him three weeks.

—A Quaker Indian agent, who has recently visited the Cherokees, Choctaws, and other tribes, gives it as his opinion that the Indian females can be elevated, and adds that "hoop skirts are more useful in a family than war-whoops."

—In 1830 the United States had forty one miles of railroad. In 1870 the United States had fifty thousand miles of railroad. Ohio has nearly four thousand miles—more than any other State except Pennsylvania and Illinois.

—For over thirty years an old gentleman at St. Albans, Vermont, has made a practice of, getting out of bed every night at eleven, twelve, two, and four o'clock, to enjoy a comfortable smoke.

—"Strange that the prisoner, on trial for his life, should appear in court with such a smooth countenance!" exclaims Jones. "Oh, he was ironed just before he was brought in," explains Bones.

—A college Professor, having requested that some man should go to the President's office on an errand, nearly the whole class rose to their feet. The Professor's question, "How many of you do you think it takes to make a man?" quickly brought them to their seats again.

—A little girl, on hearing her mother say that she intended to go to a ball, and have her dress trimmed with "bugles," innocently inquired if the bugles would blow while she danced. "Oh! no," replied the mother, "your father will do that when he dicovers that I have bought them.

—One of the miseries of life is to be beaten in an argument, and in ten minutes afterward to think of an expression that would have totally annihilated your opponent.

—"Will you dake sumding?" said a German teetotaler to a friend, while standing near a tavern. "I don't care if I do," was the reply. "Vell, den, let's dake a valk."

—A man who won a fat turkey at a raffle, on Christmas eve, and whose pious wife was very inquisitive about the method of obtaining it, satisfied her at last by the remark that the "Shakers" gave it to him.

—Father—"Who's the pitcher in the Red Stocking base-ball club?" Son—"Why, Brainard" Father—"In the White Stocking club?" Son—"Pinkham." Father—"Who was the first President of the United States?" Son—"I, I don't remember."

An Effectual Rebuke.

On his way home from his last tour in Ireland, Rev. Roland Hill was very much annoyed at the reprobate conduct of the captain and mate, who were greatly addicted to the ungentlemanly habit of swearing. First, the captain would swear at the mate, and then they would both swear at the wind.

"Stop, stop," shouted Hill; "let us have fair play; gentleman, it's my turn now."

"At what is your turn?" asked the captain.

"At swearing," replied Hill.

After waiting until his patience was exhausted the captain urged Mr. Hill to be quick and take his turn, for he wanted to begin again.

"No no," said Hill, "I can't be hurried; I have a right to take my own time and swear at my own convenience."

"Perhaps you don't intend to take your turn," responded the other.

"Pardon me" said Hill, "but I do as soon as I can find the good of doing so."

The rebuke had its desired effect; there was not another oath on the voyage.

—"Do you know the prisoner, Mr. Jones?" "Yes, to the bone." "What is his character?," "Didn't know he had any." "Does he live near you?" "So near that he has only spent one dollar for fire-wood in eight years." "Did he ever come in collision with you in any matter?" "Only once, and that was when he was drunk and he mistook me for a lamp-post." "From what you know of him, would you believe him under oath?" "That depends upon circumstances. If he was so much intoxicated that he did not know what he was doing I would. If not, I wouldn't."

—"Boss, I want twenty-five cents," said a jour printer recently to his employer. "Twenty five cents! how soon do you want it, William?" "Next Tuesday week." "As soon as that? You can't have it; I've told you often that when you wanted any large sum of money you must give me at least four week's notice."

—An ignorant fellow, desirous of "showing off" in a company where the conversation was of a classical character, speaking of Leander crossing the Hellespont for an interview with Hero, designated the feat as "Leander swimming across the the herring-pond to see Nero."

—A gentleman visiting Glasgow for the first time, and falling in with very wet weather, inquired of a person in the street if it always rained in Glasgow. "No," was the answer, "it snaws sometimes."

—A colored gentleman during the recent cold weather was asked if he didn't think it was below zero. "Below zero, chile! zero done froze up long ago, and dar's no use talking any mo' about him."

—Cowper speaks of "the bubbling and loud hissing urn." The same little machine, when it won't do either, bubble or hiss, may be described as taciturn.

'Tis sweet to court,
But, oh! how bitter
To court a gal
And then not git 'er.

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,
—Wholesale and Retail—
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,
AURORA, NEVADA.
DEALER IN
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES,
Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.
ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfc

JOHN LENTELL,
Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,
—Dealer in—
Drugs & Medicines
CHEMICALS,
Patent Medicines,
For Man and Beast,
SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,
Hair Restoratives & Dyes.
SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,
STATIONERY:
AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of
Tobacco & Cigars.
CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.
f64r32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

LIVERY STABLES.

AURORA
EXCHANGE STABLE,
PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.
S. G. COBB,.....Proprietor.
SADDLE HORSES,
Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,
—TO LET ON—
Reasonable Terms
HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.
n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

A CHANGE
In the Livery Business.
HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE
Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,
Independence, Cal.,
The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times
HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,
at the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.
nv7n18m5 AL. BRIGGS.

HUNT'S
LIVERY & FEED STABLE,
—LONE PINE, Cal.—
HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale, BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.
I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n5-6m

EAGLE
Livery and Feed
STABLE,
Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,
Independence, Cal.
HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of
BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,
At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of
Hay and Grain
On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.
THOS. J. GOODALE.
Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

Cerro Gordo
FEED STABLE.
DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.
ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870 jy30n4tf

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.
J. M. MEREDITH,
AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.
DEALER IN
Stationery,
BLANK BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,
MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS.
CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, Etc., Etc.,
And Everything in his Line Cheap.
ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.
Store in Post Office Building,
AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

ART GALLERY.

PHOTOGRAPHS,
Ambrotypes
And Melainotypes.
Mr. L. D. WELSH,
HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN HIS business in Independence, will be happy to meet the citizens of Inyo county at his rooms on Edwards Street, nearly opposite the Inyo House, where he is prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES and MELANOTYPES of every description.
Views taken of Buildings, Scenery, Mining claims, etc., at very moderate prices.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
n8tf

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.
L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.
ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.
ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.
Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. 12-tf

WAGON WORK.

WAGON MAKING,
House and Sign Painting.
J. G. PAYNE, Proprietor,
ANNOUNCES THAT HE IS PREPARED TO execute all description of Wagon Making, House and Sign Painting, etc., at reasonable rates, at his shop on Edwards street. jy16tf

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,
INDEPENDENCE,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GROCERIES,
Provisions, Liquors,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
Dry Goods,
HARDWOOD,
HARDWARE,
BOOTS, SHOES,
Crockery,
GLASSWARE.
Tin-Ware,
SADDLERY,
Farming Implements,
SHOE FINDINGS,
AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!
THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:
GROCERIES,
Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Tapioca, Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Jams, Dried Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles, Extracts, Sauces, Codfish, Salmon, Mackerl, Salt Pork, Etc.
LIQUORS,
French and American Brandies, Old Valley Walsky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.
CIGARS AND TOBACCOS
Of the best brands in the market.
DRY GOODS,
SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUN DOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.
CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.
Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.
HARDWOOD TIMBER
Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
Of all descriptions.
FURNITURE,
BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.
HARDWARE,
WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.
SADDLERY,
WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITTS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.
A Splendid Assortment of
Glass and Crockery Ware,
Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by
D. COHN & CO.
Independence, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. MACK,
Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
Also, in connection,
Partzwick Hotel.

D. NAYLOR,
RETAIL DEALER IN
Groceries, Provisions,
CLOTHING, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.,
At Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.
Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., Sept. 26, 1870. n12-3m

R. J. MORRISON,
BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Wines, Liquors, Etc.
AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
WHOLESALE
DRUGGISTS,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,
Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with every thing kept in a well supplied WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.
Fresh Drugs, Patent Medicines, Trusses & Supporters, Essential Oils, Kerosene Oil, Tilden's Preparations, Druggists' Sundries, Shaker Herbs, Perfumeries, Paints and Oils,
Which we offer at the lowest Cash Prices, and are determined not to be undersold.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

FOR SALE.
OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal. After our best wishes, and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty one years, during which period we have been steadily engaged in the Drug business in California, we beg to say in consequence of the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Cal. Vinegar Bitters, now spread over the United States and countries far beyond, we are necessitated to devote our entire time to said business.
We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific coast and the only one continuous under the same proprietors since 1849, and have determined to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.
This is a rare opportunity for any one with means, desiring to enter into a profitable business with advantages never before offered.
For particulars enquire of
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
R. H. McDONALD, J. C. SPENCER, } Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco, Cal.
N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices defying competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!
DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS,
Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.
WHAT ARE THEY?
FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or married or those near the change of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.
They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing the combined properties of a Purgative, Tonic, Diuretic and Sedative.
THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,
Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.
For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.
DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.
Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.
They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.
FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.
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PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle.
J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.
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jy7

MEDICAL.

TO PHYSICIANS.
NEW YORK, August 15, 1866.
Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.
MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo, Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.
Buchu as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœia, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.
Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,
With a feeling of profound confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist of 19 Years' Experience.

(From the largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.)
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WILLIAM WIGHTMAN.
Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

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FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU
For weakness arising from indiscretion, the exhausted powers of Nature which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, some of which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forbidings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enjoy the enjoyments of society.
THE CONSTITUTION
once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. It is compatible with no form of disease, it can be administered to, Constitution or health, alone.
Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu
In affections peculiar to Females, it is unrivaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary evacuations, Ulceration or Inflammation of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, or the decline or change of life.
Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu
—AND—
IMPROVED ROSE WASH
Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.
USE
Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu
In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is decided in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.
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All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.
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NONE ARE GENUINE unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed
H. T. HELMBOLD.
n24lyfm8

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA; SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1871. NUMBER 34.

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Inyo Independent.

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Independence, Cal., Feb. 18, 1871.

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CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

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Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12-6m

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STAGE HOUSE.

Independence, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.

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Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870.

n1v1 3m

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THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

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Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

New French Restaurant

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PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

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COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

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WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

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The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

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AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

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HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8a29-3m

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Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

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MAY & TASKER, Proprietors.

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS, INDEPENDENCE,

WHERE THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE happy to meet all old and new friends. Bar supplied with the most popular and palatable beverages. Call and take a smile, smoke a Havana, and play a game of billiards.

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July 9, 1870. n1v13*

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New Shoemaker Shop,

One door North of the Drug Store.

G. W. TODD. J. N. MALONE.

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ANNOUNCE TO THEIR FRIENDS AND THE public generally that they are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of BOOTS and SHOES, on the shortest notice, FOR CASH. The best of French material will be used.

☞ Repairing Neatly Executed. ☜

nv8n18tf

A TRIP BY THE ISTHMUS.

(Second Paper).

FOR THE INDEPENDENT, BY J. C. WATT.

For some hours previous to our arrival in Panama the steamer presented an unusual scene of bustle and confusion. Passengers collecting and picking up their traps, running around to each other's state rooms to have a farewell cigar, a sociable chat and interchange of cards, and magnanimously dispensing four-bit pieces to the eager and expectant waiters below—all forming features peculiar to the occasion—announce that something unusual, though certainly not unexpected, is about to take place, which the unwonted activity among officers and men, the hoarse orders rapidly given and obeyed, and the long rolls of rope in process of coiling on the upper deck, the operation being performed to the time of some Celestial, though not divine, ditty—the words of which were completely lost to our barbarous ears—serve to strengthen. Dinner hurriedly eaten, with scant ceremony, and tables presenting but a faint reflection of the former glories of toilet and *cusine*, plainly indicate—were such indication necessary—the anxiety felt to leave our good old Father Ocean and to tread the soil the foot of Pizarro and his trusty followers has rendered classic.

It was with a feeling of genuine curiosity and expectancy that our eyes first sought and rested on the domes and housetops, gilded bright in the gorgeous colorings of a tropical sunset, of this, the oldest city on the Pacific seaboard, and approaching nearer, that our ears caught the first silvery peal from the far-off cathredral, inviting, with its musical chimes, to approach and offer up their evening prayer to the "Sanctissima Virgin" in the beautiful verses and to the solemn music of the "Ave Maria," the touching strains reaching us in a rich gush of melody softened by distance and the beauty of the glorious surroundings.

For an hour or more we sat listening to this lovely music, and feasting our eyes on the delicious panorama spread out before us, almost believing, for the moment, that we had in truth cast our anchor in a very fairy land.

A general desire was of course entertained by every one to go ashore at once, and have a view of this seemingly lovely city and a ramble along the beach glistening in the sheen of the fast rising moon, and great was the disappointment when informed that passengers must remain on board till the following morning, when a tug would transport them at once to the railroad depot, where, jumping on board the cars, all opportunity of the much desired visit would be lost. This distasteful and, to all appearance, unreasonable arrangement was owing, we were told, to a terrible fracas which had occurred some years before between the natives and a number of rough steerage passengers, who had indulged much more freely than was consistent with good health in the fiery, home-manufactured "aguaradiente," and, maddened by drink and the unexpected resistance, a fierce battle—a la brickbats—resulting in the loss of several lives and the maiming of several others, as the upshot.

We were bitterly bemoaning our hard luck and contemplating all sorts of desperate ruses to escape the vigilance of the guards and get aboard of one of the numerous small canoes in waiting around the steamer, when we were most agreeably relieved from our dilemma by an unlooked for offer from our genial doctor, to accompany him in his private launch, and offering to show us as many of the "lions" as was possible in the short time.

Of course we accepted with thanks, and, with a glance of heart-felt pity at the crowd of envious faces watching and wondering at our departure, seated ourselves in the cushioned stern, and in a few minutes landed just inside the long line of foaming breakers, and proceeded through many a street quaint with by-gone style of architecture to the "plaza," a sort of hollow square formed respectively by the old cathredral and offices, the "Grand Hotel de Panama"—an imposing stuccoed edifice of recent build—the American Consul's private residence and reception rooms, and a number of curious old fashioned stores, where cigarittos and "martelle" seemed to form a large proportion of the stock in trade. This is apparently the center of the town, from whence diverges a number of narrow, up-hill, unimportant streets, occupied by small tradesmen and some few private families, and these streets straggling along unevenly for some distance form the suburbs of the city—not inviting ones, certainly, nor such as might be expected from their romantic appearance from the water, but of which the natives seem to be, nevertheless, sufficiently proud.

Although, owing to the late hour of our visit, the time-worn old city was very quiet, and many objects of interest were undoubtedly passed over in our cursory ramble, enough was yet seen to interest us fully and make us wish that a longer time could be allowed to push our explorations, convinced that a fortnight or so could be passed pleasantly and profitably in our "antiquarian" researches, in following the footsteps of those stout old Spanish pioneers, and in tracing their progress and the effects of that progress from one standpoint to another, through the ages that are past.

Most of the business of the town is transacted during the early portion of the day, and from the cool of the evening until nine or ten o'clock—all stores being closed and mercantile transactions suspended generally during the heat of noon—at which time there is scarcely a human face to be seen on the streets, and the place assumes a deserted, melancholy appearance very observable, and unpleasantly so, to the stranger.

The evening, as in our own country, is the time most especially devoted to the interchange of those social courtesies and friendly visits which form such a pleasant and grateful contrast to the busy hours of the day, and these Spanish Dons, albeit somewhat reserved and formal with strangers, yet, in their own domestic circle, and surrounded by their own families and friends, very agreeable and hospitable. They attend also with scrupulous regularity and conscientiousness those religious ceremonies and observances which form so important a part of their daily lives, and, on the whole, appear to be well satisfied with the even tenor of the ways of the world in general, and of Panama and its surroundings in particular.

After having passed an evening of real pleasure and profit, we retired at a late hour to the Grand Hotel, and rising betimes in the morning, partook of a *bona fide* Spanish breakfast, well served and heartily enjoyed, and at once proceeded to resume our rambles until warned by the cathedral clock that it was time to repair to the depot and be in readiness for our ride across the Isthmus, a journey long looked forward to with feelings of pleasant anticipation, and now about to be realized. On our arrival at the terminus, the tug boat, with its freight of ill-contented passengers had arrived, and for some time the scene at the wharf and in the baggage room was one fraught with much amusement and quiet self-satisfaction to one who had already had his "impediments" marked, passed, checked and the duplicate safely in his pocket. Such shouting, swearing and confusion; such surly orders, entreaties and questions; in every known language and in every possible accent was something that must be seen and heard to be appreciated, and will be remembered by every one as one of the "novelties" of the trip.

But finally, somehow or other the difficulties are gotten over, the questions all answered and the seats taken in the cars, which by this time have backed down on the long covered pier, and with a shrill whistle and sudden start we roll slowly over the rail-covered tiles, and the memorable ride has commenced. The entire length of the road from Panama to Aspinwall, the terminus on the Atlantic side, is about forty-seven miles, and is comfortably performed in three hours. The cars are of a more "modern" build than could perhaps be expected, of the usual length and size, and the seats made of cane or wicker-work instead of the velvet covered upholstery usual in other countries, probably for purposes of coolness and health.

For a few miles the country is partially open and cultivated, with here and there a snug little frame house, white-painted and broad-porched, surrounded by cocanut and palm trees, and looking rather comfortable and home-like in its secluded quiet. But these few traces of civilization are soon passed and the landscape rapidly changes to one of the wildest and dreariest grandeur. The road winds tortuously through dense forrests of tropical trees, whose rank, luxuriant foliage seems almost to exclude the light of day, and huge parasites, clinging in close embrace and twining around the branches in snaky coils, drip with poisonous moisture and send forth the very spirit of fever in wreaths of steaming vapor. Farther on, in the very depths of this malarial wildness, the far-famed Chagres River is reached and for a distance of twenty miles the railroad follows its sickly course through a constant succession of swampy forest land and an atmosphere dank and pregnant with disease. What an undertaking it was to clear a way and construct a road through such a country, and with what a fearful mortality attendant on it, is known to everyone and needs no comment. It has been stated, indeed, that there lies a dead man beneath every sleeper on the road, and although the remark was not intended as literal, it is still too near the truth.

Passing this dismal tract the country begins to open and clear a little, and low-thatched native huts are occasionally passed, where a troop of small unclad youngsters are generally grouped around the door, whose fat, oily faces and aldermanic proportions seem to laugh and give the lie direct to all imputations on the unhealthiness of the climate—indeed these children are an anomaly which is difficult of explanation.

There are three stations on the road, at each of which the iron horse lays in a fresh supply of wood and water, and during this process the cars are invaded by numbers of young natives bearing on their heads, in huge baskets, tempting clusters of bananas and other tropical fruits, which are offered for sale, and greedily purchased by those to whom they are a novelty. Hard boiled eggs are also passed round, and meet with liberal patronage; and truth to say we have a recollection of putting some half dozen or so in our own belt for safe keeping, the custody of which caused us some bitter pangs later in the evening.

Growing in great luxuriance along almost the entire length of our road was the curious little sensitive plant, green, tender and fern-shaped, so delicately made as to shrink at the slightest touch, and contract and shiver as though in pain or terror at the near approach of a hand or finger. Much talked of and curious to be seen was also the beautiful "Espiritu Santo," or "Flower of the Holy Ghost"—a lily-shaped blossom and the exact image of a dove with folding wings and gently curving head resting quietly within, calm and saintly as the sacred name it bears.

The approach to Aspinwall was heralded by an increased freshness in the air, and a more healthy, buoyant feeling in the atmosphere; and ere long we caught the first glimpse of the Atlantic, looking black and stormy in the midst of a sudden tropical shower, which soon enveloped us in its sable folds, and, for a time, everything appeared very dismal and gloomy, but clearing as unexpectedly as it had come on, the setting sun shone out in rainbow colors, and we drew up at the depot in a perfect blaze of warm sunshine. Here occurred another scene of confusion, but this over we proceeded down the main street of the town to the wharf and on board the steamer "Arizona," where, having disposed of our bag and baggage in stateroom "No. 52," returned on shore to "do" the city and make the most of our short stay. This, however, did not prove an arduous undertaking, for Aspinwall can boast of but one or two streets, and these extremely muddy, dirty and untidy, and in an hour's time we had seen everything that was to be seen.

The population seems to be pretty equally divided between Spaniards and Spanish negroes, the latter predominating; and the vending of native fruits, jerked turtle meat and liquors the most thriving branches of industry. The climate is warm, sultry and unhealthy, and the "Chagres fever" prevails, at certain seasons, to an alarming extent. Altogether, we were not at all sorry when about noon the following day we weighed anchor and stood out to sea, leaving rapidly behind us the coast of South America, and standing boldly up the Carribean Sea, *en route* for New York. The "Arizona" proved to be a comfortable, roomy steamer, though not so large as the "Colorado," and everything assumed much the same aspect as on the Pacific, with the exception of rough weather, which we experienced in greater or less degree during the whole of our Atlantic voyage.

The first incident of interest occurred in passing the Guano Islands, off the coast of which we hove to and took off the mails, carried out to us by a couple of swarthy Spaniards, in a small, open boat, and leaving with them, in return, a bundle of papers containing the latest news and gossip from the "world" continued our voyage. These Islands are well known, and valuable for the rich guano manure, the deposits of ages, and large quantities are constantly shipped by vessels employed expressly for the business, and carried to all parts of the world.

Cape Maisi, on the eastern extremity of Cuba, was the next land sighted, the steamer passing within a couple of miles of shore, thus affording us a pleasant glimpse of this "beautiful isle of the sea." While still off the coast we were awarded the privilege of witnessing one of the most beautiful sunsets we had ever seen. The glowing orb, sinking slowly and majestically into its watery bed tinged with colors of the richest hue the surrounding ocean, and the masses of heavy clouds overhead assumed, with ever varying tints, every imaginable fantastic shape. Huge castles and ancient fortresses, with towers, minarets, bastions, draw-bridge, complete and drawn out with wonderful distinctness, frowned darkly upon us and seemed ready to deny permission to pass their massive portals—while beyond, stretched out in rainbow form and color, narrow strips of fleecy clouds chased each other across the blue firmanent,

"Girding the leagues of waste
With ribands of molten pearl."

Still further on the summits of the Cuban Cordilleras seemed aglow with living fire, and burned and shimmered lustrous in the glory of the setting sun. Never before had it been our lot to gaze upon a scene of such surpassing lovliness, and long we sat there "wondering, fearing" till the short Southern twilight deepening into night shut out the glorious picture, and recalled us to the more substantial contemplation of—dinner.

A day or two after we passed and exchanged signals with the Company's steamer "Alaska," for Aspinwall, but owing to the heavy sea running at the time could not hold communication with her, as we had hoped. A day or two after the dreaded Hatteras was passed, with its accustomed storm, and then we began to feel that we were nearing home, and our long voyage drawing to a close.

"Barnegat Light" was passed at two o'clock on the morning of our last day out, almost every one rising to catch the first glimpse of "Jersey," and about breakfast time the long line of beach and the glazed roofs of the hotels at Long Branch appeared; and finally pilot boat No. 18 came along side, and the jolly old pilot, jumping quickly aboard, distributed with profane hand a quantity of "morning papers," and calling out the latest war news and the result of the ocean yacht race, passed forward to the wheel and assumed command and responsibility of the vessel.

It is needless to say how impatiently we watched our slow progress around and past Sandy Hook, and the sail down the beautiful bay, nor how eagerly we stepped ashore a couple of hours later—not without a feeling of regret, to be sure, that our pleasant voyage was over, but with an exultant consciousness that we were *home* once more, and that we had at last accomplished this long but jolly "Trip by the Isthmus."

HOW TO OBTAIN PATENTS TO MINES.

With reference to the proceedings necessary to obtain patents for lode and placer claims under the provisions of the acts of Congress, the following is communicated:

9th. The mining enactments limit the right to apply for and receive patents for mining claims to claimants.

FIRST. Who have occupied and improved their claims according to the local customs or rules of miners, or—

SECOND. Who have by themselves or their grantors, held and worked their claims for a period equal to the time prescribed by the statute of limitations for mining claims of the State or Territory where the same may be situated.

THIRD. Who have expended in actual labor and improvements upon their respective claims an amount of *not less than one thousand dollars*, and—

FOURTH. In regard to whose possession there is no controversy or opposing claim.

Unless, therefore, applicants for mining patents are properly within these requirements they are not in a condition to avail themselves of the privileges extended by the laws referred to.

THE APPLICATION.

10th. This must be in writing, and must be filed in the office of the Register and Receiver of the Land District in which the claim lies. It must distinctly state the name of the applicant, and whether the claim is applied for by an individual, a association, or an incorporation; the name and extent of the claim; the character of the ore: the mining district, county and state; the date of its original location according to the mining customs; where the same was recorded; whether the applicant claims as a locator or purchaser; a description of the premises claimed, and the nature of the improvements made or labor performed, and finally the application should state that the claimant has posted a "*Diagram*" of the claim in a conspicuous place thereon, together with notice of his intention to apply for a patent, giving the date of such posting.

11th. With the above application the claimant must file a copy of the "*Diagram*" posted on the claim, which diagram must represent the boundaries of the premises, as fixed by the local laws, customs, or rules of miners; and when the claim lies upon surveyed land, it must also show its relation to the public surveys.

12th. Diagrams of PLACER claims upon SURVEYED lands must represent the *subdivision* of the public lands which the claimant desires to enter, as the act requires such entries in their exterior limits, to conform to such legal subdivisions.

13th. With said diagram must be filed a copy of the "*Notice*" posted upon the claim.

This should state the name of the claimant, describe the claim, give the names of adjoining claims, or if none adjoin, the names of the nearest claims state whether it is a placer or rock claim, if the former the approximate area, if the latter, the estimated extent of surface ground, and the number of feet claimed on the course of the vein distinctly stating the name of the lode and the character of the vein exposed the mining district county, and State in which it lies; whether upon surveyed or unsurveyed lands; if the former in what section, township and range; if the latter the location of the lode relatively to some well known natural object or land-mark in the vicinity, and finally the notice should state that it is the intention of the claimants to apply for a patent for the premises therein designated, and upon which it is posted.

14th. There should also be filed with the application satisfactory evidence that the applicant has the possesory right to the claim agreeably to the local laws or cutoms of miners. This should consist of a certified copy of the laws or customs of the miners of the district in force at the date of the location of the claim, and of a certificate under seal, of the County or Mining Recorder, giving a copy of the record of the original location of the claim, with name or names of the locators, and if the applicant claims as a purchaser, an abstract of title should be filed, tracing the right of possession from the original locators to the applicant for patent. Where applicants furnish satisfactory evidence that they and their grantors have held and worked their claims for a period equal to the time prescribed by the statute of lim-

itations of mining claims of the State or Territory where the same may be situated, such evidence being considered sufficient to establish a right to a patent for a claim so held and worked, upon compliance with other provisions of the law and instructions, the proofs enumerated under this subdivision.(14.) of the instructions are not required.

15th. Proof of citizenship is required. Where the applicant is a corporation, a copy of their charter or certificate of incorporation may be filed in lieu of evidence of citizenship. In case, however, the applicant is an individual or an association of persons unincorporated, affidavits of citizenship or of having filed declarations of intention to become citizens should be filed.

16th. Upon filing these papers the Register and Receiver will give the same careful examination, and if found to be regular the Register will order the publication of the "*Notice*" for ninety (90) days in a news-paper published nearest the location of the claim, but before ordering such publication, the Register will, in future, require the claimant to enter into an agreement with the publisher, to the effect that no claim or demand shall be made against the United States for the payment of such publication, and the Register will decline to order the publication until such written agreement shall have been filed in his office. The cost of the publication of notice, will therefore not be estimated by the Surveyor General in future cases.

17th. The Register will also post copies of the said "*Notice*" and "*Diagram*" in his office for ninety (90) days, and upon forwarding the case to this office will certify that they were so posted.

18th. On the expiration of the ninety days, the claimant or his duly authorized agent, must file with the Register his own affidavit supported by at least one other person cognizant of the fact, that said "*Notice*" and "*Diagram*" were posted in a conspicuous place upon the claim for the period of ninety consecutive days, giving the date of the same. The affidavit of the publisher must also be filed to the effect that the "*Notice*," a printed copy of which should be attached, was published in his newspaper for ninety days, giving the dates on which such publication commenced and ended, and that he has received payment in full for the same.

19th. These affidavits may be taken before the Register and Receiver or any officer authorized to administer oaths within their district, but if taken before a magistrate without an official seal, his official character must be authenticated under seal by the couty clerk in the usual manner.

* * * * * *

Jos. S. Wilson,
Commissioner.

Arizona News—Indian Outrages.

The Tucson (Arizona) Citizen of February 4th, has the following:

A terrible state of affairs exists throughout the Territory. In the face of opposite representation, the Apaches are multiplying their work of theft and murder. Within the past two weeks they captured a train, killed one man and wounded several others. Another train between Phœnix and Wickenburg was attacked, and a man named George Kane was killed and eighteen mules driven off. Tully, Ochoa & Co.'s train was surprised ten miles south of Tucson, one man killed and all the stock stolen. The mail coach on its last downward trip was attacked near Phœnix. In the vicinity of Tubac, a man named Joe King was shot and mortally wounded, and a number of horses run off. At Florence, thirty-three mules and 100 head of cattle were stolen. General demoralization exists among the farmers. No one feels safe, and many are abandoning their property and fleeing from the Territory, glad to escape with their lives. Representatives from all parts of the Territory are at Tucson for the purpose of devising means of protection from the savages.

An order has been received for the transfer of six companies of cavalry from Arizona to undisturbed Washington Territory.

Nevada Legislature.

The Legislature of Nevada is getting along very slowly with its work, although only twenty days more remain of the session. It is true there is not much legislation required, but what is necessary is highly important for the future welfare of the State—among which we may mention the funding of the State debt, or providing for the payment of what is now due, and to become due within the next two years; to provide for securing the lands granted by the Federal Government; to provide for the Penitentiary, and to settle the disputed title to the premises, etc. These are matters of the utmost importance, and we trust will be satisfactory settled before ajournment. These matters are in the custody of the Legislature, and if it fails to give proper attention to them the people will hold their servants to a strict accountability when they return them. —*Gold Hill News.*

California Lion.

A ranchman at Double Springs, on the Esmeralda road, has been losing sheep, hogs, and calves, for some time (says The Carson Register), and attributed his loss to the activity of the coyotes until Sunday last. On that day the ranchman's little son was out on the hills with a flock of his father's sheep, when a large California lion made his appearance, walked into the flock, picked up a lamb four months old and started off. The boy ran home and told his father what had happened, when the old man took his gun and started in pursuit. He soon came upon a portion of the lamb, but the lion had fled. The remainder of the meat was poisoned with arsenic, and the next morning the "lion and the lamb laid down togeteer."

The Favorite Novel of Office-Seekers—"Put Yourself in His Place."

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Feb. 18, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

THE HOMESTEAD LAW.

The Sacramento Reporter, as we observe by an article copied into and endorsed by The Tulare Times, condemns the United States Homestead Law, pronouncing the system "a lie, a humbug, a delusion, a mocker of poverty, a cheat, a false pretense—and therefore a disgrace." The reason advanced for this conclusion is in substance: A five years residence is required to gain a title; that all the public lands are on the outskirts of civilization, involving an expense of from $800 to $1,000 to reach and cultivate to an extent sufficient to enable the settler to make his living, and further, that it is absurd for the poor mechanic or clerk who has to depend solely on his calling to think of travelling two or three thousand miles to the outskirts of civilization merely to obtain a free homestead and be compelled to live on it five years with no opportunity to ply the only vocation by which he could sustain himself and family, when by merely expending $200 for the same amount of government land nearer home he would save all this expense and not be required to live on his land a day if he did not choose to do so.

Now, according to our idea of the object of this law and of the facts, there is nothing in it to prevent the poor man from taking up a homestead on any government land he can find, nor to prevent him at any time thereafter from leaving it and still retain the title by paying the sum required in the other plan. The intent of the law is to furnish homes to those who wish to make the cultivation and improvement of their lands the object instead of holding merely for speculative purposes, an inevitable result under the proposed change advocated by The Reporter, which would give a perfect title to any man by making yearly payments in small instalments until complete, or till such times as the savings from his profession would enable him to go on and improve it. We contend that no man, be he rich or poor, has any right to obtain possession of government land and retain it year after year, who is not able or willing to make it add something to the good of the commonwealth, as would be the case under the requirments of the present homestead law. If the free gift of the land with this condition is no advantage to the poor man, because he is unable to improve it, we fail to see wherin the right to purchase on any terms could better his condition, except as a means for speculation, which would deprive some other poor man not only of a living from the fruits of his labor upon it, but a desirable home.

We would, however, most heartily second The Reporter's proposition to restrict the right by law of any one man to the purchase of more than 160 acres of government laud. Land speculators have been and are now the curse of our State. Townships and counties too, almost, are owned by these land sharks who keep them in idleness for years, virtually untaxed, to be finally sold at ten or twenty times the original cost, without having had a single dime added to their intrinsic value. Hundreds of working men are thus robbed of their rightful inheritance, as designed by a benificent law, or forced to seek it on the "ontskirts of civilization." A law that permits such wholesale robbery of poor men is the one that should be anathematized after the manner of The Reporter, in place of one that can not possibly deprive any man of his rights, but, on the contrary has given vast numbers valuable homes.

Pacific Coast Business Directory.

Every business house, and all hotels, particularly, ought, for the accommodation of customers to have a copy of Langley's Directory for the States and Territorys of the Pacific coast. The name of every tradesman and business man with Postoffice address in nearly every town and mining camp on the coast; a sketch of each place with relative distances, and a vast amount of other useful matter is to befound in this work of 800 closely printed pages. D. Cohn & Co., agents for this county, or any of Wells, Fargo & Co,s agents will furnish this valuable work to order.

Yolo and Inyo.

Twenty-eight mill hands are about leaving Gold Hill for the Kearsarge mine, in Yolo county, California.—*Virginia City Tel. to Alta.*

Bully for Yolo county! Inyo county was intended. But, then, the pronunciation is nearly alike, when spoken by lightning's voice.—*Gold Hill News.*

THE WOMEN SUFFRAGE CONVENTION.

During the latter part of last month the first annual meeting of the California Woman Suffrage Society was convened in San Francisco, continuing in session three days. It was a meeting for consultation and deliberation, in the course of which several sensible speeches were delivered, notably one by Mrs. Benedict of Marysville.

For some reason not perfectly clear, this question and its advocates have ever been placed in the most ridiculous light by the press, and the present occasion was no exception to the rule. No fair minded person or lover of fair play, whatever his sentiments in regard to the question at issue, but will share the manifest indignation of The Pioneer at the treatment accorded this convention by the San Francisco dailies. The only argument, if such it can be called, in opposition to this movement not offered in ridicule by these vast intellects, is to the effect that women have not brains enough to make it safe to entrust them with the ballot! If women generally had no more sense than, by inference, the mothers of these unfortunates, we should conclude there was truth in the assertion.

We do not design a lengthy discussion of the main question, pro nor con, but this much we will say: In our humble opinion the evils attending the exercise of the voting privilege by married women would outweigh any possible advantages. If each married couple thought and voted alike in political matters the final result would in no sense be changed, while in case of opposite views, in the bitterness of political contests, the effect in too many cases would be fatal to domestic happiness. By a fiction of law and tradition a couple "in wedlock bound" is but one whose interests through life are so closely identified that any law or custom to the prejudice or favor of either half must equally affect the other. That this theory is not sustained in practice is less the fault of law, which alone could be affected by votes than of custom, a change in which can be brought about by earnest, working women, without bringing the question into the "filthy pool of politics." It is a matter of custom and not of law that discriminates to the disadvantage of the weaker sex in the prices paid for labor. Women ought, by all that is just, to be allowed the same pay for her labor that is given to the other sex in like cases, but that is not a matter subject to ballots. While conceding the perfect right, morally, of women to vote, to bear arms in defence of home and country we do not believe the exercise of either or both rights would promote her happiness in the smallest degree. Be that as it may, the fact is sufficiently evident that, whether by statute or custom, her privileges are less than her rights; and any movement by organized bodies or other means having in view the recognition by society of these rights is deserving of common respect, at least. From what took place in San Francisco relating to this convention, our readers may judge from the following of the degree of respect shown. The Alta spoke of the meeting thus:

Woman Suffrage.—A meeting yclept "The California Woman's State Suffrage Convention," was held yesterday at Dashaway Hall. There were present about a dozen men and probably three times as many other women. A child was well pinched in an ante room, and it had the desired effect—sent the mother home to attend to her domestic duties. The Committee on Credentials reported, leaving the representatives from San Francisco out in the cold. Mr. Loveland spoke of the opposition to woman suffrage, and recommended "that the original movers of the organization work harder and more lovingly."

Succeeding issues of the same paper contained similar disrespectful and lying notices; as did The Chronicle and Bulletin. In the course of the proceedings a Mr. Collins closed a speech with the following:

In spite of all the papers that ever lived, in spite of hirelings who prostitute their talents, there is enough of magnetism and power in California, to give woman the right of suffrage.

Here was a chance not to be sneezed at by the beardless braves and moulders of public opinion, the Chronicle and Bulletin reporters. Said one of them to Collins: "Do you mean to class me with prostitutes?" "By no means; my remarks were entirely general in their application," was the reply, when one of the young braves told him he was "a G—d d—d liar and here is my card." This sentiment was fully endorsed by Tecumseh No. 2, who said, "those are my sentiments." These ferocious, virtuous chaps know a thing or two, *viz.*, for such displays, the advantage of selecting a meeting composed mainly of women, as compared to a gathering of ward politicians.

Emily Pitts Stevens of The Pioneer has the talent to take care of herself and her cause, if allowed a fair show. She gives the dailies above alluded to the benefit of the following:

Why should our daily press do otherwise with women suffrage than oppose, ridicule and demean it? When slavery was the ruling power these hounded the abolitionists and early Republicans, as the friends of Tracy and Grant and Broderick and Baker can testify. When the South threatened to secede and the commerce of the Pacific was threatened, these patriotic sheets saw no evil in a divided nation, and a Pacific Republic was a thing to be desired. When they saw patronage in a diametrically opposite policy, of course they followed the lead of their employers and patrons as squalling and hungry swine the disbursers of swill. When the great Pacific railroad was in a struggling condition for money, men and means, it was a Dutch Flat swindle; but when the hour of success came, and the rails were to be joined which united the shores of two oceans, the cowardly defamer of Stanford, Crocker & Co., became the flunky suppliant for permission to bear the last tie and spike to the point of union, and toadyism was triumphant.

FROM FRANCE

The German Army will enter Paris on the 19th (to morrow), an event greatly dreaded by the Parisians, many of whom are leaving the city. Favre has asked for an extension of the armistice and it is expected his request will be granted.

The Times says that all the information received from Paris indicates a longing for peace at any price. The News says that the Parisians will vote to-day in entire dependence on the good faith of the Germans, as it is impossible to complete negotiations between the meeting of the Assembly and the 19th, when fighting may be resumed. It is said the German preparations in that event to overrun France are formidable.

We have no news of the National assembly which was to meet on the 12th The English papers expect that a majority of Monarchists will be elected.

IMPORTANT TO PRE-EMPTORS.

By the kindness of Judge McClinton, of Aurora, we are enabled to present to the consideration of pre-emption settlers the subjoined important information.

Section 2 of an act approved July 14, 1870, to extend the provisions of the pre-emption laws to the Territory of Colorada, and for other purposes, reads:

"That nothing in the act of Congress, approved March 27, 1864, entitled "An act for the relief of settlers on lands reserved for railroad purposes," shall be construed to relieve such settlers from the obligation to file the proper notices of their claims, as in other cases; and all claimants of pre-emption rights shall hereafter, when no shorter period of time is now prescribed by law, make the proper proof and payment for the lands claimed, within eighteen months after the date prescribed for filing their declaratory notices shall have expired: *Provided*, That where said date shall have elapsed before the passage of this act, said pre-emptors shall have one year after the passage hereof in which to make such proof and payment."

This act leaves the provisions of law as heretofore respecting "OFFERED LANDS," viz.: filing within *thirty days*, and payment within *twelve months after settlement*.

The settler on surveyed "unoffered land" must file his or her declaratory statement within three months from the date of his or her settlement on such land, and within eighteen months from the expiration of said three months, make the proper proof, and pay for such land.

Where settlers had already filed before the passage of the act, they are required to make proof and payment within one year from such passage; therefore, all filings made prior to that date will expire, by limitation of law, upon unoffered lands, on the 14th of July, 1871.

The settler on "unsurveyed land" must file his or her declaratory statement within three months from the date of the receipt at the district land office of the approved plat of the township embracing the tract upon which he or she has settled, and, within eighteen months from the expiration of said three months, make the proper proof, and pay for such tract.

The proviso of the act of June 2, 1862, requiring filing within six months from survey in the field, and providing for filing with the Surveyor General, is repealed.

The foregoing is the substance of Commissioner Wilson's instructions to registers and receivers. Following are Judge McClinton's remarks, and as he makes land matters a specialty, they may be deemed authority:

"Persons who have heretofore made their filings in Stockton or Visalia, for lands now embraced within this land district, must prove up and pay in this district, on or before July 14, 1871. Lands in this district all belong to the 'unoffered' class."

The Register and Receiver, at the Aurora Land Office, tried to get the time for proving up extended, so as to give settlers the benefit of the time the office was closed, but the Commissioner decided that the time could not be extended.

Off for Kearsarge.

Twenty mine and mill hands are about leaving Gold Hill for the Kearsarge Mine, near Independence, Inyo county, California, two hundred and fifty miles south of Gold Hill. They go by way of Carson City, Aurora, Hot Springs and Bishop Creek, and travel by the regular line of stages from Carson. The Kearsarge is owned in Gold Hill, Silver City and Virginia City, and when the mine begins to "shell out" its silver bricks, which will be in a few months, change will be more plentiful than it is at present—*Gold Hill (Nev.) News, Feb. 7th.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Every organ demands sustenance and support from the stomach. If the stomach can not supply the aliment required, the whole system languishes. To rouse and regulate this great organ, there is no preparation at present known that will compare with Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters; and as two-thirds of all human ailments originate in indigestion, it follows, logically, that most of the diseases flesh is heir to are curable AT THEIR SOURCE, by this powerful vegetable restorative.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC NOTICE.

THE FREE AND ACCEPTED MASONS RESIDING in the vicinity of Independence are requested to meet at E. H. VAN DeCAR'S OFFICE, on SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 4TH, 1871, to consider the propriety of organizing a Lodge at this place.

E. H. VAN DeCAR,
J. WHITE,
n33-4t W. G. SQUIRES.

For Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his arrastras at Fish Springs a

QUARTZ BREAKER,

As good as new, and will be sold very low.

Address or enquire of
fe18n34tf J. W. McMURRY, Fish Springs.

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,
FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,
Best Quality Crushed Sugar,
FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,
—AT—
A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods,
BLANKETS,
Shootings,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
DRESS GOODS,
CLOAKS, SHAWLS,
HOSIERY,
PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.
CIGARS, TOBACCO,
WINES,
LIQUORS,
Saddles and Bridles,
Hardware,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
GROCERIES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.,
All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 14, 1871. fe18n34tf

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

Office County Treasurer,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
February 13, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY "GENERAL FUND."

No.	In favor of	Amount
211	W L Moore	$119 00
210	S P Moffat	127 00
214	C D Bogole	75 00
209	W A Greenley	150 00
213	P. Pierson	144 00
ON THE "ROAD" FUND.		
151	Alexander & Chaquette	$100 00

I. HARRIS.
fe18n34 4t County Treasurer.
By Henry M. Isaacs, Deputy.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned, of the firm of STECKER, MACKY & HART, engaged in the running of a tug on Owens Lake, will not be responsible for any debts contracted by said Macky and Wm. Hart. v1n34 3t G. STECKER.

FOR INDEPENDENCE
—AND—
Cerro Gordo Mines.
By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.

Fare to San Francisco.....$50.

Office—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Russ House.

A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.

W. G. Roberts, Agent.
Visalia, Feb. 18, 1871. n1v34m3

LEGAL NOTICES.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

DEEP SPRING MILLING & MINING COMPANY. Location of Works, Deep Spring Valley, Inyo County, California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said company held on the 14th day of January, 1871, an assessment One Dollar ($1) per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Treasurer, at his office, 306 Clay street, San Francisco.

Any stock upon which assessments shall remain unpaid on the 25th day of February, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment be made before, will be sold on SATURDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF MARCH, 1871, to pay delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

A. A. JORDAN, Sec'y pro tem.
340 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California. ja28n31 4t

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD MOST RESPECTFULLY notify persons indebted to him in business contracted during the old year, that all accounts must be settled, either by cash or note, on account of a change made in my business from CREDIT to CASH, which took place on the 1st day of January, 1871. Am prepared to sell goods of all kinds lower than has ever been offered heretofore in this part of the country—for CASH, and CASH ONLY.

R. J. MORRISON,
ja21n30 6t Benton, Cal.

NOTICE.

TO THE CERRO GORDO AND VIRginia Mining Company: Henry Bush, Jr., P. W. Bennett, J. B. Rowley, and M. D. Blummer or his agent; also, G. W. Cornell and Antonio Mercsol or their or either of their respective agents, executors, administrators, heirs or assigns, partners with H. W. Gould in the Buene Suerte Mine, situated in the Belmont Mining Camp, Lone Pine District, Inyo county, California. Notice—There will be a meeting of the owners in the above mine held at the Office of H. W. Gould, in the upper town or Cerro Gordo, said district, county and State, on Saturday, the 25th day February, A. D., 1871, at 6 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of levying assessments for working and developing said mine.

H. W. GOULD.
Cerro Gordo, December 26, A. D., 1870.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY notify all persons indebted to him in business during the year 1870 to call and settle immediately, as from and after this date I intend to sell for cash or its equivalent only—under which rule I hope to be able to furnish all kinds of goods at greatly reduced prices.

D. NAYLOR.
Big Pine, Cal., February 2, 1871. fe4n32 4t

FORWARDING
—AND—
General Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.

Have goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.

WM. M. OSBORN.
Los Angeles, Feb. 18, 1872. vIn34m3

Notice to Loggers.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISH TO EMPLOY A good logger, or let a contract to deliver Five Hundred Thousand (500,000) feet of logs, at the Big Pine Saw Mill. Parties wishing to take the contract can be furnished with teams, sucks and everything that is necessary to carry on the business. A Blacksmith who can shoe oxen and make himself generally useful is also wanted. For particulars, inquire at Bell's Flour Mill, or at the Big Pine Saw Mill.

BELL & BRO.
February 11th, 1871. n33 2t

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek
CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,
Provisions,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,
HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloth Piece Goods,
Clothing, Hardware,
Crockery and Glassware,
TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,
POWDER AND SHOT
Flasks and Pouches.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
Manufactured to order.
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS
AND STATIONERY.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
PAINTS AND OILS
Wall Paper,
CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE
SHAVING SALOON.
WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.
n2jy163m

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Feb. 18, 1871,

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 6 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Suits Commenced in District Court.

D. P. Pierce vs. Kearsarge Mining Company—action brought to recover the sum of $4,436.80; P. Reddy, Attorney for Plaintiff, P. W. Bennett for Defendants. Michael Friedlander & Co. vs. S. Pinschower & Bro—action brought to recover $561.34 on two promissory notes; Reddy for Plaintiffs, E. H. Van DeCar and O. L. Mathews for Defendants. J. S. Rothschild & Co. vs. Westerville & Co.—action to recover the sum of $4,150 on several promissory notes; Bennett for Plaintiffs, Reddy for Defendants. I. Davison vs. J. T. Ryan and J. R. Westerville—on promissory note for $350; same attorneys. J. S. Rothschild & Co. vs. Westerville & Ryan—assumpsit for $384.12; same attorneys. J. S. Rothschild & Co. vs. J. T. Ryan and John Miller—assumpsit, $400; same attorneys. V. Beaudry vs. E. A. de la Mier, Gustav Wiss and San Felipe M. Co. (corporation)—complaint filed February 17th to foreclose mortgage, $1,750; Reddy for Plaintiff. Ellen Moran vs. T. W. Dexter—action to recover $10,000 for slander; P. Reddy and W. P. George for Plaintiff, P. W. Bennett and J. G. McClinton for Defendant. Demurrer filed.

Hot Springs.

Mining matters in and around Hot Springs have received a new impetus, since the shipment and sale of ores to Swansea has commenced. Seven different mines are being worked, with good results. Mr. Wheeler has sent 70 tons of ore to Swansea, and now has some 10 or 12 tons more in transit; and, what is better, unlimited quantities in sight in the mines. Albert Mack has sold to the same company 24,436 pounds of ore, of an average assay of $500 per ton. The lowest lot assayed $245, and the highest running up th $880 per ton, the ore coming from the Rockingham, Sentinel, Cornucopia and Comanche mines. The major part of the ores of this district, with the exception of that reduced in that place, has been hitherto sent to Reno and San Francisco, but under existing arrangements it will henceforth be worked at home, as it were, an advantage which will be readily appreciated. Mr. Brady will in future receive and sample ore in Benton, and is putting up a rock breaker there for purpose; and may put a galamadore in operation, also, for the reduction of the ore to slag before shipment.

F. & A. M.

Pursuant to a notice published in another column, a number of Freemasons met at the office of E. H. Van DeCar, Esq., on Saturday evening last. After consultation, it was resolved to make application for a dispensation to organize a lodge at this place; and committees were appointed to solicit the co-operation of Masons residing in the county—of whom, it is understood, there are about seventy-five. Also, a committee was appointed to obtain information in regard to procuring a hall for the accommodation of the Fraternity. The meeting was called off until Saturday evening, March 4th, when reports from committees will be received, and definite action taken thereon.

An Immense Work.

If our hearing of the matter is correct, there has been inaugurated at Cerro Gordo, without the least parade or fuss, and undertaking destined to develop the mines of that district to a depth that will prove for all time their extent and richness. It is nothing more or less than a tunnel nearly or quite a mile long; starting in at Lower Town it will probably strike a well known silver ledge in 2,200 feet, and at its terminus tapping the great lead belt at a depth of 800 feet. We are not apprised of the names of *all* the projectors, but know that some of the parties interested are abundantly able to carry the work through, and that work is already commenced. May the most unbounded success award the untiring, daring men executing it.

The Tunnels.

The Wittekind boys have about 80 feet to make in their tunnel before reaching the ledge. The Osceola tunnel will probably strike the ledge some time during this week. The Belmont tunnel is now running in small veins of ore, and will soon reach the main ledge. The Crowning Glory mine presents the most flattering appearance, with 80 tons of fine ore on the dump, and at least 100 tons more in sight. The tunnel has been connected with the shaft, securing good ventilation and easy, advantageous working.

Again Operating.

The works of the Owens Lake Silver-Lead Company fired up last Saturday, and on Tuesday shipped to Los Angeles, while almost hot from the molds, 200 bars of bullion; and the furnaces will be kept in constant operation from this time forward. Mr. Brady has now arrangments effected whereby a supply of ore is insured, and there is certainly no reason why the New York capitalists who have established these works should not reap rich harvests of wealth in return for their investment.

That Horn.

Among the relics of ancient stage days is a post-horn, tooted by its owner in and around town whenever the notion may strike him. Sounded while a stage is nearing town it is all right, for there are possibly some blessed with a nature so dreamy as to imagine it to be the whistle of an incoming railroad train, but to keep everybody on the *qui vive* by the heralding of other "steamers" for an hour or two before they are due, is rather an indication of a horn too many, ain't it?

Low Rates.

Messrs. A. Loomis & Bro., the popular merchants of Lone Pine, make official announcement this week of great reduction in the prices of groceries, dry goods and general merchandise. We advise our readers to consult their advertised prices of sugar, and then go and purchase from their large stock, as everything is sold at a corresponding low rate.

Another Discovery.

The irrepressible prospector, Jimmy Sharp, has discovered a ledge of gold-bearing quartz, in the Inyo mountains, nearly opposite this place, that has every indication of being quite valuable. He calls the lode the "Independent." We hope he may realize an independent fortune out of it.

Beaudry's.

Beaudry's furnace, said to be the most perfect operating one of the three running on Cerro Gordo ore, is now shut down for five or six days, while waiting for slag from the galamadore. With two or three of these roasting furnaces to supply it, the cupola would reduce to bullion 15 tons of galena, and 3½ tons of silver ore per day.

Returned.

Superintendent Brady, of the O. L. S. L. Company, arrived last week, from a visit to New York.

The Bilderbeck Tragedy—The Murderers—Full Particulars—Officers in Pursuit.

Following are the particulars of the circumstances under which Sheriff Burns, of Los Angeles county, made the arrest of Gardiner and Bowman, as we learned from one of the Sheriff's posse, while they were in this place yesterday: John Gardiner, chief in this bloody affair, at one time resided in Lone Pine, in this county, and kept a Spanish dance house for a livelihood. While there he became acquainted with "Billy" Bilderback, and upon meeting him in Los Angeles took him out to his (Gardiner's) place at Tayunga Pass and showed him a wood ranch, and advised him and his brother to take it up and go to cutting wood, which they eventually did. Gardiner, in the meantime, was cutting wood and hauling it to Los Angeles, but as it became scarce upon his place, it is known that he wished to become possessed of the property of the Bilderbacks, on the ground that they were only there to hold the ranch for him, but they refused to leave or give him possession. Near Gardiner lived a man by the name of Bowman, another known by the soubriquet of "Buckskin," and another named —— Henry, all of his stripe. There was also living near the above quartette a young man, likewise a wood chopper, whose name we have not learned. This boy was one evening at the cabin of Gardiner, where he met Bowman, and while talking to him heard shots fired in the direction of the Bilderbacks' cabin; expressing his surprise thereat, Bowman told him "that was nothing only Buckskin and Henry shooting the Bilderbacks, and you had better say nothing about it if you know when you are well off." Gardiner returned soon after with Buckskin and treated them to some liquor, and seemed well pleased at something that had happened. After a few minutes his eye fell upon the young man, and after whispering a few words to Buckskin, he (Gardiner) remarked to the young man that he ought not to live alone, and that he could go up and live with Buckskin and his squaw, to which Buckskin gave his consent, and told him to go to his cabin and wait for him. The boy did so, and fearing that Buckskin intended to kill him when he came along, took his blankets and went over to Buckskin's house. When the man returned he asked him angrily "why he didn't wait! as he had told him to." The young man told him he had packed his own blankets over, so as to save him (Buckskin) the trouble, and received the reply that "that was all right." The boy became alarmed at Buckskin's motions, and determined to make his escape as soon as possible, and started off, when he came upon his would-be murderer lying in the bushes, who rose up and told him to go back into the house and stay there, or something would happen to him. The boy said "Buckskin, you don't intend to kill me!" The man replied "If you stay in the house and mind your own business you will be all right, and I won't kill you." Buckskin then got on his horse and went back to Gardiner's. After he had been gone some time the young man started to town, some twenty miles distant; being afraid of pursuit he left the road and took to the hills, and shortly afterwards discovered Buckskin and Gardiner following him up on horseback. He did his best to hide his tracks from them, and succeeded in evading them until nightfall, and then started again in the direction of the town, as he supposed, but the morning found him at a house only four miles distant from his original starting point. Telling the person what was the matter, he again set out for Los Angeles, where he arrived but a few minutes before Gardiner. Gardiner tried to entice the boy outside the city, but he refused to go. Gardiner then told him that he must leave the country, and gave him $18 and a pistol, seeing him aboard the cars for Wilmington. To this point the boy proceeded, and upon his arrival related the circumstances to a friend. Being advised to report the matter to the officers, he did so, and Sheriff Burns immediately arrested Gardiner and Bowman—Buckskin, his squaw and Henry having left for parts unknown. After a considerable search, the bodies of the murdered men, John and Oscar Bilderback, were discovered, wrapped in their own blankets, and buried in the middle of the road. Gardiner had, in the meantime, been hauling off their wood, passing over the bodies of his victims with every load. Deputy U. S. Marshal Dunlap and Deputy Sheriffs Bryant and Hays of Los Angeles, with their "posse comitatus," passed through town yesterday, in search of Buckskin and Henry, the murderers. Mr. Kean, a teamster on the road between here and Los Angeles, while on his down trip met a party that answered the description of the suspected parties who turned out of his way and passed him a half a mile on one side. Mr. K. has returned with the posse and took them to the place where he passed them on his down trip, and found the tracks of Buckskin and the squaw which were readily recognized, also the track of a man wearing boots, who is supposed to be the man Henry. Buckskin is a low-lived desperado and has lived with this squaw for a number of years, having brought her from Oregon with him when he was forced to leave that State for some of his numerous mis-deeds. We understand that the officers have got some clue of the villians at this point, at least they seem to be up and doing. The guilty fugitives have been traced to near this place, and probably before this paper reaches its readers the dastardly murderers will be in the stern hands of the law, and may consider themselves as getting more than their just due if it is allowed to take its course to a deliberate hanging.

Horse Stealing Extraordinary.

A thousand rumors have reached us within the past day or two, reporting the stealing of horses at points all the way from Cerro Gordo to Lone Pine. Among other accounts is one, that Colister lost one and Mulkey three horses at the Lone Pine bridge. Charley Begole, W. L. Moore and C. Mulkey passed northward last Thursday night in sursuit. It is satisfactory to know that an hour or two after going to press we can learn full particulars from the Lone Pine stage.

Columbus.

Affairs in and around Columbus are assuming a decidedly lively and encouraging phase, new and valuable discoveries being made every day. The average result of the ore worked at Col. Youngs' mill for the past season will amount to $500 per ton net. Mr. Hanks has recently refused $30,000 offered by San Francisco parties for his mine, the Monte Diablo.

Shut Down.

Belshaw's furnace was closed down last week for a short time, on account of the boiler having been burned through, after a run of thirty-seven days. Damages are being repaired, and the works will soon be in operation again.

Bullion Shipment.

During the week ending Saturday, February 21, there were shipped from Cerro eighteen loods of bullion, averaging 10,000 pounds to the team.

Bullion.

There are now at Belshaw's furnace 1,000 bars of bullion, waiting shipment, while at Beaudry's there are 6,100 bars on hand.

County

Warrants, payable at the Treasurers office.

Well Pleased.

We received a call yesterday from A. Mack, Esq., of Benton (or rather Partzwick or possibly Hot Springs), who is on a business trip through this section. He expresses himself as immensely pleased at the appearance of things in Inyo, more especially in Cerro Gordo. White & Williams' lead mine, with a breast of seventy feet of galena, struck him as being a rich little thing of itself.

Suit for Slander.

In the District Court, on the 10th instant, suit was commenced by Mrs. Ellen Moran against T. W. Dexter, for defamation of character, laying damages at $10,000. This is the first suit of the kind ever entered upon in the county, and as the parties are well known, will be looked forward to with much interest. Eminent legal counsel have been engaged on both sides.

Died.

Surgeon White has just received a letter announcing the death of David Ormrod, who sent from this county to the Insane Asylum, died within ten hours after being received at that institution. It is passing strange that no inquiry has ever been made into the cause of the singular death of these two persons.

That Dance.

It will be well for old Inyoans to go to the Birthday Ball, at Benton, for the purpose of meeting there their Aurora lady and gentleman friends, who will be in attendance—a sort of reunion for all hands. Lokleitems cusses the work which keeps him away.

Forwarding.

The attention of parties engaged in the freighting business, or those ordering goods from San Francisco, is directed to the advertisement of Wm. M. Osborn, Forwarding Merchant, cor. Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.

Not Captured.

The deserters mentioned last week have not, as yet, been retaken, although numerous parties from the Post have been out after them.

Telegraph Stage Line.

See new advertisement of Thom's Southern stage line, elsewhere. The route is a popular and convenient one.

Quartz Crusher.

J. W. McMurry, of Fish Springs, offers a rock breaker for sale on advantageous terms.

Eclipse.

We understand that the contract for the cutting of the Eclipse water ditch has not yet been awarded.

MARRIED.

In Independence, February 16th, by A. C Hanson, County Judge, C. H. Hawn to Celia Ellmod.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT

For the Week Ending Thursday, February 16th, 1871.

DEDUCED FROM THREE DAILY OBSERVATIONS, AT CAMP INDEPENDENCE.

Latitude, 36 deg. 50 min. N. Longitude, 117 deg. 30 min. W. Altitude, 4,598 feet above the sea.

CAMP INDEPENDENCE, Cal., February 18, 1871.

MONTH	Thermometer dry bulb	Thermometer wet bulb	Thermometer self registering max	Thermometer self registering min	Barometer attached Bar.	Barometer attached Ther.	Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fah.	Humidity 0—1	Cloud. 1-10	Rain	Direction	No. of observat'ns	Sum of force
February 10th	42	34	54	34	25.872	53	25.822	.489			N.W	8	20
11th	42	34	59	25	25.968	53	25.911	.572			N	8	9
12th	38	28	60	27	26.178	49	26.130	.346			S	3	4
13th	39	29	59	21	25.025	49	25.978	.357			S	3	5
14th	45	33	57	40	25.873	52	25.818	.345			S.E	12	5
15th	37	27	57	29	25.814	48	25.769	.418			S.E	12	1
16th	42	31	52	28	26.025	50	25.973	.360			W	1	1
MEAN	40.4	31		25.963		50.6	25.914	.411	.3				

Appleton's Journal.

This beautifully printed and illustrated 32 page weekly has this list of contents for No. 98, 11th February: "Waiting for an Answer." (Illustration) "The Story of Two Silent People;" "Daisy's Trials;" "Cyclopean Walled Towns;" "Central South Africa and its Explorers:" (with portrait); "The Egyptian Gentleman at Home." "The Natural Bridge:" (Illustrated); "The Emperor of China;" "The Descent of Man;" "Table Talk;" "Literary Notes;" "War Notes;" "Miscellany." "Varieties;" "The Museum:" (Illustrated.) Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York: Price, $4 per annum.

The Deleware Senator.

A singular circumstance occured in the election of a United States Senator in Delaware. There were three candidades—all brothers—Governor Saulsbury, Willard Saulsbury, (present incumbent), and Eli Saulsbury. The Governor is the eldest, and finding he could not defeat Willard, who is charged with drunkeness, combined with the younger brother and elected him to the position. The Saulsburys certainly have Deleware in their grasp.

Silver in the Tehachepi Pass.

The Kern County Courier has the following.

It is reported that a very large lead of galena, containing the same percentage of silver as the celebrated mines of Cerro Gordo, has been found near the eastern terminus of this Pass. Our informant has seen some of the ore alleged to have been taken from it. but was unable to obtain full particulars.

A Terrible

Railroad accident occurred on the Hudson River railroad recently. An oil train collided with a passenger train on or near a bridge, setting fire to both he latter and burning them up. Three sleeping cars were destroyed and nineteen persons killed outright and many more severely injured.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

J. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERRAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise.

Stock consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Dry Goods.

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS.

Boots and Shoes

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

Extra Family Flour,

BELL'S NO. 1, constantly on hand and for sale

Goods constantly arriving from the San Francisco market.

Take Heed to Our Motto!

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

"A nimble nine-pence is preferable to a slow shilling!"

ONE PRICE STORE!

SAVE MONEY BY BUYING CHEAP!

"ECONOMY IS WEALTH."

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, January 1, 1871.

J. W. TYLER.

AURORA

Fruit & Variety STORE.

J. W. TYLER, AURORA, Nevada.

Wholesale and retail dealer in

ALL KINDS OF FRUITS

APPLES, PEARS, PEACHES, PLUMS, GRAPES

And every kind of fruit in season

AT REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH!

Cigars and Tobacco,

Havana and American Cigars, Cigaritos de Damas, Manillas, Etc

The best qualities of

Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos!

Chewing—(Fine Cut)—

John Anderson's Solace, Liberty Boy, Forest Rose, Century, Savory, (in Papers or Cans.)

Chewing—(Plug)—

Nature's Bounty, Nectar of Roses, May Apple, Forest Rose, Wasque, Prince Esterhazy, Horn of Plenty, Signet, Tulip, Pear, Pearl of Orient, Bouquet, Peach, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Smoking—

WADAWANUCK, BIG LICK, SETHALSEY, NONPARIEL, GOLDEN SHOWER, ORONOCO, EUREKA, SIESTA, FOREST ROSE,

All of which we will sell in papers or can the lowest market prices.

TURKISH AND SPANISH.

Maccoboy, Scotch and French Rapee SNUFFS!

Meerschaum, Stone and India Rubber PIPES,

Cherry Stems, Mouth Pieces, etc., etc.

A good assortment of

Stationery, Pocket Cutlery, Gold Pens, Pencils, Albums, Chessmen, Playing Cards, Crib Boards, Spectacles, Brushes, all kinds, Etc., etc., etc.

ALSO,

A good assortment of the finest

CANDIES, FIG PASTE, RASINS, NUTS, FIGS, GUAVA JELLY, ETC., ETC.

LADIES' PORTFOLIOS ALL SIZES!

Drawing and Tissue Paper!

Diaries for 1871.

PERFUMERY, EXTRACTS and SOAPS.

IF YOU WANT

TOYS AND GIFTS

—GO TO—

J. W. TYLER'S.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL receive prompt attention. Remember

J. W. TYLER,

Corner Pine and Bush Streets,

AURORA, NEVADA.

Aurora, Nev., September 29, 1870. n12 3m

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES, Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Dry Goods,

HARDWOOD,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES,

Crockery,

GLASSWARE.

Tin-Ware.

SADDLERY,

Farming Implements,

SHOE FINDINGS.

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,

Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Tapioca, Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Jams, Dried Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles, Extracts, Sauces, Codfish, Salmon, Mackerl, Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,

French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS

Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,

SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES

Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER

Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,

WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,

WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITTS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of

Glass and Crockery Ware,

Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

D. COHN & CO.

Independence, Cal, October 3, 1870. n13

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Feb. 18, 1871.

Reorganized.

The Sacramento Beet Sugar Company has been reorganized, and is now preparing to plant 400 acres in beets this season. Scientific operators from Germany are expected to arrive next month, and the company intend to give the beets grown in the Sacramento Valley another trial before deciding that sugar cannot be made out of the beets in that region, to advantage.

—The Princess Laberta, who is now making a sensation in New York social life, has a $75,000 ward.

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES, Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds. Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfto

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY,

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY:

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description,

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n2jy16tf

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, August 8, 1870. n5-6m

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet.

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Saw Mill, Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32-6m*

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

STAGES.

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

SEMI-WEEKLY STAGE LINE

TO AURORA, CARSON, RENO AND SAN FRANCISCO, via. Central Pacific Railroad,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after this date stages will leave Independence for Aurora and intermediate points

Every Wednesday and Sunday, at 5 o'clock, A. M.,

Connecting at Benton with stages for Columbus and Silver Peak; connecting at Aurora with stage for Pine Grove, Genoa, Carson, Virginia and Reno; at Reno connection every day with trains of Central Pacific Railroad for Omaha and Chicago on the East, and Sacramento and San Francisco West. Returning, through connection made from Reno every MONDAY and FRIDAY morning, on the arrival of trains from San Francisco and Omaha.

Time 60 Hours Less, and 180 Miles Less Staging to San Francisco than by any other Route.

T. W. DEXTER, Agent.

Independence, Jan. 1, 1871. n26-2m*ly

INDEPENDENCE, LONE PINE AND CERRO GORDO

STAGE LINE.

CONNECTING WITH STAGES FROM RENO and Los Angeles, carrying Mail and Express.

TIME TABLE.

LEAVES INDEPENDENCE:
Mondays at 5 o'clock, A. M. Wednesdays at 8 A. M.
LEAVES LONE PINE:
Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock. A. M.
ARRIVES AT CERRO GORDO:
Tuesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock, P. M.
LEAVES CERRO GORDO:
Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M.
ARRIVES AT LONE PINE:
Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 12 o'clock, M.
ARRIVES AT INDEPENDENCE:
Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 5 o'clock P. M.

JOHN COLLISTER, Proprietor.

Independence, September 26, 1870. n12-3m

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

D. COHN & CO., Agents.

OFFICE—At D. Cohn & Co.'s store. n29n5m6

MISCELLANEOUS.

Consul General on the Pacific Coast for Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Russia.

Established 1849.

ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ESSENTIAL OILS, DYE STUFFS, And General Merchandise,

By the Package Only.

CASH ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION from this or any Foreign Market will receive prompt and faithful attention. Miners, Manufacturers and Wholesale Trade supplied for Cash. No notice or attention paid to orders for goods, if there is no provision made for the payment of the same.

CONSIGNMENT SOLICITED.

OFFICE, No. ..... STREET.
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

N. B.—California Products Solicited on Consignment.

N. B.—Business transacted in all the principal Commercial Languages. ja21n30tm

C. O. D.

WM. B. LAKE,

ADVERTISING

—AND—

PURCHASING AGENT,

No. 12 Montgomery Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Opposite Lick House, Up Stairs.

WILL FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY description at the very lowest cash rates, he having superior facilities for purchasing and an intimate acquaintance with all the leading houses in the city. All articles sent promptly on the receipt of cash, or C. O. D. He refers by permission to HAVILAND, COOPER & CO., China, Crockery and Fancy Goods Dealers, 335 Pine street, San Francisco; DR. B. F. JOSSELYN, 618 Sacramento street; CUMMINGS BROTHERS, American Watch Depot, 607 Montgomery street; BLAKE, ROBBINS & CO., Importers of Printing Paper, 516 Sacramento street; G. G. BURNETT, Druggist, 330 Montgomery street; JAMES R. GATES, Importer of Drugs and Medicines, corner of Commercial and Sansome streets; KOHLER, CHASE & CO., Dealers in Toys and Musical Instruments, 633 and 635 Clay street; R. H. YATES, Agent for Singer Sewing Machines, 139 Montgomery street; H. A. DEMING, Agent for Howe Sewing Machines, 137 Kearney street; J. A. SHABER, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Furniture and Bedding, 707 Market street. ja21n30

$250 A MONTH

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Address,

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$5 TO $10 PER DAY. MEN WOMEN BOYS and GIRLS who engage in our new business make from $5 to $10 per day in their own localities. Full particulars and instructions sent free by mail. Those in need of permanent, profitable work, should address at once. GEORGE STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. fe9n33tm

BILLIARDS!

Messrs Phelan & Collender,

THE WELL-KNOWN BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS, of New York, have established at

541 Market Street, San Francisco,

An extensive branch of their business, where they propose to keep constantly on hand the LARGEST and most complete assortment of

Billiard Tables, Cloths, Cues, etc.,

ON THIS COAST.

THE TABLES are of the latest styles and size recently adopted in the Eastern States; are manufactured in the best possible manner, and are furnished with PHELAN'S LATEST IMPROVED CUSHIONS. The

New Composition Billiard Balls,

Made by the Hyatt Manufacturing Co. of Albany, New York—THE BEST SUBSTITUTE FOR IVORY YET DISCOVERED. For sale only by us. Price, $12 per set.

All goods sold will be of the best quality, and the prices fully as low as any other house in the business.

Parties visiting the city are invited to visit our warerooms and inspect our stock.

GEO. E. PHELAN, 541 Market St.

N. B. The public are notified that no other parties on the Pacific coast have the right to sell Phelan's Cushions. n28-3mi

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—WE ARE NOW prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of THE PEOPLE'S LITERARY COMPANION—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address

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JOHN HECKEL,

Carpenter & Builder.

Independence, Cal.

PAYS PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO JOBBING and making estimates. Orders from the country attended to. n27tfm

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WAGON MAKING,

House and Sign Painting.

J. G. PAYNE, Proprietor,

ANNOUNCES THAT HE IS PREPARED TO execute all description of Wagon Making, House and Sign Painting, etc., at reasonable rates, at his shop on Edwards street. jy16tf

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 65 cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

LIVERY STABLES.

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB, ... Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

Independence, Cal.,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n5-6m

EAGLE Livery and Feed STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

Corro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

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Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

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And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

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AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

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PHOTOGRAPHS,

Ambrotypes

And Melainotypes.

Mr. L. D. WELSH,

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN HIS business in Independence, will be happy to meet the citizens of Inyo county at his rooms on Edwards Street, nearly opposite the Inyo House, where he is prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES and MELANOTYPES of every description.

Views taken of Buildings, Scenery, Mining claims, etc., at very moderate prices.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

n8a29tf

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Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2-1f

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.

n2jy16m

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Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Also, in connection,

Partzwick Hotel.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions,

CLOTHING, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.,

At Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., Sept. 26, 1870. n12-3m

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

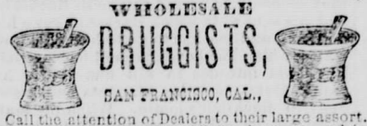
Wines, Liquors, Etc.

AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

WHOLESALE



Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with every thing kept in a well supplied WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.

FRESH DRUGS,	TILDEN'S PREPARAT'NS
PATENT MEDICINES,	DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS	SHAKER HERBS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,	PERFUMERIES,
KEROSENE OIL,	PAINTS AND OILS,

Which we offer at the lowest Cash Prices, and are determined not to be undersold.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

FOR SALE.

OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal. After our best wishes, and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty-one years, during which period we have been steadily engaged in the Drug business in California, we beg to say in consequence of the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Cal. Vinegar Bitters, now spread over the United States and countries far beyond, we are necessitated to devote our entire time to said business.

We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific coast and the only one continuous under the same proprietors since 1849, and have determined to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.

This is a rare opportunity for men with means, of entering into a profitable business with advantages never before offered.

For particulars enquire of

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists.
San Francisco, Cal.

R. H. McDONALD,
J. C. SPENCER.

N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices to defy competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!

Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands

Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal. Send for a circular.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and all the Visceral Organs.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

MEDICAL.

TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK, August 15, 1868.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo, Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopoea, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of profound confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist of 19 Years' Experience.

(From the largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.)

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU

For weakness arising from indiscretion. The exhausted powers of Natures which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forbodings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

THE CONSTITUTION

Once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu

In affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incidental to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

—AND—

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superceding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copavia and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to effect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price $1 25 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $6 50. Delivered to any address. Describe Symptoms in all communications.

ADDRESS,

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Drug & Chemical Warehouse,

594 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

NONE ARE GENUINE unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

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THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA; SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1871. NUMBER 35.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Feb. 25, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

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Big Pine	D. NAYLOR.
Fish Springs	J. T. RYAN.
Lone Pine	A. B. ELDER.
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Attorney at Law,
AURORA, NEVADA,

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

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Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

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Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no5ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf]

P. REDDY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA
SAN FRANCISCO CORRESPONDENTS:
BENNETT & OWENS,
JUDGE N. P. BENNETT. JNO. W. OWENS
All business in reference to Mining Patents and Land Claims, Collections, etc., promptly attended to. v1n1ly

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Justice of the Peace,
BISHOP CREEK PRECINCT.
Office at Sneden's Hall. n1v16m

J. J. MOORE,
Justice of the Peace,
LONE PINE PRECINCT.
aug 8no5-ly

JOHN A. HANNAH,
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FIFTH PRECINCT.
MINING RECORDER,
CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.
n10v1ly

A. B. ELDER
SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY
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UNDER SHERIFF.

JOB PRINTING
—OF—
Every Description,
EXECUTED IN
UNEXCEPTIONABLE STYLE,
—AT THE—
INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

ASSAYING.

ASSAY OFFICE
J. W. POOR.
OFFICE—PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.
BULLION and ORES assayed. CORRECTNESS GUARANTEED. n1v18m.

HOTELS.

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.
MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.
Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
STAGE HOUSE.
Independence, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.
MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v13m

INYO HOTEL.
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.
W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.
October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK
STAGE HOUSE.
JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.
Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

New French Restaurant
—AND—
CHOP HOUSE,

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.
PETER MARGALOT.
Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

SALOONS.

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,
Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The
TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.
DAVISON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
f64n32tf

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.
Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.
BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors
The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.
n13jy93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon,
AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.
n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

INYO SALOON,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8a29-3m

SAZARAC SALOON.
INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.
John Wallace, Proprietor.
Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand.

SALOON.
MAY & TASKER, Proprietors.
CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS, INDEPENDENCE,

WHERE THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE happy to meet all old and new friends. Bar supplied with the most popular and palatable beverages. Call and take a smile, smoke a Havana, and play a game of billiards.
MAY & TASKER.

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK,
MASONS,
A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | E. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.
July 9, 1870. n1v13*

BOOTS & SHOES.

BOOTS & SHOES.
New Shoemaker Shop,
One door North of the Drug Store.
G. W. TODD. J. N. MALONE.
TODD & MALONE

ANNOUNCE TO THEIR FRIENDS AND THE public generally that they are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of BOOTS and SHOES, on the shortest notice, FOR CASH. The best of French material will be used.
Repairing Neatly Executed.
nv8n18tf

FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

Consul General on the Pacific Coast for Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Russia.
Established 1849.
ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ESSENTIAL OILS, DYE STUFFS, And General Merchandise,
By the Package Only.

CASH ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION from this or any Foreign Market will receive prompt and faithful attention. Miners, Manufacturers and Wholesale Trade supplied for Cash. No notice or attention paid to orders for goods, if there is no provision made for the payment of the same.
CONSIGNMENT SOLICITED.
OFFICE, No. STREET.
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.
N. B.—California Products Solicited on Consignment.
N. B.—Business transacted in all the principal Commercial Languages. ja21n36tn

FORWARDING
—AND—
General Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.
Have goods plainly marked—
"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."
Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.
WM. M. OSBORN,
Los Angeles, Feb. 18, 1871. v1n34m3

C. O. D.
WM. B. LAKE,
ADVERTISING
—AND—
PURCHASING AGENT,
No. 12 Montgomery Street,
SAN FRANCISCO,
Opposite Lick House, Up Stairs.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.
INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.
D. COHN & CO., Agents.
OFFICE—At D. Cohn & Co.'s store. a29n5m6

TRAVELING.

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.
Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
First class passenger cars will run regularly.
NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.
JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

SEMI-WEEKLY STAGE LINE

TO AURORA, CARSON, RENO AND SAN FRANCISCO, via. Central Pacific Railroad,
Carrying United States Mail
—AND—
Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after this date stages will leave Independence for Aurora and intermediate points
Every Wednesday and Sunday, at 5 o'clock, A. M.,
Connecting at Benton with stages for Columbus and Silver Peak; connecting at Aurora with stage for Pine Grove, Genoa, Carson, Virginia and Reno; at Reno connection every day with trains of Central Pacific Railroad for Omaha and Chicago on the East, and Sacramento and San Francisco West. Returning, through connection made from Reno every MONDAY and FRIDAY morning, on the arrival of trains from San Francisco and Omaha.
Time 60 Hours Less, and 180 Miles Less Staging to San Francisco than by any other Route.
T. W. DEXTER, Agent.
Independence, Jan. 1, 1871. n26 2m*ly

FOR INDEPENDENCE
—AND—
Cerro Gordo Mines.
By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.
Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,
On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.
Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.
Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.
Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.
Fare to San Francisco, ... $50.
OFFICE—**208 Montgomery street,** opposite the Russ House.
A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.
W. G. ROBERTS, Agent.
Visalia, Feb. 18, 1871. n1v34m3

WHILE THE DAYS ARE GOING BY.

There are lonely hearts to cherish,
While the days are going by;
There are weary souls that perish,
While the days are going by.
But if a smile we can renew
As our journey we pursue,
O, the good we all may do,
While the days are going by.

There's no time for idle scorning,
While the days are going by;
Let your face be like the morning,
While the days are going by.
O, the world is full of sighs—
Full of sad and weeping eyes—
Help your fallen brother rise,
While the days are going by.

All the loving links that bind us,
While the days are going by,
One by one we leave behind us,
While the days are going by;
But the seeds of good we sow,
Both in shade and shine shall grow,
And shall keep our hearts aglow,
While the days are going by.

BEAUTY.

'Tis not the form's exquisite mould,
The silken curl's voluptuous flow,
The lightsome step, the witching eye,
The small white hand and snowy brow.

Can that be beautiful that fades
Like rainbows from the clouds of dun?
That withers at the touch of time
Like flowers beneath a burning sun?

What are the charms so boasted of?
A fleeting glance, a passing smile,
A form whose graceful linaments
Conceal, too oft, the heart of guile.

A vain and vacant smile may play
On rosy lip and dimpled chin,
The eye may brightly glance away
Yet give no token of a mind within.

But ah! the mind, the undying mind
Hath holier beauty of its own—
A charm that lingers on to bless
When outward loveliness has flown,

Aye, lingers when the cheek is pale
And care has dimmed the eye of mirth,
Unaltered by the frosts of time
Or changing circumstance of earth.

ALSACE AND LORRAINE

These provinces are demanded by Germany as a portion of the price France should pay for peace and as a guaranty of her future good behavior.

The Rhine provinces of which these are a part, have long been a bone of controversy between the two countries, France coveting those held by Germany and Germany those possessed by France. On the breaking out of the war it was evident that behind the pretext of Napoleon lay his wish and the the desire of his people to readjust the Rhine settlement. Had he succeeded there is no question that the German Rhenish provinces would have been annexed to France, instead of which she loses Alsace and a part of Lorraine. The part of the latter claimed is the portion known as the departments Meuse, Moselle, Meurthe, and Vosges.

Alsace lies between the Rhine on the east and the Vosges Mountains on the west, and is divided into what is known as the Upper and Lower Rhine. Alsace and Lorraine together extend north to Rhenish Bavaria and south to Switzerland, and contains about 3,360 square miles. This vast area is particularly productive; it abounds with mines and is a great manufacturing center. The principal cities are Colmar, Strasburg, and Mulhausen. The population was Celtic at the time of the Roman conquest, but the Alemanni crossed the Rhine and Germanized Alsace. It was integral with the German Empire until the peace of Westphalia, when a portion was ceded to France. In 1681 Louis XIV seized Strasburg and by the peace of 1697 the whole of Alsace was ceded to France. But the transfer did not change the character or language of the people, for ever since Alsace became French territory the inhabitants have preserved their German nationality and still speak the German tongue. Their books and papers are printed in both German and French.

Lorraine anciently was an extensive province. It then included all the territory between the Rhine, Scheldt, Meuse, and Soane rivers, and its important history commenced about the middle of the ninth century. Modern Lorraine is not so extensive; for the region now known as Rhenish Prussia was separated from Lorraine in the tenth century, and the remainder was divided and known as Upper and Lower Lorraine. The latter subsequently became an Austrian possession, and now forms more than half of Belgium and two provinces of Holland. Upper Lorraine was governed by its own Duke until 1736, when it was transferred to ex-King Stanislaus of Poland. On his demise, which occurred in 1766, it was united to France and called the Province of Lorraine. More recently it was divided into the departments known as the Meuse Moselle Meurthe and Vosges, In these departments both French and German are spoken; but in some localities only one of those languages are common among the people. Being of a German origin they are more German than French in their customs and traditions. The departments contain the cities of Metz, Epinal, and Nancy. The first named is an ancient and fortified city on the Moselle, at its confluence with the Seille. The fortifications are constructed on an extensive scale. There are in the city two military schools, one for artillery and one for engineering. Besides these there is a powder-mill and one of the largest best regulated hospitals in Europe. The principal business conducted in this place is the manufacturing of lace and brushes. Nancy also possesses extensive manufactories, chiefly for the embroidery of cambric and woolen goods. It is a very old town, and stood a protracted siege in 1477, at which Charles the Bold was killed. Epinal is the capital of the department of the Vosges. Strasburg is a fortified city, the capital of the Lower Rhine, and is about three hundred and twelve miles from Paris. The fortifications are very powerful, and the Rhine is bridged at this place. The population is nearly 60,000. The city contains extensive manufactories, and is connected by rail with all parts of France and Germany. Colmar is the cotton manufacturing centre of France. The population of Alsace and Lorraine can scarcely fall short of three millions.

The foregoing will give our readers some idea of the importance of the German acquisition by the peace about to be concluded. It will be seen that Alsace and Lorraine once belonged to Germany, were wrested from her by France, and may now be regarded as substantially recovered by its ancient owner.—*Ex.*

A Good Herb.

The Elko Independent has discovered new virtues in the white sage, which it thus sets forth:

"A range where white sage grows abundant is the first thing sought after by persons engaged in stock raising, on account of its fattening properties. Meat, too, fattened upon it posesses a finer flavor and retains more of the natural juices than that fed upon other grasses of the country. A chemical analysis of white sage shows it to contain about eighty-five per cent. of nutritious matter, such as go to make fat, etc. But it is not alone in regard to its great virtues as food for stock that we propose to speak; but in these days of humbuggery, quack medicines, etc., any article that will supplant the many nostrums that are of no earthly use, by giving the needy a cheap, safe and certain article for the same purpose, is at least a saving to the community in that direction. We allude to its hair restoring qualities. For this purpose alone it so far surpasses the preparations usually found in drug stores as to make them utterly valueless compared with the really restorative principle that it posesses. A decoction of white sage—which may readily be obtained by boiling it a few hours over a slow fire—will accomplish more in restoring bald heads, fastening falling hair, and renovating and reviving healthy action to the scalp, than a whole store of the usual remedies advertised for that purpose. Hundreds now in Nevada can testify to this fact, and a trial will convince any doubting Joseph that what we say of it in this respect will be borne out by results, if he will give it a fair trial. The man who first brings white sage before the public as a hair restorative will not only drive every other preparation for that purpose out of the market, but will secure for himself a colossal fortune."

Border Incident.

The editor of The Deer Lodge (M. T.,) Northwest has seen a letter received by Colonel Wheeler, U. S. Marshall of Montana, from Robert Hereford, late Assessor at Helena, and now interpretor for the Bannacks at the Crow Agency, on the Yellowstone, giving an account of the recovery of a white girl from the Bannack Indians after a captiviy of eight years. This letter is dated January 5th. It appears two men, Tilford Kutch and Thomas Coltor, had arrived at the Yellowstone under the authority of Colonel Wham, Commandant of some of the Eastern forts to search for the girl, who was captured by Bannacks on Raft river Owyhee county, I. T., in 1862. Hereford accompanied them to Bannack camp where the girl was found. Her name is McIntyre. She is 14 years old, small of her age, has light hair, and is browned by sun and storm until she looks like a quater breed, which the Indians claim she is. She expressed a desire to go with the white men to her home, and was taken to the interpretors house. Ten Doy and Tayee, Bannack chiefs, were surprised at the demand of their captive, but on representtaion of the facts, they yielded her up, and in a few days she will be sent to her home.

A Settler.

When the Erie Canal was first started, the subject of investing in it was discussed in a Quaker business meeting of the men. It was opposed by an influential member—no other than Elias Hicks—on the ground of its being a speculation. Among other objections he urged that: "when God created the world if he had wished canals he would have made them." Upon this a "weighty friend" (a Quaker term) rose up and said slowly, in the intoning voice in which the Quakers always speak in meeting. "And Jacob digged a well" and sat down.

The Work of 1800 Men.

Eighteen hundred men make a locomotive engine in one day—boiler, cylinders, frame, driving-wheels, truck, stack, cab, pilot, and tender, complete—the speed of forty miles an hour and the power of a thousand tons created in a day.

A Success.

Thompson's steam wagon was on the grounds of the Agricultural Society, in Stockton, February 11th, testing its powers in plowing; practical farmers say it is a complete success.

—A New York tailor was startled the other day by the return of a bill which he sent to a magazine editor, with a notice that the manuscript was respectfully declined.

Absence of Mind.

There is a man in Camden N. J., who is provoked. A few nights since he went out to drive in his cow. Arriving at the pasture-ground, he found that the cow was gone, but the bell which should have been around her neck was lying on the ground. He placed it in his pocket and forgot all about it. Every now and then it would give a smothered jingle, and he would think it was his cow, and would start off in a fresh direction. He followed the bell, as he thought, until twelve o'clock that night, and walked twenty miles. When he reached home, the cow had been there five or six hours and his wife had went over to the city to advertise for him in the "Lost and Found" column of The Ledger. Perhaps he wasn't mad when he found that bell in his pocket! His wife thinks he was a little extravagant in talking of the affair, but then she may be mistaken.

Inyo County.

The Independent complains of the injustice done Inyo county by the Census returns, being credited with less than half her real population, and her warrants being depreciated 50 per cent. The total indebtedness of the county is $28,000, with cash on hand to reduce it to $26,000; since August last, the debt has been reduced 22 per cent.; during the past year the taxable property has more than doubled; and in two years the debt will be discharged, so that at present Inyo is paying two dollars for one, beside the interest. This state of affairs can be easily changed, and will be, if the citizens interest themselves in the matter.—*Los Angeles Star.*

Rocky Mountain Coal.

The transpotation of coal over the Central Pacific Railroad from Ogden has become a large business, and one rapidly increasing. Already about 150 of the company's flat cars have been altered into coal cars, and more are to have the necessary alterations made. By Saturday morning's freight train 14 car-loads of coal arrived in the city.—*Sacramento Union, February 13.*

—An exchange says that Horace Greeley's little boy, who attends an uptown school, and will tell the truth any way you can fix him. The other day the teacher spelled out the word "g-r-a-c-e," and asked the young man to pronounce it. He gave it up, when the teacher, to refresh his memory, asked him, "What did your father say this morning before eating his breakfast?" The boy thought a moment, and finally said, "Pa said, 'd—n these eggs, they're rotten!'"

—Two San Francisco barbers, engaged to fight a duel, agreed to start and walk around a block, and, when they got within sight of each other, to blaze away. When they turned the corner out of sight, both started on a run in different directions, and one has sent from Alaska for his winter clothes, and the other has written to his wife from the city of Mexico, asking her to send his linen coat and palm-leaf hat.

—An editor down East thus speaks of a contemporary: "He is too lazy to earn a meal and too mean to enjoy one. He was never generous but once, and that was when he gave the itch to his apprentice. So much for his goodness of heart. Of his industry, the public may the better judge when we state that the only day he ever worked was the day he mistook castor oil for honey.

—Great results can not be achieved at once; and we must be satisfied to advance in life as we walk, step by step We must sow before we can reap, and have to wait long, content meanwhile to look patiently forward in hope; the fruit best worth waiting for often ripening the slowest. But "Time and patience," says the Eastern proverb, "change the mulberry leaf to satin."

—Skinflint—who "gives nothing to street beggars"—buttoned his pockets on being approached by a soldier, and said: "My dear fellow, I never can repay the debt I owe you—the debt we all owe you for your noble self-sacrifice! Money can't do it! It is no use trying!" With this patriotic utterance he walked away.

—A shoemaker was fitting a customer with a pair of boots, when the buyer observed that he had but one objection to them, was that the soles were a little too thick. "If, that is all," replied the shoemaker, "put on the boots, and the objection will gradually wear away."

—One Maine editor has sued another Maine editor for the defamation of character, and the defence is understood to be that, in the first place, the plaintiff had no character to speak of, and that, even if he had, nothing the defendant could say would injure any body.

—An exchange says there is no danger of there ever being a large supply of female type-setters in the market. As soon as a girl becomes proficient, and a valuable compositor, some male printer marries her, and that puts an end to her work in the printing office.

—Knott and Shott fought a duel. The result was that they changed conditions. Knott was shot, and Shott was not. It was better to be Shott than Knott.

—An editor out west is so short sighted that he rubs out with his nose the marks he makes with a pencil.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

Independence, Cal., Feb. 25, 1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

PETITION FOR MAIL SERVICE.

The citizens of Columbus have forwarded to Washington a petition containing some 200 signatures, asking for a tri-weekly mail service, on a route beginning at Wadsworth, thence south in an almost straight line through a number of mining camps to Columbus. In conjunction with this, citizens of Fish Lake, Montezuma, Palmetto and Deep Spring districts have asked for an extension of the same, through the localities mentioned, to Big Pine, connecting at that point with the Independence and Aurora mail. The last named petition, however, is for a semi-weekly, horse-back service.

None of these places except Columbus have any regular mails at all. The Columbus mail is carried from Hot Spring over a long and very circuitous road. It is proposed to discontinue this, or rather, to make Big Pine the starting point for the route asked for in the petition, by which means a great saving of time and distance will be gained, besides furnishing these important mining camps with much needed mail facilities. Heretofore and at present the people of Deep Spring and part of Fish Lake districts, lying within our county lines, have had to depend entirely on accidental communication with the county seat. Before the close of the present year the population of all these places will be greatly increased, although they number enough now to entitle them to all they ask. It is to be hoped these petitions may receive prompt attention by our representatives in Congress, for should the new route be established it will be something near 100 miles shorter to the railroad from this place than the one now in use, connecting at intermediate points mining and agricultural districts, now without mail accommodations of any kind.

Is Promised a Ride.

Neighbor Fairchild, of The Reese River Reveille, has excited the ire of certain sensitive hombres of Belmont, Nye county, Nevada, who in return have promised him a free ride (on a rail) should he ever take it into his head to visit that populous city of four dozen people. Some fifteen or twenty of these Belmonters have likewise notified him that they have no farther use or relish for his paper, and moreover that the people of Belmont intend to build a road whereon the semi-annual bull-team that conveys freights to Belmont may hereafter travel, and never more gladden the nostrils of Austinites by a sniff of alkali dust raised by Belmont hoof or wheel.

In answer to any who may wish to know the reason for this determination to squelch The Reveille and grow grass in the streets of Austin, we understand it is owing to opposition on the part of The Reveille to premature organization of new counties; as an example of probable results, Nye county was alluded to as not having children enough in any one settlement to maintain a school, and, consequently, that the children of that county enjoyed no better educational advantages than if they were Shoshones—in fact, for want of population, there was neither a church or school building in the county. Now it appears theyreally have one school which once had seventeen scholars in attendance. Hence the promised ride.

Musical.

It has been written and a thousand times quoted that

"Music hath charms to soothe the savage breast,"

and it is beyond question that a finer appreciation of the enjoyments of life is induced by the inspiring influences of music. The Arion Piano Company of New York this week gives a column advertisement of their supurb instruments, and we copy remarks of "Britton's City & Country" upon the merits of their pianos. There is scarcely a family in this county but who are, or will be within a year, abundantly able to supply themselves with a piano, so highly conducive to genuine home enjoyment, interest and amusement.

Going to Try It.

Breed & Crosby, of Virginia City, Nevada, have ordered a steam wagon, which they intend to use in freighting on the grade from Reno to that place. Should this operation prove a success on that heavy grade, we see no good reason why these wagons may not come into common use over any ordinary good road. We shall await results with interest.

REDEEM THE WASTE PLACES.

We have received a copy of a speech entitled as above, which was delivered by the Hon. S. B. Axtell before the House of Representatives, January 27. The question before the house was the bill extending the time for the construction of the St. Croix railroad, but Mr Axtell confined his remarks mainly to the California and Arizona railroad and Owens river branch. We have seen nothing that so clearly and ably sets forth the real needs and wishes of our people as this speech. A memorial from citizens of Los Angeles relating to the matter in hand was read, which with the main portions of Mr. Axtell's remarks we shall publish next week. He also read an extract from the San Francisco Bulletin concerning mining enterprises, in which the amount of bullion from Cerro Gordo last year to the Selby works is placed at 200,000 pounds We alluded to this matter at the time but will repeat that the actual amount shipped from Cerro Gordo to San Francisco, if not to the Selby works, was nearly fifteen times the amount named. We do not propose to speak of this matter further than to say, that flattering as were the honorable gentleman's conclusions in regard to the value and extent of the mines to be reached and benefited by these proposed railroads, his showing scarcely equalled facts.

Yet, under the new policy that is likely to govern action in Congress, by far the greater portion of this wealth must remain untouched for decades, for fear of a railroad land monopoly. In objecting to this penny-wise policy, Mr. Axtell says, the only value any lands can be to railroad companies must come, through their sale and to actual settlers. A railroad company is just as likely to become a dangerous power or monopoly, if able to build and operate a road without land subsidy as with it. The most overshadowing corporations in the country to-day, are railroads that never received a foot of land or any public subsidy. The concentration of capital for any purpose must partake, more or less, of a monopolizing nature but concentration of capital in all great enterprises is a necessity; without it we can have no railroads or other similar public advantages and for want of it subsidies are demanded. Without help of this character but few railroads can or will be built in all this great west where they are so much needed, at least during this generation. We are under no obligations to keep lands and mines of so much value in their pristine condition simply for the benefit of future generations. If we are to do so no better plan can be devised than that advocated in this anti-subsidy policy. With very few exceptions, none of these lands, not already occupied, will ever be of any possible value to the "actual settler," much less to the genera government, save through advantages that can only be obtained by some such plan as that indicated in this speech. In fact, without some such effort our mining interests must suffer and these lands will not be settled at all.

In making such grants who then can be loser? Certainly not the miner, nor the government, nor the actual settler, for whose interest such anxiety is manifested. In truth, those present and those to come have everything to gain and nothing to lose in getting railroads built on the terms proposed in the bill relating to the Arizona road. So long as it is possible for Congress to accomplish so much good at such small cost, as in the passage of this bill, it ought by all means to be done. If it is desirable to keep counties out of the clutches of railway corporations, brought about through the very objectionable system of cash subsidies, then give this bill favorable consideration, for their every interest demand these improvements, and if not attainable under one system the other is certain to be adopted unless barred by law.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Our attention has lately been called to the great need of a wagon road from this valley, across the Inyo range, to Deep Spring Valley and other points east of the range. Parties competent to judge say the necessary expenditure to make a good road, not including the cost of a bridge across Owens river, would not exceed $1,000. The only feasible route would connect with the county road at or near Big Pine. As an item of very considerable importance it may be safely assumed that all the lumber required in Deep Spring, Fish Lake, Palmetto, Montezuma and Columbus districts would be taken over this road. It would likewise afford a shorter route for return freights from Wadsworth, on the railroad.

A proposition, not long since, was submitted by responsible parties to construct a toll road there. We are told that this offer met the hearty approbation of every man in Deep Spring district, although a remonstrance claiming to represent them was soon after placed on file in the Clerk's office. In consequence, and under the impression that this remonstrance represented the wish of the citizens most directly interested, no further action was taken.

The lumber and other trade of the places above named is certain to amount to a considerable sum, all of which would go to the advantage of our valley, if this proposed road was built. It is to be hoped the parties who submitted propositions to build the toll road will be permitted to go ahead, but if they do not choose to do so, then some energetic person ought to take the matter in hand and try and accomplish it by subscription. In view of the very important interests involved, together with the comparative insignificance of the sum of money required, we are sure it can be done. It appeals especially to the interest' of Big Pine, and possibly quite as much to that of Independence.

THE BILDERBACK MURDER.

The Los Angeles Star, of February 11th, gives the following additional details of this most atrocious murder, a somewhat detailed account of which we published last week. The Star relates at length particulars attending the first suspicions of the foul deed, together with the efforts made to find the bodies of the murdered men, which was done by probing the ground by means of an iron rod. Coyotes had scratched holes in the road in two places where, on examination the remains of a cow that had been stolen and butchered by Buckskin and his associate Thug, were discovered. Afterwards, at the crossing of a small gulch, where earth had been filled in to facilitate crossing of teams, the bodies were found on driving down the iron rod. They had been literally mashed into a hole too small to contain them, otherwise. The scene of the murder is known as the Little Tejunga canyon. Following circumstances we give in the words of The Star:

Spades and picks had been provided, and in spite of the almost insupportable stench arising from the decomposing bodies of the

MURDERED MEN,

the victims of the most cold-blooded murder ever committed, were disinterred, to appear as mute witnesses in the courts of this world, against their murderers, whose souls will, in the last day, stand before the judgement seat of a tribunal from whose decision there is no appeal, and from which they will receive JUSTICE.

Cold in death, and far advanced in the first stages of that decay which is the inevitable end of all things mortal. Laying the younger upon the older, mangled and crushed by the feet of their assassins, who had trampled them into their narrow resting place, in order to save themselves the "trouble"—slight in comparison with that in which fiendish outrage upon two unarmed defenceless lives will surely cause them—of making the grave, to which they confided their horrible secret, a little wider and a little longer, lay the bodies of the murdered dead. Carefully and tenderly, strong men, sorrowing for the untimely death, took out first the remains of Henry, the younger, for the purpose of making investigations, by which they hoped to bring to justice his slayer. A ball evidently from a rifle had entered his right side from behind, and ranging diagonally through the body, penetrated the heart and both lungs emerging from the front of the left side, just over the heart; on his head had fallen two heavy blows, crushing the skull. His death must have been almost instantaneous.

Oscar, the elder brother, probably aged twenty-six or seven years, was then examined. In his left arm, near the elbow, was found a ball from a Henry rifle; beneath the blade bone of the left shoulder there was another; another had grazed his back; through his right thigh still another. None of these wounds were sufficient to produce death; they disabled him as he was running from his murderers, who then caught him, gagged and tied him to the dead body of his brother, and with an axe beat his head and face to jelly; at least, such is the inference deducible from the result of the investigation. In the breast pocket of his coat, and near the heart which will never beat again, was this letter from his mother. May God, in his infinite mercy, temper the wind of adversity for that poor mother, and send her help from heaven to bear up misfortunes, against which the stregth of mortals can avail nothing.

MECHANICSBURG, Oct. 24, 1870.

My very dear son:

I have not heard a word from you since you wrote me you were sick. Oh, I feel so uneasy about you—I fear the worst. You would write me if you could.

I still think, every day, to morrow I shall get a letter, but as yet none comes.

I will write a short letter until I hear from you.

We have had quite a fire here since I wrote you: the old hotel burnt to the ground, so we are without any hotel in Mechanicsburg. In the Spring there will be one built, not before.

It is getting late.

Friends are all well, as far as I know.

Love for yourself, and may God bless you, is my prayer.

Oh, Henry, write to me, if but a line.

From your Mother.

You think this is a short letter, but I am so uneasy about you that it seems to me I can't write. God save you!

THE INQUEST.

Daniel Burchard (an old man who has been living in the canyon, working for different parties for about two years), was sworn, and testified that he was acquainted with the deceased. He identified the bodies as those of Henry and Oscar Bilderback; testified that on Monday, January 16, Geo. Goodhue had told him that the two brothers had been killed by Alfred Henry and Frank the hunter, and that Gardiner was going to kill him. We asked him how he knew, and he replied "the hunter told me." Frank, the hunter, always dresses in buckskin, and is called "Buckskin."

[The rest of the testimony elicited was subtantially the same as published by us last week. Eds. Independent.]

In the hole in which were found the murdered men, was a bag containing a lot of bread, a piece of cooked meat and some baked pumpkin, from which the inference is drawn that they were killed before their dinner hour.

The Next Ruler of France.

All reports, says The San Francisco Bulletin, seem to agree that the monarchists and imperialists are largely in the majority in the French Assembly, and that of the former the Orleanist are the most numerous, if they are not the majority of the whole Assembly. Perhays the Republican delegates may hold the balance of power. In that case they will use it to prevent the restoration of the Napoleons. They will naturlly prefer a limited constitutional monarchy under an Orleans Prince to the personal regime of the late Empire. It is to be hoped the legitimist, or Buurbon element, has no strength in the Assembly; although a German journal says that the contest lies between the Bourbons and Orleanists. The Count de Chambord, the legitimate descendant of the Bourbon Kings, is a man of 55 years, who inherits the prejudices of his family, and is pronounced ultramontane in politics and religion. A recent letter from him indicates that he would use power to restore the temporality of the Pope.

Borax.

The supposed borax deposits of this county are pronounced worthless, as we learn from The Scientific Press. Those of Columbus district, Esmeralda county, Nevada, are a great success, an interesting account appearing in The Bulletin of the 17th instant.

MARRIED.

On the 22d of February, by A. C. Hanson, County Judge, at the residence of W. R. Tibbits, PAUL W. BENNETT to SARAH B. POTTER.

Accompanying the above announcement came the compliments of the happy District Attorney, in the shape of wine and cake. The entire force of The Independent office unite in extending the new firm their profoundest regards and well-wishes.

BORN.

At Big Pine, February 15th, to the wife of D. Naylor, a daughter.

DIED.

In Lone Pine, February 23, 1871, CHARLES J. STEVENS, a native of Dalmatia, Austria, aged 44 years.

Gold Hill News please copy.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Who, when his brother asks for bread, would give him a serpent? Yet how often when the sick ask for medicine, they receive poison. Mercury, iodine, strychnine and prussic acid, are prescribed daily, and the larger the dose the more heroic the practice! Shun all deadly minerals, and concentrated vegetable poisons. Let Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters be the first resort of all who suffer from general debility, indigestion, constipation, billiousness, intermittent fever or rheumatism. They will need no other medicine.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DELINQUENT SALE.

SAN FELIPE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION, Cerro Gordo, Inyo County, California. Notice—There are delinquent upon the following described stock on account of assessment levied on the Sixth (6th) day of January, 1871, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

Name.	Certificate.	No. Shares.	Amount.
Luthers, J B	21	15	$ 75 00
Ortez, Celedonio	19	10	50 00
Ricketson, John	20	10	50 00
Ricketson, de J C	22	13	65 00
Schmidt, Henry W	7	50	250 00
Wiss, Gustave	8	50	250 00
Wheeler, M Allison	4	50	250 00
Wheeler, M Allison	12	50	250 00
Wheeler, M Allison	13	50	250 00
Wheeler, M Allison	24	25	125 00
Wheeler, M Allison	25	25	125 00
Wheeler, Alfred	5	50	250 00
Wheeler, Alfred	6	50	250 00
Wheeler, Alfred	14	50	250 00
Wheeler, Alfred	15	50	250 00
Wheeler, Alfred	16	50	250 00
Wheeler, Alfred	17	50	250 00
Estate E A de la Mier, deceased (not issued)		100	500 00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Directors, made on the Sixth day of January, 1871, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary, will be sold at the office of the Company, Room No. 26 Hayward's Building, No. 419 California street, San Francisco, California, on TUESDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1871, at the hour of 1 o'clock, P. M. of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

D. A. JENNINGS, Secretary.

Office—Room No. 26, Hayward's Building, 419 California street, San Francisco, California. February 16, 1871. fc25n35 2t

INDEPENDENCE, LONE PINE AND CERRO GORDO

STAGE LINE.

CONNECTING WITH STAGES FROM RENO and Los Angeles, carrying Mail and Express.

TIME TABLE.

LEAVES INDEPENDENCE:
Tuesdays at 5 o'clock, A. M. Fridays at 5 A. M.

LEAVES LONE PINE:
Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock. A. M.

ARRIVES AT CERRO GORDO:
Tuesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

LEAVES CERRO GORDO:
Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT LONE PINE:
Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 12 o'clock, M.

ARRIVES AT INDEPENDENCE:
Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 5 o'clock P. M.

JOHN COLLISTER, Proprietor.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35-3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE, NEW GOODS, —AND— NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old mottos of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES, Dry Goods, READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PATENT ARION PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY THE ARION PIANO IS Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer,

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Evenness

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration.

All go to prove what we claim, viz.: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT Arion Pianos

ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE

American Conservatories of Music,

Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

It affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of defection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of Pianos, still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,

HENRY SHROEDER, DIRECTOR.

New York, September 3d, 1870.

AGENTS WANTED,

We want first class and responsible agents in every city and town where we have not already appointed them.

We Have Just Published

Our Annual Illustrated Pamphlet, which contains a full description of the interior construction of the PATENT ARION PIANO FORTE, and all the other leading Pianos of the principal makes; illustrated with cuts, thus contrasting the ARION with all other first class Pianos, and proving

WHY AND WHERE

Our Pianos are superior to any in the market.

Our pamphlet contains engravings of all the different styles of Instruments that we manufacture, giving a full description of each, so that a person can select the style they may desire to order, with the assurance that they will receive just as good a Piano as if they were in our warerooms to select it. We have sold over FIVE THOUSAND Pianos, many of them being shipped great distances, and we have never yet received the first complaint. As we give a written guarantee with every Piano we manufacture, for five years, the purchaser runs no risk.

☞ Don't fail to write for our pamphlet which we mail **free,** and when you write state what paper you saw this notice in ☜

N. B.—We caution the public from purchasing a cheap Piano which has recently been put in the market, bearing the name "Arion." All genuine Arion Pianos bear the name "Patent Arion," and can only be purchased from our New York Warerooms, or our authorized Agents throughout the United States.

All Kinds Of Musical Instruments Supplied.

ADDRESS THE

Arion Piano-Forte Co.,

NO. 554 BROADWAY,

fc25n35m6 New York City.

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Feb. 25, 1871,

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 6 o'clock P. M., Friday.

On Their Track.

The party referred to in our last paper as being in search of the murderers of the Bilderbacks, consisting of J. D. Dunlap, Deputy U. S. Marshal, Budd Bryant, Thos. Hayes and George Gleason, Deputy Sheriffs, Estephen Sanchez, —— Kean and another gentleman have been engaged in prosecuting their search for "Buckskin" and Henry up to last Thursday, when all returned to Los Angeles except J. D. Dunlap, who remains here with the determination of taking his men, or exhausting every available means in the attempt. On Friday, the 17th instant, a party of some eight or ten from this place went out and passed the following Sunday in search of them, but could find no trace. It is evident that the band have heard of their pursuers, and are now hid away in the mountains, probably somewhere in the Black Rocks. But the snow must drive them out, and we have but little doubt of their final capture. Following we give a complete description of the men and their outfit, to the end that, should they by any possible chance escape the vigilance of the officers, no one can harbor the inhuman fiends except to effect their capture. We hope our brethren of the press may pass them around: Davis, alias "Buckskin," alias "Bill the Hunter," alias "Frank the Hunter," is a large boney, powerful man; near six feet high will weigh about 180 pounds; dark complection and dark hair; straight and walks erect; has scar on left cheek below and back of the eye. Also, deformed toe on the left foot, second from the small one—it turns up on a half circle, and he is obliged to cut a hole in his boots or moccasins to accommodate it; face wrinkled; is between 35 and 40 years of age, and has an Oregon squaw with him who speaks good English, and at the present time is *enciente*. Buckskin and squaw at one time lived near white Pine, where he was known as a desperate, miserable fellow. Afterwards lived at Fish Lake Valley, up to about the time of the Asa Wilds killing, when he and his squaw went to near Fort Tejon, and about 6 or 7 months since went the little Tajunga canyon in Los Angeles county, and put up a wickiup, and remained there until three days after the murder of the Bilderbeck brothers. He has followed hunting principally, and dresses entirely in buckskin, even to his hat, and that is encircled with a narrow fringe of the same material. He has very large feet, and, judging from his moccasins, wears No. 10 or 11 boots. He boasts of having turned the feet of many a white man up to the sun before this, and said also that he had been driven from many places, and that he would "be d—d if he intended to be run from here," meaning Tajunga canyon. Alfred Henry, his companion in crime, is from Salt Lake, and went to Los Angeles with the Budd Smith party, about a year ago last August; and drove team from Los Angeles to Soledad, for Pico & Harper. It is not believed that he is a native of Salt Lake, but came from Montana or Idaho. His description is as follows: Sharp blue eye, with a hang-dog look, and can not look one in the face. Has coarse, black hair; full whiskers; is 5 feet 8 inches in hight; square built, stands straight; red cheeks, and was dressed in gray sack coat, No. 8 wire-quilted boots; white, slouched hat, with bullet shot through the crown; blue overhauls, or possibly snuff colored fashionable pants, with stripe down the legs. If so, the pants were stolen from George Goodhue. The outfit of Buckskin consisted of: 1 small Spanish bay mare (usually rode it himself); 1 gray half-breed mare; 1 black Spanish mare; 1 two-year old mule; 1 yellow mule colt; 1 sorrel horse colt, and possibly 1 white horse and rode by Henry, belonging to Gardner. The clues are conclusive that the party are in this neighborhood at the present time, and it behooves every good citizen to see that these blood stained villians are brought to justice, for they are a class that will murder you for a change of wardrobe—will murder you in your house, in the road or any where else, to save themselves from the doom their deeds so richly merit.

Horse Thieves.

About two weeks ago a couple of horses belonging to a man by the name of Woods, residing at Swansea, were stolen by two men named respectively J. O. B. Williams and Wm. King. A Deputy Sheriff, for Cerro Gordo, started in pursuit and came across the fugitives near Haiwa meadow, capturing the horses which were kindly abandoned by the thieves. But the same parties declined to surrender themselves when called upon to do so by the Deputy, some two or three hundred yards distant, and stepping, into the rocks, presented pistols and said that was their terms of surrender, if any was wanted. The Deputy, however, didn't want any, and returned, satisfied with the glory (?) of capturing the horses and accoutrements. The gents then took Walkers Line for the South, meeting the southern stage somewhere on the road, in which our worthy Sheriff was a passenger. Having learned of the affair, Mr. Elder determined to capture them, and as they passed the stage off to one side in the chaparral, Mr. Elder started back after them on foot, accompanied with Mr. Passmore, Mr. Kennedy and Mr. Sheffard, of Little Lake. Going back about two miles, the party discovered their men at a camp fire, and cautiously slipping upon them, commanded them to stand up. But the two jumped and run in opposite directions amid a volley of small shot, leaving a hat, boot and six-shooter. King and Williams, (the thieves) did not come together again but Williams, wrapping his feet in his overshirt, travelled on some 14 miles further and entered the camp of two or three teamsters, at Sand Canyon. The parties, it seems, were cognizant of the circumstances, and after breakfast arrested Williams, tying him with a stiff rope and placed him in a wagon with a shot gun, which was given them for the purpose of affecting Williams' capture. With the utmost ease, Williams loosened the rope, and picking up the gun, intimated to the driver that he "guessed he would carry the gun awhile." The teamster begged for the return of the gun, as it was a borrowed one, and offered to give Williams money and provisions if he would leave it, but recieved no other reply than that thing was old. Receiving some badgering by his *companeros*, the teamster finally left a man to watch the thief and started to Indian Wells to procure help to recapture the gun. Meanwhile Sheriff Elder and party arrived, and started in pursuit of Williams, who had gone up Sand Canyon Creek. Following up the trail, they finally reached a place where it was completely lost, and after searching for two hours, their man stepped out of the drift wood and announced that he surrendered. The other man, King, was followed by Passmore to Indian Wells, from which point he escaped with a parting shot fired at him. The Sheriff last Thursday brought in Williams, and a party consisting of Messrs. Mulkey and Begole are in pursuit of King, and will doubtless take him.

It is an Ill Wind

That blows good to no one, and though the wind that blew up the late snow storm was ill enough for the most of people, it is highly appreciated by the Piute population who owing to the snow are enabled to corral all many "labbits."

LETTER FROM DEEP SPRING.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

DEEP SPRING VALLEY, February 16.

MESSRS. EDITORS: I will endeaver to comply with your request, and state through the columns of The Independent what progress is being made in this camp. Mr. Walker and myself have been busy remodeling the mill and building a furnace, but owing to the inconvenience in getting proper material and the rough state of that which we are compelled to use, we have not got along as we expected. We have the foundation of our furnace laid, and some of our men are building the smoke stack, which will be about twenty feet above the furnace; a man is also at work cutting stone for the hearth, and in ten or fifteen days we will have the furnace ready to fire up. We have also replaced the pans and settler thrown out by Mr. Paul and others.

I find that many people have a wrong idea as to our proposed mode of working, and by way of explanation, will say that we propose to crush the ores dry, then by roasting destroy all, or as nearly as possible, the base metals by driving them off in the form of an oxide, and reducing the various forms of silver (as they naturaily exist) to a chloride, when the ore is in its most simple form for amalgamation, which in this case will be done in pans. Barrels are preferable, but owing to their cost and the fact that the pans are on hand in which equally good results can be obtained, we use them, but at greater cost to us. We do not, as has been stated, propose to work all classes of ores, as we do not intend working ore which contains more than 20 per cent. of lead, nor very low grade ore, as these must be kept until such time as labor and other things are much cheaper. And further, we must have some other way than by pack train to get our machinery and provisions into camp, in order to work cheap ores.

Of the mines I will say this: That there are more good ledges here than in any other new district now known; I will name a few of them. The Blue Bird, located by Mr. J. S. Broder, is on or near the divide between this valley and Fish Lake valley. This is an excellent mine, in which, quite recently, a rich strike has been made. On Cottonwood creek, which is about five miles north of Wyman and running parallel thereto, is the Cyclops, located by Mr. Broder and others as early as 1863. It is a valuable mine, its metal being principally gold, in which it is very rich. Preparations are being made to extract five tons per day. Some of the ore is decomposed, and the gold can be seen in large quantities through the rock. Next we stop at the Leavenworth, located by Mr. John Burgan and others, about one mile west of the Cyclops. This ledge is an exception. It is about two feet thick, has well defined walls, and the ore is uniform in value. It is of a high grade, being antimonial silver ore, with not more than 10 per cent. of gold, and is certainly very easily reduced or "worked." Further up the hill is the Black Hawk, also owned by Mr. Burgan. This ledge is not so large or thick, but like the Leavenworth, is well defined with good walls, and contains very rich antimonial ore, assaying as much as $1,000 per ton. We have an extension on this mine, but where it extends to is hard telling, but we amused ourselves (I say "ourselves" because I was not alone—dare not go out over these hills alone, they are so steep it is sometimes necessary to have help to get up or down) prospecting. We found three ledges which prospect fairly, both in size and quality, and erected a monument on or near them to notify all parties that we were there, etc. On our way home we passed in sight of the Twin Pine, owned by Messrs. Davis & Millington, who have ten or twelve tons of fine ore on the dump, awaiting reduction. This is a good ledge, and belongs to the Wyman creek side of the mountains.

As for prospecting I can not see what better place a prospector might want than this camp. Some parties from White Pine who were here a short time since and are about to return soon, say this is a better place to prospect than eastern Nevada, and that it is not overdone here as it is there.

As soon as my assaying apparatus arrives (Mr. Walker is now on his way here with it) I will be able to give you the figures as to the value of ores, which will be more satisfactory to your reader than statements without giving exact values. It is supposed by some that it is cheaper under all circumstances to reduce ores by smelting; this is not the case, as it is only cheaper where fluxes naturally exist, and that is not the case here. At least it has not been discovered as yet, and therefore we must depend upon milling our ores, and of that class of ore there is plenty.

We much need a wagon road from Owens River, and it seems to me that some of the people of your valley should build a road. It certainly would not cost more than $1,000 to make a very good road, but I suppose they do not feel like taking any chances, but wait until they have a "dead thing." They do not dream that some other party might come along and see a "good thing" by way of a road.

The citizens of this place and Fish Lake valley are about to petition the Post Office Department for a mail route from Big Pine to Columbus, to be carried on horse back twice a week each way; and we hope that none of the citizens of Fish Springs will remonstrate. Application has been made for a tri-weekly mail from Columbus to Wadsworth, which would give us, and also Independence, our mail several days sooner than by Reno.

J. B. H.

The New Store.

Notice will be taken of the new advertisement of Rothschild & Co., which appears this week. Although "Dave" and "Jim" are so nicely ensconced in their new store, with everything in the shape of staple and fancy merchandise piled around them, they don't feel a bit proud, but want old and new friends to call around all the same. They certainly have a well appointed and finely stocked and furnished storeroom, displaying their commendable enterprise, and showing that good patronage has been accorded them, which should be continued.

Weather.

Wednesday morning last, our eyes were greeted by a sight not often beheld in this locality; namely, a mantle of snow over spreading Mother Earth. During the two succeeding days it attained a depth of four inches in this place, at Bishop Creek more than a foot; at Cerro Gordo about the same; in the mountains from one to ten fathoms, more or less.

Moving Out.

A large band of Texas cattle from Bishop Creek, numbering perhaps 300 head, passed by town on Thursday, bound for a more southern range. They belong to Messrs. Wilson & Anderson. Our valley is somewhat overstocked for winter range, but from the mildness of the winter up to the present, stock have done very well.

A Dance

Was given on the night of the 22d., by Mr. & Mrs. George, proprietors of the Exchange Hotel. A general invitation was given. Stress of business prohibited Lokleitems being present, but from what these say who were there, a very pleasant and social party enjoyed themselves until a late, or rather an early hour.

For the Week Ending Thursday, February 23, 1871.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT

DEDUCED FROM THREE DAILY OBSERVATIONS, AT CAMP INDEPENDENCE.

Latitude, 36 deg. 50 min. N. Longitude, 117 deg. 30 min. W. Altitude, 4,598 feet above the sea.

CAMP INDEPENDENCE, Cal., February 23, 1871.

MONTH	Thermometer dry bulb	Thermometer wet bulb	Thermometer self-registering max.	Thermometer self-registering min.	Barometer attached Ther.	Barometer and Thermometer corrected to 32 deg. Fah.	humidity 0—1	Cloud. 1—10	Rain	Winds Direction	Winds No. of observat'ns	Winds Sum of force
February												
17th	40	29	63	24	26.220	26.173	.327	.....	.....	S.E	3	19
18th	42	31	64	26	26.130	26.075	.360	.....	.....	S.E	4	10
19th	49	35	60	26	26.027	25.962	.308	.....	.....	S.W	5	10
20th	47	37	63	33	25.924	25.875	.433	.....	.....	S.W	3	3
21st	39	34	50	33	25.667	25.625	.630	.....	.16	N.W	1	1
22d	39	28	42	22	25.525	25.492	.700	.....	1.12	.....	.....	.....
23d	25	23	57	11	25.861	25.890	.551	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
MEAN	39	31	.....	.....	25.806	25.915	.473	6	.....	.....	.....	.....

Reminiscences.

Next week our readers may look for a readable sketch of Indian history, contributed by an original writer. We have also made arrangements whereby we can give some articles of historical interest, concerning early times in this Valley, from the pens of several good writers.

Captured.

The other horse stealer, mentioned elsewhere has been captured, after a severe fight in which he wounded himself. Particulars next week.

Grand Jury.

A venire has been issued and returned for Grand Jurors, to dispose of the case of the horse thieving gentry.

HARP AND PIANO.

[From Brittan's City & Country, Newark, N. J.

The rudest form of the Harp, as it existed before the time of Moses, was but the dim prophesy of the magnificent Piano Forte of to-day. The history of this instrument is full of poetic interest and is associated with the elegant arts, the devotional exercises, and popular amusements of many nations and countries. Its authentic history covers a period of more than 3,000 years. The instrument is pictured on the tombs of Egyptian kings, among the mountains at the west of Thebes; it is often mentioned in Grecian and Roman history; and it was employed in rendering the orphic chants of the Hebrew poets and musicians. The gallant knights of Europe, for two centuries, went a wooing under its inspiration; and the romance and minstrelsy of the Troubadours of southern France and northern Italy are inseparable from the history of the Harp. And now, among all the musical instruments and cherished objects to be found in the homes of the most enlightened nations, the Harp—in the superior form of the best PIANO—is of all others the one that ministers most essentially to the happiness of our social life.

The ear and the judgment are often singularly influenced by our personal preferences, or a previous conviction. People who are not ordinarily prone to profanity yet swear by Henry Ward Beecher, and accept him as the universal oracle, to be believed in and quoted alike by Christians and Infidels. The newspapers all print the grotesque sayings of Mark Twain as the quintessential extract of real wit. People who love to run in a groove, praise Steinway and Chickering, until those gentlemen came to be regarded as the only worthy representatives of all the excellence to be found in stringed instruments such as they manufacture. Indeed, it was some time since taken for granted that all the Gold Medals and Premiums including the Legion of Honor, and the sterotyped testimonials of a legion of *interested* witnesses, *must, as a matter of course*, be awarded to those parties, who certainly have assisted toward perfecting the most valuable musical instrument in the world.

The proprietors of the ARION PIANO FORTE, comprehending this *chronic habit of mankind*, and believing that their Pianos were really superior to all others suggested the fairest possible method of testing the relative merits of the several instruments exhibited in competetion by the different makers. This trial occurred immediately after the Paris Exposition, in presence of the officers of the American Institute. The instruments of different manufacturers, including Chickering's, Steinway's, the ARION and others, were all covered (except the keys,) so that the eye could not distinguish one from another; thus leaving no opportunity for the expression of a *biased* judgment. After a fair trial of all the Pianos, which occupied two hours, the judges—distinguished and eminent musicians—concurred in the selection of one instrument as superior to the others, which, on the removal of the covering, proved to be the ARION. With a view of rendering this trial the more decisive the players and judges then retired from the room. In their absence the Pianos were again covered and their positions changed. The reader is left to imagine the surprise and mortification of the *chief competitors* when the second trial *ended in the selection of the same instrument.*

There is little occasion for further comment. It is well known that excellent opinions may be obtained for a *liberal commission on the sales* that such opinions may be instrumental in accomplishing. But in this case there was neither private interest nor personal prejudice to influence the judgment. No fairer test could have been devised; and the result of this memorable trial certainly confers ubon the proprietors of the PATENT ARION PIANO a distinction of far greater practical importance than the Legion of Honor.

LEGAL NOTICES.

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
February 13, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY "GENERAL FUND."

No.	In favor of	Amount.
211	W I. Moore	$119 00
210	S P Moffat	127 00
214	C D Begole	75 00
209	W A Greenley	150 00
213	P. Pierson	144 00

ON THE "ROAD" FUND.

151	Alexander & Chaquette	$100 00

I. HARRIS.
County Treasurer.
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
fe18n34-4t

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned, of the firm of STECKER, MACKY & HART, engaged in the running of a tug on Owens Lake, will not be responsible for any debts contracted by said Macky and Wm. Hart. v1n34 3t G. STECKER.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY notify all persons indebted to him in business during the year 1870 to call and settle immediately, as from and after this date I intend to sell for cash or its equivalent only—under which rule I hope to be able to furnish all kinds of goods at greatly reduced prices.

D. NAYLOR.
Big Pine, Cal., February 3, 1871. fe4n32 4t

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD MOST RESPECTFULLY notify persons indebted to him in business contracted during the old year, that all accounts MUST be settled, either by cash or note, on account of a change made in my business from CREDIT to CASH, which took place on the 1st day of January, 1871. Am prepared to sell goods of all kinds lower than has ever been offered heretofore in this part of the country—for CASH, and CASH ONLY.

R. J. MORRISON,
ja21n30 6t Benton, Cal.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent.

JOHN KISPERT,
JOHN MEYER.
February 25th, 1871. fe25n35 4t

MASONIC NOTICE.

THE FREE AND ACCEPTED MASONS RESIDING in the vicinity of Independence are requested to meet at E. H. VAN DeCAR'S OFFICE, on SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 4TH, 1871, to consider the propriety of organizing a Lodge at this place.

E. H. VAN DeCAR,
J. WHITE,
n33 4t W. G. SQUIRES.

For Sale.

THE UEDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his arrastras at Fish Springs a

QUARTZ BREAKER,

As good as new, and will be sold very low.

Address or enquire of
fe18n34tf J. W. McMURRY, Fish Springs.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,
FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,
Best Quality Crushed Sugar,
FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods,
BLANKETS,
Sheetings,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
DRESS GOODS,
CLOAKS, SHAWLS,
HOSIERY,
PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.
CIGARS, TOBACCO,
WINES,
LIQUORS,
Saddles and Bridles,
Hardware,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
GROCERIES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.,
All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
Lone Pine, February 14, 1871. fe18n34tf

A. MACK,
Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
Also, in connection,
Partzwick Hotel.

J. W. TYLER.

AURORA
Fruit & Variety
STORE.
J. W. TYLER,
AURORA,
Nevada.

Wholesale and retail dealer in

ALL KINDS OF FRUITS

APPLES,
PEARS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS,
GRAPES

And every kind of fruit in season

AT REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH!

Cigars and Tobacco,

Havana and American Cigars,
Cigaritos de Damas,
Manillas, Etc

The best qualities of

Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos!

Chewing—(Fine Cut)—
John Anderson's Solace,
Liberty Boy,
Forest Rose,
Century,
Savory,
(in Papers or Cans.)

Chewing—(Plug)—
Nature's Bounty,
Nectar of Roses,
May Apple,
Forest Rose,
Washoe,
Prince Esterhazy,
Horn of Plenty
Signet,
Tulip,
Pear
Pearl of Orient,
Bouquet,
Peach,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Smoking—
WADAWANUCK,
BIG LICK,
ECTHALSEY,
NONPARIEL,
GOLDEN SHOWER,
ORONOCO,
EUREKA,
SIESTA,
FOREST ROSE,

All of which we will sell in papers or can the lowest market prices.

TURKISH AND SPANISH.
Maccoboy, Scotch and French Rapee
SNUFFS!

Meerschaum, Stone and India Rubber
PIPES,

Cherry Stems, Mouth Pieces, etc., etc.

A good assortment of
Stationery,
Pocket Cutlery,
Gold Pens,
Pencils,
Albums,
Chessmen,
Playing Cards,
Crib Boards,
Spectacles,
Brushes, all kinds,
Etc., etc., etc.

ALSO,

A good assortment of the finest
CANDIES,
FIG PASTE,
RASINS,
NUTS,
FIGS,
GUAVA JELLY,
ETC., ETC.

LADIES' PORTFOLIOS ALL SIZES!

Drawing and Tissue Paper!

Diaries for 1871.

PERFUMERY, EXTRACTS and SOAPS.

IF YOU WANT

TOYS AND GIFTS

—GO TO—

J. W. TYLER'S.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL receive prompt attention. Remember

J. W. TYLER,
Corner Pine and Bush Streets,
AURORA, NEVADA.
Aurora, Nev., September 26, 1870. n12 3m

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,
INDEPENDENCE,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GROCERIES,
Provisions, Liquors,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
Dry Goods,
HARDWOOD,
HARDWARE,
BOOTS, SHOES.
Crockery,
GLASSWARE.
Tin-Ware,
SADDLERY,
Farming Implements,
SHOE FINDINGS,
AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,
Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas,
Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni,
Vermicelli, Tapioca,
Preserved Fruits,
Jellies, Jams,
Dried Apples,
Peaches,
Grapes,
Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles,
Extracts, Sauces,
Codfish, Salmon, Mackerel,
Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,
French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS
Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,
SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES
Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER
Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,
BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,
WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,
WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITTS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of
Glass and Crockery Ware,
Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

D. COHN & CO.
Independence, Cal, October 3, 1870. n13 3m

Inyo Independent.

Independence, Cal., Feb. 25, 1871,

The Tennessee.

Nothing has been heard from this steamer, supposed to be lost. The San Domingo Commissioners, it will be remembered, took passage on her The San Francisco Examiner says;

The steamer in question so far from being "a third-class steam frigate of 1,275 tons." is a first-class war vessel, and one of the most magnificent afloat —if indeed she be afloat. She is about 3,400 tons burden upwards of 330 feet long, and carries 21 large guns. On her trial trip she made 19 knots an hour, and is consequently the fastest sailer in the navy. These items we derive firom a naval officer who ought to be posted in such matters.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,
Provisions,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,
HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloth Piece Goods,
Clothing, Hardware,
Crockery and Glassware,
TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,
POWDER AND SHOT
Flasks and Pouches.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
Manufactured to order.
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
PAINTS AND OILS
Wall Paper,
CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY
DEALER IN
GROCERIES,
Provisions,
Mining Implements,
LIQUORS,
Tobacco and Cigars,
—AND—
General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, December 3, 1870. n25 3m.

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,
AURORA, NEVADA.
DEALER IN
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES, Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tftc

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,
—Dealer in—
Drugs & Medicines
CHEMICALS,
Patent Medicines,
For Man and Beast,
FINE PERFUMERY,
SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,
Hair Restoratives & Dyes.
SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,
STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.
fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—
Pioneer Blacksmith
—OF—
OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.
Of every description.
Wagon Work
Done in the best style at reasonable terms.
Agricultural Implements
Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.
Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,
PROPRIETORS OF THE
PIONEER AND GERMANIA
BREWERIES,
Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n2jy16tf

CARPENTERING.

JOHN HECKEL,

Carpenter & Builder.
Independence, Cal.

PAYS PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO JOBBING and making estimates. Orders from the country attended to. n276m

WAGON WORK.

WAGON MAKING,

House and Sign Painting.
J. G. PAYNE, Proprietor,

ANNOUNCES THAT HE IS PREPARED TO execute all description of Wagon Making, House and Sign Painting, etc., at reasonable rates, at his shop on Edwards street. jy16tr

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER,
SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, August 8, 1870. n5-6m

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.
Big Pine Saw Mill, Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32-6m*

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also
FLOUR SACKS
At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.
Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

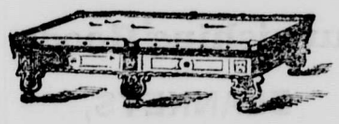
FAMILY FLOUR,
Ground and Unground Feed,
At the lowest rates.
n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

$5 TO $10 PER DAY. MEN WOMEN BOYS and GIRLS who engage in our new business make from **$5 to $10 per day** in their own localities. Full particulars and instructions sent free by mail. Those in need of permanent, profitable work, should address at once. GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. fe9n333m

BILLIARDS!

Messrs Phelan & Collender,



THE WELL-KNOWN BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS, of New York, have established at

541 Market Street, San Francisco,

An extensive branch of their business, where they propose to keep constantly on hand the LARGEST and most complete assortment of

Billiard Tables, Cloths, Cues, etc.,
ON THIS COAST.

THE TABLES are of the latest styles and size recently adopted in the Eastern States; are manufactured in the best possible manner, and are furnished with PHELAN'S LATEST IMPROVED CUSHIONS. The

New Composition Billiard Balls,

Made by the Hyatt Manufacturing Co. of Albany, New York—THE BEST SUBSTITUTE FOR IVORY YET DISCOVERED. For sale only by us. Price, $12 per set.

All goods sold will be of the best quality, and the prices fully as low as any other house in the business.

Parties visiting the city are invited to visit our warerooms and inspect our stock.

GEO. E. PHELAN, 541 Market St.

N. B. The public are notified that no other parties on the Pacific coast have the right to sell Phelan's Cushions. n28-3mi

$250 A MONTH

CAN BE MADE BY ANY MAN OR WOMAN that can be silent. No risk and need not interfere with other business. Full information, etc., furnished on receipt of $1.50 in currency or postage stamps.

Address,
Postoffice Box 1925,
ja28n31tf San Francisco, California.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—WE ARE NOW prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of THE PEOPLE'S LITERARY COMPANION—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address
fe9n333m E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 65 cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

LIVERY STABLES.

AURORA
EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.
S. G. COBB,..... ....Proprietor.
SADDLE HORSES,
Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,
—TO LET ON—
Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.
n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,
Indedendence, Cal.,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,
HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,
At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.
nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5-6m

EAGLE Livery and Feed STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,
Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.
Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

Cerro Gordo
FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,
AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.
DEALER IN
Stationery,
BLANK BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,
MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,
CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,
And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Store in Post Office Building,
AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

ART GALLERY.

PHOTOGRAPHS,

Ambrotypes
And Melainotypes.

Mr. L. D. WELSH,

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN HIS business in Independence, will be happy to meet the citizens of Inyo county at his rooms on Edwards Street, nearly opposite the Inyo House, where he is prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES and MELANOTYPES of every description.

Views taken of Buildings, Scenery, Mining claims, etc., at very moderate prices.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.
n8a29tf

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.
ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.
Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2-tf

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.
n2jy163m

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. MACK,
Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
Also, in connection,
Partzwick Hotel.

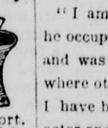
D. NAYLOR,
RETAIL DEALER IN
Groceries, Provisions,
CLOTHING, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.,
At Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.
Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., Sept. 26, 1870. n12-3m

R. J. MORRISON,
BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Wines, Liquors, Etc.

AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,

Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with every thing kept in a well supplied WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.

FRESH DRUGS,	TILDEN'S PREPARATIONS
PATENT MEDICINES,	DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS	SHAKER HERBS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,	PERFUMERIES,
KEROSENE OIL,	PAINTS AND OILS,

Which we offer at the lowest Cash Prices, and are determined not to be undersold.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

FOR SALE.

OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal. After our best wishes, and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty-one years, during which period we have been steadily engaged in the Drug business in California, we beg to say in consequence of the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Cal. Vinegar Bitters, now spread over the United States and countries far beyond, we are necessitated to devote our entire time to said business.

We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific coast and the only one continuous under the same proprietors since 1849, and have determined to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.

This is a rare opportunity for men with means, of entering into a profitable business with advantages never before offered.

For particulars enquire of
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
R. H. McDONALD, } Wholesale Druggists.
J. C. SPENCER, } San Francisco, Cal.

N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices to defy competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!
Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.
WHAT ARE THEY?

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal. Send for a circular.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion of Inflammation of the Liver, and all the Viscera Organs.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,

Made of **Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors** doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE** a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these **Bitters** have been most successful. **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the **Digestive Organs.**

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.
Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other **WORMS,** lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

MEDICAL.

TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK, August 15, 1868.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo, Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœa, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of profound confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist of 19 Years' Experience.

(From the largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.)

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WILLIAM WIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

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For weakness arising from indiscretion. The exhausted powers of Natures which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forbodings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

THE CONSTITUTION

Once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu

In affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incidental to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu
—AND—
IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superceding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copavia and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE
Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

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All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price $1 25 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $6 50. Delivered to any address. Describe Symptoms in all communications.

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Drug & Chemical Warehouse,
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H. T. HELMBOLD.
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THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA : SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1871. NUMBER 36.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, March 4.....1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. H. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

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THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

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THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.

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THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

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PETER MARGALOT.

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WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVISON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

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The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

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AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

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Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

SALOON.

MAY & TASKER, Proprietors.

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS, INDEPENDENCE.

WHERE THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE happy to meet all old and new friends. Bar supplied with the most popular and palatable beverages. Call and take a smile, smoke a Havana, and play a game of billiards.

MAY & TASKER.

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—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

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Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

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Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

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Consul General on the Pacific Coast for Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Russia.

Established 1849.

ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,

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DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

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CASH ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION from this or any Foreign Market will receive prompt and faithful attention. Miners, Manufacturers and Wholesale Trade supplied for Cash. No notice or attention paid to orders for goods, if there is no provision made for the payment of the same.

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—AND—

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WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.

Have goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.

WM. M. OSBORN.

Los Angeles, Feb 18, 1871. v1n34m3

C. O. D.

WM. B. LAKE,

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PURCHASING AGENT,

No. 12 Montgomery Street,

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Opposite Lick House. Up Stairs.

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WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

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Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

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SEMI-WEEKLY STAGE LINE

TO AURORA, CARSON, RENO AND SAN FRANCISCO, via. Central Pacific Railroad,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after this date stages will leave Independence for Aurora and intermediate points

Every Wednesday and Sunday, at 5 o'clock, A. M.,

Connecting at Benton with stages for Columbus and Silver Peak; connecting at Aurora with stage for Pine Grove, Genoa, Carson, Virginia and Reno; at Reno connection every day with trains of Central Pacific Railroad for Omaha and Chicago on the East, and Sacramento and San Francisco West. Returning, through connection made from Reno every MONDAY and FRIDAY morning, on the arrival of trains from San Francisco and Omaha.

Time 60 Hours Less, and 180 Miles Less Staging to San Francisco than by any other Route.

T. W. DEXTER, Agent.

Independence, Jan. 1, 1871. n26-2m*ly

FOR INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.

Fare to San Francisco.....$50.

OFFICE—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Russ House.

A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.

W. G. ROBERTS, Agent.

Visalia, Feb. 18, 1871. n1v34m3

PEOPLE WILL TALK.

You may get through the world, but 'twill be very slow,
If we listen to all that is said as we go,
We'll be worried and fretted, and kept in a stew,
For meddlesome tongues will have something to do,
For people will talk.

If quiet and modest, you'll have it presumed
That your humble position is only assumed,
You're a wolf in sheep's clothing, or else you're a fool,
But don't get excited, keep perfectly cool,
For people will talk.

If generous and noble, they'll vent out their spleen,
You'll hear some loud hints that you're selfish and mean,
If upright and honest, and fair as the day,
They'll call you a rogue in a sly, sneaking way,
For people will talk.

And then if you show the least boldness of heart,
Or a slight inclination to take your own part,
They will call you an upstart, conceited and vain;
But keep straight ahead, don't stop to explain,
For people will talk.

If threadbare your dress, or old-fashioned your hat,
Some one will surely take notice of that,
And hint rather strong that you can't pay your way,
But don't get excited whatever they say,
For people will talk.

If you dress in the fashion don't think to escape,
For they criticise then in a different shape;
You're ahead of your means or your tailor's unpaid,
But mind your own business, there's naught to be made,
For people will talk.

Now, the best way to do is to do as you please,
For your mind, if you have one, will then be at ease;
Of course you will meet with all sorts of abuse,
But don't think to stop them, it ain't any use,
For people will talk.

A STORY OF THE VALLEY.

An Indian Chief's Romance.

WRITTEN FOR THE INDEPENDENT, BY J. T. R.

Joe Bowers was recognized by the Owens River white tribe to be a "good Indian," and one day he expressed his desire to go to the "Big Home" of the white face, and learn how they gathered their "wiah" (grass seed) and to get better posted in thieving by rule, as he felt he was nowhere in that qualification, for the whites had already squatted, under protest, on a large portion of his dominions.

For various considerations, we, in company with another person, were induced to take him down to the city. There were rich mines in the vicinity of his castle; the number of his braves were sufficient, together with his impregnable fortresses, to protect him. And we, having an interest in the famous Cinderella mine, were to take along a lot of ore. We well knew that when Joe saw San Francisco he would, on his return to the White Mountains, surprise his own tribe and those farther east, by showing forth to them the forces the Owens River whites held in reserve, and consequently allow the whites free locomotion the very same as was given to the princes, princesses and the heir apparent to the house of Joe.

Upon our arrival in San Francisco, early in the morning, we left Joe sitting on the steps of the What Cheer House. Nearing the hotel after a few hours absence, we were a little surprised to find a large crowd gathered around the door, and on elbowing our way in to see the object of curiosity, we smiled to behold him, the very picture of majestic wildness, a half smoked cigar in his left hand and his right pointing to his royal household. His buckskin coat, pants of the same material, ornamented moccasins, and plumed hat, composed of crow feathers bound with a red band and studded with white buttons, reposed upon his royal brow. The perspiration was pouring from his august cheeks, while endeavoring to answer in pure and plain Owens River vernacular, the inquisitive crowd, who were asking, in all the languages of the continent, who he was, where he came from, or did he know of any valuable locations. Our traveling companion was also beseiged with question of similar import, but it was very evident that one man from Inyo county had puzzled all the San Francisco professors of languages, and was still holding his own, in spite of the many who were fast arriving with fresh tongues.

We thought some one of wit, or one of those great guessers who are always on hand, would find out where Joe came from, and Joe certainly put the crowd down as dunces. He gesticulated beautifully and looked around for some of his valley acquaintances, but in vain, for there were only three men that year who could or were able to leave the valley. One of these (if a slight digression will be allowed) made a very narrow escape, and was only saved by the traveling man that is ever seen accidentally coming along. In this case, our itinerant rescuer, as he came wending his way, observed a pair of boots pending in air over a hot spring, and drawing nigh, beheld a man with his head down. He immediately pulled with all his might and pulled forth a member of the bearded sex, who, after clearing the way for his vocal sounds and a little ablution of facial organs, thanked him kindly as the Lord's own agent, telling him he was on his return from Owens Valley, where his cash became scarce, and having a great regard for his black, silken curls, made a hat of raw hide. Getting into an Indian surprise, he, without any arms, was the only survivor, and the raw hide had already made a severe dent into his cranium, and he had beencompelled to go into the soaking business for relief.

Captain Joe soon despaired at the situation he was in, thinking no doubt that his companions had left him at the mercy of an ignorant rabble; his wife and children would go naked and drudge like common folks for a living. Pitying him, we made our appearance, on which he expressed his gratification by calling our name in a loud, gutteral tone and by shaking hands. We were compelled to give a few facts to the crowd, whose wonder was only increased when they heard he was the Head Chief of that unexplored region situated between Owens River and Death Valley, and that he had come down to sign a treaty of alliance with the Governor, to whom he was bringing a present of some chunks of gold he had found.

After a few days in the city we went to see a lady friend, whose girlish days we knew, and for whom we entertained a brotherly affection, and in old homely style called Maggie. It puzzled us much upon our meeting to find her as single as the rib the whole race started from. It had been three years since we last saw her, and being as fine a looking womar as could be seen in the city—tall and symmetrical, a face radiant with health and beauty, dimpled chin, lips formed by nature to smile, large, lustrous black eyes, black, waving hair, is our unbotanical heroine. She was now four years in her mourning weeds, living on an income left by her deceased husband. Hers was a joyous life; masculine attentions were showered upon her. The tempest of love raged furiously in many hearts. Yet she, unlike a great many of her sex, never broke in very small pieces that microscopic organ that has been found only in a few men, and science revealeth not in women. The immense fund of joke and literal wit she used in company relieved the heart disease in many, who were very glad to be able to defend themselves from the laughter she exposed them to, without mustering up ability to approach a little delicate subject. It was difficult to attack the fortifications of her heart in anyway. The tried sympathy on her, pretending her cruelty to them was killing. But you can't "catch an old bird with chaff;" she was too old to go into business on that kind of capital, and she would not invest her own without mutual consideration. She was no little girl, for some worthless scamp to whisper in her ear that her father and mother prevented his company, and then ask for pity from an innocent creature, whose sympathy would conduct her into misery, and marry somebody mean and worthless for the purpose of having an object to exercise it on. There was another class of men who condescended to spare a little time with Maggie, and she acted foolish in not taking one of them. They wore a business air, taking out their watches every few minutes, and then would look wonderfully wise and serious, as if their numerous engagements were to be to the minute exact. This class generally when they walk around carry their heads on one side; the most cursory observer can see that it is from the weight of brain they have, like an ear of wheat when ripe. Their hearts, too, must be of great endurance, or else would be crushed by brain pressure, and therefore deprive an immense sight of love to the gentle sex. These were the pink of perfection. The manufacture of poetry under the smiling sunshine of her eyes was wonderful indeed; the morning papers were surfeited with it. She was guised by her own made poets in every angelic form imaginable; the very clouds were brought down to drape her with, and many poetical hearts flew to pieces in sparks like hot iron under a blacksmith's blows. These left her presence in vain. The number of mining deed and shares of stock, and the exhibition of different kinds of very valuable documents, enough to wrap up a German State and send it through the United States mail, were brought into play.

Half of the women would die with regret if they only knew that nine-tenths of all masculine labor is performed for their sake, without adequate thanks being returned, but their ignorance of the entire facts prevent them from falling at the feet of the lords of creation for mercy, or hugging half the male population to death. But the wise sex have labored along silently, building immense castles, rambling through the labrynths of their own imagination, performing sundry household duties, laying down little tid bits of chat, and making large allowance for family troubles. An immense sum of money would be the result of this work. Most all men invest fourteen years of brain labor in these enterprises, until at thirty they find out their angels have no wings. This sum should be added to the hard cash paid for dyes, cosmetics, etc., to which must be annexed an estimate of the cost of clothing and fancy articles, together with a calculation of the time that we consume in going to and from them, and all would make up a sum truly startling, even before they say the fatal "yes." And then we only receive legitimate leave to work the balance of our days, receiving, for variety's sake, interludes of curtain lectures, with full stops of broom sticks and hot water.

But San Franciscans never could breach the approaches to our Maggie's heart; and it was left, much to the pride of Inyo, to furnish a renowned pioneer to awake the tender emotion of the much prized lady. Returning to her presence, after the first salutations were passed, and after a mutual interview of circumstances transpiring for the past interval, we commenced chiding her in a brotherly manner about her monastic life, incidentally relating the fact that we had a traveling companion of reliable riches and wealth—a little old, but living an abstemenious life, and not corrupted by the vices that generally encircle the rich; was a hearty, hale fellow of good cheer when he found acquaintances he could talk to as friends. We told her his name, Captain Joseph Bowers. She said she had never heard of him before. We expressed great surprise, and said: "He is known as a great pioneer and early comer into this country, and as a man rather reticent in his manner, loving the solitude of his immense tracts of land. His extreme modesty is such as newspaper correspondents are prohibited, by reason of his positive orders, from giving any notoriety to him, and even now he lives retired in the Russ House, never putting his name on the books, although he is only known to a few military men in the city. Have been in his employ some time, doing nothing but roaming over his property and examining into the vast resources of his land claim. He has not the slightest idea of his wealth. We came down to see the Governor about land matters, to prevent his entire claim being taken by houseless wanderers, cutting his fine timber, tramping his grass, and causing his cattle to decrease by shooting them down. Land is very scarce in one portion of his property. The towns of Bend City and San Carlos are hopeful; they made extensions to the said cities until the surveyors died of hard work, and the only land now for sale is water lots. The Captain, seeing the future of the valley, is determined to put a stop to such shameful work." Friend Maggie listened attentively, asking us a few questions about how he got so rich, and wondered why such men did not marry. We told her he was very early in the country, and like all pioneers, had the chances in his favor, and the ladies that he came in contact with were not pleasing, and he thought they loved his splendid retinue. Although "he don't put on style much, he has any amount of servants and several places to reside in, for innovation sake, as he thinks it essential to the freedom and happiness nature instilled into him." We soon saw, by Maggie's manner, that the big figures were impressing her seriously; we could look at her but seldom, being afraid our joke would be turned into selfish admiration; but we had an old debt to pay back, and this nerved us much. After some concluding remarks on the abuses of married life, we took our leave, promising to return in three or four days. Doing so, we found Maggie in her usual happy mood. Spending some time in thoughtful conversation, Captain Bowers' tender business was introduced, seeming much to her pleasure, for she had her share of wisdom. Immense tracts of land, servants without number, several picturesque residences, freedom of locomotion, and a most romantic husband, enjoying health and a nature so plastic that he never annoyed himself with women's rights, and such foolishness, was not to be had every day in California. So Maggie's heart melted down like a boiled turnip, and was ready for moulding in any shape to catch the Captain. After a little wordy engineering, we told her we would introduce him if she would promise to fix herself up in the finest style—that beauty could be vastly improved by the modern appendages to nature, like a bright star peeping through the fleecy clouds—and that if we could be fortunate enough to see the match made, our own fortune would be insured, as then we would be secured in the agency we then held, knowing that she would always act as a sister to us, and could mould the Captain to her desires. She promised to comply, and appointed the hour of 7 P. M. four days from thence as the time.

In the evening of that day we left the What Cheer House, where the Captain held his soirees, and in his company proceeded on the important business. In a few minutes we were in Minna street, which is chiefly inhabited by private families, and walking in quick step, Indian file, the Captain behind. His singular appearance caused the street *gamin* to shout "see the Indian Chief!" following us up. Their noise brought the occupants to the doors and windows, and we were compelled, being within a block of our destination, to get on a street car and go in right angle to the street in question. Going up to Mr. Wingard's, he being an old acquaintance of the Captain's, Joe's appearance created a hearty laugh. As soon as it became dusk, we made tracks for Maggie's residence. We rang the bell, and, as luck would have it, Maggie's sister-in-law came to open the door. Whispering to her the trick we were playing, she thanked us much and was glad to assist; going to Maggie's room, she informed her that we were in the parlor. The Captain himself condescended to sit on a sofa, a little angling from the view of a person just entering, while we sat in a position to attract her attention until she would fairly enter, as Joe's head-dress, which he very impolitely wore to meet his belle, would scare her off. She entered, bowing very low to , us and looked as serious as any other woman going to marry the second time. While her hand was in ours, we expressed our heartfelt pleasure in having the opportunity to present her to Captain Joseph Bowers, at the same time politely turning her around, in a bowing posture, until the picture met her view!

She sank as pale as death in the chair beside her, and waited a few moments to realize her position, while we sat down laughing. In this we were aided by her sister-in-law, who watching us. We told her of the parentage of the Captain. She, at first, thought it was a painted man. She said she was ruined—all her acquaintances would hear of it; her sister-in-law would publish it. But she promised to forgive us if we would entrap a young lady who was residing in the same house. Giving our consent, she anxiously waited for the bell, so as to allow no mistake to be made by any attendant. Very soon the young lady entered, and was taken in charge by Maggie, who escorted her off to her room, and told her that there two young men in the parlor, one of whom was a military Captain, possibly a little old, but anxious to get married, and giving a more exagerated description of the Captain than we had given to her. She, herself, had already made a match with one, and therefore would loan the young lady her jewelry with which to capture the Captain. She made the young lady fix and redress herself several times within an hour. Joe, by this time, had tired of his soft seat, and lay Indian fashion on the carpet, almost behind the door. The ladies room entered, Maggie holding her companion by the hand, introducing her to us first, and then, while expressing Captain Bowers' name, moved around a little until she saw the prize stretched at full length almost at her feet. She bawled in the most fearful manner, running for life, tearing her silk dress with the knob of the door, and leaving Maggie and us bursting with laughter. Comments were afterwards made that the love of riches made more fools of women, and brought more unhappiness to men than all other ends they would endeavor to attain.

To see down a Well.

It is not generally known how easy a matter it is to explore the bottom of the deepest well, cistern, or pond of water, by the aid of a common mirror. When the sun is shining brightly, hold a mirror so that the reflected rays of light will fall into the water. A bright spot will be seen at the bottom, so light as to show the smallest object plainly. By this means we have examined the bottom of wells fifty feet deep, when half full or more of water. The smallest straw or other small object can be pertectly seen from the surface. In the same way one can examine the bottom of ponds and rivers, if the waters be somewhat clear, and not agitated by winds or rapid motion. If a well or cistern be under cover, or shaded by buildings, so that the sunlight will not fall near the opening, it is only necessary to employ two mirrors, using one to reflect the light to the opening, and another to send it down perpendicularly into the water. Light may be thrown fifty or a hundred yards to the precise spot desired, and then downward. We have used the mirror with success, to reflect light around the house, to a shaded well, also to carry it from a south window through two rooms, and then into a cistern under the north side of the house. Half a dozen reflections of light may be made, though each mirror diminishes the brilliancy of the light. Let any one not familiar with the method try it, and he will not only find it useful but a pleasant experiment. It will perhaps reveal a mass of sediment at the bottom of a well that has been little thought of, but may have been a frightful source of disease, by its decay in the water.

—An old negro woman in Norfolk having dreamed several times about treasures hidden under her cabin, dug there and unearthed a lot of Continental money, an old gold watch and several hundred dollars in old gold and silver coins.

—Chicago ought to be good—with 150 churches.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, March 4.....1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

FOR A COUNTY ROAD.

We understand a petition will be laid before the Board of Supervisors, during the April session, asking for a county road, starting at the head of the Fish Slough, thence down Owens river on a line with the old road, as near as practicable, intersecting the present county road at or near the "French Ranch."

It is claimed that a better and cheaper road can be made on the proposed route than the present county road, as the heavy hill at the arastrars and the deep sand south of the Taboose will be avoided. The farming interests of Fish Springs and Black Rocks are almost entirely on the line of the lower road and eventually nearly all the permanent improvements will be on or near the river and this new road, consequently those who are compelled to pay road taxes would prefer to have the money expended on the road they are obliged to use. In time circumstances will make the opening of this road an imperative necessity, so the sooner the order is made the better for all concerned, as it will be a great advantage for the farmers to know as soon as possible the line of the road, that they may make improvements accordingly.

The American Artisan.

Every political party, church, society, agricultural and mechanical organization in this enlightened age and country has each its own special newspaper organ and advocate. Of those devoted mainly to the interests of mechanics, inventors and kindred objects, but few have attained that degree of excellence that would entitle them to a place in every household, but among the few we would most cordially accord this right to the well known "American Artisan," each number of which contains original engravings of new machinery, recipes for the field, house and workshop, portraits and sketches of distinguished inventors, etc.

The Artisan is a 16-page weekly and is published by Brown, Coombs & Co., 189 Broadway, New York. Terms, $2 per annum, or 8 copies 1 year for $5

Narrow Guages.

The Nevada State Senate bill authorizing the counties of Elko and White Pine to grant aid in the construction of a narrow-guage railroad from Elko to Hamilton was passed in the House on the 14th inst. Also, the Act granting the right of way to Page, Bateman, Dodge and their associates, to construct a narrow-guage railroad from Palisade via. Mineral Hill, Austin, and Eureka to Hamilton, was passed the same day.

Bancroft's Guide.

We have received the February number of this book for travelers by rail, stage and steam navigation in the Pacific States, containing complete time and distance tables, sketches of all the principal points of interest and similar matter of value. It is published monthly by A. L. Bancroft & Co., San Francisco.

Mill Destroyed.

The Bay State mill, located at American Flat, near Virginia City, Nevada, was totally destroyed by fire, February 22d. It was insured for $40,000, so we apprehend the owners will not mourn its loss in sack-cloth, though they may in ashes.

The "Heathen Chinee."

Dr. Hop Lock, a well known China physician of Virginia City, Nevada, and Chung Chow are under arrest for the murder of another Celestial named Lee King.

Died.

Arthur Shearer, editor of The Tulare Times, died February, 13th. He was a pioneer and much respected.

At Santa Cruz on the night of February 20th, a severe storm accompanied by thunder and lightning raged. Passengers from San Jose by private conveyance reported the San Jose stage detained in the redwoods by fallen trees, the result of the storm.

The Washington correspondent of The Chicago Evening Post has this announcement: It is now a settled fact that the President will take an overland trip to California in the Spring after Congress adjourns.

Some Chicago capitalists have bought the Santa Barbara mineral springs, with a view of making them a fashionable resort for invalids from the Eastern States.

THE COMING ELECTION.

Under the existing law the present Congress will expire to-day, March, 4th, and the next will commence on the day following. The terms of Axtell, Sargent, and Johnson, close with the present Congress, and this State will be without a Representative in the House from the 4th of March to December.

The next election will be held on the 6th of September, and already the newspapers and politicians are naming persons for the various positions to be filled. A full set of State officers, four Congressmen, and twenty-one State Senators are to be chosen. In addition to the foregoing, complete sets of county officers are to be elected throughout the State. Upon the Legislature will devolve the duty of redistricting the State for Congressmen, and State Senators and Assemblymen, on the basis of the census recently taken. The Legislature will also elect a United States Senator in place of Cole, whose term expires March 4th 1873.

In view of the number and grade of the officers to be chosen, and the business that will certainly come before the Legislature, the election will be the most important that has ever been held in the State, except during the period of the rebellion. The apportionment of Congressmen and members of the Legislature is a matter of much consequence. Whichever party wins the fight will have it in its power to so gerrymander the districts as to place their opponents at a great disadvantage in future elections. This circumstance, and the election of a United States Senator, invests the contest for the Legislature with unusual interest. The great importance of the election will create a lively interest in the result, and it is probable that the canvass will be a most animated and exciting one, and draw out a full vote.

MAIL MATTERS.

Our readers are probably not aware of the fact that the advantage of a semi-weekly mail which we now enjoy is likely to be lost to us, and instead of an advance in this very material interest, there is a strong probability of a step backward. We learn that Mr. Dexter's application for pay for the extra service above a weekly mail has been refused by the Department, so that our additional mail is due entirely to private enterprise. In the refusal to grant this service we feel as though the people of this section of the state have been unjustly treated. Since Mr. Dexter submitted bids to bring us a semi-weekly mail, contracts have been let to furnish Tulare county with a daily mail. While we rejoice at the good fortune of the people of that section, we consider our right to an equal share of government notice and patronage just as good as theirs, but instead of receiving as much we are denied even as much as a sixth. We do not understand the reason for such unjust discrimination; we only know such are the facts. Now, what is to be done? The passenger traffic will not justify the expense of running two stages per week, while pay is allowed for but one. We need at least two mails each week. In order to keep the two stages running, it is to the interest and therefore the duty, of every person in this section, to bestow patronage accordingly, and especially, as nine-tenths of all the mail matter for this county, even that from the southern part of the State, comes by the northern route.

WANTS US ALL TO COME.

The Nevada Legislature, last week, passed a concurrent resolution requesting the State of California to cede to Nevada all of her territory lying east of the Sierras. This would take Inyo, Mono, part of Alpine and Lassen counties. Besides these, they want Owyhee county from Idaho and a goodly portion of Brigham's dominions. In fact, Nevada wants to spread herself generally, and while trying to do so there is no good reason why she should not cover all the rocks and arid plains enclosed between the Rocky Mountains and Sierra Nevadas for eastern and western boundaries, with the northern and southern marked respectively by the Columbia and Colorado rivers. These lines would afford good natural facilities for fencing against further inroads of reckless people bound to rush into the State of Nevada, only to be starved to death through taxation. This suggestion we submit to the consideration of the same committee that reported the "Grub Bill."

Jas. S. Mooney of Mono county is a Democratic candidate for State Controller at the next election.

REDEEM THE WASTE PLACES.

The House having met as in Committee of the Whole for debate—

Mr. AXTELL. My friend from Arizona [Mr. McCormick] has kindly given me a few moments of his time that I may submit some brief remarks in the line of those which he himself proposes to make, in relation to the great region of country which he in part represents, the vast wastes of land lying west of the Mississippi; a vast territory, larger than the old thirteen States, embracing nearly two-thirds of all the United States lying west of the Mississippi river, but now in the condition so beautifully described by Tennyson when he speaks of—

"A waste land in which no man comes,
Or has come since the making of the world.",

A land roamed over by Indians, inaccessible, given up to desolation. A land embracing vast stretches of country, to travel through which, even by railroad, occupies days and nights. A land spreading out so extensively as to suggest to the observer the idea of boundlessness.

In that vast country there are but few navigable rivers, the natural highways of men; there are but few fertile and wooded plains abounding in all the necessaries of life. Many of them embrace large tracts of desolate country; and it seems to me a self-evident proposition that the individual actual settler never can occupy this domain, never can redeem it and bring it into civilization, except by Government aid. I regret that gentlemen residing in cities, surrounded by all the comforts and luxuries of life, look with so cold an eye and so unsympathizing a heart upon the territories and the new land west of the Mississippi. Men of the older States, where the land has been brought under cultivation—where the soil has been not only rendered habitable by those who have heretofore settled it, but has been transmitted to their sons as the very garden of the world—look coldly and unsympathizingly upon this vast territory west of the Mississippi.

It is true that the Government has built us one railroad—no more for us than for you, because whatever develops and civilizes a country, whatever helps to transport troops and munitions, to carry Government agents and officials, is a public necessity. The Government has assisted in building one railroad; but allow me to ask, how far must a man who lives in Texas travel in order to reach Omaha for the purpose of taking the Pacific railroad? What answer is it to a man living in Illinois and desiring railroad facilities to tell him there is a road in Tennessee? What satisfaction is it to a man living in Washington to be told that there is a railroad in Ohio? Can it be pretended that one line of railroad across the continent is all the aid that that country needs for development?

I have sought the floor on this occasion to state here before the country my conviction that the Government of the United States, in placing itself in hostility to the Pacific railroad and its interests, in manifesting an unfriendly disposition toward it, now in its infancy, before there has grown up along the road trade by which it can be maintained, has committed a mistake. The road should be kindly dealt with and fostered. By and by trade will grow up. Already mines are being developed. Many loads of the precious ores brought from the mountains are not only enriching commerce but aiding to sustain the road. If we will extend our kindly sympathy to this road, if we will enlarge instead of withdrawing the privileges heretofore granted, if, we build up its securities and make them strong in the markets of the world, rather than show an unfriendly disposition, we shall thereby foster that which is our own, that in which the whole people have an interest.

Allow me to say that it is a mistake to assert that railroad men are monopolists of the public lands. I know that they are the most active and earnest agents in securing the sale of the public lands for settlement and in promoting immigration. The lands are valueless to the railroads until they are settled. It is futile to talk about men holding, for an indefinite period, large bodies of unproductive public domain, subject all the time to taxation. The alternate sections along the railroads are always reserved by the Government for actual settlers; and whenever settlement has grown up to any extent, the lands held by non-residents, being taxed, become worse than unproductive; become actually a dead loss.

All railroad men desire that land shall be sold and settled at once. A railroad gives a man settling along the line facilities which he could not otherwise have. It affords the means of travel, and encourages the settler to come and settle upon the adjacent lands. These railroad enterprises give long time in the sale of their lands. They are earnestly and anxiously building up the means to make business for their roads.

Why, sir, a railroad into Arizona will have more influence in subduing the Indians you will presently hear about from my friend, the Delegate from that Territory [Mr. McCormick] than all the troops you may send there; and either the Government must build it by money taken from the Treasury or it must build it by donations of land. And allow me to say, sir, if one half of the public domain was given to *bona fide* companies would build good roads, with a supervision over fares which we can always exercise, this one-half of the public domain would not be given away. It is there, and will always remain there. It is one half of the public domain redeemed from the wilderness and given to civilization, one half brought out from a howing and a useless waste, which it is now, and made the homes of civilized men.

Now, Speaker, there are two systems in this country in relation to railroads, and one is to let the settler struggle with all his difficulties, to let the first generation of men die out, killed off by the Indians, to let the second generation raise themselves up and break their hearts packing over the mountains to get outside toward civilization, so that then the third and fourth generations will be able to build the roads themselves. That is the difficulty with the actual settlers. Will some of my agrarian friends, who are the loud mouthed advocates of actual settlers here, tell me what kind of a settler a man is who is not an actual settler? What is to prevent a man settling any where he likes upon the public lands? I should like to see some of these men who are located in the older States, and who talk so much about actual settlers, compelled to drive a mule team one hundred miles across the plains and settle down upon the public lands. Who steps any man from settling there? What kind of a settler is an actual settler? There is no land in all that far western section of country belonging to the government which is not open to settlement; but you cannot get a man to settle twenty miles away from a railroad; and the consequence is that all the rest of public domain away from the lines of railroads is given up to Indian depredations.

Then again, Mr. Speaker, we hear a great deal about monopolies. I desire to say, and it is a great weakness with Californians to talk about their own State, that there are men in that State who will put the sickle this year into 30,000 acres in wheat. Single individuals there have 30,000 acres in wheat. One man there, a friend of mine, has 100,000 acres of land under cultivation. One man there is the owner of over 100,000 head of cattle, and I have ridden over his plains twenty miles in one direction. Gentlemen talk of monopolies. The railroads are not the monopolies of the public lands. College scrip, school scrip, and the one hundred and one donations of the public land for which you have given land warrants, have been the foundation of land monopolies. Those warrants have been laid all over the country out there, so that you have made it impossible upon those bodies of the public land for settlers to go and settle upon them. The consequence is that you have kept our great State, larger than all New England, Pennsylvania, New York, and New Jersey, with only some four or five hundred thousand inhabitants. My friend from Illinois does not want railroads out there, because they will take from New York and the other older States some portion of their population, which we so much need. I give warning to all these gentlemen that they cannot dragoon us into supporting a policy which retains population in the great cities and in the great States. We are determined to have these railroads. We of the new States are determined, by the aid of these railroads, to bring in population and subdue the wild Indians who are devastating our frontiers.

Mr. Speaker, in the few moments allowed to me by my friend from Indiana I propose to speak of our public land policy, and to illustrate it by facts drawn principally from my own State. California is seven hundred miles in length, lying upon the seacoast, with an average breadth of two hundred miles, and contains over 120,000,000 acres of land, of which only 32,000,000 have been surveyed. Excluding the area granted by the General Government for different purposes, also the surface covered by Spanish and Mexican titles, and the quantities embraced in sales and locations, there yet remain 100,070,177 acres of public land within the limits of the State liable to disposal.

These facts I obtain from the report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office for 1870. Although the State possesses unequaled attractions, and has been known to Europeans and colonized for over one hundred years, it has to-day only about six hundred thousand inhabitants. What has retarded her growth and settlement, and what will increase her prosperity, are questions proper to be discussed here and elsewhere, not in the interest of California alone, but in the interest of the whole Union. We have upon our long line of sea-board but one principal port, San Francisco, and we have but few navigable rivers, and these immediately contiguous to this port. From the coast to the interior there are none. It seems self-evident that we must supply these deficiencies of nature by works of art. Upon the coast we must create harbors; we must bring the interior to the sea by railroads.

Again: California has no seasonable rains. Drought is her calamity. This we must overcome by a system of irrigation. Our water-sheds are numerous, our lakes and streams abundant. The water economized by reservoirs and distributed by a system of irrigating canals would not only fertilize the soil, but clothe the country in perpetual verdure. The outlets of mountain lakes can be walled up, and thus inexhaustible supplies of water saved from the Winter rains to refresh the thirsty plants in summer and fill the arid valleys with smiling plenty. Vast mountains of rebellious ores lie distant from the sea in regions destitute of coal and timber. The works for smelting and handling these must necessarily be upon the sea-board.

I subjoin and will print in The Globe, with the permission of the House, some facts upon this point. Let it suffice to say here that we require governmental aid to improve our harbors; we require aid to construct a railroad on the thirty-second parallel to San Diego, and thence, via. Los Angeles, to San Francisco; we require aid to construct reservoirs and irrigating-canals in various parts of the State, both in the great valleys and in the mining counties, and to build railroads into all the great agricultural valleys; and we require and are determined to have public men who will favor all such great public measures.

FACTS ABOUT BULLION MINES

And the commerce of Wilmington. Los Angeles county, California, the nearest port to the Cerro Gordo bullion mines, situated some two hundred and seventy-five miles in the interior, all of this bullion being at present hauled to the coast by mule teams, there being but twenty miles of railroad at present in all that country. To show the capacity of this country, its varied productions and its various wants, I will read an extract from The San Francisco Bulletin of January 10, 1871:

"LOS ANGELES, January 9.

"The business transacted by the Los Angeles and San Pedro railroad for the past year, which gives a near approximation to the whole business of this district, is aggregated as follows: exports, 7,050 tons, including 283,000 gallons of wines and brandy; 7,000 bales wool; 25,000 sacks corn, barley, and rye; 15,000 boxes oranges and lemons; 6,000 hides; 2,000,000 pounds bullion. Imports, 19,600 tons, exclusive of 6,000,000 feet of lumber. One hundred and forty-seven steamships and fifty-six sailing vessels came to the port of San Pedro during the year."

This two millions of bullion was hauled a distance of over two hundred and seventy-five miles by mule teams. I wish every man who opposes railroads was compelled to drive one trip. And this port of Wilmington, the natural outlet of this vast wealth, although capable for a small sum of being made a safe and commodious harbor, has never recieved one dollar of Government aid. A railroad over these two hundred and seventy-five miles, from the port of Wilmington, in Los Angeles county, to these rich regions of argentiferous galena, would be a great national blessing, for whatever benefits whole communities and develops the resources of a country is a national work. I quote in this connection a portion of a memorial addressed to this House by the citizens of Los Angeles:

Local means are insufficient and private enterprise inadequate to accomplish the whole design. Passing east and north from San Bernardino, the route enters on a region nearly devoid of white population, but notoriously rich in minerals. Reports of the resources of some of the districts, we respectfully submit herewith, with such statistical information as the newness of the country and the meagreness of material allow. Large portions of this region are almost made of cheap ores, the working of which, the present expense of transportation, supplemented in some measure by the exposure to Indian outrage on life and property, prevents, even under existing disadvantages, permitting the working of the richest leads only. The trade from Wilmington to Owens River, via. Los Angeles, gives constant employment to fifty ten and twelve mule teams between the two last named points, over a heavy, difficult road of a length of about two hundred and seventy-five miles, and the weight of the bullion transported—for even the richest ore would pay little if transported in its crude state—largely exceeds that of the supplies furnished. This Owens lake country the proposed branch will open, while the trunk will redeem from worthlessness to richness the northern parts of Arizona and of San Bernardino county and southern Nevada.

Although to reach and bring to light the mineral wealth of these regions is the principal object in extending the road thither, they are not without agricultural resources also. They are not a desert without oases, good soil and water appearing in places, not always in sufficient extent and frequency to permit agricultural export, but certainly enough to insure a large source of home supply and greatly reducing the expenses of mining, to extensively enlarge thereby the number of profitable leads.

Your honorable bodies need no reminder to consider the national advantages following any increased facilities to the military service in its operations in a region most of which is still virtually in possession of the aborigines.

It is not intended nor required, nor would the expense of material and its transportation warrant that this work should be of the heavy class necessary for the transcontinental road, but is proposed to be a substantial narrow guage track, such as have already gained an established reputation for efficiency in Europe and the Atlantic States, and of a capacity ample for the required service, even on the most extravagant estimate. This class of road has of late been frequently noticed with high commendations in scientific prints, and in England, especially, is coming into extensive use for the carriage of coals and ores, precisely the service for which this project is principally advanced.

This, in brief, is the plan of the undertaking, and such the benefits to be expected from its accomplishment, which, with the subjoined reports, &c., we respectfully submit, praying the careful consideration thereof by your honorable bodies, and such congressional subsidy as on such consideration the beneficial results of the enterprise will, we are assured, abundantly appear to deserve.

The State of California is greater in extent than the whole of New England, New York, and Pennsylvania combined. The only question is, how can we render this domain productive? No one dreams of parting with it; all desire to make it available. Do you propose to hold it for the simple purpose of realizing $1 25 an acre from its sale, leaving all its millions of precious wealth undeveloped? Would you do this if it was your own private estate? or do you reserve it for the actual settler, or to remain, as it has for thousands of years, a lair for the coyote and Digger? I say extend your lines of survey over it at once, that each man may clearly know the boundary of his land; give one half of it in alternate sections to any responsible railroad company who will build a good road, restricting them in their charters to reasonable fares, to be regulated from time to time by Congress; give liberally in alternate sections to all companies who will construct reservoirs and canals, binding them in their charters to sell the water at reasonable prices without favor or discrimination; and sell the balance of the lands to the highest bidders for cash and thus encourage settlement and development, redeem this land from desolation, and give it away to settlement.

Can any man devise any better plan to do this than by giving a portion of these lands, which have remained idle and unproductive since the flood, to create a fund with which these wild places can be brought under the dominion of man, redeemed from desolation, and compelled to pour their stores of wealth into the lap of commerce? How absurd sounds the assertion that the nation is parting with these lands, when we are simply bringing them under our practical dominion! The Government does not, can not part with this vast estate. Not a foot of soil has ever been given away or sold away from the Union. Our cities, with their princely palaces, our cultivated farms, as well as these arid, sterile, silver mountains, are all alike the property of the United States! all alike pledged, to the last dollar, for her support and her defense.

Nature gave these vast plains to solitude; let us redeem them and restore them to the dominion of man. She gave them to the coyote and the Digger; let us redeem them to civilization, and give them to the family, to the school-house, and the church. These lands are ours, and will remain ours as long as the stars shine in the sky, and gleam on our flag. Whether poor and unproductive as now, or rich with developed millions of smiling wealth, depends upon the policy we adopt, upon our wisdom to foster and develop, or upon our folly to delay and retard!

SADNESS AND ITS CURE.

WRITTEN FOR THE INDEPENDENT.

There are times when the soul feels weary of its earth struggles, and, childlike, seeks for rest and words of consolation from others. Sad, indeed, is the fate of those who have outlived the hearts that once beat responsive to their own, whose loved voices no more greet the ear, but lie silent and crushed beneath the cold clods of the valley; while they are forced to turn away from the world's cold gaze and hide their tears in solitude, leaning alone on the bosom of earth, with no eye to pity but that of the Infinite. How many Gethsemanes have never been recorded, and how many bitter tears rolled down unseen from faces doomed to suffer and to die! O the unrecorded agony of hearts, breaking with untold grief, with none to wait and watch with them in the dark hour of trial! Why are souls thus made to suffer, often for no other cause but fidelity to truth? Why are we thus made to drink the bitter cup of sorrow, and to be crucified even unto death, if it be not to purify and resurrect us unto a higher life?

The agonies of death are as nothing in comparison to these soul conflicts. Death then would be welcomed with joy, if it came unbidden; but to seek it is desertion from life's great battle, so we steel the heart and nerve the brain to conquer in the strife.

Reader, have you not, sometime in the pressure of some great grief or sudden bereavement, wished for death and longed for its coming as the tired laborer longs for the evening shadow?

Once in my life I thought of deserting life's battle; when, kneeling to pray my last, sad prayer, these words came to me almost audibly: "*go out into the sunshine.*" I arose and went out as if forced to obey. Wandering on, I finally sat down on the bank of a little rivulet, and its waters as they rushed merrily on their winding way inspired me with a love of life; and there came a little bird close by me and sung as if its heart was filled to bursting with joy and gratitude, and then these words came with a power I can never forget: "*Live for a purpose!*" And I then and there resolved, come what might, these two commandments I would ever obey, and never more think of giving up the struggle of life until I was called to lay its armor down by Him who called me to be and to do.

Since then I have passed through far severer trials, but have never despaired of better days to come.

And now I would say to those over whom dark clouds of sorrow and disappointed hopes may be hovering, these moments can not last forever; turn your faces to the sunlight and the shadows will fall behind you. Do not think that no one pities you, for every heart that has felt suffering sympathizes with you, either consciously or unconsciously; for it is a law, but little understood, that the moral atmosphere in which we live affects our happiness and mental condition as the temperature of the air we breathe affects our physical health and comfort, and there may be those, waiting only the changes time will bring, to help you bear your burdens. Live then for some noble purpose, for

"The best cure for human woes
Is industry below."

L. H.

Desperate Convict Fight.

The Gold Hill News of February 27, gives the subjoined, from which it will be seen that Charley Jones, formerly of this vicinity, distinguished himself.

Quite a desperate fight occured yesterday between some of the convicts in the State Prison, near Carson. Tom Hefferman, in for life, and Russell, in for five years, were the starters of the row. Russell attacked Hefferman with a butcher-knife, giving him two cuts in the arm and one severe and perhaps fatal one in the breast. Other convicts interfered, and more cutting and stabbing would have been done had it not been for Charley Jones, another convict, in for ten years, who when the affray was at its hight, rushed boldly into the crowd with a heavy iron poker, laying about with it freely on all sides, and effectually closing the battle in a very short time. It is said to have been a desperate bit of a fight while it lasted. Hefferman, it will be remembered, was one of the leaders of the break of December 1st, and got shot in the back. Russell was also concerned in the plot, but when the attempt and grand rush was made to escape, he failed to "stand in" and do his part. Hefferman has consequently held a deep grudge against him ever since, which finally culminated in the desperate affray above related. Hefferman's principal wound is a very bad one, and, as we have already stated, may terminate fatally.

—Four hundred women of the Illinois Normal School have sent a remonstrance to Washington against woman suffrage.

—The man who says he will suscribe anon, often proves to be a non-subsriber.

The Southern Pacific Railroad.

The Senate bill (passed last session) authorizing the construction of the Southern Pacific railroad, passed the House, February 22d, and with some amendments, goes back to the Senate for final action. There is no doubt but that it will become a law, if called up before the expiration of the present term. Following are the provisions of the bill as it came from the House:

It requires the corporators to meet in New York within ninety days, and open subscription books and organize a company, when $2,000,000 of the stock must be subscribed or $200,000 paid in. The capital of the company is limited to $50,000,000, unless Congress authorizes an increase. The purchase and consolidation of any existing railroad company on the route, with all their franchises and land grants, are authorized, although forbidden the the purchase of any competing line to the Pacific, and the right of purchase or acceptance of State or individual grants of land for the legitimate purposes of the company. It concedes the right of way for four [two hundred] hundred feet wide through the public lands forty acres of land wherever necessary for station purposes, together with twenty alternate sections per mile of public lands through the Territories, and ten sections per mile in California, granted to the company with the provision, that if the land is not sold within three years from the completion of the entire road, it shall be subject to settlement and pre-emption at not over $2 50 per acre. The construction bonds are secured by mortgage on the road, rolling stock and franchises, and the land bonds are secured by mortgage on the land grants authorized. The construction of the road to begin on both ends. Land patents will be issued on the completion of every twenty miles, and the entire road is to be finished in ten years. Only iron and steel rails manufactured from American ore, except that already purchased, are to be used. The Government is to have the use of the road on the same terms as private individuals and to have precedence in its service, and Congress has the right to fix the passenger and freight tariff, though it shall not exceed those of the Central and Union Pacific Railroads. Full liberty is given to other companies to connect and intersect with the Southern Pacific, and the latter is forbidden to discriminate in favor or against any such companies. The Directors of the company are forbidden all share or interest in contracts for the construction, equipment, or running the road, and any such existing contracts are annulled.

From Los Angeles.

From The Star of February 18th we take the following items:

We are gratified to learn that the rain fall of Friday night, and Saturday, extended over the entire county and that in several places the rain fall was greater than in this city, where facilities for irrigation enable us to dispense with it to a great extent.

We were shown, yesterday by Dr. Gelcich, a rifle ball made of pure silver, rounded by hammering (not moulded), which was extracted by him from the body of a man wounded by the Apaches in Arizona.

On Friday evening, a water spout broke, on the mountains, at the Soquel canyon, near Santa Ana, while a heavy shower was falling in that vicinity. The water suddenly flooded the canyon three or four feet deep, and emptied out on the plain, flooding a large portion of the country. Singular to say snow fell at the same time on the low hills, while the tops of the mountains remained free from the white robe. The waters in the canyon subsided as suddenly as they came, and the snow remained on the ground long enough to have its remarkable presence noted.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC NOTICE.

THE FREE AND ACCEPTED MASONS RESIDING in the vicinity of Independence are requested to meet at E. H. VAN DeCAR'S OFFICE, on SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 4TH, 1871, to consider the propriety of organizing a Lodge at this place.

E. H. VAN DeCAR,
J. WHITE,
n32 tf W. G. SQUIRES.

LONE PINE
Pioneer Saloon,

C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments, cigars, etc. An Eating Stand in connection. Residents, sojourners or any other man are invited to call and sample. mr4n36y1

MILLER & CO.
WOOL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS

10 DAVIS STREET,

San Francisco.

DOING BUSINESS EXCLUSIVELY ON COMMISSION. All Lots carefully examined before naming price to purchasers. Consignments insured and handled in wool rooms under our own supervision.

The Best Wool Sacks and Twine Furnished Consignors.

N. B.—Mark M. & Co. with your initial letters on each package.

Refer by permission to W. H. TILLINGHAST, Esq., Manager Bank of British Columbia; A. BLACK, Esq., President Pioneer Woolen Factory; Messrs. STEVENS, BAKER & Co., WELLMAN, PECK & Co., CASTLE BROS. mr4n36-4t

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, ON BEHALF OF THE owners of the "SANTA MARIA" mine, Cerro Gordo, Inyo County, California, gives notice that all depredations upon or removal of ores therefrom will be liable to the penalties of the laws against larceny, and to the payment of damages for any and all ores or other values taken without authority; and the public are cautioned against purchasing the said ores, on the line of the "Santa Maria," from sellers acting under false and fraudulent titles, rendering themselves receivers of stolen property. A. H. DORR.

February 21, 1869. n36 4t*

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between THOMAS MAY and B. P. TASKER has been dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to the firm are requested to settle immediately; either parties will sign in receipt, and all accounts will be paid upon presentation to Thomas May.

THOMAS MAY,
B. P. TASKER.

Thankful for the past patronage extended to the firm, the undersigned respectfully solicits a continuance of the same for his successor.

B. P. TASKER.

Independence, Cal., March 4, 1871. n36 4

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, March 4.....1861.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

✱✱✱ All advertisements to insure insertion in these columns must be handed in on or before 6 o'clock P. M., Friday.

The Capture of King.

"Bill" King, one of the two engaged in stealing the horses from Swansea, as reported upon last week, was captured at Roberts' station under the following singular circumstances: After the capture of his companion, Williams, the officers dispatched word to every body along the road to keep a lookout for King. Charley Begole and C. Mulkey had just returned to Lone Pine from a trip northward after the same men, and upon hearing of the whereabuts of King started out again almost immediately in pursuit. They found no difficulty in tracing him from the time he left Indian Wells—where he received a parting word from Passmore's shot gun—out into the mountains. They correctly surmised that he would soon be compelled to return to some point on the road for something to eat, but he had confiscated some biscuit at the Wells, and lasted longer than they thought for. However, they left a man to follow his trail over the hills and returned themselves to the road he would be most likely to take; and their search was rewarded by the discovery of his tracks, now on the road, and now away from it. Proceeding rapidly, they reached Roberts' station to learn that King had been captured, and was being taken to Havilah. It seems that he had entered the house of Roberts in the morning and got his breakfast. Knowing the man, Roberts, from the opposite side of the table, presented a shot gun and ordered him to surrender. King jerked his six-shooter and replied "these are my only terms!" Roberts pulled triggers, but both caps snapped. Dropping the gun, he instantly grappled King, in such a manner as to hold his arms down. In his efforts to use it, King fired his pistol, the ball taking effect in the fleshy part of his right leg, below the knee, ranging downward. But in the excitement his wound was unnoticed, and he kept up his efforts to shoot Roberts and effect his escape. While in the struggle Roberts called upon a squaw living with him to assist by using a knife, which she did not do, however, but helped her liege lord otherwise. The affair was singularly tetminated by a compromise, both parties agreeing to quit, and King starting off. After a time he found that he had been shot, and it was so painful that he returned and gave himself up as a prisoner to the Indian woman (Roberts being away). He then engaged a man with a wagon to take him to Havilah for treatment, paying $5 therefore, and was in the hands of the officers at that point when his pursuers arrived. Mr. Begole immediately returned, leaving Mr. Mulkey in charge of the man, who will probably reach Lone Pine with him to-day.

The DeArcy Case.

Our readers will remember that some two months since an advertisement was published charging Charles DeArcy with the theft of a pair of horses and a wagon, for the recovery of which and the apprehension of DeArcy a reward of $100 was offered. DeArcy went to Austin, where he first became aware of the charge against him and at once surrendered himself to the authorities at that place, from whom he was released by virtue of a writ of habeas corpus. He then returned to this county, where his family had continued to reside, but not without pursuit from officials and others on the route, who from posted descriptions were anxious for his capture. The team he was compelled to leave in Austin except one horse that he rode back. Immediately after his return he reported to Sheriff Elder at Lone Pine, who then took out a warrant and arrested him. The case was brought before Justice Gunnison of this place, P. Reddy, Esq., appearing for defendant, and Judge Van DeCar for the people. After full investigation of the facts in the case Mr. DeArcy was honorably acquitted, it appearing in evidence that he had made a bona fide purchase of the wagon from Mr. Llavki, the horses being his own. Mr. DeArcy feels the false position in which he has been placed in this matter, both in regard to his good repute in society and loss pecuniarily, in consequence whereof a slander suit will probably be commenced; therefore we refrain from further comment.

Nolle Prosequi.

Some two weeks since a couple of quartz operators, named respectively ——Tracy and ——Dowling, employed at the Swansea furnace, feeling the need of some slag with which to commence smelting ores out of a mine of their own located elsewhere, attempted to supply themselves by taking a mule load of broken pieces of bullion from the Swansea furnace. By some means, Mr. Darrow became aware of their intent and corralled them in the act of packing off the bullion. They were taken to Lone Pine and stood a trial on a charge of petit larceny and fined $50 each. Subsequent examination of the bullion proved it to be much more valuable than was first supposed, upon which, under the mistaken advice of a lawyer, they were re-arrested and brought before Justice Gunnison on a charge, this time, of grand larceny but for obvious reasons were at once discharged.

A Bad Field.

As a field for successful horse stealing Inyo county may be considered a failure. Numerous attempts have been made in the past few months to steal and get away with horses, but in every instance the operators have come to grief. Owing to the peculiar "lay of the land" and the sleuth-hound tenacity of some of our officials and private individuals, horse theives have no comfort whatever. We offer them this advice gratis: If bent on leaving us take Walker's Line in preference to another man's horse, or otherwise go to work like honest men; furnace orders are better than soup tickets in San Quentin.

An Extensive Work.

The contract for cutting the canal to conduct water to the Eclipse mill has been awarded to Jas. White, Jackson & Co., who broke ground Thursday last. The canal will be something over six miles in length, three feet deep and ten feet bottom width, with a carrying capacity of 3,000 inches. The head obtained will be about 36 feet, affording ample power for all the extensive machinery the company design using.

Wool.

We desire to direct the attention of farmers and sheep raisers to the card of Miller & Co., of 10 Davis street, San Francisco. We know that these parties do a square, liberal business, and have facilities for procuring the very highest prices for wool consigned them. Sheep raising is carried on here to some extent, and the shipment of wool to San Francisco would doubtless prove profitable.

Lone Pine Saloon.

The ever popular Charley Begole, of Lone Pine, this week advertises the fact that he is duly prepared to furnish spiritual comforts to all those favoring his establishment with a call.

Hunt's Hunt.

Several weeks ago a Lone Pine correspondent gave the particulars of the hiring of a horse from the livery stable of I. W. Hunt, at Lone Pine, by a man named George E. Hutchinson, for the alleged purpose of going to Fergusons' Landing, and recording the fact that the said Hutchison thought it unnecessary to return him. This occurred on the 2d of February, and on the 4th, Mr. Hunt started out in pursuit, having learned that the man had gone northward on the other side of the river. Hunt started out, reaching Bishop Creek that night, and went from thence to Columbus, but to learn nothing of his man. Returning to Hot Spings and Bishop Creek, he struck out northwest to Mono Lake and Aurora, and again back to Hot Springs. Here he ascertained that the horse had been taken from the thief by McBride, Holmes and Rhoades, at Rhoades' Salt marsh. After constant riding for nearly two weeks, this would have decided most men to let the thief go and return with the horse—but not so with Mr. Hunt, for he was determined upon his capture, and went on to Gillis' Springs and then back to the Salt marsh. Found here that Hutchinson had gone by way of Cloverdale to Belmont, and immediatly started, reaching Belmont on the 21st, having passed his man on the road with a hay-team belonging to Bill Farrington. Mr. Hunt upon reaching that point immediately sought Under Sheriff Flagler, and made known to him his business and the circumstances. From this gentleman, Sheriff Stein and the watchman at the jail, Mr. Hunt recieved every assistance in their power, and expresses himself as under the greatest obligations to them. Upon Hutchison's arrival, the officers easily made him prisoner, and he was started on the back track two days afterward, interposing wordy objections all the time until ironed, when he concluded that he would accompany Mr. Hunt back. The persevevering pursuer arrived here on the 2d instant, having occupied a month's time in effecting the capture, and expending money to the value of two horses. Hutchinson was accompanied most of the time while on his tracks by a man named Stevens, alias "Cockeye," and seemed to have luck on his side all the way through.

Election of Officers.

The first regular semi-annual meeting of Independence Engine Co. No. 1 takes place at the Sazarac Saloon next Monday night. The officers are to be elected for the ensuing term of six months, and as an apparatus will doubtless be received during that time, it is a matter of some importance as to the selections made: and members should be in attendance.

Murder in Lone Pine.

On last Thursday a couple of Chinamen had a difficulty in Lone Pine, in the course of which one named Tu Hop drew a revolver and shot the other through the heart, killing him instantly. He then made his escape. Parties are in pursuit of the murderer, and there is little doubt of his capture.

Crowded Out.

The proceedings of an important meeting of the Board of Supervisors will appear next week. An article from an esteemed contributor is also delayed by reason of the crowd on our columns. The Independent has not exactly a "new dress," this week but its other clothes on, anyway.

Masonic Meeting.

The members of the F. & A. M. residing in and around Independence will meet at the office of E. H. Van DeCar, at the Inyo House, this evening, pursuant to call published elsewhere.

To Deep Spring.

Mr. Dunlap to-day started over to the Deep Spring Valley country, having received information leading him to think that the murderer Buckskin is in that region.

SPECIFIC TERMS OF PEACE

We take the following from The Daily Union of February 25th:

Thiers and Bismarck have signed the peace protocol submitted by Germany. The details that have reached us are as follows: France to cede Alsace and as much of Lorraine as includes Metz and Nancy on the western boundary, which covers nearly all the provence. France is also to pay a moneyed indemnity to cover the cost of the war of 320,000,000 thalers; and the German army recede from the proposition to make a triumphant entry into Paris—a threat which was probably more the suggestion of diplomacy than real intention, the abandonment of which may have induced the French to fall in with the substantial demands of Bismarck more readily than they would have done had it not been presented. Nothing has been said about holding any part of Champaign or any other department in military possession as security for the moneyed indemnity, and we infer the question has been abated. The indemnity is not a quarter as heavy as The London Times some weeks ago reported it. A German thaler (or one dollar) is equal to three English shillings and the English shilling is equal to 24 cents of our money. A thaser is therefore 72 American cents, and 320,000,000 thalers amount to $230,400,000 of our money. It has been repeatedly stated that the Germans would allow abatement equal to all the fines and contributions hitherto levied on the towns, cities and departments of France. Including the Paris levy these may aggregate nearly $50,000,000. In that case there would be but $180,000,000 left to be paid by the nation, half of which is likely to be exacted at once or in a few weeks, and for the other half they will have a credit of five years, to be paid in installments.

The Emperor of Germany leaves Versailles for Berlin on Monday, and in a short time the armies will follow him home, so that Paris will be left open to the National Assembly and the work of reorganizing the Government of France under a new constitution can proceed without menace or molestation or influence from foreigners. When the German army reachis the Moselle it will be at home—so much farther has the successful "Watch of the Rhine" moved their frontier westward. France is now confined within the limits of the nation 210 years ago, and Germany has got back her own with $230,000,000 some 700,000 stand of arms and several thousand cannon as interest. Of course the towns of Toul, Nancy, Strasbourg, Thionville, Metz, Phalsbourg etc., etc., will be occupied by German garrisons and made as strong as as military science and Moltke's genius can make them. Hereafter an invasion of Germany by France will be a more serious undertaking than it has been hitherto, since these strong fortresses will have to be reduced as the first step in a campaign.

—From all parts of the State we hear of welcome rain. Considerable damage has been done in many places by heavy gales. Some houses were blown down in San Francisco, Sacramento and Virginia City, Nevada. In the former place it is reported four men were killed by falling debris.

For the Week Ending Thursday, March 2, 1871.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT

DEDUCED FROM THREE DAILY OBSERVATIONS, AT CAMP INDEPENDENCE.

Latitude, 36 deg. 50 min. N. Longitude, 117 deg. 50 min. W. Altitude, 4,596 feet above the sea.

Camp Independence, Cal., March 2, 1871.

MONTH	DAYS	Thermometer dry bulb	Thermometer wet bulb	Thermometer self-registering max.	Thermometer self-registering min.	Barometer at 32°	Barometer corrected Fah.	Humidity 0—1	Cloud 0—10	Rain	Direction	No. of observat'ns	Sum of force	Winds
February & March	24	47	35	61	24	26.180	26.051	.364	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	25	45	32	64	22	26.245	26.206	.470	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	26	45	35	62	22	26.311	26.260	.404	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	27	45	35	62	25	26.195	26.148	.404	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	28	45	35	67	25	26.040	25.988	.473	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	29	49	38	69	23	25.969	25.902	.332	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	30	42	32.5	68	23	26.291	26.191	.426	.....	.....	N.W.	7	20	.....
MEAN		45.7	34.5	64.1	23.4	26.172	26.130	.426	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in Postoffice at Independence, March 4, 1871

Ashworth, M F	Boquin, Lewis
Napoleon Charpentier	Chany, L
Davenport, Mrs C	Foisy, A
Gootale, F M	Hunard, Paul
Jamison, Hiram	Koler, Benj
McCan, Jas	Rolper, Julius
Roberts, E	Shidey, Jackson
Whitmore, Chas	Walters, P L

J. B. ROWLEY, P. M.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Free Advertising. From family to family, from city to city, from State to State, the fame of Dr. Walker's Vegetable Vinegar Bitters as a specific for all derangement of the stomach bowels and liver, is continually extending. Every invalid who tries the great restorative, every individual won has ever witnessed its effect, becomes its spontaneous advertiser. Its voluntary missionaries are innumerable, and public enthusiasm in its favor spreads faster than a prarie fire.

LEGAL NOTICES.

DELINQUENT SALE.

SAN FELIPE MINING COMPANY—LOCATION, Corro Gordo, Inyo County, California. Notice—There are delinquent upon the following described stock on account of assessment levied on the Sixth (6th) day of January, 1871, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

Name.	Certificate. No.	Shares. No.	Amount.
Luthers, J B	21	15	$ 75 00
Ortez, C ledonio	19	10	50 00
Ricketson, John	20	10	50 00
Rickelson, de J C	22	13	65 00
Schmidt, Henry W	7	50	250 00
Wiss, Gustave	8	50	250 00
Wheeler, M Allison	4	50	250 00
Wheeler, M Allison	12	50	250 00
Wheeler, M Allison	13	50	250 00
Wheeler, M Allison	24	25	125 00
Wheeler, M Allison	25	25	125 00
Wheeler, Alfred	5	50	250 00
Wheeler, Alfred	6	50	250 00
Wheeler, Alfred	14	50	250 00
Wheeler, Alfred	15	50	250 00
Wheeler, Alfred	16	50	250 00
Wheeler, Alfred	17	50	250 00
Estate E A de la Mier, deceased (not issued)		100	500 00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Directors, made on the Sixth day of January, 1871, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary, will be sold at the office of the Company, Room No. 26 Hayward's Building, No. 419 California street, San Francisco, California, on TUESDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1871, at the hour of 1 o'clock, P. M. of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

D. A. JENNINGS, Secretary

Office—Room No. 26, Hayward's Building, 419 California street, San Francisco, California.

February 16, 1871. fe25:35 2t

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
February 13, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY "GENERAL FUND."

No.	In favor of	Amount
211	W L Moore	$119 00
210	S P Moffat	127 00
214	C D Begole	75 00
209	W A Greenley	150 00
213	P. Pierson	144 00

ON THE "ROAD" FUND.

151	Alexander & Chaquette	$100 00

I. HARRIS
County Treasurer.
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

fe18n34 4t

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned, of the firm of STECKER, MACKY & HART, engaged in the running of ting on Owens Lake, will not be responsible for any debts contracted by said Macky and Wm Hart.

v1n34 3t G STECKER.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD MOST RESPECTFULLY notify persons indebted to him in business contracted during the old year, that all accounts must be settled, either by cash or note, on account of a change made in my business from CREDIT to CASH, which took place on the 1st day of January, 1871. Am prepared to sell goods of all kinds lower than has ever been offered heretofore in this part of the country—for CASH, and CASH ONLY.

R. J. MORRISON,
ja21n30 6t Benton, Cal.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent.

JOHN KISPERT,
JOHN MEYER.

February 25th, 1871. fe25n35 4t

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old mottos of

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us, by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. 1:35:n3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,

FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,

Best Quality Crushed Sugar,

FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

BLANKETS,

Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRESS GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

HOSIERY,

PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Saddles and Bridles,

Hardware,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

GROCERIES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 14, 1871. fe18n34tf

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, December 3, 1870. n25-3m.

For Sale.

THE UEDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his arrastras at Fish Springs a

QUARTZ BREAKER,

As good as new, and will be sold very low.

Address or enquire of

fe18n34tf J. W. McMURRY, Fish Springs.

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 60 cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Dry Goods,

HARDWOOD,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES.

Crockery,

GLASSWARE.

Tin-Ware,

SADDLERY,

Farming Implements,

SHOE FINDINGS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,

Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Tapioca, Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Jams, Dried Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles, Extracts, Sauces, Codfish, Salmon, Mackerel, Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,

French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS

Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,

SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES

Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER

Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,

WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,

WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITTS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of

Glass and Crockery Ware,

Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

D. COHN & CO.

Independence, Cal, October 3, 1870. n13m

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, March 4.....1861.

Arizona News.

Added to the Indian horrors is that of an apparent determination of Mexican and other outlaws to plunder and assassinate the citizens along the Gila road from Arizona City, 150 miles eastward.

On December 24th, Mexican bandits massacred Charles Reidt, James Lytle, and Thomas Oliver at Mission Camp; sacked the station, stole six fine horses and escaped to Sonora and have not yet been captured, though the Government has offered $100 reward and citizens $500 more.

About the 2d inst., John Kilboid died from the effects of poison, believed to have been administered at the instance of a Mexican woman.

On the 20th ult. half a dozen more men were poisoned but survived, at Gila Bend. It was believed to have been the work of Thomas W. Jones, acting in concert with Mexican outlaws. Governer Safford promptly offered a reward for the capture of Jones, and twenty four hours thereafter he was taken within thirty miles of the Mexican line, whither he was trying to flee for safety

The Governor has also addressed a message to the Legislature requesting authority to place not to exceed 20 men in the field in such emergencies, to pursue, capture and return the desperadoes.

From The Tucson (Arizona) Citizen of February 7th we have the following:

January 2d Governor Safford sent an agent to Sonora in accordance with the statutes of Arizona, with a warrant and requisition for three Mexicans who murdered Reidt, Lytle and Oliver at the Mission Camp, December 24th. The right men were found and a formal demand made upon Governor Pesquiera of Sonora for them, and the demand was refused. This is an official endorsement of the murder of American citizens by Mexicans upon our soil by Mexican authorities, and the worst fears for the future are apprehended near our southern line and along the Gila river.

The Indians stole 110 head of cattle within five miles of Tucson last Saturday, 4th insant, and attacked hay-cutters near Pimo Reservation last week.

A bill will be introduced into our Legislature authorizing bonds to the amount of $200,000 to be used in suppressing Indian and other depredations. As the Territory is out of debt and cash in the treasury the bonds ought to sell readily, and it is believed they will be readily sold to our own citizens.

"I Taps This Bank."

An amusing instance of woman's pluck transpired in one of our saloons recently. The wife of a well known Irish resident, who at times indulges in a friendly game of draw poker, who on the occasion alluded to, was with several others enjoying his favorite pastime. The interesting moment had arrived when he was planting the "rocks" for fifty "better." Suddenly an apparition appeared in the person of the victim's better half. With a rush, she reached the table, cleaned it of the "pot," collared her husband, and with countenance red with anger, remarked; "I taps this bank. Yees is a purty lot of blacklegs, wastin' yer money on the divil's own poker, that might buy wud to kape yourselves and yer families warm while yees live—for the Lord knows yees won't go begging for fire after-ward. If I catches yees playin' wid my husband agin I'll poker ye!" She then "jumped the game" with her husband, and no doubt gave him a merited and model lecture after reaching home.—*Santa Cruz Times.*

Freemasonry in War.

During the memorable battle of Mars la Tour (the second day's battle at Metz) about 2 P. M., the third company of the 9th battalion of Prussian Rifles were ordered to dislodge the enemy from a copse of wood about 150 yards in front. The men advanced under a galling fire, which in less than two minutes cut down half of them. Notwithstanding, they advanced on a run with a hurrah! and reaching the wood, charged the French who were of the 64th regiment of the line, about two hnndred strong. Many were taken prisoners and the balance fled, save a company of thirteen, who stood their ground, got behind a large log, refusing to surrender and unable to get away. They were all cut down except three, one of them a corporal. Half dozen Prussians jumping over the log were about to bayonet them, when the corporal gave the "sign of distress." Instantly noncommissioned officer Bertram called out "Don't harm him, he is my *brother!*" and with his own rifle parried the bayonet aimed at his breast. The Frenchman was disarmed and led away, but his life was saved through the silent language of the Craft.—*Ex.*

Ramie Plant.

The Santa Clara Argus says: The Ramie Plant has been successfully cultivated at Hayward's, Alameda county, by Messrs. Meek & Finch who have established a nursery there. These gentlemen, we are informed, have already filled orders for thirty thousand cuttings, fifteen thousand of which were for various parts of California and the remainder for the Sandwich Islands. The plant will flourish in soil suitable for the growth of corn, and its cultivation is attended with less labor even than that product. We are assured that in suitable soil, the plant will yield three crops of fibre per year, of from nine hundred to one thousand two hundred pounds each, in the crude state worth in Europe from twenty-five to thirty-five cents per pound. This being true, there can be no doubt that its cultivation will richly reward those who embark in it.

—One-fourth of the globe is said to be granite.

MUSICAL.

PATENT ARION PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY THE ARION PIANO IS Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer,

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Evenness,

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration.

All go to prove what we claim, viz.: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT

Arion Pianos

ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE

American Conservatories of Music,

Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

It affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of defection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of Pianos, still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,
HENRY SHROEDER,
DIRECTOR.

New York, September 31, 1870.

AGENTS WANTED.

We want first class and responsible agents in every city and town where we have not already appointed them.

We Have Just Published

Our Annual Illustrated Pamphlet, which contains a full description of the interior construction of the PATENT ARION PIANO FORTE, and all the other leading Pianos of the principal makes; illustrated with cuts, thus contrasting the ARION with all other first class Pianos, and proving

WHY AND WHERE

Our Pianos are superior to any in the market.

Our pamphlet contains engravings of all the different styles of Instruments that we manufacture, giving a full description of each, so that a person can select the style they may desire to order, with the assurance that they will receive just as good a Piano as if they were in our warerooms to select it. We have sold over FIVE THOUSAND Pianos, many of them being shipped great distances, and we have never yet received the first complaint. As we give a written guarantee with every Piano we manufacture, for five years, the purchaser runs no risk.

☞ Don't fail to write for our pamphlet which we mail **free**, and when you write state what paper you saw this notice in.☜

N. B.—We caution the public from purchasing a cheap Piano which has recently been put in the market, bearing the name "Arion." All genuine Arion Pianos bear the name "Patent Arion," and can only be purchased from our New York Warerooms, or our authorized Agents throughout the United States.

All Kinds Of Musical Instruments Supplied.

ADDRESS THE

Arion Piano-Forte Co.

NO. 554 BROADWAY,

fe25n35m6 New York City.

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES,

Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tftc

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY,

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal. August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

INDEPENDENCE, LONE PINE AND CERRO GORDO

STAGE LINE.

CONNECTING WITH STAGES FROM RENO and Los Angeles, carrying Mail and Express.

TIME TABLE.

LEAVES INDEPENDENCE:
Tuesdays at 5 o'clock, A. M. Fridays at 5 A. M.
LEAVES LONE PINE:
Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock. A. M.
ARRIVES AT CERRO GORDO:
Tuesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock, P. M.
LEAVES CERRO GORDO:
Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 9 o'clock, A. M.
ARRIVES AT LONE PINE:
Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 12 o'clock, M.
ARRIVES AT INDEPENDENCE:
Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 5 o'clock P. M.

JOHN COLLISTER, Proprietor.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35-8m

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, August 8, 1870. n5-6m

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Saw Mill, Feb. 1, 1871. fc4n32-6m*

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

$5 TO $10 PER DAY. MEN WOMEN BOYS and GIRLS who engage in our new business make from **$5 to $10 per day** in their own localities. Full particulars and instructions sent free by mail. Those in need of permanent, profitable work, should address at once GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. fe9n333m

$250 A MONTH

CAN BE MADE BY ANY MAN OR WOMAN that can be silent. No risk and need not interfere with other business. Full information, etc., furnished on receipt of $1.50 in currency or postage stamps.

Address,

Postoffice Box 1925.

ja28n31tf San Francisco, California.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—WE ARE NOW prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of THE PEOPLE'S LITERARY COMPANION—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address

fe9n333m E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

CARPENTERING.

JOHN HECKEL,

Carpenter & Builder.

Independence, Cal.

PAYS PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO JOBBING and making estimates. Orders from the country attended to. n276m

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK, MASONS,

A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.

July 9, 1870. n1v13*

BOOTS & SHOES.

BOOTS & SHOES.

New Shoemaker Shop,

One door North of the Drug Store.

G. W. TODD. J. N. MALONE.

TODD & MALONE

ANNOUNCE TO THEIR FRIENDS AND THE public generally that they are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of BOOTS and SHOES, on the shortest notice, FOR CASH. The best of French material will be used.

☞ Repairing Neatly Executed.☜

n18tf

LIVERY STABLES.

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB,..... ....Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

Independence, Cal.,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n05-6m

EAGLE Livery and Feed STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those em, loying his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 23, 1870. jy30n4tf

STATIONERY.

☞Aurora News Depot.☜

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

☞Store in Post Office Building,☜

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

ART GALLERY.

PHOTOGRAPHS,

Ambrotypes

And Melainotypes.

Mr. L. D. WELSH,

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN HIS business in Independence, will be happy to meet the citizens of Inyo county at his rooms on Edwards Street, nearly opposite the Inyo House, where he is prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES and MELANOTYPES of every description.

Views taken of Buildings, Scenery, Mining claims, etc., at very moderate prices.

☞ Satisfaction Guaranteed.☜

n8a29tf

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

☞ ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.☜

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2 tf

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.

n2j; 163m

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions,

CLOTHING, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.,

At Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., Sept. 26, 1870. n12-3m

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

☞AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.☜

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

A. MACK,

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They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing the peculiar virtue of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and all the Visceral Organs.

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THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1871. NUMBER 37.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, March 11.....1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

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Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

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Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v1 3m

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THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

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Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

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—AND—

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PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

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Pioneer Saloon,

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KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments, cigars, etc. An Eating Stand in connection. Residents, sojourners or any other men are invited to call and sample. n4n36, 1

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WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

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PARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE. n13v23m

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HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8n29-3m

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Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

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ABRAHAM PARKER,

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Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

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Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

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Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

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Consul General on the Pacific Coast for Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Russia.

Established 1849.

ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,

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DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ESSENTIAL OILS, DYE STUFFS, And General Merchandise,

By the Package Only.

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Have goods plainly marked—

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WM. M. OSBORN.

Los Angeles, Feb. 18, 1871. v1n34n3

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WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

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Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

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Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE. ☜

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TO AURORA, CARSON, RENO AND SAN FRANCISCO, via. Central Pacific Railroad,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after this date stages will leave Independence for Aurora and intermediate points

Every Wednesday and Sunday, at 5 o'clock, A. M.,

Connecting at Benton with stages for Columbus and Silver Peak; connecting at Aurora with stage for Pine Grove, Genoa, Carson, Virginia and Reno; at Reno connection every day with trains of Central Pacific Railroad for Omaha and Chicago on the East, and Sacramento and San Francisco West. Returning, through connection made from Reno every MONDAY and FRIDAY morning, on the arrival of trains from San Francisco and Omaha.

Time 60 Hours Less, and 180 Miles Less Staging to San Francisco than by any other Route.

T. W. DEXTER, Agent.

Independence, Jan. 1, 1871. n26 2m6ly

FOR INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

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Fare to San Francisco.....$50.

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Visalia, Feb. 18, 1871. n1v34m3

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ARRIVES AT LONE PINE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 12 o'clock, M.

ARRIVES AT INDEPENDENCE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 5 o'clock P. M.

JOHN COLLISTER, Proprietor.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35 3m

"THE BURIAL OF SIR JOHN MOORE."—A FAVORITE POEM CRITICALLY ATTACKED.

A contributor to The London Athenæum, who signs himself "B. B. G," undertakes to prove that we are all wrong in admiring Wolfe's celebrated stanzas beginning "Not a drum was heard." He says: "Compared with the facts of the case, the first stanza, 'Not a drum was heard,' etc., is probably correct. There is, however, no evidence; there is no mention of the presence or absence of soldiers and military honors. The first line of the second stanza, 'We buried him darkly at dead of night,' is totally incorrect. The circumstances which immediately determined the time of the funeral occurred shortly before 8 o'clock. The decision was to be made, the minister of religion was to be invited, necessary arragements were to be made at the side of the grave, and the body was to be brought out. It was undoubtedly past 8 o'clock on the morning of January 17th when the funeral took place. The sun had risen at twenty five minutes past 7. The funeral, therefore, occurred in broad daylight. The second line, 'The sods with our bayonets turning,' is sheer nonsence; and it is gratuitous nonsense; an untouched town like Corunna and an untouched fortress like its citadel always abound with pickaxes and spades. The third line, 'By the struggling moonbeam's misty light,' is a poetical flourish. The moon was only one day old, and was invisible during the night of January 16th. The military historians advert pointedly to the darkness of the night. The fourth line is true (in regard to the digging of the grave).

"The first line of the fourth stanza asserts, 'Few and short were the prayers we said.' The whole funeral service of the English liturgy was read by the chaplain with the solemnities usual in England. The last stanza but one states 'But half of our heavy task was done when the clock told the hour of retiring.' The impression which these are intended to convey, as to the imperfection of the grave digging and the funeral, is totally incorrect. It is evident that at the time when the defeat of the French at every point was announced (which was before dark, or before 6 o'clock on the evening of January 16th), Sir John Moore's death was near. The discussion as to the place of his burial seems to have taken place very soon after he expired. It is probable, therefore, that the men were employed to dig the grave by 8 o'clock—at any rate long before midnight. The work proceeded uninterruptedly till nearly 8 on the morning of January 17th; it was executed by willing men, under the eye of officers who adored the late General; and the soil in which they worked was not the natural hard earth, but the made ground of an artificial rampart. It is probable, therefore, that the grave was very deep. In a work like digging a grave of somewhat indefinite character, a determining cause is sometimes wanted to decide the time of leaving off; and the stray cannon shots of the French afforded such a decision; but there is no apperance of hurry. I have already alluded to the deliberate and solemn character of the religious service. The British troops held undisturbed possession of the town till the morning or middle of January 18th, or between twenty and thirty hours after the actual funeral; and there would not have been the smallest difficulty in carrying the body for interment to England; but it was deemed an imperative duty to follow out Sir John Moore's known wishes as near as possible.

"It appears to me that this poem has obtained a celebrity very far beyond its merits.

"I will now explain the source of another poem on the same subject. Fifty or sixty years ago, when the provinces were much less closely connected with London than at present, and each county town was a real metropolis to its own neighborhood, it was customary for the principal booksellers in such towns to publish annual pocket-books, which, in addition to the proper contents of a calender, contained original enigmas, charades and general poetry, contributed by the publisher's friends. (It was in one of these, I think, that Thomas Moore's earliest poetry appeared.) The following poem was published in an Ipswich pocket-book; its date must have been about 1813. I give it from recollection, acquired without the effort of getting it by heart. It is possible that I have made small verbal mistakes, but there is no serious error:

THE BRITISH SOLDIERS PASSING THE RAMPARTS OF CORUNNA.

Pause, pause weary steed; now the day is declining,
And the sun gilds the western horizon afar;
As his last ray of glory is splendidly shining,
It beams on the grave of the pride of the war.

Oh, dear is the spot to the soldier's proud heart;
The grave of the General his bosom reveres;
No shame will a blush to his rough check impart
As he stops for awhile to bedew it with tears.

How glorious the days when we saw him surrounded
By his troops, whom he often to victory led!
How bitter the pang when we saw him fall wounded
And apparently serene, though in anguish he bled!

Unconquered the hero; the prospect of death,
Its torture, its agonies, firmly he bore;
His country, his friends, had his last dying breath,
And his heart beat for them till that heart beat no more.

One duty remained; the sad tribute was ours
To enshrine the dear sacred remains of the brave;
And while night doubly gloomy o'ershadowed the hours,
In silence, in sorrow, we dug him a grave.

At morning, amid the loud cannon's hoarse roar,
While revenge, sternly glowing, dried sorrow's sad tear,
Unconfined, unshrouded, the hero we bore:
And, wrapped in his mantle, we buried him here.

But, farewell, sacred spot! weary steed, pause no more;
From the grave of my General I slowly depart;
Though his ashes may rest on Spain's foreign shore,
His memory will still be embalmed in my heart.

"This poem contains nothing ridiculous and nothing inacurate, and its general tone is more pleasing to me than that of Wolfe's ballad."

At the North Pole.

Captain Hall, the Arctic explorer, in his recent lecture in New York, was reported thus: When he shall stand on the North Pole there is one thing which will trouble him how shall he keep his chronometer regulated; how shall he tell whether they are gaining or loosing? Every direction then will be south. There will be no north, no south, no east, no west. The north star will be directly over his head, or nearly so, and on the first day of March the sun will just appear above and go round and round, day by day, never rising or setting, but gradually attaining a greater altitude, until finally it will get to a height of 23½ degrees, and then gradually get lower, until on the 23d of September it will then disappear, to be seen no more for six months. What object can he site to regulate his chronometers? He has asked the question of the best talent in the country, and no man can answer him. In the winter of 1872, he will be where no sun can shine, but in a fine place for people fond of eating, for it will be dinner-time—always at twelve o'clock.

Greenland

Got the news of the probable outbreak of war between France and Prussia at the visit of an American ship, September 12th, and unless by accident, they will hear nothing further of the war until next Summer. That is almost the spot Cowper sighed for "where rumor of oppression or deceit shall never reach."

—Charles Lamb told Barry Cornwall, when they were once making up a dinner-party together, not to invite a certain lugubrious friend of theirs. "Because," said Charles, "he would cast a damper even over a funeral"

—A farmer of Sophia, New York, has a turkey that has laid one hundred eggs in a hundred days, never missing a day on account of sickness, or a circus in town, or any thing.

—A medidal journal estimates that the people of the United States pay one hundred and twenty-five million dollars yearly for physicians, services and medicines.

—A minister asked a tipsy fellow leaning up against a fence, where he expected to go when he died. "If I can't get along any better than I do now," he said, "I shan't go anywhere."

—Two daughters of Baron Anthony Rothschild are the authors of a work just published in London, called "The History and Literature of the Israelites," in two volumes.

—Ex Queen Isabella of Spain is now reported to have attained the weight of two hundred and thirty-eight pounds, with a growing tendency to enormous corpulence.

—It is not strange that Dio Lewis should be deeply impressed with the subject of health when his name is a perpetual invocation to his own funeral.

"O woman, in our hours of ease!
Uncertain, coy, and hard to please;
But seen too oft, familiar with her face,
We first endure, then pity, then embrace."

—A Paris correspondent writes that, since the siege, "the surviving cats are extremely shy, and no longer court on the roofs."

—"Mrs. Grimes, lend me your tub?" "Can't do it—all the hoops are off—it's full of suds; besides, I never had one, —I washes in a barrel."

—Sioux City has more marriages than any city of its size at the West, but they seldom last more than a month.

—In 1830 the United States had forty one miles of railroad. In 1871 there are fifty thousand miles.

—A kiss, says a French authoress, costs less and gives more pleasure than anything else in the world.

—When is the letter D most useful? When it turns rain into the drain.

—What is that which no one wishes to have and no one wishes to lose? A bald head.

—Railroads are aristocratic. They teach every man to know his own station and to stop there.

—Paradoxical as it may seem, people who are inclined to be fat are generally the least inclined to be so.

—The way to get round is to eat square meals.

—Nearly every South-American seaport has a horse-railroad.

—There is said to be a horse at Mount Vernon, Illinois, that is nearly fifty years old.

—It is estimated that nine inches of dry snow on the ground is equal to one inch of water.

—"Two heads are better than one," as the gentleman remarked to the celery.

—The number of poems composed in German on the war is said to amount to 6,000.

Los Angeles Items.

The following we clip from The News of February 25:

A lot of heavy machinery, destined for the Eclipse Mine, at Independence, Inyo county, is now at the railroad depot awaiting transportation by team to the mines.

Last week a man by the name of Nash was killed by an Indian, somewhere in the foothills near Portersville, Tulare county. It seems the Indian spilt his head open with an axe while asleep.

There is a probability that extensive sales of valuable mining property, situated in Yellow Pine district, will be effected in a few days. Negotiations are already pending between parties and the representatives of San Francisco capitalists, who desire to secure a foothold in so rich and promising a district.

On the last trip up of the William Taber the clerk's office was broken open and a drawer robbed of about $40 00. Thief not caught.

On the premises of Pio Dabilo, between Main and Alameda streets, in the upper part of the city, are growing several gigantic castor trees—they can scarcely be called plants, as two of them measure six feet in circumference at the base. They must be several years of age.

It is reported that one of Thompson's road steamers is to be tried on the route between this city and the Yellow Pine mining district, with a view to introducing that means of transportation if it can be made practicable. This engine has elsewhere proved a complete success and if it can be used here will result in material advantage to the country.

We hear from all parts of the county encouraging reports of the effects of the late rain, though coupled with significant wishes for another visitation of the same kind. The small grain, say old observers, is safe now, but the grass needs a little more. The lower lands are green and the higher struggling to put on their spring clothes.

On Thursday last, Dr. Nicolaus Herold, a German physician of San Bernardino, was killed by a German who had been a United States soldier, and recently discharged. We have not been informed of the particulars of the killing, but Dr. Herold was not a man likely to have commenced a deadly affray. He was esteemed skilful in his profession and was a leading member of the San Bernardino Turn Verein; he had himself at one time belonged to the United States army, and formerly to that of Prussia. The slayer fled in the direction of this city, and is described as a young man about 24 years of age, five feet seven inches in hight, light complexion and moustaches; he has a scar on his hand and speaks Spanish well. When last seen he had on gray pants, a soldier's jacket with dark buttons, black hat and heavy shoes. It is to be hoped that he may not be able to escape the vigilance of our officers. We are indebted to Sheriff Burns for the above information.

—An Arkansas planter, who has carefully noted the work of about sixty Chinamen, reports that they are better cotton pickers than the negroes, and that they are very industrious and obedient, and at the same time cleanly in their habits and persons. They work for fifteen dollars a month and board, and live principally on rice and molasses.

—The Chicago Tribune has started a sensible crusade for the simplification of legal forms. It claims on good authority that if legal papers simply said what they wanted to, and nothing more, $100,000 would be saved by the people of Illinois every year in the cost of recording them.

—The Atlanta Sun asks: "Why are we not to-day the richest people in the world?" The Louisville Journal presumes it is chiefly because there are other people in the world who have the advantage of us in point of property.

—The inquiry as to where all the pins go to, has been satisfactorily answered. The theory is, that they go into the ground and become terrapins, by the Darwinian process of development.

—Charles Lamp told Barry Cornwall when they were once making up a dinner-party together not to invite a certain lugubrious friend of thiers. "Because," said Charles, "he would cast a damper even over a funeral."

—A farmer in Scipo, New York, has a turkey that has laid one hundred eggs in one hundred days, never missing a day on account of sickness, or a circus in town, or anything.

—It is said that not less than $10,000 is sent every month from East Tennessee to the swindlers in New York who advertise to supply their dupes with counterfeit money.

—Don Piatt calls some of the Senators "featherless owls." "To who does this screecher apply the epithet?" asks The Chicago Post.

—Is it proof of an economical disposition, if a young lady indulges in tight lacing to prevent waist-fulness?

—Round dances are said to be going out of favor in England, the more dignified square dances resuming their sway.

—It is stated that more than two hundred students of the German universities have been killed during the war.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, March 11.....1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

RATIFICATION OF PEACE.

The European war is ended, and may considered as a thing of the past. Historians now begin the task of recording it for the enlightenment of ages to come. Like modern wars on the Continent, it has been short and decisive, entailing enormous losses of life and property, resulting in the defeat and dismemberment of what was rightly considered the first nation in the world. Ratifications of the treaty of peace were exchanged March 2d, and the Prussians evacuated the city the following day. The Parisians refused to fraternize in the smallest degree with the Germans, it requiring constant vigilance of the authorities to prevent open conflicts. The excitement was very great, the populace wreaking vegeance on several men and women who were seen communicating with German soldiers Owing to the haste in which peace matters were arranged, the German Emperor had no opportunity of entering Paris in person, at which Bismarck is much disappointed. Article 1 of the terms of peace specifies the line of demarcation. Article 2 provides that France will pay Germany five milliards francs, one milliard at least in 1871, and all the rest in the space of three years from ratification. Article 3 provides that evacuation is to commence on ratification of the treaty by the Assembly; that the German troops will then immediately quit Paris and the left bank of the Seine, and also the Departments of Cher, Indre, Loire and Seine Inferieure. The French troops will remain behind the Loire till signing of the definite treaty of peace, except those in Paris, where the Government is not to have exceeding forty thousand troops; the Germans to evacuate the right bank of the Seine gradually after the signing of the definite treaty and payment of half a milliard francs. After the payment of two miliards the Germans will only hold the Departments of Marne, Ardennes, Meuse, Vosges, Meurthe and Belfort. After the payment of three milliards the Germans will only keep 50,000 troops in France; but if a sufficient money guarantee be given, the Germans will evacuate completely at once. Otherwise three milliards will carry interest at five per cent. from the ratification of the treaty. Article 4 provides that the German troops shall make no further requisitions; that the French Government will find food for the army of occupation in the ceded Departments; that favorable arrangements be made with the inhabitants. that time be given them to move if they please, and that no obstacle be placed in the way of emigration. Article 6 provides that all prisoners shall be immediately liberated on the ratification of the treaty, and French railways will lend carriages and engines at the same prices as to the French Government. Article 7 provides that the treaty shall be definitely signed at Brussels immediately after the ratification. Article 8 provides that after the ratification the management of all Departments occupied will be handed over to French officials, subject to German commanders and in the interest of German troops. Article 9 provides that it be well understood that the Germans have no authority over the Departments not occupied by them.

Ports of Delivery.

On motion of Axtell the Senate bill to create ports of delivery at Eureka and Wilmington, was taken up and passed by the House March 3d.

Fatal Accident.

William Hannan was killed March 1st by a small cave that occurred in the Succor mine, near Gold Hill, Nevada.

Adjourned.

The Nevada Legislature adjourned *sine die* at midnight March 4th, leaving a large amount of important business on hand.

Railroads.

Illinois has more miles of railroads than any other State, but the cost of her roads and equipments was less than of those in Pennsylvania.

Terrible.

Florence Nightingale pronounces the desolation in Paris to be "the most appalling distress this century has seen."

THE SACRAMENTO UNION AND THE RAILROAD QUESTION.

Senator Stewart has assumed the role of special pleader in the interest of the Pacific railroad, and as such, has used all his powers in an effort to induce the Government to forego accrued and accruing interest on the Central and Union Pacific railroad bonds. Against this and similar robbing schemes The Union is making a gallant fight. That journal has become a power in the land, because it has uniformly been the champion of the people versus thieving corporations. According to The Union, should Congress accede to Stewart's desire not to compel the owners of the Pacific road to pay the interest on their second mortgage bonds as it falls due from year to year, the people of the United States must be taxed about $3,600,000 a year to pay it, and the companies, receiving a credit for that amount for 30 years (when the bonds fall due), will at the end of that time be in debt to the people about $60,000,000 on the bonds and $108,000,000 for accumulated interest; in all, making due allowance for possible deductions, not less than $156,000,000. As this is at least $56,000,000 more than the whole road will then be worth, and as the first mortgage bonds (held chiefly by members of the two companies) must be paid before the Government can touch the road for a dollar, Stewart knows very well the $156,000,000 will be a total loss to the people of the United States, unless it is paid gradually by the annual instalments insisted on by the Attorney-General and the Secretary of the Treasury.

The views advocated by The Union in regard to cash subsidies to railroads, we believe to be sound policy and good sense, and to that extent in the present issue before the people, we fully endorse them; but beyond this we do not go. We have ever held the belief, as we do now, that no better use can be made of the public domain than in giving a fair proportion in aid of railroads and other enterpises of like nature. We have not the space for argument in support of this belief at this time, except briefly to notice a statement by The Union in reference to Pacific railroad monopoly in lands. In this statement it is asserted that the value of the 23,000,000 acres given to that road is not, at the lowest estimate, less than $28,500,000, and at the Government price for the alternate sections, $57,000,000. From a pretty intimate knowledge of these lands from one end of the road to the other, we do not believe one-fourth of the smallest of the two sums named will be realized in the next half century if ever. On the line of this road for a distance of about 1,600 miles, it is only here and there at long intervals that a piece of good land, large enough for an ordinary farm, can be found that will sell for any price, by far the greater portion being perfectly valueless. Even if these were not all on the market, a monopoly based on the ownership of such lands would amount to nothing. But independent of this, the people of the United States have done enough for these railroad men, without submitting to the additional imposition required by their attorney, which would amount to the free gift of $60,000,000, pay the interest on it the rate of $3,600,000 per annum for 30 years, besides the 23,000,000 acres of land, whatever it may be worth. We, in common with all Californians, take pride in the courage and energy of the men who originated and pushed to completion this great undertaking, but we, in common with The Sacramento Union and the great majority of the people of this State, feel that the grasping, selfish policy pursued by these same men has long since reached a limit in our obligations. Though a small thing of itself, the nature of the management of this institution is shown in the fact, that at the first intimation of a cross purpose on the part of the newspaper that done more in support of the enterprise at the start than all others combined, it was rigidly excluded from their trains. These men could have hit upon no better plan to advertise their pitiful management.

To Pre-emptors.

In another column of this paper will be found a very important circular, explanatory of the act concerning pre-emptions, passed July 30, 1870, a copy of which we published February 18. As all the lands in this district are of the "unoffered" class, and mostly held under pre-emption, settlers will do well to read this circular carefully and govern themselves accordingly, as in eighteen months from date of pre-emption or twenty-one months after notice of settlement, pre-emptors must prove up and pay for their lands, or they will be restored to private entry. In the latter case the land is subject to purchase by the highest bidder, without regard to possessory or pre-emption titles.

CHRONICLES A DISCOVERY.

A gold-bearing quartz ledge has been discovered near Independence, Inyo county, Cal.—*Virginia City Enterprise, March 1st.*

You don't say so! You are an erudite and observing editor, to make mention of the singular discovery of "a gold-bearing quartz ledge near Independence," and deserve distinction for being a Bohemian of remarkale appreciation of events and for knowing the eternal fitness of properly recording them. Now, is the discovery of one mine so wonderful a thing as to attract special attention, when our ledges are numbered by thousands? Man's knowledge of the natural resources and wonders of this country is limited, yet we might speak of a few things known to us of which you rest in blissful ignorance. First in importance to our mining community are rich gold and silver ledges in every known mountain range in the county. Through a dozen mining districts contiguous to the valley these metals are found in usual conditions. Cerro Gordo has Buena Vista mountain, with its huge interior filled with argentiferous galena. Within ten miles of this place two enormous ledges of the finest iron ore await capital and a railroad. In this county is situated the highest land in the United States, with summit and slopes covered with unlimited quantities of timber. Pass down our fertile valley and you will reach a dead sea, covering 125 square miles, the waters of which are so mineral-charged that in them life can not exist, which absorbs the pure water of the scores of mill-streams that drain a hundred miles of the Sierra Nevadas. Just across the Inyo mountains is a valley of the purest crystal salt, 20,000 acres glistening in the sun like a sea of diamonds. Why, down in the southern portion of the county is a place where hell itself crops out. Hissing flames sweep over its surface, the surrounding ground gives way to the feet and gaps for the venturer, while foul oders of burning brimstone drive the intruder hence.

Next time say something worth while when you want to speak of this country!

PASSED.

The bill authorizing the construction of the Southern Pacific Railroad has passed both Houses of Congress, and now only requires the President's signature to become a law. The title of the road is changed and it will hereafter be known as the Texas Pacific Railroad. Two amendments have been added to the bill, providing for the construction of two branch roads, on the same terms as the main trunk; one to be known as the New Orleans Branch, the other as the Southern Pacific of California, connecting with the main line at Fort Yuma, thence via. Los Angeles and Tehachepi Pass to the San Joaquin. With a road completed through that Pass we may hopefully look for a branch to this region in a very short time. On receipt of the news the people of San Diego had a grand procession and speech making jollification, and well they might.

COUNTERFEITS.

Some weeks since a gentleman of this county handed us a copy of one of those swindling electrotype letters, issued by one John F. Hamilton, of New York. We noticed it at the time, in an article headed "Confidential." Since that date several other parties here have received fac similie copies of the same precious document. Some of the recipients are disposed to give the matter grave consideration, under the impression that their names have been furnished this swindler, Hamilton, by acquaintances who have recommended them as persons who would gladly enter into the nefarious business, as proposed in this letter. Naturally, an honorable man who has hitherto felt that his integrity was undoubted in society, would feel humiliated to think that there was any person who held him in such low esteem as to recommend him as a person likely to take part in such swindles. For the relief of such persons we will state that their names have been obtained without the intervention or recommendation of personal acquaintances, so it is not necessary to give themselves farther trouble on that score. The advertising columns of newspapers afford all desired facilities for obtaining the names and address of most of the prominent men in every town and village in the United States. A copy of nearly every paper published may be consulted at the advertising agencies in New York, in which city these schemes all originate. Our object in noticing this thing is not to prevent any one from being swindled by this harpy "whose ways are dark and tricks are vain," because, any one who acts such offers is, in intent, a swindler himself, so that his certain discomforture would merely be a source of amusement, but to relieve honest men from implication in their own minds. To show exactly how confidential and personal this letter is we subjoin a copy, which, on comparison, will be seen to tally precisely with all the others from the same source.

Should any person, however, feel anxious to test the matter, he can do so in perfect faith that he will never be made a party in the utterance of counterfeit money, for the simple reason that this New York institution does not manufacture the article, and of course none is sent in return. The absurdity of the proposition itself ought to be sufficient to condemn it, but it is not, for hundreds of petty rascals are yearly victimized by the big rascal in New York, and on that account we are sorry to expose him. Here is the document:

DEAR FRIEND: While conversing with a gentleman from your locality recently, you were named as a shrewd and reliable person and one likely to enter into a business, the nature of which will be explained in this letter. At all events, he said, whether you go in or not, you would keep a still tongue, and would not expose me. He told me that under no circumstances must I inform you who recommended you; and as I claim to be a man of honor, I will never violate a pledge. I have on hand, and am constantly manufacturing large quantities of the best counterfeit money ever produced in the world. The sizes are $2, $5 and $10 bills, and 50 cent stamps. They are printed on first-class bank note paper. The signatures are perfect, and the engraving is admirable. Not one banker in 500 can detect them. I will take a solemn oath that the bills which I send you will never be detected unless you make known your business to persons who have no right to know it. I shall charge you $10 in good money for every $100 of mine. If you have confidence in yourself, and desire to push matters, you had better order as much as you can get rid of in a month or two. In that case, if you buy as much as $500 at a time, I will sell it to you for $20 cash down and allow you 30 days credit for the remaining $30. If you purchase $1,000, I will sell it to you for $40 cash down, and will wait 30 days for the remaining $60. If you want to make a desperate, but successful struggle for a fortune in a few weeks, I will send you $5,000 for $180 cash down, and will wait 30 days for the remaining $320. Under no circumstances will I send less than $100 (price $10) at a time. When you send me any money, or a letter, go to the nearest railway station, ask the express agent for a money envelope; insert your letter, seal the envelop, and see that it is properly directed to me. Don't send me a letter through the postoffice. The express agent never heard of me, and he will have no idea of the nature of your business. I would prefer that you would send me money in advance. If you are unwilling to so, I will ship whatever quantity you wish by express, and the agent will hand you the sealed package as soon as you pay him the money. That is, I will collect my money on delivery of goods, (C. O. D.). I will make it appear that your package contains jewelry. If you can spare time, come and see me. Call at my private office, No. 52 John street, Room 5, up stairs, New York. I will then take you to my manufacutory and let you select whatever quantity of bills you desire. No person in the building knows what business I carry on. Therefore you are just as safe as if you were going into a theater. If any person suspected my business I would not have you call. Now, sir, if you manage this business properly, you can clear $20,000 in a year. You have unusual advantages for passing the bills with perfect safety. Always ruffle them up to make them appear dirty and old. You can pass one of my bills at every store, and as the change you receive will be genuine, you will be enabled to clear at least $200 a month. Not one in 10,000 of your neighbors can distinguish a genuine bill from one of mine. Therefore you are foolish for not grasping an opportunity to make money, that may never occur again. I could name a man in your country who made a fortune in the same way. All his neighbors wonder how he made it But he keeps a still tongue. Probably you know who I mean. I deal on the "*square*," and if you are true to me you will never regret it. I pray you will not betray me in case you do not go in. You will find by dealing with me that I have the best counterfeit money in the country, and that I deal more honorably than any other man in the business, because I deal on the "*square*." I would not ask you for any cash down for your first order, only to secure myself for the cost of engraving, printing, etc. Read my terms carefully and remember them. Bear in mind that I will give no more credit than I state in this letter. One or two of my counterfeit bills have already been passed on you, and you have in turn passed them on others—therefore you should be familiar with their appearance and quality. Of course you did not know they were counterfeits.

Read the following instructions carefully. Be sure and follow them. Then no mistake can be made. If you come on, call at 52 John street, office No. 5, up stairs. But if you send me money, or a letter by express, direct it to my manufactory as follows:

JOHN F. HAMILTON,
No. 212 Broadway, New York City.

TREATMENT OF PRE-EMPTION CLAIMS.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE,
December 30, 1870.

GENTLEMEN: In view of the act of Congress approved July 14, 1870, limiting the time within which payment must be made in pre-emption cases, the following rules are prescribed for your guidance:

1st. You will admit all filings for *offered* lands presented within thirty days after alleged settlement where the land has not been disposed of prior to such alleged date of settlement—provided the applicant is not disqualified by a previous filing, and in other respects has the right under the pre-emption law.

2d. Where the tract is subject to "*ordinary private entry*" the pre-emption filing is no bar to the *conditional* entry of the land, either by cash, homestead, or other legally authorized disposal—it being understood that any such disposal, according to long established practice, will be *subject to the right of the pre emptor to prove up and consummate his entry within the twelve months allowed by law*, without being compelled to give further notice to other parties, who at the time of such entry had notice of the existence of a prior alleged pre-emption claim.

3d. Where the land has once been *offered* and afterwards withdrawn from private entry, making public notice of at least thirty days under direction of this office necessary to its restoration to ordinary private entry, and where such land has not been withdrawn from homestead or pre-emption entry, you will pursue the course indicated in the 2d rule, so far as homestead and pre-emption entries are concerned—filing within thirty days, and proof and payment within twelve months, being required for pre-emption claims on this class of lands.

4th. Upon surveyed "unoffered lands" not withdrawn from pre-emption, you will also admit all filings properly offered within three months after alleged settlement, or within three months after the filing of the township plat of survey in your office. You will then hold the tract subject to pre-emption or homestead entry, or to any selection authorized by law, without requiring proof of the abandonment of prior filings—the disposal being always understood to be subject to the right of the pre-emptor to prove up and pay for his claim within the twenty-one months or the filing of the township plat, as the case may be.

5th. The foregoing will not be construed to prevent any party who may desire speedy adjustment of his claim, from bringing contest against adverse claimants, upon affidavit, as heretofore; and when proper affidavit shall be filed with you, and suitable provision made for the expense of the contest, you will, *without waiting for reference to this office*, duly notify all the parties whose claims appear on your records, and hold the usual investigation, at the expense of the party bringing the contest. At the close of the hearing you will report to this office all the papers, with copies of the preliminary affidavit, notices and proof of service, personal if practicable, otherwise, by such publication, at the expense of the parties, as will be deemed legal notice in land cases in the State or Territory, under the laws and the practice of the courts; your report to be accompanied with your joint opinion and decision.

6th. You will treat all filings upon lands which have once been "offered" as abandoned after the lapse of twelve months from the alleged settlement, which is the statutory limitation, and all filings upon "unoffered lands" as abandoned after the lapse of twenty-one months after such alleged settlement or the filing of the township plat, unless within the period fixed by law proof and payment shall have been made, or legal tender of such proof and payment shall have been made and refused; of which tender and refusal you will take care to make proper endorsement in each case.

7th. This office will duly examine all entries, and, where adverse filings appear, will hold them suspended until the legal expiration of the adverse claims; and when two or more entries are found to conflict, will dispose of them according to merit, ordering investigation when necessary to a determination of the respective rights of the parties.

8th. The pendency of contest alleged pre-emptors who have merely filed for a tract, and who have not made actual entries, does not withdraw the land from market; but any right acquired by third parties subsequent to the initiation of contest, will be regarded as subject to the right of the contesting parties, and liable to be defeated by an award to either contestant of the tract claimed. This rule is issued in accordance with a decision of the department proper, dated October 22, 1870.

9th. After notice of restoration to private entry, and before the date fixed for such restoration by published notice, no settlement or other act, subsequent to such notice, can give any preference right to lands embraced in such notice; but the order of the commissioner is imperative in its nature, and operates as a withdrawal from pre-emption, homestead or other disposal, except in accordance with the terms of the published notice. The land in such cases must be restored; and, if there is competition, must be sold to the highest bidder, according to law. The same effect is given to a proclamation for a public sale, from the date of its receipt and promulgation by the district officers.

10th. After decision by this office, you will in all cases allow the parties sixty days from service of notice, within which to appeal to the honorable Secretary of the Interior; and, at the expiration of that period, report promptly the action had pursuant to such notice.

Careful attention to the foregoing will save much unnecessary correspondence and litigation, and greatly simplify the treatment of pre-emption claims; and you will please conform your action hereafter to the rules herein prescribed, referring to this office, as heretofore, in exceptional and doubtful cases.

JOS. S. WILSON, Commissioner.

AID FOR FRANCE.

The following communication has been forwarded to Governor Haight from the New York Chamber of Commerce:

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
NEW YORK, February 20th, 1871.

To his Excellency Henry H. Haight, Governor of California—Dear Sir: The Chamber of Commerce of this city has appointed a committee to devise measures of relief for the suffering people of France. An appeal has been prepared, of which we enclose a copy, and which has been widely circulated by means of the press and other agencies.

Subscriptions thus far have been received amounting to nearly $100,000, but more, very much more, is needed to extend even partial relief to the want and destitution which now exists in France; and we feel convinced that a full knowledge of the facts that have come to light in regard to the misery of that unhappy people, would secure an immediate and generous response from every quarter of our own country.

It is not sympathy with the cause of France, but sympathy with her distress that animates us in this work. The American people must not show themselves wanting in that readiness to mitigate human suffering where ever it exists, without regard to differences of nationality, which has ever been their noblest characteristic.

We hope to receive from the farmers of the West contributions of flour, grain, meal, and especially seed wheat, which last will be urgently needed by the farmers of France for the sowing of their devastated fields in the Spring. Free transportation has been promised us in some instances, and we hope to receive it generally from the railway companies; and arrangements have been made here for the storage, lighterage, and loading, free of all charge. An especial appeal to the farmers of the West has been prepared and published, and by the kindness of the Associated Press and Western Union Telegraph Company it will, we hope, meet every farmers eye in the land.

The Government has given us assurances that national vessels will be furnished for the transportation of any supplies coming from the West, and other parts of the country, and it now remains chiefly with your generous people to decide whether we shall be able to avail ourselves of this offer.

We respectfully but earnestly ask your co-operation in this humane and Christian work, and hoping that you will, as far as lies in your power, bring it prominently forward and urge upon all the necessity of a prompt and earnest response, we remain, dear sir, with great respect, faithfully yours,

CHARLES H. MARSHALL,
Chairman of Committee.
CHARLES LANIER,
Treasurer.
ANSON PHELPS STOKES,
Secretary.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Henry T. Helmbold's
COMPOUND FLUID
Extract Catawba
GRAPE PILLS.

Component Parts—Fluid Extract Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

FOR LIVER COMPLAINTS, JAUNDICE, BILIOUS AFFECTIONS, SICK OR NERVOUS HEADACHE, COSTIVENESS, ETC. PURELY VEGETABLE, CONTAINING NO MERCURY, MINERALS OR DELETERIOUS DRUGS.

H

THESE PILLS ARE THE MOST DELIGHTFULLY pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts, magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the FINEST INGREDIENTS. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar coated Pills do not dissolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. THE CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated. **Price Fifty Cents per Box.**

E

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND
Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Cankers, Runnings from the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affections, Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Night Sweats, Rash, Tetter, Humors of all Kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

L

Being Prepared Expressly for the above complaints, its Blood Purifying Properties are greater than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla. It gives the complexion a Clear and Healthy Color and restores the patient to a State of Health and Purity. For Purifying the Blood, removing all Chronic Constitutional Diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the Only Reliable and Effectual known Remedy for the Cure of Pains and Swelling of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Erysipelas and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, and Beautifying the Complexion. **Price, $1 50 per Bottle.**

M

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
CONCENTRATED
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
THE GREAT DIURETIC,

Has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposit, and Mucous or Milky Discharges, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of Both Sexes, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruption on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, etc.

Used by persons from the ages of eighteen to twenty-five, and from thirty-five to fifty-five or in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains; bed wetting in children.

B

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is Diuretic and Blood-Purifying, and all diseases arising from habits of dissipation and excesses and imprudences in life, impurities of the blood, etc., superseding copaiba in affections for which it is used, and syphilitic affections—in these diseases used in connection with HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.

LADIES.

In many affections peculiar to Ladies, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequalled by any other Remedy—as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion or habits of dissipation. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent Physicians and Midwives for enfeebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes and all ages (attended with any of the above diseases or symptoms).

O

H. T. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES DISEASES ARISING FROM IMPRUDENCES, HABITS OF DISSIPATION, ETC.

In all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous matter.

Thousands who have been the victims of incompetent persons, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found that they have been deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "powerful astringents," been driven up in the system, to break out in a more aggravated form, perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all Affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. **Price, One Dollar and Fifty Cents per Bottle.**

L

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Can not be surpassed as a FACE WASH, and will be found the only specific Remedy in every species of Cutaneous Affection. It speedily eradicates Pimples, Spots, Scorbutic Dryness, Indurations of the Cutaneous Membrane, etc., dispels Redness and Incident Inflammation, Hives, Rash, Moth Patches, Dryness of Scalp or Skin, Frost Bites, and all purposes for which Salves or Ointments are used; restores the skin to a healthy state of Purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T. Helmbold's Rose Wash has long sustained its principal claim to unbounded patronage, by possessing qualities which render it a Toilet Appendage of the most superlative and Congenial character, combining in an elegant formula those prominent requisites, Safety and Efficacy—the invariable accompaniment of its use—as a Preservative and Refresher of the Complexion. It is an excellent lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the the EXTRACTS BUCHU, SARSAPARILLA AND CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, in such diseases as recommended, can not be surpassed. **Price, One Dollar per Bottle.**

D

Full and explicit directions accompany the medicines.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witness, and upwards of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, etc. The proprietor has never resorted to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

Henry T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations

Delivered to any address. Secure from observation. Established upwards of Twenty Years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Address letters for information in confidence to HENRY T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist.

Only Depots: H. T. Helmbold's Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New York, or to H. T. Helmbold's Medical Depot, 104 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. Ask for HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S: THE OTHER.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:
Saturday, March 11.....1861.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 6 o'clock P. M., Friday.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Board met February 25, 1871. Present J. H. Shedd, President, T. K. Hutchison, and John Alexander.

On petition, a new school district was set off at Bishop Creek.

The following bills were allowed, and warrants ordered issued for the same: On General Fund—James Scobie, meals for Sheriff and posse, $27; J. J. McCarty, meals for prisoners, $45; J. W. Symmes, Superintendent Public schools, for the year ending February 25, 1871, $202. On motion, $30 was appropriated for repairs on the county jail. Dr. Lesesne, autopsy on Mrs. Ormrod, $50. Contingent Fund—A. B. Elder, Sheriff, blankets for jail, $10.

The following are the sums to be levied and collected upon each $100 of taxable property within the county for the fiscal year 1871:

General Fund	$0 55
School "	35
Road "	15
Hospital "	15
Contingent "	15
Building "	25
Sinking "	12
State Tax	86¾
Mono Debt Fund	41¼
Road Poll Tax (or two days' work)	3 00

Board adjourned until May.

Gone from Our Gaze.

Last night, about 10 o'clock, two prisoners, named respectively George E. Hutchinson and Job Williams, confined in our county jail for horse stealing, made their escape under the following circumstances: Complaining of a bowel complaint, they requested P. Ryan, who had them in charge, to take them outside. For want of a convenient building he took them into the channel of the creek, some fifty yards from the jail, into which the prisoners retired with their shackles clanking about their feet, Ryan remaining on the bank, perhaps fifty feet distant, but owing to the darkness of the night, out of sight of them. After waiting a reasonable length of time he called to them, but receiving no reply began to look about for his diarrhœa patients. Not finding them he reported the facts to some parties across the street, when a light was procured and a search instituted to see in what manner their *discharge* had been effected. The investigation revealed the fact, that the patients had been physicked entirely clear of their shackles and out of hearing of our wide awake officers. On examination it was found that a link in each pair of the irons had been filed through, showing very conclusively that these prisoners have been kept under the strictest surveillance, as it is a well known fact that at no time have they been permitted to receive over fifteen or twenty visitors per day, and of course, could have had no opportunity to receive presents of files and such like. No files were needed, however. They merely had to tie a small string to the end of the spring-bolt in their shackles, pull it a little and presto! change! and vamos the ranch, which they did do. Every body knows the reason the dog didn't catch the rabbit, but everybody does not know that a contrary reason was how Ryan lost his prisoners. Search was instituted immediately, but to no purpose until after daylight this morning, when the tracks of the jail-birds, whose original capture cost private individuals so much time, labor and money, were discovered down near the river, and that was all. Under Sheriff Talcott is in hot pursuit, and for the better convenience of tracking and hauling his prisoners home, went in a two-horse buggy. From his well known tenacity of purpose, when making arrests, it is confidently expected he will catch them—when old age weakens them so they can't travel. King, the wounded prisoner, is not subject to the complaint that carried off the others, so he is yet spared to us. A petition is on foot to furnish him with buggy and horses, when he gets ready to leave us. All are invited to subscribe out of sympathy for his sore leg and loneliness.

Not Arrested.

The Chinaman who murdered one of his countrymen in Lone Pine last week was seen going south by a gentleman who arrived in town yesterday. He met him at Haiwa Meadows. Mr. Mulkey and Charley Begole started out from Lone Pine after him on Thursday, and Mr. Chinamans' capture may be considered certain.

Big Mining Sale.

The deeds were recorded on the 9th instant transferring all interest of the owners, J. B. White and P. Williams, in the Buena Vista tunnel, 800 feet in the Jefferson mine, 1,000 feet in the Monday mine, and 1,000 feet in the Enterprise, to Victor Beaudry and M. W. Belshaw, for the sum of $20,000.

Grand Jurors.

The grand jury who have just completed their labors, consisted of I. S. Freeborn, Foreman, T. W. Hill, Henry Hopper, W. A. Greenly, W. S. Mathews, B. L. Brown, John Simpson, J. A. Rittgers, A. K. Briggs, John Wallace, I. Davison, and W. G. Squires. We give elsewhere, their report, as submitted to the County Judge.

The Strangest Yet.

We hear from the best authority that two or three well known gentlemen in Cerro Gordo have had a growth of hair produced on their formerly bald heads, by the waters of a certain desert spring, away east of that place. Remarkable if true and our informant vouches for the fact.

Another Lead Mine Sold.

Mr. James Brady, last week purchased of Dr. W. C. Columber, for the Owens Lake Silver-Lead Company, 800 feet in the Front mine, paying therefor $4,800, the deeds being placed on record March 7th. There are 1,000 feet in this mine, the remaining 200 feet being owned by Thomas Parker, Esq., of Virginia, Nev.

Look Out.

A certain school official in this county had better send that small balance due this concern without further delay, and save us the trouble of placing the facts in the possession of the public.

Recorder's Election.

April 1st next the election for Recorder of the Lone Pine mining district will be held at Cerro Gordo. All parties interested in the district are entitled to vote, if they are of a mind to go there for the purpose.

Aurora.

Anxiously we've looked and longed for some word of the doings of a host of friends in and around Aurora. You Jim, Luth, two or three Judges and the balance of you, what's the matter?

GRAND JURY'S REPORT.

To the Hon. County Court of Inyo County: We, the Grand Jury, impanneled on the 6th day of March, 1871, in and for the County of Inyo, beg leave to make this, our report:

We have examined faithfully into all complaints that have been made to us, or came before us, and have found true bills of indictment as follows, viz.: 1 for murder; 2 for assault and attempt to murder; 4 for grand larceny—which we present without malice, and leave none unpresented through fear.

From testimony before us of a reliable character, we find that on or about the 15th day of December last, two prisoners—arrested on suspicion of robbing bullion in a neighboring State—were taken by a Deputy Sheriff of this county from Lone Pine for the purpose of putting them in the county jail at Independence. When about a mile from Lone Pine and on their way to jail, they were ordered back by the Sheriff, and taken back to Lone Pine. About 7 o'clock P. M. on the same day they were again taken in a wagon, ostensibly for the same purpose, and accompanied by the Deputy Sheriff. When five or six miles from town they were stopped by armed men, taken out of the wagon, carried some distance away and there maltreated by being partially hung and strangled. They were kept an hour or so under great torture, then returned to the Sheriff's wagon and allowed to go on. The circumstances of the case are such as to warrant us in saying that the same was an outrage against law, order and good society, and merits our unqualified disapproval, as we are sure it does of all good citizens. And we feel that we would not be doing our duty without severely censuring all parties connected with this outrage; and especially the Sheriff and the Under Sheriff, who have at least laid themselves open to suspicion of being connected with these lawbreakers.

During our session we have had but little complaint to make against attendants upon us. We especially wish to thank the District Attorney for his prompt and polite attention.

In the course of our duty we had to summons a large number of our fellow citizens as witnesses. All but one answered faithfully; this one man refused to appear before us. We have handed him over to the County Court.

We have examined into the state of the county buildings, and find that the county court room needs repairs—more comfortable seats and a stove. We also find that the county jail is in rather a filthy condition, and altogether too small for the number of prisoners now in it. All of which we recommend to be attended to.

We appointed a committtee from our body to examine into county officials' books and accounts, but the time of the Grand Jury has been so much occupied with criminal cases that such committees had not time to report before our adjournment.

Believing that we have done our duty as far as we have gone, both faithfully and honestly, we hereby cheerfully resign the important trust committed to us by the people.

I. S. FREEBORN, Foreman.

Grand Jury Rooms, Independence, March 10, 1871.

Sale of the Miama.

The Miama mine and Miama tunnel, and 1,130 feet in the Union mine, all in Cerro Gordo, was last week sold by Henry C. Hart to V. Beaudry and M. W. Belshaw & Co., $10,500 being the consideration.

A Few

Dollars worth of County Warrants payable at the Treasurers Office.

New Narrow-Gauge Road.

This charter having passed the Legislature the corporators are making arrangements to organize and commence the work, immediately, of grading from Palisade to this place. The Chief Engineer and his party will be on the road at an early day, and advices from those interested lead us to believe that railroad communication will be established between Palisade and Eureka by the 1st of September next. An offer has been made by a railroad contractor to grade the road 84 miles at $2,500 per mile. Before the road can possibly be completed the furnaces of Eureka will furnish for transportation to Palisade 100 tons of bullion every twenty-four hours, and hundreds of tons of ore will be shipped monthly to San Francisco for reduction. All freight for Hamilton and Pioche will come this way, and the road will at once, have a paying business. It will be a new era in the history of Eastern Nevada, and every citizen has reason to congratulate himself that the days of trouble are nearly over, and that the men who have this enterprise in hand have the will and the money to put it through at once—*Eureka Sentinel, March 1st.*

Gold and Legal Tenders.

San Francisco, March 1st, 1871. Legal Tenders buying @ 90½: selling @ 91. Gold in New York 110¼

SPECIAL NOTICES.

If a life-renewing fountain, like that sought for by De Soto, should burst from the earth at every man's door, thousands would turn their backs on the healing springs within arms-reach to run after pretended remedies. The observant, everywhere, accept Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters as the greatest medical blessing of modern times, but on the other hand multitudes dose themselves with poisons, while this well-spring of health is accessible to all. It purifies the animal fluids, regulates every function of the body, calms the nerves, invigorates the vital organs, and is an unfailing specific for indigestion.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ANNUAL Election for District Recorder of the Lone Pine Mining District, Inyo County, California, will be held at a room of D. H. Williams, in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, on the FIST SATURDAY OF APRIL, 1871, the same being the first day of April, 1871.

Given under my hand this 25th day of February, 1871. JOHN A. HANNAH,
m11-37td Recorder of said District.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old mottos of

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THIS

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes.

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35n3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,
FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,
Best Quality Crushed Sugar,
FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

BLANKETS,

Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRESS GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

HOSIERY,

PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Saddles and Bridles,

Hardware,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

GROCERIES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 14, 1871. fe18n34tf

MILLER & CO.

WOOL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

10 DAVIS STREET,

San Francisco.

DOING BUSINESS EXCLUSIVELY ON COMMISSION. All Lots carefully examined before naming price to purchasers. Consignments insured and handled in wool rooms under our own supervision.

The Best Wool Sacks and Twine Furnished Consignors.

N. B.—Mark M. & Co. with your initial letters on each package.

Refer by permission to W. H. TILLINGHAST, Esq., Manager Bank of British Columbia; A. BLACK, Esq., President Pioneer Woolen Factory; Messrs. STEVENS, BAKER & Co., WELLMAN, PECK & Co., CASTLE BROS. mr4n36-4t

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths. n2jy163m

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, ON BEHALF OF THE owners of the "SANTA MARIA" mine, Cerro Gordo, Inyo County, California, gives notice that all depredations upon or removal of ores therefrom will be liable to the penalties of the laws against larceny, and to the payment of damages for any and all ores or other values taken without authority; and the public are cautioned against purchasing the said ores, on the line of the "Santa Maria," from sellers acting under false and fraudulent titles, rendering themselves receivers of stolen property. A. H. DORR.

February 21, 1869. n36 4t*

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between THOMAS MAY and B. P. TASKER has been dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to the firm are requested to settle immediately; either parties will sign in receipt, and all accounts will be paid upon presentation to Thomas May.

THOMAS MAY,
B. P. TASKER.

Thankful for the past patronage extended to the firm, the undersigned respectfully solicits a continuance of the same for his successor.

B. P. TASKER.

Independence, Cal., March 4, 1871. n36t4

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent.

JOHN KISPERT,
JOHN MEYER.

February 25th, 1871. fe25n36 4t

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods,

HARDWOOD,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES.

Crockery,

GLASSWARE.

Tin-Ware,

SADDLERY,

Farming Implements,

SHOE FINDINGS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,

Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Tapioca, Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Jams, Dried Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles, Extracts, Sauces, Codfish, Salmon, Mackerel, Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,

French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS

Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,

SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES

Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER

Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,

WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,

WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITTS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of

Glass and Crockery Ware,

Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

D. COHN & CO.

Independence, Cal, October 3, 1870. n133m

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, December 3, 1870. n26-4m.

LIVERY STABLES.

EAGLE Livery and Feed STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

Cerro Gordo FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUDING HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n46

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

Independence, Cal.,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5-6m

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB,..... ....Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

m16-6m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

For Sale,

THE UEDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his arrastras at Fish Springs a

QUARTZ BREAKER,

As good as new, and will be sold very low.

Address or enquire of

fe18-34tf J. W. MCMURRY, Fish Springs.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:
Saturday, March 11.....1871.

"It Never Explodes."

Mr. Gray, an ingenious gentleman of Sussex county, Delaware, invented a new non-explosive, burning fluid, and invited his friends to come and witness a test of its qualities. He gathered a select circle around a barrel of the fluid up in a garret, and to prove how non-explosive it was, he stirred it with a red-hot poker. In six seconds the inventor and his friends were seen to emerge from the roof, with trap doors and chimneys and things on their heads, and scud away to the north west, towards the river. While enjoying a birds-eye view of the State of Delaware, at an elevation of thirty-thousand feet or more above the level of the sea, Mr. Gray observed to the friend nearest him that he thought perhaps he had made a mistake in mixing to much benzine in the fluid. Mr. Gray did not wait to hear his friend's reply, because he apparently had an engagement higher up, and he seemed in a hurry to go. His widow will sell the patent for the non-explosive fluid very cheap; and she needs the money very badly, because Mr. Gray scattered so much around Sussex county when he came down, that she had to bury him gradually during the next three weeks.

—Old Dr.——is a Kentuckian, fond of a cigar and a little game of cards. In his employ was a young man, who, though confessedly a Methodist, had so far backslidden as to play a little some times. The two were sitting in the house one rainy day, having a game of euchre. The Rev. Mr.——, the resident Methodist minister, dropped in, and, after glancing at the Doctor's hand, passed around behind the young man, took a seat and quietly watched the game. The young was about to play a certain card, when the minister whispered to him "Don't play that; if you do, you'll be euchred sure." Whereupon the Doctor, waxing irate, said, "See here, Mr.——, I ain't playing this game against the whole Methodist Conference. If the Conference wants to put up a V, I'll play them a rub." The reverend brother was soon discovered to be a "mistake," and was deposed from the ministry.

—For a long time the Patagonians, it was understood, were real giants. Then this was denied; observers it was asserted, had looked at them though the magnifying medium of a fog. But a letter from a member of the Magellan Colony speaks of some of them as standing six feet six or seven inches, and "from head to heel symmetry itself." Nor is it unusual to find a Patagonian weighing as much as two hundred and eighty-five pounds. With all their splendid physical characteristics, the race is degenerating "through the use of tobacco and liquor." Moreover with all their bodily strength, the people are said to be exceedingly cowardly. Most of their wounds are given from behind. Hitherto they have recovered marvellously soon from their wounds; but with their degeneration the process is slower.

—John H. Surratt, in his lecture at Baltimore, related a singular incident which occurred to him while serving in the papal army: "He said that, as he and a party of his comrades were sitting together, it was proposed that each in his turn should tell how he came to be there. When his turn came, he evaded the truth by saying that a love of adventure had brought him. But a Frenchman said: "I know what brought you here; you are Booth; you killed President Lincoln, and you came here to hide." The Frenchman knew nothing about Surratt or his history, and his remark was the prompting of a mysterious impulse that he could not explain.

—That was not a trifling exaction, made of a gentleman who was rather closely pressed in a social company to sing a song. He had a voice like the tearing of a strong rag, and *knew* it. "I see what you are after," he said, "you want to make a *butt* of me!" "Not a bit of it," responded one of his tormentors, "we only want to get a *stave* out of you!"

—Mr. John Ruskin has published a new work on political economy, an extract from which informs us that Mr. Ruskin wants to destroy "most of the railroads in England and all the railroads in Wales;" and that he also thinks it would be well to "destroy, without rebuilding, the new town of Edinburgh, the north suburb of Geneva, and the city of New York."

—The Supreme Court of Iowa has decided that if a jury mandrinks intoxicating liquors during a trial the verdict may be set aside and a new trial ordered.

—The passengers in a snow-bound train, in Wisconsin, had to tunnel through the snow, in order to reach the nearest villiage.

—The United States last year produced ninety millions gallons of molasses—ten millions less than the year before.

—When a man's business is rapidly running down, it is time for him to think of winding it up.

C. O. D.
WM. B. LAKE,
ADVERTISING
—AND—
PURCHASING AGENT,
No. 12 Montgomery Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
Opposite Lick House, Up Stairs.

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 65 cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

MUSICAL.

PATENT
ARION
PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY
THE
ARION PIANO
IS
Superior to All Others

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer,

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Evenness

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration,

All go to prove what we claim, viz.: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT
Arion Pianos
ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE
American Conservatories of Music,
Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

It affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of defection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of Pianos, still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,
HENRY SHROEDER,
DIRECTOR.

New York, September 31, 1870.

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Our Annual Illustrated Pamphlet, which contains a full description of the interior construction of the PATENT ARION PIANO FORTE, and all the other leading Pianos of the principal makes; illustrated with cuts, thus contrasting the ARION with all other first class Pianos, and proving

WHY AND WHERE

Our Pianos are superior to any in the market.

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☞ Don't fail to write for our pamphlet which we mail **free**, and when you write state what paper you saw this notice in. ☜

N. B.—We caution the public from purchasing a cheap Piano which has recently been put in the market, bearing the name "Arion." All genuine Arion Pianos bear the name "Patent Arion," and can only be purchased from our New York Warerooms, or our authorized Agents throughout the United States.

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Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13ffte

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Independence, August 8, 1870. n5-6m

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RUSSELL & CO.
Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

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At the lowest rates.

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Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
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Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round and with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n2jy16tf

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QUARTZ BREAKER,

As good as new, and will be sold very low.

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TO THE WORKING CLASS.—WE ARE NOW prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of THE PEOPLE'S LITERARY COMPANION—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address
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Fruit & Variety
STORE.
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And every kind of fruit in season

AT REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH!

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The best qualities of

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All of which we will sell in papers or can the lowest market prices.

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Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., Sept. 26, 1870. n12-3m

R. J. MORRISON,
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DEALER IN
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☞ AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 28, 1870. n12v1-3m

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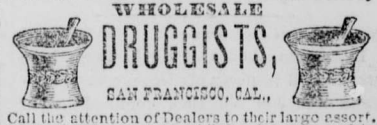
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THEY ARE NOT A VILE
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Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

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Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

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THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1871. NUMBER 38.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, March 18.....1871.

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DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf]

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Justice of the Peace,

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Justice of the Peace,

LONE PINE PRECINCT.

aug 8no5-ly

JOHN A. HANNAH,

Justice of the Peace,

FIFTH PRECINCT.

MINING RECORDER,

CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.

n10v1ly

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SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY,

L. A. TALCOTT,

UNDER SHERIFF.

MASONRY.

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THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BAILEY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

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THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.

MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietress.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v1 3m

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INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

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THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

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Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

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PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

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fe4n32tf

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CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

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AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

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—OF—

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Of every description.

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Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

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A. PARKER.

Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

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WM. M. OSBORN.

Los Angeles, Feb. 18, 1871. v1n34m3

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INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

D. COHN & CO., Agents.

OFFICE—At D. Cohn & Co.'s store. n29n5m6

TRAVELING.

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

SEMI-WEEKLY STAGE LINE

TO AURORA, CARSON, RENO AND SAN FRANCISCO, via. Central Pacific Railroad,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after this date stages will leave Independence for Aurora and intermediate points

Every Wednesday and Sunday, at 5 o'clock, A. M.,

Connecting at Benton with stages for Columbus and Silver Peak; connecting at Aurora with stage for Pine Grove, Genoa, Carson, Virginia and Reno; at Reno connection every day with trains of Central Pacific Railroad for Omaha and Chicago on the East, and Sacramento and San Francisco West. Returning, through connection made from Reno every MONDAY and FRIDAY morning, on the arrival of trains from San Francisco and Omaha.

Time 60 Hours Less, and 180 Miles Less Staging to San Francisco than by any other Route.

T. W. DEXTER, Agent.

Independence, Jan. 1, 1871. n26-2m*ly

FOR INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.

Fare to San Francisco.....$50.

OFFICE—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Russ House.

A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.

W. G. ROBERTS, Agent.

Visalia, Feb. 18, 1871. n1v34m3

INDEPENDENCE, LONE PINE AND CERRO GORDO

STAGE LINE.

CONNECTING WITH STAGES FROM RENO and Los Angeles, carrying Mail and Express.

TIME TABLE.

LEAVES INDEPENDENCE:

Tuesdays at 5 o'clock, A. M. Fridays at 5 A. M.

LEAVES LONE PINE:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT CERRO GORDO:

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

LEAVES CERRO GORDO:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

ARRIVES AT LONE PINE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 12 o'clock, M.

ARRIVES AT INDEPENDENCE:

Saturdays and Wednesdays, at 5 o'clock P. M.

JOHN GILMER, Proprietor.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n29tf

DEVELOPMENT.

AS DEFINED BY MODERN SPIRITUALISM.

The following verses are the dreadful results of a newspaper reporter's attendance at spiritual meetings. The young man is now slowly recovering on a low diet of Webster's Dictionary:

Man, in his gross and undeveloped state,
Loiters along unspiritual ways,
Finding no mediumistic power to incohate
Within his mind desire to emanat haze.

But when the influence of concentric light,
From spheres sporadical, where the spirits dwell,
Converges on his germs of inward sight,
The buds of spirit power begin to swell.

And soon development of higher life
Unfolds to him its beauties bright and new;
He sees chaotic at mies of strife
Melt from the plane of his enfranchised view.

Then, as he climbs perfection's spiral stair,
And gains the attic of the seventh sphere,
He breathes delightful spiritual air,
And feels fluctiferous joy his bosom cheer.

From this exalted heriscopic hight,
The beauties of the spirit world he views—
Its vistas vast, its flowers of fadeless light,
Pearled with the essences of heavenly dews.

Around, above him there is light and love,
Above, around him spirit friends appear;
He seems to see Creation's circles move,
And holds the key to nature's planisphere.

Earth forms of life, of thought, of hope,
Incinderated of their grosser load,
Peripheric rise in peristaltic flight,
And seek their semi-floculous abode.

There in progression's cosmocal expanse,
With nature whispering in his spirit ear,
He sees chaotic systems round him dance,
And embryotic vastness disappear.

Hail the new life!—affinity's grand plane;
Where incandescent incrassation rules,—
They growing glories generate amain,
And crown thee king of paraphrastic fools.

Thus our development exalts and moves—
By Coma let to Luna in disguise;
And thus developed man the wonder proves
That spirits rap and write counfounded lies.

MEICK.

ROUND THE CORNER.

It was thought of old, when a man was cold
And dressed for his last long journey,
A parson should come to direct him home
By clerical pow'r of attorney;
But one man of grace from a holy (?) place,
One who acts as a Gospel factor,
Could not condescend his breath to expend
O'er the corps of a dead play-actor.
How could he have read all his Master said,
And turned from a sorrowing mourner,
With, "Not in our way, perhaps it will pay
The little church round the corner."

A soul with a stain and the brand of Cain,
When truss'd for the hangman's halter,
Is dismissed with grace to a holy place
By the sons of—the Christian altar;
But a man of worth who had cheer'd the earth
By promoting harmless laughter,
Is thrust in the cold from the sacred fold,
With no hope in the Great Hereafter.
But all are not lost of the Christian host,
So we'll silence the jeeri g scorner,
And honor pay one for an act well done,
At "the little church round the corner."

SIX DAYS IN HEAVEN.

[From The Pittsburg Leader.]

The Rev. H. Sinsabaugh relates the following singular circumstance: On the 7th of November, the Rev. Joseph Pershing, of the Saltsburg circuit, began a series of meetings at Kelly's Station, on the West Pennsylvania railroad, where the Methodists have a small unfinished church and a feeble society.

During the second Sabbath evening of the meeting, Miss Emeline Taylor, a daughter of Mr. John Taylor, of White's Station, a young lady of quiet and amiable disposition, came forward for prayer. She remained at the altar for quite a length of time, appearing to be calm in mind, and yet earnestly and devoutly looking for the mercy of God. About 9 o'clock her prayer seemed to have been answered. Her face wore an expression of unusual brightness as she, looking upward, repeated several times with distinct emphasis, "Oh, that beautiful place over there!" She became entirely unconscious, and was carried to to a house near by, it not being thought advisable to remove her to her father's house, which was three miles distant. In this condition she remained for seven days, in the meantime, taking no nourishment whatever

On Tuesday she began to speak in a low voice, and for half an hour told of the scenes of another world, after which she remained silent for several hours.

The first of whom she spoke were two ministers; one was the Rev. A. H. Thomas, of the Pittsburg Conference; the other was the Rev. Mr. White, of the Presbyterian Church, once the pastor of the church at Saltburg.

Many expedients were used to restore her to consciousness, among which were singing and animated religious services, but all without the desired effect. On Friday her friends became very much alarmed, owing to the opinions expressed by the physicians, that having been so long without food she would never be restored. The effort was made to give her some nourishment, but in vain. She was asked whether she would ever be able to rise, when she replied, "My Saviour has not yet told me." At different times she had spoken of her Saviour as present with her as her guide and her instructor. Shortly after this she told them that her Saviour had just informed her that she might return to earth on Sunday night at 9 o'clock. This statement occasioned joyful surprise to her anxious friends. The father said that should it thus come to pass, he would believe all she would say concerning the future state.

On Sabbath evening, a large company of the neighbors had gathered to learn the sequel. There was no clock in her room, nor any way in which she could mark the flight of the hours, for her eyes had remained closed from the first. At three minutes before 9 she raised her right hand and waved it as if giving farewell to persons vanishing in the distance, and she raised her left hand in like manner, and at precisely 9 o'clock she opened her eyes, spoke a greeting to her friends, began praising the Lord, and called upon those around to join her praise for His great mercy. When asked if she was hungry, she replied that she was not so in the least; that she had been fed with milk and honey, and, indeed, her strength was so wonderfully renewed that it seemed that she had been fed by an unseen hand.

The original paper on which these statements were written as they fell from her lips is in the hands of Rev. J. Pershing. It is a most remarkable narration of events, and a description of scenes that she still avers were as real as any other in her whole life.

A Remarkable Escape from Prison.

[From The Lancaster (Pa.) Intelligencer, Feb. 24.]

A convict named James A. Hamilton made his escape from the Lancaster county prison about 10 o'clock on Sunday morning, and has not since been heard from. He was confined in iron-clad cell No. 59, situated near the further end of the left-hand range of cells on the second floor. An examination of the cell shows that he must have worked a long time before effecting his escape. He worked at shoemaking, and several weeks ago complained that his bench was too low for him, requesting that a couple of short strips of 1-inch boards might be placed on the floor under the legs of his bench, so as to raise it that much higher. This request was granted, and Hamilton at once went to work with his knife to cut through the floor of his cell, concealing his operations by placing the strips of pine exactly over the cut, and setting his bench upon them while working at his trade in the daytime, or when there was any danger of being interfered with.

Having in this way removed a number of flooring boards in the southeast corner of his cell, he encountered the masonry of the arched cell below him. This he removed little by little, and probably replaced it, loosely from night to night. Having quarried away the masonry from under the floor to the depth of about a foot and the length of three feet, and broad enough to admit his body, he next attacked the three-feet thick stone wall of the prison. Making a breach in it was not so desperate an undertaking as at first sight it would seem to be. The mortar used in the construction of the wall is of a very inferior quality, there being so little lime in it that it can readily be crumbled to pieces. Still, he must have worked hard for many nights to remove the mass of stone and mortar necessary to make the aperture through which he escaped.

The debris amounting, we think, to about a cart load, was this morning found carefully piled under his bed. His bed rested on slats six feet long and five or six inches in width. These he had split, or rather cut, in two lengthwise with his knife, and had mortised a number of holes through each of them, and had made a number of rounds to fit the mortises, so that a good ladder could be made of the pieces in a few minutes with which to scale the wall. He made a miscalculation, however, for the long slats would not pass through the hole in the wall, on account of its peculiar shape and position. Leaving this ladder behind him, he descended from his cell to the yard by means of a very thin but strong cord made of shoe thread.

Once in the yard he went to the wash house, into which he entered though a shutterless window by breaking a pane of glass, and removing a nail on the in side which fastened down the sash. Here he got a bed-tick and some old cloths. The carpentor shop is a second story room over the wash-house. Breaking into it, the prisoner selected sufficient lumber to construct a ladder with which to scale the jail-yard wall. The ladder was made by lashing together with strips of bed-ticks and old clothes four long narrow boards, reaching to the top of the wall, tying across them the staves of a barrel which the prisoner had broken up for that purpose. Placing the ladder against the wall near the Orange street gate, he went over a free man, and has not yet been captured.

Hamilton has long been regarded as the most dangerous and desperate inmate of the prison.

Improving a Legacy.

The Paris Droit tells a funny story about a man who drove a fat horse and a lean dog to market one day during the siege. He met a butcher who asked him how much he would take for the horse, and to this query the man made reply that he would sell the horse and dog together for 1,000 francs. "But I don't want the dog; there is hardly a pound of meat on his bones," said the butcher. But the man would only sell the two beasts together, and said, "I will sell the dog for 995 francs." "Are you mad?" quoth the butcher. "But," continued the man, "I will throw in the horse for five francs more." Finally the butcher, who was sadly in need of meat, bought the two at the price asked and departed. But a policeman had seen the barter and thought it suspicious, so he arrested the man, who explained matters by saying that he was a servant whose master had died and commissioned him to sell the horse for the benefit of the heirs, while he had bequeathed to him his dog. This was the reason of his refusal to sell the beasts separately. The heirs however have sued him, for he gave them the five francs received for the horse, keeping the 995 francs for his own use.

—An exchange says: "Dennis (Mass.) has chosen four lady school directors." Dennis is a bigamist.

A "Muscular Christian."

This story is told by The Boston Traveller:

Some few years ago a gentleman who was employed as superintendent in a really charitable institution in New York, went into one of the markets of that city, and selected a quarter of beef for "home consumption."

"Shall I send it home, for you?" asked the market man.

"No, I thank you, I will carry it myself."

The market man regarded him with an incredulous look, and remarked, "What! you carry a whole quarter of beef?"

"Yes, sir," was the quiet response.

The market man again regarded his customer with attention, and no doubt made up his mind that he was overrating his strength. Then he said:

"Well, sir, if you will undertake to carry this quarter of beef home yourself, I will give it to you for nothing."

"Are you serious?"

"I am serious," replied the market man.

"Then" returned the customer, "just help me get it on my back, and we'll see if I can't carry it."

This was done, and without let down or rest, the gentleman carried it to the institution with which he was connected, the market man accompanying him, lost in amazement at the unexpected development of strength and endurance.

On another occasion the same muscular Christian, having purchased twenty five pairs of shoes for the institution under his care, began gathering them together in order to carry them off.

"Are you," said the merchant, "going to carry these home yourself?"

"Certainly, I am," was the reply, "and if necessary would carry twenty-five pairs more."

The merchant looked thoughtful for a moment, and then turning to his clerk (he knew the occupation of his customer), said:

"John, you may put up twenty-five pairs more of those shoes for Mr. T——. And, John, do not make any charge for them."

Of course the customer who had carried the quarter of beef did not fear to shoulder fifty pairs of shoes.

This strong man—strong in faith as in works—is the Rev. R. G. Toles, now and for some years back the efficient superintendent of the Home for Little Wanderers in this city.

A Model Editor.

The following requisites, according to an exchange, constitute a model editor:

1st. He must be able to fight his weight in wild cats and come off without a single scratch.

2d. He must be able to drink with every one that asks him, and never "fail in the action."

4d. He must go armed with at least two pistols and bowie knife, and never go off half cocked.

3d. He must entertain and express such views on all subjects, as will suit the views and tastes of all his readers, it matters not what their views on the subject may be.

5th. He must know exactly how to construct his articles so as to please everybody and offend no one.

6th. He must know how to lie fluently, and when he tells a lie to stick to it with becoming dignity.

7th. He must write temperance articles for temperance men, and at the same time advocate the cause of saloon keepers.

8th. And lastly, he must be all things to all men, and a devil of a fellow generally.

A Female Absalom.

The New York Tribune says: The danger of wearing false hair is illustrated in a new and forcible way by the recent experience of a Massachusetts dame. Fancying that her natural charms required artificial enhancement, she innocently purchased one of those mysterious and tail-like appendages of the female head known, we believe, by the technical name of "switches." It was a "switch" equally beautiful and becoming, and for a brief space all was hair and happiness. But presently madame began to feel an unpleasant sensation about the throat every time she assumed the foreign locks—in point of fact a choke. She would in her own striking and piscatorial language, "get as red as a boiled lobster and gasp like a porpus," dreadful symptoms, which disappeared as soon as the "switch" was removed. What was this mystery no mortal could explain; so madam, being a true Boston woman, called a "medium" and the "medium" called a spirit, from the vasty deep. Then did this spirit unfold a long and excursive tale, which, condensed, was to the effect that "she was the woman from whose head the hair had been cut just after she was—hung!"—and that a choke would always attend the wearing of that particular switch. Remembrance this instructive spirit observed that all false hair retained more or less of the personality of its original owner, and that this was the cause of much insanity and many criminal indiscretions in women. Which is an explanation rather more startling than lucid.

Get Tired.

A Kansas paper tells of a railroad bridge that "got down-hearted and lay down with a train on it."

—There are over 200,000 Free Masons in the United States.

Inyo Independent

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

Saturday, March 18.....1871.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

A. R. PARKER. P. A. CHALFANT.

Set Aside.

Our readers may remember that in the contest between the Central Pacific and California Pacific railroads, as to the right of the latter to cross the tracks of the former and establish a depot in the City of Sacramento, the Commissioners appointed for the purpose rendered a report to the effect that the California road should pay the Central Pacific the outrageous sum of $360,000. A motion was made in the District Court, March 9th, Dwinelle, presiding, to have this report confirmed. The motion was denied, as it doubtless ought to have been, and the big monopoly has received another check. The California road were required to file a $100,000 bond for future contingencies, and will at once proceed to establish a depot on Fourth street.

A Huge Water Fight.

An excitement of no small moment bids fair to spring out the scheme of a San Francisco company to tap Lake Bigler and divert its waters from their natural outflow and conduct them westward, to the very little advantage of that section and untold detriment to Nevada. The Nevada press say this is one of the dangers threatening the future prospects of that State, and must be combatted with all the power of the State. The State Legislature having failed to provide for legal steps to prevent, it is proposed to interrupt Von Schmidt's tunneling operations by the aid of shot-guns.

Extensive.

Too biggest scheme yet heard of is broached by a correspondent of The New York Tribune. It is nothing more or less than the construction of a ship canal across the continent from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The plan suggested is to connect the head waters of the Missouri with those of the Columbia, making locks around the falls and deepening the channels of the streams, so that steam navigation can be continuously prosecuted from ocean to ocean, or from St. Louis to the Pacific coast.

At Half-Mast.

The flags of the engine companies in this city and Gold Hill will be at half-mast to-day in respect to the memory of Thomas Flannery, a member of Monumental Engine Company No. 6, who died in San Francisco yesterday of injuries received in the Hale and Norcross mine some three weeks ago.—*Virginia Enterprise, March 10th.*

Poor Tom! How often has he been called upon to show the same sad respect to comrades gone before; and now the same flags eloquently droop in sorrow—the bell, which so often thrilled his brave heart, and inspired heroic fireman's deeds, now in bitter grief peals out its mournful tones for him.

Survey Completed.

Visalia dates of March 10 state that the Engineers of the Antioch and Visalia Railroad have completed the survey of their road into that place. They report that the grade will not exceed six feet to the mile in any portion of the route surveyed. It is almost an air line from Antioch to Watson's ferry on San Joaquin slough, and thence to Visalia.

Anti-Woman Suffrage.

Additional memorials have been sent to Congress, signed by women, against the extension of suffrage to their sex. About six thousand have thus far protested against woman suffrage, and efforts are being made to procure other signatures throughout the country. It may be, however, that the greater part of these signatures are owing to instructions from the brutes of husbands.

The Joint High Commission.

The Joint High Commission, appointed for the adjustment of all our difficulties with England, including the Alabama and Fishery questions, had a preliminary meeting at the State Department, Washington, on the 1st instant. The differences will be thoroughly examined, and doubtless a square, honest settlement effected.

The Difference.

While we are voting land grants to open a continent to the people, England is voting money grants to fasten on herself an idle royal family, which rides her down like Sinbad's Old Man of the Sea. The contrast is eloquently significant.

Rough.

A western paper has an article on "The cure of idiots." A contemporary says that paper is always dragging family affairs before the public.

A WORD TO THE FARMERS.

The mining interests of our county have begun to attract the attention capital that is certain to cause a considerable addition to our population. Already a number of extensive and important operations connected with mining are projected and being carried on, for the proper execution of which an increased number of men will be needed. Altogether, the prospects in the immediate future for mining developments are of the most flattering character. In consideration then of these prospects, we believe it to be our duty to urge upon farmers the propriety of seeding every inch of ground they can spare. At no time in the history of this valley, taking the year through, has the supply of any article of farm produce equalled the demand, nor is there the least probability that such will be the case. Consumers have not yet learned to look upon the home supply in any other light than as simply incidental, always heretofore and at present, depending mainly on importations for necessary articles, many of which might be raised at home. It is to this circumstance—the habit of depending on imported supplies—more than to the fact of an over stock at any time that has occasioned farmers trouble in disposing of their crops, and this difficulty will continue until consumers feel sure their needs can and will be satisfied at home. As long as we have the whole Pacific coast from which to obtain supplies, which, landed at our doors, cost no more than that raised at home, consumers are entirely independent of the latter, and no matter how short our home supply, prices will not, to any appreciable extent, be affected; therefore the farmer's profits depend on the quantity of his marketable crop: in other words, it is useless to expect big prices because we do not raise enough at home to supply the market. The only way for our farmers to obtain control of the market is to keep it supplied, and after having done so, if they can not compete profitably with farmers elsewhere, whose produce has to be hauled hundreds of miles to market, it is high time to drop the business as an aggravation and a delusion. But don't stop plowing and planting in the fear that the market is going to be overstocked; that is scarcely a possible thing under present circumstances and prospects.

FACT vs ASSERTION.

"L. H." in a communication which will be found in another column, says:

Of all the flimsy assertions against woman's enfranchisement, that of its going to break up family relations between husband and wife is the most so—since the argument will prove it to be founded in man's selfishness and their assumed power of ruling over their wives, and denying them the freedom that they claim for themselves.

Admitting, as "L. H." asserts, that the argument is based on man's selfishness, the assumed fact does not alter probable results, and the question then arises whether the desired boon of a direct voice in political affairs, would compensate an otherwise contented wife for the loss of her domestic peace. Possibly, in cases like that of the "small politician" mentioned by "L. H.," the loss would not be worth speaking of, but fortunately for domestic happiness generally such extremely narrow minds are comparatively rare.

Many of the most uncompromising, determined and relentless political characters in the world's history, were women. Would not the same traits be found to exist in family political antagonisms, in the present age? In every day life how much is there apparent in women's treatment of each other to induce the belief that the supposed domestic infelicity, contingent upon the possible family differences in political matters, should be attributed exclusively to man's selfishness? The uncompromising spirit shown in the management of the different Women Suffragist societies does not look encouraging for "L. H.'s" view of the case. In the natural organization of the social world, the respective duties of the sexes are perfectly defined, and can never trench one upon the other in any important particular, without results incompatible to the best interests of both. It should be and is the duty of law makers to see to their enforcement, and if the last is a duty the first should be a right. In international affairs the right to dictate action should rest with those on whom the responsibility falls. Does "L. H." or any of even the most ultra woman suffragists expect to enforce and defend laws as between nations as well as individuals? Unless willing and able to maintain a fight it would scarcely be fair to claim the right to make it. Mother Eve voted to do a certain thing, hence this question and other troubles.

ASSERTION vs. FACT.

WRITTEN FOR THE INDEPENDENT.

Of all the flimsy assertions against woman's enfranchisement that of its being to break up family relations between husband and wife is the most so—since the argument will prove it to be founded in man's selfishness and their assumed power of ruling over their wives, and denying them the freedom of opinion that they claim for themselves.

Meeting the other day with a small politician, strongly opposed to woman's suffrage, he reiterated the above assertion with much emphasis, and went on with the usual quotations from Scripture to prove that woman was made for man, and it was expressly declared that her desire should be to her husband and he should rule over her; and that it was useless for men or women to think of setting aside God's law—the man to rule, and the woman to obey.

I replied by asking "if he was afraid if woman had the ballot that his wife would control his vote?"

He spoke up very indignantly, "no, indeed! I would like to see the woman that could control my vote or my opinions!"

"Then," said I, "you are, doubtless, just as willing your wife to vote and advocate her opinions?"

"Not by any means! For I would not allow my wife to vote for a man I did not like, and if she did so against my expressed wishes I would leave her, as I would not live with her."

"Does she say the same to you, and has she ever tried to prevent your voting as you pleased, even in making laws that bore unjustly upon her, and would more especially whichever your protection should be taken away by your death?"

"Of course not; she knows better than to meddle with my voting or with politics of any kind; and, let me tell you, women have not the judgment to ever understand these things."

"Neither do all men who vote understand all the principles of government, and women will desire to know more of these subjects when it will be of use for them to be informed upon them."

"But," said he, "politics and its wire-pulling machinery women could not not manage, and it would tend to make them unwomanly and dishonest."

"Are men then so pure and upright that they can remain uncontaminated by the intrigues of wily political tricksters, who get up nominations and platforms for the dear people and elect men and carry out measures of a different kind from the wishes of the electors?"

Just so long as men shall think that they possess divinely-delegated rights to rule the earth and one-half the human race without representation, just so long there will be a masculine and one-sided government of oppressors and the oppressed.

The danger of disturbance to the home peace will result in the future from rights withheld from women, far more than in granting them; for a deep sense of injustice and of vital wrongs are stirring up even the most stolid to *think*; and when these mills of God begin to grind, all that is false and in opposition to the development and soul-growth of men or women will be ground to powdered dust. L. H.

Where's Darwin?

On the Island of Borngo there has been found a certain race of wild creatures, of which kindred varieties have been discovered in the Phillippine Islands, in Terra del Fuego and in South America. They walk almost erect on two legs, and in that attitude measure about four feet in hight. They are dark wrinkled and hairy. They construct no habitations, form no families, scarcely associate together, sleep in caves or trees, feed on snakes and vermin, on ants, eggs and on each other. They can not be tamed or forced to any labor, and are hunted and shot among the trees like the great gorilla, of which they are a stunted copy. When they are captured alive their uncouth, jabbering sounds like inarticulate language. They turn up a human face to gaze at their captors, and females show instincts of modesty; and in fine, these wretched beings are men.

A New Furnace.

Iron ore taken from the Black Hills, near the highest level of the Union Pacific Railroad, has been smelted at Omaha, and found of excellent quality, yielding 80 per cent. of superior metal. The Omaha Herald thus describes a new smelting furnace, which dispenses with the fan or blower:

The new furnace is about 25 feet high and 5 feet in circumference, tapering towards the top. About half-way up is a circular steam supply-pipe that introduces into the interior of the flue about a dozen jets of steam. This steam creates a vacuum that draws the blast through the live coals below with tremendous velocity, securing by such simple means the intensement necessary for smelting the metal. The new furnace has been running about two weeks, and is so great a success that several more are to be constructed and the old furnaces entirely abandoned. This new process will reduce the cost of smelting to such an extent that an effort will be made to utilize the invention by smelting the ores of the Black Hills on the spot.

The French Situation.

Paris dates to March 10 state that Thiers will soon dissolve the Assembly, and appeal to the people to decide the future government. Ducrot, Chauzy and Faidherbe are working for the Empire. Bonapartist meetings are numerous in the provinces. Changarnier is seriously ill. The navy has been greatly reduced, and the dockyards at L'Orient and Rochefort have been rented by private companies. The foreign squadrons have been recalled. The Montmatre insurgents have erected an immense barricade in the Rue de St. Pierre, and an attack was expected very soon.

Discontinued.

From The Post Office Gazette we learn that the postoffice at Columbus, Esmeralda county, Nevada, has been discontinued.

Daring Robbery Near Virginia.

[From The Gold Hill (Nev.) News, March 4.]

About four o'clock this morning the first of the incoming regular passenger coaches from Reno was stopped by highwaymen on the Geiger grade some five miles north of Virginia, and the treasure boxes captured. This episode occurred at a point half a mile this side of the White House, and a hundred yards this side of the noted "Robber's Rend," where the great stage robbery of four or five years ago took place. Mr. F. Deidsheimer, who was one of the passengers, and sat on the seat with the driver, Billy Hodge, tells us that the highwaymen were three in number—at least, he says no more—and, they suddenly made their appearance from the roadside, ordering the driver to stop. They were masked, and armed with shot guns. Two of them came up on either side of the coach, presenting their guns respectively at the driver and himself, while the other stopped in front of the horses till his companions had things secured, when he came to their assistance. The first order was "Throw down that box!" The driver complied by tossing down one of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s treasure boxes. The spokesman immediately said, "Throw down that other box!" "Oh, nonsense," says Billy, "you don't want that; 'tain't no use to you." "Throw it down," demanded the highwayman, with an unmistakable movement of his shot gun. Down came the box in a hurry, and with the parting admonition to "Drive on d—d quick!" Billy Hodge whipped up his horses and made the quickest trip into Virginia ever known of before—just twenty-eight minutes. Immediately as the stage left, the robbers took the boxes to the roadside, and with a pick and sledge they found near by, where some workmen were engaged in repairing the road the day before, they broke open the boxes, seized the money packages and whatever else they thought worth taking, and made off. Some fast freight wagons were coming up the grade only a couple of hundred yards or so behind, followed by the other stages and some private carriages, therefore the highwaymen had to hasten matters all possible; the whole affair occupying only about five minutes. Genl John B. Winters and two or three other passengers were inside the coach, but the robbers had no time to molest them. Deidsheimer says the most he was afraid of when he saw those big muzzled shot guns pointed at him from each side was that the rascals might mistake him for an express guard or messenger, or that the guns might accidentally go off themselves. He never felt less like fighting in his life. As soon as Billy Hodge could arrive into town he notified the police, and also C. C. Pendergast, Wells, Fargo & Co.'s agent at Virginia. The most active measures were at once taken to capture the robbers if possible. Chief Downey sent officers Merrow and Potter to a certain point in the mountains, a mile or two from the city, where the robbers would be likely to pass if they came in that direction, while Downey himself, with Detective Ben Lacky and officer McCready went around in another direction toward the scene of the robbery. It so happened that the first two officers mentioned had just arrived at the point designated for them when they perceived a man coming. He saw them, but too late, and had to surrender unconditionally, after attempting to hide his shot gun by shoving it in the snow, where it was afterwards found. He proved to be one of the robbers and is now safe in the county jail. His name is Johnson, alias Roland, alias Lyden, etc., and is the same man who was arrested not long ago on suspicion of robbing the safe in Cornell's drug store, at Virginia. In his pockets were found $[illegible] in coin and $251.75 in greenbacks, all of which was identified by the packages and other proofs as belonging to Wells, Fargo & Co., or in the box at the time of the robbery. This was all the money recovered. How much more is missing can only be ascertained when the express box is opened, but it is feared more than $20 is missing. The broken treasure boxes were found this morning within a few yards of where the robbery occurred, the papers and documents contained within them being scattered loosely about, having been thoroughly ransacked for valuables. Everything was gathered up and brought to the Virginia office. Our energetic police still continued their pursuit, and a little before noon to-day Lackey arrested a man named Dunn, recently a bar keeper in the Delta saloon, Virginia. He was in bed at his room in the city, but the proofs against him are very conclusive that he was one of the robbers. Chief Downey informed us that he would be pretty sure to capture the third robber before night. Much and most unqualified credit is due to the police, as well as to Mr. Pendergast, for their prompt and energetic efforts in this affair. They certainly displayed admirable sagacity also, and the result is particularly discouraging to any enterprising brigands who may desire to engage in future stage-robbing operations on the Geiger grade.

Counterfeit Coin.

The following, from The Union, may be of value to some people; it matters nothing to printers, worth speaking of, as they are scarcely troubled with coin of any kind:

It is reported that there are counterfeit two dollar-and-a-half pieces, coined in Philadelphia in 1851, afloat. The counterfeit is unusually red in color, being probably alloyed with copper. Its peculiarities are as follows: The "chignon" of the Goddess, on the bogus piece, touches a star; on the genuine it does not. The nose and mouth of the Goddess are poorly imitated. On the reverse side the lowest spear point rests between the letters "I" and "U," in the word "America," while on the genuine coins the point is between the "U" and "A." Acid has no effect on the piece.

The Devil Broke Loose.

A man was killed in cold blood in Virginia last night. Another man in Gold Hill, last night, came near being deservedly killed for getting on a drunken frolic and kicking up a fuss in different saloons. He was arrested and confined in the station-house, and had his trial before Judge Putnam this afternoon. Mrs. Orum was also tried in the same court, on the charge of cruelly beating and trying to hang her own daughter, a little girl of six years. Her husband made the complaint, and the little girl testified on the stand. The devil in the shape of a drunken sot, was loose in Story county last night.—*Gold Hill News, March 6.*

Washoe Stocks.

The San Francisco Chronicle of March 4th says:

The sales at the Broker's Board during the past week have been extremely large, and prices have been more than usually fluctuating. The most noticeable features have been the sudden jump of Imperial from $7 at the close on Friday afternoon to $21 on yesterday's opening, and the steady and rapid increase in Crown Point, which, during the week, touched $80.

The Vegetable Products of San Domingo.

The Department of Agriculture has received its first installment of the vegetable products of St. Domingo, which will make interesting additions to its already extensive herbarium and attractive museum. The adaptability of the climate to the growth of the chinchona, which furnishes the quinine of commerce, is an important fact, and one in which the Commissioner has always felt a deep interest. The following is the letter from Dr. Parvy, the botanist of the Department, to the Commissioner, General Capron:

ST. DOMINGO CITY, February 13th, 1871.

I have been closely occupied in making observations and collections of matters of interest connected with the agricultural and natural resources of this district. As the first fruits of our labors I send you by the steamer Tybee, direct for New York, three boxes, two of which contain dried plants, the larger one articles for the museum, including native fibers, cordage, commercial woods and articles of native produce as will bear transportation. The fiber called kamote is the product of the fourcroya cubense, and yields enormously. I hope to send some bublets of the plant that may be grown in the greethouse. This is not the best fruit season, and most of the native fruits will not bear transportation, but at the last place at which we may stop I shall endeavor to procure some of them for modeling.

All investigations tend to show the vast resources of this country, which are hardly touched by the imperfect method of culture and want of enterprise. Our collection of plants I think will exceed five hundred species, and we hope to lay in a good stock of seeds and live plants before leaving. I have found Shumaker very obliging. I have visited him at his delightful residence on the sea beach. He has the *fourcroya cubense* growing in his grounds, and is engaged in experiments to produce the fiber from the green plant by machinery. My assistant, Brummel, has been away on an expedition into the interior for twelve days, and is expected back this week. My associate, Wright, is also absent on an expedition across the country. I can not ascertain what will be the movements of the Commission, but judge there will be no particular haste about returning. I shall improve all the opportunities that the different movements may offer. There is no doubt a large section of the mountainous districts adapted to the growth of the chinchona, the frequent rains and cool misty atmosphere, elevation above the sea, absence of frost, etc., supply all the conditions of its succesful culture. A fair topographical map would enable one to lay down the chinchona district with tolerable accuracy. The woods of the country are numerous and exceedingly valuable; they will constitute a great source of its wealth. I have found coffee growing wild by the road side. On all these points I hope to present some interesting data on my final report.

Murder in Virginia.

We condense the following from an account of a brutal murder, which occurred in Virginia city on the night of March 5th, as reported by The Gold Hill News:

At 11 o'clock last evening William Smith was killed by Arthur Perkins, at Virginia, the tragedy occurring at the International saloon. Bill Smith is well known in this section as a happy-hearted, jolly individual, following the occupation of a miner and prospector generally, and one of the most generous, harmless persons imaginable. He had drank with several friends, taking champagne. Subsequently he was in the International saloon, and laughingly expressed sympathy with the Prussians. At the time of the fatal shooting he was standing near the front door, leaning upon the counter of Packsher's cigar stand, in company with two or three other persons, when Perkins stepped up to him and said, quickly and excitedly, "What do you want?" and "How do you want it?" Smith replied, "I don't know as I want anything," and at the same moment Perkins drew a Colt's six-shooter and fired while repeating his questions. Smith staggered back a step or two and fell on his back dead, close to the door, shot through the head. The pistol must have been shoved directly into his face, the ball entering the left eye and passing out at the back of his head, making a hole so large that his brains as well as blood flowed out freely in a large puddle upon the floor. As the victim fell Perkins stepped back, exclaiming "By G—d, I fetched him!" But directly coming to a better appreciation of the horrible deed he had perpetrated, he stepped forward, saying, "My God, I didn't mean that!" The murderer was immediately arrested by some of the bystanders and taken to the station house, where he remarked to Chief Downey: "I give myself up to you. I have killed a man, and it was an accident so I give myself up to you. I didn't mean to kill him, it was an accident."

Perkins was subsequently removed to the county jail, and afterwards to the State prison, near Carson, to escape the avenging fury of citizens who proposed to anticipate the law by hanging him. His real name is Arthur Perkins Heffman. He was born in New York and raised in California, and is about 25 years of age. He is a piano player, and played for some time in Scott's dance saloon, on South C street.

Hard Fate.

The Federal authorities have made a demand on the State Prison Warden for the surrender to them of the Pecquop car robbers, Taylor, Morton and Baker, who, if surrendered will be tried for their lives this week before the United States Circuit Court. The prisoners are now serving on a thirty years sentence in the State Prison. The weight of authority and legal opinion seems to be that the State can not surrender the robbers, and that the Federal Court can not get possession of them for trial until the expiration of their term of sentence. It will be rough on the boys to cut stone for thirty years and then pull hemp.—*Carson Register.*

Engineers Elected.

The election of the Virginia Fire Department held Saturday, March 4th, resulted as follows: James Malone, of Eagle Engine Co. 3, for Chief Engineer, received 238 votes; Jacob Young, of Young America Engine Co. No. 2, for the same office, received 128 votes. Scholl, of No. 2, for First Assistant Engineer, received 146 votes; J. N. Carter, of Washoe Engine Co. No. 4, for the same office, received 219 votes. P. J. Bell, of Knickerbocker Engine Co. No. 5, for Second Assistant, received 350 votes—scattering 2. After the result was announced, anvils were fired by the friends of the victorious, the fire bells were turned loose and the "boys" had a regular jollification throughout the city for a few hours.

After Their Necks.

United States Marshal Lammon has served his warrant of arrest on the men arrested by the State authorities for robbing the stage on the Geiger grade. They are to be tried for their lives for robbing the United States mail by force of arms. When the warrant was read to Johnson in his cell, he turned toward the Marshal and asked: "Would you arrest a dead man?"—*Carson Register.*

—A roasted onion bound upon the pulse on the wrist will, it is claimed, stop the most inveterate toothache in a few minutes.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Same as ever! "For five years," writes a gentleman at Harrisburg, Pa., "I was on a wild goose chase after remedies for dyspepsia. I have taken enough 'infallible cures' to float a jolly boat, and the more I swallowed the faster I got no better. Luckily, or rather providentially, it came into my head to try Dr. Walker's Vegetable Vinegar Bitters. This was about five months ago. In less than six weeks not a twinge remained to remind me of the complaint. I am perfectly well, and have only one regret—that I did not discover the true specific sooner."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS, INDEPENDENCE.

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table, With fittings complete, in connection.

n38m3 THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

FINE PRINTING

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INDEPENDENT

Printing Establshment

Desire to inform the public in general and all business men in particular, that they are now prepared to promptly execute

Every Description

OF THE FINEST

JOB PRINTING.

Having received from San Francisco large and valuable additions to our material, consisting of type, border, inks, etc., etc., of the very newest and most approved styles, we are enabled to do

Fine Work,

And we

PROPOSE TO DO IT,

In which we shall

Court Criticism, Defy Competition!

Get Printing done and do Business in a Business Manner. And patronize Home Industry and keep your money at home while doing so.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE SPECIMENS

—AT THE—

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

CHALFANT & PARKER, Proprietors.

Independence, Cal., March 25, 1871. tf.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Fifth Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of E. A. Reddy against E. A. de la Mier et al., duly attested the 7th day of March, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate (situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County and State aforesaid), to-wit:

That certain ranch heretofore commonly known as the Friburg Tunnel, and now known as the San Felipe Tunnel. Also, that certain quartz lode immediately known as the San Felipe quartz lode.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the town of Independence, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. R. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TABOTT, Under Sheriff.

March 25, 1871. m18-38w3

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ANNUAL election for District Recorder of the Lone Pine Mining District, Inyo County, California, will be held at a room of D. H. Williams, in the Upper Town of Corro Gordo, on the FIRST SATURDAY OF APRIL, 1871, the same being the first day of April, 1871.

Given under my hand this 25th day of February, 1871. JOHN A. HANNAH, Recorder of said District.

m11 37td

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER, Independence, Inyo County, Cal., March 7, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING County Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY GENERAL FUND.

No.	In whose favor drawn.	Amount.
215	J W McMurry	$75 00
220	P W Bennett	125 00
221	C M Joslin	37 50
212	A M Dennis	19 20
222	L F Cooper	15 00
208	A J Lusk	12 00
224	S P Davis	23 00

I. HARRIS, County Treasurer.
mr11u37t4 By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent.

JOHN KISPERT,
JOHN MEYER.

February 25th, 1871. f25u36-4t

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, ON BEHALF OF THE owners of the "SANTA MARIA" mine, Cerro Gordo, Inyo County, California, gives notice that all depredations upon or removal of ores therefrom will be liable to the penalties of the laws against larceny, and to the payment of damages for any and all ores or other values taken without authority; and the public are cautioned against purchasing the said ores, on the line of the "Santa Maria," from sellers acting under false and fraudulent titles, rendering themselves receivers of stolen property. A. H. DORR.

February 21, 1869. f25 4t

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between THOMAS MAY and B. P. TASKER has been dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to the firm are requested to settle immediately; either parties will sign in receipt, and all accounts will be paid upon presentation to Thomas May.

THOMAS MAY,
B. P. TASKER.

Thankful for the past patronage extended to the firm, the undersigned respectfully solicits a continuance of the same for his successor.

B. P. TASKER.

Independence, Cal., March 4, 1871. m4-4

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, March 18.....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 6 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Under Sheriff Talcott.

In our remarks last week, concerning the escape and chances of capture of the two horse thieves, we animadverted rather strongly on Under Sheriff Talcott, solely through a misunderstanding of the immediate facts. On inquiry as to the steps being taken for the recapture, we were led to believe that Talcott had started in pursuit in a two-horse buggy and so stated it. Soon after the issue of our paper, (the whole occurrence having come to our knowledge but a short time before going to press), we ascertained that he had left town on horseback some hours previous to the escape, and for the purpose of making another arrest, and of course not in pursuit of the escapes at all. Had the facts been as we stated on what we supposed was good authority, no sensible man, aware of an officer's duty but would have considered the act deserving of stronger condemnation, than was conveyed in our remark. In the same connection and the only additional point worth notice was the implied doubt of his desire or willingness to make arrests of desperate characters. The only circumstance within our knowledge to give color to this supposition, and the real foundation for the charge of a disregard of duty, grew out of his failure to arrest Ault. It is well known that public sentiment in Ault's neighborhood was favorable to his escape, and as Talcott did not make the arrest when it was apparently in his power to do so, common report has accredited him with the same sentiment, even to the extent of neglecting sworn duty. Reliable men with no obvious motive for misrepresentation, have repeatedly asserted that Mr. Talcott met and conversed with Ault without offering to serve the warrant until it was out of his power to effect it. A communication appeared in this paper over the signature of the principal sufferer in the original transaction, charging by implication if not directly, a lack of inclination on the part of certain officials to arrest and bring the offender to justice. No authenticated denial of any of these charges has ever come to our knowledge, though we at different times endeavored to obtain the real facts. These uncontroverted statements of several months standing were further confirmed by a letter from Ault himself, altogether making out a pretty strong case against Mr. Talcott, and that alone was the base of his implied lack of determination. Before going further we will here remark that our personal relations, both private and official, with Mr. Talcott and every other official of Inyo county has ever been of the kindliest nature, and the only motive we could have for assailing him was in the belief that such apparent short comings our duty required it. We will now give what we believe to be the actual facts in regard to the non-arrest of Ault. About a year previous to the time of this attempted arrest Talcott casually met Ault. At that time the latter was in full health and flesh and face covered with heavy beard. Talcott never knowingly met him afterwards. Following the crime for which much was to be arrested, having shaved clean, emaciated and by acquaintances failed to readily recognize him. Owing, probably, to the symptoms before alluded to, Ault's friends misinformed Talcott as to the color of the horse he was riding, and though he actually did meet and, we believe, speak to him, Talcott had not, for the reasons before mentioned, the remotest idea that it was the person for whom he was in search; an hour later he was made aware of the facts in the case, but too late for any reasonable hope of success in pursuing. Though not pertaining directly to the matter in hand we will here state that an officer who pursues a criminal beyond his own county lines does it wholly on his own responsibility and expense. There are other matters connected with the occasion of these remarks that we would notice did space permit. In view of actual facts we believe the foregoing explanations a simple act of justice to all parties, and therefore are most cheerfully accorded.

The China Murderer.

Tu Hop, the Chinaman who shot and killed one of his countrymen at Lone Pine, has been sharply pursued by several citizens of that place, effecting two escapes from parties detaining him, and finally was considerate enough to put an end to his wretched existence. Making his way to Swansea, he was imprisoned in the cellar at the boarding house of the O. L. S. L. Co., by that renowned strategist, Gen C. C. Bell, but somehow got out while that individual was attending to his manifold business duties. Eluding pursuit, he made his way to Little Lake, where he was again made prisoner, by Mr. Kennedy, proprietor of the station at that place, who locked him in a room and placed a Mexican on guard. When Messrs. Begole and Mulkey came along after him, they went to the room for the fugitive and found that, during a snooze of his watcher, he had made himself scarce. They tracked him for some four or five miles, and found him lying in a crevice in the rocks, smoking. Ordering him out, the Chinaman responded by cutting furiously at his throat, severing the windpipe and laying open the neck almost to the bone, but without cutting the jugular. They dragged him out, expecting his death; but he didn't die, although anxious to, for been motions begged his captors to shoot him. After several days of existence in this horrible condition he concluded Tu Hop off into eternity—and may the Joss of the "Heathen Chinee" have mercy on his soul!

Organized.

At the meeting of the F. & A. M. held on the evening of March 4th, they determined to apply for a dispensation to organize. The upper hall of the building at the Post, known as the "Settlers' Store" will probably be used as a lodge room for the present.

Mining Sale.

Mr. Brady, for the Owens Lake Silver-Lead Company, yesterday purchased of Mr. Thomas Parker, attorney in this place the remaining 200 feet in the Front mine, at Cerro Gordo.

Religious Services.

Mr. John Tamblin will preach at the School House at this place to-morrow, Sunday, March 19th, at 11 o'clock A. M. The public are invited.

Ill.

We regret to learn that Mr. V. Beaudry, of Cerro Gordo, is lying very seriously ill at that place.

May's Saloon.

Elsewhere may be seen the new advertisement of that scientific mixologist, Thomas May.

New Goods.

Rothschilds & Co., have received any quantity of new goods this week.

Cerro Gordo.

Beaudry's works are now shut down, for the purpose of adding a new galamadore. Belshaw's is in full blast, as usual. Work is resumed on the Buena Vista tunnel by the new owners, Belshaw & Beaudry, and is producing large quantities of galena. On the Belmont side, the mine of that name is working a force of eighteen men, and are extracting twenty tons of silver ore per week, of the average worth of $100 per ton on the dump. Work on the lower tunnel, now in 640 feet, has been suspended for the present, and they are now examining the ledges already cut by it. The Wittekind tunnel is in 170 feet, and being driven ahead as fast as possible, but the rock is very hard, and costs $54 per foot to cut it. The Crowning Glory is proving fine property for its new owners. Eighteen men are employed, who are steadily taking out large quantities of pay ore. It is estimated that this mine can be made to produce sufficient ore to supply the O. L. S.-L. Co.'s furnace with necessary silver ore. Hahn, the invincible, has made a new strike—the Schiller, and is extracting considerable quantities of good ore. The Oceola tunnel is in about 200 feet, but has not yet reached the ledge. The Omega tunnel, starting into the hill southward from the San Lucas canyon, just over the divide, is in about 780 feet, and being driven ahead at the rate of 20 feet per 24 hours. The proprietors of this tunnel have recently purchased one of the principal lead locations on the hill, and their prospects for striking an immense mine of metal at a great depth may be considered as certain. Work is progressing on the long tunnel which starts in at the Lower Town.

Not Any in His.

We hear it told of a desciple of Esculapius who recently determined upon making Cerro Gordo his field of operations, that during his first night in town he became somewhat salubrious and under the influence of divers potations. Late at night he tried to effect an entrance into a well known saloon, which was occupied by a private party of revelers. Trying the front door, he found it locked. His experience of the back door was the same. Musing upon the singular perverseness of doors, and probably divining the nature of things, he returned to the front entrance and tried it again. At this juncture a Henry rifle was accidentally turned loose inside. Down the hill sped the doctor, and to the first man he met detailed the case thusly: "My friend-al (hic) came here to buy a stock of drugs (hic) and practice medicine (hic), and want to do it—but (hic) *d—n me if I want an interest in a shooting gallery!*"

Officers Elected.

We neglected to give last week the names of the officers elected by Independence Engine Company No. 1, at their meeting held on the 6th instant. To serve for the ensuing term they have selected: President, A. C. Hanson; Foreman, J. E. Parker; First Assistant, H. C. Morse; Second Assistant, Joseph Fernbach; Secretary, A. J. Close; Treasurer, H. M. Isaacs. The election was attended with interest, some of the positions being sharply contested for. The affairs of the company are in a favorable condition, and we doubt not that "One's fellows" will soon have a "mersheen" and apparatus complete, with which to checkmate the fiery foe.

Weather.

During the past week the weather has been alternately warm and cold. We attribute this variableness mainly to the carelessness of our foreman in leaving out of our last issue our meteorological tables that had been prepared, and were already for the press, costing considerable time and trouble in the preparation. As we now have no report we can't be responsible for the weather next week.

The Thieves.

We are not advised of the whereabouts of of Sheriff Elder in his pursuit of Williams and Hutchison, who escaped from the jailor at this place, last Saturday. They were traced as far north as Slinkards, but whether beyond that we do not know. It is said that parties are aiding them to escape; if so, and proven, they had better hunt another climate. But Mr. Elder will bring them back.

Silver Sprout Meeting.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Silver Sprout Mining Company is advertised to be held at the office of the company, No. 206 Front street, San Francisco, on Monday next, March 20th. This company have valuable property in this county, and should not allow it to lie idle. But send your notices to this office, gentlemen.

St. Patrick's Day.

The anniversary of the birth of Ireland's patron saint passed off very quietly everywhere. At Lone Pine a dance was had at the Lone Pine hotel, where all present enjoyed themselves. At this place, a few dancers gathered at the Exchange hotel, and indulged in a social hop.

Arraigned.

Wm. King was arraigned on charge of grand larceny, and plead not guilty. A venire for 48 trial jurors was issued by the County Court, returnable on Monday at 10 o'clock. It is not probable a jury will be obtained without considerable difficulty, if at all.

Fun.

Benton has now a dancing school in full operation, with a regular attendance of nearly twenty devotees of Terpsichore.

The Utah Mines.

The White Pine News of March 4th has the following: A gentleman just returned from a trip to the mines east of us reports miner's wages as very discouraging. He notes the case of one old Treasure Hill miner who was working for $2 a day, and was discharged because men could be got for $1 50. He says some are got for even $1. These facts may be encouraging to men of capital preparing to go there; but they leave White Pine," the Poor Man's Paridise."

The Crop Prospect South.

The San Joaquin Argus has the subjoined: Since the late heavy rains throughout the valley prospects for good crops of grain have greatly improved, and farmers seem to be in the best of humor. With the help of a few more showers during the next sixty days, our people will be able to harvest the heaviest crop ever raised in San Joaquin valley.

Canal in Kern County.

Of the Kern county irrigating canal The Courier says: Its entire length will be fourteen miles, and the first three miles, embracing the most difficult portion of the work, are nearly completed. Several mills will be driven by water taken from the canal, one of which is near Bakersfield. It is estimated that 30,000,000 acres of land can easily be irrigated, and by a slight additional expense a much larger territory.

The Eclectic.

The March number of The Eclectic has a large number of really excellent and instructive articles under the head of "Life and Death," all indicating the great progress of medical science and affording profitable reading for any person of intelligence. Matters under the above head appear to be a specialty of this magazine and if properly appreciated would alone constitute it a work of value. The Children's and other departments are fully up to its previous standard. A two-dollar greenback invested as a year's subscription to this monthly for family use will most certainly afford a fair return.

Address, John M. Scudder, Cincinnati, Ohio, or this and other publications may be obtained through Agent Jas. M. Meredith, of Aurora.

Appleton's Journal.

A new serial story of Southern Life, by Christian Reed, a very popular author, will be commenced March 18th in Appleton's Journal, and appear weekly until completed. Including this story interesting miscellany and beautiful illustrations, $4 invested as a year's subscription to the Journal will secure 1,664 pages of good reading.

This publication offers peculiar attractions to miners to while away leisure hours. Twenty dollars will procure six copies.

Send to Jas. M. Meredith at Aurora or D. Appleton & Co., New York, or leave names at this office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MILLER & CO.

WOOL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

17 DAVIS STREET,

San Francisco.

DOING BUSINESS EXCLUSIVELY ON COMMISSION. All lots carefully sampled before offering prices to purchasers. Consignments insured and handled in wool rooms under our own supervision.

The Best Wool Sacks and Twine Furnished Consignors.

N. B.—Mark M. & Co. with your initial letters on each package.

Refer by permission to W. H. Tillinghast, Esq., Manager Bank of British Columbia; A. Black, Esq., President Pioneer Woolen Factory; Messrs. Stevens, Baker & Co., Wellman, Peck & Co., and Ryan Bros. m14n36-4t

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

BISHOP CREEK

Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates, for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17n3

INDEPENDENCE

SHAVING SALOON.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.

n2j163m

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions,

CLOTHING, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.,

At Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., Sept. 26, 1870. n12 3m

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

☞ AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1 3m

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Also, in connection,

Partzwick Hotel.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. F. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

Northeast Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Crock.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement

We retain our old mottos of

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble one-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC., ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED to us will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n3tf

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Dry Goods,

HARDWOOD,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES.

Crockery,

GLASSWARE.

Tin-Ware,

SADDLERY,

Farming Implements,

SHOE FINDINGS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,

Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Tapioca, Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Jams, Dried Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles, Extracts, Sauces, Codfish, Salmon, Mackerel, Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,

French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO

Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,

SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUN-DOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES

Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER

Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH-STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,

WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,

WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of

Glass and Crockery Ware,

Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

D. COHN & CO.

Independence, Cal., October 8, 1870. n13m

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1868.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES.

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, December 3, 1870. c23 3m

LIVERY STABLES.

EAGLE

Livery and Feed

STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House.

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF ON THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

on hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n13m3

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 23, 1870. jy30n4tf

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

Lone Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

D. W. MEADS.

HUNT'S

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses for let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale, BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n05 6m

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

S. COTTRELL, Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, &c., &c.

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Main street, Aurora.

n15v13m N. G. COBB, Proprietor.

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS THE ABOVE AT his Quartz Mill, in Benton, Mono Co., Cal.

QUARTZ BREAKER,

As good as new, and will be sold very low.

Address or enquire of

J. W. McMURRY, Fish Springs.

(4)

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, March 18.....1871.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,

FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,

Best Quality Crushed Sugar,

FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

BLANKETS,

Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRESS GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

HOSIERY,

PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Saddles and Bridles,

Hardware,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

GROCERIES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 14, 1871. fe18n34tf

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, August 8, 1870. n5-6m

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Saw Mill, Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32 6m*

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where fay sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or, [illegible] its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer;
So it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

[illegible] with a rousing cheer
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier!

J. W. TYLER.

AURORA

Fruit & Variety

STORE.

J. W. TYLER,

AURORA,

Nevada.

Wholesale and retail dealer in

ALL KINDS OF FRUITS

APPLES,
PEARS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS,
GRAPES

And every kind of fruit in season

AT REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH!

Cigars and Tobacco,

Havana and American Cigars,
Cigaritos de Damas,
Manillas, Etc

The best qualities of

Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos!

Chewing—(Fine Cut)—

John Anderson's Solace,
Liberty Boy,
Forest Rose,
Century,
Savory,
(in Papers or Cans.)

Chewing—(Plug)—

Nature's Bounty,
Nectar of Roses,
May Apple,
Forest Rose,
Washoe,
Prince Esterhazy,
Horn of Plenty
Signet,
Tulip,
Pear
Pearl of Orient,
Bouquet,
Peach,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Smoking—

WADAWANUCK,
BIG LICK,
BETHALSEY,
NONPARIEL,
GOLDEN SHOWER,
ORONOCO,
EUREKA,
SIESTA,
FOREST ROSE,

All of which we will sell in papers or can the lowest market prices.

TURKISH AND SPANISH.

Maccoboy, Scotch and French Rapee

SNUFFS!

Meerschaum, Stone and India Rubber

PIPES,

Cherry Stems, Mouth Pieces, etc., etc.

A good assortment of

Stationery,
Pocket Cutlery,
Gold Pens,
Pencils,
Albums,
Chessmen,
Playing Cards,
Crib Boards,
Spectacles,
Brushes, all kinds,
Etc., etc., etc.

ALSO,

A good assortment of the finest

CANDIES,
FIG PASTE,
RAISINS,
NUTS,
FIGS,
GUAVA JELLY,
ETC., ETC.

LADIES' PORTFOLIOS ALL SIZES!

Drawing and Tissue Paper!

Diaries for 1871.

PERFUMERY, EXTRACTS and SOAPS.

IF YOU WANT

TOYS AND GIFTS

—GO TO—

J. W. TYLER'S.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL receive prompt attention. Remember

J. W. TYLER,

Corner Pine and Bush Streets,

AURORA, NEVADA.

Aurora, Nev., September 26, 1870. n12 3m

MUSICAL.

PATENT ARION PIANO.

Few Reasons WHY

THE

ARION PIANO

IS

Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer,

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Evenness

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration.

All go to prove what we claim, viz.: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT

Arion Pianos

ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE

American Conservatories of Music,

Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

It affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of defection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of Pianos, still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,
HENRY SHROEDER,
DIRECTOR.

New York, September 3d, 1870.

AGENTS WANTED.

We want first class and responsible agents in every city and town where we have not already appointed them.

We Have Just Published

Our Annual Illustrated Pamphlet, which contains a full description of the interior construction of the PATENT ARION PIANO FORTE, and all the other leading Pianos of the principal makes; illustrated with cuts, thus contrasting the ARION with all other first class Pianos, and proving

WHY AND WHERE

Our Pianos are superior to any in the market.

Our pamphlet contains engravings of all the different styles of instruments that we manufacture, giving a full description of each, so that a person can select the style they may desire to order, with the assurance that they will receive just as good a Piano as if they were in our warerooms to select it. We have sold over FIVE THOUSAND Pianos, many of them being shipped great distances, and we have never yet received the first complaint. As we give a written guarantee with every Piano we manufacture, for five years, the purchaser runs no risk.

☞ Don't fail to write for our pamphlet which we mail free, and when you write state what paper you saw this notice in. ☜

N. B.—We caution the public from purchasing a cheap Piano which has recently been put in the market, bearing the name "Arion." All genuine Arion Pianos bear the name "Patent Arion" and can only be purchased from our New York Warerooms, or our authorized Agents throughout the United States.

All Kinds Of Musical Instruments Supplied.

ADDRESS THE

Arion Piano-Forte Co.

NO. 534 BROADWAY,

fe25u36m6 New York City.

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES, Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfc

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY,

SAGE, CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32 6m JOHN LENTELL.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN, HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS

AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal. August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

☞ ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY. ☜

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. 12-tf

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, [illegible] at the PRINTING OFFICE.

MEDICAL.

Henry T. Helmbold's

COMPOUND FLUID

Extract Catawba

GRAPE PILLS.

Component Parts—Fluid Extract Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

FOR LIVER COMPLAINTS, JAUNDICE, BILIOUS AFFECTIONS, SICK OR NERVOUS HEADACHE, COSTIVENESS, Etc. PURELY VEGETABLE, CONTAINING NO MERCURY, MINERALS OR DELETERIOUS DRUGS.

H

THESE PILLS ARE THE MOST DELIGHTFULLY pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts, magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the FINEST INGREDIENTS. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar coated Pills do not dissolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. THE CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, being pleasant in taste and color, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated. **Price Fifty Cents per Box.**

E

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Cankers, Runnings from the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affections, Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Night Sweats, Rash, Tetter, Humors of all Kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

L

Being Prepared Expressly for the above complaints, its Blood Purifying Properties are greater than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla. It gives the complexion a Clear and Healthy Color and restores the patient to a State of Health and Purity. For Purifying the Blood, removing all Chronic Constitutional Diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the Only Reliable and Effectual known Remedy for the Cure of Pains and Swelling of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Erysipelas and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, and Beautifying the Complexion. **Price, $1 50 per Bottle.**

M

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

CONCENTRATED

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

THE GREAT DIURETIC,

Has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposit, and Mucous or Milky Discharges, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of Both Sexes, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruption on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, etc

Used by persons from the ages of eighteen to twenty five, and from thirty five to fifty five or in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains; bed wetting in children.

B

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is Diuretic and Blood Purifying, and cures all the diseases arising from habits of dissipation, and excesses and imprudences in life, impurities of the blood, etc., superseding copaiba in affections for which it is used, and syphilitic affections—in these diseases used in connection with HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.

LADIES.

In fainting and nervous peculiar to Ladies, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequalled by any other Remedy—as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous State of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion or habits of dissipation. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent Physicians and Midwives for enfeebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes and all ages (attended with any of the above diseases or symptoms).

O

H. T. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU CURES DISEASES ARISING FROM IMPRUDENCES, HABITS OF DISSIPATION, ETC.

In all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous matter.

Thousands who have been the victims of incompetent persons, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found that they have been deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "powerful astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in a more aggravated form, perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. **Price, One Dollar and Fifty Cents per Bottle.**

L

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Can not be surpassed as a FACE WASH, and will be found the only specific Remedy in every species of Cutaneous Affection. It speedily eradicates Pimples, Spots, Scorbutic Dryness Indurations of the Cutaneous Membrane, etc., dispels Redness and Incipient Inflammation, Hives, Rash, Moth Patches, Dryness of Scalp or Skin, Frost Bites, and all purposes for which Salves or Ointments are used; restores the skin to a healthy state of Purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T. Helmbold's Rose Wash has long sustained its principal claim to unbounded patronage, by possessing qualities which render it a Toilet Appendage of the most Superlative and Congenial character, combining in an elegant formula those prominent requisites, Safety and Efficacy—the invariable accompaniment of its use—as a Preservative and Refresher of the Complexion. It is an excellent lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the the EXTRACTS BUCHU, SARSAPARILLA AND CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, in such diseases as recommended, can not be surpassed. **Price, One Dollar per Bottle.**

D

Full and explicit directions accompany the medicines.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witness, and upwards of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, etc. The proprietor has never resorted to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

Henry T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations

Delivered to any address. Secure from observation. Established upwards of Twenty Years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Address letters for information in confidence to HENRY T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist.

Only Depots: H. T. Helmbold's Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New York, or to H. T. Helmbold's Medical Depot, 104 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. Ask for HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S. TAKE NO OTHER.

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VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1871. NUMBER 39.

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INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, March 25.....1871.

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Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12-6m

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Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v1 3m

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A Fine Billiard Table,

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Have goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.

WM. M. OSBORN.

Los Angeles, Feb. 18, 1871. v1n34m3

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☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

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Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

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Fare to San Francisco.....$50.

OFFICE—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Russ House.

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Visalia, Feb. 18, 1871. n1-34m3

The Little Game in Washington.

[Washington Correspondence of the N. Y. Sun.]

The lobby's poker rooms here are on 15½ street, not far from the residence of Ned Price, who used to deal near Willard's but gave it up to be a lawyer, and gain great causes at draw-poker.

Fernando Wood plays a big game of poker, betting high and never flinching. Nesmith, of Oregon, is a racy player. Most of the Southern and Western members, native to the manor, play constantly.

Probably twenty poker tables are running every night of the week, including Sundays, among Congressmen.

Frank Blair was a stalwart poker player as far as his resources went; but Frank has never had above $1,000 at a time, although he has been lavish with his patronage. Of late he has been uncommon'y hard up, and his little game has not therefore attracted attention.

John Logan was long a ferocious poker player, and the smartest hand with a deck of cards in the world, but he has experienced religion and reformed. The following scene occurred some time ago, after he had passed his full period of probation in the Methodist church.

Enter to John a rather indurated and worn publican and sinner, saying, before company:

"Jack, I hain't seen you since our game at draw poker, when you won my little two hundred."

"S-h-h h," said Logan.

The publican and sinner was mum.

"I have been," said Logan, after an awkward pause, "received into full membership in the M. E. Church, and though I once did play games of chance, I don't do it any more."

"Jack," said the publican and sinner, "why warn't you received into full membership before you bagged my little two hundred?"

The District Attorney's Assistant, young Dick Harrington, has been tearing out the faro banks here, doing few of them any harm, for poker has completely superseded faro, and the poor professional rats look seedy enough loitering around the taverns. Jack McCarty, who used to have a good deal of prominence in semi-Congressional circles here, was completely exploded a few weeks ago. His shebang on E street was torn out by Major Richards' acute policemen, and the spotlessness of that gorgeous white overcoat with the black velvet collar is seen no more plying between the Capitol and Rum row. There is no longer a handsome faro room in Washington, and the last episode of public gaming here was the murder of Sunny James at the door of his own place on carnival night, by a rough named Horatio Bolster, whom he had pummelled. The whole fraternity is making tracks for Baltimore.

STORY OF THE GREEN CARPET-BAGGER.

A good story just at this point is told about a green carpet bagger, who came to Washington some time last session with a considerable pile of greenbacks and more curious cunning, and who fell in one night with a set of cappers and ropers in for a faro bank not far from the National Hotel. They took him around in a very genteel way, treated him copiously, and showed him some sights, and then, when they thought the proper time had arrived, proposed to fight a little game of the tiger. The carpet-bagger, nothing loth, followed them to their headquarters, and in order to make it appear perfectly fair, they proposed that the man who had the largest amount of money should be the dealer. The green carpet-bagger revealed his pile, which the crowd were anxious to see, and to their delight it proved to be the biggest pile.

"You are to be the dealer!" cried all.

"Oh no boys," protested the green carpet-bagger, "I can't deal: I don't nothing about it. I've bucked many a time, but I've never dealt; I can't deal."

They all protested that as he had the biggest pile and had won the chance, he must be the dealer.

"No! no!" cried this very green carpet-bagger, "I'll give ten dollars, twenty dollars, yes, fifty dollars, to any man who will deal in my place."

They all insisted that he should deal. He took up the cards in an awkward way, shuffled them many a grimace, and as he was about to put the cards in the box from which they were to be drawn, his hand accidentally slipped and revealed, under the top card, the king of heatrs so that they all saw it. Every gambler immediately coppered on the king of hearts.

The green carpet-bagger at once cried out:

"Now, now, come, boys, come, this won't do; you are taking advantage of me. There is something wrong or you wouldn't all bet that way together. I won't play unless I can have another shuffle."

They all insisted that the game should go on just as it was, and after many protestations that it was not a fair thing to take in a stranger so, the green carpet-bagger proceeded to deal.

He slipped off the top card, and there beneath, sure enough, was the king of hearts.

They all pushed forward to sweep off the money, but the very green carpet-bagger, drawing off the king of hearts, exposed another king for the third card. This made splits.

"I'll take half of that pile, boys," said this greenest of green carpet-baggers. And he passed out with a mild expression of countenance to look at the statue of Freedom on the summit of the Capitol. They play no more with green carpet-baggers here.

The Suez Canal.

The first year's operations of this great commercial enterprise show an average monthly receipt of about $100,000, or $1,200,000, per annum. These figures are stated by officials of the company, though no annual report has been rendered from the headquarters of the company, in beleaguered Paris. The calculation of a passage of 3,000,000 tons of shipping the first year, then, has not been realized. At ten francs per ton—the toll demanded for transit—the sum reported as the first year's receipts represents only between 500,000 and 600,000 tons.

A remarkable fact in regard to this canal is that it is mostly used by screw steamers, a class of vessels not in use when the project was first broached. Without this modification in naval propelling force the canal would find a heavy balance on the debtor side of its financial exhibit. It is probable that the receipts so far have met the expenses. If so, the increase of business will probably yield some moderate dividends to stockholders in future.

Learned Something.

A venerable couple in Scott county, Iowa, recently received a lesson in practical chemistry by accident. The old lady took a drink of lye in mistake for vinegar, and, being in doubt whether her taste was perverted or she had got hold of the wrong jug, she gave her husband a swig of the same to get the benefit of his opinion on the subject. Presently their throats and mouths began to burn, when they discovered that it was lye they had been drinking, and swallowed some oil to allay the pain. The oil combining with the lye formed soap, which stimulated the salivary glands, to excessive action causing a flow of foaming soapsuds, from their mouths that was as alarming as it was disagreeable. A physician who happened to call while this process was in full operation relieved them by the application of proper remedies; but it was several weeks before they were able to enjoy their food again.

Poor Poll!

In the fire which destroyed 600 singing birds in New York, recently, a gifted parrot was heard ejaculating, "Polly wants a drink." When the wires grew hot and scorched his feet, he attempted to seek relief by clinging with his bill to the roof. But this was too untenable and burned his tongue, so he let go and dropped to the bottom of his cage, hoarsely uttering "You know how it is yourself!"

—A poor soldier in New Hampshire, who, after three applications, succeeded in getting $100 bounty, sent at once $10 to an uncle who had loaned him that amount when he was in desperate need. A few days ago the uncle died, and by his will left the almost penniless soldier all his estate, valued at $200,000, giving as his reason for so doing that he had many times lent money to his relatives and he alone had repaid him.

—Persons who have not been in the habit of drinking buttermilk consider it disagreeable, because it is slightly acid, in consequence of the presence of lactic acid. There is not much nourishment in buttermilk, but the presence of the lactic acid assists the digestion of any food taken with it. The Welsh peasants almost live upon oat cake and buttermilk. Invalids suffering from indigestion will do well to drink buttermilk at meal times.

—A young man in Oswego who started to attend a masquerade party attired and accoutred as he supposes Satan usually is, unhappily entered the wrong house, to the consternation of the inmates. The old gentleman, father of the family, especially, was greatly alarmed, and with a wild shriek, "Maria, save the children!" he made his exit through the rear door, closely followed by Maria and all their little ones.

—Last summer a Boston establishment tanned fifty anaconda-skins for boot-leather. The boots are valued at fifty dollars a pair. The largest of these skins was forty feet in length. The tanning processes were similar to those observed in the manufacture of alligator-leather, the product being a very beautiful and high finished quality of leather, glossy, mottled, pliable, and, from the appearance of the grain, exceedingly durable.

—"Be solemn," said Tom Corwin, "if you want to succeed. The world looks up to the ring-master and down on the clown. It despises a man who entertains it. Be as solemn, therefore, as an ass. All the monuments have been built to solemn asses."

—An advertisement of cod liver oil winds up: "Patients who have once taken it can take no other." A candid confession.

—A letter writer says that General Von Moltke, when in repose, looks like a man in a tragedy about to do a foul deed.

—"Do you like codfish-balls, Mr. Wiggins?" "I really don't know, miss, I can't recollect ever attending one," replied Mr. W., hesitatingly.

—"Darling it's bedtime. All the little chickens have gone to bed." "Yes, mamma, and so has the old hen."

—Henry Ward Beecher says it will never do "to preach cream and practise skim-milk."

An Educated Monkey.

A monkey, which was permitted to run free, had frequently seen the menservants in the great country-kitchen take down a powder-horn, that stood on the chimney-piece, and throw a few grains into the fire to make the maids scream, which they always did on such occasions. Pug waited his opportunity and when all was still he clambered up, got possession of the well-filled powder-horn, perched himself gingerly on one of the horizontal wheels placed for the support of saucepans, right over the warm ashes of an almost extinct wood-fire, screwed off the top of the horn, and reversed it over the grate. The explosion sent him half-way up the chimney. Before he was blown up he was a snug, trim, well-conditioned monkey; he came down carbonated. The weight with which he pitched upon the hot ashes in the midst of the general flare-up, aroused him to a sense of his his condition. He was missing for days. Hunger at last drove him forth, and he sneaked into the house, looking scared and devilish; but, like some other great personage, he never got over his sudden elevation and fall. If ever Pug forgot himself and was troublesome, you had only to take down a powder-horn in his presence, and he was off like a shot, screaming and chattering his jaws like a pair of castanets.

Out

In Chester county, N. C., lately, a clock peddler was tramping along, hot, dusty, and tired, when he came to a meeting house wherin sundry Friends were engaged in silent devotion. The peripatetic tradesman thought he would walk in and rest. He took a seat upon a bench, doffed his hat, and placed his clocks upon the floor. There was a painful stillness in the meeting house, which was broken by one of the clocks, which commenced striking furiously. The peddler was in agony, but he hoped every minute the clock would stop. Instead of that it struck just four hundred and thirty times by the actual count of every Friend in the meeting, for the best disciplined of them couldn't help numbering the strokes. Then up rose one of the Friends, at the end of the four hundred and thirtieth stroke, and said: "Friend, as it is so very late, perhaps thee had better proceed on thy journey, or thee will not reach thy destination unless thee is as energetic as thy vehement time-piece."

Croup.

The following remedy for croup is going the rounds of the papers. It is said to give almost instant relief, even in cases where other remedies have failed. It is nothing more than allspice tea. It seems at once to cut the phleghm loose and relieve the child.

—The West Wisconsin Railway, which runs on an air-line from St. Paul to Milwaukee and Chicago, is one hundred and fifty-four miles in length, and owns a million acres of first-rate farming-land granted by Congress, and estimated to be worth ten million dollars, which is more than the whole of its bonded debt. It is no wonder that the bonds of that railroad are in demand.

—Professor Davidson, of the Coast Survey, says that Mount Ranier, a peak of the Cascade Range, in Washington Territory, is definitely ascertained to have an elevation of 14,000,444 feet. California is now trying to discover a peak within its borders higher than this, and we think we have it in Mount Whitney.

—A gentleman who was shut up in Paris during the late siege says that he ate rat at a restaurant, served up in a *salmis* with gravy and toast, and found it excellent. He says: "I have no objection to repeat the experiment to-morrow. The flesh was white and delicate, like young rabbit, but with more flavor."

—The present style of men's hats is an exact representation of the fashion of 1840. The present scrambled style of ladies' head-dress is of older origin being, according to a contempory, the identical fashion which prevailed before the invention of combs.

—London is well provided for amusements, supporting thirty-eight theatres and twenty-six music halls, besides the opera, Cremorne Garden, and one or more circuses. Over seventeen hundred performers gain their living from the music halls alone.

—Forty thousand books—some of them very valuable ones—have been sent from the Royal Library at Konigsberg to replenish the Strasbourg Library. They are mostly works of which the Konigsberg Library retains duplicates.

—A Columbus (Ohio) photographer presented a revolver at the head of a gentleman who was sitting for his photograph, with the cheerng remark: "My reputation as an artist is at stake. If you don't look smiling, I'll blow your brains out." He smiled.

—Work on the tunnel (through the Sierras) of Lake Tahoe and San Francisco Water Works will be commenced in earnest this Spring.

—A young woman's conundrum—Who is our favorite Roman hero? Marius.

—What is that which ties two persons but only touches one? A wedding-ring.

—The Thompson Road Steamer has been doing good work at Stockton.

—Grammatical—Is Arabella the plural of Isabella?

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. S. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, March 25.....1871.

WHAT IT DOES MEAN.

Some exceptions having been taken to the correctness of our conclusions in reference to the meaning of the act dated July 14, 1870, concerning pre-emption and homestead claims, and as it may be of importance to settlers to have a fair understanding of the matter, we again allude to it in the wish that if still in error we may be set right.

We believe that our statement that all the lands in this district are of the surveyed "unoffered" class was correct. Commissioner Wilson's circular, dated December 30, 1870, says in paragraph 4, that filings may be admitted for a period of three months after filing of the township plat, or date of settlement, and then the tract is held subject to homestead or pre emption entry or other selection authorized by law; for a period of twenty-one months from date of filing, the pre-emptor has a right to prove up and pay for his claim. Paragraph 6, of the same document, further states that after the lapse of the twenty-one months, all such filings will be considered as abandoned, unless, within this period proof, or payment or legal tender thereof, shall have been made.

This brings us to the point in our previous statement to which exception was taken, viz. that the settler neglecting to make proof and payment within the prescribed time, has no title to his land that would prevent others from taking the same. If it does not mean that such neglect forfeits all right, under the law, to the land, we can see no use for any law on the subject at all. If subject, after the expiration of the twenty-one months, to neither purchase nor pre-emption, what need is there for the holder to make payment during that time? Paragraph 9 of the circular states that land in certain cases must be "restored," and if there is competition, be sold to the highest bidder. Land that has never been "offered," as in this district, may not come under this rule, but if, after the expiration of the statutory limitation, our lands here, can be neither pre-empted, purchased, nor "restored" to private entry, we are curious to know what its real condition is; if subject to none of these conditions, possession must be nearly as good as a United States patent.

Vigilantes.

The numerous fires that have recently occurred in Virginia City, Nevada, prompted a close watch by citizens, by which means one of the scoundrels named Willis was caught in the act of firing Piper's Opera House, during a performance, and when the building was filled with women and children. He was placed in jail, from which he was taken that night by Vigilantes, and by the persuasive power of a hangman's noose, volunteered a full confession by which the authors of these devilish outrages were made known. Perkins the murderer, and several others are implicated. Willis is to make a full confession which will be received with great interest.

Terrific Tornado.

One of the most terrible tornados that we have ever heard of recently passed over East St. Louis, Missouri. It did not last longer than three minutes, but in that short space of time many hundred thousand dollars worth of property was destroyed, some fifty persons badly injured and a number killed outright. In its fury locomotives and cars were hurled from the track like bales of straw. Not a house, tree or movable object in the track of the storm bnt was partially or completely destroyed. The frightfulness of the scene is said to have been unparalleled.

New Music

We have received from Geo. F. Root, author and publisher, Chicago, the song and music of "The Cry that Comes Across the Sea." It is a stirring appeal for help for France, and should be sung by all and have a place upon every music stand in the land. The writer has heard George in his own music many times, but we imagine none of his war songs has reached the popularity of "The Cry that Comes Across the Sea."

Our Salesman.

Linforth, Kellogg & Co., of San Francisco, are the publishers of a monthly catalogue entitled as above, which presents a remarkably neat appearance and must be of great value and convenience to hard-ware dealers.

LAW AND ITS ADMINISTRATION.

Statute law is supposed to be based on reason; its administration on common sense. Necessarily general in its nature, its real intent and application in special cases is often attended with difficulty; hence, lawyers, the jury system, its devious workings, and contradictory rulings from the Bench. From such causes, we have diametrically opposite effects, and established precedents for totally different views of similar points, and as a consequence, a wide spread contempt for the law itself.

In criminal jurisprudence, it is an established principle that innocence is supposed until guilt is proved. As no good end can be attained in the punishment of innocence, the law properly throws around it every possible safeguard, but a too close adherence to this principle defeats the primary object of law, which is the punishment of the really guilty.

It is right and proper in every sense, for the presiding Judge to confine his rulings strictly to the letter of the law, according to his best judgment of its intent, whether in accord with his private feeling and wishes or otherwise, but cases of doubt should be decided on a common sense basis, for if not governed by this rule, entire communities are made to suffer that a supposed criminal, possibly innocent, may be mercifully dealt with.

We hold that neither law, nor common sense, nor well established precedent, ever justified exclusion of a trial juror who makes oath that he has no cause of bias, nor entertains none, except from the possible inference of guilt derived from the knowledge that a grand jury had found a true bill against the person whose case he is called upon to try. Admitting this as a rule in the selection of juries, the wheels of justice are clogged at the outset. The actual presence of the prisoner in the box is an acknowledgment of indictment, and must necessarily, in all aggravated charges especially, make an unfavorable impression upon a juryman, though he may, until sworn to answer questions, never before have seen the prisoner nor have heard of the case. This feeling should be attributed to the natural abhorrence of an honest man against the crime itself, and not to bias against the person charged with its commission. Any person of intelligence enough for a juryman must know that an indictment is founded mainly, if not solely, on *ex parte* evidence, and notwithstanding any probable unfavorable impression derived therefrom, is not accepted as proof of guilt. When very near every available man in the county has been summoned to appear as a juror, and does so at great expense and inconvenience—only to find himself disqualified for no better reason than that from his knowledge that an indictment had been found he received a somewhat unfavorable impression—is it any wonder that he should be impressed with the notion that either the law or its administration is something of a humbug?

In the case now before the County Court (People vs King), we do not mean to say that all, nor even a large proportion of the three or four venires were exhausted on just such flimsy pretexts, though such instances did occur or we are much mistaken; nor that the strict letter of the statute was violated by Judge or counsel; nor to impugn the integrity or honesty of purpose of any member of the Court, but we do mean to say, that in justice to the community as viewed from a common sense stand point, a much less fastidious course in the selection of jurymen might have been safely adopted. Under the rule adopted in this case, which is sustained probably, by a *very* strict rendering of United States Supreme Court decisions, the tendency is to impose jury duty upon the least informed; though we do not mean to say that this is the invariable result by any means, but that that is the tendency no one will deny. Under the most liberal interpretation of the rule, most of our best Judges have adopted the common sense view and have decided that a disqualifying bias is only of that character that a reasonable amount of proof can not remove, and that an imperfect knowledge of circumstances concerning a matter to be tried gained from flying or newspaper reports simply, does not disqualify. It was under this rule that the third jury in a notorious case of murder was empannelled. This was in the case of Campbell, before Judge McKinstry.

Violations of law and order by Vigilantes, are oftener due to over-nice technical discrimination, which enable malefactors to escape their deserts than any other cause. Supposed criminals captured hereafter in this county may thank their lucky stars, that in the face of all these obstacles a jury was finally obtained and the case put on trial, for we have no doubt but that a feeling dangerous to "law and order," would otherwise have been engendered.

LETTER FROM "PICTON."

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

PALMETTO, March 15, 1871.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Since my last epistle no startling event has occurred to disturb the equanimity of the detachment at this post. Sergeant Matton has relieved Sergeant Remsnyder in command, but otherwise everything has gone forward with the military regularity of an old-fashioned clock. In truth unless the "noble red man" should forget his prudence altogether and issue forth tomahawk in hand, slaying and scalping as he traveled, not much can be chronicled from this district as things are at present; or until capital comes, purse in hand, and raise to the surface the immensity of wealth now hidden in the bosom of the earth.

PALMETTO DISTRICT.

It is much to be regretted that this region is not better understood by those who are able to undertake mining enterprises on a scale commensurate with the extent and richness of the mines. In a former letter I adverted to the character of the mines in this district. As an entirety it it is traversed by auriferous and argentiferous lodes; and, although at the first glance the bleak barrenness of the valleys has a depressing influence, the expert in quartz mining enterprises casts his eye over the surrounding hills and discovers abundance of timber, and quickly ascertains that water is obtained at a depth of forty feet, while good wagon roads can be made in any direction with little labor. Is it possible that this portion of Nevada is to remain unworked by American enterprise forever, and is to be inhabited by only Piutes and Shoshones, when capitalists are looking to every point of the compass for new fields for investment in California? Unless some live man comes along to start a custom mill somewhere near this place, the miners who yet remain will have to abandon their finely developed ledges, and give up in despair the hope as well as the labor of years.

GOLD MOUNTAIN DISTRICT.

The presence of our force is having the effect to develop new fields for the adventurous, and will probably encourage the remnant of the Palmettans to make an exodus for the new mining district of "Gold Mountain." This place is situated some eighteen miles east of here, and was discovered some two years since, but could not be worked on account of Shoshone hostility. With the arrival of this detachment, all difficulties arising from Indians disappeared—hence as soon as the snow is gone a rush in that direction may be anticipated. These mines are said by those who "know whereof they speak" to be very rich in gold, and there are good silver indications likewise. At the present time gold quartz is the only specialty. Two miners leave this place for the new diggings in a few days, with the purpose of working the rock by arrastra. They have experimented sufficiently to satisfy themselves that good wages can be made, even by that slow process. In view of this fact it is hardly worth while to state that, where good remuneration is obtained by such an ancient mode of working ore, modern appliances would extract a colossal fortune in a short time.

THE SHOSHONES AND PIUTES.

We have constantly a large number of visitors from the Piutes of the Joe Bowers persuasion, and of late their presence has become a visitation worthy of an especial litany for deliverance from our friends. But the Shoshones avoid our vicinity as if we had in our possession the far-famed Upas. We are not sorry for this; it relieves the force of a nuisance that becomes intolerable, in the shape of a good-for-nothing Indian to be kicked out of the way at every turn. This peristent avoidance of a soldiers' camp is significant, notwithstanding. It proves potently that they are, or have been, guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors against Americans or their allies, and perfectly willing, if not able, to at any moment act in a hostile manner. Whenever John Lo keeps clear of a camp of soldiers, a sharp eye and arms in good order become a matter of necessity at once, and is proof positive that he is an enemy—that he has done, or meditates to do, some acts of hostility which render the atmosphere of a military camp particularly unwholesome. There exists a quasi war between Cowitch's tribe and that of Joe Bowers, and perhaps this explains their seeming enmity to ourselves. This is the received interpretation, for were the soldiers withdrawn, a relentless war would quickly break out between the two *great* powers. Even now warrior after warrior, especially of the Shoshones, disappear to the "happy hunting grounds," with very little preparation for the journey. There is an old Piute here known as "Billy Rogers," who acknowledges to the whites that he has, within the last six months, despatched four of the "opposition" on an excursion to the other side of Jordan, with bare spots on the top of their craniums, because they stole his corn and pinyon nuts, and burned his wigwam, last Autumn.

INFORMATION UNDER DIFFICULTIES.

The mail facilities of this post are not worthy a boast. To be compelled to ride weekly sixty miles on a mule for a few letters and papers, when the thermometer is below zero, is anything but an entertainment for pleasure, and not to be compared with a May picnic in the greenwood, along with bright eyes. Some amusing "straying from the right way" have occurred in connection with this mail carrying between Palmetto and Silver Peak; a portion of the road is a mere trail, easily obliterated by a slight fall of snow, as to be indistinguishable from the general surface of wild sage and stunted pine. An irrepressible member of this detachment, whom his comrades have dubbed by the *soubriquet* of "Doc," has commemorated one of the episode in verse, a la Longfellow. We do not believe that the affair is truly rendered by the incorrigible Doctor. As he is so prejudiced against intemperance as to attribute every accident, misfortune, calamity and catastrophy to the agency of whisky, directly or indirectly. I heard once of an Englishman who ascribed every unfortunate event in life to a woman, and it mattered not whether it was a case of murder, a broken leg or a shipwreck, he ever inquired "Who is she?" Our comrade always exclaims at the recital of every case of ill-fortune "Whisky!" In the present instance he insists that if the poem is not quite literal, it is far nearer the mark than Longfellow's celebrated epic—where a young fellow is portrayed as rushing wildly to the top of the Alps at dead of a Winter night, with the colors of the Seventh New York Regiment in his hand, and shouting like mad "*Excelsior!*" The poem is too long for the limited space of your valuable sheet, hence I will only furnish the four first stanzas as a specimen of the whole:

The shades of night came like a sneak,
As, on the road from Silver Peak,
A traveler with the mail was seen,
Who had, beside, a large canteen
Of whisky.

His brow was mad, his eyes below
Appeared to scan along the snow—
He said in tones like a clarionet,
"I'm bound to find the trail—you bet!
With whisky."

In a farmer's home he saw a light,
A pine-log fire gleam warm and bright;
He soon was seated on a bench,
And muttered something much like French
For whisky.

"Try not the pass" the ranchman said,
"Dark lowers the snow cloud overhead
The trail at night is hard to find"—
The mail man answered "Never mind;
Bring whisky," etc., etc.

The mail carrier is indignant at the whole poem, and says it is all "balderdash," "fabrication," "bosh," and that he had no canteen nor any money to expend for whisky; and as to the trail, that it is very doubtful if he found it whether he took it, owing to the danger of falling into a prospecting hole or shaft, or some such sort of thing"—

"Fall into a shaft!" interrupted the Doc, "Fall into a shaft! What does that amount to? Why, Sir, I fell in love once, and easily escaped with a black eye and the loss of a couple of front teeth. Fall in a shaft! Preposterous!"

The last argument was fatal; hence the subject was dropped. As a consequence the cause for missing the trail will ever remain as great a mystery as "Who struck Billy Patterson?" or the authorship of the "Letters of Junius."

"QUIEN SABE."

From present indications and taking all things around as in consideration, it is probable we may remain somewhere about this place for some time to come. In that event you may receive further account of our welfare. Still, the Commander of the Post at Independence is the Centaurian—hence when he saith to one to *go* he *goeth*; and to another *come* and he *cometh*, and to another *do this* and he *doeth it*. Therefore, being ignorant of the future, I will refrain from further words, saying simply *au revoir*.

PICTON.

In Mourning.

The Arizona Miner, of March 4th, comes to us with its columns draped in mourning and with an address to the "great American people," asking them to exert all proper influence with the present Administration to "stop the further flow of white blood in poor, long suffering Arizona, and enable her to overthrow and subdue the red miscreants who are, to day, better prepared for continuing their remorseless war upon us than at any previous time and who will, eventually, make one desperate effort to kill or drive us from the Territory, if earnest, vigorous war is not speedily made upon them, and they be made to feel that the few American citizens now in Arizona are but the vanguard of a nation that can and should, speedily sweep the last savage murderer now in existance into eternity." This appeal is followed by a list in chronological order, of all the murders and robberies committed by the Indians in that Territory for the last seven years, which fills a whole page of the paper. It is a wonder to us that the necessity exists for the appeal of the people of Arizona, and that Government has not ere this made a serious effort to protect them. The eastern press, when discussing this matter point to the cost of the military establishment maintained in that Territory, and have often suggested that the country cost more than it is worth and that it be given up to the Indians. This is not only fallacious but mean and heartless. In spite of the great dangers attending prospecting, the discoveries already made have established the fact that Arizona is one of the richest of the mineral sections of the Union, and the lives already lost are far more precious than all the money disbursed by government. However, we fear that our Arizona friends will have to do the best they can until the Texas Pacific railroad runs through their country. That will bring a certain cure to all their troubles; but they need not expect much more protetion from Government than they have been receiving heretofore.—*Reese River Reveille.*

Encouraging.

It is an encouraging feature in the history of our city, that, at the Methodist Church, on Sunday evening last, of a congregation of over one hundred persons, the great majority were newcomers to our city. We hail this class of population, and hope it may largely increase and multiply among us. What we want, is that class of Church going God fearing people, who constitute the bone and sinew, the industry and enterprise of a country—that class whom Goldsmith designated as a country's pride—*Los Angeles Star.*

The Palisade and Eureka Narrow Guage.

We are pleased to be able to announce that Hon. F. M. Proctor, the engineer, and one of the corporators of this road is organizing his party, and will at once commence the survey of the route from Palisade to Eureka He expects to have the survey completed to this place in 30 days, and no delay will thereafter take place until the cars are running up Railroad Canyon. Many tons of base bullion will be manufactured here, and the road will have a profitable business at once. —*Eureka Sentinel. March 18th.*

Indictment Sustained.

On last Friday the counsel for the defense in the case of the People vs. Peter Heron, made a motion to set aside the indictment on the ground that the order for the Grand Jury was illegal; the law providing that the venire shall be for thirty jurors, while the Judge had ordered thirty-two to be drawn. The Judge decided that the objection was not of sufficient importance to justify the quashing of the indictment. The case is set for trial on next Saturday.—*Fresno Expositor.*

New Hampshire Election.

Dates from Concord to March 16th state that returns from 218 towns indicate that there has been no election of Governor by the people. Pike has 33,339 votes; Weston, 33,881; Cooper and scattering 1,074. The House stands, 162 Republicans, 164 Democrats and 4 Labor Reform. The Senate stands, 4 Republicans 5 Democrats and 3 vacancies. The Executive Council stands two and two with a vacancy in the First District. Probably all the Democratic Congressmen are elected

Mono Taxes.

The Board of Supervisors of Mono county have fixed taxes upon the property of that county at the low rate of $2 40 per $100. The financial affairs of our neighbor are in a good condition.

DIED.

At Round Valley, March 19th, PARIUS MEACHAM, a native of Lasalle county, Illinois, aged 40 years.

Sacramento Union and Illinois papers, please copy.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Gently does it, without pain or irritation, Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters relieve the constipated bowels; at the same time so thoroughly toning their inner membrane and restoring their mechanical action, that it seems as if they had been reorganized on an improved plan! Yet the result is solely due to nature, reinforced, and sustained by the best Vegetable alterative and tonic that ever passed the lips of the sick and suffering.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

PROPOSALS ARE SOLICITED BY THE undersigned until SATURDAY M., APRIL 1st, 1871, for the erection of a Masonic Hall, in the town of Independence. The building to be of hewn stone, of the following dimensions: Twenty-six by fifty feet, inside—two stories, eleven feet between floors. Plan and specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

F. H. VAN DECAR.

Independence, March 23d, 1871. mr25td

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SILVER SPROUT MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of Works and Mines, Kearsarge District, Inyo County, State of California.—NOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the Fifteenth day of March, 1871, and assessment of Six and 25-100 Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, either in United States gold coin or stock in the company, at the rate of Twelve and 50-100 Dollars per share in like gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, No. 206 Front street, San Francisco. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on MONDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

T. B. WINGARD, Secretary.

Office No. 206 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. mr25:39:4

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

mr25:39:v2

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.

Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25:39:v2

CITIZENS' STAGE LINE.

CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.

" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.

" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 4 A. M.

" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M.

T. W. DEXTER, Agent.

Independence, March 23, 1871. m39:tv2*

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Fifth Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of E. A. Reddy against E. A. de la Mier et als, duly attested the 7th day of March, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate (situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County and State aforesaid), to-wit:

That certain tunnel heretofore commonly known as the Friburg Tunnel, and now known as the San Felipe Tunnel. Also, that certain quartz lode commonly known as the San Felipe quartz lode.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the town of Independence, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

March 25, 1871. mr18:38w3

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo County, Cal., March 7, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING County Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY GENERAL FUND.

No.	In whose favor drawn.	Amount
215	J W McMurry	$75 00
220	P W Bennett	125 00
221	C M Joslin	37 50
212	A M Loomis	19 20
222	L F Cooper	18 00
208	A J Lank	12 00
224	S P Davis	23 00

I. HARRIS, County Treasurer,
mr11:37t4 By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between THOMAS MAY and B. P. TASKER has been dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to the firm are requested to settle immediately; either parties will sign in receipt, and all accounts will be paid upon presentation to Thomas May.

THOMAS MAY,
B. P. TASKER.

Thankful for the past patronage extended to the firm, the undersigned respectfully solicits a continuance of the same for his successor.

B. P. TASKER.

Independence, Cal., March 4, 1871. m36:4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871 mr25:29:v2

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ANNUAL Election for District Recorder of the Lone Pine Mining District, Inyo County, California, will be held at a room of D. H. Williams, in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, on the FIRST SATURDAY OF APRIL, 1871, the same being the first day of April, 1871.

Given under my hand this 25th day of February, 1871. JOHN A. HANNAH,
m11 37td Recorder of said District.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, ON BEHALF OF THE owners of the "SANTA MARIA" mine, Cerro Gordo, Inyo County, California, gives notice that all depredations upon or removal of ore therefrom will be liable to the penalties of the laws against larceny, and to the payment of damages for any and all ores or other values taken without authority; and the public are cautioned against purchasing the said ores, on the line of the "Santa Maria" from sellers acting under false and fraudulent titles, rendering themselves receivers of stolen property. A H DOWR.

February 21, 1869. n36 4t*

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,

FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,

Best Quality Crushed Sugar,

FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

BLANKETS,

Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRESS GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

HOSIERY,

PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Saddles and Bridles,

Hardware,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

GROCERIES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

All at CORRESPONDING RATES:

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 11, 1871. (n18:34tf

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, March 25.....1861.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 6 o'clock P. M., Friday.

The Kearsarge Party,

Consisting of John B. Winters, Charles Van Gorder, Mr Diedshiemer, Mr. Lockhardt, Mr. Clauson and Mr. Harris—all old Gold Hillers—are now in town, having been up cavorting around in the snow and examining into Kearsarge matters generally. All hands express their highest satisfaction at the appearance and actual condition of the new ditch, machinery, mill, the tramway cut, and last but not least, the mine itself. The water ditch is completed, running full of water, and is a much better work than it was thought possible to get, considering the rough, rocky nature of the ground. Timbers for the tramway are nearly all out, while the machinery, etc., connected with the water wheel is on the ground. The pans and machinery of the San Carlos mill, and four other pans, have been purchased and will be added to the mill as soon as they can be put in, increasing its capacity to work thirty tons per day before a stamp is dropped. About April 1st Mr. Thompson will arrive from Virginia with a force of workmen to put up the tramway, and as the refitting of the mill will go on, the whole works—mine and mill—will start up May 1st, to rattle out fortunes for the persevering and plucky owners. The most careful selections of every character of ore from ledge matter in all parts of the mine give an average assay value so high as to leave margin for very large profits on the working of the whole—the cost of reducing the ore under the tramway and water power system being estimated at $12 per ton, which is too high, for careful figurers say that $9 will cover the entire cost of both mining and milling Mr. Winters returns home next Monday, Mr. Van Gorder remaining in charge for a few weeks, when the General will return and assume permanent management.

Aurora Land Office.

Both the Register and Receiver of this land district, office at Aurora, have been in town for a few days during the past week. The office has been closed since March 4th, owing to the expiration of the Receiver's commission at that time. Being re-appointed, it was thought necessary to file new bonds before resuming business, but a letter from Willis Drummond, Land Commissioner, under date of March 9th, authorizes the continuance of his duties under the old until the new bonds are filed and approved. The office is now ready for business and will remain so, without further delays.

Very Observing.

We have heard many stories of the sayings of precocious juveniles, but few better than the following, which occured in a locality not a thousand miles from "Snethsigeden." A somewhat bald-headed gentleman, whose name we shall designate as C——, was holding upon his lap a Miss of the mature age of four. Noticing her intently watching him for a few moments, he required the cause. "Why, Mr. C——" said she, "I can't see where your for'ed ends!" Phancy his pheelinke.

Important Change.

T. W. Dexter, the proprietor of the stage line from Aurora to this place, has purchased Collister's line to Lone Pine and Cerro Gordo, and from and after April 1st will run it as a tri-weekly. The stages run so as to make direct connection with other direct communications with San Francisco, without stopping—an important consideration to most travelers. See the time table elsewhere.

Corrected.

CERRO GORDO, March 22.

EDS. INDEPENDENT: I note in your last issue a well told story about a sojurning doctor in this place. Now it was all correct except that the gentlemen was not "somewhat salubrious," does not get so, and will not run. KWYKI I.

Well, what's the difference? The hero was absolutely unknown to us, and we gave the yarn as it came. Artemus Ward once said that a joke now and then greatly improved a comic paper.

Correspondents.

We have of late received several communications signed by the nom de plume only. It is an established rule in publications that in every case it is absolutely indispensable that the real name should accompany all communications, and will be strictly adhered to by this paper. The names are kept inviolable, but must be sent to receive notice.

A Solid Improvement.

The Masons advertise for proposals for the erection of a two-story stone building, 26 by 50 feet inside. Plan and specifications can be seen at the office of E. H. VanDecar, at the Inyo House. Several proffers are made donating a site free, and the selection will probably be made to-night.

Ore From the White Mountains.

The Superintendent of the Owens Lake Silver Lead Company has contracted for 100 tons of silver ore from a mine in the old Keyes district, owned by M. L. Clarke and others, of Bishop Creek. The ore is reported as rich, and is from one of the long idle districts of the White mountains.

Surveyor.

The Surveyor General, James R. Hardenburg, has appointed Wm. McBride, Deputy U. S. Surveyor for this county. We believe he is endeavoring to have Mono county included in his territory, when he will devote all his time to the business.

Bullion.

Between seventy-five and eighty tons of bullion have been shipped from the Swansea works during the past four weeks. The flood of metal never lets up, and more teams are on hand to take it away than ever before.

"Chips"

Eugene Rascoe, formerly of Virginia, Nev., well known to many of our readers as "Chips," has leased the McBride Ranch, some sixteen miles from Benton, where he proposes to hold forth.

Harper's.

James M. Meredith, the enterprising news dealer of Aurora, has favored us with the April number of that excellent magazine, Harper's monthly, and The London Illustrated News, etc., etc., which may be had of him.

Re-opened.

Messrs. Morse & Robinson have re-opened Morse's old shop, on Edwards street, and are prepared to do blacksmithing and wagon work for everybody, at reduced rates, and for cash only. See their advertisement.

Cerro Gordo Store.

A new advertisement of V. Beaudry's pioneer establishment appears this week. Our Cerro Gordo readers will take notice.

The Silver Sprout Company.

An assessment of $6 25 per share has been levied upon the capital stock of this company, payable immediately, in coin or in stock of the company at the rate of $12 50 per share. The effect of this arrangement is to raise $6 25 upon every share, or the throwing of one-half the stock into the hands of the company for sale, and is placed upon the market at $12 50 per share. We have received from the Secretary the prospectus of the company, an elegantly printed pamphlet, which gives a description of their property and invites the enlistment of capital, and says:

THE SILVER SPROUT MINING COMPANY,

Incorporated under the laws of the State of California, and owning property in the Kearsarge Mining District, located on the eastern slope of the

MAIN BELT OF THE SIERRA NEVADA MOUNTAINS,

Inyo county, State of California, being situated about one half mile from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company and known as the Kearsarge cluster—developments of which prove the regularity and permanency, as well as richness in gold and silver of the mines of the eastern slope of the Sierra Nevada—are desirous of increasing the amount of capital for the development of the same, and to that end have concluded to put one-half of the capital stock of the company on the market, upon terms which can not otherwise than prove a safe and profitable investment. The locality is the "back bone" or highest portion of the Sierras. Nature's work, in every respect, is upon the grandest scale, and it requires a corresponding amount of capital to develop the same, which the company now seek to obtain, feeling confident that the returns will be in accordance. The district is unquestionably

ONE OF THE BEST ON THIS COAST,

Both for reliability and richness—the precious metals containing about two thirds silver to one third gold. The mountains are regular, and all the main lodes have well defined solid walls, which is one of the best evidences of permanency and security for capital. The property is owned by a few individuals, (who have expended up to this date over $80,000 for the purchase, development and improvement of the same, and who can not now appropriate the amount of capital required for prosecuting the work further, in a judicious manner), which is represented by 5,000 shares of the par value of $700 each, and consists of a cluster of sixteen leads, on two of which only developments have been made, viz:

ON THE SILVER SPROUT LODE

A shaft sixty feet deep has been sunk, and a tunnel of sixty-five feet in length run, from which several hundred tons of ore have been extracted, which produced at different "practical workings" as follows:

One lot	$ 28 66 per ton.
One lot	$ 37 62 per ton.
One lot	$ 43 15 per ton.
One lot	$ 80 00 per ton.
One lot	$159 88 per ton.
One lot	$296 44 per ton.
One lot	$534 80 per ton.
One lot	$734 00 per ton.

ON THE LAMB LODE,

Which averages five feet in width, a tunnel of 125 feet in length has been run, from which 75 to 100 tons have been extracted, which produced also at different "practical" workings as follows:

One lot	$ 25 45 per ton.
One lot	$ 32 58 per ton.
One lot	$ 42 46 per ton.
One lot	$ 67 17 per ton.
One lot	$188 00 per ton.

Together with a ten stamp mill, in complete running order, with five stamps in place, and five in good order and ready to be set up when required; also the right to use the "Paul Dry Amalgamating Process." The mill is driven by water power, which is, at all seasons of the year, ample to run a 20-stamp mill. The company also own a ranch in close proximity to their mill, consisting of 160 acres of the best agricultural land in the valley.

THE SILVER SPROUT MINES,

Are situated about one thousand feet higher than the Kearsarge cluster. The extreme distance from the northerly wall of the more northerly lode to southerly wall of the more southerly lode does not exceed 550 feet, therefore a tunnel of that length would cut through all of the leads, all of which cut the mountain range at right angles. The situation for drainage and working can not be surpassed, the slope of the mountain being at an angle of about 45 degrees, consequently a tunnel of any length would tap the mine at a corresponding depth. The yield of ore, it will be seen, is sufficient for a successful and paying property, but in consequence heretofore of the lack of means for making more extensive developments, together with facilities for transportation of ore, etc., whereby expenses might be reduced more than one half, it has not been as profitable as the figures would indicate.

NOW WHAT THE COMPANY PROPOSE TO DO

Is to sell one half of their stock, or say 2,500 shares at $12 50 per share. It being understood that every dollar thus obtained shall be expended in the future development and improvement of the company's property to the extent desired.

THE PAYMENTS FOR STOCK

Are to be in United States gold coin, as follows: 10 per cent. on subscription after which payment, stock to be delivered when paid for, as follows:

15 per cent. in 30 days from date of subscription.
15 per cent. in 60 days from date of subscription.
15 per cent. in 90 days from date of subscription.
15 per cent. in four mos. from date of subscription.
15 per cent. in five mos. from date of subscription.
15 per cent. in six mos. from date of subscription.

A discount of five per cent. will be allowed those paying for their stock in full, at date of subscription.

It will be observed that by this mode the company sells property which cost them $40,000 for $31,250, thereby giving the parties now subscribing the benefit of $15,625 upon the expenditure of the whole amount as proposed, which is really equivalent to purchasing $55,625 interest in property for $41,250. It being further understood that should be made self-sustaining, and the company thereby enabled to declare dividends, then no further demands are to be made on subscribers. Dividends will be in that event (after the same is declared) be allowed to liquidate any balance that may be due on account of subscription of stock.

There are

NO CONFLICTING TITLES TO THE COMPANY'S MINES.

Sufficient work having been done to secure a perpetual title, in accordance with the district mining laws, in addition to which proceedings have been taken to secure a U. S. Patent thereon.

THE COMPANY ARE FREE FROM DEBT.

And have money in the treasury. Subscribers may rest assured that they will enlist in the enterprise without any liabilities to present immediate and continuous prosecution of the work, which it is proposed to commence as soon as sufficient funds are in the treasury. Any number of shares which it is proposed to sell, can be subscribed for by any one person, and those desiring stock as above, can apply for further particulars, at any time during business hours, at the office of the company, No. 206 Front street, San Francisco, where a subscription book is now open.

[We would unhesitatingly add our opinion that the mines of this company, are, as far as we can learn from parties familiar with them, both extensive, permanent and rich, and that Silver Sprout stock at $12 50 is a good investment.—EDS.]

Big Pine.

The Big Pine Cash Store, D. Naylor, proprietor, announces a new stock of general merchandise, and business on a cash basis. Big Pine is destined to become a big place, not many years hence.

Board of Trustees of Independence School District.

As a notable exception in the history of officials, we take pleasure in noting the high terms in which members of the above Board are spoken of in certain circles. John Broder, P. Reddy, and the senior of this paper, have each expressed very flattering opinions as to the efficiency of its members, and as the competent judgment of these gentlemen on such matters, is unquestioned by any member of the Board, we doubt not our motive in this direct reference will be fully appreciated. But why, it has been asked, were not those borrowed benches in the school house, returned to the Court House, as per request of Deputy Sheriff Goodale? That the Board performed their whole duty in the premises, will be seen from the following: On being notified to return the benches the President notified the Clerk, who, in turn, notified the working member, who fulfilled his duty according to the 9th Cal. Rep., and negotiated with a gentleman of the Piute persuasion to take the benches home, who declined to do it for two reasons: first, that an order on the General Fund for his pay, amounting to four bits, was no good, and second, that a *Bench* warrant was required. As these last had all been used up on defaulting jurors, we don't see how the Board of Trustees are to be blamed, but the Deputy Sheriff "knows how it is himself."

Huge if True.

A correspondent writes us from Cerro Gordo of what he claims is the biggest strike of silver that has ever been made in California. On the 18th instant, a party consisting of P. Cassidy, T. McDonough and P. Devlin struck on the Crowning Glory Hill, a body of ore of the enormous width of 60 feet, and cropping out high above the surrounding ground. Assays made by Mr. Senter of the Belshaw works, resulted in 123 ounces of silver per ton, and a large per cent of copper. "The owners commence blasting down the metal next Monday," adds the correspondent. If there is anything in the marvelous story, we hope to be able to give further description next week. The account comes to us pretty straight, but must have confirmation before fully accepting the statement as true.

Improving.

It can not be questioned that business and times are livening up to a degree more in accordance with the unbounded resources of the county. In mining matters more transfers of property have been made within the past month than ever before in our knowledge. Commencing with the Crowning Glory sale, followed with the sales of the Jefferson, the Miama, Union and the Front, we now have it from the very best authority that Kearsarge is being sought after. As a specimen of the sound judgment of editors generally, we will state that Phillip Lynch, Esq., of The Gold Hill News, and A. M. Elgington, of Virginia, recently purchased the interest of Wm. Leete in the Kearsarge, paying therefor the sum of $3,400.

High.

According to his arrangement of the type, one of our reliable compositors, in a squib on the outside, makes Mt. Ranier, in Washington Territory, fourteen million four hundred and forty-four feet high, just thirteen million, nine hundred and eighty-six thousand feet higher than the real figures warrant; and then thinks we have a still taller mountain in Mount Whitney. How high is that?

Farming.

The farmers of Bishop Creek and in fact all over the valley, are busily at work planting, putting in small grain mostly. Considerable more acres will be under cultivation this year than ever before, with fair prospects of the best of crops.

LIVERY STABLES.

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n5 6m

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB,.....Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

EAGLE Livery and Feed STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

Cerro Gordo FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

Independence, Cal.,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage, At all times,

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

n7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE, NEW GOODS, —AND— NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement

We retain our old motto of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES, Dry Goods, READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35n3

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier!

n2jy16tf

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE, Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, August 8, 1870. n4 6m

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 3,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 22 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Saw Mill, Feb. 1, 1871. f4:32 6m*

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

FLOUR.

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

☞ AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1 8m

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES, Brushes of Every Description, Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfw

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY,

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

f4n32 6m JOHN LENTELL.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

CROCERIES, Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS

AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC, ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal. August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.

n21v16 3m

For Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his arrastras at Fish Springs a

QUARTZ BREAKER,

As good as new, and will be sold very low.

Address or enquire of

f18 3tf J. W. McMURRY, Fish Springs.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, March 25.....1871.

Cultivation of Ramie.

[From Circular of Sweeny & Co., San Francisco.]

Ramie, or Sea Grass, has long been imported from China and extensively used; but it is only lately that we have discovered a cheap process of preparing it for the finer fabrics which make it the most profitable crop to cultivate at home.

HOW TO CULTIVATE IT.

This plant is a species of bushy hemp. It is the inner bark that supplies the fibre, which is now extensively used for fine "stuff goods," composed of silk and of worsted interwoven with Ramie.

No crop takes less labor after the first year, because once rooted, it does not require to be replanted every succeeding year, the ratoons multiply, the bush becomes denser, the fibre finer and stronger, and the yield greater.

In the Southern States, they select for the Ramie, a soil of loose texture, such as sandy loam, for the plant makes a vast expanse of roots. On this account they plough to a depth of ten or twelve inches. They consider it essential that the subsoil be retentive of moisture.

After the first year, the Ramie yields three crops a year, of 800 to 1,000 pounds each.

Any land moist enough for Indian corn and hops will do as well with Ramie. The planters of Lousiana say that it resists drought.

HOW TO PLANT AND CULTIVATE RAMIE IN THE FIELD.

Plant in the rainy season.

Some plant in rows three feet apart, setting the roots two feet, sometimes three feet apart in the rows. A system that gains favor, is to make beds four feet wide the whole length of the field, leaving pathways of three feet on each side, and at intervals, a cartway for harvesting.

After the land is dressed, a light furrow is run along the center of the four feet bed, and in this are planted the roots slantingly, covering three inches and letting an end project a little above ground.

To plant one acre will require from 3,000 to 4,000 roots, according to distance.

In the first year, a single acre will give plants enough for fifty acres.

TO PROPAGATE FROM CUTTINGS IN NURSERY CULTURE.

The roots should be planted in nursery beds, six feet apart every way. The plants come up with 12 or 15 stems, forming a bush. When three feet high, these should be bent gently to the ground, forming a circle around the parent stem; and as much as possible of their length should be covered with earth, except a few top leaves. In five weeks after, these layers will be rooted. They must then be cut away from the parent stem and set out in ground.

The mother plant when relieved from these first stems, will send up ratoons so numerous as to form a bush of 100 stems. They are ripe for propagation when the green color changes brown. The whole crop can then be cut off closely as possible to the ground. The green top parts are to be cut away: the brown part is to be set out as layers, in fields prepared for its reception. Lay them horizontally, with a small external exposure at the end, then cover with three inches of earth.

It is only the first growth, that the plant requires weeding. After the first cutting, it outgrows all weeds and needs very little attention. The refuse left in preparing fibre for market, suffices to to manure the plant by forking it under.

There is no frost in this climate that hurts the Ramie.

THE HARVEST.

As we have said, the Ramie yields three harvests a year. In Louisiana, six feet is the average of the plant.

It is cut like sugar cane, with a machette; and it is found desirable to cut it well into the ground, so as to show no trace of stubble.

At the Mississippi State Fair, President Wesson urged all planters to go into the cultivation of Ramie. He said "a few years ago when the Ramie was first introduced into this country, we had no machinery adapted to the manipulation of its long fibre; it was therefore unprofitable. But now we have machinery that, in 24 hours after it is taken from the field converts into beautiful fibre."

It should be understood that English manufacturers prefer to buy it from us in the first stage of unbleached preparation, when it is now worth $400 a ton there.

Till lately there was no American machine to cheaply prepare the fibre, now we have Le Franc's Ramie Dresser, which is perfect in preparation and economy. It weighs 1,000 pounds and costs 350 dollars. It consists of a series of rollers and scrapers, by which 400 pounds of fibre is cleaned in a day. The stalks cut to-day are to-morrow clean fabric, ready baled for market. This machine has given new impetus to Ramie-planting in Louisiana, where it is now the most profitable agriculture.

WILL IT GROW IN CALIFORNIA?

Judge Graham planted 1,500 roots at Haywood, Alameda county, in the Spring of 1870. Never was growth more luxuriant. The ratoons were layered down when ripe, and now he has 80,000 roots for sale, after supplying his own increased wants for 1871. Of all things that grow in California, no plant beats the Ramie. It grows rank as all nettles do in this country.

ADVANTAGES OF CULTIVATING RAMIE.

The plant has no enemies. The crop pays far better than cotton or any other farming production now cultivated. It is a superior fibre in every respect. It works equally well with silk and with worsted chain. It takes fast colors and it always has a silky lustre: it surpasses all other fibres in wear. There is an assured market for Ramies in England.

MUSICAL.

PATENT ARION PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY THE ARION PIANO IS Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer.

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Evenness

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration.

All go to prove what we claim, viz.: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT

Arion Pianos

ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE

American Conservatories of Music,

Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

IT affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of defection. AS for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of Pianos, still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,
HENRY SHROEDER,
DIRECTOR.

New York, September 3d, 1870.

AGENTS WANTED.

We want first class and responsible agents in every city and town where we have not already appointed them.

We Have Just Published

Our Annual Illustrated Pamphlet, which contains a full description of the interior construction of the PATENT ARION PIANO FORTE, and all the other leading Pianos of the principal makes; illustrated with cuts, thus contrasting the ARION with all other first class Pianos, and proving

WHY AND WHERE

Our Pianos are superior to any in the market.

Our pamphlet contains engravings of all the different styles of instruments that we manufacture, giving a full description of each, so that a person can select the style they may desire to order, with the assurance that they will receive just as good a Piano as if they were in our warerooms to select it. We have sold over FIVE THOUSAND Pianos, many of them being shipped great distances, and we have never yet received the first complaint. As we give a written guarantee with every Piano we manufacture, for five years, the purchaser runs no risk.

☞ Don't fail to write for our pamphlet which we mail **free**, and when you write state what paper you saw this notice in. ☜

N. B.—We caution the public from purchasing a cheap Piano which has recently been put in the market, bearing the name "Arion." All genuine Arion Pianos bear the name "Patent Arion," and can only be purchased from our New York Warerooms, or our authorized Agents throughout the United States.

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Of the best brands in the market.

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Henry T. Helmbold's

COMPOUND FLUID Extract Catawba CRAPE PILLS.

Component Parts—Fluid Extract Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

FOR LIVER COMPLAINTS, JAUNDICE, BILIOUS AFFECTIONS, SICK OR NERVOUS HEADACHE, COSTIVENESS, Etc. PURELY VEGETABLE, CONTAINING NO MERCURY, MINERALS OR DELETERIOUS DRUGS.

H

THESE PILLS ARE THE MOST DELIGHTFULLY pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts, magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the FINEST INGREDIENTS. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar coated Pills do not dissolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. THE CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated. **Price Fifty Cents per Box.**

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Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Cankers, Runnings from the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affections, Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Night Sweats, Rash, Tetter, Humors of all Kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

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Being Prepared Expressly for the above complaints, its Blood Purifying Properties are greater than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla. It gives the complexion a Clear and Healthy Color and restores the patient to a State of Health and Purity. For Purifying the Blood, removing all Chronic Constitutional Diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only Reliable and Effectual known Remedy for the Cure of Pains and Swelling of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Erysipelas and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, and Beautifying the Complexion. **Price, $1 50 per Bottle.**

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THE GREAT DIURETIC,

Has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposit, and Mucous or Milky Discharges, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of Both Sexes, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, etc.

Used by persons from the ages of eighteen to twenty-five, and from thirty-five to fifty-five or in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains; bed wetting in children.

B

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is Diuretic and Blood Purifying, and cures all diseases arising from habits of dissipation, and excesses and imprudences in life, impurities of the blood, etc., superseding copaiba in affections for which it is used, and syphilitic affections—in these diseases used in connection with HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.

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O.

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Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. **Price, One Dollar and Fifty Cents per Bottle.**

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Can not be surpassed as a FACE WASH, and will be found the only specific Remedy in every species of Cutaneous Affection. It speedily eradicates Pimples, Spots, Scorbutic Dryness, Indurations of the Cutaneous Membrane, etc., dispels Redness and Incipient Inflammation, Hives, Rash, Moth Patches, Dryness of Scalp or Skin, Frost Bites, and all purposes for which Salves or Ointments are used; restores the skin to a healthy state of Purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T. Helmbold's Rose Wash has long sustained its principal claim to unbounded patronage, by possessing qualities which render it a Toilet Appendage of the most Superlative and Congenial character, combining in an elegant formula those prominent requisites, Safety and Efficacy—the invariable accompaniment of its use—as a Preservative and Refresher of the Complexion. It is an excellent lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the the EXTRACTS BUCHU, SARSAPARILLA AND CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, in such diseases as recommended, can not be surpassed. **Price, One Dollar per Bottle.**

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Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witness, and upwards of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, etc. The proprietor has never resorted to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

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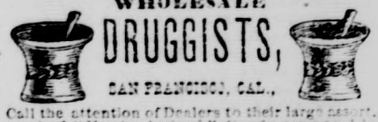

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DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

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Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

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THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1871. NUMBER 49.

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Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

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Saturday, April 1,.....1871.

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JOHN A. HANNAH,

Justice of the Peace,

FIFTH PRECINCT.

MINING RECORDER,

CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.

n10v11y

A. B. ELDER

SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY

L. A. TALCOTT,

UNDER SHERIFF.

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK,

MASONS,

A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.

July 9, 1870. n1v13*

ASSAYING.

ASSAY OFFICE

J. W. POOR.

OFFICE—PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA

BULLION and ORES assayed, CORRECTNESS GUARANTEED. n1v13m.

HOTELS.

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

STAGE HOUSE.

Independence, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.

MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v1 3m

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK

STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE,

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

SALOONS.

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

LONE PINE

Pioneer Saloon,

C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeps — regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

f04n32tf

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.

Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

n13jy93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon,

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8a29-3m

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

☞ ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY. ☜

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2 tf

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 65 cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

MILLER & CO.

WOOL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

19 DAVIS STREET,

San Francisco.

DOING BUSINESS EXCLUSIVELY ON COMMISSION. All lots carefully examined before naming price to purchasers. Consignments insured and handled in wool rooms under our own supervision.

The Best Wool Sacks and Twine Furnished Consignors.

N. B.—Mark M. & Co. with your initial letters on each package.

Refer by permission to W. H. TILLINGHAST, Esq., Manager Bank of British Columbia; A. BLACK, Esq., President Pioneer Woolen Factory; Messrs. STEVENS, BAKER & CO., WELLMAN, PEK & CO., CASTLE BROS. mr4n36-4t

C. O. D.

WM. B. LAKE,

ADVERTISING

—AND—

PURCHASING AGENT,

No. 12 Montgomery Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Opposite Lick House, Up Stairs.

WILL FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY description at the very lowest cash rates, he having superior facilities for purchasing and an intimate acquaintance with all the leading houses in the city. All articles sent promptly on the receipt of cash, or C. O. D. 1n30tf

Consul General on the Pacific Coast for Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Russia.

Established 1849.

ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

ESSENTIAL OILS, DYE STUFFS,

And General Merchandise,

By the Package Only.

CASH ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION from this or any Foreign Market will receive prompt and faithful attention. Miners, Manufacturers and Wholesale Trade supplied for Cash. No notice or attention paid to orders for goods, if there is no provision made for the payment of the same.

CONSIGNMENT SOLICITED.

OFFICE, No.....STREET.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

N. B.—California Products Solicited on Consignment.

☞ N. B.—Business transacted in all the principal Commercial Languages. ☜ ja21n30tn

FORWARDING

—AND—

General Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.

Have goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.

WM. M. OSBORN,

Los Angeles, Feb.18, 1871. v1n34n3

TRAVELING.

CITIZENS' STAGE LINE.

CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.

" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.

" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 4 A. M.

" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M.

T. W. DEXTER, Agent.

Independence, March 23, 1871. n39tv2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE. ☜

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

FOR INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.

Fare to San Francisco.....$50.

OFFICE—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Russ House.

A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.

W. G. ROBERTS, Agent.

Visalia, Feb. 18, 1871. n1v34n3

BRIETMANN IN BIVOUAC.

He sits in bivouacke
By fire peneat de trees;
A pottle of Champagner
Held saiently on his knees;
His lang Uhlan lanze
Stuck py him in the sand;
While a goot pease-poodin sausage
Adorn his oder hand.

Und gnaere Uhlanen
Sit round mit open mout
To hear der Brietmann sidories
Of fitin in de S'out.
Und he giffe dem moral lessons,
How pefore de battel pops,
"Take a liddle brayer to Himmel,
Und a goot long trink of schnapps."

Den his leutenant remarket:
"How voonder sudrange it peen
Dat so very many vill pigs
Ish dis year in de Ardennes.
Ash I scout dere—donner'r'rwetter!—
I sah dem coom heraus,
Shoost here und dere an Eber
Mit a hoondert tousand saus.

"Shoost dink of all dese she-picks
Vor flet to neutral land!"
Said Brietmann: Fery easy
Ish dis to oondersthand:
Dese schwein-picks mit de sauen
Vot you saw a-roomin rond
Ish a crate medempysgosis
Of de Frantsche dem moi de.

"I hafe readet in de Piple
How so sch a coterie
Vas ● sornet into swine-picks,
Und roon down into de sea;
Boot since de sea ain't handy,
Or de picks vere all too dumm,
Dey hafe coot agross de porder
Und vly to Belgium."

Now ash dey boorst oud laffin,
Und got more liquor out,
Dey hearden from de sandry
A shot und den a shout.
Und Brietmann crasp his sabre
Quick ash de pullet hiss,
Und leapin out, demanted,
"Herr'r'r Gott! vat row ish dish?"

Und pold der Schwabian answert:
"Ein minute on de ground
Dere coomed a Frantschman creepin
On all-fours a-prowlin round.
I ask him vat he vanted;
Worda I I gry; boot he
Say nodings to my shallenge,
Und only answer 'Oui'

"So I shoot him like ter teufels,
Und I rader dink our friend,
Dis sneakin Frankstiroir,
Ish a-drawin to his end."
So dey hoonted in de pushes,
Und in efery gorner dig;
Boot, mein Gott! how dey vas lauffen
Ven dey found a—mordered pig.

Next week dey hear from Baris,
Und read in De Gaulois
Of de most adrocious action
Der vorlt vas efer saw.
How de Uhlan cannibalen,
Dis vile und awful prood,
Hafe kilt a nople Frantschman,
Und cut him oop for food.

"Ja—shop him into sausage,
Und coot him into ham;
Und schwear dey'll serfe all oders
Exactly so—py tam!
Sons of Frantse, awake to glory,
Let your ancient valor shine!
Und schweep dis Brussian vermin
Hut und dads into de Rhine."

Thrilling Narrative of Sufferings in an Open Boat.

[From The New York Sun.]

The terrible accident in mid-ocean which involved the death of Captain MacDonald, Mr. Davies, first mate, and Mr. Walter, second mate, of the steamship Europa, full particulars of which were published in Tuesday morning's Sun, render doubly interesting the subjoined narrative of Mr. Davies, first published in The Glasgow Herald of December 15, 1868 Mr. Davies was the second officer of the Hibernia when she was lost November 25, 1868, 700 miles off the Irish coast. Mr. Davies says:

When we left the Hibernia we had in our boat two barrels of biscuits three casks of water, and several tins of preserved meat. Two hours after leaving the ship we found the boat was so full that we deemed it necessary to throw one of the barrels of biscuit overboard to make room for the passengers. The boat was a lifeboat, twenty-two feet long, with six or seven feet beam. One woman had two children, of three and five years of age respetively, and another of six months old. Our boat was leaking badly when we started, and it kept two men constantly bailing.

Soon after leaving the Hibernia we fell astern of the other boats, being only able to pull two oars, owing to our crowded condition. When the first mate's boat was capsized we attempted to get around to assist them, but being nearly swamped in doing so, we were obliged to attend to our own safety. During that day we pulled before the wind, but at night we lay to by means of a floating anchor, and endeavored to make the boat as trim as possible. We tried to make the women as comfortable as we could by spreading tarpaulins over the forward part of the boat. Nobody asked to get anything to eat the first day, all being too anxious to think of eating. On the following Thursday morning we got a lug sail on the boat, and made the best of our way to the Irish coast before a southwesterly breeze.

Nothing of note occurred that day but the following night an old man who had shown symptoms of derangement, jumped overboard, saying he was going to bed. On the third day the breeze fell very light, and we had to take the oars. Next morning one of the passengers, supposed to be Francis Rogers, threw himself overboard.

A woman, supposed to be his sister, pleaded that some of us should throw her into the sea after him, but we endeavored to soothe her and succeeded in some degree. Rogers was evidently out of his senses. He had quarrelled with us because we had nailed the compass to the thwarts. He wanted the knees of his trowsers darned, as "he could not," he said, "go home with holes in them."

Up to this time provisions had been given in moderate quantities, and each person had a daily allowance of a pint of water. We had now to shorten the allowance. We had to keep pulling both on the fourth and fifth days, and did not make much progress. Sunday was calm all day. The children hi herto had been tolerably lively; the infant was fed on mashed biscuit, its mother having no milk, and the others got biscuit and preserved fruit. The want of sufficient water now began to be felt, and owing to the close packing of all in the boat, and the frequent wetting, cramps were very genearal.

We were forced to keep everything in one position as much as possible to avoid capsizing.

Up to the Monday no one had seriously complained of the discomforts, and all were in tolerable spirits. The seaman did all in their power to inspire hope, and the Quartermaster, Blair, spun yarns to keep their spirits up. On Wednesday the second engineer sang the 100th psalm, and many joined with him. That day the wind blew hard from the southwest and we had to bring the boat to by using the sail and two oars as a floating anchor, and in doing so lost both sail and oars. It was useless to seek for them, it now being dark; so we had to make a sail out of a piece of tarpaulin, and be content with one oar and a half that we had in the boat. The wind blowing fiercely the tarpaulin was torn into rags, and we substituted for it bed covers which were soon destroyed.

Samuel Brewster, an old man, died on Wednesday after going raving mad. Many of our number now showed signs of madness, probably from despair and exposure to extreme cold. Some became violent and threatening in their conduct, and we had to use force with some of them, and gradually we got them calmed down. Early on Thursday morning a child five years of age died, and shortly afterward its mother expired. Another child took lockjaw and died also. The bodies were thrown overboard. The effect on the survivors was very visible.

All this time we were making slow progress toward the Irish coast. A torn tarpaulin had been mended in the best fashion we could, and served in a kind of way for a lug sail. Provisions and water were now given in small quantity. One of the barrels of biscuits was found to be much soaked with sea water, and one of the fresh water casks had leaked half of its contents. We had to disregard the appeals for drink and the consequence was that several seaman, among the rest took to quenching their thirst with salt water in spite of our remonstrances. This was continued until a number got perfectly mad. Walter McFarlane, fireman, was one of those who persisted in taking salt water and his conduct became so dangerously outrageous that he had to be tied to the bottom. He died in this state

On Friday we had sailed 450 miles. The tarpaulin sail had given away half a dozen times and was as often mended, on the whole the boat had gone very well. This day the infant died. Our situation had become miserable in the extreme. The sea was breaking over the boat in clouds of spray, wetting every one to the skin, and all were sitting in pools of water. There was nothing now to cover the women, as we had used everything for sails. Cramp had seized all of us more or less, and our legs were greatly swollen, and consequently were very painful. The fresh water was so scarce that less than a pint had to serve four persons for a day, and provisions were equally scanty. Some of us were raving and violently mad. A woman died as the evening closed in, but the fact was not noticed at the time, and the body was still in the boat when we experienced the greatest of all our calamities.

About eleven o'clock a heavy wave struck the boat, and those on board in their drowsy condition falling suddenly in a mass to the lee side, she went over and all were struggling in the water The boat floated upwards, and Reilly managed to struggle up and seat himself on the keel. He assisted Blair to get up, which the latter did with some difficulty, as a drowning passenger had laid hold of his leg. Reilly then assisted Mr. Davies, who had also to shake himself clear of some one clinging to his foot. No others had got hold the boat, though several were heard for a time shouting or swearing as they swam about in the darkness. One poor soul had got under the boat, and he was heard nearly half an hour. He was apparently holding on by the thwarts and breathing the air that had been enclosed when the boat rolled over, or which reached him through the chinks in her timbers. About 12 o'clock a heavy sea struck the boat, and the three who were sitting astride the keel, were again immersed in water, Blair was the first to recover his position, and by his assistance the the other two were brought up on the boat. The sail was floating alongside, and we got hold of the ropes attached to the mast, and watching a favorable opportunity, managed by pulling upon the ropes to get the boat righted. She was of course full of water, and we bailed her at first with flat pieces of wood, and afterward with two tin cans which we found attached to the thwarts. At length by hard labor we got her clear. Everything was lost out of the boat except one oar, the mast, the tarpaulin sail, and the yard, and we were thus left without provisions or water. When daylight broke we again made sail as well as we could on the boat, and again steered our course to the eastward with favorable wind.

By Sunday evening we were beginning to get down-hearted. We saw a sail, the first we had seen, but she did not observe us, and darkness shortly afterward closing in, we had no light with which to attract attention. We were downcast at this, but about six o'clock we were suddenly cheered by seeing a light to the eastward which turned out to be from Tory Island lighthouse. We made for the light, though it was blowing strongly from the southwest with a heavy sea running. On getting close to the land we found ourselves among dangerons breakers, and we were forced to make our way out again to save our lives. We ran out some five miles and brought to wait for daylight. About this time some heavy showers fell, the first of any consequence we had met with since the wreck, and we employed every means within our reach to catch a little fresh water of which we stood so terribly in need.

At daylight on Monday morning we once more set our sail and made for the land determined to get ashore at all hazards. We ran along the shore for some distance till we saw a likely place in Mubray bay, on the west side of Fannet Point. Having a favoring breeze, we made a race for the shore, and run the boat up with such force that the receding wave left her stern dry upon the beach. After coming ashore, we found our limbs swollen to such an extent that it was utterly impossible to move.

New Anecdote of the Revolution.

When Washington determined to cross the Delaware and surprise the Hessians at Trenton, his plans were discovered in some way by a Tory family living on the Pennsylvania side. A young man of this family was dispatched across the river to warn the Hessian commander, Colonel Rahl. He reached Trenton in safety, and, going to Colonel Rahl's headquarters, asked for an interview. This was refused by the sentry at the door, who said that the Colonel could not be disturbed, that he was particularly engaged. After several ineffectual efforts to obtain an audience, the young man went away leaving a note, with the request that it should be given to Rahl immediately. This note contained the information that Washington would cross the river that very night. It was carried to the Colonel, who was engrossed by a game of chess. Hearing that it had been left by a young man, and apprehending no danger, he put it into his pocket, and went on with his game. Before morning light he was aroused by the fierce attack of the Americans, who drove in his pickets, and came suddenly upon the main body of the bewildered Hessians, who fled in all directions. Colonel Rahl mounted his horse, gallantly but ineffectually endeavored to rally his disordered troops, and, as he rode back towards Trenton, after going some distance into the country, he was mortally wounded by a musket ball. He fell from his horse, was carried into a house (still pointed out), and died. In his pocket, after death, was found *unopened* the very note the young man had left him the night before. So the story runs.

The Thompson Road Steamer.

Mr. A. Barnaby, agent for this coast of the American manufacturer of the Thompson Patent Road Steamer, is now in the city. Mr. Barnaby is here for the purpose of endeavoring to effect the introduction of the invention into this lower conntry, which needs it so greatly. A new engine is now on its way from the East, for Stockton, and the San Joaquin country, and others will follow as soon as the rapid demand elsewhere will allow the manufacturer to supply them. The steamer has alread been introduced into Utah, where it is successfully used for purposes identical with those for which it is needed here. It has proved a success wherever tried, and there is no reason to suppose that this section of the country would prove an exception. The experiment is worth trying and will doubtless be tried. Certainly nothing would conduce more to our local prosperity than securing the large inland trade of which the introduction of a Road Steamer would give our city the permanent control. Mr. Barnaby is stopping at the Pico House, and will furnish information and particulars to any one desiring them—*Los Angeles News, March 18th.*

—Try this some of you girls and boys: Fasten a nail or key to a string, and suspend it to your thumb and finger, and the nail will oscillate like a pendlum. Let some one place his open hand under the nail, and it will change to a circular motion. Then let a third person place his hand upon your shoulder, and it becomes in a moment stationary.

—Mr. Beecher tells us of a class in his mission school which offered a banner for good behavior. One youngster made some kind of a disturbance one Sunday before school, when the rest took him out and punched him till he promissed to reform! That class got the banner.

—"Who is that foreign lady with the extremely low-neck dress?" asked a gentleman of a by-stander at a party the other day. "That is Miss Chemiseoff, a Russian lady," was the reply, "and an appropiate name it is."

—Rain is annually becoming more frequent in Egypt, in consequence of an extensive increase in the cultivation of palm there.

—An undertaker in a neighboring village announces a complete assortment of "underground overcoats."

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, April 1,.....1871.

THE CITY OF PARIS IN THE HANDS OF A MOB.

Almost on the heels of the retiring Germans, a mob arose in the city of Paris in opposition to the Theirs Government. A number of the surrounding forts were taken possession of by the mob, and army officers and citizens were killed. Fears were entertained that the mob spirit would break out in other large cities of France, but so far they have not been realized. A reaction against the mob is taking place, and order being restored. The object of the insurrectionists is not at all clear, as they as well as the Government are Republicans. The Government is hourly growing stronger and will probably maintain itself. Napoleon is just across the Channel, at Dover, England, eagerly watching events and doubtless hopes to see in them his own opportunity. Reports are current that his chances for the Empire are steadily growing brighter.

NEWS ITEMS.

The Commisioner of Internal Revenue states that the Supervisors of North and South Carolina, Georgia, and Mississippi, report that in many sections of their Districts a reign of terror exists, and it is totally impossible to collect the Revenue law. In some cases the Internal Revenue officers have been compelled to flee for their lives.

President Grant March 24th issued a proclamation calling on the Ku klux of the South to disperse and go to their homes, and warning them that war will be waged against them by the United States if they neglect or refuse this order.

An effort is making by the Fenian Convention at New York to unite all the Irish Nationalists in one Brotherhood, and to perfect a military organization.

Congress will not adjourn *sine die* for some weeks.

The Germans of San Francisco last week held a grand Peace Festival aided by sympathizing friends of all nations. It was a success.

The San Domingo Commissioners are likely to report in favor of annexation.

The operations to be carried on at Mare Island Navy Yard will give employment to some 2,000 men. Some extensive improvements are in contemplation.

The National Bankruptcy Register.

We are in receipt of a copy of the above publication, which contains a record of Law reports and Proceedings in Bankruptcy in all the States, provisions of ahe English Bankruptancy Act, and other mattter of like nature of interest and value to the profession, for the benefit of whom this work is especially intended. Terms $4 per annum ; remittances may be sent to "Bankruptcy Department, United States Law Association, 137 Broadway New York," or the work may be obtained by ordering through the "Pacific Law Reporter Agent, 310 Washington St., San Francisco."

Vigilantes in Virginia City, Nevada.

From The Gold Hill News of March 26, we learn that Arthur Perkins Heffman, the incendiary and murderer, was taken from the jail in Virginia City, on night of the 25th, and summarily executed by Vigilantes. They molested none of the other prisoners in the jail, the whole proceeding being quiet, orderly and determined. At the head of a detailed account The News says:

It is well known to the public that a Vigilance Committee has had an organization in Virginia City for some weeks past, the many murders, robberies and diabolical acts of incendiarism having caused many citizens to adopt measures for the better protection of their lives and their property than the law and its administration afforded, by reason of the existence in our midst of a large number of irresponsible vagabonds, who have made Storey county their headquarters.

Pacific Coast Advertiser.

Bean & Black, the popular advertising agents, publish at 410 Montgomery street, San Francisco, a monthly paper named as above at the low rate of one dollar per annum. The object of the paper is conveyed in the head line as follows: "Advertising is to Business what a good Fertilizer is to the Earth—It makes cent per cent returns." We endorse the paper, as the shrewd business man must its motto.

LAW MATTERS, AGAIN.

As our remarks of last week, under the head of "Law and its administration," have not been very approvingly received in certain quarters we propose to refer to the subject again.

We claimed that certain rulings, though perhaps strictly in keeping with decisions of the highest tribunal of the land, was at variance with what we denominated as the law of common-sense: that, though thus justified, results were dangerous to the peace and good order of society, by reason of the belief thus inspired that law, in certain cases, was only a shield for criminals, and per contra, a means of punishing communities. In view of these charges we claimed that a more liberal interpretation of law in the matter of juror qualifications would have been justified by usage in many courts, and most certainly by the law of common-sense, the only term by which we can express that principle that stands in opposition to mere legal technicalities or quibbles, by means of which the morally guilty so often escape punishment. It would take all the legal talent of this county to convince the people at large that that law was rightly construed which would prevent even an investigation of a criminal charge by barring jurymen, otherwise qualified, except by reason of their knowledge of an indictment, and an indefinite degree of prejudice based thereon. We except, from a common-sense view, to that ruling or law, though it should be sustained by volumes of Supreme Court decisions. We have but little doubt but that precedents may be produced to disqualify jurors on such grounds, but we do not believe that it is common law, because it is not reasonable. One of the jurors excluded under this rule, to whom especial reference was had, was Mr. Powers of Bishop Creek, unless we are much mistaken in the name. We are told that under the answers given his admission to the jury box would have justified a writ of error and eventually, in all probability, great additional expense to the county. Possibly; but in consideration of actual transactions in other courts, to one of which we referred, we do not believe it would have afforded tenable ground for any such action. But if sustained in law and usage, then we challenge such law and usage on the ground on which all our objections are founded. We will here state, in justice to the Judge, that we are sure, could this case have been referred to his judgment and decision stripped of legal trammels, there would have been no cause of dissatisfaction nor none expressed in any quarter; that errors of the same character of those we have noted, as non professionals look at these things, are only too common through the land, and if possible should be checked. We read that all attempts to render the law tolerable of construction by the masses, with the hope of arriving at uniform conclusions will be futile, because it is in its very nature and essence intricate and metaphysical. Judging by the many conflicting rulings by professionals, the remark applies to them as well, and therefore each dispenser of law is held by the masses responsible for effects, and will be condemned or sustained in accordance with the supposed departure from or adherence to common-sense views, with little or no regard to mere technicalities.

But we, as one of the plaintiffs in the case, claim in some measure a representative right outside the bar, to note objections to a course or system by which the plaintiffs' rights are jeopardized. We do nothing more in so doing than is done in every Court by Counsel, with this difference: they maintain objections to rulings on statute law alone, while we do so from other grounds. The eminent legal talent and probity of either Court or Counsel, to whom we are indebted for the system of law applied in the McFarland-Richardson and Cole-Hiscock cases, can not be questioned. The result in each of those trials was an insult to the peoples' estimate of the law's intent and power, though the cause of action in both cases may be justified on moral grounds. A venire including thousands of names was exhausted to obtain, under the rule, qualified jurors. The verdicts were, in effect, that it was no crime to do murder, if insane at the moment, though perfectly rational immediately before and after the act. If the end justifies the means, as in these and very many similar cases, the same rule ought to be good for opposite results, but people at large must not be expected to worship fixed rules susceptible of so many variations. In law, as in nature, similar causes should produce similar effects, but of all the uncertainties of life, results of law rendering are the most so. Codification and simplification is engaging the attention of able men, but complete success is said to be impossible. Unless, as we have tried to show, dispensers of law do not fall back upon first principles and ignore as near as possible mere technical possibilities, the evils in its administration will continue to multiply until a complete revolution will be a necessity, or important matters, as in too many instances already, will be settled without the intervention of courts of law. If the people, who have a vital interest involved, have occasion to note an apparent disregard of proper rules, there is no more offense intended, or need to be taken, than if offered by counsel inside the bar.

LETTER FROM ROUND VALLEY.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

ROUND VALLEY, March 17th, 1871.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Dame Nature intended that secluded little spot in the mountains, called Round Valley, to be a quiet spot and a quiet place it is. Does that mortal exist, that can gather from so quiet a place, a single readable item for a newspaper? Politics ignored, religion free and easy, no horse and blanket stealing and not even a row between "Johnny Crapeaud" and "Hans" over the fate of either Nap or Bill. But one subject, and one alone, engrosses all. Horse, horse, horse, is the subject, and this, like Aaron's rod swallows up all the rest.

But the usual quiet of our rural community has been, during the past week, slightly disturbed by an influx of extremely vigilant county officials. The escape of two horse thieves, and their probable capture is now engrossing a considerable share of attention here. They have been reported in the foot hills near this place for some days, and every man, woman and boy in the valley knows exactly where the said thieves are but no two can exactly agree as to the particular locality.

Up to this time the ubiquity of these prisoners baffles all description as well as all the officers. The moccasined footprints of poor "Lo" are eagerly followed in the vain hope that an escaped horse thief is just ahead. An old copy says, "Disappointments sink the heart of man, but the renewal of hope gives consolation." So this chase proves. Finding "Lo" instead of the jail-birds is a sad disappointment, but another track is found, hope is renewed and consolation comes. While I am penning these few lines, Bob —— has rushed into the room and given this definite account of the exact spot where the "hoss" thieves were seen last evening: "Ed. told me that Jim told him that John said that George said that Bill told him that last night he saw the tracks of two men going up a canyon, and that the tracks looked as if the men had walked slowly from weakness caused by that diarrhœa which the prisoners had the night they left the Hotel de Elder."

Every law-abiding citizen desires to see these criminals as well as all others brought to punishment, but it is very probable they will never be caught. If not, it may work this advantage: county officials may hereafter exercise more vigilance in securing prisoners placed in their charge. It has already worked a slight advantage here, at least, to your humble correspondent. It has furnished another topic of conversation, and I have not heard "horse" mentioned more than 342678103224 27 times during the past week.

While dwelling upon crimes and criminals, I will drop you a few items concerning some of the principal actors in the Bilderback homicide. I have been well acquainted, not only with the Bilerbacks, but also with all their murderers, except Buckskin. Herschel Bilderback (erroniously called Oscar in the papers) was formerly a resident of Independence in this county. Many of your readers will remember him as the boy who attended the saloon at the Inyo House during the Summer of 1869. He was extremely talkative, of a lively and pleasant disposition. He killed a man in Arizona prior to his arrival in Inyo county, the particulars of which affray I never learned, except that it arose from a political dispute, and that the killing was entirely in self defense. While he resided in Los Angeles county he was considered quiet and peaceable, but by no means safe to "jump up" for a fight. His brother Henry was still more quiet but equally brave, and this with their being well armed and anticipating an attack from their murderers, renders it almost certain that they were ambuscaded.

The description of Al. Henry, given in your paper, is very correct; but the Los Angeles county Sheriff is, perhaps, on the wrong track if he is devoting much time to searching in the mountains of Inyo county. This man Henry knows that there are many people in this county who would readily recognize him. He belongs to the Latter Day Saints, and it is more than probable that he has bent his steps towards the mountains of Utah, where he is better acquainted with the topography of the country, and where he will have more chances for protection.

ALL ABOUT ROADS.

I hope it will not be considered arrogance in me, if I make a suggestion to the people of this place and Bishop Creek. The anti-fence law existing in Mono county is still in force in that part of Mono attached to Inyo. In a section of country where there are but few fences, the people never properly appreciated the importance of good roads. Every person could drive his team, unobstructed by fences, on any ground which suited his convenience. This has been especially the case in this section of country in the Winter season. But as the farmers get able they are commencing to fence their farms for their own convenience, and the result is that, there being no established roads, those which have been heretofore used by common consent, are being closed up or turned aside into swampy or rocky ground.

Will some of our public spirited citizens take this matter in hand before it is too late? Roads can now be established at little cost or inconvenience, but if the matter is not attended to speedily, much of the country lying north of Big Pine will be under fence, and but few if any will be willing to grant the right of way through their cultivated fields. AMOR.

—The Senate has voted to appoint a Joint Committee of seven Senators and nine Representatives to investigate and report on the condition of the South. The same body also voted to repeal the law for the meeting of the new Congress on the 4th of March, instead of the 1st of December as heretofore.

One of Queen Victoria's daughters was recently married to a son of the chief of the Clan Campbell. Much public enthusiasm was manifested.

—A little girl wanted her father to go to the *loafers* and get a loaf of bread.

—What Columbus did—a notion crossed him and he crossed the ocean.

Pacific Coast Appropriations.

The Washington correspondent of The Sacramento Record gives the following list of appropriations made by Congress for the benefit of the Pacific coast:

In the bill for sundry civil expenses, an appropriation of $70,000 was made for surveying public lands in California, at rates not exceeding $15 for standard lines; $12 for township, and $9 for section lines, with a proviso that the commissioner of the General Land Office, in his discretion, may hereafter authorize the survey of public lands in said State, and also in Oregon and Washington Territory, densely covered with forests and thick undergrowth, at augmented rates, not exceeding $18 per mile for standard parallel, $15 for township, and $12 for section lines. Nevada was voted $45,000 for surveys, and Oregon $50,000, of which $15,000 is to be used west of the Cascade Mountains.

For the survey of the western coast of the United States, which includes a hydrographic development of the dangers of ocean navigation between San Diego and Panama, there is an appropriation of $240,000.

For the Benicia Arsenal $87,429, which includes permanent barracks, guard house, five engine houses, and grading and improving the arsenal grounds.

For repairs of all kinds at Mare Island, $100,000; for permanent improvements, $300,000. This appropriation for improvements at Mare Island is, of course, greatly in excess of the older yards. The amount appropriated for Norfolk Navy Yard, under this head, is but $60,000, and for the Yard at Washington $80,000.

For continuing the Custom House at Portland, Oregon, the sum of $100,000 is appropriated.

For the completion of the building at Astoria, Oregon, $10,000.

For the Branch Mint at San Francisco, $500,000.

Fiat lux is written all over the omnibus bill this year, and a great deal of the light that is commanded to shine on the Pacific coast. The sum of $90,000 was voted for a light house at Cape Foulweather, Oregon; $5,000 for Fauntleroy Rock Beacon, Crescent City harbor, California; $90,000 for continuing and completing the lighthouse at Pigeon Point, $10,000 for the establishment of a first-class fog signal at the entrance of San Francisco harbor. Then there is to be a $20,000 light fog signal at San Pablo. The House appropriation of $85,000 for a lighthouse at Anacapa was lost. Another fog signal at Point Conception, one at Point Anna, and one up Puget Sound.

For the Brach Mint at Carson City, Nevada, there is $30,000.

In the Legislative, Executive and Judicial bill there is an appropriation of $268,045 to meet the salaries and contingent expenses of the Branch Mint.

Mare Island again, in the Naval bill, takes $39,432 for salaries and supplies in its various departments.

In the Harbor bill, the $200,000 for Wilmington was retained.

In the Fortification bill, $50,000 is appropriated for Fort Point entrance to San Francisco harbor; $75,000 for the fort on Alcatraz Island, in the same harbor; and $100,000 for Lime Point.

The timber land bill was lost in the Senate; the mining bill was smothered in the House. Jerome C. Davis' irrigating canal, and also the El Dorado ditch, failed to come up. The Southern California Judicial District bill went under. Julian tried hard to get his swamp land bill up at the eleventh hour but it was choked into its coffin.

Adolph Sutro is still here, and keeps up good spirits, notwithstading the fact that, though he has bored Congress a good deal, he has not yet succeeded in boring his tunnel.

Connecticut.

Is the next state to vote this Spring, following New Hampshire, on the 3d proximo. It is the most wavering of all New England States, and is liable to frequent mutations. In 1868 it gave English (Dem.), for Governor, 1,764 majority. This was at the Spring election. In the following Fall Grant for President carried the State by 2,936 majority. In 1869 Jewell (Rep.) had 411 majority. In 1870 the tables were again reversed, and English (Dem.) was elected by 843 majority. It will thus be seen that the State is very close, and that a few hundred votes have generally decided the result. In the Forty-first Congress the delegation of Connecticut consisted of three Republicans and one Democrat, the majorities being respectively 729, 424, 2,399 and 1,160.

Mining Matters.

During the past week the wildest excitement in stocks has prevailed, with very extensive sales at the highest prices known for years. Prices however have drooped materially toward the close, as can be seen by reference to our regular stock report of to-day. There is nothing of extra importance to report in the way of mining developments since our last Saturday's mention, except that the new body of the Crown Point still shows improvement, and evidently extends through into the Belcher. The Yellow Jacket 1,000 foot level body also looks better and more extensive. This excitement is based more upon stock manipulations than anything else, yet in reality the mines are looking better than they have for years.—*Gold Hill News, March 26th.*

—The financial measure of most importance adopted by Congress last Winter is that authorizing the issue of $500,000,000 of five per cent bonds. This is a measure of great magnitude, and was adopted, after full discussion as the best financial policy.

—The poorest use a man can put his time and talents to, is to waste them in chasing a lie to see who told it.

LAND MATTERS.

In another column will be found an official notification of Township plat filings, and subjoined an extract from Register Butler's letter by which settlers can gain a clear understanding of the land situation in this section. Mr. Butler says:

* In the first place, prior to the circular of July 14, 1870, settlers upon surveyed "unoffered" lands were not compelled to prove up and pay for their lands until the land was thrown in the market. All lands in this district are of the "unoffered" class, therefore under the original law they were not compelled to prove up and pay for their land until the land was thrown in market. By a late Act of Congress all lands on the Pacific coast were withdrawn from market and will undoubtedly remain so for years to come. Therefore the Government had to issue some order compelling settlers to prove up; the order was issued July 14th, 1870, requesting all pre emptors who had filed on "unoffered" land prior to July 14th, 1870, to prove up and pay for their lands in twelve months from the passage of the Act; any subsequent filing, prove up and pay twenty one months from date of settlment. You stated in your issue of the 11th instant, "that pre-emtors must prove up and pay for their lands or they will be restored to private entry." The above is a paragraph in which I differ with you. I say that it does not restore it to "private entry;" the land is only subject to pre-emption or homestead. A party failing to pay for his land in the stipulated time would exhaust his right of pre emption, for the law prohibits a second filing under the same Act by the same party. A party after exhausting his pre emption right by non payment can make a homestead entry on the same tract of land, provided, there has been no other filing upon the land subsequent to the cancelation of his pre-emption, the land would not be restored to "private entry," after a party had failed to pay in the stipulated time, but would be subject to other parties to file pre-emption or homestead, and would be liable to defeat the first party, as he had failed to comply with the law. The only way to obtain title to surveyed "unoffered" land is by Pre-emption, Homestead or some State Selection; the latter would cost about five dollars per acre.

Iron Road Building.

The statement has been made in our columns that large quantities of iron are on the way for the Southern Pacific Railroad of California, and that the track will be extended 20 miles beyond Gilroy by July. This will make the San Francisco road complete for 100 miles and will open a wider agricultural country to direct communication with this port. The exact route of the road further south is not determined, but it is safe to assume that its course will lie through Fresno, Tulare and Kern counties, to the Tehachepi Pass, which is the point designated in the recent Act of Congress for connection with the California branch of the Texas Pacific, which branch will go through San Diego, San Bernardino and Los Angeles counties.

Simultaneously with the prosecution of the Southern Pacific, work will be going on upon the California and Oregon Railroad, upon the Sonoma extension of the Vallejo, or California Pacific, upon the Copperopolis Railroad on the San Joaquin Valley Railroad, and perhaps two or three minor enterprises. Altogether the present year is likely to witness great activity in railroad building in California, accompanied, we hope, by an increase of immigration. The latter will be partly realized through the influence of the railroad and land owners, who are anxious to sell portions of their property to actual setthers, and as we have heretofore shown, have made arrangements for new steamship connections with Europe to facilitate this object.—*S. F. Bulletin.*

Buckskin Discovered.

The following from The Los Angeles News of March 18th will be read with interest:

F Ganahl, Esq., who left this city on Wednesday, for Arizona, telegraphed last night to Sheriff Burns, as follows: "Send a man to Wolf's store at Temecula and you will get Buckskin. He is in Santa Margarita Canyon and must come to Wolf's or Mund's, at San Luis Rey, for grub. His squaw is sick. Bryant is at Mund's, between the two you will get him."

In all probability the murderer will be caught. He is a desperate character and may prove dangerous to arrest. Mr. Ganahl deserves the thanks of the entire community for his prompt measures to secure the apprehension of so noted a desperado.

Heartrending.

The following singular affair will be read with unusal interest. We can only guess at the date from attending incidents:

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Good.

It is authoritativly stated that Thoms & Wellington are about to put on a daily stage from Los Angeles to this county. Bully!

—Rain is annually becoming more frequent in Egypt, in consequence of an extensive increase in the cultivation of palm there.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. a29n5m6

Boarding House for Sale!

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED BOARDING HOUSE in the flourishing town of Cerro Gordo, now having over forty steady boarders, will be sold cheap FOR CASH, as the owner is about to leave this part of the country.

For terms apply to A. A. MACKAY, Cerro Gordo.

ap1t2

Ranch for Sale!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT low figures the N ½ and S W ¼ of S W ¼ of Sec 22, and S E ¼ of S E ¼ of Sec 21, in Tp. 13 South, Range 35 E, containing 160 acres. Is situated about two miles south of Independence; has house and corrall, and ten acres under fence. Requires no irrigation and is the best of land. Inquire at J. A. Lank's ranch.

ap1n40:4 JOHN G. SCHIFFER.

NOTICE.

TO T. W. HILL AND H. SCHOENEMAN, owners in the Alpha claim and Tunnel and Omega claim tunnel, situated in the Lone Pine District Inyo County, California: Take notice that pursuant to a notice duly given, a meeting was held at the residence of John Simpson, in the Upper town of Cerro Gordo, said county and state, on the Seventeenth day of February, 1871, whereat an assessment of $500 to the share was levied upon each shareholder in said tunnels and claims; and that there is now due from each of you for said assessment the sum of $1,000 as follows, to wit:

ALPHA TUNNEL AND CLAIM.

T. W. Hill.....1 share.....$500 00
H. Schoeneman.....1 " 500 00

OMEGA TUNNEL AND CLAIM.

T. W. Hill.....1 share.....$500 00
H. Schoeneman.....1 " 500 00

That said liability is for labor done and material furnished in and upon said tunnels and claims, and is payable to John Simpson, at his residence in Cerro Gordo.

JOHN SIMPSON,
CHARLES HOFFMAN,
By F. K. MILLER, Agent.

ap1t40:8

The Sun.

CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The Dollar Weekly Sun.

A Newspaper of the Present Times.

Intended for People Now on Earth.

Including Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Workers, Thinkers, and a Master of Honest Folks, and the Wives, Sons, and Daughters of all such.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR!

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Or less than One Cent a Copy. Let there be a $50 Club at every Post Office.

SEMI-WEEKLY SUN, $2 A YEAR,

of the same size and general character as THE WEEKLY, but with a greater variety of miscellaneous reading, and furnishing the news to its subscribers with greater freshness, because it comes twice a week instead of once only.

THE DAILY SUN, $6 A YEAR.

A preëminently reliable newspaper, with the largest circulation in the world. Free, independent, and fearless in politics. All the news from everywhere. Two cents a copy; by mail, 50 cents a month, or $6 a year.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

THE DOLLAR WEEKLY SUN.

Five copies, one year, separately addressed, Four Dollars.

Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club), Eight Dollars.

Twenty copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club), Fifteen Dollars.

Fifty copies, one year, to one address (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club), Thirty-three Dollars.

Fifty copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club), Thirty-five Dollars.

One hundred copies, one year, to one address (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club), Fifty Dollars.

One hundred copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club), Sixty Dollars.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

Five copies, one year, separately addressed, Eight Dollars.

Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to getter up of club), Sixteen Dollars.

SEND YOUR MONEY

in Post Office orders, checks, or drafts on New York, wherever convenient. If not, then register the letters containing money. Address

I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher, Sun office, New York City.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SILVER SPROUT MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of Works and Mines, Kearsarge District, Inyo County, State of California.—NOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the Fifteenth day of March, 1871, and assessment of Six and 25-100 Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, either in United States gold coin or stock in the company, at the rate of Twelve and 50-100 Dollars per share in like gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, No. 206 Front street, San Francisco. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on MONDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

T. B. WINGARD, Secretary.

Office No. 206 Front street, San Francisco, Cal.

mr25n19t4

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Fifth Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of E. A. Reddy against E. A. de la Mier et als, duly attested the 7th day of March, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate (situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County and State aforesaid), to-wit:

That certain tunnel heretofore commonly known as the Friburg Tunnel, and now known as the San Felipe Tunnel. Also, that certain quartz lode commonly known as the San Felipe quartz lode.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the town of Independence, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

March 25, 1871. mr18n38w3

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo County, Cal.,
March 7, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING County Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY GENERAL FUND.

No.	In whose favor drawn.	Amount.
215	J W McMurry	$75 00
220	P W Bennett	125 00
221	C M Joslin	37 50
212	A M Loomis	19 20
222	L F Cooper	18 00
208	A J Lank	12 00
224	S P Davis	23 00

I. HARRIS, County Treasurer,
mr11n27t4 By HERMAN M. ISAACS, Deputy.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, April 1,..... .....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 6 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Deep Spring Mill.

The reverbatory furnace of the mill of Messrs. Hiskey & Walker, at Deep Spring valley, fires up to-day, and the mill will start up next Monday. Some forty tons of of ore which was left at the mill by former operators will be run through first, when the packing of rock from the Blue Bird, Cyclops, Leavenworth, Black Hawk, Twin Pine and other mines will commence. The success of the mill in working these ores may be considered as a foregone conclusion—as a thing absolutely certain—and a bright future certainly awaits this promising district. Prospecting is being carried on with great activity, by new comers and old residents, new strikes being reported every day. The very mat rial offset to the district, which now prevents and hinders operations, is the lack of wagon communication. The present trail from this valley to that point follows a perfect natural road with the exception of one place, which can be opened for probably less than $1,00 . Is it possible that the farmers, merchants and lumber men of this valley will suffer the important trade of Deep Spring, Gold Mountain, Fish Lake, Palmetto, Montezuma, Silver Peak and Columbus Districts to be lost by reason of this road not being built? The upper portion of this valley is the natural base of supplies for all that country, but the danger of permanently losing the trade is imminent, for the Deep Spring people are striving for a connection with the C. P. R. R. at Wadsworth, with a fair prospect of success.

Homicide at Whisky Flat.

On the 25th ultimo a man by the name of Joseph Farren arrived in Benton from Fish Lake valley, and inquired for a man named W. Baxter, and claimed that Baxter had robbed him of $60. Not finding him there, he proceeded to the station known as Whisky Flat, where he came upon "his man." Here Baxter was thoroughly searched, but nothing was found upon him except a four-bit piece—not even a pen-knife, and it is said that he had just previously borrowed a case knife, to cut tobacco. They started out together in the direction of Benton, and a shot and a man's voice was shortly heard by those at the house. Ferren returned and gave himself up, saying that he had shot Baxter because he had drawn a knife upon him. The man was placed in custody and taken to Benton, the victim being left dead. A party from Benton, consisting of George Hightower, Albert Mack and one or two other gentlemen, repaired to the scene of the tragedy, giving the man a decent burial, and noting the important localities and particulars of the case. Ferren was taken to the county seat, Bridgeport, and delivered to the authorities of Mono, in the limits of which the bloody affair occurred.

Questionable Policy.

We learn that pursuant to notice a meeting was held in Lone Pine on the 30th ultimo, to take county affairs into consideration. A resolution is reported to us as the proceedings of the meeting, with the request to publish. Now, gentlemen, we submit that the article in question is of too damaging a nature to be thrown broad cast without a statement of the causes and provocations calling for it. The motives actuating it may well be questioned when a resolution without preamble—an assertion without substantiation—is the result brought out. If this serious matter is justified by the facts leading to it, then the law provides a method for carrying your request into effect. But send a report of your proceedings to the parties most interested (and we infer from your note that you have not), give *them* a decent show in the matter, and then we will publish your resolutions and the whatever facts may go to justify them. If such facts exist, state them to the parties first, and then to the paper; if your charges are not well grounded, then this this damaging implication is too serious a matter to be rushed into print. Do this and our columns are open for all hands next week.

Magnificent Specimens.

"Happy Jack" yesterday left at this office some specimens of gold rock from the Cyclops mine, in Deep Spring valley, which surpass anything in the way of rich ore that it has ever been our lot to behold. Knots of almost the size of a man's thumb of the pure, shining yellow gold appear upon its surface, and the rock is a decomposed red ore, and even where the stuff is not visible is very rich. Out of a mine of this character it would seem a simple task to sort out a ton of the genuine "dross." Two and one-half tons of ore were extracted in sinking eighteen feet, and a contract has been let to sink sixty feet. The owners of the Blue Bird also contribute several beautiful specimens, taken from the tunnel, at a depth of eighty feet from the surface. These are of silver, and greatly resemble some of the best of Cerro Gordo ores, with perhaps a little more color. Scott Broder and Mr. Cutter are now working the Blue Bird, while Mr. Jack is in town, suffering from snow-blindness.

The Stage Changes.

The northern stage left this morning, under the new arrangement—and as a consequence our northern patrons will fail to get their papers as usual. We feel somewhat disposed to do some cussing at these perpetual changes, necessitating a change of publication day also, in order to reach subscribers in season. Oh, for the days of daily communication and daily papers! But there is a crumb of comfort in the fact that the Lone Pine and Cerro Gordo stage will run tri-weekly, as then there will be a chance for important legal notices, advertisements, etc., to arrive here some other time than just an hour after the week' edition is run off. We would respectfully propose to Billy Wilson that he runs his stage out of Aurora the day he now runs his pony, and thus enable Mr. Dexter to make his connections and keep on the same time as formerly run.

The San Carlos Company.

Mr. H. G. Hanks, the well known assayer and chemist of San Francisco, is in town, having been engaged in surveying the San Carlos property, and looking after that interest generally. He expresses himself as having great confidence in the mineral wealth of this country generally, and particularly the mines on the opposite side of the river. The last run of the San Carlos mill, now so long idle, was made on 30 tons of ore from the Romelia, one of the company's mines, and resulted in a net return of $64 per ton; and it is but a fair conclusion that mine and mill must become paying property if rightly handled. The company are taking steps to procure a United States patent, and work upon the mine will be resumed. Mr. Hanks is among the many who left this country in the dark days of '64 and '65, and seems pleased to note its present prosperity.

Ranch for Sale.

Mr. John G. Schiffer this week advertises a fine ranch for sale, near to town and every way desirable. See notice.

Some Facts.

Our worthy Under Sheriff is still suffering from the ill effects occasioned by our notice, three weeks since. We hold that whenever any person in this Republic, from President down to Under Sheriff, assumes for a consideration to perform certain duties for the common riff-raff the common riff-raff hold the right in reserve to judge of the manner in which these duties are performed. In the exercise of this right, a certain act of the Under Sheriff has for months been pretty severely criticised. Subsequent occurrences brought the matter into further notice, with an additional charge of culpable negligence. On the strength of this we alluded to his manner of doing business in terms altogether too mild had the perfectly common reports on which they were founded been literally true. We done what we believed to be our duty at the time, just as we will do in similar future occurrences, and for which no word of apology is due or offerred to any man. We had, apparently, perfectly good reasons for the implications, as we afterwards had, on an immaterial point, for its correction, and for a full explanation on which the only matter of serious import was based. We became satisfied in our mind, and hoped to satisfy our readers, that this report of month's standing, was not true in fact. To do this was just as much our duty as was the other, and no more, and as in the first instance, we have no apology to offer any man. So far from injuring anyone, we done the very thing to set at rest or bring to proof a matter of serious importance to an officer who had direct regard for his oath of office which was directly impeached in public reports, the truth or falsity of which ought to have been established long before. We have no hesitation in repeating that we believe the Under Sheriff tried to do his duty in that matter, and in that belief we do not intend any farther reference to it, nor would it have been noticed now only for the reason mentioned in the outset, by reason of which we are led to expect untold misery through the withdrawal of much patronage hitherto given to this institution, besides material encouragement from former patrons of The Independent towards the establishment of another paper here that won't damage reputations. Now, as the encouragement of all kinds of public benefits is part of our duty and principles, we will make a better offer in support of the proposed enterprise than any of these gentlemen dare to. We will contribute every dollar of profits that has accrued to this paper from its inception down to the present time. Will the Under Sheriff make a similar offer or anything like it?

Township Plats Filed.

The following notice dated March 27, from the United States Land Office at Aurora, explains itself:

Notice is hereby given that the following described Township Plats were filed in this office, March 11th, 1871.

Township 1 North of Range 130 & 31 East.
Township 2 " " " 26 & 29 "
Township 3 " " " 26, 27 & 28 "
Township 5 South of Range 31 "

Settlers upon lands in the above described Townships are hereby notified to file their declaratory statements in the Registry Office at Aurora, Nevada, within three months, the time prescribed by law, otherwise their rights may be forfeited.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

Convicted and Sentenced.

Wm. King, whose trial on the charge of horse stealing has occupied so much of the attention of the public for the past week or two, has received his sentence and starts for the State Prison to-morrow. The case was given to the jury last Saturday, and after being out some six hours they returned a verdict of guilty, coupled with a recommendation to the utmost leniency of the Judge. The following Monday was set for the hearing of a motion to arrest judgment, and another day or two was consumed in arguing for a new trial, on the ground of errors, illegal drawing of Grand Jury, etc., which points were overruled or denied, the prisoner coming up for sentence on the 29th ultimo, receiving a term of two years at hard labor in the State institution at San Quinten.

The Jefferson and Front Interests.

It is understood that the owners of these celebrated lead interests in Cerro Gordo, Belshaw & Beaudry owning the Jefferson and the O. L. S.-L. Co. the Front, have so arranged it that both mines will be worked through the Buena Vista tunnel, which belongs to the former gentlemen. We believe it is claimed by the Swansea company that the Front covers the immense body of lead known as the White & Williams strike, recently sold with the Jefferson mine.

Windy.

Old Boreas has been on the rampage for several days past—all owing doubtless to the fact that the barometers at the Post are out of order. As illustrating the force of the wind a friend told us the other day that a piece of square, heavy timber which was lying on the ground at right angles to a big pile of lumber, was picked up and thrown clear over the boards. Query—what became of the boards?

Firm Changed.

The old stand-by firm of D. Cohn & Co., merchants, has become Harris & Rhine, the latter gentleman having purchased the interest of Mr. D. Cohn, who, we understand, is about taking his leave of the valley. The heartiest well-wishes of hosts of friends will go with him.

The Site Selected.

The Masons have accepted the lot proffered them by the town proprietors, situated on Edwards street, just south of Judge Hanson's residence. We have not heard whether any bids for the building of their hall have been accepted or not.

Monthly Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of Independence Engine Co. No. 1 takes place at the Sazarac Saloon next Monday night, at 7 o'clock. We hear that important correspondence relative to the purchase of an engine will come up.

Boarding House for Sale.

A rare opportunity is offerred for some one who "knows how to keep a hotel," or any other man with a little enterprise, to step into a paying business at Cerro Gordo. See Mackay's advertisement.

New Express Agents.

Messrs. Harris & Rhine, successors to D. Cohn & Co., have received their commission as agents of Wells, Fargo & Co., at this place, bearing date of March 20th.

Mine Sold

Mr. J. A. Creaser has purchased the Kearsarge mine, Hot Springs District, from J. O. Wheeler. I is a valuable mine, but we are not authorized to give the consideration.

Hot Springs Ore.

On the 26th ultimo some 30,000 pounds of ore from various mines in Hot Springs District, Mono county, were started southward to the Swansea works.

Lumber Contract.

Smith & Engle have contracted to deliver two hundred thousand feet of lumber at the Eclipse mill, and hauling has already commenced.

Election.

The annual election for District Recorder comes off at Cerro Gordo to-day.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Man as a Barometer and Thermometer. Science has failed to invent any apparatus as sensitive to atmospheric changes as the human frame. It is therefore of vital importance to guard it against the effect of variations in the weather, and experience has demonstrated that Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters is the best medicine for this purpose at present known. If taken as a protection against the disturbing influences of sudden alternations of heat and cold, it will certainly prevent the bowel complaint, fevers, bilious disorders, rheumatic affections and throat diseases, arising from these causes.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,
—THE—
Pioneer Blacksmith
—OF—
OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.
Of every description.
Wagon Work
Done in the best style at reasonable terms.
Agricultural Implements
Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.
Independence, July 9. a1v1tf

RE-OPENED.
MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,
-AND-
Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,
EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.
Horse Shoeing, $3 00,
And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.
Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39tv2

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE
SHAVING SALOON.
WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.
n2tf 163m

FLOUR.

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A
FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT
At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of
FAMILY FLOUR,
Ground and Unground Feed,
At the lowest rates.
n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

BISHOP CREEK
Flouring Mills.
RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.
Feed and Flour
Constantly on hand for sale. Also
FLOUR SACKS
At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.
RUSSELL & CO.
Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.
J. M. MEREDITH,
AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.
DEALER IN
Stationery,
BLANK BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,
MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS
CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,
And Everything in his Line Cheap.
ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.
Store in Post Office Building.
AURORA. - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

For Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his arrastras at Fish Springs a
QUARTZ BREAKER,
As good as new, and will be sold very low.
Address or enquire of
fe18n84tf J. W. McMURRY, Fish Springs.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.
CERRO GORDO STORE!
V. BEAUDRY
DEALER IN
GROCERIES,
Provisions,
Mining Implements,
LIQUORS,
Tobacco and Cigars,
-AND-
General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the
PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT
Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the
Old Stand.
And respectfully invites inspection of his
Stock and Prices.
Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. mr25n29tv2

R. J. MORRISON,
BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Wines, Liquors, Etc.
AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

SUGAR!
Best Quality Brown Sugar,
FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,
Best Quality Crushed Sugar,
FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,
-AT-
A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
ALSO,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods,
BLANKETS,
Sheetings,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
DRESS GOODS,
CLOAKS, SHAWLS,
HOSIERY,
PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.
CIGARS, TOBACCO,
WINES,
LIQUORS,
Saddles and Bridles,
Hardware,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
GROCERIES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.,
All at CORRESPONDING RATES!
A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
Lone Pine, February 14, 1871. fe18n84tf

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,
PROPRIETORS OF THE
PIONEER AND GERMANIA
BREWERIES,
Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of
Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.
Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! a2jy16tf

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK
SAW MILL.
SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER,
SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,
SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, August 8, 1870. n5-6m

$25
A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE
BIG PINE SAW MILL.
Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.
Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 3,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet
At Short Notice.
BELL & BRO.
Big Pine Saw Mill, Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32 6m

LIVERY STABLES.

HUNT'S
LIVERY & FEED STABLE,
—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.
I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n05 6m

AURORA
EXCHANGE STABLE,
FINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.
S. G. COBB,.....Proprietor.
SADDLE HORSES,
Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,
—TO LET ON—
Reasonable Terms
HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.
n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

EAGLE
Livery and Feed
STABLE,
Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,
Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of
BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,
At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of
Hay and Grain
On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.
THOS. J. GOODALE.
Independence, Cal., Nov. 5 1870. n18m3

Cerro Gordo
FEED STABLE.
DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

A CHANGE
In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE
Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,
Independence, Cal.,
The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,
HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,
At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.
nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 65 cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,
—Wholesale and Retail—
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,
AURORA, NEVADA.
DEALER IN
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES,
Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.
ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n18tfe

JOHN LENTELL,
Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,
—Dealer in—
Drugs & Medicines
CHEMICALS,
Patent Medicines,
For Man and Beast,
FINE PERFUMERY
SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,
Hair Restoratives & Dyes.
SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,
STATIONERY,
AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of
Tobacco & Cigars.
CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.
fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek
CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of
CROCERIES,
Provisions,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,
HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloth Piece Goods,
Clothing, Hardware,
Crockery and Glassware,
TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,
POWDER AND SHOT
Flasks and Pouches.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
Manufactured to order.
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS
AND STATIONERY.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
PAINTS AND OILS
Wall Paper,
CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.
All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.
SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal. August 20, 1870. a7v1tf

A. MACK,
Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
Also, in connection,
Partzwick Hotel.

BIG PINE CASH STORE.
D. NAYLOR,
RETAIL DEALER IN
General Merchandise.
Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.
mr25.'70tv2

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, April 1,.....1861.

Impannelling Juries.

Questions alternately by the Court, the State's Attorney and the defense as usually answered by "an intelligent juror:"

"Are you opposed to capital punishment?"

"Oh yes—yes sir."

"If you were on jury, then, where a man was being tried for his life, you wouldn't agree to a verdict to hang him?"

"Yes, sir—yes I would."

"Have you formed or expressed an opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the accused?"

"Yes, sir!"

"Your mind, then, is made up?"

"Oh, no—no it ain't."

"Have you any bias for or against the prisoner?"

"Yes, I think I have."

"Are you prejudiced?"

"Oh, no not a bit."

"Have you ever heard of this case?"

"Think I have."

"Would you decide, if on the jury, according to the evidence of mere rumor?"

"Mere rumor."

"Perhaps you don't understand; would you decide according to rumor, or evidence?"

"Evidence."

"If it were in your power to do so, would you change the law of capital punishment, or let it stand?"

"Let it stand."

The Court—"Would you let it stand or change it!"

"Change it."

"Now which would you do?"

"Don't know, sir."

"Are you a free-holder?"

"Yes, sir; oh, yes."

"Do you own a house and land, or rent?"

"Neither—I'm a boarder."

"Have you formed an opinion?"

"No, sir."

"Have you expressed an opinion?"

"Think I have."

The Court—"Gentlemen, I think the juror is competent. It is very evident that he has never formed or expressed an opinion on any subject."
—*Louisville Courier Journal.*

A Dutchman

Who in a fit of passion was swearing terribly, was reproved by a deacon, who chanced to overhear him. "Why do you swear so, Hans?" said the deacon, "don't you know that it is very wicked?" "Yaw, I knows it pese wicked." "Do you know," said the deacon, anxious to sound the depth of his religious teaching, "do you know who died to save sinners?" "Yaw," said Hans, "Cot died to save 'em." "Not God, exactly, Hans, but the Son of God." "So!" exclaimed Hans, a new light breaking in upon him; "vos it one of de poys? I tinks all de vile it vos de old man."

—A traveler, fatigued with the monotony of a long ride through a sparsely settled region of the country, rode up to a boy busily engaged in trimming and dressing out a sickly looking field of corn, and relieved the oppression of his spirits thus:

"My young friend, it seems to me your corn is very small."

"Yes, daddy planted the small kind."

"Ah, but it appears rather yellow, too."

"Yes, daddy planted the yaller kind."

"From appearances, my lad, you won't get more than half a crop."

"Just half, stranger—daddy planted it on halves."

The horseman proceeded on his way, and has not been known to speak to a boy since. He considers them bores.

—Two travelers having been assigned to the same bedroom in a crowded hotel, one of them, before retiring, knelt down to pray, and confessed a long catologue of sins. On arising from his knees he saw his fellow traveler, valise in hand, going out of the door, and exclaimed "What's the matter? what's up?" "Oh nothing," was the reply, "only I'm not going to risk myself with such a scamp as you confess yourself to be!"

—A darkey was caught by the Memphis police recently walking through the upper part of the Navy Yard, carrying a coil of clothes-line in his hand, on one end of which was a nice sucking pig, just fit for roasting. John when asked where he got the pig, said that "hit was jis a follerin' him, and he hadn't the faintest idee whar it came from."

—"Let us go to Mr. Simpson's wedding, my dear," said a newly-married wife to her husband. "Oh, no; let us stay at home; it will be a dreadful bore." "But, my dear, you must remember Mr. Simpson attended your wedding." "So he did" (grimly); "I had forgotten that" (revengefully) "I shall be there."

—A young lawyer of Philadelphia wrote to an old limb of the law, near Chicago, "Is there an opening in your part of the country that I can get into?" Answer, "There is an opening in my back yard, about thirty feet deep, no curb around it. If that will suit, come on!"

—It was once observed to Lord Chesterfield, in the course of conversation, that man is the only creature endowed with the power of laughter. "True," said the earl, "and you may add, perhaps, that he is the only creature that deserves to be laughed at."

—A colored mail carrier in Virginia was shaken by a man for kicking his dog. "Look a-here, massa," said he, "you'd better be keerful how you shake this chile I cos when you shakes me you shakes the whole of the United States; I carries its mails."

—Connecticut statesmen—lawyers.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement

We retain our old mottos of

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

MUSICAL.

PATENT ARION PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY THE ARION PIANO IS Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer,

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Evenness

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration,

All go to prove what we claim, viz.: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT

Arion Pianos

ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE

American Conservatories of Music, Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

It affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of defection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of Pianos, still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,
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DIRECTOR.

New York, September 3d, 1870.

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FOR LIVER COMPLAINTS, JAUNDICE, BILIOUS AFFECTIONS, SICK OR NERVOUS HEADACHE, COSTIVENESS, ETC. PURELY VEGETABLE, CONTAINING NO MERCURY, MINERALS OR DELETERIOUS DRUGS.

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O

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VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, APRIL 8, 1871. NUMBER 41.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, April 8,.....1871.

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OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. n29.5m6

CITIZENS' STAGE LINE.

CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.

" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.

" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 4 A. M.

" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M.

T. W. DEXTER, Agent.

Independence, March 23, 1871. n39tv2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

FOR INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.

Fare to San Francisco,.....$50.

OFFICE—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Russ House.

A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.

W. G. ROBERTS, Agent.

Visalia, Feb. 18, 1871. n1v34m3

HER LETTER.

BY BRET HARTE.

I'm sitting alone by the fire,
Dressed just as I came from the dance.
In a robe even you would admire—
It cost a thousand in France;
I'm be-diamonded out of all reason,
My hair is done up in a queue;
In short, sir, "the belle of the season"
Is wasting an hour on you.

A dozen engagements I have broken;
I left in the midst of a set;
Likewise a proposal half spoken,
That waits—on the stairs—for me yet.
They say he'll be rich—when he grows up—
And then he adores me indeed;
And you, sir, are turning your nose up,
Three thousand miles off, as you read.

"And how do I like my position?"
"And what do I think of New York?"
"And now in my higher ambition,
With whom do I waltz, flirt or talk?"
"And isn't it nice to have riches,
And diamonds and silks and all that?"
"Aren't it a change to the ditches
And tunnels of Poverty Flat?"

Well, yes—if you you saw us out driving
Each day in the park, four-in-hand—
If you saw poor dear mamma contriving
To look supernatrally grand—
If you saw papa's picture as taken
By Brady and tinted at that—
You'd never suspect he sold bacon
And flour at Poverty Flat.

And yet, just at this moment, when sitting
In the glare of the grand chandelier—
In the bustle and glitter befitting
The "finest soiree of the year"—
In the midst of a gazade Chambery,
And the hum of the smallest of talk—
Somehow, Joe, I thought of the "Ferry,"
And the dance we had on "The Fork;"

Of Harrison's barn, with its muster
Of flags festooned over the wall;
Of the candles that shed their soft lustre,
And tallow on heads dress and shawl;
Of the steps we took to one fiddle;
Of the dress of my queer vis-a-vis;
And how I once went down the middle
With the man that shot Sandy McGee;

Of the moon that was quietly sleeping
On the hill when the time came to go;
Of the few baby peaks that were peeping
From under their bed clothes of snow;
Of that ride—that to me was the rarest;
Of—the something you said at the gate;
Ah Joe, then I wasn't an heiress
To "the best paying lead in the State."

Well, well, it's all past; yet it's funny
To think, as I stood in the glare
Of fashion and beauty and money,
That I should be thinking right there
Of some one who breasted high water,
And swam the North Fork, and all that,
Just to dance with old Follins bee's daughter,
The Lilly of Poverty Flat.

But goodness! what nonsense I'm writing!
(Mamma says my taste still is low),
Instead of my triumphs reciting,
I'm spooning on Joseph—heigho!
And I'm to be "finished" by travel—
Whatever's the meaning of that—
O, why did papa strike pay gravel
In drifting on Poverty Flat?

Good night—here's the end of my paper;
Good night—if the longitude please—
For maybe, while wasting my taper,
Your sun's climbing over the trees,
But know, if you haven't got riches,
And are poor, dearest Joe, and all that,
That my heart's somewhere there in the ditches,
And you've struck it—on Poverty Flat.

Ethics of the Bar.

The Chicago Courier in remarking upon the controversy now going on between David Dudley Field of the New York bar, and Samuel Bowles of The Springfield Republican concerning the provinces and limitations of their respective professions, lays down the following principles of law:

One of the most practical questions in the entire controversy is this: May a lawyer choose his own client? To this, with certain limitations, the lawyer may reply, most certainly not.

He will tell us that from the earliest days of Anglo-Saxon polity, it has been the fundamental principle of our liberty, that no man, however vile his cause, or infamous his character, shall be condemned unheard. And it must not be forgotten that the lawyer is not only the counsel of any client whom he may happen to represent, but that he is an officer of every court in which he practices, as much as the judge himself. The theory and doctrine of advocacy have grown up together with our common law system, and the defects of one are mainly the defects of both. The principle of natural justice, and of natural ethics, that no man shall be condemned unheard, has long been considered the bulwark of our liberty; and at all events for it the lawyers are in no sense responsible. The establishment of the principle was the fruit of a popular revolution, in which the lawyers held a very conservative position. Such a hearing premises a court, and a court premises its officers, among which its counselors are not the least. Another principle of our fundamental policy is that every man arraigned for trial is presumed to be innocent. Guilt must be established, in civil as well as in criminal cases. The vilest criminal has the legal right to sift every item of evidence brought against him to test its truth, its legal and logical admissibility, to cross-examine, and to reason upon the evidence to the jury. Every juryman is compelled to swear "well and truly to try this cause, and a true verdict give *according to the evidence*." The jury must confine their attention to the evidence. Although the guardians of public morality, the jury may in no case go beyond the evidence. And, further, no man can be compelled to criminate himself, or to supply to the court any deficiency of legal evidence.

Such is an outline of our legal system. No man may be condemned unheard; every man is presumed to be innocent; and a verdict may only be rendered in accordance with evidence produced in court.

—An honest old darkey down South says: "Dey told us dar was pervisions in the constitution for we cullud folks, but dats a lie; dem pervisions didn't cum. Dis nigger ain't seed the fust mouthful."

A SHORT REPLY TO "FACTS."

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

I will admit that the probable results of woman's enfranchisement *may* lead to quarrels through man's selfishness and desire to control the ballot in the hand of his wife, and even then, domestic broils would be much elevated above the ordinary subjects of disagreements.

The number of women contented with domestic servitude with no other aspirations than to be upper servants without pay, are becoming less and less; and women are beginnining to see and feel that there are higher objects in life than merely marrying for a home to be kitchen drudges or parlor dolls.

The woman politicians and rulers in history will compare very favorably with the men rulers of the same times, and several of them even surpassed their male compeers in the management and wisdom of their governmental affairs, of whom the Queen of England is a living example.

That women, like men, should in their first efforts to use a larger liberty, produce discord, and re-actionary movements, is not at all to be wondered at; but the true uses of liberty can only come to an individual or a nation by the *practice* of its requirements. One could not be supposed to be a good swimmer who had never been in the water.

There is one point that I would like to be enlightened upon which "Facts" assumes to know to a dot, for he says, though it is evidently a quotation, "In the natural organization of the social world, the respective duties of the sexes are perfectly defined, and can never trench one upon the other in any important particular without results incompatible with the best interests of both."

With the latter part of the clause, I perfectly agree, but no doubt from an opposite stand point than from which he views it; but I wish to know how it is that if the natural organization of the world is so perfect, why and by whom its natural rights of representation (not by proxy) has been and is denied to more than one half the people—the constitutionally declared electors on account of sex?

A right not used is a duty neglected; and each individual is responsible to the natural laws of life and happiness for the non use or misuse of every duty to family, society and the State; neither can one sex legislate justly and wisely for both.

A word or two on the effete idea that "if women vote they must fight." Right here, is where men show the greatest ignorance of women, and their true mission in life, for it is nothing less than to cause wars to *cease*, and to prove the pen mightier than the sword; and that this duelling between nations shall no longer be called "a code of honor," but these international affairs and difficulties be referred to arbitration before elected judges of both sexes, composing a National tribunal; since all wars, no matter how much blood has first been shed, have to be brought down to diplomacy at last; and it is now the demand of this age when right is to govern instead of might. So you can see that women are not going to fight and by their votes, far more powerful than words, they will try and prevent men from killing each other, every one of whose lives has cost her so much of pain and tears.

Woman know better the cost of life and thus they are made to suffer most by the demoralizations of this legal murder—war!

As for Eve she deserves to be honored (if there ever was such a person) for obtaining knowledge under such threatened penalties, the same being the case still; and like her we prefer to know for ourselves and risk the consequences of doing for ourselves what is right and a duty that men cannot do for us. L. H.

The Postal Cards.

The postal cards, about which so much has been said of late, are made of stiff card paper, about three inches by two, of convenient pocket size, with a stamp and a line for direction on one side, the other side being left for communications to be written either in pencil or ink. The facility and cheapness of the system will be noticed at once. It is true that there can be no privacy in the message thus sent on an open card, but a large amount of business passes through the post which does not require this. Anything of sufficient importance to require secret communication is worth the trouble and cost of an envelope, or if necessary, a cypher system can be agreed upon by correspondents, which will answer the desired purpose. As a convenient medium for communication, and an advance toward reduced postage, it appears worthy of trial.

Alaska Ivory.

The San Francisco Bulletin has seen a very remarkable specimen of elephant ivory lately brought from Alaska. It is seventeen inches in circumference, by about five inches in diameter. It is stated by reliable authority that millions of pounds of this fossil ivory is to be found in the peninsula of Alaska. The ivory is of a very fine species, and what speaks most highly for its superiority is the fact that manufacturers of billiard balls prefer it for their use. For other purposes it is equally valuable. The ivory is worth a dollar a pound in the San Francisco markets.

American Newspapers.

The number of newspapers published in English-speaking America is about 5,319. It is difficult to state with exactness, for they spring up and die by hundreds during every year. Delaware has only 13, and New York 806. New England has the most newspapers in proportion to its population, and the country journals have the largest average circulation being about 1,000 copies weekly. In New York and Pennsylvania they will average about 700; in the valley of the Mississippi proper, about 350; and in the South, about 250. There is about 550 dailies, varying in circulation from the neigborhood of 200 daily to 100,000. New York is the great center of newspaper commerce. There is 32 dailies in that city—six in German, two in French, one in Scandinavian, and the rest in English. Seven of these dailies are known as "the New York Associated Press," and supply all the rest of the country with news they sell. They print 112,000,000, sheets annually, and receive $2,500,000 from advertisements, There total receipts are about 5,600,000 dollars. The other 25 dailies print 110,000,000 sheets annually, and their receipts are about 3,100,000 dollars in all. So it will be seen that the New York press alone has an income of 8,700,000 dollars, contributed by the public for the purpose of knowing the news of the day. The other periodicals of the city, semi-weekly, weekly, monthly and quarterly, issue 156,000,000 copies during the year, and their total receipts are about 17,000,000 dollars. Philadelphia is next after New York in number of dailies, of weeklies, and of other periodicals, and also prints the greatest quantity of sheets in a year. —*N. Y. Times.*

Interesting to Antiquaries.

The Arizona Miner speaking of the Chino valley in that territory, says:

"Everything goes to prove that the valley in question was once occupied by hundreds, perhaps thousands, of those semi-civilized Indians who once held sway here, and who, no doubt, were overshadowed, murdered, and driven out by Apache Ishmaelites. In it are numerous springs of cool, clear, pure water, from which flows sufficient fluid to irrigate thousands of acres. Overlooking this water, on beautiful knolls, are the ruins of dwellings, once occupied by that ancient people we have before alluded to. One of these "ruins" was recently dug into, by Mr. Banghart and others, and Ed. W. Wells who has just returned to Prescott from visiting friends in the valley, informs us that human bones of immense srze were exhumed, with much painted pottery, paint, etc. We have not the dimensions of the bones found, but Mr. Wells assures us that they were much larger than those of any man of our day and generation.

A Railway Company in a New Light.

The North Pacific Railroad Company is deserving of great credit for the wise and liberal policy it has shown in connection with its first effort to build a city. Kalama, the name given to the new city on the Columbia river, is so far untarnished by the sale of intoxicating liquors. We believe it is the settled policy of the company to sell no lot without excluding from the property-holder the right to make or sell ardent spirits on the premises. On the other hand, every possible encouragement is given to the cause of education and religion. Lots, half blocks, and even blocks, are freely appropriated for the establishment of schools, parsonages, and churches for each denomination that makes application.—*Pacific.*

Returned.

Deputy Sheriff Bryant has returned from Temecula, after an unsuccessful search for Buckskin, the Tejunga murderer. He reports no trace of the villian to be found, although he may still be lurking among the mountains in that vicinity. This failure gives additional weight to the report from Havilah published in yesterday's News.—*Los Angeles News, March 25.*

—A Paris correspondent writing of the siege says: "They tell of one lady here who was so overcome by her appetite as to eat her beloved lap-dog. After a hearty meal, she looked down at the little heap of bones; tears fell from her eyes. 'Poor Bijou!' she exclaimed, 'how he would have enjoyed them!'"

—A Michigan woman has written a letter to the Legislature, advocating the restoration of capital punishment in that State, and asking to be appointed State excutioner. Her husband wants a divorce.

—A hungry man went to dine at a chop house, and after waiting some few minutes, gruffly asked the waiter, "How long will my chop be?" "About five inches, sir," was the reply,

—Missouri people are accused of putting on airs when they go to the theatre, because they use a couple of inverted soda bottles for opera glasses.

—A. H. Stephens is said to weigh seventy-four pounds. We are willing to let him have his weigh, if that's all.

—This is a pretty good week for Nathan murderers—six having already been captured.

—"Another very warm Summer is predicted." Ergo, we may expect a cool one.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, April 8, ...1871.

THE PERILS OF CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE.

A remarkable case showing the danger of trusting implicitly to circumstantial evidence, has just been concluded in Toledo. Nearly three years ago, Robert Sharp was found dead with shot and slugs in his brain. A man named Harrington, who had been seen on intimate terms with the deceased, was arrested for the murder. The testimony was wholly circumstantial, but so skillfully "worked up" by the detectives, that Harrington was convicted and sent to the Penitentiary. His lawyers had become interested in the case, and although Harrington was a poor man, they determined to fight his cause to the end. After a long and arduous struggle through the District and Supreme Courts, an order for a new trial was obtained, and the trial has just been closed.

The main point in the evidence on which he was convicted were the apparent correspondence of the shot in the body of the dead man with that in a shot-bag belonging to Harrington; the correspondence of pieces of a newspaper found near the scene of the supposed murder, and assumed to be part of the gun-wading, with a torn paper in Harrington's residence and a piece in his vest pocket; and that the motive for the murder was to be found in the alleged fact of Sharp having come to Toledo with several hundred dollars of money, which Harrington knew and that no one else was so intimate with Sharp. On the second trial it was rendered doubtful whether there was similiarity in the shot. It was clearly proven that the pieces of paper alleged to have been picked at the scene of the murder were not there at the time of finding the body, nor for a day or two afterwards, and the inference was unavoidable that they were put there by the detectives to aid them in "working up" the case against Harrington.

It was also clearly proven that Sharp was destitute when he arrived in Toledo, and that Harrington was doing his best to aid him in procuring employment. To crown all, an *alibi* was clearly and satisfactorily proven. Harrington was declared innocent, and the jury voluntarily gave him a letter signed by every member, repeating in emphatic terms their belief of his entire innocence of any knowledge of the supposed murder, and bearing testimony to his uniform good character. The public sentiment unanimously coincided with this verdict. The former employer of Harrington immediately took him back into his service.

It causes an unpleasent shudder to reflect that a perfectly innocent man, of good character, suffered two years of degrading punishment, and narrowly escaped an ignominious death, for a crime of which he knew nothing. It is another warning against implicit trust in wholly circumstantial evidence, and a protest against the devices used by unscrupulous detectives in "working a case" against one they choose to suspect.

Political.

Elections will take place during the coming month in Connecticut and Rhode Island. On Monday April 3d, in Connecticut, a Governor and other State Officers and members of Congress was chosen; and on Wednesday, April 5th, in Rhode Island, State Officers and members of the Legislature were voted for. In Connecticut the Republican candidates for the principal positions were Marshall Jewel for Governer, and Julius L. Strong, Stephen W. Kellogg, Henry H. Starkweather and George Coffin, for Congress, the first three having been members of the Forty-first Congress. The Democratic candidates were James E. English for re-election as Governor, and Alfred R. Goodrich, John Kendrick John W. Steadman and William H. Barnum for Congress, the gentleman last named having been a member of the Forty first Congress. In Rhode Island Seth Padleford, the present incumbent, is the Republican, and Thomas Steen, the Democratic, candidate for Governor.

Crop Prospects.

The Los Angeles News says, notwithstanding the unfavorable season the aggregate crops of Los Angeles county will undoubtably exceed those of last year. Improved modes of agriculture are responsible for the result.

SELFISHNESS.

"L. H." in "A short reply to 'Facts'" —which may be found on the first page of this issue—is willing to admit that woman's enfranchisement may result in discord, through man's sefishness. This is the boldest claim for feminine perfection that has met our observation. That the worst half of the human family should alone be possessed with this most prominent attribute is something new. However, this charge may only apply in a political sense; the little domestic infelicities, often culminating in dissolutions of matrimonial co partnerships; the neighborhood contests for supremacy, ranging from the kitchen to the village choir, with attendant heart burnings and jealousies; the irreconcilable differences and uncompromising spirit that now actuate rival women suffragist organizations—all these and other similar troubles only to be socially considered, that part for which the fair sex are responsible being nowise indicative of what might be looked for in political contests.

We are told in this communication that the number of women contented with domestic servitude &c, are daily becoming less and less. That has ever been a chronic complaint and doubtless will be till the end of time or until the original transgression is fully atoned which universal suffrage can never effect. Nothing but the lack of inclination (we don't say lack of ability), has for a century at least ever barred womens' advancement in the fields of art, science and literature; considering their educational advantages, how meagre is the list of those who have lifted themselves above "domestic drudgery." Would success be any more marked in the "filthy pool of politics?"

We do not dispute the administrative ability of women as rulers in exceptional cases, but the living example referred to can not be instanced as a notable example. The present Queen of England is accorded a high place in the world's estimation, not as a powerful or talented ruler, but as an exemplary wife and mother, virtues so rare and therefore remarkable in such exalted stations.

We assure "L. H." that the "evident quotation" with which we are credited is not a quotation in word or sentiment, nor any unmarked line that we have at any time made use of in this connection as an argument; it is quite possible we have made use of platitudes, as the subject in all its bearings has been a matter of so much discussion, but if so, unwittingly, since we claim no intimate knowledge of the question from what others may have said. Want of both space and time prohibits even an allusion to each of the several points offered by "L. H" at this time.

We should think the distinctions spoken of in that "quotation" were sufficiently obvious without elaboration. In the nature of things since the beginning it would not be a practicable thing to reverse the order of domestic economy. Women could not successfully buffet the rough out door world, nor the clumsy administration of household duties by the other sex be a success. In the natural co-operation of members of families, as well as communities, the duties of each are clearly defined. The good policy of this rule cannot be questioned, and under it the respective duties of husband and wife are so well defined that no interference one with the other can be safely tolerated. In his out door experience and struggle with the world the husband is the first to become acquainted with and be affected by the laws of the land. On him the responsibility falls and from his wider field of observation, natural talent being equal, he is the better judge of matters of state which may affect the welfare of the little society he represents. But one plan can be carried out, though different ones may be proposed by equally interested members of the society. The choice should rest with that one best qualified by circumstances to choose. The cause of discord, no matter how elevated can never remedy evils growing out of it. Criminations and recriminations would be no less fatal to happiness, whether originating from the right to cast a vote for President or the proper manner to wash a dish or plant a hill of corn That an exciting political contest could be harmoniously maintained in family circles is belied in the experience of all The object to be gained in either case would not compensate the loss of the main object of life, and such inevitable contests cannot be carried on without a display of selfishness on both sides.

We have nothing in the history of either sex that would lead us to place the least possible faith in "L. H.'s" Utopian schemes of peace conventions composed of both sexes. The Medicis, Elizabeths, Bloody Marys, Joan of Arcs, Charlotte Cordays of former times—the blood thirsty denunciation and acts of females in very modern wars, who as a class were foremost in advocating war, and the last to yield down to the viragos, the component part of every city mob, all forbid faith in the notion that woman as a class are any less bellicose than the other sex. That peace conventions argument won't stand the test.

NEWS ITEMS.

A Swede named Andrew Johnson committed suicide near Gold Hill, Nevada, March 31st.

A stranger supposed to be Forrester the Nathan murderer, has been observed in the town of Gold Hill, recently.

March 31st, a disastrious fire broke out in the town of Sonora, Tuolmne county. Among other buildings destroyed was the Masonic Hall valued at $22,000. It was the work of an incendiary.

The well known hotel situated four miles north of Carson City, Nevada, was totally destroyed by fire, March 30.

An extensive fire broke out in the town of North San Juan, March 31st which destroyed a large portion of the China town.

Active preparations are being made to complete the Virginia and Truckee Railroad from Carson to Reno, by way of Washoe valley. Grading tools are being distributed, iron contracted for, and it is thought the road will be completed in about four months.

The trial of Mrs. Fair for the killing of A. P. Crittenden, is now progressing in San Francisco. The trial is expected to occupy at least ten days. The defense have set up the old plea —insanity.

Indian depredations in Arizona are increasing with fearful rapidity. The great, and almost only hope of that Territory from these Bedouins, lies in the completion of the Texas Pacific railroad.

The wind injured a great portion of the barley crop of Los Angeles county beyond recovery.

LETTER FROM CERRO GORDO.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent]

CERRO GORDO, March 30, 1871.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Perhaps you with with many others think that most of the people of this altitude and latitude sign their names with a saw buck: thus accounting for the dearth of contributions to your paper from this locality. Such, however, is far from being a correct version of the case. We have quite a number of very good scribes, in our merchants and saloon keepers, especially the latter, for it is no uncommon thing after a crowd of the boys have solaced themselves at the bar, to hear one of the number modestly say "those are mine John," or "Dan," as the case may be, which suggestion requires no further explanation on the part of the practical gentleman, who immediately resorts to the slate and pencil or other blotter. Our businessmen also, have clerks and time keepers who don't keep their accounts by cutting notches on a stick.

We are a busy and prosperous people, having no time to parade our doings before the public. There is, however, such a marked change in the general tone and character of affairs in our midst of late, that I can not refrain from giving you a few items.

CERRO GORDO

Has shaken off the chains of lethargy that bound her, and is animated with new life and energy.

Improvement is the order of the day. Lots that were heretofore considered valueless are being sought after eagerly.

Houses to rent are daily inquired for, and none to be had, Building sites are being graded preparatory to receiving the appropriate tenements. Our enterprising townsman, Mr. John Simpson, has the ground graded, and part of the lumber on hand for the construction of a large two story hotel. Such an institution has long been needed, and would amply pay the investment if properly conducted.

LUMBER.

Building would be carried on much more extensively and rapidly if lumber and shingles could be obtained for the purpose; generally people who have goods for sale take them to market Why don't some of the saw mill men of Inyo county start a lumber yard in Cerro Gordo, and keep an assortment of building material on hand at reasonable prices? It would certainly pay. Mill men where are you? We are paying from $100 to $125 per thousand, and should we rake and scrape the town over could not procure enough decent lumber to construct a respectable dog kennel.

WATER.

The Cerro Gordo Water Company, have commenced making repairs upon their water pipes. They are at present working seven men, with fair prospects of soon having the water flowing into town, a desideratum of valuable importance to our animal kingdom, both biped and quadruped.

BULLION.

The quantity of silver-lead bullion being manufactured from the ores in and around Cerro Gordo, and shipped to San Francisco, is almost incredible. Mr. V. Beaudry's furnace since October last, has turned out 7,222 bars of bullion weighing 301 tons, of an average value of $250 (minimum) in silver per ton, equal in the aggregate to $75,250. Running time of the furnace 72 days, or an average of 100 bars per day. The lead in the bullion considerably more than pays the freight to San Francisco. Mr. M. W. Belshaw's furnace has produced about the same quantity per day during the same period as Mr Beaudry's but has been in more constant operation, hence a larger pile of bullion in the same number of months.

THE SWANSEA

Or O. L. S. L. Company's works, situated near the eastern shore of Owens Lake under the efficient management of Mr. James Braby, the gentlemanly Superintendant of the company, has not in the meantime been idle, though your correspondent has no present means of knowing the yield of these works.

POTOSI WATER & MINING TUNNEL.

This tunnel company, formed a short time since for the purpose of driving a tunnel from the Lower Town to the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo a distance of about 3,000 feet, have commenced work in earnest, working one shift at present, but intend putting on three shifts of 8 hours each, very soon. The enterprise is one of importance and an early accomplishment of the work, and profitable result it is hoped will crown the efforts of the company.

LEAD, LEAD, LEAD!

To those from a distance who may now have any fears as to the lasting character of our lead mines, I have but to say come and see; we charge nothing for the sight, and feel a just pride in exhibiting our native wealth The vast bodies of ore now uncovered in the mines of Messrs. Belshaw & Beaudry and the O. L. S. L. Company's, beggars description

Want of time forbids a lengthy account at present, but will try and.... [send complete letter next time.—EDS]

CITIZEN.

Steam Navigation Company No More.

To day will be made a complete transfer of all the barges, and all other property, except money assets, hitherto in use by the Steam Navigation Company, to the legal representatives of the California Pacific Railroad Company. The details of operations in the future are not yet matured, or at least can not be made public at present. Meantime the boats will continue in their present routes. Not in this whole country has there ever been such an energetic corporation as the one whose dissolution we now record. Formed March 1st, 1854, with a capital stock of $2,500,000 and dissolving to day it will have been in active operation seventeen years and one month. The original Board of Trustees included Major Hensley, Captain J. Whitney, R. M. Jessup, Captain Hope, Captain Lisle, Major John Bensley, and General Redington. Of the original Board only the two last survive to assist in the final settlement of the affairs of this great corporation. During its existence, whatever may be charged by its enemies, it has done more to develop and encourage the interior commerce of this State and contribute to the welfare of the people than any simular combination that may be hereafter formed. It has expended vast sums in river improvements and in encouraging all branches of home industry by the building of boats and giving employment to thousands of persons of all degrees. To the appeal of charity its managers have never turned a deaf ear, and to benevolent institutions the company have been uniformly generous' At present neither time or space permit that such notice can be made of this admirably managed and famous company as it deserves. Wherever the news of its dissolution shall go, there will be thousands, who recalling past memories of travel on its boats, will learn the fact regretfully. To the veteran agent, General Redington, the traveling community by water owe a debt of lasting gratitude While he has had the assistance of able coadjutors in the conduct of the line to his controlling mind is largely due the succes of the company and the safety of the hundreds of thousands of passengers and tons of merchandise, as connected with this end of the route. —*Sac. Union, April 1st.*

Consternation in Paris.

From The Sacramento Union of April 1st we clip, the following important news from France. Dates to March 21st:

The Commune deliberate privately. The following is divulged: An Executive Committee of seven is appointed. The Commune is divided into nine sections—Finance, War, Justice, Safety, Subsistence, Education, Labor, Foreign and Municipal. The names are obscure except Ingles, Pyat, Flourens, and Delescluze.

A Times letter says the situation in Paris is critical. There are apprehensions of secret prescriptions. Everybody is whispering the word "guillotine."

A Standard special from Bucharest says the people threaten to demolish the hotel of the German Consul. Infantry and Artillery protect Prince Charles' palace.

It is said the Germans will occupy Paris immediately to save the downfall of Theirs. The Commune's proclamation predicts a universal Republic.

The Marseilles insurrection is dying Lyons is quiet.

A World cable from Paris 31st says all is consternation. The watch-word of the Commune is "Death to the rich! Death to the landowners! Death to the priests!" Decrees confiscating the church property have been prepared. A denunciation is expected hourly, and many persons have been arrested. The guillotine will soon be erected. The inmates of many houses have been marked "good for the guillotine" Drafts on the treasury are not paid either in Paris or Versailles.

A World cable dispatch from Paris says the Government has completed arrangements for moving against Paris. The troops will move simultaneously with the Germans along the line by Montmartre and Besey. Learning this the Commune have resolved to march on Versailles to night, with thirty thousand National Guards, via Montrouge, where the infantry line is stationed. Overcoming or fraternizing with these, they will proceed to Versailles and disperse the Assembly. New decrees issued by the Commune make the workmen wild with delight.

Great Fire.

Truckee City, over on the Central Pacific Railroad, forty five miles above Reno, was almost entirely destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. One hundred and twenty buildings were burnt, and a child of Mr. Hill proprietor of the Kennebec Hotel, was burnt to a crisp. Burckhalter & Sisson and Wallace & Co. lost nothing but the woodwork of their buildings, which was fully insured. Canovan's blacksmith shop was destroyed. All Chinatown was burned. The Central Pacific Railroad freight house was burned to the ground, and a number of other business houses; loss very heavy. The town has received a very severe blow. A portion of the buildings burned were lately put upon the site of the ones burnt in January.—*Gold Hill News, March 31st.*

Concerned About Us.

As every county in California except Mono, has contributed a candidate or two for Governor, we call upon that county to send down a name at once. A. B. Elliott's would do, if no better could be found.—*Virginia (Nev.) Enterprise.*

Inyo is probably meant. The fact is, that the people of this county propose attending strictly to their own business —and we suggest that The Enterprise follow the example.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

For Sale.

A DWELLING HOUSE, WITH FOUR LARGE rooms, situated on Main street, surrounded with shade and fruit trees; is a fine location for a family. An extra lot adjoining. Will be sold cheap—for less than cost. Also, a Blacksmith shop, with every description of tools; and wheelwright tools, also. The largest and best shop in the county, with a good run of custom. Will be sold at a bargain.

H. C. MORSE.

Independence, April 8. n4tf

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED UP to Monday, 17th instant, for running a tunnel in the Union Mine the distance of 150 feet from its present terminus. Size of tunnel 5 feet in width and 6½ in height, of uniform grade and done in a workmanlike manner. Two-thirds of the contract price paid upon the completion of each 25 or 50 feet, the balance upon the completion of the work.

JOHN PRODER.

April 8, 1871. n4t 2

Boarding House for Sale!

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED BOARDING HOUSE in the flourishing town of Cerro Gordo, now having over 50 to steady boarders, will be sold cheap FOR CASH, as the owner is about to leave this part of the country.

For terms apply to A. A. MACKAY,

ap1-2 Cerro Gordo.

Ranch for Sale!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT low figures, the N ½ and S W ¼ of S W ¼ of sec 22, and S E ¼ of S E ¼ of sec 21, in Tp. 13 south, range 35 E, containing 160 acres. Is situated about two miles south of Independence; has house and corral, and ten acres under fence. Requires no irrigation and is the best of land. Inquire at J. A. Lank's ranch

ap1-5-9-4 JOHN G. SCHIFFER.

NOTICE.

TO T. W. HILL AND H. SCHOENFMAN, owners in the Alpha claim and Tunnel and Omega claim tunnel, situated in the Lone Pine District Inyo County, California: Take notice that pursuant to a notice duly given a meeting was held at the residence of John Simpson, in the Upper town of Cerro Gordo, said county and state, on the Seventeenth day of February, 1871, whereat an assessment of $500 to the share was levied upon each shareholder in said tunnels and claims; and that there is now due from each of you for said assessment the sum of $1,000 as follows, to wit:

ALPHA TUNNEL AND CLAIM.

T. W. Hill.....1 share.....$500 00
H. Schoenman.....1 " 500 00

OMEGA TUNNEL AND CLAIM.

T. W. Hill.....1 share.....$500 00
H. Schoenman.....1 " 500 00

That said liability is for labor done and material furnished in and upon said tunnels and claims, and is payable to John Simpson, at his residence in Cerro Gordo.

JOHN SIMPSON,
CHARLES HOFFMAN,
ap1-4918 By F. K. MILLER, Agent.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SILVER SPROUT MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of Works and Mines, Kearsarge District, Inyo County, State of California.—NOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the Fifteenth day of March, 1871, and an assessment of Six and 25-100 Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, either in United States gold coin or stock in the company, at the rate of Twelve and 50-100 Dollars per share in like gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, No. 206 Front street, San Francisco. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on MONDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

T. B. WINGARD, Secretary.

Office No. 206 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. m25s39-4

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Fifth Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of E. A. Reddy against E. A. de la Mier et als, duly attested the 7th day of March, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate (situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County and State aforesaid), to-wit:

That certain tunnel heretofore commonly known as the Friburg Tunnel, and now known as the San Felipe Tunnel. Also, that certain quartz lode commonly known as the San Felipe quartz lode.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 17th DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the town of Independence, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

March 25, 1871. mr18n38w3

BABBITT METAL.

200 POUNDS OF OLD TYPE FOR BABBITT METAL, in quantities to suit, at 65 cents per pound, for sale at this office, for cash.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, July 9. n1v1tf

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have reopened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.

Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25s39 y2

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brewn,
Where joy sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
But ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend close to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n2jy16tf

FLOUR.

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths. n2jy16m

MILLER & CO.

WOOL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

19 DAVIS STREET,

San Francisco.

DOING BUSINESS EXCLUSIVELY ON COMMISSION. All Lots carefully examined before naming price to purchasers. Consignments insured and handled in wool rooms under our own supervision.

The Best Wool Sacks and Twine Furnished Consignors.

N. B.—Mark M. & Co. with your initial letters on each package.

Refer by permission to W. H. TILLINGHAST, Esq., Manager Bank of British Columbia; A. BLACK, Esq., President Pioneer Woolen Factory; Messrs. STEVENS, BAKER & CO., WELLMAN, PECK & CO., CASTLE BROS. mr4n36-4t

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, April 8,.....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Owner Wanted.

Very many letters find their way to the Dead Letter Office through sheer carelessness in writing the superscription. By the last mail a letter found its way to this office directed to "Independence, Inyo county, Cal."—not a word else. At a glance it was opened, supposing it for The Independent. There is no means of determining for whom it is designed, only that it is dated at Lynn, Mass., and addressed to "My Dear Daughter." Now Lokleitems would inform the writer that he won't do for a good nor a dutiful daughter to anybody, and insists that he (or she) is entirely mistaken. However, the letter closes with a request to "Kiss little Abe for me." Compliance is inconvenient, on account of scarcity of little Abes. The signature is illegible; but possibly some one may recognize in it a letter from a relative or friend, and if so, they will please call and get it—no other word has been read. Some idea of the amount of business done at the natural goal of this—the Dead Letter office at Washington—can be gathered from the following table for the month of February: Ordinary letters received, 212,423; local or drop letters, 39,200; held for postage, etc., 34,445; returned from hotels, 1,360; having fictitious addresses, 5,901; registered letters, 6,693; returned from foreign countries, 5,680; foreign letters, 12,875; returned to writers, 135,632; valuable letters (containing $8,713 85), 2,295; containing photographs, 2,706.

The First, Perhaps.

By reference to a somewhat extended account of the operations of the Eclipse company which we give this week, it will be seen that a narrow-guage railroad is soon to be in course of construction, to connect that mine with the mill now building. It would be something to boast of if this county should claim the honor of putting to a practical test the first one of these roads, which are now projected by the dozen all over the coast. The way it looks now, if outsiders beat us in establishing a narrow-guage, they must bestir themselves. But some means to get in and out of the country must be had, and one of these roads seems to be the solution of the difficulty, and the great desideratum.

Religious Intelligence.

Rev. A. Clark informs us that he has labored in his allotted field 47 weeks; has traveled 3,739 miles; preached 132 sermons and delivered 74 lectures and addresses; has attended 134 prayer and other meetings and visited 332 families and individuals; has distributed 2,590 pages of tracts and 16 Testaments. From the people within his circuit he has received $378 98, and from the American Baptist Home Mission Society $362. For the better accommodation of the George's Creek congregation a change in the time of meeting is designed, of which due notice will be given.

Important Movement.

Elsewhere will be seen a notice inviting proposals for the running of a tunnel 150 feet in length on the Union mine. This is one of the ledges owned by the old Union company, and not sold with the other property to the Eclipse. It is situated about two miles south of the latter mine, and the tunnel formerly run upon it is to be extended into the ledge for prospecting purposes. Thus the old companies are beginning to resume work upon their long idle mines—a gratifying state of affairs.

Too Sweet.

We have received, with the special request to publish in this week's paper, a gushing epistle from one "darling" to another "darling," which contains the word "love" 85 times, and has only 75 repetitions of "darling" on the two sheets. Oh! If the writer will give us his or her *dear* darling's name and address, we will, with the greatest of pleasure, take the trouble to forward it to—the stove.

Personal.

We received a call from Mr. A. J. Lockwood, an old Nevada sage-brusher and Legislator, in company with I. W. Hunt, of Lone Pine. The former gentleman has been up to Cerro Gordo, looking at the mines and furnaces. He seems to be greatly pleased with the appearance of things, and will probably make a permanent stay of it.

Saturday Mornings.

The changes of stage time necessitates our running off at least the northern edition on Friday night, in order to make the mail connections. So that henceforth our paper will contain home news up to Friday night only, and papers will be delivered on the following morning. Advertisements and notices must reach us by 3 o'clock Friday afternoons.

Blown off the Grade.

Yesterday a fine carriage belonging to Charles Van Gorder, Esq., was left standing for a few moments at the Kearsarge company's office, at the mill. A gust of wind came along which threw it off the road down towards the canyon, but with no further damage than the breaking up of one wheel.

Snow.

All day yesterday, and at times for two for three days previous, the heavy clouds on the mountains told of snow storms visiting that region. It has been slightly zephyrous in the valley, the wind coming from all directions, without any system whatever.

For Sale.

H. C. Morse offers desirable town property for sale, at low figures. See his advertisement.

How it Works.

Woman suffrage recently took a singular turn in a town in Iowa. The gallant Registers of the town of Clarendon decided in favor of female suffrage, and placed on the rolls the names of all the women in the place who had reached the proper age. By this action, to all appearances, the battle was gained. But mark the untoward result. Not only did "several gentlemen, not liking this movement, erase the names of their wives"—that is of a piece with the old masculine opposition—but—and here's the rub—many ladies came forward and struck out their names also, of their own free will and without compulsion. So general, in fact, is this ignoble indifference to freedom among the female population of Clarendon, that on the day of election no woman appeared to claim her rights of citizenship at the polls, and the men "had it all their own way."

THE ECLIPSE.

The Mill, Mine and Improvements.

In company with another Bohemian, Lokleitems promiscuously deposited himself in a buggy and started over to the Eclipse mill, to witness the first

STEAMING UP

Of the engine, which occurred Monday last, April 3d. Arriving about noon, we found the steam up and all ready to turn loose, but adjourned to Superintendent Tregellas' residence in order to discuss dinner with that gentleman and his lady, and the Secretary, Mr. H. D. Scoones and lady. With a refreshed "inner man," we repaired with the party to the mill, where the engineer was standing with his hand on the valve-gear, waiting for the word to turn on steam.

THE ENGINE

Is of 60-horse power, made by Harvey & Co., at Hayle, Cornwall; the single cylinder is 24 inches in diameter, 36-inch stroke, and seems of massive strength and power. It is fed by a boiler 30 feet long, a sort of double arrangement, the inner of which is the furnace, conducting the heat a distance of 30 feet in the center of the surrounding water. Its diameter is 3 feet 6 inches, extending back 8 feet in this size, and from thence forms a flue. The outer or boiler proper has a diameter of 6 feet 6 inches. The whole affair was brought from England in sections, and put together here. It is solidly "set" in stone and brick, and is really the most substantial work in the mill connected with the machinery. The foundations of the engine itself are by no means what one would expect, considering the long time occupied in putting them in place and the money which must have been expended. Instead of being imbedded in masonry, it is set unnecessarily high on timbers, piled up block fashion, which must have cost nearly as much as the best of stone, of which the mountain, not four miles distant, is composed. The end of the main engine shaft opposite from the piston rests in its journal upon eight or ten blocks of timber, piled up to a highth of about seven feet, no one of which is more than four feet long. We made a close examination of these foundations, but a mere glance would satisfy any one that the engine can not long run and do its work without great danger and possibly disastrous breakage.

IT STARTS.

With all hands intently watching, the throttle-valve was thrown open, and steam turned into the cylinder for the first time. The piston moved slowly for a few inches, and stopped square "on the center." Seeing the difficulty, a party threw their weight upon the heavy fly-wheel, and started her in motion. With the exception of a similar attempt to start while in the same position, the engine run splendidly and was kept in motion the balance of the day, working perfectly with about 10 pounds of steam. Cheers and beverages were indulged in, while we mosied around to examine

THE STAMPS, &c.

The feature of the mill. They are six in number, and involve the principle of compressed air force. The battery frame is of heavy cast iron, compact and very strong. What might be called the cam shaft is a very heavy brass casting, so infernally crooked that, as it gyrates, no two stamps—the shafts of which are geared directly on it—can be in the same position. Near the lower end of the stamp shafts, or pistons, are brass cylinders, one on each. The tops of these are bored with small holes; and it is claimed that air is so compressed and utilized as to serve as an additional power. The six stamps are calculated to do the work of 24 of the ordinary pattern, each dropping 150 times per minute. From the rock breaker above, the ore goes to and is crushed in the battery; from thence the pulp passes over a series of copper plates into four vibrating tables, each moving six inches 100 times per minute, the bottoms of which are so constructed as to bring into effectual contact the quicksilver and particles of metal, and should save all the gold. Inside the present building, and in awkward proximity to the engine and its machinery, are 9 Knox pans, which next receive the ore. From these it goes into settlers and next to a concentrator. Finally, from these the tailings pass down to and over a pit—which, we learned, contained the battery at the time the present Manager took charge of the works—into reservoirs prepared to receive them. On the dump of the mill and in various places around it, are piled up 150 tons of ore, while 500 cords of wood is placed just where it ought not to be—if convenience in using it is to be considered. A great many other things we found to be equally out of place, and the whole must have been a hundred times worse under the former arrangement of the mill. But outside of the fact of moving the battery, the present officers made no mention whatever to us of anything being formerly out of position. Compared with scores of quartz mills with which we are familiar, the entire appurtenances are, or were at least, sadly out of proper relative position; and, taken altogether, greatly flavoring of what Washoe stockholders would call "mismanagement."

THE MINE.

Accompanied by Manager Tregellas, our exploring reporter and his friend made their way to the mine, of which there is a different story to tell. It is located on the main range of the Inyo mountains, 6,500 feet above the level of the sea. The ledge crops out boldly and perfectly distinct every foot of its way from the surrounding "country." The mine consists of 8,100 feet, lying in granite and lime formation, and can be as well opened in twenty places as one. The main shaft or incline is now down a depth of 310 feet, and is sunk directly on the ledge, which dips at an angle of only 35 degrees. At 100 feet from the surface 70 feet has been run northward; at the 160-foot level 163 feet of drifting has been done, in which it is found that a cross-course has broken the ledge. A side drift of 40 feet eastward was just striking the ledge again as we examined it. At a depth of 185 feet a drift of 33 feet southward discloses the best of ore. At the 220-foot level a drift is running to connect with another shaft some sixty feet distant, for ventillation purposes, all the way in pay ore. Although presenting a fine appearance all the way down, the bottom of the main shaft appears even better than for a space 30 feet above. Each of the stations are provided with easily adjusted turn-tables, and the mine throughout shows that it has been worked systematically and by good miners. Throughout, the ledge is shining with argentiferous galena ore in its regular veins, side by side with the bodies of dull red gold rock, and the amount of

ORE IN SIGHT

Is absolutely prodigious. Only general estimates can be made on a scale so large, but it is perfectly safe to say that there is now rock enough in sight, without another foot of prospecting, to keep the present steam mill in steady operation for five years. It embraces three characters, in combinations entirely unwarrantable, in our opinion. First the gold ore, and then the rich silver-bearing "metal," naturally intermixed with sufficient galena to form a good flux for smelting. The different ores are found in distinctly separated bodies down to the 220-foot level, from which point the gold rock seems predominant. The average width of the entire ledge is seven feet, with but little waste.

HOW THE ORE IS HANDLED.

It is taken from the mine by a wire-rope whim, which runs cars up and down the double track of the incline. It is then dumped down a natural shute in the rough, steep canyon, which operation is three times repeated, when it reaches a three-rail tramway of 640 feet, at the bottom of which is the dump for loading teams. About 25 car loads of ore are hoisted per day; the canyon is now filled with no less than 1,000 tons of ore, and on the dump is 150 tons of the silver rock.

WILL IT PAY?

The Union company extracted from the 160-foot level 500 tons of ore, which worked by simple process at their mill $26 per ton, the tailings assaying $100 per ton, all gold. A lot of 50 tons netted $33 50 per ton—the whole unassorted. Fine gold can be seen in most of the rock, while the other class of ore—the silver—will *average* $250 assay per ton. Certain ones have made out that this ore was worth over $2 000 per ton "average," the very finest specimens being picked to obtain said "average." The cost of reduction even by the present cumbersome and costly arrangements can not exceed $14 per ton, and the margin for profit is evident. We were taken through the mine by the Superintendent, accompanied by the able Foreman, Mr. John Tamblin, neither of whom failed to answer any inquiry of "our reporter."

We now come to speak of the

VAST IMPROVEMENTS

Now under way by this enterprising, wealthy company, the general importance of whose operations have never been fully appreciated by this community. Commencing at the mine, preparations are being made for the erection of a

SMELTING FURNACE,

To work on precisely the same principle as those of Cerro Gordo. Contracts for the excavation of rock for a site have already been given; fire brick have been ordered from San Francisco, and the engine formerly used at the mill is being made ready and will be put in position at the shaft as soon as possible. This will be used for the double purpose of hoisting ore and propelling the fan for the blast furnace. Water will be brought in pipes from the company's spring in Black canyon, 4,000 feet distant, which is 100 feet above the mine, and furnishes a large quantity of water—sufficient to fill a 3-inch pipe. The necessary wood has also been contracted for. The track from the shaft is to be extended around the rocks for 1,500 feet, where the ore will be dumped down a shute of rocks to a narrow

RAILROAD,

Twenty-four inch guage, three and one-half miles in length. Cars of a capacity of 3,000 pounds each will be placed thereon, with an engine of ample power to draw up thirty of these cars. The grade runs the loaded trains down. Placing the cost of transporting large quantities of ore over this road at a maximum figure, it will not exceed 35 cents per ton. Considerable of the wood now on hand at the steam mill will be used for ties, and we believe the light iron rails are now purchased. At a point a short distance above the old Ida mill, a

100 STAMP MILL

is to be erected. A contract of 200,000 feet of lumber for the purpose has been given. The stamps are of the old style, 10 of the old Union mill stamps and 12 from the Ida mill (which property the Eclipse company have purchased) are on hand, and there are 20 more now on the way from San Francisco. These work will be propelled by the cheaper and better means of

WATER POWER,

Being supplied by a ditch from a point on the river nearly five miles above. The exact length of this ditch is 4 miles 2,680 feet. The fall obtained is 28 feet, a 4-foot turbine wheel receiving the water, and the quantity carried will give 150-horse power. At this date there are nearly two miles of the ditch completed, and work is being pushed at a satisfactory rate.

THE COMPANY.

At this point it is perhaps proper to speak of the company itself. It is an English company, incorporated there under title of "Eclipse Gold Mining Company (Limited)," with a capital stock of £100,000, divided into 100,000 shares, with a par value £1 each. The shares now on the English market rate at 30 per cent premium at the London Stock Exchange. Inquiries are made for the stock in this country, but it is not obtainable. They are the most extensive and powerful mining association now organized in Europe, owning heavy mining interests in Brazil and elsewhere. The sum of (nearly) $500,000 is to be expended here if necessary; the purchase and working of other mines besides the Eclipse being contemplated. The present mine was purchased from the Union company March 12, 1870, and possession taken upon the same date of the following month. The sum of $150,000 was paid for the mine and mill and $40,000 have been expended in erecting the steam mill described, and in developing the mine. We can make no estimate of the immense sums to be expended in the extensive improvements now under way, but as the stamps start up during the following week, it is fair to assume that some of the "grand cash" expended will soon be returned.

THE MANAGEMENT

Of this large interest now falls upon Captain Henry Tregellas, a Mining Engineer of great information and long experience, of whose superior judgment in mining matters there can be no question. The mill now building, the tramroad and the smelting furnace, to be run on the rich, inexhaustible ore supplies of the mine, must certainly bring large and permanent returns; and if our journal reached any of the stockholders, we would undertake to tell them a fact patent to any observer—that the financial success of their immense enterprise is as certain as the coming of time.

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, August 8, 1870. n5-6m

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL,

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Saw Mill, Feb. 1, 1871. fc4-32 6m*

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE, NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement

We retain our old mottos of

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n36n8

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. mr35n29tv2

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1 3m

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,

FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,

Best Quality Crushed Sugar,

FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

BLANKETS,

Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRESS GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

HOSIERY,

PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Saddles and Bridles,

Hardware,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

GROCERIES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 11, 1871. fc18n34tf

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES,

Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfte

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal. August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Also, in connection,

Partzwick Hotel.

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

mr25n39tv2

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, April 8,.....1861.

The Mysteries of the Feminine Toilet.

The other day I heard of an incident which shows that even men of society do not understand all the mysteries of the feminine toilet. A gentleman, who devotes a large part of his time to the society of ladies, and who beleives himself a *connoisseur* in all that pertains to them, was much annoyed by observing that a fair friend of his, favorably known for her style of elegant dressing, would insist, when the weather would allow it, upon wearing an old shawl devoid of any claims to beauty or good taste.

The gallant endured this for a long while. He walked up Broadway and Fifth avenue, and rode in the park with his friend, and often looked at the odious shawl in a way that he thought would convince her of its unfitness for so elegant a women as herself.

She did not take the hint, however, but continued to display it on every possible occasion. He lost patience at last, and said to her one day:

"May I be permitted to enquire why you will wear that miserable old shawl all the time? It ruins your dress. You look so exquisitely dainty otherwise that I cannot comprehend why you will deform yourself with such a rag as that. It has nothing to recommend it; and I believe if you were to throw it off in the street nobody would pick it up."

The bright eyes opened with surprise, and a strange expression fell across the pretty face.

"You are jesting are you not?" the lady asked. "You do not really dislike my shawl do you?"

"I never was more serious in my life. I thoroughly detest this thing which you call a shawl."

"Well then, I'll inform you that this is a camel's hair shawl; and, though I think it in very bad taste to mention prices, it cost $3,000 at Stewart's, and is one of the finest ever brought to this country."

The young man was astounded; but his taste was correct.

Editing.

Most people think the selection of suitable matter for a newspaper the easiest part of the business. How great an error. To look over fifty exchange papers daily, from which to select, the question is not what shall, but what shall not be selected, is no very easy task. If every person who reads a newspaper could have edited it we should have less complaints. Not unfrequently it is the case that an editor looks over his exchange papers for something interesting and finds absolutely nothing. Every paper is dryer than a contribution box, and yet something must be had—his paper must be out and something must be in it, and he does the best he can. To an editor who has the least care in what he selects, the writing he has to do is the easiest part of his labor. Every subscriber thinks the paper is printed for his own benefit, and if there is nothing that suits him it must be good for nothing. As many subscribers as an editor has so many tastes has he to consult. One wants something smart and sound. One likes anecdotes, fun and frolic, and his next door neighbor wonders that a man of sense will put such stuff in his paper. Something spicy comes out, and the editor is a blackguard. Next comes something argumentive, and the editor is a dull fool. And so, between them all, the poor fellow gets the worst of it. They never reflect that what does not please them, will please the next man; but they insist that if the paper does not please them, it is good for nothing, and stop it immediatly.

—As soon as the Congressional chaplain closes his appeal to the Throne of Grace, there is a clapping of hands all over the floor. It is the way the members have of calling pages to their side. Every Congressman begins his day's labor by giving an order to a messenger; hence the clapping is universal and uproarious. "Well that beats me," said an elderly gentleman in the gallery, with mud on his boots which looked as though it had been brought from the other side of the Potomac: "I didn't see anything in that prayer worth cheering."

—The sun weighs seven hundred and forty times the combined mass of all the planets which encircle around him; so that when we regard the energy of his attraction, we still find him a worthy ruler of the planetary scheme.

—Sydney Smith said, regarding the unnecessary consumption of food: "According to my own computation, I have eaten and drunk between my tenth and seventieth year, forty-four wagon loads more than was good for me."

—A man stopping his paper wrote to the editor: "I thinks folks ottent to spend their munny for papyer, mi daddy didn't and everybody sed he was the intelligentest man in country and had the smartest family of boiz that ever dug taters."

—The Iowa Voter says that a Knoxville physician was called to attend an infant whose mother had dislocated its shoulder by lifting it up suddenly by one arm. The Dr. remarked that this was the fourth case of the kind he had met in his practice.

—A dutiful son of Detroit has killed sixty-seven of his neighbors' cats to get money to buy his mother a set of false teeth. He has made a quiet neighborhood where once was a howling wilderness

—"I will be in fashion, if I dye for it!" said the ambitious belle, whose locks were not of the ruling tint; and dye she did.

—How to consume time—eat dates.

MUSICAL.

PATENT ARION PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY THE ARION PIANO IS Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer,

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Eveness

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration,

All go to prove what we claim, viz.: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT

Arion Pianos

ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE

American Conservatories of Music,

Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

It affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of defection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of Pianos, still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,
HENRY SHROEDER,
DIRECTOR.

New York, September 3d, 1870.

AGENTS WANTED.

We want first class and responsible agents in every city and town where we have not already appointed them.

We Have Just Published

Our Annual Illustrated Pamphlet, which contains a full description of the interior construction of the PATENT ARION PIANO FORTE, and all the other leading Pianos of the principal makes; illustrated with cuts, thus contrasting the ARION with all other first class Pianos, and proving

WHY AND WHERE

Our Pianos are superior to any in the market.

Our pamphlet contains engravings of all the different styles of instruments that we manufacture, giving a full description of each, so that a person can select the style they may desire to order, with the assurance that they will receive just as good a Piano as if they were in our warerooms to select it. We have sold over FIVE THOUSAND Pianos, many of them being shipped great distances, and we have never yet received the first complaint. As we give a written guarantee with every Piano we manufacture, for five years, the purchaser runs no risk.

☞ Don't fail to write for our pamphlet which we mail **free**, and when you write state what paper you saw this notice in. ☜

N. B.—We caution the public from purchasing a cheap Piano which has recently been put in the market, bearing the name "Arion." All genuine Arion Pianos bear the name "Patent Arion," and can only be purchased from our New York Warerooms, or our authorized Agents throughout the United States.

All Kinds Of Musical Instruments Supplied.

ADDRESS THE

Arion Piano-Forte Co.

NO. 554 BROADWAY,

fe25n35m6 **New York City.**

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Dry Goods,

HARDWOOD,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES.

Crockery,

GLASSWARE.

Tin-Ware,

SADDLERY,

Farming Implements,

SHOE FINDINGS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,

Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Tapioca, Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Jams, Dried Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles, Extracts, Sauces, Codfish, Salmon, Mackerel, Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,

French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS

Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,

SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES

Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER

Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,

WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,

WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITTS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of

Glass and Crockery Ware,

Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

D. COHN & CO.

Independence, Cal, October 3, 1870. n133m

MEDICAL.

Henry T. Helmbold's

COMPOUND FLUID Extract Catawba

GRAPE PILLS.

Component Parts—Fluid Extract Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

FOR LIVER COMPLAINTS, JAUNDICE, BILIOUS AFFECTIONS, SICK OR NERVOUS HEADACHE, COSTIVENESS, Etc. PURELY VEGETABLE, CONTAINING NO MERCURY, MINERALS OR DELETERIOUS DRUGS.

H

THESE PILLS ARE THE MOST DELIGHTFULLY pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts, magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the FINEST INGREDIENTS. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar coated Pills do not dissolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. THE CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated.

E

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Cankers, Runnings from the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affections, Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Night Sweats, Rash, Tetter, Humors of all Kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

L

Being Prepared Expressly for the above complaints, its Blood Purifying Properties are greater than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla. It gives the complexion a Clear and Healthy Color and restores the patient to a State of Health and Purity. For Purifying the Blood, removing all Chronic Constitutional Diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the Only Reliable and Effectual known Remedy for the Cure of Pains and Swelling of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Fryspelas and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, and Beautifying the Complexion.

M

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

CONCENTRATED

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

THE GREAT DIURETIC,

Has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposit, and Mucous or Milky Discharges, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of Both Sexes, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruption on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, etc

Used by persons from the ages of eighteen to twenty five, and from thirty five to fifty five or in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains; bed wetting in children.

B

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is Diuretic and Blood-Purifying, and cures all diseases arising from habits of dissipation, and excesses and imprudences in life, impurities of the blood, etc., superseding copaiba in affections for which it is used, and syphletic affections—in these diseases used in connection with HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.

LADIES.

In many affections peculiar to Ladies, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequalled by any other Remedy—as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schurrus State of the Uterus, Leucorhœa or Whites, Sterrility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion or habits of dissipation. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent Physicians and Midwives for enfeebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes and all ages (attended with any of the above diseases or symptons).

O

H. T. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU CURES DISEASES ARISING FROM IMPRUDENCES, HABITS OF DISSIPATION, ETC.

In all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous matter.

Thousands who have been the victims of incompetent persons, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found that they have been deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "powerful astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in a more aggravated form, perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all Affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

L

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Can not be surpassed as a FACE WASH, and will be found the only specific Remedy in every species of Cutaneous Affection. It speedily eradicates Pimples, Spots, Scoroutic Dryness, Indurations of the Cutaneous Membrane, etc., dispels Redness and Incipient Inflammation, Hives, Rash, Moth Patches, Dryness of Scalp or Skin, Frost Bites, and all purposes for which Salves or Ointments are used; restores the skin to a healthy state of Purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T. Helmbold's Rose Wash has long sustained its principal claim to unbounded patronage, by possessing qualities which render it a Toilet Appendage of the most Superlative and Congenial character, combining in an elegant formula those prominent requisites, Safety and Efficacy—the invariable accompaniment of its use—as a Preservative and Refresher of the Complexion. It is an excellent lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the the EXTRACTS BUCHU, SARSAPARILLA AND CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, in such diseases as recommended can not be surpassed.

D

Full and explicit directions accompany the medicines.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witness, and upwards of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, etc. The proprietor has never resorted to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

Henry T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations

Delivered to any address. Secure from observation. Established upwards of Twenty Years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Address letters for information in confidence to HENRY T. HELBBOLD, Druggist and Chemist.

Only Depots: H. T. Helmbold's Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New York, or to H. T. Helmbold's Medical Depot, 104 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. Ask for HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S! TAKE NO OTHER.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

FINE PRINTING

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INDEPENDENT Desire to inform the public in general and all business men in particular, that they are now prepared to promptly execute

Every Description

OF THE FINEST

JOB PRINTING.

—AT THE—

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—WE ARE NOW prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of THE PEOPLE'S LITERARY COMPANION—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address

fe9n33m3 E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

$5 TO $10 PER DAY. MEN WOMEN BOYS and GIRLS who engage in our new business make from **$5 to $10 per day** in their own localities. Full particulars and instructions sent free by mail. Those in need of permanent, profitable work, should address at once. GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

fe9n33m

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,

Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with every thing kept in a well supplied WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.

FRESH DRUGS,	TILDEN'S PREPARATIONS
PATENT MEDICINES,	DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS	SHAKER BOXES,
ESSENTIAL OILS,	PERFUMERIES,
KEROSENE OIL,	PAINTS AND OILS,

Which we offer at the lowest Cash Prices, and are determined not to be undersold.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

FOR SALE.

OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal. After our best wishes, and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty-one years, during which period we have been steadily engaged in the Drug business in California, we beg to say in consequence of the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Cal. Vinegar Bitters, now spread over the United States and countries far beyond, we are necessitated to devote our entire time to said business.

We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific coast and the only one continuous under the same proprietors since 1849, and have determined to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.

This is a rare opportunity for men with means, of entering into a profitable business with advantages never before offered.

For particulars enquire of

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists,
San Francisco, Cal.

R. H. McDONALD, }
J. C. SPENCER, }

N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices to defy competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!

Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands

Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life these Tonic Bitters have no equal. ☞ Send for a circular.

They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing the combined properties of all the best Bitters of the world, yet free from the objectionable qualities of all. They are a mild stimulant, containing no alcohol or intoxicating substance whatever.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

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Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

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VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1871. NUMBER 42.

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PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

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Have goods plainly marked—
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Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.
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Los Angeles, Feb. 18, 1871. v1n34m3

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CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,
Carrying United States Mail
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From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:
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Independence, March 23, 1871. n39tv2*

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ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
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Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
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VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.
Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,
On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.
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Visalia, Feb. 18, 1871 n1v34m3

THOSE BOXES.

Der shades ov night vas fallin town
Ober der roovs of New York town,
Ven droo der sthreets you hear der noise
Of vive secks hundred leetle poys
Mit boxes.

Dese boxes they doesh stteal, I know,
Dey doesh'nt buy dem—dat ish so;
And round der sthreets dey goes in ring
A pulling at der cursed ting
Like hens.

I dinks dere vos some schickens loose;
Ses I, "Mine Gott! I kooks yer goose;"
I sneaks arount—"Dunder!" I shvare,
Dere vos no hens not any where;
'Twas poys.

Dan, Himmel, I vos mighty mad,
I wish it vos dere heads I had;
I'd shake der liv s out ov dem poys
If dey no not sthop mit all dese noise,
You pet.

Vell, 'taint no yoos dat I do shvear,
Ven now you can't go anywere
Vidout der hous, vidout der door,
Dey makes much trouble dan before,
Dem poys.

I told you shust vot I shall do:
I'll catch dese poys and so vood you;
Und den you see dem poys shall know
Der veight of dis here Dutchman's toe.
Dey shall.

A RACE FOR LIFE.

BY MRS. VAN CLEVE.

I close my eyes and recall an evening some forty-two years ago, when, in one of the stone houses near Fort Snelling, which was our house at that time, a pleasant company of officers and their families were spending the evening with my parents. The doors were open, for the weather was warm, and one of the officers, Captain Crugor, was walking on the piazza, when we were all startled by the sound of rapid firing very near us. The Captain rushed into the house much agitated, exclaiming: "That bullet almost grazed my ear!" What could it mean? Were the Indians surrounding us then?

Soon the loud yells and shrieks from the Indian camp near our house, made it evident that the treaty of peace, made that afternoon between the Sioux and Chippewas, had ended, as all these treaties did, in treachery and bloodshed. The principle men of the two nations had met at the Indian Agency, and in the presence of Major Taliaferro, their "White Father," had made a solemn peace treaty. In the evening, at the wigwam of the Chippewa chief they had ratified this treaty by smoking the pipe of peace together; and then, before the smoke of the emblematic pipe had cleared away, the treacherous Sioux had gone out and deliberately fired into the wigwam, killing and wounding several of the unsuspecting inmates. The Chippewas, of course, returned the fire, and this was what startled and broke up the pleasant little party at my father's house.

The Chippewas sought refuge and protection within the walls of the fort, commanded at that time by Col. Josiah Snelling, from whom it was named. They were kindly cared for. One, a little girl, daughter of the old chief, excited much sympathy, and I cannot forget the interest I felt in her, for she was but a year or two older than myself, and it seemed to me so cruel to rathlessly put out her young life. She lingered but a few days in great agony, and then God took her out of her pain.

Meanwhile our Colonel, a prompt and efficient officer, demanded of the Sioux the murderers, and in a very few days a body of Sioux were seen advancing toward the fort, as was supposed, to deliver up the criminals. Two companies were sent to meet them and recieve the murderers at their hands. Strange to say, although they had the men, they refused to give them up. Our interpreter, I cannot recall his name, stepped out from among our soldiers and said:

"If you do not yield up these men peaceably, as many leaves as there are on the trees, and as many blades of grass as you see beneath your feet, so many white men will come among you, burn your villiages and destroy your nation."

A few moments' consideration, a few hurried words of consultation, and the guilty men were handed over to our troops. The tribe followed as they were taken into the fort, and making a small fire within the wall, the condemned marched round and round it, singing their death songs, and then were given up to be put in irons and held in custody until time should dertermine how many lives should pay the forfeit; for it is well known that Indian revenge is literally a life for a life, and the Colonel had decided to give them into the hands of the injured tribe, to do with them as they would.

Some weeks passed, and it was found that five lives were to be paid for in kind. A council of Chippewas decided that the five selected from the prisoners should run the guantlet, and the decision was approved.

Back over the lapse of years I pass, and seem to be a child again, standing by the side of my only brother, at the back door of my father's house.

The day is beautiful, the sun is so bright, the grass is so green, all nature is so smiling, it is hard to realize what is going on over yonder by the graveyard, in that crowd of men and women. For there are gathered together the Chippewas, old men, women and children, who have come out to witness or take part in this act of retributive justice. There are the blue coats, too, and various badges of the United States uniforms, for it is necessary to throw some restraint aronnd these red men, or there would be wholesale murder; and borne on the shoulders of the young men, we see the form of the wounded, dying chief, regarding all with calm satisfaction, and, no doubt, happy in the thought that his death, so near, will not go out unavenged. And there stand the young braves who have been selected as the executioners; their rifles are loaded and locks carefully examined and all is ready when the word shall be given.

There, too, under guard, are the five men who are to pay the forfeit for the lives taken so treacherously and wantonly.

Away off, I cannot tell how many rods but it seems to us children a long run, are stationed the Sioux tribe, and that is the goal which the wretched men must run to for their lives.

And now all seems ready, and we stand on tip-toe, while the ball and chains are knocked off, and the captives are set free. At a word one of the doomed men starts, the rifles with unerring aim are fired, and under cover of the smoke a man falls dead. They reload, the word is given, and another starts with a bound for home; but ah! the aim of those clear-sighted blood thirsty red men is too deadly; and so one after another until four are down.

And then the last, "Little Six," whom at that distance we children readily recognize from his commanding hight and graceful form; he is our friend, and we hope he will get home. He starts, they fire, the smoke clears away, and still he is running; we clap our hands and say, "he will get home;" but another volley, and our favorite, almost at the goal, gives a spring into the air and comes down—dead! I cover my face and shed tears of real sorrow for our friend. And now follows a scene that beggars description. The bodies, all warm and limp, are dragged to the brow of the hill. Men who, at the sight of blood, become fiends, tear off the reeking scalps and hand them to the chief, who hangs them around his neck. Women and children, with tomahawks and knives, cut deep slashes into the poor bodies, and scooping up the warm blood with their hands, eagerly drink, then growing frantic, they dance and sing their horrid scalp songs, recounting the deeds of valor on the part of their brave men, and telling of the Sioux scalps taken at their last horrid feast, they leave the mutilated bodies festering in the sun.

At nightfall they are thrown over the bluff into the river, and my brother and myself, awestruck and quiet, trace their hideous voyage down the Mississippi to the Gulf of Mexico. We lay awake that night, talking of the dreadful sight we have seen; and we try to think what the people of New Orleans will say when they see those ghastly upturned faces; and we talk with quivering lip and tearful eyes of "Little Six," and the many kind things he has done for us, the bows and arrows, the mocauks of sugar, the pretty beaded moccasins he had given us; and we wished that he could have run faster, or that the Chippewa rifles had missed fire. And we sleep and dream of scalps and of rifle, war-whoops, and frightful yells, to wake up wishing it had been a dream.

Next day the daring chief sat up in bed, painted himself for his death, sung his death song, and with those five fresh bloody scalps about his neck laid down and died, calmly, peacefully, in the hope, no doubt, of a welcome home in those "happy hunting grounds," prepared by the "Good Spirit," for all those Indians who are faithful to their friends, and will avenge themselves upon their foes.

A few years ago, I told this story to another "Little Six,"—"Old Shakopee," as he lay with gyves upon his legs in our guard-house at Fort Snelling, awaiting execution for the most numberless cold-blooded murders, perpetrated during the dreadful massacre of 1862. He remembered it all, and his wicked face lighted up with joy as he told me that he was the son of that "Little Six," who made so brave a run for his life; and showed as much pride and pleasure in listening to the recital of his father's treacherous conduct, as the children of our generals will some day, as they read or hear of deeds of bravery or daring their fathers have done.

A Sailors Dance.

Haven't had any fun with the landlubbers' till Thursday night, at a dance. When I arrived at the cabin found 'em under way on a Spanish dance. Took my station in line with Susan Tucker, fell back and filled, then shot ahead two fathoms—hauled up on the starboard tack to let another craft pass, and came stern to another sail, spoke her, and bore 'round against the sun! and fell in with another sail in ful, chase. Passed twenty sails on another course, and went half across to the shore, dropped astern—fell back—couldn't fill. So let go anchor and hauled up for repairs. Next time I was drawn into the current by a cowtillion, but I didn't make much headway—shot ahead with Betsy Stark, and sailed over to the other coast. Took a turn opposite, ran abreast twice toward another craft, and back astern again—moved around to starboard—passed near the painter's lights, and made sail to berth. Third time ran into port to tune of the tempest, the Yankee tar's favorite. Proceeding along up the coast according to the regular order of sailing, bore ahead rounded to, then passed adversary yard-arm by yard arm, locked astern with the whole squadron in circular order of sailing. Sally Jones all the time manœuring and making signals when under full sail. Finally anchored after a heavy squall.

Wintering in the Clouds.

If one would enjoy with a keener relish the comforts of his cheerful fireside, or the genial temperature diffused from his "register" in the corner of his parlor, let him attempt to realize the situation, during the prolonged winter, of the party hibernating above the clouds on the top of Mount Washington in New Hampshire. This elevated peak, 6,300 feet high, is a favorite resort of tourists in the summer, but no one has ventured to spend the long winter months upon its exposed and isolated summit until the present season. A party of scientific men have been found ready to brave the rigors and dangers of a winter's fearful exposure, so that they might make observations that would be of practical value to agriculture and commerce. Careful preparations for protection and comfort were made, apartments lined with felt, and stored with coal and provisions, and supplied with books and scientific instruments, having been fitted up in the new railroad depot, and not in the Tip-Top House or Summit House, as has been supposed by some.

The daily bulletin from this highest telegraph station in the world, is full of peculiar, often of thrilling interest. On several occasions the velocity of the wind has been reported at over fifty miles an hour; sometimes it has reached 80 miles, 92, 110, and even 120 miles an hour. The thermometer has often been below zero, and during one of the fiercest gales it fell to 59 degrees below zero, which, taken with the terrific wind, caused the severest weather, probably, ever experienced by mortal men. The showers of frost and ice across the summit during these high winds are represented as fearful. The building, though securely fastened by three chains running over the top and fixed in the solid rocks, and braced by heavy timbers, and coated with ice and frost from two to three feet in thickness, quivers and creaks and rattles in the blast like a ship in a storm.

They are noble men who thus brave the rigors and perils of a more than Arctic winter in the interest of science. Surely those are no less worthy of commendation who have voluntarily encountered similar exposures and privations in the interest of religion.

Methodical Printer.

The New Orleans Picayune tells a story of a printer, who, when his fellow workmen went out to drink beer during the working hours, put in the bank the exact sum he would have spent had he gone out to drink. He kept to this resolution for five years. He then examined his bank account and found that he had on deposit $521, 86. In the five years he had not lost a day from ill health. Three out of five of his fellow workmen had in the meantime became drunkards, were worthless as workman, and were discharged. The water-drinker then bought out the printing office, and went on enlarging the business, and in twenty years from the time he began to put by his money he was worth $100,000. The story, whether new or old, teaches a lesson which every young mechanic should lay to heart.

Montezuma.

Rich discoveries are being made in the Montezuma district. Some of the accounts given us are so extrordinary that were it not for the reliability of our informants we should be disposed to look upon them as gross exaggerations. Veins four feet thick, the ore of which, without sorting, will work $500 per ton, sounds rather incredible; but this is told us nevertheless, by gentlemen lately arrived from Montezuma, who are perfectly sincere in their statements. The mill of Messrs McGlew & Dawley is doing first-rate. A large lot of bullion was brought here by Mr. McGlew. Everything from that quarter has a healthy appearance.—*Reese River Reveille.*

Impertinent Questions.

To ask a lawyer if he ever told a lie.

To ask a doctor how many persons he has killed.

To ask a young lady whether she would like a beau.

To ask a young man to take something to drink.

To ask a subscriber if he has paid the printer.

To ask a merchant if he has ever cheated a customer.

To ask an editor the name of any of his correspondents.

—A daily evening Republican newspaper, called The Express, made its first appearance at Los Angeles on the 27th of March. Tiffany & Co. are the publishers.

—On an average throughout the year, one railroad train leaves London per minute. That would be 525,000 trains in the year.

—Mrs. Francis Gerry Fairfield, the well-known writer, is a sister of Mrs. Bret Harte.

—Gen. Fremont is reported to have recently made $200,000 in a mining speculation.

—The total losses in New York by fire during 1870 were about $2,250,000.

—The Territories of Idaho and Montana are said to be losing population.

—Have the elements a right to brew a storm without a license?

—The best hand to accompany a lady vocalist—a husband.

—One good turn—is as much as you expect from a cheap silk.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, April 15 ..... 1871.

CROP PROSPECTS.

In all that portion of the State south of Sacramento, and on the San Juaquin river particularly, the prospects for a crop in the present season are gloomy in the extreme. Though considerable rain has fallen in all those portions of the State, the drying north wind has prevailed much of the time. In many localities, after the grain was sufficiently grown to be almost certain to make a good crop, a few days of this destructive wind utterly destroyed it. Live stock are already suffering for want of food, and it is probable that many will perish.

From the misfortunes of others, our own farmers shou'd derive a lesson of contentment, and be more than thankful that it is in their power to produce fair crops—even if a little extra labor is involved—independent of the accidents of wind and weather, such as are so fatal to prosperity in fairer portions of the world. Parties who have recently witnessed the dreary prospects elsewhere, say that those of this section ought to be truly grateful in their possessions and surroundings. With good lands, fair crops and markets, a fine climate, and every reason to expect a busy, prosperous future in the surrounding mining interests, and consequently to all other branches of business—with all these in favor, who among us would exchange homes with those of the frosty, tornado-stricken regions of "the States," or the dried up, starving plains along the Pacific?

CONGRESSSIONAL GAME LAW.

Time's wonderful changes never received a more marked illustration than by the introduction of a bill in the House of Representatives prohibiting the indiscriminate slaughter of buffaloes along the line of the Pacific railroad, and providing for the preservation of the bison, which under the present system of wanton destruction would soon be exterminated. The author of this game preserving article, McCormick of Arizona, informed the House that in passing over the Kansas Pacific railroad last Winter, a train was snowed in, and for ten days the only food of about one hundred passengers was buffalo meat, and had this not been at hand they must all have starved. It is in view of the probable recurrence of circumstances of the same character for years to come that, as a measure to preserve those animals, the bill was suggested and will be supported. When the idea of a Pacific railroad was first broached in Congress a quarter of a century ago, the opponents of the "improvement" insisted that no railroad could ever be maintained on the plains for a single week, because of the herds of buffaloes that would trample tracks and sleepers out of place and deep down into the soil and now, before the Pacific railroad has been an actual fact three years, it is necessary to protect the buffalo that he may serve as food to the passengers crossing the continent over the very road that his vast and roaming herds were to render an impossibility.

FIGHTING ABOUT PARIS.

A terrible battle began in the fields outside of Paris on the 5th instant lasting all of that and the following day. The slaughter was frightful. The insurgent National Guard who began the fight were defeated by the Government troops. In the city terror reigns supreme. The churches and houses of aristocrats are being pillaged, and the priests imprisoned. The Commune has forbidden the holding of a meeting called in Paris to promote measures of reconciliation. The only hope of France is in German intervention.

There are dates from Lima, Peru, to March 22d. The recent freshets did immense damage. The losses are estimated at $8,000,000. The Government is giving assistance to many sufferers, whose homes and possessions were swept away. The storm was the heaviest experienced for thirty years

Governor Geary has called out the militia to quell a miners' riot at Scranton, Pennsylvania. A strike for higher wages caused the riot, during which much property has been destroyed.

Last Sunday quite an earthquake shock was felt in San Francisco. At different times lately shocks have been noticed in Virginia city, Nevada.

A GOOD MOVE.

We are in receipt of a copy of the Constitution and By-Laws of an organization known as the "Bureau of Mines and Mining Statistics of the Pacific Coast," of which J. Berton, is President, and E. P. Hutchins, Secretary. The object of the Bureau is explained in Article 3 of the Constitution, as follows:

The business of the Bureau shall be conducted by a Board of seven Directors, three of whom may be the legal representatives of foreign nations accredited to the United States and resident on the Pacific coast. And it shall be their duty, when requested so to do, to examine or cause to be examined, the title and character of all mining property that may be laid before them for that purpose, and report the same; which report shall be entered upon the books of the Bureau.

Each county in every State and Territory is entitled to one delegate; the President is empowered to call meetings on ten days' written notice to each Director, and four members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. We can not better explain the manner of its workings than by giving the By-Laws in full.

RULE 1. Parties registering mines or mining property, shall be required to furnish the Secretary with a true copy of the record of the mines or mining property, as recorded in the office of the Recorder in the district in which said mining property is located, or of the County Recorder, as the case may be, which shall be registered in a book kept for that purpose in the office of the Bureau.

RULE 2, Parties desiring mining property examined under the direction of the Board of Directors and a report thereon, shall deposit such sum of money as the Board of Directors may determine to cover all actual expenses of such examination and report, a copy of which shall be furnished, properly certified to by the Secretary, to the party or parties making the application, and the original report shall be entered in a book kept for the purpose by the Secretary.

RULE 3. The Board of Directors shall employ only such persons to examine any mining property as are known as mining experts, or mining engineers, and no report shall be received where it shall be made to appear that the parties making the examination have any interest directly or indirectly in the property examined by them.

RULE 4. No Director of this Bureau shall take part in the examination or adoption of a report thereon, upon any mining property in which he may be interested.

RULE 5. The Board of Directors may fix such fee for registering mining property as they may deem proper and just.

There is not another mining section on the Pacific coast possessing such a vast wealth of minerals that is so little known to the world as this of Inyo county. This is owing mainly to two causes; first, our peculiarly isolated position, and second, the indifference or lack of opportunity of those most interested, to set the real facts before the world. It may be mentioned in proper pride, that though we have a number of well developed and paying mines there are but very few that are in any degree beholden to outside capital therefor; that is, the most of these mines have paid their own way from the start. But to depend on this plan alone, it will require a hundred years to bring our mining interests to that degree of development that an abundance of capital would reach in five. Parties (and there are plenty of them), who own a vast number of feet in different mines can only hope for development of their property or profit to themselves except through outside capital. Without personal effort on the part of owners in this direction but little will ever be accomplished. This Micawber system of waiting for something to turn up will not do. Time—year after year—will come and go, ere anything turns up to the advantage of a great majority of our miners, unless they hit on a better plan than in simply waiting for the world to come to them. The world must have some inducements, and mere incidental mention is not inducement sufficient for capital to come to an out-of-the-world locality like this, under any circumstances, and much less in face of the systematic presentation of facts from the scores of other rival mining districts on the coast, each of which are continually deriving the advantages of capital thus attracted.

The preparations of H. T. Helmbold might be infallible, yet the aggregate profits of twenty generations of Helmbolds, who simply depend on counter sales for the presentation of those articles to the world, would not approach the result of ten year's operations under his plan. Though not at all analogous in their nature, yet the same principle that makes a patent nostrum a success, will do the same for gold and silver mines—that is, take every opportunitity to attract to them the attention of the world. Though not the only method, nor perhaps the best, here, in the proposed operations of this Bureau, a good opportunity is offered for our miners to bring their property directly into the notice of the only persons from whom help of the right kind is to be expected—capitalists on the look-out for investments, who will thus be able to select their field of operations in advance, after which, if the intrinsic merits of the mines warrant, the inconvenience of reaching such isolated localities as our own will be no draw back. We hope some of our miners will give this matter due consideration, and investigate it in detail by calling on or addressing either the President or Secretary in San Francisco.

Woman's Right—To be Fined.

On the 4th instant, during the trial of Mrs. Fair, in San Francisco, before Judge Dwinelle, for the killing of A. P. Crittenden, the following scene occurred in the proceedings:

At the time you bought that pistol had you any idea of using it? A.—Not the slightest, sir; I had no reason to use it (hysterically); I am sure he was the o ly protector I had in the world; I would have never have desired to harm him; if he had been living, gentlemen, when Campbell insulted me here yesterday, he would make Campbell on his bended knees apologize for it.

This bit of by-play was rendered with a truly dramatic effect, and served to bring down the house in cheers and stamping from the lobby, and a number of ladies inside the bar joined in the applause.

The Court—Mr. Sheriff, bring those parties forward who applauded; bring them every one forward and have them sworn.

The Sheriff went on a prospecting tour among the spectators and inquired of a great many if they had applauded, but couldn't find any one to say yes. He spent about ten minutes in this research and th n returned, telling the Judge that he could find no one.

The Court—Well, bring them all forward, and let them be sworn to answer questions.

Mrs. Fair—Judge, perhaps I was to blame; I shou'd not have said what I did; it was not their fault.

The Court—It is not your response; you are not to blame for what they did.

The Sheriff fastened on to and brought forward an unlucky wight, who trembled like an aspen leaf, and whose face was as pale as a sheet. He was sworn and gave the name of Francis M. Hughes.

The Court—Did you applaud, sir? A.—No, sir.

Did you see any one who did? A.—No, sir; I did not.

The Court to the Sheriff—Go and bring some one who did see some one applaud.

The Sheriff whispered to the Judge.

The Court—Bring her forward.

The Sheriff advanced to where Mrs Emily Pitts Stevens was seated taking notes for The Pioneer; he asked her if she applauded. She was loth to reply. Several bystanders asserted that they saw her applaud, upon which she rose to her feet, and advancing toward the bench, said: "Yes, Judge, I did applaud; I didn't know 'twas against the rule of the Court."

The Court—What is your name? A.—Emily Pitts Stevens; I will pay my fine.

The Court—What did you do? A.—I said "Good," and clapped my hand down on the table; didn't know that I must not do it.

The Court—I will fine you $25.

Mrs. Fair (promptly)—I will pay it.

Another lady here jumped up from the side of Mrs. Pitts Stevens and said, "Judge, I applauded too; I stamped my feet."

The Court—I will fine you $25.

Mrs. Fair—I will pay it.

The Court to Mrs. Fair—You will have a good bill to pay if you pay them all.

Mrs. Fair—I don't think these ladies understood it, Judge.

The Court—Well, they will understand it now.

This little episode occupied about fifteen minutes.

Soldiers' Land Warrants.

In answer to an inquiry received a week or two since, as to the right of discharged soldiers to enter public land by soldiers' warrants, we have the authority of The Sacramento Union for saying that no such right exists, except under a clause of the Homstead act. The bill designed to give ex-soldiers the right to enter 160 acres each anywhere upon the public domain failed to pass the Senate. Under the Homestead act any person who served ninety days in either the army or navy during the rebellion and afterwards remained loyal, may enter a quarter section of land, not mineral, of the alternate reserved sections of public land within railroad grants. The effect of this is to give to soldiers and sailors who served during the rebellion the right to enter 160 acres of land, held at $2 50 an acre instead of 80 acres, the maximum amount of this land which others are allowed to enter.

Locomotives as Missionaries.

Brigham Young finds his absolute power over his deluded followers gradually weakening since the opening of the Pacific Railroad. Even the threat of excommunicating those who read the Mormon Tribune does not stay the progress of free thought and independent action. The number of the "rebels" is constantly increasing. Says The Christian Weekly in this connection:

In fact the locomotive does better missionary work than the Jesuit propagandist; it is more a civilizer; teaches a broader humanity and a more catholic religion. Railroad conductors ignore the absurd distinctions of caste. The iron track makes a highway not only for the development of material prosperity, but for the subversion of superstition and the progress and triumph of Christianity. Till within a generation the means of locomotion known in the days of the patriarchs wore still in use. It is but seventeen years since the first railway was begun at Bombay. Though the system is still in its infancy, the lines in operation in India in 1868, carried fifteen million passengers and three million tons of goods.

—Things said to make conversation are like chalk eggs.

Lake Tahoe Project.

The San Francisco correspondent of The Gold Hill News interviewed Von Schmidt a few days ago in relation to the San Francisco and Lake Tahoe water project. After considerable pumping the following questions and answers followed:

Question—Will you give me an outline of your plans, Colonel?

Colonel—With pleasure, though they are yet subject to modification. We shall erect a dam four miles down the Truckee, in Squaw valley, and from there run a tunnel through 12,000 feet to the north fork of the American river, use the natural channel of the river for forty miles, and then tap it not far from Auburn, in Placer county. If we extend it from that point to San Francisco we shall lay pipes along the line of the Central Pacific Railroad to some place in Alameda county, make a reservoir there, then bring it over the bay by submerged pipes.

Q.—Are the engineering difficulties of the project considered very great?

Col.—Not particularly so. Crossing the bay is the worst part of it. That will have to be done by driving piles from shore to shore, building a platform on them then jointing the pipe and sinking it like a cable. A floating platform, such as a scow, or vessel of any kind would not do, on account of rising or falling with the tide, which would break the piping. The length of the works from Lake Tahoe to San Francisco will be 159 miles; 5 miles of tunneling, 112 of pipe, and 44 in the beds of the Truckee and American rivers.

The Colonel then referred to a map, and pointed out that fully two-thirds of Lake Tahoe, and some 24 miles of the Truckee were in California, and that consequently Nevada had no jurisdiction. Then, turning to the Act of Congress of July 26, 1866, he read section 9 which inferentially gives a United States title to water when taken for mining, agricultural or manufacturing purposds.

"Nevada," he continued "will suffer no injury by our works, and will have no cause for legal action. We shall commence operations in May, as soon as the snow clears off, and we are assured that there is no reason to fear anything that the Sagebrush State can do to prevent us.

The section of the act upon which Von Schmidt relies reads as follows:

SECTION 9. And be it further enacted, that wherever, by priority of posession, rights to the use of water for mining, agricultural, manufacturing or other purposes have vested or accrued, and the same are recognized and acknowledged by local customs, laws and decisions of Courts, the possessors and owners of such vested rights shall be maintained and protected in the same; and the right of way for the construction of ditches and canals for the purpose aforesaid is hereby acknowledged and confirmed. Provided, however, that whenever, after the passage of this act, any person or persons shall, in the construction of any ditch or canal, injure or damage the possessions of any settler on the public domain; the party committing such injury or damage shall be liable to the party injured for such injury or damage.

Income Tax for 1870.

The New York Evening Post of March 18th gives this synopsis of the revenue laws, as amended in 1870: By the internal revenue law, as amended in 1870, it is the duty of every citizen whose gross income last year exceeded $2,000 to make and render to the assistant assessor of the division in which he lives, a return of his income for taxation on or before the 1st of March. The neglect to do this leaves it in the power of the assessor to make a a return for him according to the best information he can obtain, and to increase the tax fifty per cent. as a penalty for the neglect. The duty of making these returns has been very generally neglected under the expectation that Congress would abolish the tax, but it is now improbable that anything can be done at the present session, and in order to avoid the penalty citizens cannot be too prompt in handling in their returns.

The taxable income of each person is determined by adding together the following items: The wages or salary received for services from any government, corporation or other employer; the rents received from houses or lands; the interest on notes, bond or mortgages, or on money lent on any or on no security; the profits of speculation in stocks, bonds or gold, and those obtained upon the sale of any house or lands during the year which had been purchased within two years preceding; and the dividends on stocks or shares, except that the dividends of corporations which have themselves witheld the tax from stockholders, and paid it to the United States, are not to be included, nor that part of the salary of officers of the United States from which the tax has been deducted at the time of payment, nor any pension paid to a soldier or sailor.

From the aggregate income as thus determined each tax-payer will deduct the national, State, county and municipal taxes paid during the year; the rent of land for cultivation and of premises for business purposes; the rent of the house and rooms occupied as a residence; but not the rental value, if owned by the tax-payer himself; and the amount paid for ordinary repairs but not for permanent improvements.

The remainder of the gross income, after these deductions are made, constitutes the net income for the year; and two thousand dollars are further to be deducted from this amount. The remainder is the taxable income, on which a tax of two and a half per cent. is to be levied and paid. This tax is due and payable on or before the 30th day of April; and a penalty of five per cent. upon the amount of tax, and of interest at the rate of one per cent. per month, is to be levied for neglect to make payment at that time, or within ten days after the collector has demanded the tax.

The returns of income made this year are not to be published; and the officers administering the law are required to keep them secret. Nor is any penalty to be levied for error or neglect on the tax payers part, except after a full opportunity is afforded him to be heard, and to present evidences that he is not guilty of such neglect or error. But there is no provision in the law requiring the Assessor to demand a return, or to notify citizens of their obligations to make their returns. Every man is supposed to know the law, and a failure to obey it is such a neglect as incurs the penalty. It will, therefore, be necessary for tax payers to seek their assistant assessors at once, and tender to them such a statement as we have described.

NEWS ITEMS.

The San Francisco Board of Supervisors, April 3, adopted a resolution accepting Von Schmidt's proposition for the issue of $6,000,000 in bonds to bring Lake Tahoe water into that city.

Peculation to the amount of $75,000 is alleged against parties in the San Francisco Custom-house.

A bill has been introduced in the Senate of New York for a viaduct railroad in the city, to cost $60,000,000.

The San Domingo Commissioners have returned and made their report, and President Grant has decided to leave the question exclusively to Congress, and put upon it the responsibility of defeating or confirming the annexation movement; though he still thinks his own policy on the subject right.

Two severe shocks of earthquake were felt at San Francisco April 2. The first began at 12½ minutes before 8 o'clock. It continued two and a half seconds. The second shock came two or three seconds after the first and was more severe. It was also felt severely at San Jose, and slightly at Santa Cruz.

Count von Bismarck has notified the French Government that the sum of two hundred thousand francs must be paid by France to the mother of M. Hart, an ex officer of the Prussian army, who, at the breaking out of the war, was arrested in Paris as a German spy, unjustly condemned to death by a military commission, and executed.

Some rain has fallen during the past week, in various places in the State. It hailed in Sacramento.

The child of the Princess of Wales is dead. Its birth was premature.

—Keep out of a hasty man's way for awhile, out of a sullen man's way all the days of your life.

BORN.

In Independence, April 8, to the wife of P. A. Chalfant, a daughter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ATTENTION, ONES!

THERE WILL BE A SPECIAL MEETING OF Independence Engine Co. No. 1, on MONDAY EVENING NEXT, April 17th, at 7 o'clock, at the Sazarac Saloon, for the transaction of such business as may be brought up. Every member should be present.

n42 1 A. C. HANSON, President.

GARDEN SEEDS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST RECIVED A fine assortment of the best and most approved varieties of

GARDEN SEEDS

Which he offers to the public at low rates. Call at the Post office.

J. B. ROWLEY.

Independence, Cal., April 15. n4212

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! f42m6

MISCELLANEOUS.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED UP to Monday, 17th instant, for running a tunnel in the Union Mine the distance of 150 feet from its present terminus. Size of tunnel 5 feet in width and 6½ in highth, of uniform grade and done in a workmanlike manner. Two-thirds of the contract price paid upon the completion of each 25 or 50 feet, the balance upon the completion of the work.

JOHN BRODER.

April 8, 1871. n4112

For Sale.

A DWELLING HOUSE, WITH FOUR LARGE rooms, situated on Main street, surrounded with shade and fruit trees; is a fine location for a family. An extra lot adjoining. Will be sold cheap—for less than cost. Also, a Blacksmith Shop, with every description of tools; and wheelwright tools, also. The largest and best shop in the county, with a good run of custom. Will be sold at a bargain.

H. C. MORSE.

Independence, April 8 n4tf

Boarding House for Sale!

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED BOARDING HOUSE in the flourishing town of Cerro Gordo, now having over forty steady boarders, will be sold cheap, FOR CASH, as the owner is about to leave this part of the country.

For terms apply to A. A. MACKAY,

ap1 2 Cerro Gordo.

Ranch for Sale!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT low figures the N ½ and S W ¼ of S W ¼ of sec 22, and S E ¼ of S E ¼ of sec 21, in Tp. 13 south, Range 35 E, containing 160 acres. Is situated about two miles south of Independence; has house and corrail, and ten acres under fence. Requires no irrigation and is the best of land. Inquire at J. A. Lank's ranch.

ap1 n40 4 JOHN G. SCHIFFER.

NOTICE.

TO T. W. HILL AND H. SCHOENEMAN, owners in the Alpha claim and Tunnel and Omega claim tunnel, situated in the Lone Pine District, Inyo County, California: Take notice, That pursuant to a notice duly given, a meeting was held at the residence of John Simpson, in the Upper town of Cerro Gordo, said county and state, on the Seventeenth day of February, 1871, whereat an assessment of $500 to the share was levied upon each shareholder in said tunnels and claims; and that there is now due from each of you for said assessment the sum of $1,000 as follows, to wit:

ALPHA TUNNEL AND CLAIM.

T. W. Hill ..... 1 share $500 00
H. Schoeneman ..... 1 " 500 00

OMEGA TUNNEL AND CLAIM

T. W. Hill ..... 1 share $500 00
H. Schoeneman ..... 1 " 500 00

That said liability is for labor done and material furnished in and upon said tunnels and claims, and is payable to John Simpson, at his residence in Cerro Gordo.

JOHN SIMPSON,
CHARLES HOFFMAN,
ap1 n4018 By F. K. MILLER, Agent.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SILVER SPROUT MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of Works and Mines, Kearsarge District, Inyo County, State of California.—NOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the Fifteenth day of March, 1871, and assessment of Six and 25-100 Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, either in United States gold coin or stock in the company, at the rate of Twelve and 50-100 Dollars per share in like gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, No. 266 Front street, San Francisco. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on MONDAY, the FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

T. B. WINGARD, Secretary.

Office No. 266 Front street, San Francisco, Cal.

m25 n9 4

FLOUR.

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

BISHOP CREEK

Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK

SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, August 8, 1870. n5 6m

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. n4 3m

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, April 15.....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

An Affair of Honor.

A couple of well known individuals, residing at Fish Springs in this county, a week or two since got into a wordy war, in which one designated the other as a liar, and the other, in turn, described his man as a thief. The only way to settle these "hefty" charges was by resorting to the code de honor for mutual satisfaction, and in accordance a meeting was arranged to come off on the following morning. The appointed time arrived, but one of the principals did not. His second did, however, and then and there negotiated for an interest in the matter, challenging his principal's adversary for an encounter. Scene Second opens with the party waiting for the original principal, who this time fails to put in an appearance. The last we heard of the matter, the war-like second was in our office endeavoring to get a "card" published, denouncing his man—the principal who didn't figure in affair No. 2—as a coward, etc. As yet there has been no powder wasted, no surgeon needed, no coroner's inquest upon a cold, demnition, damp, disagreeable body, and consequently no item to employ the pencil of poor, cheerless Lokleitems.

Narrow Escape.

One day last week, as the wind was tearing round indiscriminately, an incipient fire was discovered in a wooden partion in the residence of John Lentell, Esq., just in the rear of his drug store. It had caught from sparks from a loose joint of stove-pipe, and had just broken into a flame when discovered, having been smouldering probably for an hour or two. A bucket or two of water extinguished it, but its timely discovery was indeed fortunate, for once broken through to air and wind nothing could have saved the entire town from ashes. Can such sheer good luck always attend us? Possibly, for a time; but when the devouring flames do break out during the prevalence of our high winds, we will be found perfectly helpless to save the town from destruction, unless steps are taken to procure a fire apparatus. We call upon the Canvassing Committee to tell us what has been done.

Arrival.

By due notice given elsewhere, it will be seen that The Independent establishment has been reinforced by the arrival of a young assistant. The happy senior becomes a convert to the doctrine of woman's rights, and says she shall vote. According to the printer parient, it has already made an *impression*, and that the *form* is *made up*, although for the first few years its *case* will be principally employed to hold *pi*. It is now somewhat out of *sorts*, and crys for more *ces*. He says it is *proof* against *correction* because it is *nonpariel*, and adds (by way of *parenthesis*) that, not occupying sufficient *space*, it needs *justifying* to properly *lift*. N. B.—This article has been smuggled in, and all hands are now on the lookout for *squalls*.

Spring.

For all the valley over, to be seen by any rover, the cattle are lowly lowing, and the willows green are growing; the rose bush slow is blooming, a verdant garb assuming. Grass-covered are the plains, limpid streams flow down the lanes—the new-set trees to irrigate, foliage thereon to reinstate; the eye rests upon those leafy bowers, refreshed by nary April showers. Num'rous pools are on the street, water wasted, lost complete. The birds in merry jubilee, sing from every bush and tree; the tables are loaded with garden truck, and—and right here our machine is stuck.

New Job Office.

Opposition is said to be the life of trade, a maxim which we accept, and so can have no objections to the printing office resently established at Lone Pine. But in sheer self-defense we ask that the proprietors either employ a competent printer, or else put their imprint on their jobs, as we do upon ours. We do not desire to be accredited with any of their work, and with this object in view we give them this notice, advertising the fact that there is such an institution there.

Right Now.

Parties who have received statements of their accounts from this office are earnestly requested to pay the same at once. Now is the appointed time, as we have large quantities of paper, ink, and material to pay for; besides, if all hands will pay up, we will give you a larger, and better and greatly improved paper for the second volume—the first is drawing to a close.

At the Fort.

Slight shocks of earthquake are reported as having been noticed at Camp Independence last Wednesday and Thursday. It is probable that there was a succession of slight tremors, extending over the days mentioned, as no two accounts exactly corroborate as to the time. We await reports from the Earthquakopolis with the greatest interest.

Stage Line Changed.

We have it that the Southern stage line, from Visalia here, has been sold by Mr. Thoms to a gentleman formerly agent for the same whose name we did not learn. The line is said to be good property, the stages running full both ways, down and back from Lone Pine.

Fire Meeting.

As will be seen by due notice given elsewhere, a special meeting of the Engine company has been called for next Monday night. It will be well for every member to attend, as it is about time something was being done, if we intend to do it.

Opposition.

It is authentically stated that a party is now engaged in fixing up a stage team and wagon to run as an opposition line between this place, Lone Pine and Cerro Gordo.

Cerro Gordo.

Several items of interest will be found in our letter from Cerro Gordo this week. Our Lone Pine correspondents seem to have "chopped." What's the matter?

Garden Seeds.

Attention is called to the notice of J. B. Rowley, which sets forth the fact that he has now on hand a choice variety of garden seeds. Go and get some and—plant them.

Re-Elected.

Judge J. A. Hannah, former incumbent, was elected to the office of Recorder of Lone Pine District, at the election held at Cerro Gordo on the 1st instant.

Shocking.

A slight earthquake is reported to have been felt in this place about 10 o'clock on last Wednesday.

LETTER FROM CERRO GORDO.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

CERRO GORDO, April 11.

MESSRS. EDITORS: The quiet of our camp is seldom disturbed by startling events, such as are chronicled by the press of large cities, such as elopements, for instance—except by foot-pads, who occasionally elope with a saddle, or some other portable piece of furniture. One important reason, if no other existed, suggests itself to my mind, *i. e.* our ladies being of rather contented dispositions, probably do not see clearly how they could better their respective conditions, and hence prefer to endure their present evils (if they have any) than to "fly to those they know not of." They are strong minded enough to attend to their own proper affairs, and let the lords of creation attend to theirs.

THE MINES

Are yielding up their treasures of wealth handsomely. The Front mine is turning out 10 tons of rich galena ore per day, with only a few men at work. Messrs. Belshaw & Beaudry are taking out 30 tons per day through the Buena Vista tunnel, making 40 tons per day to the two companies, both delivering their ore through the same tunnel. The Ygnacio mine, in the Lower Town of Cerro Gordo is being worked again. The Omega tunnel, worked by Messrs. Simpson, Hoffman & Brady, situated near Belshaw's furnace, is being driven ahead rapidly. At present writing it is in over 700 feet, and the owners expect soon to be taking out ore. The silver mines on the east side of the mountains are looking well, and yielding up their rich treasures handsomely. The Oceola company have let their tunnel by contract to William Bastion, who expects soon to tap the ledge. Bill is an experienced miner, and seems to be gifted with good luck, as some would call it, in taking contracts and pushing them to completion. It was Bastion and a comrade of his, William Jenkins, who took hold of the Buena Vista tunnel (at a time when stormy clouds were hanging over the heads of the then owners, Messrs. White & Williams), and drove it into ore—he and his companion taking the chances of getting their pay out of the mine. The result is well known. Some might call it good luck; but a more appropriate way of expressing it would be good judgment, backed by a strong will and muscle. The Friendship mine, owned and worked principally by Messrs. Devlin & Co., is turning out a fine quality of ore. The Wittekind company have not got in with their tunnel yet, but the enterprising owners are pushing their work vigorously, and can not fail of success. The San Lucas tunnel is progressing favorably, as is also the tunnel of Mr. Anderson and others, situated near the San Lucas mine.

You may expect good reports from here as soon as these tunnels are into the ledges. Lone Pine district will make a good record for herself during the coming season, especially Cerro Gordo and vicinity.

BULLION.

There is now on hand at the two furnaces of this place between 5,000 and 6,000 bars of bullion, and the furnaces still manufacturing.

More anon. CITIZEN.

School Election.

An election of Trustees of Independence School District is announced to take place at the school house on April 30, between the hours of 12 and 4 o'clock. If Lokleitems was called upon to express his opinion on the matter he would recommend that the old Board be supplanted by men with a contingent interest in such things, who will carefully examine the accounts and transactions of their predecessors. The present incumbents are aspirants for re-election, and it well behooves American citizens to carefully guard their interests by opposing them. Fealty to principle is also requisite and party interests must not be lost sight of. "To the victors belong the spoils," but as they have enjoyed the public pap, shelve them. Amen! If we were a voter, and not an unregistered Chinaman, we would cast our ballot for Messrs. B. P. Tasker, P. W. Bennett and W. P. George. Selah!

Deep Spring.

A private letter from Mr. J. B. Hiskey, of the mill at Deep Spring Valley, under date of April 10, received yesterday, says: "We have the furnace completed and fired up, and will be in full blast in a few days. Will start the mill to-morrow. I worked 800 pounds of Paul's tailings through the pan without roasting and got about 60 ounces of amalgam; it is as good 'truck' as I ever took out of Washoe. How is that for high?" The same correspondent adds that bullion shipments from that rich district will soon commence.

Lager Beer.

The Pioneer and Germania Breweries, at this place and Lone Pine, are making preparations to furnish unlimited supplies of the most palateable lager to everybody during the coming Summer. This is an important home industry, the establishmen under charge of Baron Louis at Lone Pine being one of the best in the county, while Joe's establishment in this place is no small potatoes. Read their poetical advertisement.

Blacksmithing.

Uncle Abe Parker notifies the farmers and everybody else that he is well prepared to do every class of blacksmithing, repairing etc., from the lightest horseshoe to the heaviest wagon work. We can indorse "Uncle Abe" as a square business man and good advertiser and his (seven) benign countenance and liberal ways are so well-known that indorsement by us is super fluous. See his ad.

Hymenial.

As the subject of the following notice is to become a citizen of this county, we quote the following from The Gold Hill News, of April 8th:

Quite a fashionable and high-toned wedding came off in Virginia City last evening at the elegant mansion of the bride. Bishop Whittaker married General J. B. Winters to the beautiful and accomplished widow of the late Judge A. W. Baldwin. From an old bachelor who was present, we learn that the happy couple, during the solemn and sacred marriage ceremony, surrounded by a large and fashionable party of invited guests, presented one of the most beautiful scenes that he ever laid eyes upon. (The aforesaid "bach" is now "on the marry" himself, and was looking around Slippery Gulch to-day to see who would have him—being tall, handsome, warm-hearted, etc.) About an hour after the marriage the happy couple left the gay and festive scenes of their beautiful mansion and in an elegant carriage and four started from Virginia City for Reno, to take the cars over the mountains to the balmy and sweetly perfumed air of the green valleys of California, to roam amid the sweets of love and bliss in their new and happy condition of life.

The Erie Fight.

The New York Tribune of March 29th expresses itself as follows:

Litigation has carried Erie into deep water. The English stockholders have forced it from its own particular dung-hill in Judge Barnard's Court, and now grapple it in the United States Circuit Court, before Judge Blatchford, where Jay Gould and Fisk, Jr., will doubtless find they cannot carry it so loftily as heretofore. They have already resorted, in order to delay a conclusion, to the extrordinary demurrer that not enough complainants appear against them, and insist on involving Commodore Vanderbilt, Richard Schell and others, who have just beaten Erie in its own Courts, on the present issue. The case is still on in this Court, but judgement in another for $35,000 has been enforced by the Sheriff of Orange county, who has seized a large amount of rolling stock and other property of the road at Port Jervis. The natural result of such reverses as Gould and Fisk, Jr., have encountered of late have been suggested by us on former occasions. The end is not hard to see, and astute business men suspect that it is not far distant.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in Postoffice at Independence, April 14, 1871.

Badger, J	Boyle, John
Baquin, ——	Blackmore, Miss R E 2
Cooper, Lucius	Cochran, A W
Doyle, Barney 2	Freeman, Geo B
Hayer, Henry	Haye, Henry
McClure, Louis	McGee, H E
McHollister, ——	Ryan, P
Roffner, M A	Russell, W H
Roberts, B H	Smalley, Geo
Thompson, T F	Wilcox, A
Wikkelson, P	

J. B. ROWLEY, P. M.

LIVERY STABLES.

EAGLE Livery and Feed STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5 6m

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB,.....Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

Independence, Cal.,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

BLACKSMITHING.

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.

Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39tv2

For Sale.

THE UEDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his arrastras at Fish Springs a

QUARTZ BREAKER,

As good as new, and will be sold very low.

Address or enquire of

fe18-34tf J. W. McMURRY, Fish Springs.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE, NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement

We retain our old motto of

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THIS

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. 1n8-n3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. m25n29tv2

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,

FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,

Best Quality Crushed Sugar,

FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

BLANKETS,

Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRESS GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

HOSIERY,

PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Saddles and Bridles,

Hardware,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

GROCERIES,

Etc, Etc., Etc.,

All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 11, 1871. fe18n34tf

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES, Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfte

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC, ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal. August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Also, in connection,

Partzwick Hotel.

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

mr25n39tv2

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, April 15.....1871.

A New Apple.

I have just received a dozen apple trees from a noted nursery at Beaver Dam, Wisconsin. They came postage paid in one package, in fine order for transplanting, and are of one year's growth from the graft, which was inserted below the surface of the ground. I mention this fact because I believe it to be the finest variety known, and some of your readers might be pleased to know where it can be obtained. It is called the Tetopsky apple, and originated in Asiatic Russia. It is the earliest variety of which we have any knowledge, besides being remarkable for its beauty and excellence, unrivalled for the early market, and not excelled for table and other use by any other summer apple. It is slightly sub-acid and of an aromatic flavor, very juicy and a prolific bearer. It is also called the "Poor Man's Apple," and may be obtained any time within the next two months, or in October next. I would urge upon our settlers, the most of whom manifest a commendable interest in the culture of fruit, the importance of procuring trees of the most valuable kinds. It is no more trouble to raise good than poor fruit, and infinitely more satisfactory and profitable. The price of these trees is only six dollars a dozen. Address J. Gould. I can recommend him as a gentleman of strict integrity, prompt and reliable.—*Solomon W. Jewett in Kern County Courier.*

Notoriety Seeker.

Sol Hews Sanborn, an eccentric old batter of Medford, Mass., has made one of the oddest of wills, and, anxious to enjoy the notoriety of it in his lifetime, has published it. He gives his body to Prof. Agassiz and Dr. O. W. Holmes to be placed in the museum of anatomy at Cambridge. But he wants two drum heads made of his skin, on one of which shall be indelibly written "Pope's Universal Prayer," and on the other the Declaration of Independence; and on these drum heads shall be beaten the national air of Yankee Doodle at the base of Bunker Hill monument annually at sunrise on the 17th of June. The parts of his body useless for anatomical purposes are to be composited for a fertilizer "to nourish the growth of an American elm, to be planted or set out on some rural public thoroughfare, that the weary wayfaring man may rest, and innocent children playfully sport beneath the shadow of its umbrageous branches, rendered luxuriant by my carcass."

Salt for Ague.

The following appears as a leading editorial in The Cleveland Herald:

We wish to give a very simple remedy for fever and ague and wish to emphasize it by saying that it has, to our knowledge, proved very efficacious. It is simply common salt. A teaspoonful taken in water, and a teaspoonful deposited inside each stocking next the foot, just as the chill is coming on. That's all there is of it; but knowing that it has been very efficacious in "breaking" the chill and perfecting a cure, we put it in our editorial columns, where no humbug remedy shall ever find a place, if we know it.

—A good story is told of himself by a season ticket holder on the Boston and Maine Railroad—a wide-awake, jolly, generous, joke-loving gentleman, liberal in his religion. Riding in a horse car a short time since with the Catholic priest of his village, who had been active in trying to induce his flock to become temperate, he familiarly addressed him in language something as follows: "Father——you are doing pretty good work just now—I don't know but you are doing as much good as all the other clergymen in town." The priest quietly replied that he was doing what he could to improve his people. "I'll tell you what it is," continued the gentleman, "I've been thinking of attending your church, but was afraid it would cost too much to get all my sins pardoned." "Oh," said the priest, "we can manage your case; when we have a very large contract we make a liberal discount!"

—The following lines were lately received by a young lady of Anaheim, accompanied by a boquet:

Accept this bokey from a feller,
Who oft has heard the kannon beller:
Has listened to the fifes a tooten,
And helped to do a heap of shooten;
Has seen the war-clouds dark arise,
Like fifty buzzards when they flies;
Who is much bigger than his dad,
And wants to marry—mighty bad.
—*Gazette.*

—John Randolph was once on a race course, solicited to bet by a stranger, who said, "Smith here will hold the stake."

"Just so," replied the descendant of Pocahontas, "but who will hold Smith?"

—A woman's rights newspaper is abont to be established in Paris. The men having failed to maintain order, the women will now try it.

—The way to speak and write what shall not go out of fashion, is to speak and write sincerely.

—Always pray for patience; every day will bring something that will call for its exercise.

—Why must a line drawn by a pen be always on a slope? Because it's an ink line.

—She who can compose a cross baby is greater than she who can compose books.

—Praises are valuable only when they fall from lips that have the courage to condemn.

—An acre of land has been sold in the city of London for $3,000,000.

—Buffalo meat is selling in Kansas City at five cents per pound.

MUSICAL.

PATENT ARION PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY THE ARION PIANO IS Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

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VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1871. NUMBER 43.

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THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.

MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v13m

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK

STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE.

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

SALOONS.

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE.

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

LONE PINE

Pioneer Saloon,

C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.

KEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeps — regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

f(4n32tf

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.

Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

n13jy93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8v29-3m

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE

SHAVING SALOON.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.

n2jy163m

FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

Consul General on the Pacific Coast for Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Russia.

Established 1849.

ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

ESSENTIAL OILS, DYE STUFFS,

And General Merchandise,

By the Package Only.

CASH ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION from this or any Foreign Market, will receive prompt and faithful attention. Miners, Manufacturers and Wholesale Trade supplied for Cash. No notice or attention paid to orders for goods, if there is no provision made for the payment of the same.

CONSIGNMENT SOLICITED.

OFFICE, No. ..... STREET,

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

N. B.—California Products Solicited on Consignment.

N. B.—Business transacted in all the principal Commercial Languages. ja21n30tn

C. O. D.

WM. B. LAKE,

ADVERTISING

—AND—

PURCHASING AGENT,

No. 12 Montgomery Street,

SAN FRANCISCO,

Opposite Lick House. Up Stairs.

WILL FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY description at the very lowest cash rates, he having superior facilities for purchasing and an intimate acquaintance with all the leading houses in the city. All articles sent promptly on the receipt of cash, or C. O. D. 1 30tf

FORWARDING

—AND—

General Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.

Have goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.

WM. M. OSBORN.

Los Angeles, Feb. 18, 1871. v1n34m3

TRAVELING.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S

EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents

OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. a29n5m6

CITIZENS' STAGE LINE.

CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.

" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.

" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 4 A. M.

" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M.

T. W. DEXTER, Agent.

Independence, March 23, 1871. n39tv2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

FOR INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

Cerro Gordo Mines.

By Telegraph Stage Line,

VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.

Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.

Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.

Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.

Fare to San Francisco, ... $50.

OFFICE—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Russ House.

A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.

W. G. ROBERTS, Agent. n1v24m3

Visalia, Feb. 18, 1871.

WOMAN'S SPHERE.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

MESSRS. EDITORS: I am truly thankful for the opportunity to write *below* the surface of life, to point out to coming generations the errors of this, and the causes which have led the world well nigh to bankruptcy of all honor and faith of man in his brother man, and still less in his sister woman. The agitation of the public mind upon the above subject shows that a new era of social and political life is dawning upon the world; for it is not only agitated in our own free country, but is heaving underneath the despotisms of the Old World. I care not how much argument or objections there may be brought against the subject for the more the better.

I still fail to see the defining line of duties between the sexes, so plainly perceived by my opponent. The true sphere of any person is not determined by race or sex, but by inclination and capacity. In saying that Queen Victoria was more noted as a good wife and mother than as a sovereign, is admitting one of the strongest points in favor of woman's suffrage, as it proves that the highest position in the government of a nation is not incompatible with domestic peace or womanly duties. The false idea that the women must do man's work if they have the ballot, is a part of that masculine logic that tends to darken counsel, as per Job's friend, with words without knowledge; but its effects will be to open up new avenues for female labor and enterprise, and to demand the same pay for the same amount of labor that men receive.

That household is happiest and best ruled, wherein both parents mutually help and consult each other with regard to the interests and government of the children and its domestic economy, which differs but little from political rule and economy, especially when the latter is stripped of its financial mysteries of high protective tariffs and the monopolies of land and railroad and other speculations.

As to the lucid (?) statement of my opponent that "In the nature of things since the beginning it would not be a practicable thing to reverse the order of domestic economy." I leave that for some one else to solve. But is not this being done, according to his idea, by men who are cooks and keep laundrys, etc.? If, as he asserts, the duties of each sex are so clearly defined, how is it that men are found in almost every kind of labor in doors which he says belongs exclusively to women?

It is a wonder how women have ever achieved as much of true greatness in art and literature as they have been denied access to colleges and professions of scientific studies, and remunerative offices and employments—ever told that these were out of her sphere, and that the happiness of the world would be endangered by her attempting to go beyond the household routine of home duties.

I also fail to see why the name of Joan of Arc or that of Queen Elizabeth should be numbered with woman tyrants; but either of those male tyrants, Antiochus, Epiphanes, Nero, Tamerlane or Henry the VIII committed more cruelties in their reigns, it is safe to say, than all the female sovereigns that ever sat upon a throne.

Trying to cure diseases or moral evils by the shedding of blood is being discarded, both physically and metaphysically, since two wrongs can not make a right; and so sure as the law of reason and right is ever to triumph over false theories and brute force, just so surely will all cause of war be settled by arbitration. Justice and mercy will only be truly blended when woman stands by man in all the higher duties of life, as she has been compelled to do in all the lowest and most degrading; and as she has been man's helpmeet and counselor in these lowest conditions of life, why may she not be trusted to help to guide the ship of State, and with her keener sense of harmony help to clense the "filthy pool of politics?"

Women are not all angels, and if they were few would find their mates in this life; but they have rights and duties to perform that are not to be neglected or transferred to others. The highest of these is the rights and privileges of *citizen hip*, which is hers as well as man's; and nothing short of the social and political equality of the social and political equality of the sexes will restore honor and prosperity to our monopolized Government.

L. H.

P. S. One word more about "man's knowing best how to legislate for the little community he represents," meaning wife and children. How then about those who don't belong to these communities, with numbers fast increasing? Have they no separate interests to be represented?

The facts are, that very little legislation has ever been done for the sole purpose of benefitting "these little communites," for these are often residing in other States than those in which their lawful representative is sent to legislate and help to pass laws often opposed to woman's highest aspirations and interests.

L.

My First Experience in Journalism.

BY MARK TWAIN.

I was a very smart child at the age of thirteen—an unusually smart child, I thought at the time. It was then that I did my first newspaper scribbling, and, most unexpectedly to me, it stirred up a fine sensation in the community. It did indeed, and I was very proud of it too.

I was a printer's "devil," and a progressive and aspiring one. My uncle had me on his paper (The "Weekly Hannibal Journal.") two dollars a year in advance—500 subscribers, and they paid in cord-wood, cabbages, and unmarketable turnips), and on a lucky Summer's day he left town to be gone a week, and asked me if I thought I could edit one issue of the paper judiciously. Ah, didn't I want to try! Hinton was the editor of the rival paper. He had lately been jilted, and one night a friend found an open note on the poor fellows bed, in which he stated that he could no longer endure life and had drowned himself in Bear Creek. The friend ran down there and discovered Hinton wading back to shore! He had concluded he wouldn't. The village was full of it for several days, but Hinton did not suspect it. I thought this was a fine opportunity. I wrote an elaborately wretched account of the whole matter, and then illustrated it with villainous cuts engraved on the bottom of wooden type with a jack knife—one of them a picture of Hinton wading out into the creek in his shirt, with a lantern, sounding the depth of the water with a walking stick. I thought it was desperately funny, and was densely unconscious that there was any moral obliquity about this publication. Being satisfied with this effort, I looked about for other worlds to conquer, and it struck me that it would make good interesting matter to charge the editor of a neighboring country paper with a piece of gratuitous rascality and "see him squirm!" I did it, putting the article into the form of a parody on the Burial of "Sir John Moore"—and a pretty crude parody it was too. Then I lampooned two prominent citizens outrageously—not because they had done anything to deserve it, but merely because I thought it was my duty to make the paper lively. Next I gently touched up the newest stranger—the lion of the day, the gorgeous journeyman tailor from Quincy. He was a simpering coxcomb of the first water, and the "loudest" dressed man in the State. He was an inveterate women-killer. Every week he wrote lushy "poetry" for The Journal about his newest conquest. His rhymes for my week were headed "Mary in H—l," meaning Mary in Hannibal, of course. But while setting up the piece I was suddenly riven from head to heel by what I regarded as perfect thunderbolt of humor, and I compressed into a snappy foot-note at the bottom, thus: "We will let this thing pass, just this once; but we wish Mr. J. Gordon Runnels to understand distinctly that we have a character to sustain, and from this time forth, when he wants to commune with his friends in h—l, he must select some other medium than the columns of this journal!"

The paper came out, and I never knew a little thing attract so much as those trifles of mine. For once The Hannibal Journal was in demand—a novelty it had not experienced before. The whole town was stirred. Hinton dropped in with a double-barreled shotgun early in the fore noon. When he found that it was an infant (as he called me) that had done him the damage, he simply pulled my ears and went away; but he threw up his situation that night and left town for good. The tailor came with his goose and a pair of shears; but he despised me too, and departed for the South that night. The two lampooned citizens came with threats of libel, and went away incensed at my insignificance. The country editor pranced in with a war whoop next day, suffering for blood to drink; but ended by forgiving me cordially and inviting me down to the drug store to wash away all animosity in a friendly bumper of "Fahnestock's Vermifuge." It was his little joke.

My uncle was very angry when he got back—unreasonably so, I thought, considering what an impetus I had given the paper, and considering also that gratitude for his preservation ought to have been uppermost in his mind, inasmuch as by his delay he had so wonderfully escaped dissection, tomahawking, libel, and getting his head shot off. But he softened when he looked at the accounts and saw that I had actually booked the unparalled number of thirty-three new subscribers and had the vegetables to show for it, cord-wood, cabbage, beans, and unsaleable turnips enough to run the family for two years!

—A Connecticut lawyer, who wished to cross the river on the ice, was told that it would be entirely safe to make the attempt if he crawled over on his hands and knees. Anxious to go, he humbled himself accordingly, and had laboriously got half way across when he was overtaken by a man driving along leisurely in a buggy. The rapidity with which he assumed an upright position was startling to the driver.

—A traveling piano-player undertook to whip an Illinois editor, and when he got through he had only one ear for music.

Pre-emption

We give the following as of interest to people of this section:

WASHINGTON, March 28th, 1871.

A. A. Sargent, House of Representatives, Sir: Referring to your letter of the 20th instant, inclosing a copy of joint resolution No. 21, approved March 3d, 1871, extending time for payment of pre-emption claims upon unoffered lands, I have to state that instructions under the same will be communicated to the several district land officers in due order.

Very respectfully,

WILLIS DRUMMOND, Commissioner.

—How to raise beets—take hold of the tops and pull.

—The smallest internal revenue paying State is Arkansas.

—There is an immense difference be- a hearty and a genial manner.

—Illinois is the third newspaper-publishing State in the Union.

—A doctor's motto is supposed to be "patients and long suffering."

—He who can suppress a moment's anger may prevent days of sorrow.

—The total number of hogs packed in Chicago this season will reach 920,000.

—There are thirteen railroads terminating on the Illinois shore, opposite St. Louis.

—Why will folks pay so much for rent when they can get a house-maid for three or four dollars?

—Getting in debt is like a mouse getting into a trap—very easy getting in, but extremely difficult getting out.

—It is said that a roasted onion bound upon the pulse on the wrist, will stop the most inveterate toothache in a few minutes.

—People who are always fishing for compliments do not need very long lines. They will get their best bites in the shallows.

—A fond father in Vermont offers his farm to any one who will marry his daughter. What's the matter with the daughter?

—Living on twenty-five cents a day and street begging enabled old Jean Pierron of New Orleans to leave $150,000 when he died recently.

—Over 40,000 canary birds are brought to this country every year, and probably 10,000 more are raised in this country for the purpose of sale.

—An Iowa school teacher has been dismissed for kissing the big girls. The girls say the School Board had no right to interfere with their studies that way.

—Anna Dickinson asked Judge Bingham the question "What is the difference between you and I?" "I cannot conceive, madam," was the quick retort.

—The plea of the defendant in a recent breach of promise case in Iowa was, that he "was in earnest about marrying the girl until he got the rheumatism."

—It is estimated that 230,000 people live on the banks of the Merrimac river, and to a great extent are dependent upon it for motive power for their factories and workshops.

—The Cotta publishing house at Stuttgart disposed up to the close of 1870 of 40,000 copies of Alexander von Humbolt's "Kosmos," 6,000 of which came to the United States.

—A census taker out West reports eight thousands colonels in his district. "There used to be more in that part of the country," he says "but a large number of them have been raised to generals."

—An English nobleman's estate on the island of Jamaica was destroyed by fire, and the first intimation he had of the disaster was on reading in an American newspaper its special telegram from Kingston.

—M. Marinoni, a well-known maker of printing machines in Paris, was a candidate for the National French Assembly, and caused all his posters to be adorned with his photograph.

—The ice crop of the Kennebec is not less than 300,000 tons this year. The ice costs the owners twenty cents a ton; seventy-five cents for 5,000 tons has been refused by one company there.

—A mother was amused the other day to hear this bit of "argument" from her little boy. "Mamma I don't see how Satan could have turned out to be such a bad fellow—there wasn't any devil to put him up to it!"

—The remark of an exchange, "that many of our successful lawyers commenced life as preachers," is gracefully corrected by one of the legal gentlemen referred to, who begs leave to state that *he* "began life as an infant."

—A lady of an economical turn of mind inquired a few days since of a dentist in Lawrence, Mass., if he hadn't a set of "second hand teeth" which he could let her have at about half-price.

—Susan B. Anthony says that she and forty other smart women will test the right to vote under the 14th amendment at the election in New York, and if refused will bring the matter before the courts.

—Chicago is in the sulks because a young lady has presumed to lecture on marriage and divorce when she has tried neither. She is told that there are any number of people in Chicago who have tried both.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, April 22.....1871.

REVOLUTIONARY FRANCE.

Why is France revolutionary? Haven't they had misfortune enough yet to appreciate a peaceful government? Is it the gold of Bonaparte or Orleans that causes the arched elements of Parisian society to fight "for an idea," that "idea" being "Paris is France, and the red faction of Paris is the true sovereign of the people?"

The existence of a Republic is impossible as long as the dissatisfaction of individuals can place the life of prominent citizens in jeopardy. Yet to-day, not one of the truest and best tried patriots of France is safe from the fury of a mob that sets every human or divine law at defiance.

They have a government legally elected. They have a parliament which represents the best elements of French society as well as the worst, but in which the better elements predominate. The duty of this government is a plain one. The country lacks one thing above all others. This one thing is "Order." To re-establish order individuals must forget themselves and only think of the state.

This is the result of the baneful policy which, since the days of Louis XIV, has tried to make Paris the capital of the world, and more particularly France. The head grew to an enormous size, while the body wasted. There is to-day an almost irreconcilable opposition between the elements of Paris and those of France. It is because the National Assembly represents in its majority, the people who live outside of Paris that the mob of Paris refuses to submit to its law. And yet, what can they gain by thus opposing the lawful government of the people? Nothing, absolutely nothing. Surely it would be madness to believe for a moment that a minority should rule the majority. It would be the worst kind of despotism, recalling the times of the terrorism in 1792-4.

The revolution in Paris means nothing more or less than this, that the dictates of Paris must be accepted by the rest of the country, in spite of parliament and of established law.

Meanwhile the process of restoring peace and order to disturbed France will be immensely more difficult than it otherwise would be. France is a rich country, and it resources so considerable that the industry and energy of its people would soon make good the losses Franoe has suffered. All that is necessary to enable them to do so is order, and the reign of law; but it seems as though the mob of Paris likes neither the one nor the other.

Permanent peace seems to be impossible in France and for France, as long as the present enormous disproportion between the influence of the capital and the country continues. It is only by the extension of education beyond Paris, and by the gradual growth of time, self-denying patriotism, that the country may hope to gain peace at home and abroad. If there was real patriotism in Paris, every hand and every eye would be anxious to guard and protect the legally chosen government. It is to be hoped that this government will be strong enough to gain by force what it cannot gain by an appeal to the patriotism of the turbulent elements of Paris.

An Eye to Business.

A Washington correspondent tells a story of a member of the Forty-first Congress, whose constituents have kindly allowed him to retire to private life, who during his whole term of Congressional service never drew a dollar's worth of stationery, but instead took a money allowance under an existing rule. But it would not do to neglect his constituents, and he could not correspond with them without writing material; so at an early hour every morning he made a tour of the House, picking up all the loose sheets and scraps of paper from members' desks and transferring them to his own. The same member manifested an exalted appreciation of the value of the Agricultural Department, and was liberal in his drafts upon the seed repository. Upon one occasion he sent in a single order for $1,300 worth of seeds.

Rain.

The heaviest rain storm of the season occurred in Tulare county April 6th. It inspired a hopeful feeling among all classes of residents. About the same date there was quite a sprinkle in Los Angeles that will materially improve the feed, it is said.

THE WOMAN QUESTION.

"L. H" comes up manfully in support of her cause as may be seen by reference to the first page. There is a little lack of courtesy, we will remark *en passant*, in the continued assumption (by implication at least), that the remarks used in these columns in opposition to the views advanced by "L. H." on this question are to be accredited to some "incog" opponent. Our leading editorial column is not the place to look for communications from other parties, and if anything appears therein that may be dignified as "argument," the editors, whose names appear at the head of the paper, are alone responsible and to be credited therewith.

"L. H." says truly that "the true sphere of any person is not determined by race or sex, but by inclination and capacity." Had women the inclination, as many of them certainly have the capacity, the pages of history would not be so barren of great deeds of females. It is absurd to charge their meagre showing to lack of opportunity or educational advantages or other causes due to statue law. If not admitted to colleges designed for males, their facilites for obtaining a complete education are nowise inferior to those of the other sex, if we are to judge by the number of high grade seminaries there are to be found through out the length and breadth of our land.

The very highest educational talent of the country is to be found managing these institutions, and if the pupils are not benefited thereby it is not for the want of facilities. In a very great majority of cases it is the want of purpose or determination, inclination or ability that prevents them from deriving the full advantages offered—their acquirements are looked upon as only a means of display and not as practicable means with which to battle for fame or fortune. There are notable exceptions to this rule—women who, though not of the "strong minded," that have an ambition to elevate themselves above the too common frivolities engendered by a superficial education. In every institution of learning attended alike by by both sexes, females are quite as proficient in mastering their studies as the other sex. That they do not reap equal future benefits therefrom is wholly due to the laws of nature, and not of man. Women are universally admitted to be better teachers of the young than men, yet we do not recall the name of a single one who ever attained a high degree in the calling. The reason is a natural one, and due to one of the "clearly defined duties" that "L. H." fails to see. For instance, it has been and now is a well founded complaint that the best paid and best qualified lady teachers can not be relied upon to retain her position any great length of time, because natures' laws (or is it man's?) prompts them to accept their natural destiny in the sea of matrimony. Herein again comes the "text." In the performance of her "clearly defined duties,"—but a small portion of which can be shifted upon men's shoulders—for the best portion of her life she can have neither the power or inclination to maintain a situation even as a teacher of a school much less of a nation. Would the privilege of brawling in elections, of being locked up with men of every caste for days and nights in jury rooms, of displaying her forensic talent in the halls of justice and legislation—would these and other similar involved rights and duties compensate a true mother for the necessary neglect of children and home duties? Her natural instincts would lead her to care for home and children first, though a nation crumbled. Perhaps, though, these duties, to some of which every voter is liable, are to be performed by those who have no family ties to interfere.

At present the unmarried female has equal rights, under the law, with her male compeer, save only a certain political right. With this exception it is custom and not statute law that circumscribes her privileges—that makes distinctions in the prices of labor, etc. Will our correspondentspecify any law, that a husband can or does make inimical to the rights of his own family? As law is general in its application, if not subversive to the rights of his own wife and daughters, how can he make laws that will not affect them as well as others? "L. H." in the allusion to those historical females, mentioned in our former article, makes a deduction not warranted by the facts. Their names were mentioned not as "tyrants," but in proof of the assertion that women in general are no less averse to war and bloodshed than men. As a further proof of this assertion, see in this issue the latest news from Paris. We claim that no persons are to be trusted with the power of making war unless willing and able to assume its responsibilities. Joan of Arc is a notable exception, whose deeds were only remarkable because performed by a woman, and so far as her operations were attended by success only because gallantry prompted men to follow where a woman dared to lead. The King of Dahomey is a practical woman's rights man, his women performing the duties of soldiers—but he does not conquer worlds, nor is his example at all likely to be followed by other powers.

We have not the slightest evidence upon which to base a belief that the human family is any less bellicose in its nature than it was in the days of Joshua. That wars are somewhat less frequent is due only to a higher appreciation of the rights of trade and the dictates of policy.

As to the fact that men are often performing indoor duties popularly ascribed to woman, we can only say that it is for the same reason that prevents woman from assuming the higher duties of outdoor life—that is that these duties are better performed by men. The kitchen of an epicure, be he king or vassal, is never presided over by women. We have no historical female cooks. The reason is that her strength and administrative capacity is not equal to the demands of extended operations, when in less degree, as in every day life, she may and does reign supreme.

Our correspondent will note the fact that part of her private letter appears in the communication as published. This was done through an inadvertancy—but the whole is good and well written, if the doctrines advocated *are* unsound.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

The forts about the city of Paris are still bombarding the city. The insurgents are committing every possible excess. The Assembly remains in session at Versailles, and the probabilities are good that the Government will be maintained. General McMahon is in command of the government troops. The women of the city have been invited to organize for defense. The official Journal publishes an appeal from sundry women urging the Guards to fight to the last extremity. As there is no likelihood of foreign intervention, the only hope of France of exemption from the horrors similar to those of 1793 lies in the success of the Government at Versailles. With them lives or dies Republican government in Europe, and all lovers of Liberty must hope for their complete success in this terrible conflict.

Napoleon is ill at Chiselhurst.

The Fair-Crittenden Correspondence

The San Francisco correspondent of The Gold Hill News, says:

There is still nothing talked about but Mrs. Fair. It is Mrs. Fair in the parlors, in the saloons, in the street-cars; Mrs. Fair in the pulpit, in the newspaper, in the lecture room: Mrs. Fair, according to some, the worst of her sex; Mrs. Fair, according to others more sinned against than sinning; here spoken of with Christian charity, there held up as a great moral warning; now her crime extenuated, now denounced—the whole community, in fact, resolved into one monster jury, before which the prisoner is daily tried and daily acquitted or found guilty.

The letters written by Mrs. Fair do not prepossess one in favor of the writer. They are very different indeed to those which she received. True, they speak of love and contain fervent assurances of unalterable, passionate devotion, but somehow or other they have not the ring of true metal, and the reader feels that much of the love is counterfeit and mere verbiage. She seems to have done her best to poison Mr. Crittenden's mind against his wife. All the letters exhibit a blind, jealous hatred of that lady—a hatred so strong as to give some color of probability to the opinion I have heard expressed by several, that Mrs. Fair went on to the ferryboat with the intention of killing Mrs. and not Mr. Crittenden.

I have it on good authority that the testimony to be introduced by the prosecution in rebuttal of many of the points made by the defense will prove amongst other things that when the prisoner fired at Mr. Crittenden, at their rooms in this city, the bullet *struck him in the arm* and inflicted a serious wound. It will be remembered that Mrs. Fair, in giving her evidence about that episode, said that she only fired to frighten him, and that he was *behind* her at the time in the hall, some distance away. I believe they will also prove that on another occasion she cut him severely with a knife.

With very few exceptions, the press of the city and interior has strictly observed the well known rule of reserving all comments on a trial in progress until the jury have rendered their verdict. The exceptions to this rule in the city have been The Spirit of the Times and The News-Letter. Boruck's paper had a very bitter article against the prisoner in its Saturday's issue, and The News-Letter followed suit with one equally relentless. Dr. Walker of the Howard street Methodist Church, preached a sermon last night from the text "Thou shalt not kill," in which he made several references to the case, and allusions more or less pointed were made by other city pastors. The trial, it is now pretty certain, will last until Friday.

Arizona News.

We clip the following from the San Francisco Bulletin:

Correspondence dated Sanford, Arizona, March 29th, says: The Apaches attacked the train of Hanna and Stanley, on Sunday, March the 26th, four miles from Agua Frio. A man William Hanna was killed, two wounded, and a herder asleep in a wagon was captured. Twenty-eight mules were run off, and one of the five wagons composing the train was burned. An endeavor to burn the others was frustrated by the arrival of men from another train close by.

Captain Pease, United States Army, with a train of eleven wagons, loaded with Government freight, arrived at Fort Yuma on the 1st inst., making the trip from San Diego in eleven days.

Advices from Wickenburg, Arizona, dated April the 2d, state that on the 1st instant the Indians attacked and captured Jones' wagon train of seven wagons, and upwards of seventy animals. A man known as Dutch Henry, who was with the party, was killed. John Burger and another man, while on their way from People's Valley to Wickenburg, were also attacked. Burger was wounded and his companion killed.

Weather clear and pleasant.

Accident.

As Mr. Voght and his wife were driving in a one-horse wagon, on Los Angeles street, yesterday, the horse took fright, the reins broke, the wagon collided with a post, and its occupants were thrown out upon the brick pavement, in front of the Los Angeles Coffee Mills, into which they were carried, and Dr. Kurtz summoned. He reports their injuries as follows: Mrs. Voght, severe contusion, possible fracture of the skull, and dislocation of shoulder joint; danger of death. Mr. Voght, deep cut on head and bad bruise on hip.—*Los Angeles Star, April 8th.*

Military Exploration.

Lieut. S. M. Wheeler, of the Engineer Corps, has been ordered to proceed at once and explore a large section of country lying south of the Central Pacific Railroad and embracing portions of Nevada and Arizona. This territory has never been scientifically explored and, as it is believed to be rich in minerals, the report will be looked for with interest.

—"Shall I help you to alight?" said a young gentleman, addressing a bouncing country girl, who was preparing to jump from a carriage in front of his office. "Thank you, sir," sweetly replied the girl, "but I don't smoke."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Notice to Sawyers.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISH TO PROCURE THE services of a good Sawyer, to cut lumber, either by the month or by the thousand feet. Apply at the Big Pine Saw Mill, or at the Flour Mill near Camp Independence.

BELL & BRO.

April 22, 1871. n43t3

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN TO WORK ON A RANCH. Apply at Big Pine saw Mill.

BELL & BRO.

April 22, 1871. n43t3

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

BUENA SUERTE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of mine in the Lone Pine District, Inyo County, State of California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Buena Suerte Mining Company, held at the office of H. W. Gould, in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, said County and State, pursuant to notice duly given, H. W. Gould being the only member present, the following assessment of $1 per foot was levied against each member of said company, for the purpose of working and developing said mine. Said assessment made payable to H. W. Gould at his office aforesaid on or before the 25th day of March, 1871, and that said assessment has been due thirty days.

H W Gould, 625 feet, at $1 per foot	$625 00
H Bush, Jr. 150 feet, at $1 per foot	150 00
Cerro Gordo and Virginia M. Co., 150 feet, at $1 per foot	150 00
P W Bennett, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
J B Rowley, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
M D Plummer or agent, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
G W Cornell or his representative, 125 feet, at $1 per foot	125 00
Antonio Meresol or his representative, 200 feet, at $1 per foot	200 00

apr22e4318 H. W. GOULD.

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

GARDEN SEEDS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST RECEIVED A fine assortment of the best and most approved varieties of

GARDEN SEEDS

Which he offers to the public at low rates. Call at the Postoffice.

J. R. ROWLEY.

Independence, Cal., April 15. n42t2

MISCELLANEOUS.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED UP to Monday, 17th instant, for running a tunnel in the Union Mine the distance of 150 feet from its present terminus. Size of tunnel 5 feet in width and 6½ in hightb, of uniform grade and done in a workmanlike manner. Two-thirds of the contract price paid upon the completion of each 25 or 50 feet, the balance upon the completion of the work.

JOHN BRODER.

April 8, 1871. n41t2

For Sale.

A DWELLING HOUSE, WITH FOUR LARGE rooms, situated on Main street, surrounded with shade and fruit trees; is a fine location for a family. An extra lot adjoining. Will be sold cheap—for less than cost. Also, a Blacksmith Shop, with every description of tools; and wheelwright tools, also. The largest and best shop in the county, with a good run of custom. Will be sold at a bargain.

H. C. MORSE.

Independence, April 8. n41tf

Boarding House for Sale!

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED BOARDING HOUSE in the flourishing town of Cerro Gordo, now having over forty steady boarders, will be sold cheap FOR CASH, as the owner is about to leave this part of the country.

For terms apply to A. A. MACKAY,

ap1t2 Cerro Gordo.

Ranch for Sale!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT low figures the N ½ and S W ¼ of S W ¼ of sec 22, and S E ¼ of S E ¼ of Sec 21, in Tp. 15 South, Range 35 E, containing 160 acres. Is situated about two miles south of Independence; has house and corrall, and ten acres under fence. Requires no irrigation and is the best of land. Inquire at J. A. Lark's ranch.

ap1n4014 JOHN G. SCHIFFLER.

NOTICE.

TO T. W. HILL AND H. SCHOENEMAN, owners in the Alpha claim and Tunnel and Omega claim tunnel situated in the Lone Pine District, Inyo County, California: Take notice That pursuant to a notice duly given, a meeting was held at the residence of John Simpson, in the Upper town of Cerro Gordo, said county and State, on the Seventeenth day of February, 1871, whereat an assessment of $500 to the share was levied upon each shareholder in said tunnels and claims; and that there is now due from each of you for said assessment the sum of $1,000 as follows, to-wit:

ALPHA TUNNEL AND CLAIM.

T W. Hill.....1 share	$500 00
H. Schoeneman.....1 "	500 00

OMEGA TUNNEL AND CLAIM.

T. W. Hill.....1 share	$500 00
H. Schoeneman.....1 "	500 00

That said liability is for labor done and material furnished in and upon said tunnels and claims, and is payable to John Simpson, at his residence in Cerro Gordo.

JOHN SIMPSON,
CHARLES HOFFMAN,
By F. K. MILLER, Agent.

ap1n4018

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SILVER SPROUT MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of Works and Mines, Kearsarge District, Inyo County, State of California.—NOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the Fifteenth day of March, 1871, and assessment of Six and 25-100 Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, either in United States gold coin or stock in the company, at the rate of Twelve and 50-100 Dollars per share in like gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, No. 206 Front street, San Francisco. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on MONDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

T. B. WINGARD, Secretary.

Office No. 206 Front street, San Francisco, Cal.

mr25n1014

FLOUR.

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the Lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, August 8, 1870. n5-6m

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet.

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871 n4-32 6m*

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES, Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfte

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4-32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

CROCERIES,
Provisions,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,
HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloth Piece Goods,
Clothing, Hardware
Crockery and Glassware,
TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,
POWDER AND SHOT
Flasks and Pouches.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
Manufactured to order.
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
PAINTS AND OILS
Wall Paper,
CANDIES, NUTS, ETC, ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal. August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Also, in connection,

Partzwick Hotel.

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

mr25-99tf

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, April 22.....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Fatal Shooting.

We are called upon to make a partial record of a bloody affair, which has disturbed the quietude of our little town. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon of last Sunday, a quick succession of pistol shots started all within hearing to the street. They proved to have been discharged by Joseph G. Payne at Luther A. Wills, four shots being fired, three of which took effect. Wills staggered across the street and fell fainting in an open door-way. Dr. F. C. Smith was immediately called and examined the wounds. He found that one ball had lodged under the right shoulder, and one had passed through the left wrist, neither necessarily fatal. The other entered the abdomen near the navel, from the effects of which he died on the following day, after lingering in great agony some 20 hours. Recovering from his swoon, he remained perfectly conscious up to the time of his death. His deposition was taken by Judge A. C. Hanson. Wills was quite a young man, a native, we believe, of Baltimore, where he has a mother and brother residing. He came here from Los Angeles, and for some time past, up to about a month ago, was in Payne's employ. His remains were taken in charge by Independence Engine Co. No. 1, of which organization he was a member, who gave him that Christian burial accorded by all firemen to a deceased brother. The immediate cause of the unfortunate occurrence related to the ownership or possession of a photograph and some letters. Payne is a well known citizen of this place, being a pioneer of the valley. He has a wife and one child, who are now at San Bernardino, they having gone to that place about six weeks ago. After firing the fatal shots, Payne returned to his shop, near the door of which the shooting occurred, and a few minutes afterward was taken in custody by Deputy Sheriff Goodale. For want of a properly qualified magistrate in this place, he is now undergoing an examination before Justice J. J. Moore, of Lone Pine. We refrain from giving the verdict of the Coroner's jury, and until the matter is legally investigated we forbear details or opinions of the affair. We shall give the entire evidence of the case in due time; the trial is likely to be a protracted one, if the prisoner is bound over.

Arithmetical.

A mathematically disposed correspondent writes as follows: "As education is becoming somewhat popular in Owen's Valley, and as we are having some of the N. S. G.'s fresh from the metropolis of our Golden State, I wish to submit a practical mental problem, and would respectfully ask the performer to return through your columns a mental solution. Problem—When Gen. Steele was before Little Rock, Arkansas, with the 7th Army Corps, he found it necessary to flank the works with Davidson's division of cavalry and assault in front with the infantry, and accordingly ordered several batteries to make an equal division of a quantity of fixed ammunition. The first captain took 72 cartridges and one-ninth of the remainder; the second captain took 144 cartridges and one-ninth of the remainder; the third captain took 216, and so on, each captain taking 72 more cartridges than his immediate predecessor, until the ammunition was all taken. In dividing thus it was found that each battery had an equal number of cartridges. How many cartridges were there, and how many batteries? M. S." The problem is a good one, and worthy the attention of our professional and amateur mathematicians. We are by no means disposed to be critical upon correspondents' letters, but since this writer seems anxious to provoke a contest with, and has made unnecessary reference to, some "Normal School graduates, fresh from the metropolis," we would inquire whether his (or her) orthography is absolutely faultless when "having" is spelled with an "e," and "becoming," "taking," etc., with the same superfluity; "mental" with a final "tle," and when "necessary" is rendered "necissary," and makes "army corps" as an "army corpse?" "Untill" is not the approved method of writing that word, and punctuation is sometimes used to an advantage in composition. The writer omits the usual requirement of his real name.

Made a Nice Fire.

A man working at the water ditch being cut for the Eclipse company, one day recently had occasion to bring a load of hay to camp. Having brought it, he deliberately drove up and pitched the entire load directly on top of the embers of the camp-fire, which he had assisted to build in the morning. His interested comrades watched his thoughtless operations, and soon saw the smoke begin to rise. They saw the non-plussed genius cooly drive off a short distance and sheepishly watch the fire. He said, however, that "it was his own hay; he had hauled it along ways, and he'd be d—d if he hadn't a right to burn it!"

Solemncholly.

A party of animated jokists in Lone Pine, during a general "tight," one night last week reached the very climax of ludicrous absurdity. As the revelers successively succumbed to the comatose influences of "drinking between drinks," they were duly "laid out," with head and foot-stones inscribed "In memory of ——; died April 17th, 1871." etc. On one occasion the victim was followed to his own house, and just as he had been comfortably fixed he revived and observed their operations. He simply remarked, "Go in, boys; a fellow can't get drunk without you think he's dead. You will have your little joke!"

The Eclipse Ditch.

Two miles of the long ditch to supply water for the motive power of the big Eclipse mill is now completed. There is a cut of 100 feet long and 11 feet in depth to make to let the water in from the river, but it is now soaking through this and covers the bottom of the ditch for 3,000 feet. A force of twenty-five men and six teams are now employed. Good headway is made, but things will be rushed still faster when some new scrapers arrive, which are daily looked for.

Company Meeting.

An adjourned meeting of Independence Engine Co. No. 1 will be held at the Sazarac Saloon, on Monday evening next, at 7½ o'clock. Members will take notice, and fail not to be promptly on hand.

Sawyer Wanted.

Messrs. Bell & Bro. advertise for a sawyer, to work at their mill at Big Pine. For anyone understanding the business this is a good opportunity. They also want to hire a young man to work on a ranch.

School Closed.

The school at Bishop Creek, under charge of Mr. M. S. Clark, closed its Winter term last Wednesday. This is the largest district in the county, and has had a full and regular attendance.

LETTER FROM CERRO GORDO.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

CERRO GORDO, April 17.

MESSRS. EDITORS: This morning found the territory in this part of the country robed in a thin mantel of snow. The atmosphere is very bracing, and zephyrs are discoursing frigid music around the house corners and eaves, to the exceeding disgust of all out door human bipeds, who are unfortunate enough to belong to the short-hairs. The rays of Old Sol strike the earth at an oblique angle of nothing "divided by infinity." (See "Problem O," the lights Davies Bourdo.)

FIRE.

Yesterday about 5 o'clock P. M., the alarm of fire was heard, in which steam whistles, bells, triangles and human voices mingled their exciting tones. The alacrity with which our populace repaired to the scene would have done credit to the well-disciplined fire departments of some of our cities. Men came from every point of the compass, out of cabins, shafts and tunnels, from mountain sides and up the canyons, all converging to the center of attraction—the wood yard of M. W. Belshaw & Co., where the fire originated, ignited probably by sparks from the furnace. Picks, shovels and buckets were quickly brought into action, and by a vigorous pitching of wood, shoveling and carrying of dirt, the devouring element was speedily subdued. The scene for about thirty minutes was truly lively; the dirt and wood flying in opposite directions filled the air with darkness, and not unfrequently a pair of eyes with dirt. Fortunately, no damage was done, except the premature transformation of two or three cords of wood into an inferior quality of coal, which was a most lucky escape, considering that a cold wind from the west was blowing a perfect gale.

BELLICOCIOUS.

This morning, between the "we sma' hours" and daylight, the quiet of our town was disturbed by a misunderstanding between a member of one of our banking firms and an ex-banker, during which some choice billing-gate was used, followed by a collision of a head and six-shooter. The pistol don't seem to have been injured much; the head, however, gave way to a somewhat profuse flow of vintessence. The conclusion of the affair thus far was a citation and appearance before his honor, Judge Barrows, instigated by the head against the motive power of said six-shooter, the head loosing again. Such affairs may possibly be necessary, but are certainly illegal, and should be visited with prompt and condign punishment. Such a method of practicing phlebotomy is a relic of barbarism, and savours of bad training or bad habit.

MINES AND TUNNELS.

The Industry tunnel, worked by C. S. Anderson, C. Cole and others, situated near the San Lucas mine, is in a distance of 160 feet, the company commencing no longer ago than the 18th of February. The tunnel is in an excellent locality, and cannot fail in tapping a paying mine; the present indications are favorable of striking ore soon. The Osceola tunnel has struck the ledge at last. The mine is looking well, and good results may be expected. The Wittekind tunnel is progressing favorably, the owners expecting to reach their mine within two or three weeks. The Friendship mine is doing well. The Belmont has maintained her reputation so long that nothing can be said in higher commendation.

NEW STRIKE.

Messrs. George Mendez & Co. have struck a large deposit of ore in the north drift of the San Felipe tunnel, 50 feet from the tunnel, and 30 feet below the level of the same.

THIS DISTRICT

is bound to make her mark, based upon true merit, whether outside capital comes to her assistance or not. Nevertheless, a greater abundance of capital would lubricate the wheels of progress materially, and enable Inyo county to much sooner take position as the banner mining county in the State—a destiny that surely awaits her, sooner or later.

CITIZEN.

NEWS FROM THE SPIRITUAL WORLD.

A Characteristic Letter—That "Affair of Honor."

OWENS VALLEY, April 17.

EDITORS INDEPENDENT: In regard to that bloodless duel recorded in your last issue you lamented over the peaceful result, complaining that Lokleitems could not employ his pencil upon it, and therefore was cheerless.

But wonders never cease. When I received a letter from the second of the second part, and as I was reading how I had bored into the pith of a man's soul and honor, and how he, in a rage of conscious injuries to his trained, sensitive feelings, had challenged me to mortal combat—things came to a full stop. The world seemed whirling around. The Inyo range commenced sinking to the level of the plain; the Sierra Nevadas formed themselves into the most variegated flower garden. I heard a dreadful rapping, and realized that I was in the Spirit Land. My material encasement was resolving itself into its constituent elements, powdered up in the mortar of Nature, to become more useful in time. As this state of things was progressing, I felt myself acquiring Celestial strength, and found myself adorned with a pair of wings, which for want of Celestial nerve, I could only flap occasionally. I saw a light gleaming in the distance, and immediately winged for it. I felt very lonesome, and rested several times to save my feathers, looking on large posters which were floating along, which, in my Celestial spelling, I could not read well. But I was certain from the amount of printing done that Lokleitems' spirit was ahead. I soon met a full fledged spirit, and asked him where he was going, in the best spiritual language I could muster. He told me that he was on his way to Inyo county, as it wanted regulation very much; that there was some spiritual depots there proper media, to conduct the the teachings of the spirits to the outside ignorant, especially to the incredulous editors of The Inyo Independent, who were disturbing the heavenly charity distributed for the valley, and were too gross to inhale the breathings of the spirits. The hosts of the intelligent dead would get Andrew Jackson Davis, who is a Major General of the grand guard that is watching the third sex, to make them behave, and move the paper to another county. (I asked about that third sex business, but he told me my senses were yet too gross and encumbered with original sin, and I would spend a billion of years in the lake of purification before I could have any knowledge of that divine attribute.) I inquired how I got there, and he told me he was not the Recorder, but that I would find out more at the light, just ahead. I soon arrived, and by attractive forces was ushered into the presence of the Recorder, who opened the Book of Fate, and startled my spiritual conscience with a list of my iniquities. I thought it very curious that the writing was constantly going on without any apparent connection with the paper. It was geographically kept, and a great many of the people of the valley had their errors struck off—but still they formed a wonderful array of accounts on the debit side. Poor Lokleitems, like myself, covered an immense amount of heavenly foolscap, and complaints were hourly arriving against him. I asked him how my transition took place. He said it was a most curious death, but done according to natural laws; that I was neither shot nor wounded, but because I had not nerve enough when a good gas boiler had let steam off in my presence, and that I was the tenth man who had been sent to the shades from a defect in the same boiler. He said he would show me the gas department; he would leave me in company with the other nine, and we would all find employment in the gas works of creation. His particular instructions were to be careful about the escape valve, divide the material out fairly, and once in a while give a puff extra, to keep up the variety theory. I soon heard a most curious blending of loud noises, and came upon an immense forest of pipes, running in all directions and joining on to a large bladder. Celestial mathematics told me this was as large as the world itself, and that it drained all the vapor of the burning bodies in space, which was finally converted into matter by inflating earthly beings with it, and thus keeping up that equilibrium so essential to everything. I looked with Celestial optics, and my attention was turned to a large pipe that was bringing freight from Saturn. Soon thunder rolled, lightning flashed and all creation seemed to rage with madness. Saturn's pipe had bursted. "Such a gust of gas," said my informant, "will spoil a good many mortals below, who will consequently be compelled to take in less matter for other bombs; therefore, their craniums are thick, to prevent the high pressure from blowing them to atoms." He said that it was one of these accidents which filled a cranium, and the blowing off of the surcharge had killed ten of us. He now introduced me to the nine, who were so glad to have their number filled out according to the Book of Fate that they commenced flopping their feathers and singing loudly.

This noise awakened me out of the comatose state, and I was in mortal coil again, having hold of the letter. It was not written nor signed in the handwriting of the owner of the signature, but in pirncipal No. 1's hand. It was then 4 o'clock P. M., one hour after I was to meet him "somewhere within three miles of Independence, or be published as a coward." It was impossible for me to receive the letter before, as it was sent to hand by a teamster. The parties knew this must be the case. I first came to the conclusion to treat the felolw with silent contempt, but changed my mind however, as he would try to establish himself as a brave man. I wrote that evening to a friend in Independence, requesting him to call on that terrible man and oblige him in a suitable manner. I would have said nothing abont this matter, but as it has been brought to public notice, please inform any one when they wish to post or publish me as a coward, where they can find me. I will save the expense.

A VOICE FROM THE SPIRIT LAND.

Eclipse Mill.

Last Tuesday the air-stamp battery of the Eclipse mill was started up for the first time, and a considerable lot of rock run through. Its capacity, effectiveness and durability was demonstrated to the complete satisfaction of all present, many of whom were very skeptical as to its success. The stamps operate at the lightning-like speed of 156 drops per minute, dropping 19 inches, and on the present trial reduced 42 tons per day. The mill was started up yesterday for a continuous run.

Driven Out.

Reports reach us that cattle to the value of $25,000 or $30,000 have been driven out of Round Valley and Bishop Creek, into the Summer ranges of Long Valley, in Mono county. This was done just in time to escape being assessed here. It is thought probable, however that the owners will think better of it and return with them.

Improved.

Mr. Thomas Boyce has completed a new house on Edwards street, just south of the Court House. A substantial foot-bridge has been constructed over the creek on that side of the street—which helps appearance and adds to convenience amazingly.

Freight.

Some five or six freight teams have arrived and unloaded in town during the past week. According to the Los Angeles papers, teams are constantly loading at that place for different points in this county.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.

Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39tv2

For Sale.

THE UEDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his arrastras at Fish Springs a

QUARTZ BREAKER,

As good as new, and will be sold very low.

Address or enquire of

f-18n34tf J. W. McMURRY, Fish Springs.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERRAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement

We retain our old mottes of

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes.

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. mr25n29tv2

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,

FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,

Best Quality Crushed Sugar,

FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

BLANKETS,

Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRESS GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

HOSIERY,

PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Saddles and Bridles,

Hardware,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

GROCERIES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 14, 1871. f-18n34tf

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Dry Goods,

HARDWOOD,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES.

Crockery,

GLASSWARE,

Tin-Ware,

SADDLERY,

Farming Implements,

SHOE FINDINGS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,

Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Tapioca, Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Jams, Dried Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles, Extracts, Sauces, Codfish, Salmon, Mackerel, Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,

French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS

Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,

SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES

Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER

Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,

WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,

WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITTS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of

Glass and Crockery Ware,

Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

D. COHN & CO.

Independence, Cal, October 8, 1870. n39tf

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, April 22.....1871.

Excesses in Paris.

A dispatch dated Paris, April 10th reads:

Unless the Germans save us, Paris will soon swim in blood. The Commune hourly grows more desperate and resort to fierce excesses. The Conciergerie is filled with priests and nuns, arrested on warrants calling them "citizens, styled servants of a person called God." Archbishop Dubois was stripped naked and bound to a pillar, and scourged and mocked for hours by a band of 200 "Reds."

Amnesty Bill.

In the House April 10th an amnesty bill passed—yeas, 144; nays 46. The rules were suspended to consider a resolution for the abolition of all internal taxes save those on whiskey, tobacco and malt liquor. The House refused to suspend the rules to act on a bill to confine the sale of the public lands to the pre-emption and homestead settlers.

—The Warsaw New Yorker tells a good story at its own expense. Recently it advertised for a copy of its own issue for July 7, to complete a file, and an appreciative lady subscriber, who carefully preserves her papers, reminded the publisher that he had a patriotic or lazy spasm that week, and skipped one issue that week because of the occurence of the Fourth of July, a circumstance which had entirely escaped his memory.

—The manufacture of reaping and mowing machines has attained such large proportions as to make it one of general interest. The annual production is now estimated at about 125,000 machines. Few facts more clearly demonstrate the immense wealth of the farmers of our country than that they expend each year about $20,000,000 in the purchase of implements of this one class.

—The attendants of the Emperor William say that, despite the many affecting incidents of the war with France, the old monarch shed tears on but one occasion, and that was when Crown Prince Frederick William broke to him the news that Princess Frederica of Holland, the Emperor's sister, and to whom he was greatly attached, was dead.

—The celebrated philosopher John Locke, says, "Every sect, as far as reason will help them they will gladly use it; when it fails them they cry out, 'It is a matter of faith, and above our reason.'"

—A California man requested his wife in a ball room, to hold the baby of another man's wife while he danced with the baby's mother—but she didn't hold it. Some wives are too disobedient to put up with.

LIVERY STABLES.

EAGLE Livery and Feed STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House.

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES.

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turn outs. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5 6m

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB,.....Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

Corro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

Independence, Cal.,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

n7v1n3 AL. BRIGGS.

LIFE INSURANCE.

CONTINENTAL Life Insurance Co. OF NEW YORK.

JUSTUS LAWRENCE, President.

M. B. WYNKOOP, Vice President.

J. P. ROGERS, Secretary.

S. C. CHANDLER, Actuary.

ASSETS:

$3,500,102 80!

ANNUAL INCOME:

$4,000,000

Excess over all expenditures,

$1,265,805 86!

SPECIAL FEATURES.

Pure Mutuality, as the entire surplus of the Company belongs to the Policy-holders.

Annual Distribution of Surplus, on the "Contribution Plan."

Economy of Management: only one other New York Company showing as low a ratio of expense to income, during the years 1868 and 1869, according to the official returns to the Massachusetts Insurance Department.

Careful Selection of Risks, as indicated by the exceedingly small mortality among its members.

All Policies Non-forfeitable, in accordance with the explicit terms which are embodied in the written Policy.

Thirty Days' Grace.—Should the due date of the premium accidentally, or otherwise, be allowed to pass without payment of the same, the Policy-holder has the privilege of paying it any time within thirty days thereafter, the Policy being held in force during that time.

No Extra Premium for Travel or Foreign Residence.—Persons insured in this Company are permitted, without extra charge of premium, to go to or return from any part of the world, and to reside anywhere excepting between Latitude 34° North and the Tropic of Capricorn.

Policies Incontestable for the customary reasons.

Policy-holders have a voice in the elections and management of the Company.

No Charge is made for policy or medical examination.

By the Laws of the State of New York, Life Insurance Companies are made specially secure.

The "Continental" has deposited with the State Superintendent of Insurance the sum of $100,000, required by law, which remains in his custody as a permanent guarantee fund.

POLICIES.

The Continental issues policies upon all APPROVED PLANS.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS.

Premiums may be paid entirely in cash, annually, semi-annually, or quarterly; or, if desired, one-third may be allowed to remain as a loan on the policy, at interest, until canceled by dividends, or otherwise. The remaining two-thirds may be paid annually, semi-annually, or tri-annually.

DIVIDENDS.

The Surplus of the Company is distributed annually among the policy-holders on the "Contribution Plan," each one receiving the full amount which his policy has contributed to the formation of the surplus.

On All Cash policies dividends apply annually after the second year, and may be used in one of the three following ways:

1st.—To reduce the third and all subsequent annual premiums.

2nd.—To purchase additional insurance, payable at the same time as the original policy.

3d.—To purchase additional insurance payable in case of death within one year.

These dividend additions may at any time be converted into cash for the payment of future premiums. They thus form a large and constantly increasing reserve fund, which may be availed of in time of misfortune and pecuniary embarrassment.

In the case of policies paid up by a limited number of annual premiums, the dividends do not cease with the term of payment, but continue until maturity.

20,375 Members have been obtained since the Company organized, and notwithstanding the hard times so generally complained of all over the United States, the CONTINENTAL has issued 2,774 more policies in 1869 than in the year previous—being an increase of 46 1-5 per cent.

PACIFIC COAST AGENCY,

H. H. BLAKE & CO.,

MANAGERS,

302 Montgomery Street,

San Francisco.

P. A. CHALFANT,

LOCAL AGENT,

ap15m3 **Independence.**

MUSICAL.

PATENT ARION PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY THE ARION PIANO IS Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer,

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Evenness

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration.

All go to prove what we claim, viz.: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT

Arion Pianos

ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE

American Conservatories of Music,

Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

It affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of retection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of pianos, still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,

HENRY SHROEDER,

DIRECTOR.

New York, September 3d, 1870.

AGENTS WANTED.

We want first class and responsible agents in every city and town where we have not already appointed them.

We Have Just Published

Our Annual Illustrated Pamphlet, which contains a full description of the interior construction of the PATENT ARION PIANO FORTE, and all the other leading Pianos of the principal makes; illustrated with cuts, thus contrasting the ARION with all other first class Pianos, and proving

WHY AND WHERE

Our Pianos are superior to any in the market.

Our pamphlet contains engravings of all the different styles of instruments that we manufacture, giving a full description of each so that a person can select the style they may desire to order, with the assurance that they will receive just as good a Piano as if they were in our warerooms to select it. We have sold over FIVE THOUSAND Pianos, many of them being shipped great distances, and we have never yet received the first complaint. As we give a written guarantee with every Piano we manufacture, for five years, the purchaser runs no risk.

☞ Don't fail to write for our pamphlet which we mail **free,** and when you write state what paper you saw this notice in. ☜

N. B.—We caution the public from purchasing a cheap Piano which has recently been put in the market, bearing the name "Arion." All genuine Arion Pianos bear the name "Patent Arion," and can only be purchased from our New York Warerooms, or our authorized Agents throughout the United States.

All Kinds Of Musical Instruments Supplied.

ADDRESS THE

Arion Piano-Forte Co.

NO. 554 BROADWAY,

fe25 v3n8 **New York City.**

MEDICAL.

Henry T. Helmbold's COMPOUND FLUID Extract Catawba GRAPE PILLS.

Component Parts—Fluid Extract Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

FOR LIVER COMPLAINTS, JAUNDICE, BILIOUS AFFECTIONS, SICK OR NERVOUS HEADACHE, COSTIVENESS, ETC. PURELY VEGETABLE. CONTAINING NO MERCURY, MINERALS OR DELETERIOUS DRUGS.

H

THESE PILLS ARE THE MOST DELIGHTFULLY pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts, magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the FINEST INGREDIENTS. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar coated Pills do not dissolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. THE CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated.

E

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Cankers, Running from the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affections, Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Night Sweats, Rash, Tetter, Humors of all Kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

L

Being Prepared Expressly for the above complaints, its Blood Purifying Properties are greater than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla. It gives the complexion a Clear and Healthy Color and restores the patient to a State of Health and Purity. For Purifying the Blood, removing all Chronic Constitutional Diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the Only Reliable and Effectual known Remedy for the Cure of Pains and Swelling of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Erysipelas and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, and Beautifying the Complexion.

M

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

CONCENTRATED

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

THE GREAT DIURETIC,

Has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposit and Mucous or Milky Discharges, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of Both Sexes attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruption on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, etc.

Used by persons from the ages of eighteen to twenty-five, and from thirty-five to fifty-five or in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains; bed wetting in children.

B

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is Diuretic and Blood-Purifying, and cures all diseases arising from habits of dissipation, and excesses and imprudences in life, impurities of the blood, etc., superseding copaiba in affections for which it is used, and syphilitic affections—in these diseases used in connection with HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.

LADIES.

In many affections peculiar to Ladies, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequalled by any other Remedy—as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous State of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion or habits of dissipation. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent Physicians and Midwives for enfeebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes and all ages (attended with any of the above diseases or symptoms).

O

H. T. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU CURES DISEASES ARISING FROM IMPRUDENCES, HABITS OF DISSIPATION, ETC.

In all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all poisonous matter.

Thousands who have been the victims of incompetent persons, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found that they have been deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "powerful astringents," been tried up in the system, to break out in a more aggravated form, perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

L

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Can not be surpassed as a FACE WASH, and will be found the only specific Remedy in every species of Cutaneous Affection. It speedily eradicates Pimples, Spots, Scorbutic Dryness, Indurations of the Cutaneous Membrane, etc., dispels Redness and Incipient Inflammation, Hives, Rush, Moth Patches, Dryness of Scalp or Skin, Frost Bites, and all purposes for which Salves or Ointments are used; restores the skin to a healthy state of Purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T. Helmbold's Rose Wash has long sustained its principal claim to unbounded patronage, by possessing qualities which render it a Toilet Appendage of the most Superlative and Congenial character, combining in an elegant formula those prominent requisites, Safety and Efficacy—the invariable accompaniment of its use—as a Preservative and Refresher of the Complexion. It is an excellent lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the the EXTRACTS BUCHU, SARSAPARILLA AND CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, in such diseases as recommended can not be surpassed.

D

Full and explicit directions accompany the medicines.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witnesses, and upwards of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, etc. The proprietor has never resorted to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

Henry T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations

Delivered to any address. Secure from observation. Established upwards of Twenty Years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Address letters for information in confidence to HENRY T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist.

Only Depots: H. T. Helmbold's Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New York, or to H. T. Helmbold's Medical Depot, 104 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. Ask for HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S! TAKE NO OTHER.

3u13v1n12

STATIONERY.

☞ **Aurora News Depot.** ☜

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

☞ Store in Post Office Building, ☜

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,

Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with every thing kept in a well supplied WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.

FRESH DRUGS,	TILDEN'S PREPARATIONS
PATENT MEDICINES,	DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS	SHAKER HERBS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,	PERFUMERIES,
KEROSENE OIL,	PAINTS AND OILS,

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FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal. ☞ Read for a Circular.

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Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

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VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1871. NUMBER 44.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. H. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

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Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf]

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STAGE HOUSE.
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THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.
MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v1 3m

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W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.
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A Fine Billiard Table,
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KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeps — regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

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TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
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CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.
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AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.
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WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.
Have goods plainly marked—
"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."
Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.
WM. M. OSBORN.
Los Angeles, Feb. 18, 1871. v1n36m3

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CITIZENS' STAGE LINE.
CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,
Carrying United States Mail
—AND—
Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.
From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:
Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.
" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.
" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 6 A. M.
" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M.
T. W. DEXTER, Agent.
Independence, March 23, 1871. m39tv2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro
RAILROAD.
ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
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Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
First class passenger cars will run regularly.
NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.
JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
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—AND—
Cerro Gordo Mines.
By Telegraph Stage Line,
VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.
Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,
On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.
Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.
Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.
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Fare to San Francisco,.....$50.
OFFICE—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Russ House. A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.
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Visalia, Jan. 18, 1871.

TRIFLES.

"Only a trifle!
As light on the wing
As the veriest insect,
Devoid of its sting!"

"Only a trifle,
By circumstances sent;
In the space of a minute
It came and it went!"

"Only a trifle!"
O maiden, beware!
These trifles may build you
A mountain of care!

"Only a trifle!"
Young man pray reflect,
Ere you aim that sure blow
To your own self respect.

"Only a trifle!"
O husband, O wife,
These same little trifles
Make up our whole life!

Fond mother so true,
These trifles have gendered
Heart troubles for you!

A trifle too young,
Or a trifle too old;
A trifle too warm;
Or a trifle too cold;

A trifle too soon,
Or a trifle too late—
All or any of these,
May decide our own fate!

SUT LOVINGOOD'S DADDY. ACTING HOSS.

We take the following from The San Francisco Industrial Reformer, which paper is reviving the immensely popular "Sut Lovingood Stories," which had their run about fifteen years ago.

"Hole that ar hoss down to the yeath." "He's fixing for the heavings." "He's a spreadin his tail feathers tu fly. Look out, Laigs, if you ain't ready tu go up'ards." "Wo, Shavetail." 'Git a fiddil; he's tryin a jig." "Say, Long Laigs, raised a power of co'n didn't you?" "Tain't co'n, hits redpepper."

These and like expressions were addressed to a queer looking, long legged, short bodied, small headed, white haired, hog eyed, funny sort of a genius, fresh from some bench-legged Jew's clothing store, mounted on "Tearpoke," a nicked tailed, bow necked, long, poor, pale sorrel horse, half devil, and enveloped in a perfect net-work of bridle, reins, crupper, martingales, straps, surcingles, and red terreting, who reined up in front of Pat Nash's grocery, among a crowd of mountaineers full of fun, foolery, and mean whiskey.

This was Sut Lovingood.

"I say you durn'd ash cats, jis keep yer shuts on, will ye? You never seed a rale hoss till I rid up; you's p'raps stole yer own shod rabbits or sheep wif borrowed saddles on, but when you tuck the fus' begrudgin look jis now at this critter, name 'Tarpoke, yu wer injoyin a sight ove nex' tu the bes' hoss what ever shell'd nubbins ur ever toted jugs, an' he's es ded es a still wum poor ole 'Tickytail!

"Wo! wo! Tarpoke, yu cussed infunel fidgety hide full of hell fire, can't you stan' still an listen while I'se a polishin yer karacter off es a mortul hoss tu these yer durned fools?

Sut's tongue or his spurs brought Tearpoke into something like passable quietude while he continued:

"Say you, some of you growin hogs made a re-mark jis' now 'bout redpepper. I jis' wish tu say in a gineral way that eny wurds cupplin redpepper an Tarpoke tugether am durn'd inturnal lies."

"What killed Tickeytail, Sut?" asked an anxious enquirer after truth.

"Wy nuffin, you cussed fool; he jis' died so, standin up et that. Warn't that rale casteel hoss pluck? Yu see he froze stiff; no, not that adzactly, but starv'd fust an' froze arterards, so stiff that when dad an' me went tu lay him out an' we push'd him over he stuck out jis' so, (spreading his arms and legs,) like ontu a carpenter's bainch, an' we had tu wait ni ontu seventeen days fur 'im to thaw afore we cud skin 'im.

"Skin 'im?" interrupted a rat-faced youth, whittling on a corn stalk, "I thot yu wanted tu lay the hoss out."

"The hell you did! Ain't skinin the natral way ov layin out a hoss, I'd like tu no? See a yere, sonny, you tell yer mam tu hev you sot back jis' 'bout two years, fur et the rate yu'se a climbin yu stan's a pow'ful chance tu die wif yer shoes on, an' git laid hoss way, you dus."

The rat-faced youth shut up his knife and subsided.

"Well, thar we wer—dad, an' me, (counting on his fingers), an' Sall, an' Jake, (fool Jake we calls 'im fur short), an' Jim, an' Phineass, an' Callimy Jane, an' Sharlottyann, an' me, an' Zodiack, an' Cashus Clay, an' Noah Dan Webster, an' the twin gals, (Castur an' Pollox), an' me, an' Catherin Second, an' Cleopatry Antony, an' Jane Barnum Lind, an' me, an' Benton Bullion, an' the baby, what ain't named yet, an' me, an' the Prospect, an' mam herself, all lef in the woods alone, wif out ara hoss tu crup wif."

"Yu'se counted yersef five times, Mister Lovingood," said a tomato-nosed man in ragged overcoat.

"Yas, ole Still-tub, that's jis the perporshun I bears in the famerly fur dam fool, leavin out Dad in course. Yu jis let me alone, an' be a thinkin ove gittin more hoops ontu yu. Yus leakin now; see thar." Ha! ha! from the crowd, and "Still-tub" went into the doggery.

"Warnt that a devil's own mess ove broth fur a 'spectabl white famerly tu be sloshin about in? I be durned ef I didn't feel sorter like stealin a hoss sumtimes, an' I speck I'd a dun hit, but the stealin streaked in the Lovingoods, all run tu durn fool, an' the onvartus streak all run tu laigs. Jis look down the side ov this yere hoss mos' tu the groun.' Dus yu see em?

"Well we waited, an' wished, an' rested, an' plan'd, an' wished, an' waited, again, ontil ni ontu strawberry time, hoping sum stray hoss mout cum along; but dorg my cats, if eny sich good luck cums wifin reach ove whar dad is, he's so dod dratted mean an' lazy, an' ugly an' savidge, an' durn fool tu kill.

"Well, one nite he lay awake till cock-crowin a-snortin, an' rollin an' blowin, an' shufflin, an' scratchin his sef, an a whisperin at mam a heap, an' at breakfus' I foun' out what hit ment. Says he, 'Sut I'll tell yu what we'll du: I'll be hoss myself, an pull the plow whilst yu drives me, an' then the "Ole Quilt" (he meant that fur mam,) an the brats kin plant, an' tend, ur jis let hit alone, es they darn pleze; I ain't a carein.'

"So out we went tu the pawpaw thicket, an' peel'd a rite smart chance ove bark, an' mam an' me made the geers fur dad, while he sot on the fence a lookin at us, an' a studying pow'rful I arterards foun' out, he wer a-studyin how tu play the kar-acter ove a hoss puffectly.

"Well the geers becum him mitily an' nuffin wud du 'im but he mus hev a bridil, so I gits a umbreller brace—hit's a litil forked piece ove squar wire bout a foot long, like a young pitch-fork, yu no—an' twisted hit sorter intu a bridil bit snaffil shape. Dad wanted hit made kurb, es he hedn't work'd fur a good while, an' said he mout sorter feel his keepin, an' go tew ravin an' cavortin

"When we got the bridil fix'd ontu dad, don't yu bleve he sot in tu chompin hit jis like a rale hoss, an, tried tu bite me on the arm, (he allus wer a mos' complikated durned ole fool, an' mam sed so when he warn't about). I put on the geers, an' while mam wer a tying the belly ban' an' a-strainin hit pow'rful tite, he drapt ontu his hans, sed 'Whay a-a 'like a mad hoss wud, an' slung his hine laigs at mams hed. She step'd back a littil an' wer standin wif her arms cross'd a-restin em on her stumick, an' his heel taps cum wifin a inch ove her nose. Sez she, 'Yu plays hoss better nur yu dus husban.' He jis' run backards on all fours, an' kick'd at her agin an'———an' pawd the groun wif his fis.

"'Lead him off tu the field, Sut, afore he kicks or bites sumbody,' sez mam. I shoulder'd the gopher plow, an' tuk hole ove the bridil. Dad leaned back sulky, till I sed cluk, cluk wif my tounge, then he started. When we cum tu the fence I let down the gap, an' hit made dad mad; he wanted tu jump hit on all fours hoss way. Oh' geminy! what a durned ole fool kin cum tu if he gins up tu the complaint.

"I hitch'd 'im tu the gopher, a watchin him pow'ful clost, fur I'd seed how quick he cud drap ontu his hans an' kick, an' away we went, dad leanin forard tu his pullin, an' we made rite peart plowin, fur tu hev a green hoss, an' bark geers; he went over the sprowts an' bushes same as a rale hoss, only he traveled on two laigs. I wer mitily hope up 'bout co'n; I cud a'mos see hit a cumin up; but thar's a heap of whisky spilt twixt the counter and the mouf, ef hit aint got but two foot tu travil. 'Bout time he wer beginin tu break sweat, we cum tu a sassafrack bush, an tu keep up his kar-acter es a hoss, he bi'jed squar ntu an' thru hit, tarin down a bull ho'nets nes' ni ontu es big es a hoss's hed, an' the hole tribe kiver'd 'im es quick es yu cud kiver a sick pup wif a saddil blanket. He lit ontu his hans agin, an kick'd strait up onst, then he rar'd an' fotch a squeal wus nur ara stud hoss in the State, an' sot intu strait runnin away jis es natral es yu ever seed any uther skeer'd hoss du. I let go the line an' holler'd Wo! dad wo! but you mout jis es well say Woa! tu a locomotum, or Suke cow tu a gal.

"Gewhillikins! how he run: when he cum tu bushes he'd clar the top ove em wif a squeal, gopher an' all. P'raps he tho't thar mout be anuther settilment ov ball ho'nets, an' hit wer safer tu go over than thru, an' quicke' dun eny how.

Every now an' then he'd fan the side ove his he'd fust wif wun fore laig an' then tuther, then he'd gin hisself a roun-handed slap what sounded like a waggin whip ontu the place whar the breechbands teches a hoss, 'bout es fas' an' es hi frum the yeath es ever eny gopher wer kerried I'll swar. When he cum tu the fence, he jis tore thru hit, bustin an' scatterin ni ontu seven panils wif lots ove broken rails. Rite yere he lef the gopher, geers, close, clevis an' swingletrees, all mix'd up, an, not wuf a durn. Mos' ove his shut staid ontu the aind ove a rail, an' ni ontu a pint ove ho'nets stop'd thar a stingin all over; hits smell fooled em. The balance on em, ni ontu a gallun, kep' on wif dad. He seem'd tu run jis adzactly es fas' es a ho'net cud fly; hit wer the titest race I ever seed, fur wun hoss tu git all the whippin. Down thru a saige field they all went the ho'nets makin hit look like thar wer smoke roun' dad's bald hed, an' he wif nuffin on the green yearth in the way ove close about im, but the bridil, an' ni ontu a yard ove plowline sailin behine, wif a tired out ho'net ridin on the pint ove hit. I seed that he wer aimin fur the swimin hole in the krick, whar the bluff am over twenty five foot purpendiculer to the water, an' hits ni ontu ten foot deep.

"Well tu keep up his karacter es a hoss plum thru, when he got tu the bluff he loped off, ur rather jis kep on a runnin. Kerslunge intu the krick he went. I seed the water fly plum abuv the bluff from whar I wer.

"Now right thar, boys, he over-did the thing ove actin hoss tu the scribe wer what he wer arter; fur thars nara hoss ever fouldid durned fool enuf tu lope over eny sich place; a cussed muel mout a dun hit, but dad warn't actin muel, tho' he orter tuck that karacter; hits adzactly sooted tu his dispersition, all but not breedin. I crept up tu the aidge, an' peep'd over. Thar wer dad's bald hed fur all the yearth like a peeled inyn, a bobbin up an' down an' around, an, the ho'nets sailin aroun tuckey buzzard fashun, an' every onst in a while one, an' sumtimes ten, wud take a dip at dad's bald hed. He kep' up a rite peart dodgin onder, sumtimes afore they hit im, an' sumtimes arterard, an' the water were kivered wif drownded ball ho'nets.—Tu look at hit frum the top ove the bluff, hit wer pow'ful inturestin, an' sorter funny; I wer on the bluff mysef, mine yu.

"Dad cudent see the funny part frum whar he wer, but it seemed tu be inturestin tu him frum the 'tenshun he wer payin tu the bisiness ove divin an' cussin.

"Sez I, 'Dad, if yu's dun washin yersef, an' has drunk enuff, less go back to our plowin, hit will soon be pow'rful hot.' Hot—hell!' sez dad, 'hit am hot rite now. Don't (an onder went his head) yer see (dip) these cussed (dip) infun—(dip) varmints arter me?' (dip) 'What,' sez I, 'them ar hoss flies thar, that's nat'ral, dad; yu ain't raley fear'd ove them is yu?' 'Hoss flies! h—l an' (dip) durnation!' sez dad, 'theyse rale ginui—(dip) ball ho'nets, (dip) yu infunel ignurant cuss!' (dip) 'Kick em—bite em—paw em—switch em wit yure tail, dad,' sez I.—'Oh! soney, soney, (dip) how I'll sweeten yure—(dip) when these (dip) ho'nets leave yure.' Yu'd better du the leavin yursef dad,' sez I. 'Leave vere! Sturn yu d—n fool! How (dip) kin I, (dip) when they won't (dip) let me stay (dip) atop (dip) the water even.' 'Well dad yu'l hev tu stay thar till nite, an, arter they goes tu roos' yu cum home. I'll hev yer feed in the troft redy; yu won't need eny curryin tu nite will yu?' 'I wish (dip) I may never (dip) see to-morrer, ef I (dip) don't make (dip) hame string (dip) outer yer hide (dip) when I dus (dip) git outen yere,' sez dad. 'Better say yu wish yu may never see anuther ho'net, ef yu ever play hoss agin,' sez I.

"Them words toch dad tu the hart, an' I felt they mus' be my las, knowin dad's onmollified nater. I broke frum them parts, an' sorter cum over yere tu the copper mines. When I got tu the hou,' 'Whar yer dad?' sez mam. 'Oh he turned durn fool, an' run away, busted every thing tu cussed smash, an's in the swimin hole divin arter minners. Look out mam, he'll cum home wif an angels temper; better sen' fur sum strong man body tu keep him frum huggin yu tu deth. 'Law sakes!' sez mam; 'I know'd he cudent act hoss fur ten minutes wifout actin infunel fool, tu save his life.'

"I staid hid ontil nex' arternoon an' I seed a feller a travelin.' Sez I, 'How do do mister? What wer agwine on at the cabin this side the crick, when you passed thar?' 'Oh, nuthin much, only a pow'ful fat man wer lyin in the yard ontu his belly, wif no shut on, an' a 'oman wer a greasin ove his shoulders an' arms outen a gourd. A pow.ful curious, vishous, skeery lookin cuss he is tu b'shure. His hed am es big es a wash-pot, en he hasn't the fust durn sign ov an eye—jist two black slits. Is thar much small pox roun yere?' 'Small hell!' sez I, 'no sir.' 'Been much fightin in this neighborhood lately?' 'Nun wuth speakin ove,' sez I. He scratched his head—'Nur French measils?' 'Not jist c|ost,' sez I. 'Well, du yu know what ails that man back thar?' pJist gittin over a vilent attack ove 'am fool,' sez I. 'Well who is he eny how.' I ris tu my feet and straiched out my arm, an' sez I, 'Strainger, that man is my dad.' He looked at my laigs an' pussonel feeters a moment, an, sez he, 'Yas, dam et he aint.'

"Now boys, I haint seed dad since, an' I dusent have much appertite tu see 'im fur sum time tu cum. Less all drink! Yere's luck tu the durned old fool, an' the ho'nets too.

—Here is a mathematical problem which is just now distracting cipherers: If one hundred yards of cord be wound in a single coil upon an upright post an inch in diameter, what time will it take a man to unwind it, he holding one end in his hand and traveling in a circle whose radius is the unwound cord, supposing he walks four miles an hour; and what is the length of ground walked over?

—Never attempt to do anything that is not right. Just so sure as you do, you get into trouble. Sin always brings sorrow sooner or later. If you even suspect that anything is wicked, do it not until you are sure your suspicions are groundless.

—The manners which are neglected as small things are often those which decide men for or against us.

—An old maid speaking of marriage says it is like any other disease—while there's life there's hope.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, April 29.....1871.

OUR INVENTION.

The proprietors of this paper have just invented and manufactured a machine designed for printing superscriptions upon newspapers in wrappers. In consideration of its simplicity and cheapness of constuction, together with its perfect action and effect, we are constrained to believe it to be an invention of real merit and value, and accordingly have taken steps to secure a patent. With this machine we can print any address on a single thickness of news or wrapping paper up to the thickness of three or more newspapers in wrapper prepared for the mail, thus greatly facilitating the preparation of an edition for the mail, besides obviating all difficulties due to illegibly written superscriptions. Our subscribers will note the fact that their papers in future will have their names printed either upon margin or wrapper, and can thereby judge something of the working of our mailer.

The Christian Weekly.

We are in receipt of the first number of a very fine appearing paper bearing this title. The intent of the paper is indicated by the title, but in character it is a marked improvement on the usual heavy, sombre style generally pertaining to religious journals. Its bright typographical appearance, cheerful miscellany and numerous fine illustrations need only to be seen to be appreciated by readers of every class. Published by the American Tract Society, New York, to whom orders may be addressed, or to D. M. McLeod, agent, 757 Market street, San Francisco. Price, $2 per annum.

"Morton House."

Appleton's Journal is now running a story with the above title. We have read this story up to the last chapter that has appeared with great interest, and doubt not we shall to the end. We must say, however, that the drawing of the principal characters, to judge from the opening chapters, are better suited to the aristocrats of the Middle Ages than the simplicity of American life, even of the South. In addition to this story the usual highly interesting style of The Journal is sustained throughout.

Railroad Matters.

We learn from The Bulletin that a party of Eastern capitalists have decided to build, if it shall be found practicable, a narrow guage railroad from San Francisco down the coast to Santa Cruz, San Luis Obisbo, Santa Barbara, San Buenaventura and Los Angeles, and thence to the Colorado river. A surveying party of about twenty persons, under E. N. Robinson, Civil Engineer, started from San Francisco a short time since to survey the route. The road will keep close to the beach all the way down to Los Angeles so that but little grading will be required.

An Affecting Court Scene.

The Memphis Sun relates the following concerning a death sentence by Judge Flippin of Tennessee, upon a former school mate. The Judge spoke as follows:

"Samuel H. Poston, this is one of the saddest eras in my life. Our parents and their children knew each other. We grew up together, went to the same school, the same church, and played on hill and in valley the same innocent games in boyhood. Years have passed since then. Our roads in life have diverged. You now stand convicted of a great, a capital crime, and I, as the minister of the law, have imposed upon me the painful duty of passing upon you the sentence of death. Were it consistent with my official duties, 'I would that this cup could pass from me.' But I cannot shrink from the performance of this sad official requirement, and must not, and will not in the future, though other victims may fail to avenge a violated law. It is, therefore, the sentence of the Court that you be remanded to the county jail of Shelby county, the place whence you came, to be there securely kept until Friday, the 20th day of May next, when you will be taken by the Sheriff of Shelby county, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M., within one mile and a half of the court house of said county, and there be hanged by the neck until you are dead; and may God have mercy on your soul."

When Poston was called, both he and the Judge were very much moved. Poston shook like an aspen leaf, and had to grasp a chair for support. At the conclusion of the sentence Judge Flippin was in tears, as was also nearly all the large crowd gathered there. It was a most affecting scene, and will ever be remembered by those who witnessed it. It was a surprise to all to know the relation that had existed Judge Flippen and Poston, and it must indeed have been a sad thing for Judge Flippin to consign to death a playmate of his early boyhood days.

THE TEXAS AND NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Work on the Northern Pacific railroad is progressing rapidly, some three hundred miles (from Duluth to the Mississippi), being already completed on the Eastern end, and the first twenty-five miles on the western being under contract. Of the Texas Pacific for the past few weeks we hear but little, though in view of the great interests at stake, and of the character of the men identified in its management, we have no doubt this great work will be pushed rapidly to completion. In common with all portions of the Pacific coast we have a general interest in the progress and completion of both of these roads, but especially in the Texas Pacific. Though at the nearest point reaching only within 150 miles of this locality, it is certain to have a vast and beneficial influence upon our future prospects.

We are told that the country through which this road will pass is one highly favored by nature, with a mild climate, untold mineral wealth, and for the greater part, a generous soil.

The agricultural and mineral wealth which this road will develop is incalculable, while the general commercial advantages of the line will prove of corresponding importance to the public.

The effect of this road in respect to Mexico will be to draw to this country the productions and trade of the northern states of that republic, and it is fair to presume to make these states a part of our own country. Trade is a potent revolutionizer, and railroads exert a mighty influence upon the direction and destiny of states and nations. This Southern Pacific railroad will frighten the ghosts of superstition and ignorance from northern Mexico and the savages from our own territories, supplying their places, eventually, with enlightened, industrious people, who will make the great southwest one of the most productive portions of the hemisphere. Such a population on our southern and southwestern frontier will give us another Texas as a territorial acquisition in that quarter, and may lead to the ultimate absorption of all Mexico.

The Northern Pacific road will effect a similar result in the northwest, by first giving great value to a vast and fertile region, and then bringing it under the flag of the great republic—the wings of the American eagle, which are now being spread wider than ever before, from north to south, as that aggressive bird "heads" toward Asia in quest of the rich commercial prey of that fabled source of wealth. Winnipeg and the Hudson Bay country and British Columbia on the right, and Mexico on the left, are destined to be overshadowed by those mighty wings, and through the agency of these two great trans-continental railroads.

Meanwhile, however, it is sufficient to contemplate the effects of these roads upon the territory we already possess, which, without them, would remain comparatively unproductive forever. The cotton, sugar, fruits and minerals resulting on the one hand will be equaled by the cereals, lumber and minerals on the other; and without clashing in their interests, these two great thoroughfares of travel will practically co-operate to develop and enrich the country while profiting their projectors, or proprietors, and enabling millions of Americans to provide homes for themselves, and estates for their posterity. Whatever may be said against subsidizing railroads in general, there can be no doubt that it is a wise policy for the Government to favor such grand and benificent enterprises as these. Posterity will smile—we trust not sneer—on reading the arguments of the present against aiding in the construction of these great highways to the Pacific, and will rank those who now use these arguments with those who opposed giving aid to Columbus, and those who carped about the expenses of the revolutionary war.

The High Commission.

A Washington dispatch says the British High Commissioners received dispatches from their Government approving the treaty recently made by the High Commissioners for the settlement of the Alabama claims question. Full details of this treaty are as yet unknown, except to a few persons who have close official relations with the President, and one of these is authority for the statement that the treaty provides for a fixed Commission to examine and pass upon the validity of all claims presented, and that the Emperor of Brazil is to be the arbitrator. This much it is said can be made public without a violation of confidence. As to the treaty in general it is pronounced very favorable to the United States, at leaft as favorable as can be negotiated now or for a long time to come.

NEWS ITEMS.

San Francisco dates to April 21st state that Cook, for the defense, would not conclude his plea for Mrs. Fair before noon the following day (Saturday), and that Byrne would probably not finish argument before Monday, but as the defense had nearly worn out the jury, it was expected he would be as brief as possible.

According to the report of the Board of Canvassers, April 21st, of the late election in Connecticut, English has a majority of 25 votes. The total vote was 94,959. Errors in certain districts to be canvassed by the Legislature, will it is thought, cause a tie vote between English and Jewell. The Republican Lieutenant Governor and Treasurer are elected; the contest for Secretary of State and Controller resulted in a tie. The choice, in consequence, will devolve upon the Legislature, which is Republican.

The Republicans carried the Springfield (Illinois) city election, and also one that occured under the new territorial organization in the District of Columbia; in the latter their Delegate to Congress received 4,000 majority.

The Apaches continue their outrages in Arizona, one of the latest being the capture and destruction of the mail stage and murder of the driver, Mark Robin, formerly of Iowa. Letters from Wickenburg say the quartz lode, from whence came immensely rich deposits of placer gold near the summit of Weaver mountain, discovered in '63, and sought after many years, has been found at last. It is represented to be 100 feet wide and richer even than the Vulture.

The late rains over this State have greatly improved the crop prospects. In some localities where otherwise, crops would have been a total failure, the indications are now good for nearly a full average yield. The feed however, and especially in the southern counties, was past redemption, so that flocks and herds will all have to be driven elsewhere for pasturage.

LATEST WAR DISPATCHES.

BRUSSELS, April 19th.

It is said the Peace Conference will soon conclude its labors.

All negotiations are made in writing, but it is known that no concessions are made to France.

The Nord to-day announces that Picard has resigned the position of Minister of the Interior in the French Cabinet.

LONDON, April 19th.

Details of Monday's fighting at Asnieres state that the Versailists compelled the Federalists to evacuate it, but, they did not occupy it. The Federalists in the afternoon re-occupied it, and the Versaillists re-attacked in the evening with an incessant fusillade. The Versaillists maintain themselves with difficulty.

The Brussels conference on the frontier and financial settlement is slow.

LONDON, April 19th.

Dollinger has been excommunicated.

The Versaillists have carried Colombes. Many insurgents were killed, wounded and taken prisoners.

Asnieres is threatened from both sides.

LONDON, April 19th.

The Standard says that the spirit of the troops at Versailles is unsatisfactory, and that discipline is wanting. It is probable the insurgents will evacuate Asnieres to day.

There is rumored changes in the Ministry.

PARIS, April 18th—Evening.

The Versaillists have not resumed the offensive. The belligerents confront each other, but are separated by the Island of Grande Jatte. The Federalist loss yesterday was heavy, and it is said that the nationals are discouraged. An immense amount of ammunition was discovered in the cellars of the houses on the Avenue Trocadero.

VERSAILLES, April 18th.

There is a violent cannonade at Maillot and Neuilly.

PARIS, April 19th.

The programme suggested and generally approved provides for the maintainance of the Republic and Communal rights for Paris and other cities.

The Insurgents admit that they were repulsed at Neuilly, but claim victories at Issy and Clamart.

Okolowitz succeeds Dombrowski's brother, disabled at Asnieres.

A dispatch from Asnieres says that the weather is rainy and the insurrection failing.

BOULOGNE, April 10th.

This afternoon a Communist unfurled a red flag. A large crowd collected, and there was considerable excitement on the street. The police seized the flag.

PARIS, April 17th.

The Communists after a severe battle occupied the whole of Neuilly, capturing artillery, and two flags. Gen. Vinoy lost 2,000 men killed and wounded, and 500 prisoners. The loss of the Communes was about the same. Fort Valerin is now bombarding Neuilly. The Germans are massing heavily.

LONDON, April 19th.

The Versaillists occupied Asnieres yesterday, driving the enemy across the Seine and capturing a small number of prisoners

The loss of their battery prevents the insurgents from using the bridge. The insurgents were silent last night.

The disturbances at Bordeaux have been repressed.

NEW YORK, April 19th.

A Tribune's special says that the Prussian officers state that the Prussians are to occupy Paris.

VERSAILLES, April 20th.

The Communists' assertions that they recovered the positions lost on 18th are false. The Parisians were driven to the right bank of the Seine and are not attempting to return to Asnieres.

PARIS, April 20th—Evening.

There has been desperate house-to-house fighting at Neuilly and Levallois. The Versaillists are reinforced at Neuilly bridge with artillery. The Federalists defend with tenacity the barricade opposite Versaillists. There is incessant cannonading. The Versaillists don't occupy the villiage of Asnieres, but are intrenched at the railway station and in Colombes woods. The Versaillists fire greatly tries the Nationals, who have sustained heavy loss, but are courageous. A decisive engagement impends. Maillot gate and the ramparts adjoining are in ruins. The Arch of Triumph is suffering by the terrible bombardment, the shells reaching the Rue Calise. The Bien Public refuses to stop publication. The compositors of the other papers are rioting.

LONDON, April 21st.

A Daily News special says the Prussians intend surrendering the forts to the lawful Government. The five hundred millions are still unpaid.

The barricade at the Rue Rivolo is formidable.

Duke de Broglie has returned to London.

VERSAILLES, April 20th.

Several barricades have surrendered with prisoners and cannon captured at Neuilly. The latter were presented to Thiers, who congratulated the troops. The Prussians require to know the number of French troops arriving daily.

PARIS, April 20th.

The Commune has issued a manifesto saying Paris is once more laboring and suffering for the regeneration of France. She demands the local encouragement of producers. She does not aim at a dictatorship. She desires decentralized unity of the country. The document pronounces compromise with the Versailles Government impossible, and closes with an appeal to France to disarm the troops now threatening the capital.

VERSAILLES, April 20th.

Thiers, in a circular to the Prefects of Departments, announces the capture of Asnieres. He declares the end of criminal resistance to the Government is approaching.

Sensible.

The State of Wisconsin has abolished the Grand Jury system. The act takes effect on the 1st of July next. This is a somewhat doubtful experiment, and the people of other States will look for its results with great interest.

Buckskin Again.

TEMECULA, San Diego Co., March 31.

EDITOR STAR: Permit me to address you these few lines. About the 14th ult., Mr. B. S. Bryant and three other men came to this place to take Buckskin Frank. After a hunt of about six days they returned to this place, saying Buckskin could not be found, and the next day they left for Los Angeles. Last Sunday, the 25th ult., Mr. Thos. A. Case came to this place, and said he had met Mr. Jose M. Pico, who lives near San Luis Rey. Mr. Pico told him that Buckskin Frank was camping about ten miles from that place with two other men; from looks of things it seems they were hunting bees and honey for the San Luis Rey market. Again, Buckskin was seen about eight miles from this place, by Don Leon, an Indian I live in hope when these few lines come before the people, some one will come again and give Buckskin another hunt. Yours truly.

JOHN SMITH, JR.

—*Los Angeles Star.*

Look Out for Them.

On the 17th of February last, O. K. Smith, of San Louis Obispo County, left home with his team, and has not since been heard from. It is now generally believed that he was murdered, and his animals run out of the State. They are described as follows: Two fair sized strawberry roan mares, bearing the brand of K in a circle, or "Circle K;" one a little darker than the other. No other brand. Gentle to work or ride. Any person seeing such horses are requested to write to Z. B. Smith, Cambria, San Louis Obispo County, California.

—If Wisconsin girls remain unmarried at the age of fifteen, they are encouraged by their families to commit suicide.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ATTENTION, ONES!

THERE WILL BE A REGULAR MEETING OF Independence Engine Co. No. 1, on MONDAY EVENING NEXT, MAY 1st, at 7½ o'clock, at the Sazirac Saloon, for the transaction of such business as may be brought up. Every member should be present.

n44tf A. C. HANSON, President.

J. B. WHITE

OF INDEPENDENCE, WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. n44td*

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County. Apply to

A. M. BEAUDRY,
apr29 4tf Cerro Gordo

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place. apr29n44m4

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

BUENA SUERTE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of mine in the Lone Pine District, Inyo County, State of California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Buena Suerta Mining Company, held at the office of H. W. Gould, in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, said County and State, pursuant to notice duly given, H. W. Gould being the only member present, the following assessment of $1 per foot was levied against each member of said company, for the purpose of working and developing said mine. Said assessment made payable to H. W. Gould at his office aforesaid on or before the 25th day of March, 1871, and that said assessment has been due thirty days.

H W Gould, 625 feet, at $1 per foot	$625 00
H Bush, Jr. 150 feet, at $1 per foot	150 00
Cerro Gordo and Virginia M. Co., 150 feet, at $1 per foot	150 00
P W Bennett, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
J B Rowley, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
M D Plummer or agent, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
G W Cornell or his representative, 125 feet, at $1 per foot	125 00
Antonio Meresel or his representative, 200 feet, at $1 per foot	200 00

apr22n43t8 H. W. GOULD.

NOTICE.

TO T. W. HILL AND H. SCHOENEMAN, owners in the Alpha claim and Tunnel and Omega claim tunnel, situated in the Lone Pine District Inyo County, California: Take notice That pursuant to a notice duly given, a meeting was held at the residence of John Simpson, in the Upper town of Cerro Gordo, said County and state, on the Seventeenth day of February, 1871 whereat an assessment of $500 to the share was levied upon each shareholder in said tunnels and claims; and that there is now due from each of you for said assessment the sum of $1,000 as follows, to wit:

ALPHA TUNNEL AND CLAIM.

T. W. Hill	1 share	$500 00
H. Schoeneman	1 "	500 00

OMEGA TUNNEL AND CLAIM

T. W. Hill	1 share	$500 00
H. Schoeneman	1 "	500 00

That said liability is for labor done and material furnished in and upon said tunnels and claims, and is payable to John Simpson, at his residence in Cerro Gordo.

JOHN SIMPSON,
CHARLES HOFFMAN,
apr1n40t6 By F. K. MILLER, Agent.

For Sale,

A DWELLING HOUSE, WITH FOUR LARGE rooms, situated on Main street, surrounded with shade and fruit trees; is a fine location for a family. An extra lot adjoining. Will be sold cheap—for less than cost. Also, a Blacksmith Shop, with every description of tools; and wheelwright tools, also. The largest and best shop in the county, with a good run of custom. Will be sold at a bargain.

Independence, April 8. H. C. MORSE. n41tf

Boarding House for Sale!

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED BOARDING HOUSE in the flourishing town of Cerro Gordo, now having over forty steady boarders, will be sold cheap FOR CASH, as the owner is about to leave this part of the country.

For terms apply to A. A. MACKAY.
apr12 Cerro Gordo.

For Sale.

THE UEDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT his arrastras at Fish Springs a

QUARTZ BREAKER,

As good as new, and will be sold very low.

Address or enquire of
fe18n34tf J. W. McMURRY, Fish Springs.

Ranch for Sale!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, AT low figures, the N ½ and S W ¼ of S W ¼ of Sec 22, and S E ¼ of S E ¼ of Sec 21, in Tp. 13 South, Range 35 E, containing 160 acres. Is situated about two miles south of Independence; has house, and corrall, and ten acres under fence. Requires no irrigation and is the best of land. Inquire at J. A. Lank's ranch.

apl1n40t4 JOHN G. SCHIFFER.

Notice to Sawyers.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISH TO PROCURE THE services of a good Sawyer, to cut lumber, either by the month or by the thousand feet.

Apply at the Big Pine Saw Mill, or at the Flour Mill near Camp Independence.

BELL & BRO.
April 22, 1871. n43t3

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN TO WORK ON A RANCH. Apply at Big Pine Saw Mill.

BELL & BRO.
April 22, 1871. n43t3

GARDEN SEEDS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST RECEIVED A fine assortment of the best and most approved varieties of

GARDEN SEEDS

Which he offers to the public at low rates. Call at the Postoffice.

J. B. ROWLEY.
Independence, Cal., April 15. n42t2

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,

FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,

Best Quality Crushed Sugar,

FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

BLANKETS,

Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRESS GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

HOSIERY,

PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Saddles and Bridles,

Hardware,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

GROCERIES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 14, 1871. fe18n34tf

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. mr35n29tv2

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12t52

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, April 29.....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

That Problem.

We have received several solutions to the problem which appeard in our last issue. It is a difficult mattter to correctly represent the different operations by ordinary characters in general use, but those used will doubtless be understood. If our student friends are sufficiently interested in these matters to cont nue their contests (friendly, let us hope), we will supply our establishment with a font of fractions and algebraic signs. "Army Blue" sends us solutions, and we give the following as his "Mental Method," saying: "I enclose you herewith answer to problem appearing in The Independent of last week. This is not from a N. S. G., but one wearing the emblem of Uncle Sam—a "high private in the rear rank." It was not deemed necessary to go further than our garrison to solve this little problem. After the first captain took 72 cartridges, there remained a certain number. Of this number he took one-ninth, consequently leaving eight-ninths to his successors. If the second captain had taken one-ninth of these eight-ninths, he would have taken eight-eighths, but he first took 144; therefore the second captain 144 plus eight-eighths less 16—sixteen being one-ninth of 144. Subtracting the 16, we find that the second captain took 128 plus eight-eighths of the aforesaid number. And the first captain took 72 plus one-ninth of said number. One ninth being nine-eighty-firsts, we find by subtraction that one-eighty-first of the number is equal to 56, and 81 times 56, or the whole number, to be 4536. The 72 which the first captain took added to this gives 4608, the whole number of cartridges. As the first captain took one-ninth of 4536 plus 72, he took 576; each of the other captains took the same amount. 4608 divided by 576 gives the quotient 8, the number of batteries." An "N. S. G." arrives at precisely the same conclusion by a similar process, but it is impossible for us to put in print the written characters. He says: "M. S. seems to be devoting some attention to education, whether from an interest in that subject or merely to find out whether some N. S. G.s who have lately come to this county are able to solve a pet problem, I know not. But fearing that M. S. is waiting for an answer, and perchance may not have interested any one in the subject enough to cause them to hand in a solution, I would respectfully submit the foregoing."

Political.

Mr. J. B. White, who is about establishing himself in business at this place, leaving Cerro Gordo for that purpose, sets the political ball in motion by announcing himself as a candidate for the position of County Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention. It is noticeable that politics are beginning to warm up a little; and indeed it is time, for the date of holding the conventions, etc., is not far distant. A very strict party contest for county officers is not probable, it being possible that both parties will neglect making nominations for some of the minor positions where popular men are aspiring on the other side. It looks hardly like politics, though, for a party to leave their candidates unprovided for, and leave places on their tickets unfilled. The good feature about the present out-look is that the best of men will doubtless receive the nominations on both sides—the general desire seeming to be to harmonize parties and get good men into position. We have compiled the following list of candidates spoken of, as a matter of news and interest to our readers: For County Judge—Republican, O. L. Mathews; Democratic, E. H. Van Decar. Sheriff—Republican, T. J. Goodale, Thomas May; Democratic—W. L. Hunter, Frank Hutchison, E. Harrington, C. Mulkey. County Clerk—Republican, Rockwell Loomis, Seth G. Sneden; Democratic, J. B. White, W. L. Moore, I. P. Yaney. District Attorney, A. C. Hanson, Republican, is the only gentleman spoken of in our presence. H. M. Isaacs is mentioned as a probable Democratic candidate for Treasurer. For Assessor, John Westerville and J. L. Garretson, both Republicans, are talked of. Assemblymen—Republican, P. W. Bennett; Democratic, P. B. Curtis. C. P. Whipple is also mentioned as a candidate for the same position. There may be others just as prominently before the people, but we believe the foregoing completes all the names mentioned; if any of the gentlemen named are *not* aspirants there is no harm done—if they are it is all right anyhow. But they should follow the example of Mr. White, and "show their hands;" it will cost them no more now than later in the canvass.

The Whisky Flat Homicide.

We leaan that Joseph Farrell, who killed Wm. Baxter at Whisky Flat March 25th, has been discharged from custody by a Justice of Mono County, there being no evidence in the case but his own. He claims to have been frightened at the moment by the threatening actions of Baxter, and shot him in self-defense. Just previous, it will be remembered, Farrell had searched his man for $64, which he claimed Baxter had stolen from him, and finding only a four-bit piece he took that. Some say he (Farrell) is crazy. We believe he is now in Palmetto. Baxter lived a short time after the shooting, but said nothing to throw any light upon the subject. He was a native of Grand Gulf, Miss., and about 40 years of age. He was a little fellow, being only five feet and one inch high, of fair complexion and blue eyes. He joined the United States steamer Monocacy at Singapore, March 4, 1867, and got an honorable discharge at Hong Kong, March 12, 1870. He entered as an ordinary seaman, and rose to be a sailmaker's mate and chief quartermaster; he had a ship tattooed on his right arm. A memorandum book found on his body showed that he wrote a beautiful hand, and it contained some fine crayon sketches of scenery in various parts of the globe. The name "Charles Baxter" was written inside a wallet he had containing his papers.

Turning Lathe.

H. C. Morse has just added to the working machinery of his wagon and blacksmith shop a wood and iron turning lathe, which much needed institution, strange to say, is the first one in operation in this place.

Bound Over.

Joseph G. Payne, on his examination before Justice Moore, of Lone Pine, was bound over for manslaughter, subject to the action of the Grand Jury.

Agents.

Messrs. Harris & Rhine have been made agents for the Florence Sewing Machine in this place. See the advertisement.

DISTRICT COURT CALENDAR.

Hon. Theron Reed, Judge.

J. S. Rothschild & Co. vs. George Shedd et. als.
Same vs. Ryan et. als.
Same vs. Ryan & Miller.
E. A. Reddy vs. Gustave Wiss et. als.
Same vs. San Felipe M. Co.
P. W. Bennett vs A. H. Dorr.
V. Beaudry vs. E. A. de la Mier, Gustave Wiss et. als.
J. B. Hiskey vs. Deep Spring Mill and Mining Co.
Los Angeles Wine Growers' Association vs. J. B. Sibas et. al.
James Barker vs. L. Llaski.
Ellen Moran vs. T. W. Dexter.
E. Dias vs. Juan Ybesita.
M. Friedlander & Co. vs. Pinchower & Bro.
J. A. Jennings vs. S. F. Sennings.

A Card—To the Public.

Being of counsel for J. G. Payne, we deem it proper to ask the public to suspend forming any opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the accused, until the matter shall have undergone a legal investigation. It will be only a few days when the case will be taken in hand by a Grand Jury of the county, and in the meantime we hope we do not ask too much of a fair and generous public to forbear from forming any conclusions upon *ex-parte* statements.

P. Reddy,
W. P. George,
Of counsel for the accused.

Election of School Trustees.

To-day is the date designated by law for the election of school trustees in all the districts of the State. In this place the polls will be opened at 1 o'clock P. M., at the school house. We very much hope that all our citizens will attend this election, and thus manifest a proper appreciation of the cause of education. If there were no other higher and better motive, the credit of our little town demands that some means should be offered the resident children to obtain at least the rudiments of an education. To have the county town district the only one in the county without a school is a poor showing for its inhabitants, though nine-tenths of them do not have an immediate or direct interest in the matter. The election is, of itself, a matter of small importance, except as a means of giving an expression to the wishes of our people on the main question; and therefore it is to be hoped that every man in this place who may feel that he has any interest in its future welfare and reputation, will not only vote at this election, but otherwise assist in sustaining a school.

"Vindex."

We are in receipt of an ably written communication signed "Vindex," but unaccompanied with the author's real name, for which reason we must decline to publish it. We will state, however, that the course of certain parties who are trying to prejudice the public against the principal in the late unfortunate tragedy is severely condemned, and concludes as follows: "The stringent necessity which drove Mr. Payne to take the life of a human being will be deplored by every citizen whose good opinion is worth having, and adunadversions upon the course which Mr. Payne was campelled to pursue can have no effect other than to forstall public opinion, and prevent a fair and impartial trial. Mr. Payne, as I under, stand, is an old and respected pioneer of Owens River Valley, stands irreproachable in this community as father, husband, citizen and son; and we must have fallen on evil days indeed, if a man must encounter the censure of the public when defending his property, his person and, above all, the sanctity of his family and maritai relations."

Escaped.

Wm. King, whose career of stealing horses, eluding pursuit, accidentally shooting himself, final surrender, conviction and sentence of two years to the State Prison, will be remembered by our citizens, was started for his new residence under charge of a man named Taylor, stage driver upon the southern route. When in or near Visalia he managed to slip the shackels off his wounded leg, and, picking up the loose end, deliberately walked off. The Sheriff of Tulare was out after him when we last heard of the matter, with good chances of retaking him; the Visalia papers will probably tell us more about it when they arrive to-night. We believe that Mr. Elder placed his prisoner in charge of a trustworthy man, and that the escape was effected out of pure cussedness on King's part. But we congratulate the thief, and hope he'll stay loose. It's no justice to turn two men scot free and keep the third one, just because he was lame. That lot of horse thieves panned out rather slim after our citizens took so much trouble to secure them.

Kearsarge.

The im nense improvements at the Kearsarge mine and mill are about completed, and Superintendent Winters will find things in tip-top shape. The tramway will be finished to-day; the turbine wheel is in and ready for motion. Six Wheeler pans have been added to the mill, and on the 5th of May the works start up for all time. There have been some 40 men employed—carrying the work rapidly on; this force will now be transferred to the mine. The workmen pay the highest compliments to the engineering skill and abilities of Mr. I. F. Thompson, who has immediate charge of the work.

Arrivals.

Hon. Theron Reed, District Judge, arrived in town by last Thursday's stage, and will open Court on Monday next, May 1st. Gen. John B. Winters, the distinguished Washoeite, arrived with his lady and attendants last Wednesday, by private conveyance. Mr. I Harris has just returned from a long stay in San Francisco. Mr. Rhine, of the same firm, has also arrived, accompanied by his family. Also the family of Mr. Wood. We believe that all of these intend remaining permanent residents, excepting the Judge, of course.

The Deep Spring Road.

Work is now progressing on the road between Deep Spring and this valley, Messrs. Greenley & Hubbard having taken the matter in charge. These enterprising parties have already made a splendid wood road up the canyon for some eight miles, and they propose to complete it all the way across. They estimate the expense at about $4,000. There is no question but it will be a great benefit to this valley, and it ought to prove a paying property.

Dull.

For the past week or two our town has worn an air of concentrated dullness of the most aggravating description. Lone Piners make the same complaint concerning their generally lively town. Cerro Gordo seems to be just now the only place in the county with much get-up to it, and it is reported as booming.

Board of Supervisors.

The Hon. Board of Supervisors met last Saturday, April 22, and made selection and return of Grand and Trial Jurors for the ensuing year. A regular meeting of that body will take place Monday, May 1st.

Running.

The Deep Spring mill is now in motion, operating very successfully, and getting out good bullion. You bet!

Rambunctious.

A lordly gent of the Piute persuasion day before yesterday turned himself promiscuously loose, bravely pounding up his squaw, burning her wardrobe and kicking up blazes generally around and among his household. He is now decorated with jewels, and is meditating upon the tyranical disposition of white men. Its rather bad to spend the people's money prosecuting the cuss, and the next time he interferes with other Indians employed by our citizens he should be treated to a lead pill. If properly administered it will tend greatly to effect a cure.

P. S. Since writing the above we learn he has met the fate of most prisonrs of this County—Skedadled to the mountains.

To Merchants.

An unequaled opportunity is offered to capitalists of stepping into a large and very profitable merchandising business, in one of the best mining camps on the coast, by Mr. V. Beaudry, who proposes to sell his store and property in Cerro Gordo. This has long been known to be one of the best paying houses in the county, but the proprietor is compelled to sell by reason of failing health. See his announcement.

Conveyancer.

Mr. Albert Mack has received the appointment of Notary Public and that of Commissioner of Deeds for Nevada, for the town of Partzwick, Benton, Hot Springs and the rest of its names. (It might sell one of its names to our town of Snethsigeden). This will prove a great convenience to those residing in that part of Mono County.

Monthly Meeting.

There will be a regular monthly meeting of One's Company, at the Sazarac saloon, on Monday night next—it being the first Monday in the month. Let members make a note of it, and be there at 7½ o'clock, sharp.

Cerro Gordo.

This metaliferous region is steadily going on in its own, peculiar way, and piling up bullion bricks, with which to astonish the outside barbarians. Work on the broken water pipes is progressing, and the "scace" liquid will soon be conducted to town.

Bullion Shipment.

During the week ending Saturday the 22d instant, there were shipped from the Furnace of Mr. V. Beaudry, at Cerro Gordo, 1,225 bars of bullion, weighing 84 pounds each.

May Day.

Next Monday is May the 1th. Our poetical machine is busted. Who proposes to celebrate? Which would you rather do or go a fishin'?

SPECIAL NOTICES.

"The wind is tempered to the shorn lamb," otherwise the delicate organization of women could never bear up under the severe trials which it is her lot to endure. As a means of sustaining her strength, and bringing her safely through the difficulties and dangers of which she is by nature the heiress, no medicine ever prescribed is comparable to Dr. Walker's Vegetable Vinegar Bitters. In all derangements of the female system it restores regularity, and promotes physical vigor and mental repose.

FLOUR.

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.

Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39-tf2

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. F. M. FISHBURN, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement

We retain our old mottes of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871 n26m3

DRUGS.

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES, Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfte

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines.

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY.

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

mr25n39tf2

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7tf

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Dry Goods.

HARDWOOD,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES.

Crockery,

GLASSWARE.

Tin-Ware.

SADDLERY,

Farming Implements,

SHOE FINDINGS.

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,

Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Tapioca, Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Jams, Dried Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles, Extracts, Sauces, Codfish, Salmon, Mackerel, Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,

French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS

Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,

SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES!

Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER

Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,

WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,

WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITTS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of

Glass and Crockery Ware,

Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

D. COHN & CO.

Independence, Cal., October 8, 1870. n14tfe

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, April 29.....1871.

The War Indemnity of Two Hundred Millions.

[From The Manchester Guardian.]

A correspondent sends us the following: "Figures fail to convey to the mind an adequate impression of this enormous sum, and we can form but a faint idea of what £200,000,000 really is without practically illustrating it. £200,000,000 in sovereigns would weigh 1,569 tons. To convey this sum we should require 3,138 carts, each loaded with half a ton of the precious metal, or 63,735 sovereigns. Let us horse these treasure carts, and arrange that a space of six feet shall intervene between each cart; from the head of one horse to the head of the next would be a space of 20 feet, so that we have one unbroken line of carts of nearly 12 miles in length. If we load railway wagons with the coin, and place in each wagon 10 tons weight of sovereigns, we should require four trains of 40 carriages each. Let us pile these sovereigns one upon the other, and we shall build a column more than 197 miles high: or in other words, if we fix the base of the column at Manchester and the column were to fall, it might scatter its golden compliments in the streets of Bristol and about the suburbs of Bath. If these 200,000,000 sovereigns are placed upon the ground, and arranged in one continuous and unbroken line, each coin touching its neighbor, we shall have a golden girdle nearly 2,754 miles long, equal to the coast line of England, Wales and Ireland. If we place 21 sovereigns in a row, we shall find the length of the line to be 18 inches. Let us place these rows of 21 in close order, each row as well as each coin touching its neighbor, we shall find the last row more than 131 miles distant from the first—that is, we shall be able to walk upon a pavement of sovereigns 18 inches wide which extends from Manchester to Worcester, or if we take another route, from Manchester to within a few miles of Bedford. Let us again collect these coins, and place them together on the ground in the shape of a square. The sides of the square will be 367 yards long, and the golden pavement will cover nearly 28 acres—space enough for several thousands of soldiers to maneuver upon. Allowing the sovereigns to be one sixteenth of an inch in thickness and to occupy a space forty-eight fifty-fifths of of an inch in thickness, we shall require a room 10 feet high, 10 feet wide and 63 feet long in which to pack the 200,000,000; and it will employ a cashier 17 years, 44 weeks, four days, three hours and 26 minutes to count them, if he counts on an average 100 a minute, and is employed six hours daily on the 311 working days of the year.

A Wonderful Surgical Operation.

A young lady, the daughter of Mr. Isaiah Thomas, of New Castle, Delaware, received a severe injury in the face about four years ago, from the effect of which her lower jaw-bone had grown perfectly solid and immovable. Her front teeth had to be removed to enable her to receive nourishment, which had to be injected mostly in a liquid state. The inconvenience of this arrangement and the total loss of speech rendered life almost intolerable, and her case was laid before eminent surgeons of Philadelphia. After mature deliberation two of them, Doctors Charles D. Green and J. Gilbert, undertook an operation which has scarcely a parallel on the annals of surgery. The jaw-bone was sawed off below each socket, kept in motion till healed, and a new and artificial joint was the result. It is said she can now open her mouth as well as ever, and can eat and talk without difficulty.

A Sensible Proposition.

A bill is now under consideration before the Wisconsin Legislature, which is not without positive merit, and must commend itself to the thoughtful consideration of law makers. It provides that whenever eleven jurors, impaneled to try any civil or criminal action, shall agree upon a verdict, such agreement, duly announced in the Court, shall be taken and held to be the verdict of the whole jury. The New York Tribune, in commenting upon this rather novel proposition, says it appeals to the common sense of every body. In this city, as elsewhere, we frequently comment upon the disagreement of a jury simply because one obstinate juror would not coincide in the views of the other eleven, and the wheels of justice are stopped. It is not very difficult at times to secure a single juror, and common sense suggests that the former is wrong and the latter is right.

An Immense Bridge.

The great iron bridge now being constructed over the Mississippi at Hannibal, (Mo), is one of the great works of the present day. The length between abutments is 1,580 feet. It will be eighteen feet wide in the clear, and is intended for both railway and highway travel. With the exception of the piers and flooring the bridge will be of iron throughout. The amount of material to be used is something enormous; 400,000 lineal feet of piling, 1,000,000 feet of timber and flooring, 10,000 tons of rip-rap, 4,000 tons of concrete and 1,350 tons of iron. The structure is to be ready by the first of August, and will cost about $1,500,000.

—A shoddy lady went into Tiffany's and ordered two diamond brooches, "one big and one little one," as she said "one of my daughters is grown up and the other is all but." And she is one of our New York's first families, too.

—A call is made for female rights lecturers among the Chunchos of South America, who won't eat women, insisting that it is not as good as man.

LIVERY STABLES.

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no6-6m

EAGLE Livery and Feed STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB,.....Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

Independence, Cal.,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER, SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, August 9, 1870. n5-6m

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871 n4n32 6m

MUSICAL.

PATENT ARION PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY THE ARION PIANO IS Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer,

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Eveness

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration.

All go to prove what we claim, viz.: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT Arion Pianos

ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE

American Conservatories of Music,

Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

It affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of defection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of Pianos, still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,
HENRY SHROEDER,
DIRECTOR.

New York, September 3d, 1870.

AGENTS WANTED.

We want first class and responsible agents in every city and town where we have not already appointed them.

We Have Just Published

Our Annual Illustrated Pamphlet, which contains a full description of the interior construction of the PATENT ARION PIANO FORTE, and all the other leading Pianos of the principal makes; illustrated with cuts, thus contrasting the ARION with all other first class Pianos, and proving

WHY AND WHERE

Our Pianos are superior to any in the market.

Our pamphlet contains engravings of all the different styles of instruments that we manufacture, giving a full description of each, so that a person can select the style they may desire to order, with the assurance that they will receive just as good a Piano as if they were in our warerooms to select it. We have sold over FIVE THOUSAND Pianos, many of them being shipped great distances, and we have never yet received the first complaint. As we give a written guarantee with every Piano we manufacture, for five years, the purchaser runs no risk.

☞ Don't fail to write for our pamphlet which we mail free, and when you write state what paper you saw this notice in.☜

N. B.—We caution the public from purchasing a cheap Piano which has recently been put in the market, bearing the name "Arion." All genuine Arion Pianos bear the name "Patent Arion," and can only be purchased from our New York Warerooms, or our authorized Agents throughout the United States.

All Kinds Of Musical Instruments Supplied.

ADDRESS THE

Arion Piano-Forte Co.

NO. 556 BROADWAY,

New York City.

MEDICAL.

Henry T. Helmbold's

COMPOUND FLUID Extract Catawba GRAPE PILLS.

Component Parts—Fluid Extract Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

FOR LIVER COMPLAINTS, JAUNDICE, BILIOUS AFFECTIONS, SICK OR NERVOUS HEADACHE, COSTIVENESS, ETC. PURELY VEGETABLE, CONTAINING NO MERCURY, MINERALS OR DELETERIOUS DRUGS.

H

THESE PILLS ARE THE MOST DELIGHTFULLY pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts, magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the FINEST INGREDIENTS. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar coated Pills do not dissolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. THE CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated.

E

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Cankers, Runnings from the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affections, Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Night Sweats, Rash, Tetter, Humors of all Kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

L

Being Prepared Expressly for the above complaints, its Blood Purifying Properties are greater than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla. It gives the complexion a Clear and Healthy Color and restores the patient to a State of Health and Purity. For Purifying the Blood, removing all Chronic Constitutional Diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the Only Reliable and Effectual known Remedy for the Cure of Pains and Swelling of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Erysipelas and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, and Beautifying the Complexion.

M

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

CONCENTRATED

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

THE GREAT DIURETIC,

Has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposit, and Mucous or Milky Discharges, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of Both Sexes, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruption on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, etc

Used by persons from the ages of eighteen to twenty five, and from thirty five to fifty-five or in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains; bed wetting in children.

B

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is Diuretic and Blood-Purifying, and cures all diseases arising from habits of dissipation, and excesses and imprudences in life, impurities of the blood, etc., superseding copaiba in affections for which it is used, and syphilitic affections—in these diseases used in connection with HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.

LADIES.

In many affections peculiar to Ladies, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequalled by any other Remedy—as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous State of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterrility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion or habits of dissipation. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent Physicians and Midwives for enfeebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes and all ages (attended with any of the above diseases or symptoms).

O

H. T. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU CURES DISEASES ARISING FROM IMPRUDENCES, HABITS OF DISSIPATION, ETC.

In all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous matter.

Thousands who have been the victims of incompetent persons, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found that they have been deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "powerful astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in a more aggravated form, perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all Affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

L

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Can not be surpassed as a FACE WASH, and will be found the only specific Remedy in every species of Cutaneous Affection. It speedily eradicates Pimples, Spots, Scorbutic Dryness, Indurations of the Cutaneous Membrane, etc., dispels Redness and Incipient Inflammation, Hives, Rash, Moth Patches, Dryness of Scalp or Skin, Frost Bites, and all purposes for which Salves or Ointments are used; restores the skin to a healthy state of Purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T. Helmbold's Rose Wash has long sustained its principal claim to unbounded patronage, by possessing qualities which render it a Toilet Appendage of the most Superlative and Congenial character, combining in an elegant formula those prominent requisites, Safety and Efficacy—the invariable accompaniment of its use—as a Preservative and Refresher of the Complexion. It is an excellent lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the the EXTRACTS BUCHU, SARSAPARILLA AND CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, in such diseases as recommended, can not be surpassed.

D

Full and explicit directions accompany the medicines.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witness, and upwards of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, etc. The proprietor has never resorted to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

Henry T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations

Delivered to any address. Secure from observation. Established upwards of Twenty Years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Address letters for information in confidence to HENRY T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist.

Only Depots: H. T. Helmbold's Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New York, or to H. T. Helmbold's Medical Depot, 104 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

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DRUGGISTS,

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Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with every thing kept in a well supplied WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.

FRESH DRUGS,	TILDEN'S PREPARAT'NS
PATENT MEDICINES,	DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS	SHAKER HERBS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,	PERFUMERIES,
KEROSENE OIL,	PAINTS AND OILS,

Which we offer at the lowest Cash Prices, and are determined not to be undersold.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

FOR SALE.

OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal. After our best wishes, and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty-one years, during which period we have been steadily engaged in the Drug business in California, we beg to say in consequence of the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Cal. Vinegar Bitters, now spread over the United States and countries far beyond, we are necessitated to devote our entire time to said business.

We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific coast and the only one continuous under the same proprietors since 1849, and have determined to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.

This is a rare opportunity for men with means, of entering into a profitable business with advantages never before offered.

For particulars enquire of

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
R. H. McDONALD, } Wholesale Druggists.
J. C. SPENCER. } San Francisco, Cal.

N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices to defy competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!

Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands

Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal. ☞ Send for a circular.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and all the Visceral Organs.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

☞For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

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TO THE WORKING CLASS.—WE ARE NOW prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of THE PEOPLE'S LITERARY COMPANION—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address

fe9n333m E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

$5 TO $10 PER DAY. MEN WOMEN BOYS and GIRLS who engage in our new business make from $5 to $10 per day in their own localities. Full particulars and instructions sent free by mail. Those in need of permanent, profitable work, should address at once. GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

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THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INDEPENDENT

Printing Establishment

Desire to inform the public in general and of business men in particular, that they are now prepared to promptly execute

Every Description

OF THE FINEST

JOB PRINTING.

Having received from San Francisco large and valuable additions to our material, consisting of type, border, inks, etc., etc., of the very newest and most approved styles, we are enabled to do

Fine Work,

And we

PROPOSE TO DO IT,

In which we shall

Court Criticism, Defy Competition!

Get Printing done and do Business in a Business Manner. And patronize Home Industry and keep your money at home while doing so.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE SPECIMENS

—AT THE—

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

CHALFANT & PARKER, Proprietors.

Independence, Cal., March 25, 1871 tf

The Sun.

CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The Dollar Weekly Sun.

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Intended for People Now on Earth.

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of the same size and general character as THE WEEKLY, but with a greater variety of miscellaneous reading, and furnishing the news to its subscribers with greater freshness, because it comes twice a week instead of once only.

THE DAILY SUN, $6 A YEAR.

A preeminently readable newspaper, with the largest circulation in the world. Free, independent, and fearless in politics. All the news from everywhere. Two cents a copy; by mail, 50 cents a month, or $6 a year.

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Five copies, one year, separately addressed, Four Dollars.

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ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

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Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2-tf

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THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA : SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1871. NUMBER 45.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 6.....1871.

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WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

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WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

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All business in reference to Mining Patents and Land Claims, Collections, etc., promptly attended to. v1n11y

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HARVEY RUSSELL,
Justice of the Peace,
BISHOP CREEK PRECINCT.
Office at Sneden's Hall. n1v16m

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Justice of the Peace,
LONE PINE PRECINCT.
aug 8n05 ly

JOHN A. HANNAH,
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FIFTH PRECINCT.
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CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.
n10v11y

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MASONS,
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BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.
July 9, 1870. n1v13*

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ASSAY OFFICE
J. W. POOR.
OFFICE—PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.
BULLION and ORES assayed. CORRECTNESS GUARANTEED. n1v13m.

HOTELS.

Lone Pine Hotel.
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.
MRS. M. A. BAILEY, Proprietress.
Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
STAGE HOUSE.
Independence, Cal.
THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.
MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v1 3m

INYO HOTEL.
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.
W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.
THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.
October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK
STAGE HOUSE.
JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.
TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.
Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

New French Restaurant
—AND—
CHOP HOUSE,
PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.
PETER MARGALOT.
Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

SALOONS.

MAY'S SALOON
CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE.
A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.
A Fine Billiard Table,
With fittings complete, in connection.
n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

LONE PINE
Pioneer Saloon,
C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeps — regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The
TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.
DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
f24n32tf

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.
Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.
BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors
The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.
n13jy93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.
THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon,
AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.
n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

INYO SALOON,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.
HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the saloon. n8a29-3m

SAZARAC SALOON.
INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.
John Wallace, Proprietor.
Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand.

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE
SHAVING SALOON.
WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths.
n2y163m

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Consul General on the Pacific Coast for Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Russia.
Established 1849.
ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
DRUGS, CHEMICALS,
ESSENTIAL OILS, DYE STUFFS,
And General Merchandise,
By the Package Only.
CASH ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION from this or any Foreign Market will receive prompt and faithful attention. Miners, Manufacturers and Wholesale Trade supplied for Cash. No notice or attention paid to orders for goods, if there is no provision made for the payment of the same.
CONSIGNMENT SOLICITED.
OFFICE, No.....STREET.
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.
N. B.—California Products Solicited on Consignment.
N. B.—Business transacted in all the principal Commercial Languages. ja21n30m

C. O. D.
WM. B. LAKE,
ADVERTISING
—AND—
PURCHASING AGENT,
No. 12 Montgomery Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
Opposite Lick House, Up Stairs.
WILL FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY description at the very lowest cash rates, he having superior facilities for purchasing and an intimate acquaintance with all the leading houses in the city. All articles sent promptly on the receipt of cash, or C. O. D. n30tf

FORWARDING
—AND—
General Commission Agency.
WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, BEGS to inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is prepared to attend to forwarding Freight to all parts of the Valley, at the very lowest prices, at all times.
Have goods plainly marked—
"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."
Can be found at all times at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets.
WM. M. OSBORN.
Los Angeles, Feb 18, 1871. v1 34m3

TRAVELING.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S
EXPRESS.
INDEPENDENCE, CAL.
WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents
OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. a29n5m6

CITIZENS' STAGE LINE.
CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,
Carrying United States Mail
—AND—
Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.
From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:
Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.
" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.
" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 4 A. M.
" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M
I. W. DEXTER, General Agent.
H. M. ISAACS, Agent, at office Wells, Fargo & Co.
Independence, May 5, 1871. n39tv2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro
RAILROAD.
ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.
Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
First class passenger cars will run regularly.
NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.
JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

FOR INDEPENDENCE
—AND—
Cerro Gordo Mines.
By Telegraph Stage Line,
VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia, Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.
Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,
On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.
Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield, and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.
Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.
Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.
Fare to San Francisco,.....$50.
OFFICE—208 Montgomery street, opposite the Russ House.
A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.
W. G. ROBERTS, Agent.
Visalia, Feb. 18, 1871. v1n34m3

LIVERY STABLES.

Cerro Gordo
FEED STABLE.
DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.
ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

A CHANGE
In the Livery Business.
HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE
Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,
Independence, Cal.,
The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,
HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,
At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.
nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

AURORA
EXCHANGE STABLE,
PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.
S. G. COBB,.....Proprietor.
SADDLE HORSES,
Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,
—TO LET ON—
Reasonable Terms
HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.
n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

HUNT'S
LIVERY & FEED STABLE,
—LONE PINE, Cal.—
HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.
I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n5 6m

EAGLE
Livery and Feed
STABLE,
Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,
Independence, Cal.
HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of
BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,
At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of
Hay and Grain
On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.
THOS. J. GOODALE.
Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,
—THE—
Pioneer Blacksmith
—OF—
OWENS VALLEY.
THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.
Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.
Of every description.
Wagon Work
Done in the best style at reasonable terms.
Agricultural Implements
Made and repaired.
UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.
A. PARKER.
Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

RE-OPENED.
MORSE & ROBINSON
HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do
BLACKSMITHING,
—AND—
Wagon Making,
In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,
EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.
Horse Shoeing, $3 00,
And all other work in the same proportion.
MORSE & ROBINSON.
Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39tv2

GARDEN SEEDS.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST RECEIVED A fine assortment of the best and most approved varieties of
GARDEN SEEDS
Which he offers to the public at low rates. Call at the Postoffice.
J. B. ROWLEY.
Independence, Cal., April 15. n42t2

Railroads Needed in Nevada.

The Carson (Nev.) Register of a late date says:

The great desideratum of Nevada at the present time is a system of railroads comprehending the principal agricultural valleys and mining districts of the State, together with such as may be situated in California, but lying on this side of the Sierra Nevada mountains. Already three narrow-guage railroads are projected—one from Virginia to Reno, one from Palisade via. Eureka to Hamilton, and another from Elko to Hamilton. We do not think it probable that both the latter roads will ever be built, as either would answer the purpose for which the other is intended—save that Eureka would be compelled to team a short distance to the Elko road. We think the actual commencement of the work of construction on the one will be the death of the other. Assuming them to be one road, it can be easily and cheaply extended south of White Pine through Nye and into or through Lincoln county to the Southern Pacific Railroad. This will afford great relief to the many mining districts and to the large agricultural and grazing regions along the route. If the Virginia and Truckee Railroad Company should extend its line from this city to the Central Pacific, it is not probable that the Reno narrow-guage would ever be built. That our local road will shortly connect with the Central seems highly probable, as ten car loads or one hundred tons of iron was shipped from San Francisco a few days since for the Virginia and Truckee Company, which already had on hand a considerable quantity of new iron. When this connection is made, the country south of us, as far south as Cerro Gordo, will begin to look to Carson for supplies, instead of teaming across the Sierra to Los Angeles. A railroad from this city south, hugging the base of the Sierra range, is also much needed, and would probably be a better paying institution than any local road projected in the State, with the exception of that projected by the Virginia and Truckee Company from this city to the Central. The valleys of Walker River, Bishop Creek, Owens River, and others of less note now support a large population, while the mines of Esmeralda and Inyo offer inducements to capital unsurpassed by those of any other part of the coast; and notwithstanding the fact that these mines are now almost inaccessible, capital has found its way there, and extensive mining operations are already being carried on. A single firm at Cerro Gordo ships 300,000 pounds of bullion per month regularly to Los Angeles, a distance of 255 miles. With a railroad at hand to furnish cheap freight both ways, Cerro Gordo district alone would doubtless ship 1,500 tons of freight monthly, to say nothing of the mines of Lone Pine, Kearsarge and Inyo mountains, and those of Esmeralda county. Let us have a railroad from Carson City to the Colorado.

Why She Was Upset.

We were nearing a small skirt of woods, the horses at their best speed I had determined in my own mind that when we reached a particular spot I would pop the question, and so I did, but would you believe? she said no. Just as the word escaped her lips I purposely run the sleigh over a stump Out we went—she to cool her person in the snow, and I to counteract the damage she had given my affections. Her first words after getting into the sleigh were: "Excuse me; I wished to tell you to notice the stump." My wife often refers to the sleigh ride, but to this day she believes it was an accident.—*Exchange.*

Steam Wagon.

We make the following extract from a letter from F. F. Marx, forwarding and commission merchant at Toano, dated April 14th: "I have now completed arrangements for Thompson's Road Steamers, which are to run between here and Pioche, for the purpose of carrying passengers, express and bullion. This new mode of conveyance will be ready for use in about sixty days, and will no doubt be the advent of a new era in traveling and freighting."—*Pioche Record.*

A Railroad Lottery.

The Fresno Expositor proposes a lottery scheme in San Joaquin valley to raise money to build a railroad through the valley from some point on the present road to Visalia. All that is required, it adds, "is a few men who do not care for their reputations" to take hold of the enteprise. The Snelling Argus proposes the editor of the Expositor as the man to head the list.

Dunderberg.

A dispatch from Dr. Munckton, received at Carson, states that he had arrived at Washington city, made all the necessary arrangements for working the Dunderberg mine on an extensive scale, and was to leave April 25th for New York. This famous mine is located at Castle Peak, Mono County, Cal., and is principally owned in Carson.—*Gold Hill News.*

Should Not.

A marriageable lady should not refuse a gentleman until he has offered himself. It makes the gentleman feel awkward.

Mrs. Fair's Picture.

The San Francisco correspondent of the Gold Hill News writes:

"Here's yer correct likeness of Mrs. Fair!" has been a regular street cry for the last few days, but the "correct likenesses" are every one such miserable specimens of the art photographic, and the countenance of the unhappy woman, as limned by the artists, so unlike any thing that ever wore semblance of human features, that the purchaser is in doubt whether the portrait is intended as a joke or a reality. It seems that at the time of the murder Mrs. Lane, the prisoner's mother, with a forethought that if exercised in other matters might have saved her daughter from the present unenviable notoriety, went round to all the photographers and compelled them to destroy all the negatives they had in their possession, and the telegraph was used to accomplish the same object in New Orleans, so that the "correct likenesses" are either imaginary or taken from rough sketches of the prisoner made in the Court room. The Chronicle's portrait yesterday was the most truthful I have yet seen, though it scarcely flatters the original. But anxiety and sickness have made sad havoc with the woman's once fatal dower of beauty, and to look at her now it requires a strong imagination to believe that she was ever the voluptious Circe that those who knew her five years ago represent her to have been.

Women in Court.

The presence of Mrs. Emily Pitts Stevens and a number of other women at the Fair-Crittenden trial has led to a good deal of disgraceful comment by the press. The motives of these ladies, as explained in The Pioneer, are entitled to respect. It is eminently proper that the accused, who is entitled to an impartial trial, and is presumed to be innocent until proven guilty, should have, pending the judicial investigation, the moral support of the presence of representatives of her own sex. To ascribe unworthy motives to the women who have felt it to be their duty to lend her this sort of countenance is most unjust, and to declare that their presence is due to vulgar curiosity or prurient tastes is a coarse insult, which those at whom it is aimed ought not to forget or forgive. The idea that women ought to be too "modest," etc., to listen to the evidence in such a case, is simply the off spring of narrow ignorance and inborn vulgarity. Sensible, practical-minded women are not, and ought not to be such poor, sensitive plants as to be either injured, degraded, or shocked by the knowledge of the common facts and experiences of life. The writer who assumes that they are or ought to be such namby-pamby creatures is either a hypocrite or a fool.—*San Francisco Figaro.*

Often.

Obituary notices are often unconsciously satirical, as in this, written of an old citizen of Nashville: "He was a most exemplary citizen and Christian. He had been four times married, and died in perfect resignation."

—Some of the fair sex have hearts as glass. Diamonds must be used if one wishes to make an impression.

—True love is nourished by showers of adverse fortune, as are the roses and violets by showers of vernal rain.

—Alluding to chignons, Mrs. Clever said: "A little girl now seems all head." "Yes till you talk to her," growled Clever.

—There is nothing trips a man up so often as his ideal life—the contrast between what he is and what he might be.

—A dog weighing four ounces was recently sold in Boston for $250—just $62 50 per ounce.

—A thousand coolies, it is announced, are to be brought from Asia to work in Portland, Maine.

—The Pope has been suddenly prostrated with an illness which his physicians fear will prove fatal.

—The thirty-seventh man was killed in the Amador mine recently. He fell a distance of 500 feet down a shaft.

—The latest orders issued to New York policemen give them instructions in the etiquette of military salutes.

—Astonishingly rich assays are reported from some of the Utah mines. Quite recent rich discoveries have been made near Provo.

—Lay it down as a rule never to smile, nor in any way to approve, at any trait in a child which you would not wish to grow with his growth, and strengthen with his strength.

—The usual time to put in rye is early in the morning. Some husbandmen, especially those in the city, continue to run it in at intervals of half an hour until bed-time. The practice is only allowable in case of a dry season.

—The whole length of all the railways in the world is about 120,000 miles. The cost of the same was in round numbers ten billions of dollars. Those of Great Britain are the most costly, those of the United States the least so. The railway system of the world is supposed to give employment to over one million persons.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, May 6.....1871.

CROWDED OUT.

Owing to the unusual press upon our local columns, an interesting communication, an editorial reply to "Woman's rights under the Law" and several news items are unavoidably crowded out.

AN ELOQUENT EXTRACT.

We make the following extract from the speech of District Attorney Byrne, in the Fair-Crittenden trial, which for telling force and real eloquence has rarely been surpassed. The extract is in keeping with the entire argument of Mr. Byrne, and following the unusually able speech of Judge Campbell on the same side, could scarcely fail to convince any jury, even though the evidence adduced had been much weaker than it was against the defendant in this case. Mr. Byrne said:

There is another point which the doctor (Trask) makes as one of the proofs or products of insanity. He says that this woman was afflicted with insomnia, which, I believe, means sleeplessness. Well, that is one of the most natural things in the world. Why should she not be sleepless? Had she not murdered sleep? How could she sleep? Why, in this wide world she could not have found a lodge upon which she could rest her weary limbs.

"Sleep, that knits up the ravell'd sleeve of care,
The death of each day's life, sore labor's bath,
Balm of hurt minds, great Nature's second course,
Chief nourisher in life's feast."

She can never feel again,

"Glamis hath murdered sleep, and therefore Cawdor
Shall sleep no more; Macbeth shall sleep no more!"

Insomnia! The dreams of last night have struck more terror to the soul of Richard than all the substance that ten thousand men, armed and proof, and led on by Richmond. No sleep! The great God of nature has affixed it as one of his penalties; attached to one who unjustly sheds the blood of a fellow-being. No sleep! Why, even when considered physically alone, her nervous system must have been shattered to its very center. Mind might have been dethroned for a moment after the commission of the deed. Why, she carries about with her, and will carry with her—as long as God permits her to tread this earth—she will carry about with her an antidote to sleep; that will only find an end when she herself relinquishes her breath to the God that gave it. Aye? what is the doom of the person who commits this deed, forbidden by both the laws of God and man? This deed, superior in infamy to all other crimes against the human and the Divine command; the one forbidden by the voice of God himself, sounded from Mount Sinai—such a being walks abroad in the community haunted by the spirit of the murdered dead. The man or women wilfully and malignantly murdered and deprived of all the ordinary enjoyment of human life. This is Nature's penalty affixed to the crime while the guilty person lives; in addition to that penalty said to be affixed to it beyond this life, no sleep! Why, she must have been the incarnation of humanity trebled if ever she could sleep after that. Did not the ghost of the murdered Banquo rise before her eyes? Was he not there day and night, in every hour and every place, shaking his gory locks, and bidding her remember that doom which must necessarily be reserved for her hereafter. Her dreams by night, her waking thoughts by day, her every imagination, and all her motives and her impulses must be filled with this dreadful element of the murderer's recollection and future dreadful recompense. And from these haunting thoughts of this terrible assassination she might have vainly sought to escape, until even her cool brain and callous heart was terrified by the terrible companionship. Talk about the woman being crazed, because there was a period of sleeplessness after the commission of the deed! What though she could not sleep upon a bloody grave? Is that proof indisputable that her brain was crazed when she fired so deadly a shot, and when immediately thereafter she gave her perfect reason for the deed. And yet these doctors—Dr. Lyford and Dr. Trask—would give you to understand that they have an undisputable evidence of her insanity when in the City Prison, and when she committed this deed, because of this peculiar state of insomnia. Gracious God! Is it possible that a learned profession, a profession that is to have the cure of the human, as religion has the care of the divine; one of the body and the other of the soul—is it possible that it can be so prostituted as to allow itself to enter the portals of justice and become a witness in behalf of one against whom the most damaging facts have been established; its members taking that profession and prostituting it so as to make it a shield between the law and its proper victim.

Found Guilty.

On Wednesday April 26th the fate of Mrs. Laura D. Fair was placed in the hands of the jury when after an absence of only forty minutes returned a verdict of murder in the first degree. Her counsel have asked that sentence be deferred until the 29th of this month, to give them time to file a bill of exceptions, which may result in a new trial.

GRAND JURY REPORT.

The report of the Grand jury is rather brief, but none the less to the point. This body do nothing more than an acknowledged legal duty in noticing and censuring the legal short comings of officials coming within their jurisdiction. But we doubt the right and condemn the policy of the indiscriminate exercise of this right, if right it is, and especially in summarily stigmatizing parties as connected with an assumed high crime. There is another view of this matter. We will venture the assertion that there was not a man on that jury, and who voted this censure upon T. J. Goodale, but would have made similar remarks and offered similar advice, while listening to the real or fancied wrongs of a friend—wrongs, as recounted, making the blood tingle in the veins and touching the tenderest part of the human heart, and, worst of all, wrongs for which law, all powerful and far reaching as it is, can afford no redress. Law takes cognizance of murder only when a sudden or violent death ensues—but a life may be sapped away in slow degrees by the wrong doings of others beyond the reach of law, and yet be no less a murder. Dangerous as the principle may be to peace and good order in society, yet there are causes similar to those alluded to which might and would justify any person, peace officer or otherwise, in pursuing such a course. It might be justified as the only available means of moral as well as physical personal defense and protection. Possibly the inferences upon which the censured act was based were founded on premises mainly false, but whether true or false, his belief was based upon *ex-parte* evidence as it were, of the same character—though not of the same kind—upon which this honorable Grand Jury have recorded an act of condemnation, from which there is no appeal. In the same category in this document we find the name of and old man, tottering in second childhood to his grave. If censurable in the degree implied in this report, which virtually makes each a party in a crime the highest known to the law, they are indictable, and should have been, in which case they would have been placed in a situation where vindication would be a possibilty; whereas, as the case now stands, they are condemned unheard. Would any of these jurymen have censured a child and indirectly made it a party to a terrible crime because it did not act with mature judgment and decision at a moment when a near relative was a party in a violent altercation or impending danger? Most assuredly, not a man of them would have done so. Is old age with mental and physical faculties additionally weakened by years of sickness and bodily prostration to be held any more responsible than early childhood?

We claim no acquaintance, except from results, with the law governing grand juries, but we cannot but believe acts of this character are in excess of right and duty. Their jurisdiction should not extend beyond the walls of the court house in judgments of crime, or criminal acts. Otherwise they assume the prerogative of the highest tribunals of the land, varied only in kind and degree of punishment decreed. They assume the right to try, convict and punish, which is a direct violation of the fundamental principle of justice, which accords the right of every assumed criminal to be heard before conviction.

A Daily Paper.

Now the telegraph line is extended to that town, the proprietors of The Eureka Sentinel will, next week, issue daily, as we are informed by Dr. McKenney, who has been for a day or two sojourning with us. We trust the enterprise of Skillman & Co. will be rewarded by ample patronage from those who are interested in the welfare of the thriving young city of Eureka. The Sentinel has been an excellent weekly, and has contributed largely toward the prosperity of the town and district in which it is published, and, as a daily, should be sustained by the material aid of the business community whose interests it subserves. Nothing adds to the importance of a town more than a well patronized newspaper; it is its life and soul, and every one—from the wholesale dealer to the peanut vender—should have all their lines of business through its columns.—*White Pine News, April 24th.*

We indorse every word of the above paragraph, and rejoice at this proof of the growth of Eureka, and hope our brethern of The Sentinel will never have occasion to repent the step just taken by them. They are assuming a heavy responsibility in quadrupling their expenses, and the citizens of that town ought to see to it that they increase their patronage to something like a fair proportion.—*Reese River Reveille, April 28th*

And we indorse every word in both of the above paragraphs. Nuff ced.

P. S.—Mr. Sentinel, don't forget your poor relations.

—It is probable that both parties will hold their State Conventions between the 10th and 20th of June next.

WOMAN'S INEQUALITY BEFORE THE LAW.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

MESSRS. EDITORS: My apology for not giving due credit to your editorial reply, is that it lacked that thunder tone that generally comes from the oracular responses from the tripods of the press. I meant no discourtesy whatever, and am thankful to get a hearing in so kind a manner.

I shall not attempt the useless task of convincing any against their will, so I will not repeat or produce arguments in logical detail, which your space forbids, but will at once proceed to show the disability of women under the law.

There is an injustice in this inequality of women before the law that is as deep as the foundation of life, and serves to poison its stream at its source.

Women are taxed and made to obey laws to which she has had no voice in the making or in giving her consent thereto, and this is a violation of the very first principle of law and government, which is based upon the consent of the governed.

Single women are comparatively free, and would be quite so, if they had their full rights of citizenship; it is upon married women that the law bears most unjustly, as in the following most prominent points that I will now specify, from the laws of this State, leaving out references for the sake of brevity.

"A married woman has no right to buy or sell anything without her husband's consent. She is not entitled to a cent of his earnings; if she goes out to work she can not give a receipt for payment except as his agent, and even this even she can not do or receive pay for her own wages, if he notifies the debtor that the money must be paid to him in person." We might almost say that she has no rights that he is bound to respect, and were men generally not better than the laws they make and let stand upon the statute books, women would be virtually *slaves.*

"A married woman may become a sole trader, but could not get this authority for so doing in her own sphere of housekeeping."

"Upon the death of the wife the husband inherets all the property; on the death of the husband the wife has only half if no children, or one third if there are."

"The wife can make no will unless she obtains the permit of her husband (*solo voce*, when both are apt to be blind to the future, for there is no love but ought to be), while he can make his will and deprive the wife of all but a small pittance and dispose of the children contrary to her wishes."

"The wife may own separate property which has been given or bequeathed to her before or after marriage, but she can not control it or receive the income but by her husband's consent, only in the case of ownership of property in an incorporated company."

These quotations are but a few of the many unjust laws that bear upon the rights and interests of married women, and these will never be righted until women have the power to help make the laws under which they live, as these are only instituted for the purpose of securing to the people, one and all, life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

Permit me to make a few quotations from higher authority than myself, of the opinions of eminent persons upon the duty and right of women to the ballot. Says Henry Ward Beecher: "It is God's growing and best disclosed idea of a true human society, that man and woman should not be divorced in political, any more than they are in religious and social affairs." "Unless woman is led to discharge her duties of citzenship, we shall never be able to perfect human society without her efforts; for, the questions that are to fill up our days are not forever to be *money* questions; but, how shall work find leisure, and in leisure, knowledge and refinement." I might fill up pages of like quotations, but will give a word from John Stuart Mill: "Manhood suffrage, is national suicide and woman's destruction. Every consideration of patriotism as well as personal safety warns the woman of the Republic to demand their speedy enfranchisement."

Says R. W. Emerson: "The claim now pressed by women, is a claim for nothing less than her share in all. She asks for her property, for her rights, for her vote, for her full share in education and in all the institutions of society, for her half of the whole world and to this she is by nature's laws entitled."

So you may see that there are men as well as women in this great question of the day, and the shafts of ridicule must fall powerless before such deeply thinking minds.

Those who now oppose the cause of woman's political equality, will find ere long, that they are not on the side of justice, truth and right.

I could fill a column with the names of eminent women who were great, not from killing people like Alexander and most of the heroes of history, written by men who could only see a achievements worthy of record in the bloody annals of war. And even in this age of reason and boasted enlightenment the highest positions and fame are reached by wading through blood and the oppression of others.

The cause of women is the elevation of humanity, for her influence will be in the exercise of her full powers as a citizen of the Republic, to place moral worth and principles above wealth and brute force. L. H.

—People who go much into society soon find that it sharpens the intellect, awakens the conversational powers and arouses a keen spirit of observation.

—There is doubtless as many good people in towns as there is in the country, only, perhaps, the good would be better still if they lived in the country.

THE FATE OF PARIS.

The following from The San Francisco Bulletin of April 28th explains the situation in France quite as intelligibly as a half column of telegraphic dispatches:

It is clear from our dispatches that the reign of the insurgents is drawing to a fearful close. Divided among themselves, defeated, hemmed in, with all France against them, and lacking the support of a great part of the Parisians themselves they make a desperate defence to the last, but are sure to be overwhelmed. The Government troops have steadily drawn nearer the ramparts of the city, and their assailing power will soon be increased by the surrender to their hands of the forts held by the Prussians. Already their superior guns outreach those of the insurgents, and have poured a ruinous storm of shell into the city. The stately Arch of Triumph under which the Germans rode during their partial occupation of the city, and which had been carefully protected from their fire by a mask of masonry and lumber during the siege, is now a heap of ruins. The hardships of the siege were light compared to the horror and anguish of the present fratricidal struggle. The picture of anarchy and misery presented by our dispatches, brief as they are, is harrowing. Should the contest be prolonged, hunger is likely to increase its horrors. The insurgent leaders are certainly men of desperate resolution. If they had fought the invader as they do their own countrymen, the defenders of a legitimate, popular and apparently well meaning government, they would deserve honor. But the safety of France, the success of genuine republicanism, demands their defeat at any cost.

From Silver Peak—A Strike.

From Messrs. Graham & Stansbury, just in from Montezuma and Silver Peak, we learn that matters in those two districts are progressing favorably. In Montezuma the new mill of Messrs. McGlew & Darley is supplied with more ore than it is able to work. The discoveries lately made are proving important, the ore in all of them being of high grade, though the veins are not large.

At Silver Peak some splendid developements have lately been made. A lode, called the Lodi, and belonging to Mr. Stansbury, and on which three men have been at work for about two months, is turning out beyond the most sanguine expectations. Two cuts, one sixty and the other forty feet, disclosed a continuous vein averaging four feet in thickness which will mid not less than $150 per ton in gold and silver. With the present small amount of opening Mr. Stansbury feels confident that, with a force of six miners, he could supply the Manhattan mill with as much ore of that grade as it could work. The great drawback of the place is the want of mills, the nearest one running being the Montezuma mill, some eighteen miles distant. This wou'd not prove an insurmountable difficulty, however, as the ore could easily stand the expense of eighteen miles of hauling; but the mill has more of its own than it can work; and whatever custom-work it can do they give the preference to mines of their own district. The only other mill within reach is the forty-stamp mill of the Great Salt Basin Company which has been working the gold ores of Red Mountain. They, too, have more ore than the mill can work. At present the mill is stopped and cannot start until new machinery is procured. The boilers are burned out so badly that no engineer can be found who will take charge of them, and not only this, but other portions of the machinery are worn out. The Company have turned their attention to the developement of their silver veins and are meeting with flattering prospects. They are patenting their various mines, and when they start again will turn out gold and silver bullion in large quantities.—*Reese River Reveille, April 24th.*

That Mutton.

Mary had a little lamb
Whose fleece was white as snow,
And everywhere Mary went
The lamb would not go.

So Mary took the little lamb
And beat for a spell;
The family had it fried next day—
And it went very well.

Our version of this legendary sheep reads thusly:

Mary had a small sized sheep,
On which she went her pile;
Through its fleece the fleas did creep
As though they liked its style.

Now Mary took it to town one day,
(We know not what she led it for),
And into an ugly place did stray,
Under the nose of an editor.

The editor bright made an item trite,
Of Mary and her little go-et,
And now is it right to murder it quite
By the gushes of ev'ry fool poet?

Oh, heed our request, and give us a rest;
Don't be always giving us more of it,
It a tiresome lamby—if isn't d—me,
You make an infernal bore of it.

Mill for Columbus.

The Gold Hill News of April 22d says that on the day previous five ten mule teams were engaged in loading at the Nevada Foundry, Silver City, with mill machinery for Columbus district.

Adjournment of Congress.

The first session of the Forty-second Congress came to a close April 27th. The session began on the 4th of March last. No bills of importance, if we except the Ku-Klux bill, have been passed.

—One Indiana editor calls another "a walking nibility."

Thanks.

We are under renewed obligations to Honorables J. A. Platt, C. W. Kendall, Chas. Pomeroy and A. A. Sargent, for Congressional documents, relating to matters of general public interest.

BORN.

At Lone Pine, April 29th, to the wife of H. B. Stewart, a daughter—weight 11 pounds.

How's that for a starter?

At Pound Valley, April 27th, to the wife of A. I. McGee, a daughter.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Impaired vitality. When you feel as if the vital powers were giving way, strength gone, spirits depressed, memory failing, appetite lost, exhaustion stealing over every sense and paralyzing every energy, then is the time to resort to that powerful ally of nature, Dr. Walker's Vegetable Vinegar Bitters. The properties they embody soon work a glorious renovation in the debilitated system and the clouded mind.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in Postoffice at Independence, May 1, 1871.

Badger, J	Bell, J B
Caughran, F B	Cochran, A W
Cook, J R	Casenbury, J D(val)
Davenport, M C	Davis, C
Keene, Ryan	Labawndette Bros
Marcilino, M	McCormack, D
Mooney, Hon J E	Newman, Wm
Stecker, Gus	Whitmore, Chas

J. B. ROWLEY, P. M.

C. MULKEY

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my6td*

I. P. YANEY,

OF BISHOP CREEK, RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for the office of County Clerk—subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. my6td*

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

J. B. WHITE

OF INDEPENDENCE, WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. n44td*

For Sale.

A DWELLING HOUSE, WITH FOUR LARGE rooms, situated on Main street, surrounded with shade and fruit trees; is a fine location for a family. An extra lot adjoining. Will be sold cheap—for less than cost. Also, a Blacksmith shop, with every description of tools; and wheelwright tools, also. The largest and best shop in the county, with a good run of custom. Will be sold at a bargain.

Independence, April 8. H. C. MORSE. n41tf

Boarding House for Sale!

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED BOARDING HOUSE in the flourishing town of Cerro Gordo, now having over forty steady boarders, will be sold cheap FOR CASH, as the owner is about to leave this part of the country.

For terms ap, ly to A. A. MACKAY, ap1tf2 Cerro Gordo.

NOTICE.

TO T. W. HILL AND H. SCHOENFMAN, owners in the Alpha claim and Tunnel and Omega claim tunnel, situated in the Lone Pine District, Inyo County, California: Take notice that pursuant to a notice duly given, a meeting was held at the residence of John Simpson, in the Upper town of Cerro Gordo, said county and state, on the Seventeenth day of February, 1871, whereat an assessment of $500 to the share was levied upon each shareholder in said tunnels and claims; and that there is now due from each of you for said assessment the sum of $1,000 as follows, to-wit:

ALPHA TUNNEL AND CLAIM.

T. W. Hill.....1 share.....$500 00
H. Schoeneman.....1 " 500 00

OMEGA TUNNEL AND CLAIM.

T. W. Hill.....1 share.....$500 00
H. Schoeneman.....1 " 500 00

That said liability is for labor done and material furnished in and upon said tunnels and claims, and is payable to John Simpson, at his residence in Cerro Gordo.

JOHN SIMPSON,
CHARLES HOFFMAN,
ap1n4018 By F. K. MILLER, Agent.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

BUENA SUERTE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of mine in the Lone Pine District, Inyo County, State of California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Buena Suerta Mining Company, held at the office of H. W. Gould, in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, said County and State, pursuant to notice duly given, H. W. Gould being the only member present, the following assessment of $1 per foot was levied against each member of said company, for the purpose of working and developing said mine. Said assessment made payable to H. W. Gould at his office aforesaid on or before the 25th day of March, 1871, and that said assessment has been due thirty days.

H W Gould, 625 feet, at $1 per foot	$625 00
H Bush, Jr, 150 feet, at $1 per foot	150 00
Cerro Gordo and Virginia M. Co., 150 feet, at $1 per foot	150 00
P W Bennett, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
J B Rowley, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
M D Plummer or agent, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
G W Cornell or his representative, 125 feet, at $1 per foot	125 00
Antonio Meresol or his representative, 200 feet, at $1 per foot	200 00

apr22n4318 H. W. GOULD.

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fc4n32 6m JOHN LENTELL.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,

FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,

Best Quality Crushed Sugar,

FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

BLANKETS,

Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRESS GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

HOSIERY,

PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Saddles and Bridles,

Hardware,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

GROCERIES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 14, 1871. fc18n34tf

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. mr35n29tv2

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County. Apply to

ap29 4tf V. BEAUDRY, Cerro Gordo.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 6.....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Depose Them.

An operation remarkable for unmitigated "cheek" was perpetrated at this place at the election of school trustees, held on Saturday last. In spite of our earnest warnings, a majority of the old Board of School Trustees of this district were allowed to flagrantly usurp the sacred prerogatives of the ballot box, and re-elect themselves to positions of honor, great trust and enormous emoluments. Acting as self-appointed election judges, they were not content with a respectable majority of the votes, but went so far as to make their election appear unanimous! With a view of avoiding such stupidly bare-faced work as this, and to lend some honor and dignity to the proceedings, we volunteered to act as clerk for the occasion. To this, however, they simply made some remark about not being able to see it. But they received (?) all the votes, consequently their majority is 12. The men who have thus foisted themselves into responsible offices are P. Reddy, W. G. Squires and the senior of this paper. The moral is, never give candidates a show at the ballot-box.

The Problems.

"Army Blue" sends the following explanation of the errors in his solution of the cartridge and battery problem. We gave it precisely the same as written. Writing under date of Camp Independence, April 20, he says: "In Army Blue's solution to problem in yesterday's issue of your paper, it is stated that had the second captain taken one-ninth of eight-ninths he would have taken eight-eighths. Instead of 8-8 it should be 8-81, and so on throughout the solution, wherever 8-8 is inserted 8-81 should be substituted. As my solution was copied by another person and sent to you without my knowledge, I do not know who is responsible for the errors, but I deem it necessary to make the correction, lest 'M. S.' should consider his problem yet unsolved. ARMY BLUE." Mr. M. S. Clark, of the Bishop Creek School, sends an analysis to the question, and desires to return his friend "M. S." the following problem: "If a fish and a a half cost a cent and a half, what will three fish cost?"

Milton School District.

The first month of school, in the above school district, ended on the 28th ultimo. The school numbers 20 pupils. Whole number of days attendance, 385; absence, five; average daily attendance, 19¼. The following is the Roll of Honor, containing the names of pupils, who for meritorious conduct, good recitations and regular attendance, highly deserve the commendation. The names appear in the order of the respective standing of each in the school: Masters Geo. M. Gill and Edward Y. Earl; Miss Carrie Duval, Masters Guy C. Earl, A. D. Gill, Louie Schalten, Frank Varners and Miss Katie Schalten. So says Mr. Geo. H. Hardy, the teacher.

A Liberal Arrangement.

Messrs. Hiskey & Walker, of the Deep Spring Valley Reduction Works, advertise this week that they will crush, sample and assay lots of ore weighing 500 pounds or less, for the sum of $5. By this plan the careful prospector is enabled to ascertain as much about the value of his mine as by paying round figure for getting a ton of ore worked. In addition, they will buy all samples assaying over $100 per ton. Under this encouragement prospecting ought to flourish, and many new mines be discovered and opened.

Arraigned.

Yesterday at 10 o'clock A. M. J. G. Payne was arraigned on a charge of murder, he entering a plea of not guilty. A venire for 60 jurymen has been issued, and the trial is set for Monday next. It is expected the testimony will be voluminous, the greater part of which we design publishing. Meanwhile we earnestly request our readers to withold their judgment or onclusions upon the case.

Vast Wealth.

The Front mine, at Cerro Gordo, in its present hands, has developed into one of the most enormous mines of wealth ever discovered. It is announced and generally believed to be worth $1,000,000. The junior of this country sheet once owned and controlled nearly one-half, or 475 feet, of this mine. He feels like moralizing, and will some day give the history of this mine. Without saying much at present, he thinks *d—n it.*

Deep Spring.

We give this week the report of the first shipment of bullion from the Deep Spring mill, under the new management. This is the result of the working of a lot of San Juan ore, which was left on the dump of the mill by a former operator as worthless. It assayed $102, and worked up to $81 per ton, eighty per cent. This was done without extra care, and under the disadvantage of having a new, green roasting furnace.

Lone Pine.

We took a spin Lone Pine-wards last Sunday, in charge of a worthy Deputy Sheriff of this county. Lokleitems is of the opinion that town will do; its citizens and citizenesses are full of fun, genuine hospitality and public spirit. When the print shop busts, he proposes to locate down there and try and make an *honest* livlihood.

Religious.

Rev. A. Clark has made the following appointments for religious services in this part of the county: At the School House at Camp Independence Saturday, May 6th, at 7½ o'clock P. M. At Georges Creek Sabbath, May 7th, at 11 o'clock A. M., and at Independence on the same day, at 7½ oclock P. M.

May Party.

A goodly crowd of folks of the upper part of the county enjoyed a regular, old fashioned May party, on the 1st instant, meeting at the house of Joel Smith, in Round Valley. The affair passed off most pleasantly, winding up with a dance in the evening, in which all participated.

Accident.

A painful accident happened on the 29th ult. to Thomas Morehouse, who resides at Bishop Creek. While out hunting his gun was accidentally discharged, very severely burning his eyes and face.

Trustee Elected.

W. L. Moore was elected to the Board of School Trustees of the Lone Pine district, there being but one vacancy to fill. Dad, was *that* ballot-box stuffed?

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

MONDAY, May 1, 1871.

Board of Supervisors met in accordance with law. Full Board present.

Report of Charles Whipple, Roadmaster of District No. 4, for the quarter ending April 3d, 1871, was filed and account balanced for the term.

N. F. Coburn was appointed Roadmaster of District No. 3.

BILLS ALLOWED—GENERAL FUND.

S. P. Moffat	$396 10
J. J. Moore, J. P. Township No. 3	12 00
J. A. Lank, Coroner	16 50
S. Gregory, Interpretor	3 00
A. B. Elder	531 70

CONTINGENT FUND.

S. P. Moffat	94 50
A. B. Elder	259 00
C. Mulkey, Deputy Sheriff	45 25
" " "	121 75

TUESDAY, May 2.

BILLS ALLOWED—GENERAL FUND.

D. D. Gunnison, J. P.	$29 00
Chalfant & Parker	32 40

HOSPITAL FUND.

F. C. Smith, M. D.	$20 00
J. J. Rogers	204 00
C. B. White, M. D.	265 00

The bill of I. W. Hunt was passed until next term of the Board.

Ordered that should an examination of the case of the escape of the prisoners, Hutchison and Williams, be had, a legal suit be instituted against A. B. Elder, Sheriff, upon his official bonds.

Ordered that the Bend City bridge be considered unsafe, and the Roadmaster be ordered to post plain and conspicuous notices thereon to that effect.

The petition of the citizens of Bishop Creek, asking for the location of a highway, commencing at the house of Joseph Rowan on Owens River, running thence in a S. E. course to N. W. corner of N. E. ¼ of Section 31; thence S. on the bi-section line through Sections 6, 7 and 18, following nearly the old stage road from Powers' house to Sand Spring creek where the same is intersected by the road from the upper part of Bishop Creek valley, and upon the affidavits of parties copies of notices shall be posted in three different public places in said road district by I. P. Yaney, and also the petition, accompanied by a like affidavit of the posting of said notices as required by law. For the laying out of a highway as follows, to-wit: Commencing nearly opposite Sneden's store, on the dividing line between the lands of John Clark and William Clark, thence following said line due West by the lands of J. Powers, Wm. Powers, T. McKewen, Boley & Burrill, T. R. and J. F. Hutchison, M. C. Brockman, T. J. Taylor, S. A. Munson, James Welch and S. D. Harger, to the intersection of the Bishop Creek mill road, on Bishop Creek.

Ordered that the bonds required by law be fixed in each case at $200.

Ordered that upon the filing of the bonds above required and acceptance by the County Judge, the following persons be appointed viewers, viz.: James Shaw, J. W. Kingsley and County Surveyor L. Tuttle. Monday, the 15th day of May, 1871, was fixed as the day upon which they were to proceed to view said road.

Ordered that the boundaries of Road District No. 4 be changed as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the point of the Alabama mountains, thence East to the State boundary line, thence following said boundary line to the Eastern boundary line of the county, thence following the main summit of said mountains or Western boundary line to a point due West from the starting point, thence due East to the place of beginning.

Ordered that the North line of Road District No. 2, be removed North to Township line between Townships 11 and 12.

J. W. McMurry was appointed Roadmaster of District No. 1.

Board adjourned.

REPORT OF GRAND JURY.

TO THE HON. THE COUNTY COURT, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF INYO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA: We, the Grand Jury impaneled for the May term, A. D. 1871, of said Court, beg leave to make this our report.

We have examined faithfully into all complaints that have been made to us, and have found one true bill of indictment for murder, which we present without malice, and leave none unpresented through fear.

It appearing in evidence that J. G. Payne tendered his pistol to Henry Payne prior to the shooting of Luther Will, who refused to accept it, and for refusing to do so, or to make any effort to prevent the shooting, we feel it our duty to most severely censure him, the said Henry Payne.

We further find from evidence that T. J. Goodale, prior to the shooting of Luther Will, tendered to J. G. Payne two Derringers and one six-shooter, making the remark, after the shooting, that he (Goodale) would have shot him, the said Luther Will, before now, if it had been his case; for such conduct we most severely censure him, and more especially he being a peace officer.

We have visited the county jail, and find it kept in a proper manner. We would recommend that we have a larger and more secure building for the confinement of criminals.

All of which is most respectfully submitted.

G. M. CLARKE,
Foreman.

DISTRICT COURT PROCEEDINGS

Hon. Theron Reed, JUDGE.

Judgment for the plaintiff has been rendered in all of the following cases:

Begole vs. Walsh. E. A. Reddy vs. Gustave Wiss, et. als. E. A. Reddy vs. San Feline Mining Co. P. Reddy vs. E. A. de la Mier et. als. E. Dias et. als. vs. Juan Ybasita. J. S. Rothschild et. als. vs. Westerville & Ryan. I. Davison vs. Ryan & Miller. V. Beaudry vs. E. A. de la Mier et-als. Michael Friedlander vs. S. Pinchower & Bro.

Good Printing.

We yesterday furnished 2,400 blank receipts to the Owens Lake Silver Lead Co., at Swansea, to fill an order. They are printed and bound in the most perfect manner, and we ask that parties in need of printing will examine a specimen book at this office before sending to San Francisco or anywhere else.

Delayed.

The Northern stage was some hours behind time last Sunday night, on account of some difficulty about crossing the toll bridge across Owens River, in Bishop Creek district, the stage being refused passage by the owner. We know nothing about the merits of the controversy.

Babbitt Metal.

We have on hand an eighty-pound font of type, which will be sold for Babbitt metal at 50 cents per pound, cash. This is fancy job type, has never been opened, but must make room for later styles.

New Agent.

H. M. Isaacs has been constituted agent for the Aurora and Cerro Gordo stage line. This places the stage and express agency both at the same place—Harris & Rhine's store.

PROTECTION FROM FIRE.

The Cost of Water Works and an Engine System Compared—A Report from a Special Committee to the Fire Company—A Resolution.

TO THE OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF INDEPENDENCE ENGINE COMPANY, NO. 1:

GENTS—Your Committee, to whom the duty was assigned of investigating the relative probable cost and expediency of certain proposed methods of protection against fire in this place, beg leave to report:

That from the best data obtainable, your Committee find the cost of securing a fair degree of safety from fire in this town of Independence, by means of water pipes, fitted with necessary plugs, hose, etc., as per accompanying Exhibit No. 1, would be much more expensive in the first cost, quite as costly to maintain, much more limited in its field of action and no more efficient where available, than the plan proposed in Exhibit No. 2, which includes fire engine with carriage and hose the same as in plan No. 1. Your Committee deem the construction of suitable fire cisterns as essentially necessary, in case plan No. 2 should be adopted.

In plan No. 1 it is estimated that one half mile of piping would be required to obtain 100 feet pressure at the point of intersection with Edwards street; from said point of intersection, 700 feet additional pipe will be required to extend northward through said street, from which, by means of the estimated amount of hose, a single stream may be made available in subduing any fire within a radius of 500 feet from any one of the four proposed fire plugs. And further, to be effective, an organized hose company would be a necessity.

Under plan No. 2 a well organized company is equally as imperative, but for reasons not necessary to specify in this report, would be much easier to maintain in good and effective working order.

Your Committee would further state that the estimates in Exhibit No. 1 are made for piping of suitable sheet iron, prepared to resist corosion. This pipe, when put in place, would consist of three sections, respectively one-twentieth, one-sixteenth and one-eighth inch in thickness. The first cost of this iron we have probably placed at four or five cents per pound less than its real value; and on the other hand we have perhaps slightly over estimated its weight per foot.

In plan No. 2 the cost of an engine, hose and appurtenances is placed at a figure which, we have good reason to believe, is nearly one-third higher than the actual amount will be—though we have no positive figures upon which to base a lesser estimate.

All of which we respectfully submit to your consideration for further action.

THOS. J. GOODALE,
P. A. CHALFANT,
A. J. CLOSE. } Com.

[EXHIBIT NO. 1.]

3,700 feet of piping 6 inches in diameter, weighing, with collars, 15,000 pounds: Cost in San Francisco, at 10 cents per pound	$1,500
Four fire plugs, each weighing 300 pounds—1,200 pounds—cost of same in San Francisco	120
Digging trench for pipe	200
Laying pipe	100
Pen stock	150
Putting plugs in place	40
Freight on plugs	54
Freight on pipe	675
Piping ready for service	$2,659
Contingent expenses	100
Total	$2,759
Cost of hose carriage and 500 feet of hose (best single rivet, San Francisco make)	$ 825

[EXHIBIT NO. 2.]

Cost of fire engine, second class Hunneman, 6½ inch cylinders, 18 inch stroke, including hose cart	$1,000
Freight on same	200
Four fire cisterns, 8 feet square	400
Total	$1,800
Cost of 500 feet of hose	625

RESOLUTION.

After a lengthy debate, the following preamble and resolution was ordered written, and was then unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS—It has been established that the engine and cistern plan of protecting the town from fire is the cheapest, most effective and more general in its field of action; therefore, it is

Resolved—That this company, believing the danger from fire to be imminent and that protection is absolutely necessary, do make every effort within its power to procure a fire engine and hose.

LETTER FROM LONE PINE.

Political.

LONE PINE, Cal., May 2.

MESSRS. EDITORS: The political cauldron has commenced to seethe and boil. Candidates are dodging across the streets to shake hands with every ranchero that sticks his nose into town—spending their money freely for lager and tangleleg—making pilgrimages to Cerro Gordo to shake the hand of the sturdy miner, visiting every tunnel, shaft and prospect hole, and declaring at each place that they never saw such a good show for a "home stake," "you have got it sure this time," etc.—all for the purpose of panning out a vote.

There are so many candidates in the field that I think they will try and have their names put in your paper at club rates. The Democratic candidates for Sheriff are W. T. Grant, C. Mulkey, W. L. Hunter, Eph. Harrington, Thomas Passmore and Rafael Dias. For County Clerk, W. L. Moore and J. B. White. Moore bought off one candidate, who had secured the Seventh and Eleventh Wards of San Francisco and the Nineteenth Ward of Visalia, which extends to White River. White has secured the delegation from Saline and Death Valleys. For County Judge, Van Decar and J. Alexander. Assembly, Whipple, Curtis, Bell and Lank. Whipple has withdrawn, until he receives an assuiance from his friends that if he is elected they will send him up by the Sheriff, so that he may have a chance to escape. He told me that he wishes the people not to form any opinion about him that would hurt his chances for the office of Roadmater, because he has consented to run for the Assembly.

RUM PUNCH.

For Lead Poisoning.

Dr. P. G. Gelcich, of Lone Pine, has made special study of the dreadful malady of "leading," so common to the furnace men and lead miners of Cerro Gordo, and has met with wonderful success in his treatment of the disease. He claims to have discovered a preventative and certain antidote, and if it is as infallible as the results of its use would indicate, he has really proved himself a public benefactor.

Repairing.

The Roadmaster of this district has notices upon the old Bend City bridge across Owens River, warning teams not to cross except at their own risk. It will be repaired next week.

Recorder Elected.

An election for Recorder of Deep Spring district was held at Hiskey & Walker's mill May 1st. C. P. Littlepage was elected, defeating A. Wayland.

TO THE CITIZENS, PROPERTY HOLDERS AND BUSINESS MEN OF INDEPENDENCE.

We, the undersigned, having been appointed as a canvassing committee by Independence Fire Company No 1, for the purpose of raising the necessary funds to purchase a fire engine and apparatus, would most respectfully solicit the co-operation of the residents of Independence and vicinity.

From searching estimates we find that a good engine, with apparatus complete, can be laid down here for about $1,600—certainly a most insignificant amount, when compared with the loss which would inevitably be sustained should our young and thriving town ever be unfortunate enough to be subjected to the fiery element, with no means of protection.

To business men, and those possessed of homes that are already ornaments to our town we would more especially make an earnest appeal for pecuniary assistance in our present undertaking. The sum required would be but lightly felt by a liberally disposed community, were each and every one willing to step forward and lend a helping hand.

As for the members of the company, we can assuredly state that when supplied with the means of extinguishing fire—should their services be required—*they will not be found wanting.*

ISAAC HARRIS,
H. M. ISAACS,
T. J. GOODALE,
A. C. HANSON,
THOMAS MAY,
Committee.

Mysterious Circumstance.

As Mr. J. P. McLaughlin was coming down the road yesterday, he observed, when near the Black Rocks, a horseman approaching. When within about one fourth of a mile of each other, this horseman suddenly dismounted and fled. Some hours after, Mr. McLaughlin, on observing that the horse remained as the owner had left him, went in company with another man to investigate the matter. They found that after running about a quarter of a mile the man, whomsoever he may be, had dropped to his hand and knees, upon which he had traveled a quarter of a mile farther, when he again took to his feet. After this in about a mile he was tracked into a creek where all traces were lost. The horse, which stood as the owner had left him with the bridle rein thrown over a sage brush, is described as being a very good one—of a gray color, branded P on the left shoulder and 7 on the left hip; on his back was a saddle, nearly new, a pair of cantinas, coat and pair of pants, all of which, subject to the order of the rightful owner, are now at the Taboose Ranch. No explanation of the singular actions of the stranger has been offered, except on the hypothesis that he is crazy. Any how we should think it the duty of some official to look after him.

The Candidates.

We are authorized to state that our item of last week concerning the candidates out for office was incorrect, so far as it related to P. W. Bennett, Esq., being up for a Legislative nomination. He is not an aspirant for that or any other public office. We have since heard of others being talked of for the various offices, and have learned that some named are not candidates; but the item did not profess to be reliable. The only way to know certain that a person is a candidate is when he makes an official announcement to that effect over his own name.

One Less.

We are out and injured. Baron Louie Munzinger has chopped on us, all on account of our temperance proclivities. He says: "Vat for you no trink my peer? Shust you stop your tam baper; me no read him, if you no trinks. You bet your muck-a-muck!" So we loose (?) a subscriber. In our unselfish innocence of heart, we thought to leave it for others; but he makes enough of the good beverage for everybody.

Announcements.

C. Mulkey, Esq., this week makes formal announcement that he will come before the Democratic nominating convention as a candidate for Sheriff. He will make a good officer if elected. Mr. I. P. Yaney, of Bishop Creek, announces himself as a candidate for County Clerk, subject to the Democratic convention. He is well qualified to fill the position.

Eclipse New Mill.

Forty-two stamps of the battery at the new water mill of the Eclipse company are now in position. Lumber for the structure is being delivered both by teams and by floating it down the river, coming from the saw mills of Tim Lewis and Smith & Engle.

The Masonic Hall.

The Masons of this place commence the erection of their hall next week, on the site selected, just south of the residence of Judge Hanson. Considering the fact that there are but few members of the Order residing here, the building of their hall is something to be proud of.

Tis Well.

A pretty general movement is being made to procure good water by the digging of wells. The plan is opportune, for the starting up of the Kearsarge mill will probably impregnate the waters of the creek with mineral.

Bullion Shipment.

During the week ending Saturday the 30th ultimo, there were shipped from the Furnace of Mr. V. Beaudry, at Cerro Gordo, 1,925 bars of bullion, weighing 161,700 pounds.

Bullion Shipment.

During the week ending Saturday, April 22, there were shipped from the works of the Owens Lake Silver Lead Company, at Swansea, 482 bars of bullion, weighing 39,420 pounds.

Bullion Shipment.

On the 1st day of May, there were shipped from the mill of Messrs. Hiskey & Walker at Deep Spring, Cal., 4 bars of bullion, weighing 530½ ounces, valued at $407 67.

Ornamental.

We are glad to see that many of our citizens are planting trees around their various places of residence or business Good; our streets should be lined with them.

Freight.

Our streets have presented a rushing and business-like appearance all week, from the numbers of big freight teams unloading their cargoes of merchandise.

Potatoes.

"Spuds" are wanted in this market and all over the county. They are at present a scarce luxury, and the first supply will probably sell at good figures.

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards' Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement

We retain our old mottos of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

D. COHN & CO.

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Dry Goods,

HARDWOOD,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES.

Crockery,

GLASSWARE.

Tin-Ware,

SADDLERY,

Farming Implements,

SHOE FINDINGS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,

Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Tapioca, Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Jams, Dried Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles, Extracts, Sauces, Codfish, Salmon, Mackerel, Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,

French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS

Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,

SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES!

Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER

Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,

WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,

WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of

Glass and Crockery Ware,

Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

D. COHN & CO.

Independence, Cal, October 3, 1870. n13tf

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 6.....1871.

How Weeds Migrate and Multiply

It is stated that there are now no less than than two hundred and fourteen weeds, which have been introduced into the United States from foreign countries, and principally from England. As a proof of the rapidity with which us less plants are accidentally brought over the seas, it is said that in 1833 there were only one hundred and thirty-seven foreign weeds known in this country. As far back as 1672, a curious little volume called "New England Rarities," gave a list of just twenty two plants which the author considered had sprung up since the English had kept cattle in New England. The author mentions the plantain which he says the Indians call the "Englishman's foot," as though produced by the tread of the white settlers. The common yellow toad flax, it is stated, was originally introduced into the province of Pennsylvania, as a garden flower, by a Mr. Ranstead, a Welshman, residing in Philadelphia, from whom it has derived the name of "Ranstead's weed." In 1858 this weed had overrun the pastures in the inhabited part of all Pennsylvania, and was the cause of bitter complaints from the agriculturalists of that day. Chicken-weed, it is stated, was introduced into South Carolina as a food for canary birds, and in ten years spread for upwards of fifty miles, and now occupies the outposts of civilization. The Scotch thistle is said to have been brought to America by a clergyman, who carried with him a bed stuffed with thistle down, in which some seed remained. Feathers being cheap in the new country, were substituted for the new down which was soon emptied out, and the seeds springing up filled the country with thistles. Another account says some enthusiastic Scot introduced the thistle as an emblem of his country, which soon made itself at home and became a nuisance.

Linseed Tea for Sick Horses.

Linseed tea is not only a valuable restorative for sick horses, but is exceedingly useful in cases of inflamation of the membrane peculiar to the organs of respiration and digestion. It shields and lubricates the same; tranquilizes the irritable state of the parts and favors healthy action. We have prescribed linseed tea in large quantities during the last month for horses laboring under the prevailing influenza; they seem to derive much benefit from it and generally drink it with much rapidity. Aside from the benefit we derive from the action of mucilage and oil, which the seed contains, its nutritive elements are of some account, especially when given to the animals laboring under soreness in the organs of deglutition, which incapacitates from swallowing, becoming prostrated by inability to masticate or swallow more food. linseed tea may be resorted to, and in case of irritable cough the addition of a little honey makes it still more useful. In the latter form, it may be given to animals laboring under acute or chronic disease of the urinary apparatus, more especially of the kidneys. To prepare linseed tea put a couple of handfuls of the seed into a bucket, and pour a gallon and half of water upon it. Cover it up a short time and then add a couple of quarts of cold water, when it will be fit for use.—*Exchange.*

Cure for Canker.

This disease is very prevalent in this region at certain seasons of the year, and often assumes a very virulent form, especially among children, many of whom die from this cause and its concomitants. It is very desirable therefore that some effective remedy should be known and we believe we can recommend one which will answer the purpose. We have the testimony of a number of people who have tried it and who state that its effects are not only certain but speedy. The article alluded to is simply chloride of potash dissolved in water. This remedy has for some time been prescribed at the Z. C. M. I. for all who have applied for advice there regarding the disease alluded to.—*S. L. News.*

Cheap Paint.

A cheap paint may be made for outbuildings that will last for years, by taking milk and cement—or "water lime," as some call it—mix and apply three or four coats: any dry color may be added. This will last for years, and by rehewing once in one or two years, a building will look as well as if painted with oil-paint. To put this on, the paint should be stirred constantly, as the finer parts will soon be all used out, and at last you will have nothing but sand. Have a boy to stir it all the time; mix often.—*Exchange.*

—Success is in striking fast blows and hard ones.

—The purest love is that which asks for no return.

—A friend who can desert you was never your friend.

—Query——Can a man eating dates be said to consume time?

—Talking prevents doing. Silence is the great fellow workman.

—The first Lodge of Free Masons has been constituted in Rome.

—Twenty-four circuses are to perambulate the United States this season.

—To convert an artless maiden into a heartless one, there is only wanting a he.

—Do your business honestly and then you will have a good character among men.

—Work rapidly and systematically, and you will double the value of time to yourself.

—A man too busy to take care of his health is like a mechanic too lazy to take care of his tools.

—There are a great many men who ought in the fitness of things to own the dog that tried to jump across a well in two jumps.

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK

SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, August 8, 1870. n5-6m

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO
Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb 1 1871 f 4 32 6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.
ap29 44m4

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—WE ARE NOW prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of THE PEOPLE'S LITERARY COMPANION—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address
f9 333m E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE

$5 TO $10 PER DAY. MEN WOMEN BOYS and GIRLS who engage in our new business make from **$5 to $10 per day** in their own localities. Full particulars and instructions sent free by mail. Those in need of permanent, profitable work, should address at once. GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.
fo2n323m

MUSICAL.

PATENT

ARION

PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY

THE

ARION PIANO

IS

Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer,

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Evenness

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration.

All go to prove what we claim, viz.: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT

Arion Pianos

ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE

American Conservatories of Music,

Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

It affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes by our manufacture. We have now one of the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of detection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of Pianos still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,
HENRY SHROEDER,
DIRECTOR.

New York, September 3d, 1870.

AGENTS WANTED.

We want first class and responsible agents in every city and town where we have not already appointed them.

We Have Just Published

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VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1871. NUMBER 46.

Inyo Independent.

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" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M.
J. W. DEXTER, General Agent.
H. M. ISAACS, Agent at the Wells, Fargo & Co. Independence, May 5, 1871. n39v2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro
RAILROAD.
ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.
Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. *63
☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.
JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
1:29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

FOR INDEPENDENCE
—AND—
Cerro Gordo Mines.
By Telegraph Stage Line,
VIA SAN LUIS RANCH, FIREBAUGH'S Ferry, Watson's Ferry, Kingston, Visalia Tule River, White River, Linn's Valley, Kernville, Havilah, Little Owens Lake, Big Owens Lake, Lone Pine and Independence.
Stages Leave Gilroy every Monday, Wednesday and Friday,
On the arrival of the Morning Train from San Francisco.
Three times a Week to Havilah and Bakersfield and Once a Week to Lone Pine and Independence.
Stages Leave San Francisco Every Monday for Independence.
Returning: Leave Independence for San Francisco every Monday.
Fare to San Francisco.....$50.
OFFICE—308 Montgomery street, opposite the Russ House.
A. O. THOMS, Proprietor.
W. G. ROGERS, Agent, Visalia, Feb. 18, 1871. n1v34m3

LIVERY STABLES.

Cerro Gordo
FEED STABLE.
DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.
ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870 jy30n4tf

A CHANGE
In the Livery Business.
HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE
Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,
Independence, Cal.,
The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,
HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,
At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.
ny7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

AURORA
EXCHANGE STABLE,
PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.
S. G. COBB,..... ....Proprietor.
SADDLE HORSES,
Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,
—TO LET ON—
Reasonable Terms
HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.
n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

HUNT'S
LIVERY & FEED STABLE,
—LONE PINE, Cal.—
HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.
I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5 6m

EAGLE
Livery and Feed
STABLE,
Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,
Independence, Cal.
HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of
BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,
At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of
Hay and Grain
On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.
THOS. J. GOODALE.
Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,
—THE—
Pioneer Blacksmith
—OF—
OWENS VALLEY.
THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.
Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.
Of every description.
Wagon Work
Done in the best style at reasonable terms.
Agricultural Implements
Made and repaired.
UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.
A. PARKER.
Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

RE-OPENED.
MORSE & ROBINSON
HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do
BLACKSMITHING,
—AND—
Wagon Making,
In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,
EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.
Horse Shoeing, $3 00,
And all other work in the same proportion.
MORSE & ROBINSON.
Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39tv2

GARDEN SEEDS.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST RECEIVED A fine assortment of the best and most approved varieties of
GARDEN SEEDS
Which he offers to the public at low rates. Call at the Postoffice.
J. B. ROWLEY
Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.
CERRO GORDO STORE!
V. BEAUDRY
DEALER IN
GROCERIES,
Provisions,
Mining Implements,
LIQUORS,
Tobacco and Cigars,
—AND—
General Merchandise.
V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the
PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT
Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the
Old Stand.
And respectfully invites inspection of his
Stock and Prices.
Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. mr35n29tv2

SUGAR!
Best Quality Brown Sugar,
FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,
Best Quality Crushed Sugar,
FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,
—AT—
A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
ALSO,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods,
BLANKETS,
Sheetings,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
DRESS GOODS,
CLOAKS, SHAWLS,
HOSIERY,
PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.
CIGARS, TOBACCO,
WINES,
LIQUORS,
Saddles and Bridles,
Hardware,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
GROCERIES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.,
All at CORRESPONDING RATES!
A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
Lone Pine, February 18, 1871. f18n37tf

How the Jury Agreed.

The San Jose Patriot of April 28th is responsible for the following:

On the night of the day that the jury in the Mrs. Fair case rendered a verdict the case and the verdict were the subjects of animated discussion in all the saloons and other public places of San Francisco. Two of the jurors in that case happened to be in one of those saloons, sitting quietly and unobserved in a corner, where the verdict was being discussed and the case commented on with much animation. After some time one of these jurors arose and said, "Gentlemen, my friend here and myself were two of the jurors in that case, and I will tell you how it was decided. No one had opened his lips to the other in regard to the evidence or arguments; it seemed to be a sealed subject to us all, and when we retired to make up a verdict, no one juror knew anything of the opinion of his fellow jurors. On entering the jury-room the first thing done was to cut a piece of paper into twelve pieces, and to place a number on each piece from one to twelve. These were put in a hat and drawn, and the slip drawn was the number of the juror. On these slips each juror wrote his finding in the case, and when his number was called put it in the hat. When I wrote my finding, 'murder in the first degree,' I hardly thought there would be another such a finding on any of the slips, but when the slips were all deposited and taken out and read, to my great astonishment it was found that each juror, on the first and only ballot, had voted just as I had 'murder in the first degree.'" We obtained this incident last night from authority we considered reliable.

Traffic on the Suez Canal.

During the month of November last only forty-two ships passed through the Suez canal; but in December the number increased to seventy-two, against nine in the corresponding month in 1869, viz.:—Thirty-nine British, 32,808 tuns register; twelve Turkish, 7,331 tuns; seven Austrian, 5,101 tuns; five Egyptian, 4,000 tuns; six French, 7,770 tuns; one Italian, 508 tuns; one Dutch, 150 tuns; one Portuguese, 987 tuns. For January we have the following:—Forty British, seven French, four Turkish, one Belgian, three Italian, fourteen Austrian, three Egyptian, one Spanish, and one American—the Arizona being the first American merchant-ship that has passed the canal. Thus, from nine ships in December, 1869, we find the movement increased to no less than seventy-two in the corresponding month in 1870, and seventy-four for January 1871, with a revenue for each of these two months of more than $800,000; and it is thought the receipts for February will be more than a million.—*American Artisan.*

Earnings of the Central Pacific Railway.

The earnings of the Central Pacific Railroad Company in 1870 were nearly $8,000,000 and the increase for January and February of this year indicate that the earnings for 1871 will not be less than from 10,000,000 to 12,000,000, with a net profit of not less than 5,000,000, while the interest liabilities of Company are less than $2,000,000 per annum.—*American Artisan.*

Unlucky Luck.

The man whose first bet on the race course, whose first deal at the card table, whose first risk at faro, whose maiden lottery ticket, brings money largely into his pocket, is a ruined man at the very instant the world pronounces him "lucky." Any man, especially any young man, who starts out in life with the conviction that money can be better made than by earning it, is a lost man—lost already to society, lost to his family, and lost to himself.

—The new trowel-bayonets, being manufactured at the Springfield armory, are shaped almost exactly like a sharp-pointed trowel, and the dimensions about the same, or much like the spear-heads of the South-Sea Island warriors. The design is not so much for charges as an efficient instrument for skirmishing line, and being furnished with finger-pieces where they are joined to the guns, they can be used to lop boughs or dig holes for picket fence.

—Barnum has again started in the show business, this time on a larger scale than ever. The New York Times says his traveling exhibition, which consist of a museum, circus, and menagerie, all in one, is the most varied and extensive affair of the kind ever got together. It will require 500 men to move it, and the intention of the proprietor is to take it all over the country.

—Major Powell, the Colorado explorer, left Normal Illinois, April 24th, on his second journey. He goes under the auspices of the Smithsonian Institute, there being an appropriation of $20,000 for the expedition. The party is well supplied with instruments, boats, and all that is necessary for a complete and accurate survey and exploration. They intend making a stay of two years.

—The Detroit papers have discovered a new method of driving away the organ-grinders. Every day or two they have a small paragraph like this: "Organ-grinders in Memphis make about ten dollars a day."

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 13.....1871.

CRIMES AGAINST SOCIETY.

The verdict in the case of Mrs. Fair seems to have occasioned surprise in all quarters. This is not from any questions of unproved guilt, but principally because the defendant was a woman, who committed a heinous crime under the inspiration of a distempered imagination, induced, as she alleges, by the weight of her wrongs. The wisdom and justice of this verdict meet with universal commendation, not so much from the nature of the crime, nor through sympathy for her guilty paramour, the victim, but as a proof of the fact that a jury has been found who would not, as a matter of course, accept the flimsy, outrageous plea of insanity as a justification for murder. Had this woman been else than she was—cool, calculating and systematic in her selfish desire to drag down another woman to her own level, and at the same time subvert the first principle of society—had she been a woman wronged in the ordinary sense of the term by the wiles of the seducer, conviction would have been impossible. Neither can there be any justification in the past conduct of her victim; his crime against society was but one remove less than hers, and one that, at times, even blood will hardly cancel. Had the weapon been in the hands of the wronged wife of the deceased and directed at the present murderess, who shall say the act was unjustified? But this verdict was rendered not for murder in fact but murder in intent, a vengeful blow at the rights of society, as well as of individuals.

In the same city a few weeks previous, a murder was committed in the streets which, viewed as disconnected with other facts, was cold-blooded and deliberate. A verdict of not guilty was rendered, and received with every possible demonstration of joy. Why? Because our statute books are incomplete. There are no laws to protect helpless, confiding innocence against a certain class of moral murderers. That is why Dunn, who acted in defense of his sister, was acquitted. The law concerning the taking of life is so explicit that no jury can mistake its meaning. The law does not go beyond the immediate acts, but verdicts do.

THE LOTTERY FURORE.

The originators and managers of the famous Mercantile Library Lottery have indeed heaped a fearful responsibility upon their shoulders, as is shown in the light of transpiring events. In a late number of The Daily Sacramento Union we note no less than *seven* flaming advertisements of like schemes, glaringly setting forth the indisputable fact that this species of gambling is becoming an epidemic evil, and that laws are no longer held in force or accorded respect; and it appears that the ill-advised, fatal step of the last Legislature in sanctioning the great scheme which has so fertilely propagated its species, has demonstrated that our fundamental law is not even *entitled* to support, when a clause thereof is rendered absolutely void in effect and is brazenly ignored in principle by simply dubbing barelaced lotteries into white-washed "Gift Concerts."

It is difficult to conceive a system more rotten and wrong in principle than that which lures the masses into the contributing of money to enable a few to set aside prizes, and appropriate the vast remainder as they may see fit. A scheme involving the payment of the national debt might be conducted on the same principle, so far as any capital is required at the start.

Instead of drawing from the Press that dampening condemnation and rebuke which these small-fry lotteries so eminently deserve, papers are found which not only countenance but fan them into flame by advertisements and paid editorial endorsements. We have received advertising orders from the managers of two of these wealth distributing (?) organizations, but must very flatly refuse them, once and for all.

And we would here record our contempt for the journals who so virtuously condemned the mother swindle and now encourage its satellites by acting as their public cappers. But all is fish for their net, and decent consistency may go to the dogs.

Mining Property Sold.

The Reese River Reveille says that an English Company has bought the mining property on Mineral Hill, paying therefor the round sum of $1,000,000.

WOMAN'S INEQUALITY BEFORE THE LAW.

In a communication with the above caption, which appeared last week, L. H., the writer, produces a formidable array of legal quotations in support of the proposition that "women, under the law, are virtually slaves." That there are some apparantly invidious distinctions in law between the sexes and unfavorable to married women particularly, is evident, if viewed in the simple abstract. These distinctions are founded in reason, which means the best interests of society. In great part however, they exist more in fancy than in reality, which may be shown by a slight investigation of the respective privileges of the sexes in law and usage. We will premise that we have not at hand proper references in support of our theory and facts of law, and though dogmatically set forth for the sake of brevity, will undertake to produce legal authority, if required.

One of the strongest arguments made use of by woman's rights advocates, and the first to be noticed in this communication, is "that women are taxed and made to obey laws to which she has had no voice in making, etc., which is a violation of the first principles of law and government." We know of no law whatever that levies a tax upon women. Her property is taxed as is that of every other voting or non voting person—male or female, minor or adult, native or alien—living temporarily or permanantly under our government and requiring protection for person and property. It costs government and communities just as much to maintain needed regulations for the protection of the property of women as it does for an equal amount for the other sex, but with this small property tax her duties to the government, local or national, begin and end. The most onerous duties of citizenship she escapes. She pays no road, no poll tax; performs no jury, no military, no police duty and contributes nothing to have these essential duties performed, unless possessed of property; whether possessed of property or not, her own protection and welfare render these institutions equally important. In fact, with none of the responsibilities of citizenship, she is entitled to many special privileges accorded her in social life, in matters of law and usage, most or all of which would sooner or later be lost to her were she to assume all her so called rights. But of her rights under the law: many offices of trust and emolument are within her reach; previous to marriage her rights and privileges in schools, professions, trade, and commerce and all business operations of life are hers, limited only by inclination and ability.

A woman after marriage still retains her individuality before the law, L. H. and the law (if the expression may be allowed) to the contrary notwithstanding. If possessed, at marriage, of property in her own right it remains in her complete control, except in one particular to be noted hereafter. She can dispose of it by gift, sale or will, wholly regardless of the husband; whatever income, however, accruing from its use must be considered as part of the wealth in common; its management may be delegated to the husband or other person, she, as a wife, not being in law considered competent or entitled to the sole managment or profit, for the reason that, independent of her (legally) unrecognized business capacity, her time should not be devoted exclusively to purely personal objects, even in a limited business partnership where each member is supposed to devote his undivided energies and talents for the common good.

"Married woman are denied the right to buy or sell." In usage their privileges in this respect are restricted only in the degree of her own, or rather her husband's credit and responsibilty, who is always responsible for her acts and debts without express notice to the contrary. The truth of this proposition is well sustained in the experience of many unfortunate Benedicts. Plenty of that kind of testimony may be had. Her wages when living separate and apart are absolutely her own, regardless of the husband; if not living separate and apart her earnings as well as his become part of the common wealth, the law declaring expressly that all property accumulated by a married couple while living together shall be common and equal, and neither party, without the consent of the other, may segregate any portion for other than the common good. She may secure on the death of the husband, (before, under conditions), a $5,000 homestead, irrespective of the liabilities of the "firm." The private property of the wife can not be held for the debts of the husband contracted before or after marriage. These points, though not all that may be brought on that side in opposition to those of our correspondent, will have to suffice for the present, while we take brief a view of the distinctions said to be so favorable to the "party of the first," or rather the cost of his tenure.

The private property of the husband is held for the debts of the wife contracted previous to marriage (and ever after until he's swamped or dead). He can not dispose of the children contrary to the mother's will. He is bound for her maintenance until the dissolution of the bond, and afterwards to give her one-half of all his property, or competent alimony. She is entitled to her half of the common property by will.

Under common law for centuries past, a marriage between two persons sinks or merges them into one, and in law are so regarded. For this reason husband and wife can not contract with each other without the intervention of a trustee, her legal existence and authority being in a degree lost. Chief Justice Marshal in this connection says: "The inability of husband and wife to contract with each other is founded in the wisest policy, and is an essential muniment to the inviolability of the implied nuptial contract and maintainace of the institution of marriage. The complete dependance of the wife upon the husband, and the continual liability of the husband, made so by law, to support the wife, together with the utter incapacity of the parties, by their own free will, to absolve each other from the reciprocal rights and duties which the law of their contract imposes upon them, furnishes powerful motives for the promotion of harmony and peaceful co-habitation in married life." The main point of objection raised by our correspondent and others, is in the fact that in business affairs, under the law, the husband is the sole representative. However obnoxious in the abstract, this rule is founded on the broadest principles of right, justice and good policy. It is a rule that obtains in all harmonious and effective business co-partnerships between men. As partnerships of this character are limited in their natures, the legal rights and liabilities of members are equal, but in usage it is always better that some one of the number should be invested with the ruling power, or to use a gambling phrase, "have the say." This is a law of Nature, manifest in the animal kingdom and the human family; in the latter, it is an equal necessity in every grade of society, from nations down to the smallest sub-division—to the family circle. It is a rule that can not be abrogated without anarchy and confusion. Under law and usage, this ruler in the married relation is the husband. We shall not attempt at this time to show the superior right of the husband to this position, but merely its necessity. In their business transactions with the world, if each is permitted to bargain and sell, sign and receipt and do other similar things independent of each other, there must be an absolute diversity of interests and feeling, and so considered in society, or the latter can have no security against fraud. It is in the power of one to nullify or abrogate the acts of the other; it leaves no binding common interest; it erects two households where there should be but one; two persons bound by no ties except those of convenience; it detracts from the power of each by multiplying the duties of both; it releases the stronger and abler from all obligations of support, protection and maintenance of the weaker; it subverts the marriage into an institution of free-love. It needs no argument to show which sex in these contingencies must be the greatest loser. The laws of nature are obvious and conclusive. Though not so intended, the whole tendency of the Woman's Rights movement as now advocated, tends, we firmly believe, to the results pointed out above. The laws objected to by our correspondent, might as well be marked off the statute books, so far as they now affect all true marriges, for in such there can be no diverse interests, no intervention of law. They are designed for marriages of convenience or those "souls who dream of heaven" but who mistake the attaining means. Under present laws (notably those of Indiana), such irksome bonds may be set aside as those of any other limited co partnership, and the weaker vessel attain perfect equality under the law in all the business relations of life, save the right to vote. Every additional assumption of independent action and objects on the part of woman in the direction now aimed at only tends to lower her, in a moral sense, to the level of men, when her weakness, which is now her strength, must make all the disadvantages hers. It matters not whether from man's innate selfishness or woman's perverseness, the full accomplishment of this movement can not add to woman's well being in any sense.

—A drunken man sprawling on the ground in Paterson N. J., the other night anxiously wanted to know if anybody else had been struck by that earthquake.

"DOUBTFUL"—VERY.

[COMMUNICATED.]

MESSRS. EDITORS: In your issue of April 29th, under the heading "Sensible," you publish that "the State of Wisconsin has abolished the Grand Jury system. This is a somewhat doubtful experiment, and the people of other States will look for its results with great interest."

In reading the above the first question that presented itself to my mind was, does not said law conflict with the Constitution of the United States?

In answer to this question, we will let that document speak for itself, as follows:

ART. V OF AMENDMENTS. Sec. 45.—"No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger."

Again: Article VI (Original Constitution). SECTION 38. "This constitution and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding."

Therefore, it occurs to the mind of your humble correspondent that it would have been more nearly within the purview of astute Legislators' duties, instead of enacting this law, to have spent their time in memorializing Congress to propose an amendment to the National Constitution repealing the clause in that instrument which originated, and under the authority of which, the Grand Jury system was established.

There may be some doubt as to the propriety of abolishing the Grand Jury system, but of the fate of this law there can be *no* doubt, if our national judiciary does its duty. For that department will surely decide the said Wisconsin law to be void, unless I misjudge. In corroboration of my views, I will quote those of no less a noted commentator than Chief Justice Storey, as follows:

"As the Constitution is the supreme law of the land, in a conflict between that and the laws either of Congress or of the States it becomes the duty of the judiciary to follow that only which is of paramount obligation."

Again: "The power of the judiciary of interpreting the laws, involves necessarily the function to ascertain whether they are conformable to the Constitution or not, and if not, to declare them inoperative and void."

The people of the other States can not properly anticipate much "interest" in the operations of this Wisconsin law; but every patriot and law-abiding citizen should feel solicitous as to whether our national judiciary will allow it to remain unannulled. For the enactment of a law that shall contravene the provisions of the fundamental law of the nation, is a bad precedent. As we are a people who, in legal matters, are governed by precedent (I have sometimes thought too much), if this law remains in force in that State, other States, following the precedent, will enact others of like character, and more and more inhibitory of the Constitution's provisions until it comes to be a mocking farce to quote or refer to that great Magna Charta—the bequest of our fathers!

And in support of this position, I again quote the words of Judge Storey:

"For otherwise" (than following that only which is of paramount obligation) "the acts of the Legislative and Executive departments would in effect become supreme and uncontrollable, notwithstanding any prohibitions or limitations contained in the Constitution, and usurpations of the most unequivocal and dangerous character might be assumed without any remedy within the reach of the citizens."

Consequently, I conclude that this is a dangerous and deprecable experiment. Will some of the practitioners of the legal fraternity point out the errors, if I am not right in my conclusions?

NIMROD,

New Railroad Project.

There is a project on foot, and likely soon to be executed, to connect Chicago, Cleveland and Pittsburg with New York by nearly an air line. The proposed road is to be called the "Continental Railway." It is to be double tracks, laid with steel rails and first class in every particular. It shortens the distance (by present routes 960 miles) to 864, miles which are to be run in 20 hours. Freights are to be reduced two-fifths on present rates.

Cost of Narrow Gauge Roads.

The American Artisan, a very excellent journal, gives among other scientific and mechanical matters of interest, in its issue of April 20, a table of the comparative cost of the different gauge railroads. Including every necessary item of expense, given in detail, each mile of the track ready for the rolling stock will compare as follows:

Cost of 4 feet 8½ inch track.....	$10,377 00
" 3 " 6 " "	6,898 20
" 3 " "	5,794 70
" 2 " 6 " "	5,006 20
" 2 " "	4,051 20

—Near Denver, Colarado, William P. Orchard, who had made $300,000 or $400,000 by mining operations, is reported to have attempted to hang himself recently because he had not money enough to buy his breakfast with.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Not merely to tickle the palate, but to infuse health and vigor into the enervated and diseased system, is the high purpose and sure effect of Dr. Walker's Vegetable Vinegar Bitters. This famous restorative creates no sudden flash of excitement, to be succeeded by increased debility and ten fold gloom. It braces the relaxed nerves and imparts permanent tone and regularity to the whole animal machinery. Dyspepsia, liver complaint, physical prostration, diarrhoea and in fact nearly all complaints that are not organic, yield to its operation.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46:ftc

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46m3

Wanted.

AT THE THE BIG PINE SAW MILL, A MAN who understands working and can saw Shingles on one of Hunting's Shingle Machines.

my13n46 3 BEIL & BRO.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

TAKEN UP BY THE UNDERSIGNED, ON THE Fourth day of May last, near Denton's place or ranch, about nine miles north of Independence, the following described horse: Gray, common size, branded P on the left shoulder, and figure 7 on the left hip. It was rigged with a new saddle and bridle; had a coat, pair of pants and a canteen attached. The owner is requested to call at Primer's Ranch, five miles north of Independence, pay charges and take his property. n46t3 H. PRIMER.

W. L. MOORE

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for County Clerk, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my13n46

DELINQUENT SALE.

SILVER SPROUT MINING COMPANY—LOCATION of Works and Mines, Kearsarge District, Inyo County, State of California.—NOTICE. There are delinquent, upon the following described stock, on account of assessment levied on the Fifteenth day of March, 1871, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective Shareholders as follows:

Names.	No. Certificate.	No. Shares.	Amount.
Gilbg, John.....	(unissued)	640	$4,000 00
Hearst, George...	"	200	1,250 00
Mott, E. B., Jr.....	29	200	1,250 00
Tuttle, B F.....	31	60	375 00

And in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Trustees, made on the 15th day of March, 1871, so many shares of each parcel of said Stock as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the salesroom of Maurice Dore & Co., No 327 Montgomery street, San Francisco, on the FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, 1871 at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M. of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

T. B. WINGARD, Secretary.

Office No. 206 Front street, San Francisco, Cal.

NOTICE.—Stock in the Company will be received in payment of the above assessment, at the rate of Twelve 50-100 dollars ($12 50) per share, U. S. gold coin. T. B. WINGARD,

my13n46t2 Secretary.

NOTICE.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY DECLARE our intention of forming ourselves into a Joint Stock Road Company, under and by virtue of an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to authorize the formation of corporations for the construction of plank or turnpike roads," approved May 12th, 1853, for the purpose of constructing a turnpike road from a point on the easterly shore of Owens Lake, near the furnace of the Owens Lake Silver Lead Company, in the County of Inyo, State of California, and thence running by the most practicable route (as the same may hereafter be located by actual survey) to a point on the Cerro Gordo and Owens Lake Company's road, at or near the well dug by Jamieson and Barry for A. B. Elder, in the said County and State.

And we further declare our intention of meeting at Swansea, Inyo County, at the office of the Owens Lake Silver Lead Company on WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of effecting a preliminary organization of said company.

JAMES BRADY,	E. J. DENNETT,
J. L. BARKAM,	GEORGE ANDREWS,
J. C. WATT,	A. B. DAVIS,
W. T. ANGIER,	JOHN T. HUGHES,
WM. H. VAN ARSDALE.	

Dated May 13th, 1871. my13n46t2

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of E. A. Reddy against the San Felipe Mining Company, a corporation, duly attested the 8th day of May, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of the San Felipe Mining Company, a corporation, in and to the San Felipe mine; also, the tunnel heretofore commonly known as the Frieburg Tunnel, and now known as the San Felipe Tunnel, said mine and tunnel situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at Two o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House County of Inyo, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,

By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

May 13, 1871. my13n46w3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Dry Goods,

HARDWOOD,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES.

Crockery,

GLASSWARE.

Tin-Ware.

SADDLERY,

Farming Implements,

SHOE FINDINGS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Independence and Inyo County in general that they have on hand a large and well selected stock of the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash:

GROCERIES,

Flour, Bacon, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Tapioca, Preserved Fruits, Jellies, Jams, Dried Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Pickles, in Kegs or Bottles, Extracts, Sauces, Codfish, Salmon, Mackerel, Salt Pork, Etc.

LIQUORS,

French and American Brandies, Old Valley Whisky, Jamaica and New England Rum, Apple Jack, Old Tom, Port, Los Angeles Wines and Bitters, Anisette, Jamaica Ginger and Syrups of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS

Of the best brands in the market.

DRY GOODS,

SILKS, DELAINES, PLAIDS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBREYS, BRILLIANTINES, MUSLINS, HOOP SKIRTS, FINE KID GLOVES, BALMORALS, OIL CLOTHS, LINENS, PRINTS, SHEETINGS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, EMBROIDERIES, LADIES' HATS, SUNDOWNS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES!

Of the best quality and latest styles, just from San Francisco.

HARDWOOD TIMBER

Of all dimensions. WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, AXE and PLOW HANDLES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, BUGGY RIMS, etc., etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Of all descriptions.

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, of various sizes, WASH STANDS, ARM CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, BABYS' CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, WINDOWS, BEDDING FINE WHITE BLANKETS, AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

HARDWARE,

WAGON AND BUGGY TIRE IRON, BAND AND ROUND IRON, SHOE SHAPE, NAIL ROD, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, IRON AND COPPER RIVETS, WIRE, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, STOVES, BOLTS AND SCREWS OF ALL SIZES.

SADDLERY,

WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, LINES, STIRRUPS, SPANISH AND CALIFORNIA BITTS, WHIPS, WHIP STOCKS, LASHES, Etc., Etc.

A Splendid Assortment of

Glass and Crockery Ware,

Comprising articles too numerous to mention, all of which are offered for sale at the lowest prices for Cash, by

HARRIS & RHINE.

Independence, Cal., May 13, 1871. my13n46w3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 13.....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Time for Action.

The efforts being made by our citizens toward the purchase and running of a fire engine in this place have received so much attention at our hands, that it would seem almost unnecessary to make further mention of the urgent necessity of the project. If still more reference to the matter was needed to convince any one that protection from fire is absolutely requisite, a mention of the fact that our town, now in the full tide of prosperity and thrift, is liable at any moment to be swept out of existence by the smallest accident, likely to occur at any moment. For a small town, our highly inflammable buildings are situated more than usually close together, and a fire once started must take them all, for no possible effort could save any portion without the proper means are provided. The dropping of a match, a defective flue, coals carelessly thrown out with ashes, or the every day accident of the dropping or bursting of a lamp, are little affairs likely to occur at any time—and away goes Independence. Doubtless many of our citizens know what it is to suffer by the ravages of fire, there being but few of the early cities and towns on the Coast which have escaped destruction by that element. In this place it is a difficult matter to get fire risks taken by responsible companies, but even if insurance was easily accomplished it is a very doubtful policy, for instead of sending off ten or twelve thousand dollars a year for this purpose, a portion of this money had better be expended by our business men to protect their neighbors as well as themselves, and thus keep this community together for the support of their own busines. Let fire come and it is possible that many would never rebuild here—even if they had the required means—for there are other places in the county just as important in a business point of view as this. Although this is a central point of the mining and agricultural regions of the county, let the Court House be destroyed a movement would at once be made to effect a removal of the county seat, with an almost certainty of success as soon as it could be accomplished by law. And then the mere fact of the town having an apparatus and an organization for the purpose of fire protection would impart to a passing stranger or homeseeker an air of permanence; it would afford him assurance that the property he might rear would stand a show of safety from another's carelessness, or the incendiaries' torch. Manufacturies, planing mills and tanneries must be established somewhere in the valley before long, and the citizens of this place should lose no opportunity to present at least equal advantages to those of any other point. Establish a live company here, and a similar one would soon be organized in Lone Pine, through the characteristic ambition of firemen to excel, and thus afford a little rivalry, which always tends to success in such cases. Although the general principle is the same, the necessity in that place is not so urgent, because the buildings there are more separated, mostly of different materials and better protected by shade trees. The natural aid to to the successful working of a fire department at this place can not be excelled, while the present and prospective nature of the town could hardly present a greater necessity for one. As for the proper equipment of Independence Engine Company No. 1, we of The Independent establishment can claim less immediate interest or motives than perhaps any other, from the fact that our office stands isolated from other buildings, and the material could readily be removed elsewhere; but in this connection we may state that we have already contributed to this object the same labor and material that would cost anybody else or any other concern at least $100. The present members are well aware, also, that the burden of its maintenance and support, to say nothing of the personal services and dangers, must fall upon them when the company is in working order, as it invariably does. And of course it can not be claimed that a fire organization would by any *prevent* fires, but an active company in this place would certainly confine them to their original starting points, and probably save the building itself; and the *cause* of many conflagrations would be looked to by the systematic inspection of stove-pipes, etc. All this argument may be, and doubtless is, unnecessary; the fact must be patent to all our citizens that the object is a necessity, and should receive the help of all. However, the more the matter is discussed the more the danger will be understood, and the work of the Canvassing Committee thereby lessened. It is about time something was being done about the matter.

More Carelessness.

There is at the Postoffice in this place a letter returned from Chicago for "better directions," addressed as follows: "Mr. Henry Fisher, Easton South, Fourth street, No. 105." None of the P. M.s have the remotest idea where Easton South is, so the writer, whomsoever he may be, will have to furnish the information, or Henry will never get his letter in the 'varsal kingdom.

Struck It.

The Oceola boys are into their ledge at last and find it a pretty good thing to take, too. We saw a twenty pound specimen of the black, splendid looking ore, which assays $1,500 per ton. Drifts on both sides of the tunnel discloses bodies of the ore, and a ton was taken out on the first day.

Watchmaking.

We would direct the attention of the public to the card of Mr. Geo. Burkhardt, watchmaker and jeweler, at Lone Pine. All work in his line which may be sent or taken to him will be satisfactorially attended to, and at low charges.

Another Agent.

Harry Isaacs informs us that he is not acting as stage agent, as reported by us last week, having found that he could not attend to it, by reason of too many other duties. Wm. G. Squires, at the Inyo House, is agent now, we believe.

For County Clerk.

W. L. Moore, very well known throughout the county, this week announces himself as a candidate for County Clerk, to come before the Democratic Convention. He will make a lively fight for it.

Wanted.

A shingle maker is wanted at the Big Pine saw mill, one who understands the Hunting machine prefered. This is a good chance for some one who *sabes* these things.

Thanks.

The thanks of this establishment are due Mrs. I. P. Yaney, of Bishop Creek, for a substantial remembrancer.

ACQUITTED.

The Payne-Wills Murder Trial.

On the 10th day of April last, Joseph G. Payne shot and killed one Luther A. Wills, at the business place of the former in this town. On a preliminary examination, Payne was bound over in the sum of $3,000 to await the action of the Grand Jury; that body found a true bill of indictment for murder, on which the case came up for trial on Monday last, in the District Court, Hon. Theron Reed presiding. It has occupied the attention of the Court up to about 6 o'clock yesterday evening, when the matter went into the hands of the jury, twelve good men and true, who, after some twenty-five minutes' consultation, returned a verdict of NOT GUILTY.

P. Reddy and W. P. George appeared for the defendant, and District Attorney Bennett and E. H. Van Decar for the people. Following are the names of the gentlemen composing the jury: John Beveridge, B. F. Hutchison, J. B. Wofford, J. S. Brown, Henry Primer, J. H. Stratton, Thomas Passmore, W. L. Moore, David Thomas, A. B. Kitchen, J. Earl and E. Chaquette. We do not believe that twelve better jurors could have been selected in Inyo County. The presiding Judge conducted the entire proceedings in a manner that must have met the approbation of all; his rulings were prompt, decisive and rendered in perfect fairness and impartiality. The counsel for the defense made their client's cause their own, and with such a cause their earnestness and ability could not fail of success before an intelligent American jury. The prosecution left no stone unturned to secure a full and fair investigation of the alleged crime, and fulfilled the requirements of their position to the letter.

We have hitherto refrained from comments upon the unfortunate circumstances attending the killing of Wills, intending after the matter was legally investigated and decided to place before our readers a full and fair statement of the entire transaction. As the conclusion was not reached until a very short time previous to our usual time of going to press, we are forced to defer details until our next issue. There has been some feeling in this case as must ever be where human life is taken in this manner, but the conviction of what constitutes justice, which we have held from the first, is now sustained. We will further say, that we do not believe a jury of twelve intelligent men, conscious of the rights and duties of husband and father, can be found on this coast that would render a different verdict. If the shedding of human blood is ever to be justified, it must be in cases of this character. Taking into the account the facts as presented in open court, we can not see how any unbiased person could condemn any man for acting as did Payne in this instance. What is he to do? Submit to have the very tenderest ties of the human heart ruthlessly severed—robbed of wife and child, of home and all that makes life endurable and then bow in meekness to the smiting hand and insulting tongue that has, no matter whether in human weakness or a villain's guile robbed him of his all. Must he bear all the punishment of anothers sins? Where is the law to which he can appeal? There is none on our statute books that woul protect him, much less afford redress.

Except from his subsequent action, there is no more, if as much, blame to be attached to the memory of Wills in this transaction than to the heartless cause of all—the thoughtless or wicked wife and mother.

Shooting at Bishop Creek.

Last Monday afternoon there occurred at the residence of Mr. Burdick, on Bishop Creek, there occurred a shooting affray which, we are inclined to think, was not fatal enough for perfect justice. For some months past one named Joe Marco has been conducting himself in an obnoxious manner toward Dick Sides, have meddled with and fomented several family quarrels. A Mr. Cromwell had just left Sides, and when but a short distance from the house met Marco, who inquired if Dick was at home, making use of some blackguard threats about what he was going to do with him. Cromwell returned and warned Sides; when Marco came up Sides asked him if he was armed, and received the reply that he was "armed for all such sons of —— as him." Sides then raised a shot gun and fired, but the cap snapped; trying the other barrel, he lodged a load of fine shot in Marco's arm, just he was dodging around the corner of a building. Dr. White of Camp Independence, was sent for, and found the arm pretty badly shattered. There is at present no magistrate north of Big Pine, and we believe no legal investigation has been had; public opinion however, seems to unanimously justify the act. Sides is widely known over the coast having figured largely in an early day in Nevada among the Comstock mines, and afterwards in Washoe and Ormsby counties.

Attempt to Murder.

About 1 o'clock on the night of May 4th, a miner by the name of Martin Murphy while on a drunken brawl, got a couple of men to accompany him and went into the Buena Vista tunnel, at Cerro Gordo. John Murphy, employed in running a car at the mine, was pushing out a load of ore as the party entered the tunnel. Martin Murphy stopped him, drew a six-shooter and said: "You are a sucker; you son of a ——, you are my meat!" He pointed the pistol and pulled trigger, but only the cap snapped. John Murphy retreated back to the incline, where he remained for some time, the work in the mine being interrupted for an hour or two. It seems that the attacking party had been discharged from the mine but a day or two previous, and "went for" his man because he had not quit work on account of it. Martin was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Grant on the following, and taken before Justice Barrows for examination, by whom he was remanded for trial, on a charge of attempt to commit murder. Arriving here, he was released on a writ of *habeas corpus*, before his Honor Judge Reed, in the District Court, it appearing that there was no evidence againt him—or at least the commitment papers did not say that any of the witnesses were sworn.

An Old Firm Changed.

By reference to our new advertisements of this week, it will be seen that Dr. A. A. Green, of Aurora, has sold his drug business in that place to Mr. Charles E. Baldwin. In a private letter the Doctor informs us that he contemplates moving to the Puget Sound country to "try his luck." During his long stay in Aurora, from the earliest days of Esmeralda's flushest times down to the present, Dr. Green's urbanity and kindly disposition has never failed to command the warmest friendship and esteem of all, and his permanent departure will be a source of deep regret to his thousand friends throughout this part of the country. May "good luck" attend him, wherever he goes. His business has fallen upon a worthy successor which is about as high a compliment as could be paid to Mr. Baldwin, or anybody else.

Shaky.

Judge Reed don't think much of the stability of our Court House walls. The other day while a little four-knot breeze was blowing the walls trembled so much as to cause his Honor to temporarily vacate the Bench. As the bricks composing the walls are so soft, in case the building was to tumble down while court was in session, it is not likely any body would be much damaged except from the dust, and that would soon blow away.

Obligations.

We are under obligations to Seth G. Sneden for remembering us in this, the winter of our discontent, made so by no son of York, but by an unenviable, disagreeable and unaccountable shortness in the market and kitchen supply of that certain highly nutritious, esculent and farinaceous tuber yclept the "spud," the nature and quality of which was thus clearly defined by a learned gentleman of color: "De tater am a combination ob de wegetable matter; de interior am endeavored to be good while de extirium am totally on de negative, darfore, without furder circumlocushums I will take a bushel ob dese yere." We received a sack of potatoes, is what we have trying to get at,

From Deep Springs.

A private letter from Deep Spring Valley has the following: "Nothing new here, except some fellow, not having the fear of a hereafter before his eyes, did maliciously and mischieviously set fire to another man's (a Mexican) coal pit, damaging said Mexican to the amount of $250. This will now be a camp, or at least it should be, as we have had one incendiary or insane 'cuss.'"

Narrow Escape.

Last Thursday a small boy some nine years of age named Frank Van Ness while engaged in herding cattle a bull made a charge at the boy, and horse on which he was mounted, killing the latter instantly. While the bull was engaged in going the fallen horse the boy run for life and escaped comparatively unhurt.

Messrs. Harris & Rhine

This week officially announce the opening of the old D. Cohn & Co. firm under the new name and management. Besides their vastly increased merchandising business, they have numerous and divers other matters of interest which they propose to set forth in full next week.

New Road.

A company has been formed to build a turn-pike road across that long stretch of heavy sand from the terminus of the Cerro Gordo and Owens Lake toll road to Swansea, and they give due legal notice of their intentions in the matter.

Bullion Shipment.

On the 8th day of May, there were shipped from the mill of Messrs. Hiskey & Walker at Deep Spring, Cal., 1 bar of bullion, weighing 97½ ounces, valued at $90 00.

One Sided.

As may be seen, the political announcements so far are all on one side—Democratic. Are there no candidates among the Republicans?

Virginia City Election.

The municipal election in our neighbor city of Virginia yesterday passed off very smoothly, and resulted in the election of J. C. Currie (Dem.) as Mayor; George Downey (Rep.), Chief of Police; Henry Piper (Rep.), Treasurer; J. C. Snider (Dem.), Assessor, and three Republican and one Democratic Alderman. The whole number of votes cast was 1,778. Currie's majority over C. Derby was 110—quite complimentary as showing that he was elected by Republican votes. Downey's majority over J. Dulcahy was 93; Piper's majority over C. B. Smith, 92; Snider's over R. K. Bennett, 39. J. C. Smith (Rep.) was elected Alderman of the First Ward by a majority of 63 over his opponent, J. J. Cooper (Dem); A. T. Waters (Rep.) was elected Alderman of the Second Ward by a majority of 174 votes over Thomas Kent (Dem); C. M. Lawrence (Dem), in the Third Ward, 40 majority over Charles Goodwin (Rep); J. D. Gray (Rep.), in the Fourth Ward, 23 majority over Theodore Gosse (Dem.). The party lines were pretty well drawn, yet not strictly so by any means, as the result shows; and the set of officers elected is generally considered very good and satisfactory.—*Gold Hill News, May 2d*

The Difference.

The Pacific Law Reporter for April 20th, has the following:

We are indebted to a correspondent for the following: In the Supreme Court of California on Monday, the 10th inst., a class of nine students was present for admission to the Bar. Chief Justice Rhodes conducted the examination, in the course of which he propounded a question calling for the views of the students as to the distinction between the national and State legislatures. One of the class responded that in the States of the Union the Legislatures enacted laws under the restrictions and by virtue of the powers of the State Constitutions, while the National Legislature passed laws without regard to the Constitution and trusted to the chances of ratification or reversal by the Supreme Court of the United States. To say that the class mostly acquiesed in that view only more fully expresses the merriment which followed, and the remark of Wallace J. (*soto voce*) to the Chief Justice, the two being known as embracing opposite political views: "He refers to the present Congress, probably." The class was rejected as a whole.

The Grasshoppers.

The Los Angeles News of the 27th ultimo says:

Reports from nearly all sections of the country are coming in to the effect that grasshoppers are appearing in countless numbers, even in districts marked last year with no trace of their ravages. San Jose township is spoken of as particularly afflicted, and Los Nietos is beginning to be infested, though the insects are not yet large enough to work harm or havoc.

A Good Appointment.

We congratulate our Arizona neighbors on the fact that Gen. Geo. Crook is to take command of the military in that Indian cursed Territory From a personal knowledge of Gen. Crook's method of fighting the red devils, while in Idaho, we feel sure no better man could have been selected.

—United States Government bonds (five twenties) at latest dates had reached par in gold on the London market.

—Eggs are selling at 25 cents per dozen at Elko.

Notable Death

James Murray Mason, once a United States Senator from Virginia, and Jeff. Davis' Minister to England, died at his home near Washington, on Friday night, of general debility. For a month before his death he had been blind. Mason was born in Fairfax County, Virginia, November 3d, 1798 and was therefore in the 73d year of his age. He was a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania (1818), and studied law at William and Mary College, Virginia, first taking license to practice in 1820. In 1826 he was elected to the House of Delegates, and was twice re-elected. In 1837 he was sent to Congress and remained a member of the House one term. In 1847 he was elected to the United States Senate, where he remained till 1861. He was among the foremost advisers of secession and went out of the Senate among the first of the Southern Senators. His capture by the San Jacinto, Commodore Wilkes, and his imprisonment in Fort Warren, with the international events which led to his final release, with that of Slidell and to his residence as Confederate Minister at London, have made his name historical. There is not much else in his career of historical prominence. He was a proud, arrogant, dictatorial man, with little talent and no genius for affairs.—*Sacramento Union.*

Los Angeles Items.

Dates to May 1st, state:

Five thousand pounds of silver bullion were shipped from here to San Francisco on Saturday last. It was taken from Clark district and is said to assay $1,400 to the ton.

Seven men were poisoned near Tehachepi yesterday. Some beef was placed on a line and the men took it and ate it. One lived long enough to relate how the poison was administered, but the whole number were dead when the party left who brings the information.

A Relic.

Henry Alvord has presented to the Pioneer Association of Sacramento, a cane made from the keel of the British frigate Mendon, one of the vessels that composed the bombarding fleet of Fort McHenry, the attending circumstances of which inspired Francis S. Key to write our national anthem, the Star Spangled Banner.

POLITICAL.

J. B. WHITE

OF INDEPENDENCE, WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. n44td*

C. MULKEY

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my6td*

I. P. YANEY,

OF BISHOP CREEK, RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for the office of County Clerk—subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. my6td*

LEGAL NOTICES.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

BUENA SUERTE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of mine in the Lone Pine District, Inyo County, State of California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Buena Suerta Mining Company, held at the office of H. W. Gould, in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, said County and State, pursuant to notice duly given, H. W. Gould being the only member present, the following assessment of $1 per foot was levied against each member of said company, for the purpose of working and developing said mine. Said assessment made payable to H. W. Gould at his office aforesaid on or before the 25th day of March, 1871, and that said assessment has been due thirty days.

H W Gould, 625 feet, at $1 per foot	$625 00
H Bush, Jr, 150 feet, at $1 per foot	150 00
Cerro Gordo and Virginia M. Co., 150 feet, at $1 per foot	150 00
P W Bennett, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
J B Rowley, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
M D Plummer or agent, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
G W Cornell or his representative, 125 feet, at $1 per foot	125 00
Antonio Meresol or his representative, 200 feet, at $1 per foot	200 00

apr22n43t8 H. W. GOULD.

NOTICE.

TO T. W. HILL AND H. SCHOENEMAN, owners in the Alpha claim and Tunnel and Omega claim tunnel, situated in the Lone Pine District, Inyo County, California: Take notice That pursuant to a notice duly given, a meeting was held at the residence of John Simpson, in the Upper town of Cerro Gordo, said county and State, on the Seventeenth day of February, 1871, whereat an assessment of $500 to the share was levied upon each shareholder in said tunnels and claims; and that there is now due from each of you for said assessment the sum of $1,000 as follows, to-wit:

ALPHA TUNNEL AND CLAIM.

T. W. Hill.....1 share	$500 00
H. Schoeneman.....1 "	500 00

OMEGA TUNNEL AND CLAIM.

T. W. Hill.....1 share	$500 00
H. Schoeneman.....1 "	500 00

That said liability is for labor done and material furnished in and upon said tunnels and claims, and is payable to John Simpson, at his residence in Cerro Gordo.

JOHN SIMPSON,
CHARLES HOFFMAN,
ap1n40t8 By F. K. MILLER, Agent.

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

For Sale.

A DWELLING HOUSE, WITH FOUR LARGE rooms, situated on Main street, surrounded with shade and fruit trees; is a fine location for a family. An extra lot adjoining. Will be sold cheap—for less than cost. Also, a Blacksmith Shop, with every description of tools; and wheelwright tools, also. The largest and best shop in the county, with a good run of custom. Will be sold at a bargain.

Independence, April 8. H. C. MORSE. n41tf

Boarding House for Sale!

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED BOARDING HOUSE in the flourishing town of Cerro Gordo, now having over forty steady boarders, will be sold cheap FOR CASH, as the owner is about to leave this part of the country.

For terms apply to A. A. MACKAY,
ap1t2 Cerro Gordo.

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, August 9, 1870. n5-6m

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.
Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fc4n32 6m*

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

mar25n39tr2

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS

AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

☞ AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870.
n12v1-3m

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County. Apply to

V. BEAUDRY,
ap29-4t8 Cerro Gordo.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON,
J. P. M. PERHAM,
Independence, Cal.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD,
San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement

We retain our old motto of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN,
STOVES,
HARDWARE,
CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,
PAINTS,
OILS
AND WINDOWS;
STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED to us by parties in San Francisco will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.
Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 13.....1871.

Eastern Comments.

California deserves to be looked after at once by the rabid free-traders and ultra importers, for, if that State is permitted to go on at her present rate in the service of protection, several foreign interest will suffer, and the present outflow of gold be seriously reduced, to the great detriment of Great Britain. Not content with manufacturing silk, making wide, growing super-abudant wheat crops, and erecting factories of all kinds, the audacious and enterprising Californians have devoted themselves to the culture of olives and almonds with such success that their crops will soon seriously interfere with the foreign supply of these articles. And a paper in the heart of the almond and olive region, The Santa Barbara Press, has the unblushing effrontery to assert that, "In a very few years we shall begin to ship the products of these two trees, the olive and almond, in quantities which will relieve the constant drain upon the currency of the community." Here is work for ex-Special Commissioner Wells and the entire small army of Revenue Reformers, for if these California enterprises are permitted to go much longer unchecked, the balance of trade will be turned in our favor, and the flow of coin set from Europe to these shores.—*Iowa Tribune.*

The Strong-Minded in Council.

A meeting of the Woman's Suffrage Association was held on Tuesday evening for the purpose of discussing the following resolution, called out by the trial now going on at the Fifteenth District Court, at which some of the parties took a prominent part:

"*Resolved*—That when a women is on trial, especially for her life, it is not only proper but the duty of others of her sex to be present."

Some of the more sensible of the speakers seemed to think that the the widow of the unfortunate victim of female passion, was as much entitled to sympathy, as the bold, bad woman who murdered him. Some of the advocates of the affirmative side of the question, contended that in such cases the party accused should be tried by a jury of women, and that the officers of the Court should be composed of the same class.—*Industrial Reformer.*

Scarlet Fever Cured.

As this dreaded and dreadful disease is unusually prevalent, it may not be inopportune to state that an eminent physician claims to rob it of many of its terrors by prescribing for the patient warm lemonade, with a little mucilage, as often as desired, and the application of warmth to the stomach. He directs that a cloth be wrung out of hot water, and laid on the stomach, renewing it as often as it cools. With this treatment he guarantees that not one in a hundred cases will prove fatal.

To Stop Bleeding.

It is said that bleeding from wounds on man or beast may be stopped by a mixture of wheat and common salt, in equal parts, and bound with a cloth. If the bleeding is profuse, use a large quantity—say from one to three pints It may be left on for hours, or even days if necessary. The person who recommends this recipe says: "In this manner I saved the life of a horse which was bleeding from a wounded artery, the bleeding ceased in five minutes after the application."

Oil of Peppermint to Relieve Pain.

A writer in The London Lancet says: "A few days ago when in China, I became acquanted with the fact that the natives, when suffering from facial neuralgia, applied oil of peppermint to the seat of pain with a camel's hair pencil. Since then in my own practice, I have frequently employed oil of peppermint as a local anæsthetic, not only in neuralgia, but also in gout, with remarkably good results. I have found the relief from pain to be almost instantaneous."

To Prepare Lettuce.

Lettuce being a very common fresh vegetable just now we will mention the follwoing plan of dressing it to give variety: Prepare a mixture as you would for cold slaw. A cup of rich milk, or thin cream, one egg beaten light, a tablespoonful of mustard, a lump of butter half the size of an egg, salt to your to tatse. Set on the fire until the ingredients are thoroughly heated. When cold add by degrees a cup of strong vinegar. This mixture poured over the lettuce will make a very appetizing addition to a Spring dinner.

Complicating Matters.

Linnehan, convicted a year ago of robbing Chinese, on the testimony of Chinese witnesses, was recently discharged on a decision of the Supreme Court against the legality of that sort of evidence. Whilst he was in prison his wife obtained a divorce on the ground that he was a felon, and married again. Linnehan now moves to have the divorce set aside, a restoration of the property, and his wife prosecuted for bigamy.

A Neat Thing in Neck-Ties.

Neck-tie festivals being now all the rage, the Butler, Kansas, vigilantes, not to be behind the fashion, held one a few days since. The neck-tie used was of hemp, and the young man who wore it will need no more neck ties. This should be the "Hoodlum neck-tie."

Has a Right.

A young man who was caught straining his sweetheart to his bosom the other night, justifies himself on the ground that he has a right to strain his own honey.

DRUGS.

A. A. CREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TOILET ARTICLES, Brushes of Every Description. Also, Garden Seeds, Guaranteed Fresh.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 3, 1870. n13tfte

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4.72-6m JOHN LENTELL.

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place. ap29.4tm4

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-spirits hide in the sparkling tide,
O, dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n44m6

MUSICAL.

PATENT ARION PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY THE ARION PIANO IS Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer,

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Evenness

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration.

All go to prove what we claim, viz: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT

Arion Pianos

ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE

American Conservatories of Music,

Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

It affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of detection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of Pianos still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,
HENRY SHROEDER,
DIRECTOR.

New York, September 31, 1870.

AGENTS WANTED.

We want first class and responsible agents in every city and town where we have not already appointed them.

We Have Just Published

Our Annual Illustrated Pamphlet, which contains a full description of the interior construction of the PATENT ARION PIANO FORTE, and all the other leading Pianos of the principal makes; illustrated with cuts, thus contrasting the ARION with all other first class Pianos, and proving

WHY AND WHERE

Our Pianos are superior to any in the market.

Our pamphlet contains engravings of all the different styles of instruments that we manufacture, giving a full description of each so that a person can select the style they may desire to order, with the assurance that they will receive just as good a Piano as if they were in our warerooms to select it. We have sold over FIVE THOUSAND Pianos, many of them being shipped great distances, and we have never yet received the first complaint. As we give a written guarantee with every Piano we manufacture, for five years, the purchaser runs no risk.

☞ Don't fail to write for our pamphlet which we mail **free**, and when you write state what paper you saw this notice in. ☜

N. B.—We caution the public from purchasing a cheap Piano which has recently been put in the market, bearing the name "Arion." All genuine Arion Pianos bear the name "Patent Arion," and can only be purchased from our New York Warerooms, or our authorized Agents throughout the United States.

All Kinds Of Musical Instruments Supplied.

ADDRESS THE

Arion Piano-Forte Co.

NO. 534 BROADWAY,

fe25n35m6 New York City.

MEDICAL.

Henry T. Helmbold's

COMPOUND FLUID Extract Catawba GRAPE PILLS.

Component Parts—Fluid Extract Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

FOR LIVER COMPLAINTS, JAUNDICE, BILIOUS AFFECTIONS, SICK OR NERVOUS HEADACHE, COSTIVENESS, ETC. PURELY VEGETABLE, CONTAINING NO MERCURY, MINERALS OR DELETERIOUS DRUGS.

H

THESE PILLS ARE THE MOST DELIGHTFULLY pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts, magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the FINEST INGREDIENTS. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar coated Pills do not dissolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. THE CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated.

E

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Cankers, Runnings from the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affections, Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Night Sweats, Rash, Tetter, Humors of all Kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

L

Being Prepared Expressly for the above complaints, its Blood Purifying Properties are greater than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla. It gives the complexion a Clear and Healthy Color and restores the patient to a State of Health and Purity. For Purifying the Blood, removing all Chronic Constitutional Diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the Only Reliable and Effectual known Remedy for the Cure of Pains and Swelling of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Erysipelas and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, and Beautifying the Complexion.

M

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

CONCENTRATED

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

THE GREAT DIURETIC,

Has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposit, and Mucous or Milky Discharges, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of Both Sexes, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruption on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, etc.

Used by persons from the ages of eighteen to twenty five, and from thirty five to fifty five or in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains; bed wetting in children.

B

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is Diuretic and Blood-Purifying, and cures all diseases arising from habits of dissipation, and excesses and imprudences in life, impurities of the blood, etc., superseding copaiba in affections for which it is used, and syphilitic affections—in these diseases used in connection with HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.

LADIES.

In many affections peculiar to Ladies, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequalled by any other Remedy—as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterrility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion or habits of dissipation. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent Physicians and Midwives for enfeebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes and all ages (attended with any of the above diseases or symptoms).

O

H. T. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU CURES DISEASES ARISING FROM IMPRUDENCES, HABITS OF DISSIPATION, ETC.

In all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous matter.

Thousands who have been the victims of incompetent persons, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found that they have been deceived, and that the Poison has, by the use of "powerful astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in a more aggravated form, perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

L

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Can not be surpassed as a FACE WASH, and will be found the only specific Remedy in every species of Cutaneous Affection. It speedily eradicates Pimples, Spots, Scorbutic Dryness Lobulations of the Cutaneous Membrane, etc., dispels Redness and Incident Inflammation, Hives, Rush, Moth Patches, Dryness of Scalp or Skin, Frost Bites, and all purposes for which Salves or Ointments are used; restores the skin to a healthy state of Purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T. Helmbold's Rose Wash has long sustained its principal claim to unbounded patronage, by possessing qualities which render it a Toilet Appendage of the most superlative and Congenial character, combining in an elegant formula those prominent requisites, Safety and Efficacy—the invariable accompaniment of its use:—as a Preservative and Refresher of the Complexion. It is an excellent lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the the EXTRACTS BUCHU, SARSAPARILLA AND CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, in such diseases as recommended can not be surpassed.

D

Full and explicit directions accompany the medicines.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witnesses, and upwards of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, etc. The proprietor has never resorted to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

Henry T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations

Delivered to any address. Secure from observation. Established upwards of Twenty Years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Address letters for information in confidence to HENRY T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist.

Only Depots: H. T. Helmbold's Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New York, or to H. T. Helmbold's Medical Depot, 104 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. Ask for HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S. TAKE NO OTHER.

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J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

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Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for the INYO INDEPENDENT.

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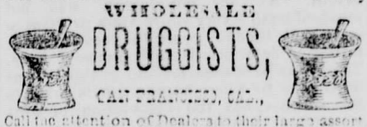

DRUGGISTS,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,

Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, comprised in part of the following articles, together with everything kept in a well supplied WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.

FRESH DRUGS,	TILDEN'S PREPARATIONS
PATENT MEDICINES,	DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS	SHAKER HERBS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,	PERFUMERY,
KEROSENE OIL,	PAINTS AND OILS,

Which we offer at the lowest Cash Prices, and are determined not to be undersold.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

FOR SALE.

OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal., at our best wishes, and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty-one years, during which time we have enjoyed the Business, we beg to say to our friends and customers, and the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Celebrated Vinegar Bitters is now spread over the United States and Canada, and beyond, we are compelled to give to our entire time to said business.

We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific Coast and the only one continuing under the same proprietors since 1849, and have ample means to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.

This is a rare opportunity for men with means, desiring to enter a profitable business with advantages never before offered.

For particulars enquire of

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists,
San Francisco, Cal.

R. H. McDONALD,
J. C. SPENCER,

N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices to defy competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands

Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or the turn of life, these Bitters display such decided influence that improvement is soon perceptible. ☞ See pamphlet around each bottle, for testimonials and certificates of cures.

These Bitters are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, combining the properties of a Cathartic to carry off the bowels, and a Tonic to give tone to the stomach.

NOT A VILE FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by Derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

FLOUR.

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

1:25:f RUSSELL & CO.

BISHOP CREEK

Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870 n17m3

MARKET.

Independence

BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

☞ ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY. ☜

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. 1:24:tf

The Sun.

CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The Dollar Weekly Sun.

A Newspaper of the Present Times.

Intended for People Now on Earth.

Including Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Workers, Thinkers, and a Match Lot of Honest Folks, and the Wives, Sons, and Daughters of all such.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR!

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Proprietors.

Independence, Cal., March 25, 1871.

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VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1871. NUMBER 47.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 20 .....1871.

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WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

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WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

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WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths. n2jy163m

HOTELS.

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BERRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

STAGE HOUSE.

Independence, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.

MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal, July 9th, 1870. n1v13m

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK

STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. v13v13m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE.

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage

PETER MARGALOT

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

SALOONS.

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

LONE PINE

Pioneer Saloon,

C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.

KEPTS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bartenders—regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36 1*

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our west green cerise.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

fo4 32tf

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.

Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

n13jy93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8v29-3m

SAZARAC SALOON.

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Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46n3

TRAVELING.

CITIZENS' STAGE LINE.

CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.

" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.

" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 4 A. M.

" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M.

I. W. HEXTER, General Agent.

Independence, May 5, 1871. v19n2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S

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INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents

OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. n29-5m6

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Consul General on the Pacific Coast for Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Russia.

Established 1849.

ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

ESSENTIAL OILS, DYE STUFFS,

And General Merchandise,

By the Package Only.

CASH ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION from this or any Foreign Market will receive prompt and faithful attention. Miners, Manufacturers and Wholesale Trade supplied for Cash. No notice or attention paid to orders for goods, if there is no provision made for the payment of the same.

CONSIGNMENT SOLICITED.

OFFICE, No. ..... STREET.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

N. B.—California Products Solicited on Consignment.

N. B.—Business transacted in all the principal Commercial Languages. ja21 30m

BLACKSMITHING.

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.

Independence, March 25, 1871 m25n39 v2

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK

SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,

Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, August 8, 1870. n5-6m

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fo4n32 6m*

LIVERY STABLES.

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870 jy30n4tf

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

Independence, Cal.,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

n17 18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB, ... Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

HUNT'S

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT,

Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug 1, 1870. n05-6m

EAGLE

Livery and Feed

STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House.

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

m25..39tv2

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OUR BABY.

Did you ever see our baby?
Little Tot;
With her eyes so sparkling bright,
And her skin so lily white,
Lips and cheeks of rosy light—
Tell you what,
She is just the sweetest baby
In the lot.

Tot, she is our little darling,
And to me
All her little ways are witty;
When she sings her little ditty,
Every word is just as pretty
As can be—
Not another in the city
Sweet as she.

You don't think so? never saw her?
Wish you could
See her with her playthings clattering,
Her little tongue a chattering—
Little dancing feet come pattering—
Think you would
Love her just as well as I do—
If you could!

LAND GRANTS.

Mr. Chas. Pomeroy, of Iowa, delivered a speech before the House of Representatives on the Land Grant question, closing as follows:

It was but a few years ago that our school geographies described the Missouri territory, embracing eight hundred thousand square miles, as a "vast wilderness, resembling a desert, extending from the State of Missouri and the river Mississippi to the Rocky mountains; a region of open, elevated plains, generally destitute of forest trees and interspersed with barren hills." The region between the Missouri river and the mountains was designated on the school maps as the great American desert. The land-grant policy of Congress has settled a part of this "vast wilderness," and the States of Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, and Kansas, with a population of two millions, is evidence of its wisdom. This desert yielded in the last year over forty six million bushels of wheat, and the cash value of all its productions were not less than $120,000,000. And not two per cent. of this wilderness is yet brought under cultivation. When we remember that wheat will not bear transportation over three hundred and fifty miles by wagon, the eastern States of the Union will see how much they are indebted to railroads for cheap breadstuffs and many of the necessaries of life.

There is still enough of this barren tract, utterly worthless without railroads, to make ten States the size of New York, and capable of exporting more than five hundred million bushels of wheat alone annually, and adding to the total agricultural products of the nation more than one-fourth the amount of our national debt yearly. Shall these lands, together with the remainder of our unoccupied territory lying beyond the terminus of existing roads, be abandoned, together with a few brave pioneers who are already there, to the wild beasts and equally wild Indians who are wandering over it, and by whom alone without roads it is inhabitable? To my mind a renunciation on the part of the nation of that wise policy that has encouraged and stimulated these enterprises in which $300,000,000 have been invested within the past year, giving an untold impulse to every form of internal enterprise and industry, is a timid step backward, and an expression of doubt in the superiority of our civilization of railroads, telegraphs, and universal knowledge over the ancient civilization of dromedaries, camel paths, and general ignorance of the people.

Neither the fear nor envy of the riches of a few should be allowed to frighten or blind us to the great interests of our whole people and of mankind.

To Ex-Soldiers.

Soldiers are advised not to sell or part with their discharges, which are in active demand in the West. The new law of Congress so modifies the requirements of the Homestead Act that a soldier or sailor who served ninety days or more during the rebellion may deduct his term of enlistment from the five year's settlement hitherto required to perfect his title. For instance, if he served three years in the army or navy, he may acquire a full title to a quarter section of land by a residence of two years. There is evidence that the sharks are preparing to wring dishonest fortunes out of the law.

The Nero of France.

Mazzini says that the despotism of Louis Napoleon extinguished all the fire of the Marseillaise, and when the French people were permitted to sing it at the breaking out of the war, the great invocation to freedom was only empty words, to which the soul of the nation would not and could not respond. He pronounces Napoleon the Nero of France, the destroyer of his country, the monster of an unbridled egotism.

The Capitol Sinking.

We regret to say that, owing to the ponderous building being erected in a hurry, the foundation of our new State Capitol has given away until nearly every window sill in the east and west wings have been broken, and in some places the walls have cracked for a considerable distance. So far however, no particular damage has been done, but it is feared that the settling will break the plastering and moulding inside.—*Carson Register.*

Murder in Los Angeles

The Los Angeles Star of April 29th speaks as follows of a cold blooded murder committed near that place:

In yesterday's issue of The Daily Star, we published an account of the killing of Mr. Vignon, on the Santa Anita rancho. From the testimony taken at an inquest, held by Coroner Kurtz, we publish the following, and probably more accurate account of the murder:

Francisco Padillo had worked for Hughues Vignon for eight days as a sheep shearer, but had done no work since last Saturday, a week ago. Friday about one o'clock, when Vignon and his men were at dinner, Padillo rode up to the house, dismounted, and taking a seat outside, commenced mending his pantaloons with a needle and thread borrowed from the "boss of the sheep shearers." By Vignon's invitation, he went into the house to eat dinner. After eating, Vignon said to him he must either go to work or leave the place. He went off, but soon returned on horseback, dismounted, and pushing open the door, entered the house where Vignon was. In about ten minutes, Jean Baptiste Orville, at work outside, heard a shot, and ran to the house. Padillo came out with blood on his hand, and pointed his pistol at Jean until he got to his horse, upon which he mounted and rode off. The pistol belonged to the "boss of the sheep shearers," and had been taken by Padillo that morning. Jean then entered the house, and found Mr. Vignon lying upon his back, with his feet to the door, and bleeding fast from a wound in his throat, which caused his death in a few minutes. He was unable to speak when found, and died without speaking. The Sheriff dispatched a party in search of the murderer, but at last accounts he had not been captured. Mr. Vignon was a native of France, and aged about 38 years. The report that he called Padillo "a son of a ——," is probably without foundation.

—The reports concerning the cotton factory at Augusta, Georgia, are gratifying, and show the encouraging prospects of Southern manufacture. This factory has been gradually extending its operations, till now it runs 15,000 spindles and 600 looms, and consumes 130 bales of cotton per week. The average daily product is 52½ yards per loom, or 25,000 in all, making some eight million yards yearly. At its organization the company had $200,000 capital, which, by its earnings, has increased to $600,000. The par value of the stock is $100, on which it has paid for five years past an annual dividend of twenty per cent. The stock is now worth $155.

—A resident of Salem, Mass., is very angry with some young jovial friends of his who, the other day, for the sake of the joke, caused him to be annoyed by a long procession of callers, including two expressmen, a man with a load of wood, another with furniture, a third with a bundle of hay, a colored barber, a grocer with a can of oil, and finally a hearse and two carriages to attend his funeral.

—Iowa has built nearly two thousand miles of railroad during the past eight years—more than half of it within two years. It now has 2,683 miles of road, and the gross earnings of them all in the last nine years have been very nearly fifty millions of dollars. They show an average increase in earnings of more than a million dollars a year.

—It is said that Boston, Worcester, Lawrence, and Fall River, the four largest towns in Massachusetts, are no longer genuine Yankee communities, as none have so many native-born inhabitants as foreigners. In Boston, for instance, out of 248 866 inhabitants 158,116 have one or both parents of foreign birth.

—They have temperance insurance societies in Georgia, which are somewhat original. Each member pays five dollars as an initiation fee and five dollars dues each month. At the end of the year the money is divided among those who have remained faithful to the pledge.

—A live cat was found in the mail bag in a town in Maine one day last week. The postmaster made diligent search through all the postage laws to ascertain the amount of postage on the animal, but found nothing touching the case.

—North Carolina has "an old man of the mountains," who lives about forty miles from Greenville, and has reached the age of one hundred and forty three years. At the time of Braddock's defeat he was twenty years old, and had a wife and three children.

—Gladstone is reported to be in straitened financial circumstances. He has recently been forced to sell most of his private property to meet his obligations, incurred, it is stated, by his liberal mode of entertaining.

—A Washington man has won five hundred dollars by eating a partridge every day, between the hours of 9 and 10 A. M., for a month. According to the terms of the wager, he could eat anything else he liked.

—Seventy-eight women are now regularly ordained preachers in the United States.

—A tea-totaller—A man who drinks nothing but tea.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, May 20.....1871.

SUGGESTIONS TO MINERS.

The following, which we clip from a late number of The Scientific Press, we commend to the attention of mine owners of every class, and particularly those who own good mines but have not sufficient means for their further developement. This Exhibition offers a splendid opportunity for advertising, not only particular mines but the country in general, provided interested parties will avail themselves of this chance, which can be done at such small cost. The Press says:

The managers of the Eighth Industrial Exhibition of the Mechanics' Institute are evincing the strongest determination to make the affair a grand success, and a most praiseworthy determination to have every interest of the coast properly represented. One of their latest steps is to make the mining industry prominent, as it ought to be, and, as one of the ways of arriving at this object, they have determined to request specimens of ores, minerals and metals from the various mines of our Pacific slope for exhibition.

A circular has been, or will soon be, issued to the owners and superintendents of mines and mills, requesting contributions. The specimens sent (Wells Fargo & Co. will transport them free of charge) are to be labelled properly and given a prominent place. Moreover, a descriptive catalogue will be published for general distribution, which will give details containing the mines, mining companies, etc., as furnished by the contributors. The specimens, after the Exhibition has closed, will be placed in the mineralogical cabinet of the Institute, whose property they will then be, where, with the catalogues, they will be open to public inspection.

We believe that this opportunity should not be neglected by miners. A fine collection of ores, etc., will make a powerful impression of our mineral wealth on the visitors who are coming to the Exhibition from various quarters of the globe. It is not enough to talk on this matter; we must give people ocular proof of our capacities, proof that our mines are not exhausted, as some are fond of saying. Let our gold and silver, our lead, quicksilver and copper, our metals, noble and useful, our precious gems, in their varied forms and conditions, from mine, mill and furnace, to be here to show that placer and vein and other forms of deposit are still flourishing, and able for years and years to furnish an immense amount of wealth to our country. "To see is to believe." Let our visitors have a full opportunity to see. We shall profit thereby. It is one of the best of ways to attract attention and capital.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

[COMMUNICATED]

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In view of the near approach of the time of holding our County Conventions there seems to your correspondent an unaccountable want of activity on the part of aspirants for State and county honors.

Heretofore, we have generally had a pretty thorough canvassing of the merits of those who seek preferment at the hands of the people, and a general comparing of notes before Convention day. But this year, judging from appearances, the office will have to run down some unlucky devil before its duties will be assumed.

Candidates (if there be any) are reticent; County Central Committees of both parties seem to be dozing, postponing and procrastinating. Why don't these committees set the ball in motion? The State Conventions will certainly be called to assemble some time from the 10th to 20th of June, and if it is wished to give the people an opportunity to take any hand in the primaries, one would naturally suppose that it was high time for those whose duty it is to be taking some steps to bring about such purpose.

Our county is so constructed geographically as to make her very unwieldy when prompt political action is desired. It is therefore imperative upon those who feel interested to take time by the fore-lock.

The dead calm which prevails in both parties augurs but little interest among the masses, yet appearances are often deceptive and in due time doubtless the Orpheus C. Kerrs will raise to the top.

In the meanwhile, however, I think it not quite fair and right that The Independent should be delayed in touching its little perquisites, which of neccessity must fall in during the progress of a hotly contested general election. Let the candidates hoist their flags by lowering the needful at the proper office. Let the County Committees bestir themselves. Let the fight commence, the hotter it is the sooner we shall have peace; and it must go hard with The Independent if its exchequer is not beneficially affected by getting up a lively time.

OLD SCHOOL.

THE SCIENTIFIC EXPEDITION.

From late accounts it appears that the expedition under the command of Lieutenant Wheeler is designed to be complete in every particular in the outfit. It embraces a corps of scientific experts of various kinds, all necessary instruments, and other essentials for an elaborate examination and report of the *terra incognita* they design exploring. We know nothing of Lieutenant Wheeler's experience as an explorer but from the fact that a car load of *vehicles* has just been sent to Camp Halleck for use on the expedition we are inclined to think he has something yet to learn in the business, and will know more about it after a few months use of his vehicles over these arid, rocky plains and mountains.

Camp Independence is designated in the general order as a convenient depot for supplies, though the line of travel will probably lie a hundred miles to the eastward. The great Colorado canyon is an objective point of the Wheeler party, as it is also of another unders Major Powell; so between the two some of the curious mysteries of the ancient cities and other relics said to exist in the vicinity of that awful canyon may be brought before the world, and in some sort, a history be deduced of the now extinct civilization that created them.

THE FRENCH NEWS.

The Communists have abandoned Fort Issy to the Versaillists, losing 300 men, prisoners, and 129 cannon. The loss of this fort terrorizes the Parisians. A sub-Committee, in a late proclamation, orders the most relentless measures towards the beseigers. Rossel, who commanded the insurgents, has resigned, and this has about destroyed the last hope of the Parisians. The city is in a terrible condition of revolution and outlawry. Arbitrary arrests, imprisonment, executions, pillage, executions, extortion, and all the usual consequences of the reign of drunkenness and violence, are the order of the day.

It is believed that the Paris fortifications occupied by the Prussians, will be surrendered to the Versailles Government, even before the payment of the first instalment of the indemnity. Bismarck consents to reduce the indemnity 20,000,000 of francs.

A dispatch dated Berlin, May 10, says negotiations are completed that will result in a real and durable peace, and not merely in removing temporary difficulties.

Democratic State Convention.

The Democratic State Central Committee has ordered that the State Convention of that party be held on the 20th of June. "All who are opposed to the radical measures of Congress and will pledge themselves to vote for all the nominees of the convention," will have a right to vote at the primaries. The different county committees are left free, each to adopt its own mode of selecting delegates to the State Convention.

The Ventura Signal

We have received the first two numbers of a good looking 28 column paper, bearing the above title and just started at San Buenaventura, Santa Barbara county. From a pretty intimate *second-hand* knowledge of, and interest in that town and beautiful surrounding country, we are glad to see this new-papertorial evidence of material advancement.

For Boys and Girls.

We have, in times past, seen a representative newspaper for nearly every interest and class on the coast, except for the boys and girls, and now comes one for them—an 8-page weekly called "The Pacific Youth," published by Collins, Porde & Co., San Francisco. Price, $2 50 per annum.

Soldiers at Their Old Tricks.

Under the above caption The Los Angeles News, of May 6th, tells of a soldier engaged in driving the Market ambulance from Drum Barracks into Los Angeles having run off with the entire outfit, but finding the wagon an encumbrance left it and came on in this direction with two fine mules.

—The Western States one, are after the other, abolishing the old rule of paying women school-teachers less than the men for the same services. This is simple justice.

—Philadelphia has six thousand manufacturing establishments of all kinds, which give employment to one hundred and twenty thousand men, women and children.

—The assertion is made that more than one half of the hotels of the country are kept by natives of New Hampshire and Vermont.

—The conclusive argument against suicide is, that it is the hight of impoliteness to go anywhere till you are sent for.

—In the reign of Francis I, more than one hundred thousand witches are said to have been put to death.

SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY IN THE PAYNE—WILL MURDER TRIAL.

J. G Payne was put on trial for the murder of Luther A. Will, Monday, May the 8th and case concluded the Friday following, the prisoner being acquitted. Reed, Judge; E. H. Van DeCar and District Attorney Bennett for the People; P. Reddy and W. P. George for the defense.

Dr. F. C. Smith testified that Will had received three pistol shot wounds, viz: one in the left wrist; one an inch to the right of right nipple, neither of which were necessarily fatal; the third some three inches to the right of the navel, this wound causing death.

J. G. Bonds on being sworn, testified that on the 16th of April last his attention was attracted by loud and angry talking to some parties on the opposite side of the street, and from his door observed these parties to be Joe Payne, the defendant, his father, Henry Payne and L. A. Will, the deceased. Joe Payne had a pistol in his hand down by his side; Will had his coat off; saw Will open his shirt bosom and heard him say to Payne to shoot, that he, Will, was not armed. Payne said he wou'd not shoot a man that was not armed, and told Will to go and arm himself. About that time Will picked up his coat and put it on. He was then rather between Payne's paint shop and the French restaurant. Payne said if he had taken the advice of his friends he would have shot him before that time, or something to that effect. Will replied, "d—n you and all such friends." Payne then fired some four or five shots; at the first shot Will placed his hand on his abdomen; at the second he turned his back to Payne and walked across the street towards witness' door, into which he fell, his feet outside the threshold. The other shots were fired at him after he had turned his back to Payne.

On cross examination witness stated that he saw no weapon in the possession of deceased at the time nor after the shooting. When the firing commenced there was somewhere from 6 to 10 feet distance between the parties; might have been less. Witness had anticipated a difficulty should they meet, as Will had been to his house three or four times that day inquiring in a very excited manner for Payne. Will, on one of these occasions, told witness that Payne had been to his cabin and taken two photographs and a letter that he had written to send to Mrs. Payne at San Bernardino. The photographs were of Payne's wife. Will said he was going to have them if he had to throw Payne down and take them from him; he was man enough to do it. At the last visit before the shooting Will said he believed Payne had gone back to the Fort, and expected he would have to walk up there after him as he was bound to see him. Will expressed no feeling of hostility towards Payne only that he was going to have the pictures and letters.

Witness could not remember any insulting or obscene language used by either party immediately preceding the shooting, but thought the expression "son of a ——" was used by one or both. Deceased acted like a man that wanted to fight. The old man Payne was engaged in trying to keep them apart. Witness had stated in the streets that he thought Payne ought to be hung; witness was rather intimate with deceased who had showed him the pictures, and told him that one of them Mrs. Payne had given to him before she went away and the other she had sent to him from San Bernardino. Will also showed him a letter he had written to Mrs. Payne. The character of the letter was friendly; such as one friend might write to another; could remember only the begining and conclusion, viz. "Dear friend," and "we may be happy yet;" witness did not read the letter himself; deceased had said he intended to read the letter to Payne before sending it; witness thought the letter was very smoothly written, simply refering to what was going on here, and that the expressions quoted "came in very good."

John Piercy, on being sworn, stated that Will's gestures were very violent as though he wanted to provoke a fight with Payne. The old man Payne interfered two or three times to prevent Will from attacking Joe; after Will had put on his coat and walked away two or three yards from Payne he returned again, at which Payne flourished the pistol in his face; Will moved a little back when Payne commenced firing; witness was some 40 yards distant; at the moment of the shooting thought they were about 10 feet apart and facing each other; the old man had shoved Will back twice before and once after he had put on his coat.

Joseph Fernbach testified that, prior to the shooting, Payne had told him that he and his wife had parted in good faith. In answer to a question by witness "if he suspicioned any one in this town?" Payne told him he did, but had nothing sufficiently definite to appeal to law; that Will was corresponding with his wife. Payne had never intimated the slightest intention of murdering Will.

Louis Snyder testified that Will had been in his employ the 17 days immediately preceding the shooting; learned through Mrs. Bonds that Will was very down hearted, owing to a misunderstanding with the Payne family; something about Joe Payne's wife, but did not learn the exact nature of the trouble. Mrs. Bonds had referred Will to witness for advice. Afterwards, Will had stated to witness that the old man Payne had said to him that he, Will, would be lynched by the community if he did not leave here, but that he would not leave and might remain for years yet. The following evening on going to bed, Will asked witness for a pistol, stating that some one might come around in the night time; he wanted the pistol to put in his bunk. Witness assured him of protection but refused to let him have the pistol. On the day of the shooting while engaged at some work in witness' butcher shop, Will called witness aside and inquired if he had seen any of the Payne family around the cabin; that some person had stolen his letters; said he was satisfied he knew who took them, and again wanted the pistol; in case any body should draw on him he wanted the first shot. Previous to this time deceased had requested witness to see that he was decently buried in case anything should happen to him; did not know of Will having any other difficulty besides this with Payne from which danger was to be apprehended; had told Payne of Will's desire to get arms; was satisfied if Payne attempted to draw, Will would get the first shot, if he was armed; thought so from Will's manner of speaking about it; would not let him have the pistol; thought he would have merely used it in self-defense. Payne had told witness he (Payne) would not shoot, and had no idea that he would do so.

W. H. Huff, on direct examination, gave nearly the same account of the shooting that Bonds did. On cross examination stated that he heard Payne tell Will to go away; that he did not want to shoot him; thought that Will was standing still at the time of the first shot, but made a move forward towards Payne, directly after.

T. J. Goodale testified that a few days previous to the shooting, the defendant came to him and in speaking of his family troubles, asked witness to assist him in disposing of his property, as he wished to leave the country; wanted to settle up his business, take his little boy, Lettie, (now with his mother), and go elsewhere to live. Witness had heard of a difficulty that had occured in the street between defendant and Will, and asked defendant if he had any arms; defendant said he had no arms nor did not want any; that he sought no difficulty with Will.

Henry Payne, father of defendant, testified that Will had been in his employ for a short time while he resided in Los Angeles: that Will was desirous of coming to this place but having no means of his own, witness had assisted him in paying his way to this place, and after his arrival had obtained a temporary stopping place for him at his son's (defendant's) house; Will, by intercession of witness and defendant, got a place to work at the Kearsarge; worked there nearly a month, when he returned to Payne's house, saying that he was sick and unable to work; remained there some six months, working during that period about one month for defendant, receiving pay therefor; during this time witness observed an improper intimacy springing up between deceased and defendant's wife; remonstrated with Will for his conduct since Joe had treated him so well; Will replied "that was some of that —— little Joe Payne's getting up," but that he, Will, "had a pistol that had killed one man and it might kill another;" had heard that he was to be ducked in the creek. On the 16th, the day of the shooting, witness was told to warn Joe to keep in the house: that Will was looking for him; witness did warn defendant accordingly. While talking with Joe in his own house, Will came and threw the door open with violence and with some heavy oaths, told Joe to come out;" witness caught Joe and pulled him back, and then got between them and attempted to push Will back; told him he had seduced Joe's wife, broken up his home and ruined him; that he ought now to be satisfied without trying to injure him still more. Will tried to push past witness and get into the house; witness, to the best of his ability, tried to keep him out; he then turned and pulled off his coat; said Joe had stolen his (Payne's) wife's pictures and letters; Joe wanted to know what right he had to his wife's pictures and letters; Will said he had just as much right to the woman as he had. Some more words passed when the shooting commenced, compelling witness to get out of the way.

On the cross examination witness stated that at the time of his former conversation with Will that Will said he would burn the letters and have nothing more to do with her; had had enough of her. Witness accused him of telling her a falsehood; Will said she was a d—d liar. On the day of the shooting Will was very wrathy; insisted that Joe had the photographs and letters; would have them or his heart's blood; witness, in answer to questions stated that deceased had lived with defendant since the 20th of July last except two months; had not paid a cent for his board; was physically much more powerful than defendant.

J. G. Payne, the defendant, when on the stand stated that he was born in England; had been in the United States 33 years; was 41 years of age; married in San Bernardino in 1862; his wife was then 17 years of age; had lived in this Valley since 1863; is a mechanic; has had four children, but one of whom is now living; had always lived happily with his wife; had never had a cross word with her; she had left him to go to San Bernardino the 24th of last February.

Defendant then gave at length an account of his acquaintance with deceased, corresponding with that already given by the last witness, with additional details; adding, that Will wished to do work enough to pay for his board but could not be induced to stick to any regular employment, pleading inability from sickness; did not like to drive a sick man away; Will left one Sunday morning to go to work for Pierce but came back drunk in the afternoon and tumbled into the old man's bed; determined then to drive him away, but did not, as the old man plead for him, stating that this was the first offence of that kind; did nothing more about it at the time, but after hearing a friend remark "that Will was a rowdy," told Will the next day to leave; Will said it was a hard way to reform a man to turn a man away without a two bit piece or a job of work; "said he would do anything to help me; told him then to go to work on my ranch, which he did, but doing less and less each day until in a short time he did not go to work at all, saying he was sick." About that time Mrs. Payne was taken sick but Will remained about the house for a month longer, when he went to live with Tom Noland, defendant refusing to keep him any longer. Mrs. Payne was sent away for her health. After she was gone, deceased mentioned family secrets of a character that satisfied defendant that there was something wrong between Mrs. Payne and deceased; they were secrets sacred to husband and wife. While assisting the Postmaster, defendant saw a letter directed in his wife's handwriting to "L. A. Will;" took it to him: he opened and read it then crushing it in his hand, thrust it under the blankets: defendant was anxious to see it: Will swore he should not, but finally held it in his hands for defendant to read it, and then held it in the candle until it was burnt up; the letter read as follows:

SAN BERNARDINO, March 7, 1871.

DEAR FRIEND:—We had a very pleasant trip and Tom was very kind to me, but I would have been happier if you had been along with me. I think Tom will stop here in San Bernardino about a week, but don't have the blues, my loving friend, for I will have them enough for both of us, but we may be happy yet.

WHISTLING JACK.

Defendant stated that this signature was a pet name of his wife's. The following day Will came into defendant's shop and remained for a half an or more without a word being spoken by either until defendant spoke: "'What kind of conduct is this Will? You have betrayed my confidence under my roof tree of charity, and under the plea of sickness you have insinuated yourself into my family and destroyed their happiness, and now, —— you, leave here; I never want to speak to you again.' He said 'you talk —— harsh to me.' Told him I had a right to talk harsh to him." Will went away and returned in the afternoon; speaking to defendant he tried to excuse his conduct. Defendant said: "you pretended to be a friend to that women," to which he replied, "I am her friend and I do love her; I don't know how I can give her up." This excited defendant very much. He said "the —— you say!" Told him to go away and there need be no more trouble about it, or words to that effect, with which the talk ended at that time.

About a week later defendant, while in the postoffice, saw another letter from his wife addressed as before, but done nothing about it until the next day, when seeing Will standing in the door at Noland's, he beckoned to him to come out. He done so and the following passed: "'Will, you have got another letter from Cynthia,' meaning my wife. He said 'yes.' I asked him to let me see it, but he said 'no; you can surmise what you ——please.' I turned away without answer."

Some days after this occurrence, while defendant was passing along the street after dark when near Harris' saloon he was confronted by Will, who stuck a pistol in defendant's face and demanded "how much of this do you want?" to which defendant replied "not any," and moved away while deceased remarked "you had better go —— slow then." This is the circumstance alluded to by Goodale in his testimony, he having first spoken to Payne about it a few minutes after it occurred, though Payne was not aware that any one had witnessed it.

Without giving place to other details we drop to the fatal Sunday. That morning Snyder, the butcher, told defendant that Will was making "a ——of a fuss about the letters and pictures," as he could not find them where he had left them in the cabin; also that Will had tried to get his pistol again that same morning. While Payne was at a friend's house in the afternoon, he observed Will passing in a very excited manner and desired to have the door closed as he did not wish to see him. Payne shortly afterwards went to his own house and had been there but a short time, when Will came and pushing the door open required Payne to come out as he wanted to see him. Going out the two passed partly around the house when the following took place as given in defendant's statement;

"Will, after pulling off his coat faced me and said, 'you have taken Cynthia's (my wife's) photographs and letters.' I said, 'I know nothing about your pictures and letters,' stepping back from him. He said 'By ——, you have, and right here I'll whip you.' Still backing I answered 'they are mine any how; what the —— business have you writing to my wife?' I was still backing. He said, 'I will write to her whenever I —— —— please. She is as much mine as she is yours.' I had backed clear around the shop door; father had stopped Will, and I got inside and went to my desk, took out a pistol and returned to the door. Father was in front of Will trying to keep him back; the words I heard come from Will at this time was 'his heart's blood, the son of a ——.' I held the pistol up and said, in effect, 'you leave here.' He stepped back and said he was not armed, when I told him to go and arm himself then. He said 'put down your pistol and I'll whip —— out of you, —— —— you.' I offered my pistol to father and said I would fight him, when he said, 'you're my man, —— —— you.' Father shoved me back, put his hands against Will and told him to go away; 'you have done Joe harm enough without doing him any more.' I said 'Will, go away. I don,t want to shoot you; if I had done as my friends advised I would have shot you before this.' He said '—— you and all such friends; if you want to shoot me, shoot me now,' striking his breast, 'I'm a man, by ——.' I said 'go away, Will. I want nothing to do with you. I don't want to shoot you. I have fed you, you have broken up my family, you have lived on my generosity, and now you come here to insult and injure me more.' He answered 'lived ——, you lie. you son of a ——, she's as much mine as she is yours.' While speaking these words he made a rush at me; father met and stopped him; as they met, father staggered back and out of my range, and I shot at the instant."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

INDEPENDENT EXPRESS & PASSENGER LINE

To Los Angeles Direct.

H. W. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri-monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition Line of steamers for San Francisco.

Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the State, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.

☞Collections and commissions promptly attended to.☜

The above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angeles on the 8th and 23d of each month.

Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via. Los Angeles $27 50

Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via. Los Angeles 24 50

Fare to Los Angeles 20 00

AL. BRIGGS, Agent at Independence.

C. MULKEY, " " Lone Pine.

my20n47m3*

Die Unterzeichneten

Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deuchlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.

Harris & Rhine,
Agenten.

my20n47tf

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s EXPRESS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

MUTUAL Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

GERMAN POSTOFFICE MONEY ORDERS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

my20n47tf

THOS. J. GOODALE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of Sheriff of Inyo County, at the ensuing election.

my20td

NOTICE

THE DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE will meet at the town of Independence, on THURSDAY, MAY 25, 1871.

S. P. MOFFAT, Chairman.
HENRY M. ISAACS, Secretary, 1t

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THOSE DESIRING certificates of appointment from this county to the State Normal School, to be present at the house of J. W. Symmes on SATURDAY, MAY 27TH, A. D. 1871, for examination in the requisite studies for admission.

J. W. SYMMES,
County Superintendent Public Schools.
Independence, May 20, 1871. n47t2

ELECTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE QUALIFIED electors of Independence School District that an election will be held on MONDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at which will be submitted the question of voting a tax to maintain a free school.

It will be necessary to raise for this purpose the sum of $800.

The polls will be open at the Public School House of Independence School District, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock P. M.

P. REDDY,
P. A. CHALFANT,
W. G. SQUIRES,
School Trustees.

my20n47t3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of J. B. Hiskey against the Deep Spring Valley Mining Company, duly attested the 13th day of May, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of said Defendant in and to one quartz mill and machinery, known as the Deep Spring Valley quartz mill.

One dwelling house.

One store house.

All of the above described property situate, lying and being in Deep Spring Valley, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the County of Inyo, I will sell the above described property to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, U. S. gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. Talbott, Under Sheriff.
May 20th, 1871. my20n47t3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware.

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware.

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notions,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds.
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20n47tf

PACIFIC Insurance Company

Of San Francisco.

Fire and Marine.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.

J. HUNT, President.

A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.

HARRIS & RHINE,

AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms. my20n47m3

THE MUTUAL Life Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.

Organized 1842.

Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.

F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.

Assets July, 1870, $41,000,000 Cash.

THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD.

Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents for Independence and vicinity.

my20 47tf

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 20.....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts. ☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

An Entomological Curiosity.

Among juviniles, if not with older heads, the origin of the hair snakes to be found in almost every stream and puddle of water, is a mystery, though generally considered bona fide horse hairs transmogrified into a living snake or worm. We are not prepared to give a learned opinion as to the correctness of this theory in general, but are ready to maintain there is one species not related in any degree to a horse. Here is what we know about hair snakes: Throughout this section, and perhaps all over the coast, there exists, generally under ground, an insect, which for size, shape of legs and general ugliness looks like, and is often mistaken for a tarantula. The body and head, without the legs, is constructed and colored more like a wasp. Its bowed, clumsy legs are six in number terminating in sharp claws. In general make-up, so far as ugliness goes, he is a monster. One evening recently our attention was suddenly called by a terrified scream from our little three-year old, to one of these monsters, it having just passed rapidly over the boy's face as he lay stretched on the floor. In order to determine as soon as possible the chances of the child having received a venomous bite or sting, we very soon had the insect afloat in some water. In a few seconds a little needle pointed, jet black sting was protruded like that of a wasp; momentarily growing longer and larger, it was soon projected far enough to twist and turn in every possible manner; now tying itself around the stiffening limbs and body of the dying monster; then assume a perfect and compact spiral form, increasing each moment in length until some seven or eight inches were attained, when it became entirely detached from the now dead body that bore it, and a wiry, glistening hair snake had sprung into existence! The next morning our reptile was over a foot in length; the next, despite our care, it was a wiry corpse! Perhaps it was an *entezoon*; perhaps the monster was its natural mother; *quein sabe*.

Savage Shooting

Report reaches us of a desperate but bloodless shooting affray at Benton, which occurred on the evening of May 18th. A couple of well known residents of that place, engaged in mining pursuits, became mutually hostile, from causes causes connected with alleged slandering, etc. One undertook to make the other "take it back" or words to that effect, but "the other" instead of retracting commenced to unload his six-shooter. The injured party immediately followed suit, and for a time things looked exceedingly scary for everybody in the neighborhood except the shootists. After discharging eight shots they subsided, and it is said that on the following morning one of them was being rubbed down and cared for at Adobe Meadows, while a *lunatico inquirendo* was being held on the other at the City of Whisky Flat.

Valuable Agencies.

Messrs. Harris & Rhine, who never tire in providing for the wants and comforts of their fellow citizens, have given us another proof of their energy and enterprise in providing a safeguard for every man and family against a sudden transition from prosperity to want, by securing the agencies of both fire and life Insurance Companies, for this county and vicinity. It behooves everybody to take advantage of this opportunity to insure their homesteads and property against loss by fire, and to provide a sure competency for those left behind in case of death, by taking out a life insurance policy. The wants of the ladies have been thought of, also, by providing for them the highly prized and labor saving Florence Sewing Machines, of which they have the agency.

Merchandise.

Our Inyo readers will not fail to carefully read the new column advertisement of the enterprising firm of Harris & Rhine, which appears this week. Mr. Rhine, the new member of the firm, brings with him a thorough knowledge and experience of the merchandising business—is a liberal, public-spirited gentleman, and seems well contented to make this his permanent home. Of Mr. Harris we need not speak as he is long and favorably known in the valley; and the firm, with their able assistants, is about as good as they make. They have an immense stock of goods, which they are selling at rates very materially reduced. Consult, also, the advertisements of their numerous agencies.

The Georges Creek School.

Mr. S. W. Blaisdell, teacher of the school in Union District, sends us the following concerning the last term of six months, which closed on Friday, May 14: The names of Misses Lucinda Shuey, Laura Joslin and Mattie Crowley were placed on the Roll of Honor, they having received 90 per cent. and above on perfect recitations and good deportment during the entire term. There were several others who failed to be placed on the Roll of Honor by being absent a part of the time. The standard was very high, but on that account was worth striving for. The average attendance has been about twenty-two.

De Cullud Individual.

We have received an amusing communication from Mr. Sam Jonsing, a free American of African descent, but must decline its publication, as the prominent political aspirants mentioned might misinterpret it. Personality in newspaper jokes is generally distastful; favors of the nature described are acceptible when this fault is avoided. A communication from "H" is also respectfully declined, as it bears upon an uninteresting political question.

New Stage and Express.

Mr. H. W. Robinson has established a tri-weekly stage and express line between this place and Los Angeles, as may be seen by the advertisment in another column. This is indeed a commendable enterprise, and should be accorded the most substantial of support. The fact will be noticed that fare to San Francisco is thereby reduced to $2750 and 24 50. The proprietor will increase the trips as the amount of business will warrant. Success to it.

Bullion Shipment.

On the 12th day of May, there were shipped from the mill of Hiskey & Walker at Deep Spring Valley, 4 bars of bullion, weighing 660 ounces, valued at $375. Also on 15th instant, 2 bars, weighing 305½ ounces, of the value of $281 45.

Committee Meeting.

The Democratic County Central Committee will meet at this place, on the 25th instant.

DISTRICT COURT PROCEEDINGS

Hon. Theron Reed, Judge.

Moran vs. Dexter—venue granted to Mono County.

Hiskey vs. Deep Spring Valley Mill and Mining Company—judgment for plaintiff.

Jennings vs. Jennings—continued for the term.

Rothschilds & Co. vs. Ryan & Miller—judgment for plaintiff.

Barker vs. Llaski—continued for the term.

Rothschilds & Co. vs. Shedd et. als.—continued for the term.

Begole vs. Walsh—judgment for plaintiff.

Court adjourned Saturday, May 13.

For Sheriff.

Thos. J. Goodale this week announces himself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff. Mr. Goodale has been acting as Deputy Sheriff for the past two years, and will make a capable and efficient officer if elected.

Examinations.

County Superintendent Symmes gives notice elsewhere that he will inquire into the qualifications of candidates for appointment to the State Normal School, on Saturday next.

Application for License.

A. C. Hanson, present County Judge, has made application for leave to practice law. P. Reddy, W. P. George and P. W. Bennett, Esquires, appointed Committee of Examination.

Geld von der Faderland.

Der brintin offis haben von leedel Deutcher notis in de baper deizer morgen. You bet!

Admitted to Practice.

E. H. Van DeCar has been admitted, on certificate, to practice law in the District Court.

New Citizens.

Jacob Vagt and James Campbell have have been admitted to citizenship.

School Tax.

See notice of the proposition to submit the question of levying a school tax.

JOINT HIGH COMMISSION.

A Washington dispatch of May 8th says:

The following will appear in The Washington National Republican tomorrow morning, and is the authorative official statement of the result of the labors of the Joint High Commission:

The treaty to be known as the "Treaty of Washington," for the adjustment of claims for injury alleged by the United States on account of the escape of Confederate cruisers from British ports and depredations committed by those vessels during the late rebellion in this country. A tribunal of arbitration is constituted to consist of five arbitrators, one appointed by the United States, one by Great Britain, and the other three each by a sovreign State in Europe or America. The treaty establishes special rules for neutral duty and obligation, in addition to general received public law, which rules, although not admitted by the British Commissioners to have been in force at the time, are yet, it is agreed, to retract and to govern the decisions of the tribunal of arbitration. This tribunal may either award damages in detail or in gross, at its discretion, or it may refer this duty to a board of assessors sitting in the United States. It also shall report from time to time, with payment to be made accordingly. The British Government frankly expresses its regret for the occurrences complained of by the United States. For the adjudification of all other claims of citizens of the United States against Great Britain or against the United States during the same period—that is, from the 13th of April, 1861, to the 9th of April, 1865, an ordinary mixed commission is provided, to sit at Washington, with an umpire to be nominated if necessary, by a designated friendly Power. This limitation of time is material in substance, for it confines the reclamation against the United States to the incidents of actual war. It is accompanied also with a declaration on the part of the British Commissioners to the effect of excluding claims on account of slave property.

Great Britain does not recognize the claims of subjects for the seizure of cotton in cases where they took up their abode in the South, as they became subject to the contingencies of war.

In regard to the fisheries, in addition to the liberties already secured to them by the treaty of 1818, fishermen of the United States shall have the liberty to take sea fish on the coasts and shores, and in the bays, harbors and creeks of the provences of Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and the colony of Prince Edward's Island and islands adjacent, without being restricted to any distance from shore, with permission to land upon such coasts, shores and islands, and also upon Magdalen Islands, for the purpose of drying their nets and curing their fish, subject of course in this respect, to the local rights of private property; and the same liberty is granted to British subjects on the eastern sea coasts and shores of the United States north of the thirty-ninth parallel of latitude. This treaty is not to include on either side shell fish, or salmon and shad fisheries, or other fisheries in rivers and mouths of rivers. It is further agreed that fish oil and fish of all kinds, except the fish of inland lakes and their rivers, and except fish preserved in oil, the produce of fisheries in the United States or of the Dominion of Canada, or of Prince Edward's Island, shall be admitted in each country respectively free of duty.

The privileges thus conceded to the United States are obviously most important ones. It is asserted by the British Government, but is not admitted by the United States that the privileges accorded to citizens of the United States are of more value than those accorded to subjects of Great Britain, and to prevent or avoid controversy on this point it is agreed that a mixed commission, with an umpire to be appointed by a designated friendly Power, shall determine whether any compensation for such alleged excess of privelege, and how much ought to be paid by the United States.

Next come various questions of navigation and commercial transit, which are disposed of by declaring the navigation of the river St. Lawrence and rivers Yucan, Porcupine and Stillile, forever free and open to citizens or subjects of both countries; by providing for the equal use of the Welland and St. Lawrence and other canals, in the Dominion on the one hand, and of Lake Michigan and St. Clair Flats and Canal on the other; by providing for the free transit of merchandise to and fro, as well in the British possessions as in the United States, and abolishing provisional export duty on American lumber on the river St. John.

All these provisions concerning the fisheries and canal transit are of course made contingent upon their being approved by the Congress of the United States and the British Parliament the Parliament of Canada and Legislature of Prince Edward's Island. By these various stipulations all privileges of fishery, navigation and transit, accorded to the United States by the treaty of 1854, are once more obtained, and in a better form and without the burdensome condition of that treaty in the matter of reciprocal importations.

—Brigham Young is said to have lost twenty-seven mothers-in-law in five years.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Land of Vegetable Wonders. The soil of California teems with vegetable phenomena, giant trees, plants, root and herbs unknown elsewhere. From that vast botanic field are culled the ingredients of Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters, a medicine that is astonishing the world with its cures and throwing all other tonics, alteratives and invigorants into the shade. As its benefits are extended, indigestion, billiousness, intermittent fever, rheumatism, kidney diseases, bowel complaints, and all scrofulous and scorbutic disorders, lose their terrors.

BREWERIE.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

POLITICAL.

W. L. MOORE

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for County Clerk, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my13td*

J. B. WHITE

OF INDEPENDENCE, WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. n44td*

C. MULKEY

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my6td*

I. P. YANEY,

OF BISHOP CREEK, RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for the office of County Clerk—subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. my6td*

FLOUR.

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

Wanted.

AT THE THE BIG PINE SAW MILL, A MAN who understands working and can saw Shingles on one of Hunting's Shingle Machines.

my13n46t3. BELL & BRO.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES, Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

☞ AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

DRUGS ETC.

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46t6to

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement

We retain our old mottos of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes.

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED to us by parties in San Francisco will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,

FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,

Best Quality Crushed Sugar,

FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

BLANKETS,

Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRESS GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

HOSIERY,

PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Saddles and Bridles,

Hardware,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

GROCERIES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 14, 1871. fe18n34tf

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. mr35n29tv2

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County.

Apply to

ap29n44tf V. BEAUDRY, Cerro Gordo.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 20 ....1871.

A Daring and Dangerous Ride.

When the yardmen went to examine the condition of the wheels and trucks of the cars in the train that arrived from the east this morning they discovered safely stowed away upon the forward truck of the last car a man covered with dirt. He was quickly hurried out and escorted to the office, where he was questioned as to his presence there and his reasons for being there. He said his name was James Hodge; he had been to Virginia city in search of work, which, not being able to obtain, and having no money, he walked down to Reno and from thence to Truckee. At this point he took a board, and after placing it from the brake block to the iron rod across the truck, he got on this board unobserved, and holding tightly by feet and hands, rode from Truckee to this city—119 miles—in this perilous position, where the giving away of a single nut or screw would have sent him to a horrible death. He was asked if it was not a hard place to ride, and answered that it was, but much easier than walking. Some one remarked that it was a wonder he hadn't smothered to death with the dust, to which he replied that "it was rather dusty for quite a piece," an assertion fully corroborated by his appearance. The officers of the road offered him a pass to San Francisco but he did not wish to go. He has checks for trunks which he left at one of our hotels, and for which he came here. A longer ride in a more difficult or dangerous position, we think, has never yet been made in safety, and because he did arrive all right it is no reason that others should try it, for the chances are more than equal against their making the same ride as well.—*Sacramento Record.*

The Difference.

The Postoffice Department under the Congress of the old thirteen confederated colonies 1775, consisted of a Postmaster General and a Deputy, who had the superintendence of fifty postoffices and a few hundred miles of post routes. The United States Postoffice Department now embraces nine distinct bureaus, employs three hundred clerks, and directs the working of more than 43,000 mail routes, extending over 224,000 miles. In addition, an Auditor of the Treasury, with nine chiefs of division and one hundred and fifty clerks, inspect and settle the accounts of 7,300 mail contractors and 29,000 postmasters.

Beet Sugar in Wisconsin.

The Racine Advocate gives an account of the beet-sugar establishment at Black Hawk, Sauk County:—"The factory is just completed at a cost of $40,000, and is turning out ten barrels of sugar a day. Two hundred acres of sugar beet were grown last season, yielding from ten to fifteen tons to the acre. It is found that the yield of saccharine matter is from ten to thirteen per cent. in Sauk county, while the average in Illinois is eight per cent. The company will have 500 acres of beets the coming season, from which is counted a produce of 600,000 pounds of sugar.

On a Strike.

The coal miners at Laramie and Rock Spring, Wyoming territory, have been on a strike for several days. They kept some seceders from their strike coralled in one of the mines for three days, and the military had to come to their rescue.

—The Indianapolis Journal says: A Sullivan county man, who heard that the safest way to commit suicide was to shut yourself up and burn charcoal, was found in a ten-acre lot with a charcoal fire near him. Though he had taken the precaution to put up the bars and stop up a crack in the fence with a newspaper, the charcoal went back on him, and he lived.

—Advices from Northern Texas state that large quantities of cotton are awaiting shipment. It is estimated that the number of Texas cattle to be shipped North this season will reach half a million. The company are building extensive cattle yards for the reception of cattle, and have supplied all the necessary facilities for their care.

—The railroad and wagon bridge crossing the Missi-sippi river at Keokuk, is now finished. Its cost is about $1,000,000. The bridge has eleven piers, two abutments, and the longest draw in the world, it being 384 feet in length. In the centre are two spans, 250 feet wide, for the passage of rafts.

—Mrs. Partington says she never received but one synonymous letter in her life, and that spoke paragorically of all her acquantances.

—Miss Elizabeth Stuart Phelps says there is no use quarrelling with a woman, the press, a railroad company or a telegraph.

—The following little nursery-rhyme deserves to be incorporated into "Mother Goose's Melodies:"

"There was a little girl,
And she had a little curl
That hung right down on her forehead;
And when she was good
She was very good, indeed,
But when she was bad, she was horrid."

—"It is very hard to be *made game of*," as the gentleman observed who was shot by the Cockney sportsman.

—It is said that out of twenty one millions of Italians, seventeen millions are still unable to read or write.

—A lady at Schenectady advertises her fugitive husband, and declares she will pay no more of his debts.

—Von Molike can speak every dialect and language of Europe.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of E. A. Reddy against the San Felipe Mining Company, a corporation, duly attested the 8th day of May, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of the San Felipe Mining Company, a corporation, in and to the San Felipe mine; also, the tunnel heretofore commonly known as the Feisburg Tunnel, and now known as the San Felipe Tunnel, said mine and tunnel situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at Two o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House County of Inyo, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
May 13, 1871. my13n46w3

NOTICE.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY DECLARE our intention of forming ourselves into a Joint Stock Road Company, under and by virtue of an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to authorize the formation of corporations for the construction of plank or turnpike roads," approved May 12th, 1853, for the purpose of constructing a turnpike road from a point on the easterly shore of Owens Lake, near the furnace of the Owens Lake Silver Lead Company, in the County of Inyo, State of California, and thence running by the most practicable route (as the same may hereafter be located by actual survey) to a point on the Cerro Gordo and Owens Lake Common wagon road, as now the well rigged by Jamieson and Barry for A. B. Elder, in the said County and State.

And we further declare our intention of meeting at Swansea, Inyo County, at the office of the Owens Lake Silver Lead Company on WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of effecting a preliminary organization of said company.

JAMES BRADY,	E. J. PENNETT,
J. L. DAGRAH,	GEORGE ANDREWS,
J. C. WATT,	A. B. DAVIS,
W. T. ANGIER,	JOHN T. HUGHES.
WM. VAN ARSDALE.	

Dated May 13th, 1871. my13 46-2

DELINQUENT SALE.

SILVER SPROUT MINING COMPANY—LOCATION of Works and Mines, Kearsarge District, Inyo County, State of California.—NOTICE. There are delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment levied on the Fifteenth day of March, 1871 the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective Shareholders as follows:

Names.	No. Certificate.	No. Shares.	Amount
Gilligan John.....	(unissued)	640	$1,000 00
Hearst, George..	"	2 0	1 250 00
Mott, E. B. Jr.....	99	200	1 2 0 00
Tuttle, B F.....	81	60	375 00

And in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the 15th day of March, 1871, so many shares of each parcel of said Stock as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the salesroom of Maurice Dean & Co., No 327 Montgomery street San Francisco, on the FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, 1871 at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M. of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

T. B. WINGARD, Secretary.
Office No. 206 Front street, San Francisco, Cal.

NOTICE.—Stock in the Company will be received in payment of the above assessment, at the rate of Twelve 50 100 dollars ($12 50) per share, U. S. gold coin. T. B. WINGARD,
my13n46 2 Secretary.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

TAKEN UP BY THE UNDERSIGNED, ON THE Fourth day of May last, near Dent's place or ranch, about nine miles north of Independence, the following described horse: Gray, common size, branded P on the left shoulder, and figure 7 on the left hip. It was rigged with a new saddle and bridle; had a coat, pair of pants and a canteen attached. The owner is requested to call at Primer's Ranch, five miles north of Independence, pay charges and take his property. n46t3 H. PRIMER.

NOTICE.

TO T. W. HILL AND H. SCHOENEMAN owners in the Alpha claim and Tunnel and Omega claim tunnel, situated in the Lone Pine District Inyo County, California: Take notice that pursuant to a notice duly given, a meeting was held at the residence of John Simpson, in the Upper town of Cerro Gordo, said county and state, on the Seventeenth day of February, 1871 whereat an assessment of $500 to the share was levied upon each shareholder in said tunnels and claims; and that there is now due from each of you for said assessment the sum of $1,000 as follows, to wit:

ALPHA TUNNEL AND CLAIM.

T. W. Hill.....	1 share.....	$500 00
H. Schoneman.....	1 "	500 00

OMEGA TUNNEL AND CLAIM

T. W. Hill.....	1 share.....	$500 00
H. Schoneman.....	1 "	500 00

That said liability is for labor done and material furnished in and upon said tunnels and claims, and is payable to John Simpson, at his residence in Cerro Gordo.

JOHN SIMPSON.
CHARLES H. FFMAN
By F. K. MILLER, Agent
april4018

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

BUENA SUERTE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of mine in the Lone Pine District, Inyo County, State of California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Buena Suerte Mining Company, held at the office of H. W. Gould, in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, said County and State, pursuant to notice duly given, H. W. Gould being the only member present, the following assessment of $1 per foot was levied against each member of said company for the purpose of working and developing said mine. Said assessment made payable to H. W. Gould at his office aforesaid on or before the 25th day of March, 1871, and that said assessment has been due thirty days.

H W Gould, 625 feet, at $1 per foot.....	$625 00
H Rush, Jr. 150 feet, at $1 per foot	150 00
Cerro Gordo and Virginia M. Co., 150 feet, at $1 per foot.....	150 0
P W Bennett, 50 feet, at $1 per foot.....	50 00
J B Rowley, 50 feet, at $1 per foot.....	50 00
M D Plummer or agent, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
G W Cornell or his representative, 125 feet, at $1 per foot.....	125 00
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Inyo Independent.

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Independence, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.

MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870.

n1v13m

BISHOP CREEK

STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE.

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

LIVERY STABLES.

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

A CHANGE

In the Livery Business.

HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE

Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,

Independence, Cal.,

The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,

HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET,

At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

my7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB,..... ....Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

n1v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

HUNT'S

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n5 6m

EAGLE

Livery and Feed

STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House.

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to get the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALL.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

SALOONS.

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

LONE PINE

Pioneer Saloon,

C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeps — regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8a29-3m

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.

Aurora, - - - - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

n13jy93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon,

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

fe4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

TRAVELING.

INDEPENDENT

EXPRESS & PASSENGER

LINE

To Los Angeles Direct.

H. W. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri-monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition Line of steamers for San Francisco.

Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the State, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.

☞Collections and commissions promptly attended to.☜

The above line of stages will run as follows;

Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angeles on the 8th and 23d of each month.

Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via. Los Angeles	$27 50
Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via. Los Angeles	24 50
Fare to Los Angeles	20 00

AL. BRIGGS, Agent at Independence.

C. MULKEY, " " Lone Pine.

my20n47m3*

CITIZENS' STAGE LINE.

CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.

" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.

" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 4 A. M.

" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M

T. W. DEXTER, General Agent.

Independence, May 5, 1871. n39v2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞First class passenger cars will run regularly.☜

☞NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.☜

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29 1y E. F. HEWITT, Superintendent

Newspapers—What it Costs to Keep Them up.

[Cincinnati Time's New York Letter.]

Few persons outside of the newspaper offices and few inside, indeed, have any idea of the force employed and the amount of money required to conduct a first class journal in New York city.

The Herald has had for years the largest number of editors, reporters and correspondents of any daily in the city, and on the whole makes the poorest use of them. The entire staff of the Herald reaches, it is said, over two hundred men, whose salaries average $25 a week. The entire expenses of establishment are estimated at $15,000 a week on an average—sometimes running much higher, sometimes materially lower. The expenses of the Tribune are ranked next. Its editors, reporters and correspondents number about one hundred and fifty, and their rate of compensation is much higher than on the Herald. The Tribune's weekly expenses are about $10,000.

The Americans as a people, have the reputation, not only at home, but abroad, of possessing a liberal share of common sense, especially in matters of a practical kind. An exception to this seems to be their mania for starting newspapers, which is almost a monomania. Every day or two some new journal springs up in one of our cities or towns which, the originator feels confident will make a fortune for him, and become an authority in the land. It struggles along for a little while, and dies without making the smallest echo anywhere. Its example teaches nothing however. Other men who believe themselves born journalists are just as willing to waste their money and talents—if they have any, certainly their time—in the same hopeless manner as their unfortunate predecessors. As an instance, The Paper, a modest title, was set up in Pittsburg not long since, as a Democratic organ, with a grand flourish of trumpets: and after three months of energetic horn-blowing, it perished with a dead loss, as is stated, of $90,000. Few persons but would regard $30,000 a month as a high price for the satisfaction of trying. It would be cheap, however, if it might prevent other deluded mortals from committing a similar folly, though it won't of course. Those who have made a study of the subject, say that no one newspaper out of twenty ever survives its first year, and not one out of forty ever makes anything, which certainly is not encouraging. If men have money they had better invest it in almost anything rather than a newspaper enterprise. So far as the prospect of getting returns from it goes, they would be as wise as if they had bought Erie stock in hope of obtaining dividends. "A fool and his money are soon parted," is never quite as true as when the fool has an ambition to be a journalist.

The Senate and the Treaty.

It now appears that the Treaty of Washington will not have the easy sailing through the Senate to ratification that was anticipated. In a mild but firm temper men like Sumner and Trumbull are urging their objections, and amendments are likely to be offered and insisted on, which will more clearly define certain classes of British claims. In the Canadian Parliament there will also be earnest efforts made to have the treaty amended. The Canadians and Nova Scotians are not satisfied with the fisheries part of the settlement. They think, and with much apparent justice, that their local interests have been compromised in favor of Englishmen. It is expected that the debate on the treaty will occupy the Senate for three weeks or a month. Meanwhile the newspaper press will have much to say on the subject and much to do in shaping public opinion. The treaty in full text can't reach this coast till the latter part of this week. It is understood from what has been already given out, that the bill of damages against England for the destruction of our ships and commerce by the Alabama, Florida, Georgia and other Anglo-rebel cruisers, will foot up about $12 830,000; whereof about five and a half millions are credited to the account of the Alabama alone.—*Daily Union, May 15th.*

Columbus District.

Mr. James Poor, Superintendent of Col. Young's quartz mill at Columbus District, gives us a very favorable account of the condition of affairs in that section. The ores of Columbus are rich, but very rebellious, averaging $125 per ton. The mill under Mr. Poor's charge, works but three tons per day, and charges $55 per ton for reducing, working up to 80 per cent. of a fire assay. Water is very scarce and wood high, costing from $14 to $16 per cord. Railway communication is by way of Wadsworth; distant 160 miles. A narrow-guage from Reno would command a large and growing trade, and with other facilities that could easily be furnished, make the working of $50 ore, of which there is an unlimited supply, a profitable business. It is to be hoped that the day is not far distant, when capitalists will see that legitimate enterprise is as safe and in the long run more profitable than stock gambling.—*Reno Cresent*

—Never have a wooden leg made of oak, because the oak is apt to produce a corn.

An Eighty Thousand Dollar Catalogue.

[From The Printer's Circular.]

The extensive application of printing to business purposes is one of the developments of modern times which has led alike to an immense increase in the number of newspaper advertisements and to the rapid growth of many forms of job printing. Of late years a strong tendency has also been displayed to beautify and adorn some classes of the products of the printer's skill. While there is still an immense demand for cheap work, rushed through on time, without regard to appearance, many sagacious business men now understand that one beautiful and attractive card, circular, poster, pamphlet, price list, or book, may be practically more useful than a hundred copies of an inferior job containing similar matter, on account of the inevitable tendency of the latter to fail utterly, through its inferior appearance, to make the desired impression upon the classes whose patronage is sought. In accordance with this philosophy, some of the finest letter-press printing of the present day is not devoted to literary works, or to the adornment of private libraries and parlors, but executed for strict business purposes—to be sent to counting-rooms, to be scattered broadcast as circulars, to be placed wherever it will be most likely to attract the attention of the general reader, or those whom it concern.

One of the latest and most striking illustrations of this peculiarity of the age and its influence upon printing, is the illustrated catalogue of the lock, key, and latch factory of Messrs. Mallory, Wheeler & Co., of New Haven, printed by Wm. C. Hutchings, of Hartford, a copy which may be seen at the store of Heaton & Denckla, Philadelphia. An idea of the value of the book may be formed from the fact that an edition of 2,000 copies cost nearly $80,000, or nearly $40 per volume; and the materials and workmanship are of such a character that fair trade value has been rendered for the whole cost. The book contains 290 pages, their dimensions being about 18 by 14 inches. The paper is about the thickness of two-ply Bristol board, and cost twenty-seven and a half cents per pound. The binding is of rich crimson Russia leather, costing $7 per volume. The engraving of representations of hundreds of locks, bolts, keys, door knobs, etc., cost $10,000. The task of the printer was to represent, with literal accuracy, the size, color, and appearance of each of the varied articles, as well as to briefly describe, or at least enumerate them, in the text, and to indicate their cost. This task was executed with great skill and fidelity, various shades of gold and red bronze, as well as twenty pounds of pure silver bronze, and various colored inks, being employed. The compositor has displayed good taste in avoiding the use of many varieties of job type—nearly the whole book being set in various sizes of an appropriate and attractive light-faced letter; but the pages are well arranged, and the contrast of colors afforded by the representations of the locks etc., is amply sufficient to give a very pleasing and striking effect.

The work is highly creditable to all engaged in it; but one of the questions American readers will be most likely to ask is, Will it pay? Can a private business establishment prudently invest $80,000 in a trade catalogue? From what we learn, there is but little doubt that an affirmative answer may be given to this pertinent question in the present instance. The excellence of the book itself renders it one of the best of advertisements; but, aside from this consideration, the facilities it offers to hardware and lock dealers in examining and selling the goods embraced in the catalogue will naturally lead to an extension of trade that will soon make a handsome return for the sum invested in the book; samples of the goods represented would cost $1,000, and occupy so much space it would be almost impossible to show them, and all difficulties arising from this cause are obviated in the catalogue; so that printer's ink, in the form in which it is used here, will probably insure as rich a harvest as was ever gleaned from extensive newspaper advertising.

Democratic Apportionment.

The following is the apportionment of delegates to the Democratic State Convention, on the basis of one delegate from each county, one for each 200 votes for Seymour and Blair at the last Presidential election, and one for each fraction of 200 votes in excess of 100:

Alameda, 7; Alpine, 1; Amador, 7; Butte, 7; Calaveras, 6; Colusa, 4; Contra Costa, 2; Del Norte, 2; El Dorado, 9; Fresno, 3; Humboldt, 4; Inyo, 2; Kern, 3; Klamath, 2; Lake 3; Lassen, 2; Los Angeles, 7; Marin 3; Mariposa, 4; Mendocino, 9; Merced, 2; Mono, 1; Monterey, 4; Napa, 4; Nevada, 13; Placer, 7; Plumas, 4; Sacramento, 12; San Bernardino, 3; San Diego, 2; San Francisco, 69; San Joaquin, 10; San Luis Obispo, 3; San Mateo, 3; Santa Barbara, 3; Santa Clara, 13; Santa Cruz, 5; Shasta, 4; Sierra, 5; Siskiyou, 6; Solano, 8; Sonoma 13; Stanislaus, 4; Sutter, 4; Tehama, 3; Trinity, 3; Tulare, 4; Tuolumne, 7; Yolo, 6; Yuba, 7; total, 319.

—A fire in Los Angeles May 11 destroyed $6,500 worth of property.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 27.....1871.

NATURALIZATION LAWS.

It has generally been understood, heretofore, that the County Courts of this State had no power of issuing naturalization papers. This belief seems to have been based on the decision in the case of "*Ex parte*-Frank Knowles," reported in 5th Cal. Reports, page 300, in which the Court said: "The Legislature of California has, by express enactment, conferred jurisdiction on the District Courts of this State to grant naturalizations according to the rules of Congress; all other Courts of this State being Courts of inferior and limited powers, and although some are Courts of record, yet having only statutory and not common jurisdiction they have no power to grant naturalizations."

That the belief alluded to is not correct will be seen from the following decision of the Supreme Court of this State: "The several County Courts of this State have common law jurisdiction within the meaning of the act of Congress of April 14th, 1802, establishing a uniform rule of naturalization 'The County Courts have the power to admit foreigners to all the rights of citizenship, and to issue papers of naturalization.'" (Page 98, 39th Cal. Rep.)

This, we should think, would settle the question, so that hereafter foreigners desiring to become citizens will only have to make their applications before the County Court.

CANDIDATES FOR STATE CONTROLLER

We are indebted for a visit from Mr. J. S. Mooney, ex-Legislator and an old resident of Mono County. Mr. Mooney is an aspirant for nomination on the Democraaic ticket for State Controller, and is well deserving of the position. Mr. Paul W. Bennett, of this county, is looking for the nomination for the same position at the hands of the Republicans. Mr. Bennett is as well qualified for the position as any man in the State, and has a fair show of success. We heartily wish that both of these gentlemen may get the nomination by their respective parties, and give this side of the mountains a representation on the State tickets We shall next week endeavor to more fully set forth our claims in this matter.

Another Pacific Railroad.

It is believed to be a settled fact that we are to have another railroad "the plains across," in addition to the three now in operation or course of construction. The new road is to be an extention of the California Pacific (Vallejo) road to connect at Ogden with the Union Pacific. This will cut out the Central by affording the Union an independent through connection from ocean to ocean. The proposed route begins at Davisville, 12 miles west of Sacramento, thence through Beckwourth's Pass via. Goose and Christmas Lakes through southern Idaho and up Snake River valley to the Ogden junction. The engineering difficulties, we have reason to know, are great but a large portion of the route runs through a country that will rank, for farming grazing and timber, with the very best on the coast, and is cabable of supporting a very great number of people.

L. H.'s Communication.

We have not space to notice the several points in L. H.'s communication this time; it will be seen, however, that they consist mainly of the same points raised by the same writer in former articles, and to answer them would in some degree require a rehash of what we have already had to say on the subject. We are perfectly willing to admit the great disadvantage that married women often labor under in having, in too many cases, to ask as a favor for money and necessaries, when in law and justice they are fully entitled to them on demand. But we scarcely see how legislation is to effect any material change in human nature, for human nature and accidental circumstances are wholly responsible for the unfortunate truth contained in that complaint.

Free Schools in Nevada.

The free school idea is making encouraging progress in the city of Virginia, Nevada. A special tax of $2,000 was voted in support of them at the late city election.

THE SCHOOL ELECTION, ETC.

One week from next Monday the electors of Independence school district will be called upon to decide a question of more than ordinary importance to the future of this place—that is, whether it is a possible thing to get money, by means of a tax, *pro rata*, sufficient to maintain a public school. Various objections have been and will be urged against this tax, but we believe, if the matter is viewed in its true bearing, all opposition must cease. The future prosperity of this town depends in a far greater degree upon the result of this vote than, at first sight, might be supposed. Independent of the high moral obligation under which every American citizen is placed to assist in the education of the young, there is a pecuniary interst involved, outside the tax itself. It must be obvious to every thinking man, who will consider the matter for a moment, that for such a comparatively small sum no better investment can be made if the good of the community is alone considered. If this tax is voted down at this time, there is scarcely a chance for a school in this place for years to come—perhaps not at all. The State school money accredited to the limited number of children in this district is wholly insufficient for the purpose—hence the proposed tax. If that fails we can expect no addition to the number by immigration, for no man with children to educate would for a moment think of settling in a community that will not try to maintain a school. If otherwise disposed to purchase a home among us, that certainty alone would with all such men lessen its value at least one half, if they wou'd buy at any price in the midst of such an apparent niggardly public spirit. If any resident has property he wishes to sell this tax then is essential, in all probability, to the accomplishment of his desire, and in any case he can take no more certain method to defeat that object than in refusing this tax.

It is fair to suppose that all or nearly all of our residents look upon this pretty little town as their place of abode for years to come at least, and must wish it to keep pace with its neighbors, or in accordance with the unlimited resources from its surroundings. If it does not it is our own fau't. If we give no better proof of enterprise and sense of our true interest than in the defeat of this movement—if we sink this in the cold grave of other virtually defeated public enterprises, our highest aspirations need not go above a cross-roads village. We will rank as a community willing to take all the country offers and give nothing in return, because our interest is not supposed to extend a day beyond the time when we shall have made enough out of it to enable us to go elsewhere. No stirring business man wou'd desire to make permanent investments in a place where residents showed by their works so little care or faith in its future.

Instead of a desired increase in business and population we will have directly opposite results unless we make some show of a proper public spirit. This school question is not one that affects the welfare of a few children alone, but is a matter of interest to every property holder in the place as well. It is better a teacher shou'd be paid to preside over a beggarly account of empty benches than no semblance of a school at all. A few years hence a high school will be a necessity at some point in this sage brush land. The population will soon be, if it is not now, amply sufficient to sustain such an institution, and once established the material benefits that will accrue from it to the town in which it is located will be of very great importance. However advantageous it otherwise may be, neither public nor private enterprise would ever think of locating such an institution in a place where a common school cannot exist.

The objection has often been raised that no school can be kept up here for the reason that scholars will be withdrawn by parents if it is not conducted exactly in accordance with their individual notions of propriety. We do not accept this as a true bill at all, but if so, the fact should have no weight whatever in this election. When a school is sustained by a limited number of subscribers it may be in the power of any one of them to break it up by withdrawing his children and subscription; but no such contingency is possible where a school is maintained by public money. It is not subject to the caprice of any child or parent and if any child should be withdrawn because of objections to proper discipline, it can only be to the advantage of those remaining. Such discipline is an absolute necessity, when confined to proper limits, and must be maintained in every school.

If for want of opportunities at home parents are obliged to send children to a distant school to be educated, the cost does not fall upon the parents a'one; it falls upon the community in part by the withdrawel of that much of its working capital that should be circulated at home. Besides, the cost of thus educating a half dozen children for a given length of time, would perhaps be amply sufficient to support a common school at home for twice the length of time and for all that chose to attend. Nearly every dollar of the sum expended in carrying on a school here would find its way back to the pockets of the taxpayer and in nearly the same ratio. The proposed tax may be somewhat onerous, but it shou'd be borne in mind that it is not lost to the community; it does not go into the State or United States Treasury, but mainly back whence it came. To give this matter nothing higher than a mere business view, we believe it to be to the pecuniary interest of every business man in the place to support this proposition. The fact of having no direct personal interest in the cause of education, to take that view of the case, has nothing in it whatever to justify opposition. The defeat of the proposition added to the cold reception and probable fate of other public enterprises, will do more to lessen the chances of the future enlargement and consequent prosperity of this place than any question that is likely ever to come before us.

FRENCH NEWS.

At the request of McMahon, the Germans will assist the Versailles troops in making a decisive attack from the east, on the Paris Communes. The Germans are bridging the Seine for that purpose. Great preparations are being made to carry the city by storm, and but little doubt is entertained of success, though the Communes say they will utterly destroy the city before they yield Judging from the unmitigated vandalism they have already displayed it is quite possible the threat will be carried out.

Women in large numbers are parading the streets of Paris, armed and organized by proclamation of the insurgent leaders. The duty of these Amazons is to arrest and imprison cowardly men. Nothing could more graphically illustrate the frightful condition of the city than the arming of these terrible women. It shows the desperation of the Red leaders in their strife for power.

The magnificent column that stood, surmounted by the Emperor's statue, in the Place Verdome has been thrown down and the locality renamed. The column splintered into fragments when it fell, and the attending excitement was never equaled outside of a Paris mob.

The Eighteenth Fair.

We are in receipt of a pamphlet containing the list of premiums to be distributed by the California State Agricultural Society at the Fair which is to open at Sacramento on the 18th and close on the 23d of September next. The sum to be distributed in premiums amounts to $20,600. The list is intended to cover every namable article of artificial or natural production. It is to be hoped Inyo County may find a representation in some of her minerals, fossils, fire clay, grain, fruit, specimens of mechanical skill—in some or all of these things sufficient to prove that we possess something more than a geographical position on the State map. The railroad and navigation companies will transport all articles for exhibition free of cost over their respective routes.

Volume Eighty-two.

That universal favorite magazine of the ladies, Godey's, has just completed with the June number, its eighty-second volume, having continued under its present management for forty-one years. Like wine, the greater the age the more bright and sparkling. The May number did not reach us, from some cause.

Mrs. Gaines.

Mrs Gaines, having been placed in possession of the Orleans Draining Machine, must feel very much like the individual who was so unfortunate as to win an elephant in a lottery. The city has withdrawn its forces from the machine, and when the next great rain storm comes and floods that portion of the city formerly drained by the machine in question. The New Orleans Times says it will be a picture to see the indefatigable little lady, sitting on the great wheel of her draining elephant, looking out with her lustrious eyes upon the inundated district around her, and calmly reflecting on the amount she can force the city to pay her for the privilege of keeping the water away from the doorsteps of a portion of its citizens.

—It was a very Hard-shell Baptist of Tennessee who suggested, when he heard of the reformation of an ungodly neighbor, that no common baptism would do for that man; the only sure way would be to tie a grindstone to his feet, and "anchor him over night in the middle of the river."

NEWS ITEMS.

The British House of Lords has postponed the consideration of the Treaty of Washington to June 12th. The Legislature of New Brunswick has decided against the Treaty, so far as it affects the Canada fisheries.

Dr. Trask has commenced suit against Laura D. Fair, to recover the sum of $2,100 for medical services The transposition of a single letter in his colleague's (Dr. Lyford's) name would probably indicate how the claim originated—he Ly(d)for it.

The California Supreme Court has decided the Subsidy act constitutional. A mandamus has been issued against the officers of the City of Stockton, commanding them to issue bonds to the Stockton and Visalia railroad company, to the amount of $300,000. Stanford & Co., claim that this decision will be worth $50,000,000 to the State of California. Before receiving the $50,000,000, however, the people will first be required to advance the delicate little amount of $500,000,000.

The latest news from Mexico renders it quite certain that revolution will ensue at the impending Presidential election.

Horace Greeley is in Texas, and well received by all classes.

Ruloff, the murderer, was executed at Binghamton, New York, May 18. Governor Hoffman declined to pardon him on account of his great scientific attainments.

Two Tribune reporters are, by order of the United States Senate, in durance vile for refusing to tell from whom they received the advance copy of the Washington Treaty that appeared in The Tribune. The matter is being fully investigated by the Senate, but it is not ikely the guilty party will be discovered.

John B. Gough, the celebrated temperance advocate, is lecturing to full houses in San Francisco.

Some St. Louis capitalists are going to erect smelting works in that city, for the treatment of Colorado gold and silver ores. The works are to be very complete and will cost $1,000,000.

The Kern County Courier says that notwithstanding reports to the contrary, the crop prospects in that county were never better than they are the present season; this is owing to the fact that farmers there, as in this county, depend wholly upon irrigation.

THE PLAIN ISSUE.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

MESSRS. EDITORS: My opponent has made his statement squarely from the masculine view of woman's inferiority and incapacity to do ought or to be interested in the most vital subjects of individual or national welfare. He says: "The distinctions of law between the sexes are founded in reason, and are intended to promote the best interests of society." They may be founded in reason, but not always in justice, and whatever their intentions are they do not tend to promote the best interest of society, but work innumerable wrongs to the interests and happiness of women, which can only be righted by laws and public sentiment which they must make and create. That women are taxed without representation is a fact, and it matters not whether it be on her person or property, it is, alike, tyranny.

Whatever is a woman's duty she should not be exempt from doing; nor should she be debarred from using every faculty she possesses. Her sense of justice eminently fits her to sit on a jury, and no women tried before a jury of men has a jury of her *peers;* this they shou'd have the right to demand, although there are superficial minds that think women are less just than men, but this is only true of those whose aim and ambition rises no higher than gaining masculine admiration.

Women have the faculty of governing equally well with men, as any well regulated household or school will testify, and they need the exercise of this faculty, perhaps more than any other at this time, to give them that self-command and dignity fitting them to sit in counsels of law or State, or to properly preside over assemblies and carry on debate with decorum.

But there are many who are ever opposed to changes, and can only see anarchy and confusion in whatever tends to disturb old landmarks and time-honored customs; but onward rolls the car of progress, but little impeded by those who are trying to stop its revolving wheels.

A married woman is not allowed the equal privileges of a male partner in her husband's business, for herein they both may buy and sell, etc., and the firm would be very soon dissolved if one alone shou'd arrogate to himself "all the say." "Sauce for the goose, sauce for the gander" is an old adage which is to be demonstrated at this late day in a way that will shake social and political institutions to their foundations, and it is well to be prepared for its deepest issues. That woman is dependent who has no purse of her own and has to ask to buy herself a bonnet or dress, no matter how willing her husband may be to grant her request, that which no man would consent to have reversed, even though the wife earned all the money. Men are wofully mistaken if they think women do not covet ownership of property besides her wardrobe, and to accept the responsibilities of trade. The false idea that these things tend to make women masculine is about like saying that a chi'd had better creep than walk, as women are told it is better to have men support them and carry their burdens for them, instead of making them use their own powers and unfold their own strength of body and mind.

If so be we are to take our lessons of right from the animal kingdom, then the strongest shou'd rule, and reason and justice in man stand for nought, and progress be impossible.

It is time enough to judge of effects when the experiment has been tried, but all reform movements are first condemned and ridiculed before they can even get a fair hearing, and are rarely accepted till the next generation.

What is now being demanded, and of right ought to be established, is woman's equality with man in the marriage contract, in social virtue with equal penalties for both, with the same rights of citizenship and of helping to rule and regulate the home, the church and the state. L. H.

LEAD POISONING.

Dr. S. A. McMeans publishes a communication in The White Pine News, accompanied by a recipe for "leading." The Nevada papers are doing well in exchanging information on the subject. Will some of our well-experienced physicians give us some of their observations of this fearful malady, with their mode of treatment? The Doctor says:

For the benefit of persons engaged as laborers in the lead mines of Nevada, I beg to present you with a copy of a recipe for making "Sulphuric Lemonade," the free use of which will most effectually prevent poisoning from lead in almost every instance. As a medical man, I do not hesitate to advise the free use of it by men who work about furnaces and in the carbonate of lead mines.

Recipe: Molasses, 16 pounds; bruised ginger, ½ pound; water 12 gallons; baker's yeast, 1 quart; bicarbonate of soda, 1½ ounces; sulphuric acid (by weight) 1½ ounces. Boil the ginger in two gallons of water, and then add the remainder of the water and molasses hot. When nearly cold transfer the whole to a cask and add the yeast, to cause fermentation. When this has nearly ceased, add the sulphuric acid, diluted with eight times its quantity of water. Close the cask, and in three or four days it will be ready for use. Careful ablutions in water, containing a small quantity of sulphuric acid, will greatly add to the efficacy of the remedy, or rather preventative. A general warm bath in which a little of the acid is incorporated, taken twice a week will do much good. The cost of the experiment, when contrasted with the loss of time, health, and sometimes life, caused by the pernicious consequences of exposure to the fumes of a furnace, or dust from the carbonate mines, is comparatively nothing.

Mrs Fair's Bill of Exceptions.

Mrs. Fair's counsel filed the following bill of exceptions May 19th. The document reads as follows:

That the jury received evidence on of Court other than that resulting from a view, as provided by law; that the jury separated without leave of the Court, and that they were guilty of misconduct tending to prevent a fair and due consideration of the case; that the verdict was decided by means other than a fair expression of opinion on the part of the jurors; that the Court misdirected the jury in matters of law and in its instructions and charges; that it erred in refusing to give the instructions asked on the part of the defendant; that the Court erred on questions of law, which arose upon and during the course of the trial; that the verdict is contrary to law and evidence; that the minds of the jury were prejudiced and biased against defendant by means of the fine of $250 imposed upon her in their presence and hearing; that there is newly-discovered evidence material to the defendant, and which she could not with reasonable diligence have discovered and produced at the trial; that some of said jurors had expressed an unqualified opinion as to the guilt of defendant, which was unknown to defendant at the time they were sworn and accepted on said trial. The new evidence is set forth in the affidavit of Mrs. Mary G. Smith, who swears that previous to Mrs. Fair's making the acquaintance of Crittenden, her character was good, and details the circumstances of her carrying a letter from Crittenden to Mrs. Fair.

Arkansas.

The census of Arkansas is an interesting exhibit. In 1860, the population of that State was 435,450, and in 1870 483,189 or but little more than that of St. Louis and her two or three adjoining counties. The increase during the last decade was about ten per cent., and this in the face of the fact that for ten years previous to the war not a State in the Union increased in population more rapidly than Arkansas. The terrible calamities that the civil conflict entailed upon the State are the only explanation necessary to account for the slow rate of increase during the past ten years.

Mount Diablo.

The Solano Republican is authority for the subjoined:

Theodore H. Hittel, author of Hittel's Digest, has located 160 acres of land on the summit of Mount Diablo and intends erecting an observatory for the accommodation of viewists. Woodward is intending to build a hotel on Deer Flat—on the side of the mountain—for the accommodation of tourists.

—The Madison, Wis., Journal says: "A man residing in Pierce county ate seventeen hard-boiled eggs, thereby winning a wager of $2 50. That amount deducted from his doctor's bill of $37, still leaves him in arrears $34 50."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Don't despair because you have a weak constitution. The vitalizing principle embodied in Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters will assuredly strengthen it. In every drop of that combination of vegetable curatives, there is a stimulating, a regenerating, a regulating power unequaled in the whole range of proprietary and officinal remedies. It is to the inert physique what steam and oil are to the locomotive engine. Yet it contains no fiery excitant, nothing but the juices of rare medicinal herbs and roots, intended by the Great Physician for "the healing of the Nations."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

A CARD.

For Representative.

MESSRS. EDITOR: THE NEAR APPROACH of election causes some interest to be manifested in the selection of candidates for the ensuing session of the Legislature, as much important business is likely to come before that body. This county being jointly represented with Mono and Tuolumne, I suggest that so far as Inyo County is concerned that some one should be elected in whose integrity and ability the people may justly repose confidence as the guardian of their interests, and to fully represent their wants as well as those of the State at large. Without wishing to cast any reflection on either of the gentlemen whose names have been spoken of for that position, I respectfully suggest the name of D. B. Curtiss as one in whom the utmost confidence can be placed, as a gentleman of integrity and legislative ability, possessing every quality essential for a discreet and judicious Legislator, and a lively interest in the welfare of his constituents and the prosperity of the State at large. Mr. Curtiss was a Member of the Assembly from the county of Placer at the session of 1858, and discharged his duties as such with signal fidelity, meriting and receiving the gratitude of his constituents as a faithful and trustworthy public servant. Mr Curtiss has ever been a firm and reliable Democrat, having stood firmly by his party in victory or defeat, condemning wrong whenever it existed and applauding that which is good. Mr. Curtiss came to this valley in 1868, and has since been engaged in the business of farming, and his interests are closely identified with the prosperity of the county. While there may be other candidates equally as good, no better can be chosen. SYPHAX.

P. HARRINGTON

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my27td*

For Member of the Assembly.

D. P. CURTISS RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for Member of the Assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention. my27td*

HOLLOW GLOBE,

—OR THE—

World's Agitator and Reconciler.

Just Published at The Religio Philosophical Journal office,

A New and Remarkable Book.

THIS BOOK CONTAINS 447 PAGES OF ORIGINAL matter, divided into 13 chapters, treating upon the physical conformation of the earth and kindred subjects. It proves conclusively that the globe cannot be solid, neither is it a thin, frail crust filled with molten lava or raging fires, but a beautiful spherical shell, formed upon mechanical principles, with an interior habitable surface as well as one that is exterior; that it is built in the most economical manner, only containing sufficient material to ensure the required strength. It shows the necessity of more territory than exists upon the outside, and that there must be a spacious accessible gateway within the unexplored open Polar Circle between the two surfaces. The work treats upon the nature of human events, showing that each one is prophetic of its successor, and that all of the past have been required to render the future more astounding developments of history possible. It treats upon the Open Polar Sea and its causes; the phenomena of Volcanoes and Earthquakes; also, Gravitation, proving that there can be no reciprocal attraction of that character between the heavenly bodies. The chapter upon the Nebulous or Igneous theory must eradicate every vestige of that absurd conception from the minds of thinking men. The one upon Spiritual and Material Forces gives a clear and comprehensive idea of that department of nature, while another presents the natural method of building worlds and still another treats upon inherent powers and progressive development. The final chapter on human vision is simply worth the price of the book. The work must be read to be appreciated.

Price, $2 50, with a liberal discount to the trade. Responsible Agents wanted in every city and town in the United States.

General Depot, 206 South Clarb street, Chicago. Address, M. L. SHERMAN or WM. F. LYON.

MRS. L. HUTCHISON, Agent.

my27:48m1 Bishop Creek, Inyo Co., Cal.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Third Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of Danert & Stewart against John Collister, duly attested the 10th day of May, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Lot No. 7, Block No. 9, in the Town of Lone Pine, County of Inyo, State of California, said lot having a front on Washington street of fifty feet, and extending back between parallel lines one hundred feet. Also, all the tenements and improvements thereon.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, County of Inyo, I will sell the above described property to the highest bidder for bidders for Cash, United States gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,

By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

May 27, 1871. my 7:48 3t

POLITICAL.

THOS. J. GOODALE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of Sheriff of Inyo County, at the ensuing election. my20td

W. L. MOORE

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for County Clerk, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my13td*

J. B. WHITE

OF INDEPENDENCE, WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. n44td*

C. MULKEY

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my6td*

I. P. YANEY,

OF BISHOP CREEK, RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for the office of County Clerk—subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. my6td*

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 27..... .....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.—☞

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Exciting Affray.

Day before yesterday morning a party of perhaps a dozen citizens of Lone Pine started out in pursuit of some horse thieves who were endeavoring to escape with animals stolen from Los Angeles. Late in the evening they came upon a couple of men at a point on Georges Creek, up towards the mountains from the road. In response to a demand to surrender they commenced shooting, the fire being returned by the pursuing party. Some eight or ten shots were fired, when one of the men was seen to fall and abandon his horse. The animal, with saddle and bridle, was taken, and is known to have been stolen. But no traces of the man could be found, and he is now doubtless, hid away in the rocks. We did not learn the names of the entire party, but hear that it was headed by Mr. C. Mulkey, of Lone Pine, who has ever been indefatigable in his efforts to capture the numerous offenders of this character. Imperfect as is our report of the affair, enough is known to make it certain that that gentleman and party are deserving of the thanks of the entire community for their present successful effort to make this climate unhealthy as a rendezvous for fleeing criminals.

A Large Establishment.

We paid a prospecting visit to the store of Messrs. J. S. Rothschild & Co., a day or two since, in search of items. We were taken in charge by the handsome junior of that concern, and engineered throughout the establishment. From the well known store room above we passed down to a lower level, where the piles of merchandise is astonishing. The whole arrangement and supplies will compare favorably with the store rooms of the heaviest houses elsewhere. Not finding anything else portable enough to carry, we dexterously gobbled up a box of cigars. Our sentor has since laid aside his villainous old pipe.

Horse Stealing Again.

On Sunday night last there were stolen from Greenley's camp on the river two horses—a bay and a gray—with a six-shooter and a watch. Our officers did not receive a warrant for the arrest of the thief nor hear of the transaction until Tuesday night, when the man had nearly reached Los Angeles. He is known and may yet be captured, as a description of himself and the stolen property has been forwarded to the officers of the counties south of us, in which direction he has traveled. It is barely possible that some horse thief may be caught around here sometime, when the probabilities are that he wouldn't be any account for such purposes in the future.

Stolen Horses.

Sheriff Elder has received the description of a band of twelve horses, and the party with them, the property having been stolen from Los Angeles. They were at Lone Pine for two or three days trying to dispose of them, but suddenly slipped out, and probably came northward on the west side of the Alabama range. The impunity with which thieves ply their vocation in this county well illustrates how perfect are our mail and telegraph facilities.

Installation of Officers.

At their regular meeting held Saturday evening, May 20thf Oasis Lodge No. 352 I. O. G. T., at Bishop Creek, regularly installed the following named officers: W. C. T., George M. Clark; W. V. T., Mrs. Milton Clark; W. R. H. S., Miss Alice Clark; W. L. H. S., Seymour Ensign; W. M., Wm. Clark; W. C., Alex. McCloy; W. T., Thos. Clark. This Lodge has been flourishing for two years, and, we judge, merits the support accorded it.

Not a Candidate.

We are authorized to announce that Mr. W. L. Hunter, of Cerro Gordo, has determined not to be a candidate for Sheriff, by reason of being compelled to return to his old home in the State of Virginia, as he does not wish to assume the responsibilities of the office without being able to devote his personal attention to the duties. Many Democrats will sincerely regret that he is not a candidate.

Bullion Shipment.

On the 17th instant there were shipped by Wells, Fargo & Co. 48 ounces of gold bullion, from the arrastras at Fish Springs, of the value of $775. Also, on the 21st instant, 80 ounces, worth $1,360. The mines of that district never looked better, and both of the works there will probably be kept constantly running on a much improved quality of ore.

New Store.

Mr. J. W. McMurry, a well known resident of Fish Springs, started below last week for the purpose of purchasing a stock of general merchandise, with which to establish a store at that place. The opening is a good one, and the store will prove a great accommodation for those residing in the vicinity.

The Engine Company.

The time for the regular monthly meeting of Independence Engine Company rolls around again week from next Monday and we presume the citizen's committee on canvassing will then be ready to report. The event is looked forward to with much interest by the members of the company.

Cattle Sold.

Mr. L. Bass, a well known Virginian and Nevada cattle man, a day or two since purchased some four or five hundred head of cattle from stock men in the valley. He intends removing them to the plains of the Humboldt country, Nevada.

Sheep.

We hear that an immense drove of sheep is being driven to this valley, from Los Angeles County. There are such vast numbers that there is danger of them seriously interfering with the ranges, and perhaps our ranchers and stock men would do well to investigate the matter.

Wake Up.

The active movements of the political parties consequent upon the approaching election seems to be confined to the Democrats. It is our opinion that the Republicans had better wake up.

Shot.

It was reported upon the street yesterday that John Sellers, formerly a well known resident of Bishop Creek, was shot in an affray at Columbus, Nevada. We did not learn further particulars.

Proceedings of the Democratic County Central Committee.

The Democratic County Central Committee met at Independence May 25, in pursuance to call, and transacted the following business:

A. N. Bell and J. W. McMurry were appointed to act as delegates at the ensuing Democratic State and Congressional Conventions.

John A. Lank, A. N. Bell and J. W. McMurry were appointed to act as delegates the ensuing Senatorial Convention, to be held in Tuolumne County.

The following was unanimously adopted:

Resolved—That in the opinion of the Democratic Central Committee, Henry H. Haight is the unanimous choice of the Democracy of Inyo for Governer.

Previous to adjournment the Committee agreed to meet on Monday, June 12th, when the apportionment of delegates from the several districts for the County Convention will be made. The day for holding the primary elections and the County Convention will then be appointed.

A full attendance of the Committee is earnestly requested.

S. P. MOFFAT, Chairman.
HENRY M. ISAACS, Secretary.

Water.

From reports it seems evident that water has become considerable of an object in Cerro Gordo, the supply expected by the pipes not yet being in. Arrangements are made, however, for the running of both the furnaces, but at a very great cost. Six hundred gallons are packed five miles up the mountain each day to supply that of Mr. Beaudry at an expense of $30. The water for Belshaw's works comes from the end of the pipes of the Cerro Gordo Water Company, distance four or five miles, while the article is supplied to the eight or ten hundred people in and around camp at 10 cents per gallon. Altogether, about 1,500 are consumed per day. A company with $50,000 to put water into Cerro Gordo would realize enormous profit on their investment from the very start, and the population of that place would increase ten fold.

The New Road.

About one mile of the new road which is being built across the sand from Swansea to the foot-hills is now completed, and good progress is being made with the work. To appreciate the importance of this road it is only necessary to have traveled over the ground once or twice.

Running.

The Kearsarge Mill is now running, with every appliance which science and capital can command to make success doubly sure. We intend giving a detailed report shortly of the new works and operations.

Announcement.

Mr. D. B. Curtiss officially announces that he will be a candidate for the Assembly, subject to nomination by the Democrats. The gentleman would make a good Representative.

For Sheriff.

Mr. P. Harrington, of Cerro Gordo, this week, announces that he will be a candidate for Sheriff. "Eph" is too well known to need anything from us but the calling of attention to the fact that he is a candidate.

Discharged.

Richard Sides has been discharged from arrest for the shooting of Marco, at an examination held before Justice Russel, of Bishop Creek.

How Missouri Women are Swindled.

Some time ago a woman of specious appearance, and representing herself to be all sorts of things, but principally a doctress from an eastern town, visited Kansas City, and calling upon a number of ladies, induced them to subscribe $5 for some lotion or cosmetic, or what not, which, in the opinion of our good ladies, seemed to be a good thing. The adventuress, or whatever you may call her, took some four or five hundred dollars' worth of orders for this new recipe, and with her money safely pursed, she returned home, the subscribers being promised their purchase upon her arrival home.

Sure enough, in course of time, our lady speculators were notified, and to the express office each went, rather sly to be sure, to get the prize. Seventy five cents charges were demanded and paid, and a skurry home followed, and each inquisitive woman examined the package. There was a box, of small size, and in it the following delicately written receipt: "Procure some pure spring water—or if not convenient, the coldest, purest cistern water possible. Take a long swallow of this upon going to bed at night, and nothing else.—*Kansas City Journal*

The German Indemnity.

The consideration for the abatement of indemnity by Bismarck at the Frankfort convention is now explained. France agrees to surrender to Germany the control of the railways in Alsace and Lorraine; also to surrender to Germany all interest in the road running from Thionville to Luxembourg. This road now is of no use to France, but it is important to Germany in a military point of view, with an outlook to the future acquisition of Luxembourg by the German Empire. The bargain is good on both sides. France gets $100,000,000 for property which was no use to her, and Germany in securing this property gets the worth of the hundred millions abatement.

The Test.

The Sacramento Union says:

We are informed that, though no test accompanied our copy of the proceedings of the Republican State Central Committee as sent to us, and as the same were published in the other papers, yet there was a test adopted. As reported to us verbally, it is as follows: "All who voted for Grant and Colfax and who will vote for the nominees of the Republican Convention shall be entitled to vote at the primaries."

—Not long ago a gentleman had occasion to reprove his little son, aged four and one-half years, for an offense which had on other occasions called forth words of correction. The parent closed with, "Now, Willie, I don't want to speak to you again about this!" which was promptly and very decidedly responded to as follows: "Well, papa, I doesn't want you to!

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,
Provisions, Liquors,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,
Dry Goods, Clothing,
BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,
Wagon & Carriage Stock,
HARDWOOD,
Hardware,
IRON AND STEEL,
MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,
—AND—
Farming Implements
Tin-Ware,
Wooden and Willow Ware,
CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,
GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,
Giant Powder.
FUSE AND SHOT,
GUNS AND PISTOLS,
Saddlery,
Leather & Shoe Findings,
Drugs & Medicines
PAINTS & OILS,
WINDOW GLASS,
Doors, Sashes & Blinds,
Wall Paper,
CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,
Stationery & Blank Books,
Cutlery and Notions,
Marino and Cottage
CLOCKS,
AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE
SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20n47tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek
CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,
Provisions,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,
HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloth Piece Goods,
Clothing, Hardware,
Crockery and Glassware,
TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,
POWDER AND SHOT
Flasks and Pouches.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
Manufactured to order.
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS
AND STATIONERY.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES
PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
PAINTS AND OILS
Wall Paper,
CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

R. J. MORRISON,
BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Wines, Liquors, Etc.

☞ AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1 3m

DRUGS ETC.

JOHN LENTELL,
Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,
—Dealer in—
Drugs & Medicines
CHEMICALS,
Patent Medicines,
For Man and Beast,
FINE PERFUMERY
SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,
Hair Restoratives & Dyes.
SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,
STATIONERY,
AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of
Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,
—SUCCESSOR TO—
A. A. CREEN,
—Wholesale and Retail—
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,
AURORA, NEVADA.
DEALER IN
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL,
ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS,
QUICKSILVER, GENUINE
PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY,
And a splendid assortment of
TOILET ARTICLES.
Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,
For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tfte

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON,
J. F. M. PERHAM,
Independence, Cal.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD,
San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,
NEW GOODS,
—AND—
NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement

We retain our old motto of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,
Dry Goods,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN,
STOVES,
HARDWARE,
CARPETING, WALL
PAPER AND HOUSE
LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND
SHEETINGS, FURNITURE
BLANKETS AND BED-
DING, SPRING AND
CURLED HAIR
MATTRESSES
AGRICULTURAL IMPLE-
MENTS, CROCKERY
AND
GLASSWARE,
PAINTS,
OILS
AND WINDOWS;
STEEL, POWDER AND
FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS,
AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY
PIPES AND CUTLERY,
ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,
BELL'S NUMBER 1,
—AND—
Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED to us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.
Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,
FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,
Best Quality Crushed Sugar,
FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,
—AT—
A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods,
BLANKETS,
Sheetings,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
DRESS GOODS,
CLOAKS, SHAWLS,
HOSIERY,
PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.
CIGARS, TOBACCO,
WINES,
LIQUORS,
Saddles and Bridles,
Hardware,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
GROCERIES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.,
All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
Lone Pine, February 14, 1871. fe18n34tf

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY
DEALER IN
GROCERIES,
Provisions,
Mining Implements,
LIQUORS,
Tobacco and Cigars,
—AND—
General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. mr35n29tv2

A RARE CHANCE
—FOR A—
PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County.

Apply to

V. BEAUDRY,
ap29n44tf Cerro Gordo.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 27.....1871.

"On Time" Again.

Sunday after-noon (says The Carson Register) Hank Monk, who gained a national reputation by driving Horace Greeley through to Placerville "on time," at the imminent risk of dislocating that distinguished philosopher's neck, had a load of Michiganders (male and female) down from Lake Bigler. Coming up the mountain from Glenbrook, Hank took his time, and the tourists became alarmed lest they should miss the evening train for Virginia. Hank repeated to them the little speech he made to Greeley: "Keep your seats; I'll get you there on time." Reaching the summit, he issued a double ration of buckskin to each of his mustangs. Up went eight heels, and away went four fleet horses, down a contorted grade, like forked lightning lapping crooked pine tops, while a fierce wind from the rear enveloped the rapidly descending mass in a dense cloud of dust. The crack of a whip, the snort of a mustang, the concussion caused by an occasional touch of the ground by the wheels of the vehicle, shrieks, cries, groans' "thumps," prayers, imprecations and "Keep your seats!" was all that could be heard amid the roar of the wind; but Hank avers that he made only four miles in five minutes. Suffice it to say, the Michiganders reached Carson City more than an hour before train time, fully impressed with the idea that Nevada is a "fast" State, but one in which staging is not conducive to longevity.—*Gold Hill News, May 16th.*

A Locomotive Fight.

A difficulty at Peoria between the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific and the Peoria & Rock Island railroads has been very exciting. Both parties disputed the right to run trains on a certain track, and the Peoria & Rock Island determined to force a passage with a train coupled to five engines. The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific opposed the passage with three engines hitched together, and both parties butted against each other for more than an hour, the mayor refusing to interfere, when finally the Peoria & Rock Island cleared the track and shot its train ahead. Both parties were enjoined, each by the other.

—A good but modest man knew that on a certain occasion he would be obliged to address a Philadelphia Sunday School. He practiced for several weeks on an original speech concerning Moses and Pharaoh and the rushes on the bank. Finally, when the day came, the hour, the moment, he rose, put his hands in his pockets, threw his weight from his right foot to to his left, and having completely forgotten his speech, said, in a low voice, "Dear children, do not fool with powder." Thereupon he sat down, the Chronicle adds, "and mopped his forehead." He probably soon after went off.

—There is a medical college at Iowa City in which boys and girls are both instructed, and it is said to be one of the most touching sights, and worth going miles to see, to witness a boy and a girl slashing away at the same corpse. Two of them got into a quarrel the other day over the partition of a corpse, but the boy dealt the girl a blow over the chignon with a shin-bone, and they soon had peace.

—A well known physician in Indianapolis tells a good story at his own expense. He assisted in the advent of a child, and to secure his fee in the case, which was rather doubtful, proposed to carry it off as security. The newly-made mother rather upset that plan by telling the doctor she would give him five dollars to carry it away. That fee hasn't been paid yet.

—A penitent Baltimore genius relieves his overcharged conscience in the following unique epistle to the Treasurer of the United States: "Mr. Treasurer off the united States, I enclose the som of three Dollars in hear, which belongs to the U. S. Govenant which I have ronged them off."

—The Madison, Wis., Journal says: "A man residing in Pierce county ate seventeen hard-boiled eggs, thereby winning a wager of $2 50. That amount deducted from his doctor's bill of $37, still leaves him in arrears $34 50."

—The Ventura Signal says: The amount of freight shipped from Los Angeles since the opening up of mines and trade in the Inyo and other districts, is prodigious.

—It does not appear to be generally known that parties selling liquor without an Internal Revenue license are liable to incur a fine of $500.

—Black caterpillars are worse in Arkansas than was ever known before. They are stripping the leaves in the forest.

—According to the State Geologist of California, the view from the top of Mount Diablo is the finest in the world, not excepting any in the Alps

—Is it proper to say of an artist just verging on delirum tremens, that he is putting the finishing touches to a colossal bust?

—An abhorrance of eating with a knife, and no aversion to robbing another man's wife of her affections for her husband. This is etiquette.

—A young lady of Cincinnati last year made twelve hundred dollars profit out of her sewing machine.

—A merchant should always have a partner if he wishes to conduct his business on a "firm" basis.

—Blot says wrinkles are produced by the want of a variety of food. That's a new wrinkle.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THOSE DESIRING certificates of appointment from this county to the State Normal School, to be present at the house of J. W. Symmes on SATURDAY, MAY 27TH, A. D. 1871, for examination in the requisite studies for admission.

J. W. SYMMES,
County Superintendent Public Schools.
Independence, May 20, 1871. n47t2

ELECTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE QUALIFIED electors of Independence School District that an election will be held on MONDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at which will be submitted the question of voting a tax to maintain a free school.

It will be necessary to raise for this purpose the sum of $800.

The polls will be open at the Public School House of Independence School District, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock P. M.

P. REDDY,
P. A. CHALFANT,
W. G. SQUIRES,
my20n47t3 School Trustees

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of J. B. Hiskey against the Deep Spring Valley Mining Company, duly attested the 13th day of May, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of said Defendant in and to one quartz mill and machinery, known as the Deep Spring Valley quartz mill.

One dwelling house.

One store house.

All of the above described property situate, lying and being in Deep Spring Valley, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the County of Inyo, I will sell the above described property to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, U. S. gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
May 20th, 1871. my20n47t3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of E. A. Reddy against the San Felipe Mining Company, a corporation, duly attested the 8th day of May, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of the San Felipe Mining Company, a corporation, in and to the San Felipe mine; also, the tunnel heretofore commonly known as the Frieburg Tunnel, and now known as the San Felipe Tunnel, said mine and tunnel situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at Two o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House County of Inyo, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
May 13, 1871. my13n46w3

ESTRAY NOTICE.

TAKEN UP BY THE UNDERSIGNED, ON THE Fourth day of May last, near Denton's place or ranch, about nine miles north of Independence, the following described horse: Gray, common size, branded P on the left shoulder, and figure 7 on the left hip. It was rigged with a new saddle and bridle; had a coat, pair of pants and a canteen attached. The owner is requested to call at Primer's Ranch, five miles north of Independence, pay charges and take his property. n46t3 H. PRIMER.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

BUENA SUERTE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of mine in the Lone Pine District, Inyo County, State of California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Buena Suerte Mining Company, held at the office of H. W. Gould, in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, said County and State, pursuant to notice duly given, H. W. Gould being the only member present, the following assessment of $1 per foot was levied against each member of said company, for the purpose of working and developing said mine. Said assessment made payable to H. W. Gould at his office aforesaid on or before the 25th day of March, 1871, and that said assessment has been due thirty days.

H W Gould, 625 feet, at $1 per foot	$625 00
H Bush, Jr, 150 feet, at $1 per foot	150 00
Cerro Gordo and Virginia M. Co., 150 feet, at $1 per foot	150 00
P W Bennett, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
J B Rowley, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
M D Plummer or agent, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
G W Cornell or his representative, 125 feet, at $1 per foot	125 00
Antonio Meresol or his representative, 200 feet, at $1 per foot	200 00

apr22n43t8 H. W. GOULD.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.
Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.
Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39tv2

Wanted.

AT THE THE BIG PINE SAW MILL, A MAN who understands working and can saw Shingles on one of Hunting's Shingle Machines.
my13n46t3 BELL & BRO.

FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

Consul General on the Pacific Coast for Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Russia.

Established 1849.

ERNEST A. ERLANDSON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ESSENTIAL OILS, DYE STUFFS, And General Merchandise,

By the Package Only.

CASH ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION from this or any Foreign Market will receive prompt and faithful attention. Miners, Manufacturers and Wholesale Trade supplied for Cash. No notice or attention paid to orders for goods, if there is no provision made for the payment of the same.

CONSIGNMENT SOLICITED.

OFFICE, No.....STREET.
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

N. B.—California Products Solicited on Consignment.

☞ N. B.—Business transacted in all the principal Commercial Languages. ☜ ja21n30m

C. O. D.

WM. B. LAKE,

ADVERTISING

—AND—

PURCHASING AGENT,

No. 12 Montgomery Street,
SAN FRANCISCO,
Opposite Lick House, Up Stairs.

WILL FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY description at the very lowest cash rates, he having superior facilities for purchasing and an intimate acquaintance with all the leading houses in the city. All articles sent promptly on the receipt of cash, or C. O. D. n30tf

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents
OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. a29n5m6

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

FLOUR.

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.
Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

☞ ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY. ☜
Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2-tf

GARDEN SEDS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST RECEIVED A fine assortment of the best and most approved varieties of

GARDEN SEEDS

Which he offers to the public at low rates. Call at the Postoffice.

J. B. ROWLEY.
Independence, Cal., April 15. n42t2

A. MACK,

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

MUSICAL.

PATENT ARION PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY THE ARION PIANO IS Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer,

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Eveness

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration.

All go to prove what we claim, viz.: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT

Arion Pianos

ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE

American Conservatories of Music,

Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

It affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservateries for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of defection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of Pianos, still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,
HENRY SHROEDER,
DIRECTOR.

New York, September 3d, 1870.

AGENTS WANTED.

We want first class and responsible agents in every city and town where we have not already appointed them.

We Have Just Published

Our Annual Illustrated Pamphlet, which contains a full description of the interior construction of the PATENT ARION PIANO FORTE, and all the other leading Pianos of the principal makes; illustrated with cuts, thus contrasting the ARION with all other first class Pianos, and proving

WHY AND WHERE

Our Pianos are superior to any in the market.

Our pamphlet contains engravings of all the different styles of Instruments that we manufacture, giving a full description of each, so that a person can select the style they may desire to order, with the assurance that they will receive just as good a Piano as if they were in our warerooms to select it. We have sold over FIVE THOUSAND Pianos, many of them being shipped great distances, and we have never yet received the first complaint. As we give a written guarantee with every Piano we manufacture, for five years, the purchaser runs no risk.

☞ Don't fail to write for our pamphlet which we mail **free**, and when you write state what paper you saw this notice in. ☜

N. B.—We caution the public from purchasing a cheap Piano which has recently been put in the market, bearing the name "Arion." All genuine Arion Pianos bear the name "Patent Arion," and can only be purchased from our New York Warerooms, or our authorized Agents throughout the United States.

All Kinds Of Musical Instruments Supplied.

ADDRESS THE

Arion Piano-Forte Co.

NO. 554 BROADWAY,

fe25n35m6 **New York City.**

STATIONERY.

☞ **Aurora News Depot.** ☜

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

☞ Store in Post Office Building. ☜

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

MEDICAL.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,

Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with every thing kept in a well supplied **WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.**

FRESH DRUGS,	TILDEN'S PREPARAT'NS
PATENT MEDICINES,	DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS	SHAKER HERBS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,	PERFUMERIES,
KEROSENE OIL,	PAINTS AND OILS,

Which we offer at the lowest Cash Prices, and are determined not to be undersold.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

FOR SALE.

OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal. After our best wishes, and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty-one years, during which period we have been steadily engaged in the Drug business in California, we beg to say in consequence of the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Cal. Vinegar Bitters, now spread over the United States and countries far beyond, we are necessitated to devote our entire time to said business.

We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific coast and the only one continuous under the same proprietors since 1849, and have determined to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.

This is a rare opportunity for men with means, of entering into a profitable business with advantages never before offered.

For particulars enquire of

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
R. H. McDONALD, } Wholesale Druggists.
J. C. SPENCER. } San Francisco, Cal.

N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices to defy competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!

Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands

Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal. ☞ Send for a circular.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful stimulant to the whole system, yet so mild and easy in their action as to be suited to the weakest Invalid. Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and all the Visceral Organs.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE** a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

☞ **For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder,** these **Bitters** have been most successful. **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the **Digestive Organs.**

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other **WORMS,** lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.
ap29n44m4

The Sun.

CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The Dollar Weekly Sun.

A Newspaper of the Present Times.

Intended for People Now on Earth.

Including Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Workers, Thinkers, and all Manner of Honest Folks, and the Wives, Sons, and Daughters of all such.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR!

ONE HUNDRED COPIES FOR $50.

Or less than One Cent a Copy. Let there be a $50 Club at every Post Office.

SEMI-WEEKLY SUN, $2 A YEAR,

of the same size and general character as THE WEEKLY, but with a greater variety of miscellaneous reading, and furnishing the news to its subscribers with greater freshness, because it comes twice a week instead of once only.

THE DAILY SUN, $6 A YEAR.

A preëminently readable newspaper, with the largest circulation in the world. Free, independent, and fearless in politics. All the news from everywhere. Two cents a copy; by mail, 50 cents a month, or $6 a year.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

THE DOLLAR WEEKLY SUN.

Five copies, one year, separately addressed, **Four Dollars.**

Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club), **Eight Dollars.**

Twenty copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club), **Fifteen Dollars.**

Fifty copies, one year, to one address (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club), **Thirty-three Dollars.**

Fifty copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club), **Thirty-five Dollars.**

One hundred copies, one year, to one address (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club), **Fifty Dollars.**

One hundred copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club), **Sixty Dollars.**

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

Five copies, one year, separately addressed, **Eight Dollars.**

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Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 27.....1871.

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At Short Notice.
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Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. f 4 32 6m*

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SAW MILL.
SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER,
SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,
SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, August 8, 1870. n5-6m

GARDEN SEDS.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST RECEIVED A fine assortment of the best and most approved varieties of
GARDEN SEEDS
Which he offers to the public at low rates. Call at the Postoffice.
J. B. ROWLEY.
Independence, Cal., April 15. n42tf

HOTELS.

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HOTEL.
STAGE HOUSE.
Independence, Cal.
THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.
MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870.
n1v1 3m

BISHOP CREEK
STAGE HOUSE.
JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.
TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.
Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.
MRS. M. A. BLAKEY, Proprietress.
Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

New French Restaurant
—AND—
CHOP HOUSE.
PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.
PETER MARGALOT.
Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

INYO HOTEL.
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.
W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.
THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.
October 17, 1870. n15v13m

LIVERY STABLES.

Corro Gordo
FEED STABLE.
DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.
ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

A CHANGE
In the Livery Business.
HAVING PURCHASED AND RE-OPENED THE
Pioneer Hay and Feed Stable,
Independence, Cal.,
The undersigned respectfully invites a share of public patronage. At all times,
HORSES AND BUGGIES TO LET.
At the lowest rates. All stock intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.
nv7n18m3 AL. BRIGGS.

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EXCHANGE STABLE,
PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.
S. G. COBB,.....Proprietor.
SADDLE HORSES,
Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,
—TO LET ON—
Reasonable Terms
HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.
n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

HUNT'S
LIVERY & FEED STABLE,
—LONE PINE, Cal.—
HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.
I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n05-6m

EAGLE
Livery and Feed
STABLE,
Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House.
Independence, Cal.
HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of
BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,
At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of
Hay and Grain
On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.
THOS. J. GOODALE.
Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

SALOONS.

SAZARAC SALOON.
INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.
John Wallace, Proprietor.
Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

LONE PINE
Pioneer Saloon,
C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeps — regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

INYO SALOON,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.
HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8a29-3m

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.
Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.
BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors
The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.
n13jy98m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.
THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon,
AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.
n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The
TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wines & cordials.
DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
n4v32tf

MAY'S SALOON
CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE.
A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.
A Fine Billiard Table,
With fittings complete, in connection.
n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

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EXPRESS & PASSENGER
LINE
To Los Angeles Direct.
H. W. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri-monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition Line of steamers for San Francisco.
Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the State, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.
☞Collections and commissions promptly attended to.☜
The above line of stages will run as follows:
Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angeles on the 8th and 23d of each month.

Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via. Los Angeles	$27 50
Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via. Los Angeles	24 50
Fare to Los Angeles	20 00

AL. BRIGGS, Agent at Independence.
C. MULKEY, " " Lone Pine.
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CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,
Carrying United States Mail
—AND—
Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.
From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:
Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.
" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.
" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 4 A. M.
" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M.
T. W. DEXTER, General Agent.
Independence, May 5, 1871. n39v2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro
RAILROAD.
ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.
Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
☞First class passenger cars will run regularly.☜
☞NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.☜
JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n20-1y E. F. HEWITT, Superintendent.

A POEM OF THE PERIOD.

Bold Johnny druv a licensed cart,
With vegetables piled,
Hitched ter er mule whose constant art
Was drawing uv it mild.

And Liza Ann was a calico,
What knowed her Q's and P's,
She slung a shape as wasn't slow,
And was about the cheese.

She kept the books in a pea-nut stand,
And when the cart druv by
She'd lay for gallus Johnny, and
Just throwe'd at him her eye.

Soon Johnny spooned on Liza Ann,
Rouled on her smiles and smirks,
Till love like jim-jams crazed the man—
That's how the old thing works.

You bet he loved that heifer strong,
And stacked his cards to win,
Till he see'd how things was going,
And getting most too thin.

A fellow 'round Liza fooling came,
His cog was Lanky Jim;
But Johnny tumbled to his game,
And put a head on him.

Then Johnny soured on Liza Ann,
And chucked her on the shelf,
Fer with a cranky, jealous man,
You know how 'tis yerself.

To St. Mary's tall steeple top
Climbed Liz, and hove a sigh:
Then dropped into ther street kerflop,
And how was that for high?

When Johnny heard her orful fate
His head went kinder queer;
He went out on pier 28,
And slid off on his ear.

Incidents of a Border Man—John R. Ridge.

[From The Oakland News.]

About three years ago a very remarkable man died in Grass Valley, John R. Ridge, son of the celebrated Cherokee Chief. At the commencement of the late war in 1861, Mr. Ridge, in conjunction with the writer, was employed in the editorial department of The San Francisco Evening Journal, and there wrote and published some of the most radical Union-war articles of that day. It was then supposed that John Ross, Chief of the Cherokees, would take the side of the South. In that case his hereditary foe, John R. Ridge, above mentioned, had determined to raise a party of bordermen in California, proceed across the plains, helping themselves to horses and supplies in the Mormon country, and coming in unexpectedly on the west side of the Cherokee territory. The Ross-Cherokees being presumed rebels, Ridge expected to obtain assistance from the United States Government, and as the domain was worth several millions, he also hoped to obtain funds of capitalists in New York. These were his bold plans, laid one day while sitting in the gallery of Hayes' Pavillion overlooking the frivolities of a German festival, in May, 1861. But John Ross took the other side, and Ridge's fine plans come to naught.

During that conversation at Hayes' Park, Mr. Ridge, having become somewhat animated with wine and the recollection of his father's tragic death, we learned something of his history, that it will now do no harm to relate. Major Ridge, the elder, was seized, dragged from his house and murdered in the night by thirty-six of the hostile party of the nation. He was cut and stabbed all to pieces before the door. His son, John R. Ridge, then a small boy, saw the tragedy from his bed, crept through a window, escaped and hid in the woods. He knew their faces, and, Indian-like, treasured up his vengeance until the age and vigor of young manhood. Then the assassins began to diminish, one by one, until of the thirty-six only *four* remained in 1861. Some were slain in altercations peculiar to the border, others were found dead by the wayside, and others disappeared nobody knew how or where. Whether Ridge killed them, we don't pretend to say, but nevertheless, have a very well-founded opinion in relation to their taking off.

A few years ago a party of Cherokees were mining on Trinity river, and, coming into Weaverville, got on a spree, when one of them publicly boasted that he "had stabbed old Major Ridge thirteen times!" A bystander from Kansas telegraphed to John R. Ridge, who was then editing a paper in Marysville. The editorial "leader" was broken off in the middle; the pen was flung down; a stage passage was secured, and Ridge had urgent business at Weaverville. Meanwhile, the intended object of interest got wind of it, and lost no time in getting out of Trinity County, where he did not return.

A sister of Mr. Ridge is married to Judge Paschal, of Galveston, Texas. The writer of this recollects her well, as a beautiful and accomplished lady. Her complexion was darker than her brother's, and that was made the subject of malicious remark by Judge Pashal's enemies, but never, at their peril, publicly. Some of the Galveston ladies also put on airs about it, probably doing so through enviousness of the beautiful and dashing Cherokee belle. It was commonly related that before her marriage Miss Ridge had disguised herself in men's attire and pursued and slain several of her father's assassins. On one occasion, it was said and believed that the chivalric girl mounted a horse and rode forty miles, alone, in the night, slew one of the assassins, sprang upon her fleet steed and escaped to Texas, where she became acquainted with and married the distinguished Judge Paschal, and where she is still residing, we believe.

Mr. Ridge went back to the East some four years ago, hoping to recover his possessions, but was unsuccessful. We never saw him afterwards, but have understood that the results of disappointment shortened his life. He was a writer of very great ability, and has left several memorable poems, one of which an "Ode to Mount Shasta," we have always considered the sublimest ever produced in this part of the country.

New York Juries.

[From The Philadelphia Day.]

The trial of Foster for the murder of Mr. Putnam on a New York street car, commenced on Monday. Five hundred jurors were present, and of these five only, or one in every hundred, were found to have preserved their impartiality through profound stupidity. Foster's counsel insisted that none but men too stupid to comprehend a fact in evidence ought to try his client. If any rational man can read the proceedings on the impaneling of the jury, and still believe that the law, as there construed by Judge Stuart, counsel for defence, does not discriminate against order and in favor of known crime, we advise him to offer himself as a juror in the case. He would entirely satisfy Judge Stuart. What a commentary upon the law as it is construed is all this technicality in selecting a jury! A man is supposed to be disqualified from rendering a just judgment from the evidence, because he is unable to read a newspaper account of the transaction without coming to some conclusion! Why, what sort of a man is he who does not arrive at some conclusion, according to the evidence so submitted? He must be an idiot. Can an idiot be a juror? According to Judge Stuart—yes, and only idiots.

Some Truth.

A printer who has had no small experience in publishing life, among other things, says:

Another difficulty that the country editor has to contend against is the credit system. He issues his paper at a cheap rate—far too cheap, we think—pays cash for his materials, labor, ink, and then gives for his subscribers a credit for the subscription money. Certainly no remunerative business can be done that way. A concert of action—a conventional resolve—for *all* to adopt the cash system would relieve this evil. The occupation of editor is certainly an interesting one, and it certainly has its thorns. For the well shod to pick these briers out of the feet of the barefooted, to advise one another, is a bounden Christian duty. So let every State have its regularly organized State Editorial Association.

Live Hogs from Iowa.

Two car loads of hogs, numbering some two hundred head, was a new feature in shipments from the East on the freight train that arrived here on Saturday last. They were brought here from Iowa and were unquestionably the finest lot of live hogs ever seen in this market. They were corn fed, large, and healthy, and appeared to stand the trip well. Fifty head of them were bought by Oliver & Garritch of this place to be butchered here, and the balance of them were taken to San Francisco. We are informed by Mr. Oliver that this trade in hogs from the East is likely to grow into considerable importance, as they can be delivered at points along the railroad in Nevada cheaper than the same hogs can be delivered from California. This fact connected with their superior keeping renders it almost certain that our pork supplies will hereafter come from that direction.—*Elko Independent, May 20th.*

Ores Worked for 90 Days.

The assessment roll shows that for the quarter ending April 31st, there were worked in this district 3,020 tons, and 1,283 pounds of ore which gave a result of $270,629 06 in value. This is for the most unpleasant part of the year, although it shows a large amount of money it is not up to the wants of the miners, as there were, at that time, on the dumps more than double the ore that was worked. The great difficulty, and from which there is much complaint, is, in the fact, that the furnaces, without exception, have mines that will produce ore, to an extent sufficient to keep their furnaces running without purchasing from outside parties. We need half a dozen furnaces that will buy ores, and pay a fair price for them. Then there would be more inducement for miners to work on their claims, and more certainty that the prospecting would increase.—*Eureka Daily Sentinel, May 23d.*

Mixing With Strangers.

The effect of mixing with new people, who have new ideas and new methods of thought, is very salutary. Always to see the same people, do the same things, feel the same way, produces a stagnant condition of the mind and heart that is very distressing to behold. There are thousands of people who might be greatly benefited by getting away from home, if only for a short time, to mix with strangers, and be touched with the magnetism of the great world, as it courses on in its accustomed rounds. Nearly all need some change, to get their minds and hearts enlarged, and let in a little more of the great light of life. Outside influence is very valuable to those at home who have been well trained by healthful influences in early youth, so that they can avoid the pitfalls and snares into which those who go blindly often fall.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, May 27.....1871.

FROM PARIS.

Our telegrams from Paris to-day, says The Gold Hill News of May 25th, are unusually exciting. The closing scenes of the French revolution, or rebellion are terrible, and the old adage, "Whom the gods would destroy they first make mad," seems fully verified. Vandalism is rampant. The frenzied insurgents, in wild, reckless, mad despair, have fired the principle public buildings, churches, etc., and correspondents telegraph that the whole city is burning, and the streets smeared with blood Terrible fighting is still going on, with great slaughter on both sides. The dispatch winds up with: "The Versaillists are masters, and the city is in ashes."

Dates two days later say the troops shot a company of women who were pouring petroleum in cellars and firing it The Versaillists were following up and slaughtering all the retreating insurgents they could overtake.

POLITICAL NEWS.

The Republican County Committee of San Francisco met May 24th and reported against the primary and club plans for electing State delegates. The Committee made up the list themselves. This action excited the greatest indignation and was subsequently rescinded in favor of the primaries. It is charged that the first movement was in the Selby interest.

The Democratic County Committee appointed delegates just as the Republican Committee intended to do, exciting like indignation among the rank and file, and the prospect is that that Committee will also have to rescind. The appointed delegates stood 64 for McCoppin to 5 for Haight.

Union Republican State Convention.

By an oversight we last week neglected to publish, among other political matters, the action of the Republican State Central Committee. The Committee met in San Francisco, May 18, and fixed the time for the State Convention to meet in Sacramento, the apportionment of county delegates, etc. June 28th is the day set for the Convention to meet in Sacramento; the apportionment is on the same basis as that of the Democrats, given in our last issue. This allows two delegates each to Inyo and Mono and an aggregate for the State of 327, two-thirds of whom are claimed by The Union and other well posted papers as sure to support Booth for Governor.

The Gubernatorial candidates for the respective parties of this county are Booth and Haight.

A New Daily.

According to announcement The Eureka Sentinel now appears as a daily. Something less than a year ago The Sentinel was started under very doubtful auspices, as the place of its location (Eureka, Lander County, Nevada), was almost wholly unknown to fame; its future prospects being predicated upon the hopes of a few dozen miners living in tents and "holes," working diligently in the faith that the "stuff was there"—a faith that has since been realized in the prosperous workings of some fifteen or twenty furnaces, an increase of population now estimated at 3,000, a daily newspaper, churches and other concomitants of civilization. If the daily is as successful, proportionately, in promoting local interests as the weekly has been Eureka has a prosperous future insured.

The Industrial Exhibition.

The Eighth Industrial Fair of the San Francisco Mechanics' Institute is to open on the 8th of August, and continue four weeks. The prepartions for the coming exhibition are upon a much grander scale than any heretofore made, and the amount of space already engaged by intending exhibitors will oblige the Directors to make extensive additions to the Pavilion, and those who have not secured an allotment of space must make their applications prior to July 15th, or they will obtain none. Blank forms for the applications, together with rules and premium lists may be obtained by addressing J. H. Gilmore, Mechanics Institute, San Francisco, who will also take charge of articles forwarded for the exhibition.

Inaugurated.

Jewell, the Republican contestant for the office of Governor of Connecticut has finally been inaugurated by action of the Legislature.

OUR CLAIMS UPON THE STATE CONVENTIONS.

Hitherto in making up State tickets, both parties have completely ignored the existence of all that portion of the State lying east of the Sierras, no man from either party from all this vast region ever having received a nomination for a State office. The day is not far distant when these "sage brush" counties in population and wealth will rank second to no others in the State. Already, in both these particulars, we are many degrees above the point generally accorded us in popular estimate. Nominally this section is rated as part of the State of California; virtually as an appendage or part of Nevada or Utah, a mere oasis in the great inland desert, cut off from the rest of the State by mountains and deserts, and therefore never to be taken into the political count.

We now wish to emphatically impress upon politicians that their assumptions on these points are not true in fact. We are Californians in fact, feeling, interest and geographically. We do not inhabit a mere oasis or arid mining region, but a range of agricultural and mineral lands capable of supporting a very large population.

In consideration of our present extensive and rapidly increasing population—our geographical isolation and consequent peculiar interests—our present and future importance in the political balance and material values of the State—the utter neglect of our former political claims—on these grounds we respectfully ask that one State office should be accorded this side of the mountains. We want it given to a man who knows our people, our country, its resources, wants and peculiar interests.

In accordance with this desire, both parties on this side will have each a candidate before the respective State Conventions for the office of State Controller. Either of the candidates is well qualified for the position to which he aspires, and no matter which may finally be elected, they should each receive a nomination on their respective State tickets. We do not want to be considered as a mere appendage to Nevada or any other State, and we hope both Conventions will give our claims due consideration.

As mentioned in our item of last week, the candidates for the position named are Paul W. Bennett, Esq., Republican, of this county, and Hon. James S. Mooney, of Mono, on the Democratic side.

RATE PER CENT. OF THE TAX.

It seems to be a common impression among voters here that a tax of eighty cents on the hundred dollars will be levied in case a majority of votes in the impending school election should be favorable. We wish to have it generally and distinctly understood that no such rate is involved; the tax cannot exceed *thirty* cents on the hundred dollars, because that is the maximum rate allowed by law at special elections for school purposes. Parties desiring to see the law for this restriction, are referred to Section 91 of the California revised School Law, approved April 4, 1870.

We will further state that the sum of $800, as specified in the notice of election, is merely conditional; the real amount to be raised being governed by the actual assessed value of property in the district, which is yet to be determined. Whatever sum may be raised on assessed value at the rate of thirty cents on each hundred dollars, as before mentioned, is the sum to be raised.

We are authorized to state, also, that it is the design of the Trustees to procure a teacher—probably a lady graduate of the State Normal school—qualified in all respects to take charge of a first class school, so that there need be no necessity for sending children to distant schools.

Any citizen of the United States not less than 21 years of age, a resident of the State six months and the district thirty days immediately preceding the day of election, is entitled to a vote whether his name appears upon the district poll list or not.

In addition to the tax question voters will vote for a suitable person to act as Assessor and Collector.

In view of the importance of the question to the best interests of the property holders of this town, it is to be hoped and expected that not a vote will be offered, next Monday afternoon, except it is marked "Tax—yes."

Refined Nomenclature.

As a proof that a refined taste in the selection of local names is not confined strictly to the Pacific coast barbarians, we note that a newly established post-office in Johnson County, Iowa, is to be known as "Shoo Fly," and as if that wasn't enough the postmaster is named "Kizer." To be in keeping, the township should be called "Blow Fly."

Red Dog and You Bet via. Jackass Gulch!

IMPORTANT TO PRE-EMPTORS.

Time for Payment Extended.

Mr. Wilson Butler, Register of the Land Office at Aurora, has forwarded us a copy of the following circular from the General Land Office, from which it will be seen that an extension of twelve months' time has been granted in which to make final proof and payment. This action will prove of greater benefit to this district than any other, from the fact that the office has been closed for considerable time during the past year. The instructions say:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
General Land Office, May 5, 1871.

The following is an act approved July 14, 1870, to extend the provisions of the pre emption laws to the Territory of Colorado, and for other purposes:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the privileges of the act of May thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, entitled "An act to reduce the expenses of the survey and sale of the public lands in the United States," be, and the same are hereby, extended to Colorado; and the proviso of the first section of the act approved June second, eighteen hundred and sixty two, entitled "An act to establish a land office in the territory of Colorado, and for other purposes is hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, that nothing in the act of Congress approved March twenty-seven, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, entitled "An act for the relief of settlers on lands reserved for railroad purposes," shall be construed to relieve such settlers from the obligation to file the proper notices of their claims, as in other cases; and all claimants of pre-emption rights shall hereafter, when no shorter period of time is now prescribed by law, make the proper proof and payment for the lands claimed, within eighteen months after the date prescribed for filing their declaratory notices shall have expired: Provided, That where said date shall have elapsed before the passage of this act, said pre-emptors shall have one year after the passage hereof in which to make such proof and payment.

This act has been amended as follows:

[RESOLUTION OF GENERAL NATURE. NO. 21]

A Resolution for the relief of settlers on the public lands.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the settlers on the public lands of the United States who have been required to make proof and payment for their lands under the act to extend the provisions of the pre-emption laws to the Territory of Colorado, and for other purposes, approved July fourteen, eighteen hundred and seventy, and by instructions from the General Land Office, under date July thirty, eighteen hundred and seventy, shall have twelve months' additional time given them udder which to make such proof and payment. Approved March 3, 1871.

These statutes leave the provisions of the law as heretofore respecting "offered lands," viz.: filing within thirty days, and payment within twelve months after settlement.

The settler on surveyed "unoffered land" must file his or her declaratory statement within three months from the date of his or her settlement on such land, and, within thirty months from the expiration of said three months, make the proper proof, and pay for such land.

Where settlers had already filed before the passage of the act, they are required to make proof and payment within two years from such passage; therefore, all filings made prior to that date will expire, by limitation of law, upon unoffered lands, on the 14th of July, 1872.

The settler on "unsurveyed land" must file his or her declaratory statement within three months from the date of the receipt, at the district land office, of the approved plat of the township embracing the tract upon which he or she has settled, and, within thirty months from the expiration of said three months, make the proper proof, and pay for such tract.

The proviso of the act of June 2, 1862, requiring filing within six months from survey in the field, and providing for filing with the Surveyor General, is repealed.

The restriction as to construction of the act of March 27, 1854, is called to your especial attention.

In cases governed by these provisions you will please conform your actions thereto. WILLIS DRUMMOND,
Commissioner.

A Valuable Shingle-cutter.

A shingle machine, a great improvement upon those hitherto in use, is on exhibition at the Union Foundry, San Francisco. It is the invention of Mr. Babcock, a California man, and will cut as many as 3,600 shingles per hour; the largest number turned out by any other machine has been about 2,000. Babcock's machine is run with bevel gear, connecting rod and crank, and has a horizontal reciprocating motion. The splitting and shaving is accomplished by means of two knives, arranged on slides, the latter converging as they approach each other. It rives and shaves with the draw stroke and feeds with the backward stroke: it rives and shaves both sides of the shingle, from butt to point, with the single stroke. The cost is only about $500. A two-horse power engine is the power needed for operation.

—The New York Tribune announces a lecture tour by "Captain Susan B. Anthony."

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

[COMMUNICATED.]

MESSRS. EDITORS: I have recently observed in your paper several bits and enquiries like the following: "The efforts seem to be confined to the Democrats. Are there no candidates in the Republican party? It is our opinion that Republicans had better wake up." And in a communication this: "I think it not quite fair that The Independent should be delayed in touching its little perquisites; and it must go hard with it if its exchequer is not beneficially affected by getting up a lively time." From the reticence of the Republican party, *generally*, it may be proper to infer that they wish by their example to exert an influence inducive to a return to the usages of the "good old days of yore," when it was held a good maxim to "let the position seek the man." If this is the case not the Republican party alone have reason for hearty congratulation. For there is no State besides California in which it has been so common for persons to announce themselves candidates for public positions, and there is no other State where political chicanery is so common. As a result, many very unsuitable persons have foisted themselves into positions of public trust. Our Legislators and other officials have not merited or received the respect, deference and confidence that is desirable to accord them. * * *

I fully concur in the opinion that Republicans and all others had better "wake up" and get out of this stream of political corruption that has affected our commonwealth so detrimentally, and go forward in accordance with discretion, conservatism and justice in a manner to promote public harmony and effect the greatest good to the greatest number.

For my part I am pleased that those in this county with whom I have the honor to affiliate politically, have in the main refrained from imitating the rife custom of our State to which I have above alluded.

Your correspondent certainty did not give The Independent nor the community a flattering compliment in the two sentences quoted from his communication. I will cherish the belief that it is not going so "hard" with The Independent that it must depend for its existence on the "little perquisites," and that its proprietors would not desire its continuance at the sacrifice of good order and the public weal.

REPUB.

We do not accept the conclusions arrived at in the foregoing as correct by any means. On the contrary, next to the Crawford plan, there is no better system by which to select candidates than for them to place themselves squarely before the public in advance of Convention action. It affords ample time for a party canvass of the comparative merits of respective candidates seeking nominations, and in their final action, delegates who represent the people in nominating conventions, have no excuse for misrepresentation in nominating candidates in ignorance of popular desire. It is the best security we can have against "snap judgments" in conventions by candidates presenting their claims at a moment when no fair investigation is practicable.

In regard to the concluding remark in the above, we think a wrong construction is placed upon our former correspondent's remark, but in any case we wish to say once for all, there is no *partisan* "little perquisites" due this office whatever, nor will any be accepted as such. Political matters of the kind alluded to, accompanied by the "little perquisite," will at all times find a welcome to these columns exactly as any other business advertisement and nothing more, but in thus barring editorial objections and endorsements in party questions, the reservation goes no further; it does not extend to our personal or individual actions or respective political preferences. We may further remark in this connection that the original course marked out for this journal is based on the well established fact that no mere party paper can as effectively work in the general local interest, and of course its own, as one that rigidly steers clear of such merely individual affairs. For this reason, if no other, The Independent will as heretofore be conducted irrespective of party considerations. We have admitted and alluded to the subject matter of this communication as advocated and being carried out because we think it in some degree subversive of the public good, since any person aspiring to public office should not wait till too late for thorough investigation of his fitness.

Canal Boat Propulsion.

The Legislature of the State of New York has just passed a bill offering a reward of one hundred thousand dollars for the best device whereby "any motor other than animal power," may be applied to the propulsion of canal boats. Commissioners have been appointed to test all inventions or devices offered during 1871-72. If the Commissioners grant only one certificate for a plan complying in all respects with the requirements of the bill, the owner of that certificate shall receive $50,000. If they grant two certificates, No. 1 gets $35,000, and No. 2 $15,000; if three, No. 1 gets $30,000, No. 2, $15,000, and No. 3 $5,000. After practical trials of the devices selected upon the Erie Canal, a further sum of $50,000 will be paid Nov. 1st, 1873, to the successful ones, in the same proportion as above; making the sum total of one hundred thousand dollars.

—The Los Angeles News of the 16th instant says: G. W. Bruce, who escaped from the Sheriff of Inyo County several weeks ago, while under charge of horse stealing, was arrested at the Monte yesterday, and is now in jail.

NEWS ITEMS.

In San Francisco a charge of murder has been entered against John Devine, *alias* the Chicken, for killing Augustus Kamp. When first arrested he said he had shot a man, but now that the victim is dead he denies all knowledge of the affair.

The Conservatives carried Richmond, Virginia, at the recent election by 170 majority, and 26 out of 30 Councilmen. Also Lynchburg and Norfolk, and Conservative increase is shown generally as far as the election is heard from.

South Carolina refuses to accept education, even as a gift; accordingly the teachers employed under the Penbody trust have been warned to desist from their noble work, although they educate white and colored children alike.

Letters from Sonora say that the rush to the Yosemite is unprecedented, and if it continues unabated for a few days more visitors will be compelled to camp in tents. Every hotel is crowded to its utmost already.

In January last Crown Point was quoted at from $3 to $20 a share, while now it is up to $290 a share, with a ledge of ore which has hardly ever been equaled on the Comstock

Work it is said will begin at Davisville in one month, on the eastern extension of the California Pacific Railroad. The surveys for the whole line will begin at once.

Lord Walsingham, of England, is making an extensive tour through California, Oregon and Washington Territory, studying the entomology of the coast.

A company of capitalists are organizing for the purpose of building a narrow guage railroad line from Salt Lake to Ophir City.

Since their town has been nearly destroyed by fire, the people of Sonora, Tuolumne County, are going to have a fire engine.

The people of San Francisco are altogether too high toned to adopt the new nickel currency except for gambling markers.

A new political party has been formed in Montreal, having for its motto "The Independence of Canada."

A wonderful cave is reported discovered in the neighborhood of Silver City, Owyhee County, Idaho.

The first spike of the Pacific division, North Pacific R. R., was driven May 16th.

The bridge across Washoe Lake was partially destroyed by fire recently. It originally cost about $70,000.

—He who suppresses a moment's anger may prevent days of sorrow.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Inherited diseases. The number of transmissible complaints is larger than is generally supposed. Not only scrofula and consumption, but rheumatism, gout, liver complaint, constipation, cerebral affections and probably dyspepsia, are inheritable. Fortunately, however, these terrible heirlooms may be got rid of. Cut off the entail with Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters. This powerful Vegetable Alterative and Invigorant, is also a blood depurent. It removes that transmitted poison from the circulation, and cures what are called constitutional disorders.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in Postoffice at Independence, June 1, 1871.

Baren, Hiram	Bolman, John
Cochran, A H	Cilley, W H
Fehrman, Henry	Hart, Mr
Holbrun, Stephen	Homans & Bright
Letcher, F F	Luther, Wm
McCann, J A	McQuistian, John 2
Moore, Jas	Ryan, P
Smetheron, Thos	Smith, E Martin
Stevens, Martin V	Taylor, W H
Seymour & Anderson	Tew, George
Wingard, A	

J. B. ROWLEY, P. M.

W. T. GRANT

HEREBY RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. j 3:1

UNITED STATES Internal Revenue.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE,
3D DISTRICT, CALIFORNIA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON AND after the 20TH DAY OF MAY, I will attend at the Int. Rev. office in Stockton, during business hours, to hear and determine appeals relative to any excessive or erroneous valuations, assessments or enumerations, made by Assistant Assessor's and returned on the annual list of taxes for 1871.

All appeals must be made in writing, and must specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and must state the ground or principle of error complained of.

No appeal will be allowed to any party after the list containing the assessment has been transmitted to the Collector of the District.

S. H. AXTELL, Assessor.

Stockton, May 10th, 1871. j:3n49lt

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the name firm and style of ROWAN & BROTHER, in Inyo and Mono Counties, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

JOSEPH ROWAN,
JAMES ROWAN.

Bishop Creek, May 25, 1871. n49t3

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6n45tf BLAKEY & WALKER.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. m35n29tf

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,

FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,

Best Quality Crushed Sugar,

FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

BLANKETS,

Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRESS GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

HOSIERY,

PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Saddles and Bridles,

Hardware,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

GROCERIES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 24, 1871. fc18n34tf

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County.

Apply to

V. BEAUDRY.

ap29:44tf Cerro Gordo.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, June 3, ... 1871

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

The Shooting at Columbus.

It now turns out that the rumor we referred to last week, reporting that John Sellers had been shot in an affray at Columbus, was incorrect, and grew out of the shooting of a man named William Galbraith by one John Burke. On Saturday, May 20th, about 5 P. M., two men were playing cards in a saloon, when a dispute arose about the money in the pot, which was referred to Burke, who was not playing. One of the parties was an acquaintance and friendly with Burke, but Burke decided in favor of the stranger. Then angry words passed and harsh terms were used, and the parties went out of the house, when the dispute was again started and the word "liar" passed. One man slapped Burke in the face. He then drew a pistol and fired, missing his man, and killing Galbraith, who died soon after being shot. Galbraith was much respected by those who knew him. There was much excitement and talk of lynching, but the Constable, after the examination, hurried off with the prisoner to Aurora. It will be seen that the report that William Gill was connected with the affair is unfounded.

Missed the Stage.

Last week but few of our northern papers reached their destination, by reason of being too late to catch the mail on Saturday morning. We have been in the habit of going to press as late as 2 and 3 o'clock on Friday nights heretofore, and trusted to the extraordinary good nature of our Postmaster to get them in the mail at that time. But now he has "chopped." It ain't using us right. He gets an enormous salary of perhaps $15 a year, for which nice little sum he ought to get up these times each night in the year, or 1,095 times. He should not be entitled to the benefit of regular office hours when he receives such emoluments as those mentioned.

The Masonic Hall.

After mature deliberation the Masons of this place have finally decided to construct a frame building, and somewhat smaller than was first proposed. The building is to consist of two stories each 12½ feet in the clear, and 24 by 44 feet ground dimensions. The inside of the frame is to be filled in with adobes, plastered over and hard finished throughout, and is designed to be a first rate structure in every respect. Levi Firestine the contractor and efficient workman, is actively engaged in pushing the work forward, and designs having it ready for occupation by the first of August.

The Fourth of July.

The Benton folks are making extensive arrangements for some fun at the coming anniversary of the nation's natal day. The initiatory steps are taken by the Ancient and Honorable Order of the Five Rings, a powerful lodge of which is working at that place. If it were not just as expensive to get to Benton from here as it wou'd be to Los Angeles, a strong delegation from this town would be there to assist. A parade, racing and a grand ball are on the programme. You know that we know that you know how it is yourself.

Wrong.

It appears that our report of the proceedings on Georges Creek at the time of the stirring up of the horse thieves was inaccurate and wrong in some particulars. Well, we made no pretensions of having the account very straight, but stated it as told to us. If some one in Lone Pine would take the trouble to give us a little information once or twice a year, the local transpirings of their town would be better represented in our columns.

Wheel Bursted.

Last Thursday the iron "jacket" enclosing the turbine wheel which furnishes power for the Kearsarge mill, was bursted by an extraordinary pressure of water, caused by a too sudden stoppage. Damages were repaired yesterday, and to-day the battery is clattering away as though nothing had happened.

A Persistent Thief.

Last Friday night the most persistent attempts were made to get away with a valuable animal belonging to Sheriff Elder, at Lone Pine. Notwithstanding a close watch was kept upon the stable, five efforts were made to get the horse out. He was shot at twice and then escaped. That fellow deserves a rope for his pains.

New Mill.

We are pleased to learn on reliable authority that San Francisco parties design to erect a new 10-stamp mill and Stedefelt furnace for our friends at Benton, Mono County. The mill is to be ready for operating inside of two months, and we hope and think it will prove a grand success for all interested parties.

Crop Prospects.

Farmers tell us the crop prospects in this county are unusally flattering, grain, vegetables and fruit all doing well. There is an abundance of water for irrigating purposes, although more ground than ever before is under cultivation.

San Franciscans.

Mr. H. G. Hanks, well known as one of the pioneers of this country, and Mr. Belknap, a prominent lawyer of San Francisco, arrived last stage. They come to look after some mining interests on the other side of the valley.

New Lime Works.

Messrs. Close & Fink have nearly completed a new lime kiln at their place, four or five miles west of town, of sufficient capacity to furnish everybody with that article. Orders left at this office will receive immediate attention.

Bullion Shipment.

During the week ending Saturday, May 27, there were shipped from the works of the Owens Lake Silver Lead Company, at Swansea, 581 bars of bullion, weighing 51,792 pounds.

Kearsarge.

"Our reporter" paid a visit to the Kearsarge works last Wednesday, and saw a great many things worth relating, and proposes to give an account thereof next week.

For Salt Lake.

Thursday last, a band of horses and mules, numbering about 250, passed this place *en route* for Salt Lake. They were from San Luis Obisbo County.

The School Business.

Notwithstanding all that has been written by our Senior, one of the worthy school trustees, in favor of the proposed school tax, it remains for Lokleirems to make a statement which will capture the bachelors and carry the measure. A handsome, dashing young lady, of marriageable age, is to be engaged as teacher. Now!

Real Estate Transfers.

We hear that Messrs. White & Brown have purchased the well known property of W. P George, opposite the Court House, paying a round figure therefor. Messrs. Rothschilds & Co. have also purchased the well-appointed homestead of Mr. J. R. Hughes, a little north of town.

Internal Revenue.

Assessor Axteil, of the Internal Revenue Office, 3d district, notifies the public that he will will hear and determine appeals relative to any excessive or erronious valuations which have been made by Assistant Assessors. See notice.

Another Richmond in the Field.

W. T. Grant this week signifies the fact that he will be a candidate for Sheriff before the Democratic Convention. He will come in with a strong force.

A Printer Emperor.

The Emperor of Germany is by report a practical printer. And this is the way it happened. By a late rule of the house of Brandenburg all the members of the family are obliged to learn a trade, each choosing at his option. William chose to be one of the craft typographical, spent an apprenticeship of three years at the business, and is now a tolerable type sticker. We don't vouch for the complete truth of all this, but that is the report.

A Bilk.

A female lecturer known as Mrs. E Field has done The Solano Republican out of some cash due for printing connected with her lectures; for this the editor publish her as a bilk. Because the editor wouldn't go to hear her was the ostensible reason for not paying him. In view of the infliction he escaped we should think he got off well enough.

Milking Pails

Should always be washed with a cloth and wiped dry with the cloth wrung out of hot water. Lay them up on the side to dry. If turned bottom up, the steam cannot escape, and they will get yellow and sour, which wil taint the butter. If they get yellow, scour with clean water and sand.

Mivart on Darwin.

St. George Mivart thinks that the long-armed apes, or gibbons, are more probably the direct ancestors of man than the orangs or African forms of the anthropoid monkey. He proceeds to give his reasons for this opinion in Nature for April 20th. But he closes with this remark:—"To prevent misconception, I may add that fully recognizing the truth of Mr. Darwin's appreciation of man's zoological position, which I have ever maintained and indeed labored to support. I near the less completely differ from him when I include the totality of man's being. So considered, science convinces me that a monkey and a mushroom differ less from each other than do a monkey and a man."

Cuban Artillery.

The Cuban Government has shown no little fertility of invention in producing such articles as were most necessary and could not be otherwise obtained. Their cannon are made from *raw hides*, which, incredible as it may seem, will, it is said, sustain fifteen or twenty pound charges. In the manufacture of powder the Cubans have shown great ingenuity, having successfully used for this purpose the guano deposits in the caves frequented by bats. This process is the invention of Senor Castello, a graduate of the Polytechnic College, of Philadelphia. From 150 to 200 pounds of serviceable powder are thus made per day.—*Iron Age, May 4th.*

Steam Wagons.

We are informed that two steam wagons have for some time been in successful operation between Fort Yale and the Cariboo mines in British America, and if they answer the purpose of freighting in that country there is no reason why they should not supersede the old prairie schooners on better roads in this country. Should such be the case the bullwhacking Othelloes will find their occupation gone, and another victory added to the achievements of steam.—*Idaho World, May 11th*

A New York Paper

Says: The latest bridal party present appeared at a recent wedding in novel style, for guests were attracted to a piece of paper pasted on the wall, and when examined it was found to be marked, "From Papa." It was a check for $20,000, which the bride feared might not be seen.

The Exploring Expedition.

A train of pack mules, loaded with various neccessaries, passed through Hamilton, on the 19th instant, *en route* for Belmont, to join the exploring expedition of Lieut. Wheeler, through the southern part of the State. So says The White Pine News.

Tea and Coffee.

A French chemist asserts that if tea be ground like coffee before hot water is poured upon it, it will yield nearly double the amount of its exhilerating dualities. Another writer says: If you put a piece of lump sugar the size of a walnut into a teapot, you will make the tea infuse in half the time.

—Willard Young, son of Brigham, has left for West Point, where he will enter as a cadet.

—A little four year old remarked to her mamma on going to bed, "I am not afraid of the dark." "No, of course you are not," replied her mother, "for it can't hurt you." "But, mamma, I was a little afraid once, when I went into the pantry to get a cookie." "What were you afraid of?" asked her mamma. "I was afraid I couldn't find the cookies."

—Greeley tells an inquirer that there is no trouble in raising geese for the market if you don't wean them too young. Let them trot around with the old ewe till their bridle teeth are grown, and you can then transport them to the forcing frames without wilting.

—The Princess of Wales is described as looking very thin and worn, with a lovely face so full of sadness as to be pathetic. She is said to have lost in a few years all the freshness and bloom of youth, which at the time of her nuptials, were the theme of her praise throughout all England.

—A young man in Franklin, Ohio, calculates that, during a period of five years, he has walked thirteen thousand two hundred and fifty-three miles in visiting his sweetheart. How far must he travel, we wonder, to walk into her affections.

—A Sacramento paper reports that recently six Chinamen were seen in a hairdresser's negotiating the sale of their "tails," which were finally purchased at the rate of $3 each, to be manufactured into ladies "switches."

—"What kind of pens do you sell here, mister?" asked a boy of a stationer. "We keep all kinds, you young vagabond," was the rude reply. "Oh, you do, do you? Well then, I'll take ten cents worth of pig-pens."

—Mosquito nests on the Mississippi are searched for the bones of lost children.

—A butcher has been fined $1,000 in an English Court for selling "slippery" meat.

—Whosoever is afraid of submitting any question, civil or religious, to the test of free discussion, is more in love with his own opinion than with the truth.

—Say little, and to the purpose, and you will pass for somebody.

—A good way to expand the chest—carry a big heart in it.

—The best way to patch up a quarrel is to split the difference.

Greenbacks are worth 91 cents in San Francisco.

POLITICAL.

P. HARRINGTON

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my27td*

For Member of the Assembly.

D. P. CURTISS RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for Member of the Assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention. my27td*

THOS. J. GOODALE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of Sheriff of Inyo County, at the ensuing election. my20tf

W. L. MOORE

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF as a candidate for County Clerk, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my13td*

I. P. YANEY,

OF BISHOP CREEK, RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for the office of County Clerk—subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. my6td*

J. B. WHITE

OF INDEPENDENCE, WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. n44td*

C. MULKEY

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my6td*

FINE PRINTING

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INDEPENDENT

Printing Establshment

Desire to inform the public in general and al business men in particular, that they are now prepared to promptly execute

Every Description

OF THE FINEST

JOB PRINTING.

Having received from San Francisco large and valuable additions to our material, consisting of type, border, inks, etc., etc., of the very newest and most approved styles, we are enabled to do

Fine Work,

And we

PROPOSE TO DO IT,

In which we shall

Court Criticism, Defy Competition!

Get Printing done and do Business in a Business Manner. And patronize Home Industry and keep your money at home while doing so.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE SPECIMENS

—AT THE—

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

CHALFANT & PARKER, Proprietors.

Independence, Cal., March 25, 1871. tf

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notions,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20 n47tf

DRUGS, ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tfte

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fc4:32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

☞AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS

AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC, ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON,
J. F. M. PERHAM,
Independence, Cal.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD,
San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreemen

We retain our old mottos of

☞"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL."

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35n3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, June 3,.....1871

Old Papers.

The American Artisan has the following of interest to housekeepers:

I do not propose to speak of the many useful and wonderful articles that are manufactured from paper, but merely of the valuable uses to which it can be put by the housekeeper. Few housekeepers have time to black their stoves every day, or even every week Many wash them in either clear water or dish water. This keeps them clean, but they look very brown. After a stove has been once thoroughly blacked, it can be kept looking perfectly well for a long time by rubbing it with paper every morning.

If I occasionally find a spot of gravy or fruit juice that the paper will not take off, I rub it with a wet cloth, but do not put on water enough to take off the blacking. I find that rubbing with paper is a much nicer way of keeping the outside of my tea-kettle, coffee-pot, and tea-pot bright and clean, than the old way of washing them with suds. (The inside of coffee and tea-pots should be rinsed with clear water, and never in dish water.)

Rubbing with dry paper is also the best way of polishing knives, spoons and tin-ware, after scouring. This saves wetting the knife handles. If a little flour be held on the paper in rubbing tin-ware and spoons, they will shine like new silver. For polishing windows, mirrors, lamp-chimneys, etc, I always use paper in preference to a dry cloth.

Santa Barbara as a Sanitarium.

We clip the following from The Scientific Press:

Dr. Brinkerhoff says that in eighteen years practice he has not known one case of diptheria or scarlet fever. He has known three cases of dysentery of a mild type and an equal number of cases of membranous croup. He never heard of fever and ague originating in Santa Barbara. Sometimes patients came there with the disease. In all cases their cure is rapid and permanent. Santa Barbara has a singular immunity from small pox when it prevails almost everywhere else. The Doctor has seen three cases of small-pox at wide intervals, which were cured with unusual dispatch. But the most marked exemtion from disease is among children. They escape most of the complaints so fatal elsewhere. To account for this healthful record, the Doctor refers to the presence of petroleoum so extensively in the ground and in the springs which gush from the earth and cover the sea for many square miles with an iridescent oil of pungent odor. This mineral oil so taints the waters of that county that there is very little good drinking water to be obtained in wells. So volatile is this mineral oil that the air is everywhere imbued with it; and, like carbolic acid, it disenfects all miasmatic exhalations, while its own effluvium appears to be innocuos.

It may be mentioned that land thereabouts is held so far above the views of buyers as to invite few settlers.

Hard Times at Chicago.

The Chicago Times begins an article condemnatory of wasteful government and high taxes by the statement that in Chicago the prevailing cry among the laboring class just now is "Give us work!" It says hundreds, perhaps thousands in that city are out of employment—"men and women, whose only capital is their labor"—and who can obtain no chance for investment, and the cry "give me work," is unanswered.

To Cleanse Blankets.

Put two large tablespoonsfuls of borax and a pint bowl of soft soap in a tub of cold water. When dissolved, put in a pair of blankets and let them remain over night. Next day rub and drain them out, and rinse thoroughly in two waters and hang them to dry. Do not wring them.

—That was a happy unconscious pun which Professor G—— of Rochester University perpetrated in his class-room the other day. He had been dilating to some extent on the character of Lylwarch Hen, the Norwegian poet, and wishing to illustrate the author's style, he remarked "I will read you one of his lays." A slight smile came over the faces of a few students at this, which gradually spread, until the whole class was in a tumult of laughter before the Professor saw his joke.

—A good story is told in the Hartford Courant of a young couple who wanted to hear Dickens read. They could hardly afford it, but screwed up their extravagance to the highest pitch. As they had concluded to invest they bethought themselves of a poorer family near by who were suffering from lack of work. So they gave up Dickens and paid the price of two tickets to their impoverished neighbors. The poor couple took the money, bought tickets with it, and attended the readings.

—Mr. Lincoln was exceedingly astonished one day as he was inspecting the prison in Washington by a prisoner who said to him, "How are you, Mr. President? I am glad to see you. I believe that you and I have been in every jail in the Union." "This and the jail in Springfield are the only ones I was ever in in my life," said Mr. Lincoln. "Very likely," responded the rogue, "but I've been in all the rest."

—An old lady of Connecticut, having lost her purse at New Haven, declared on its being restored to her, that she would not attempt to lessen the reward which was stored up in heaven for the finder by offering him money.

California Pacific Extension.

Articles of incorporation of the California Pacific Railroad Eastern Extension Company—of which detailed mention was made in an editorial in The Union recently, as the proposed new overland route to the East—were yesterday filed in the office of the Secretary of State. The length of the proposed road is 944 miles. The capital stock is $50,000,000, ten per cent. of which has been actually paid in. Directors—W. F. Roelofson, Milton S. Latham, Richard P. Hammond, Isaac Friedlander, Albert Gansel, Eugene L. Sullivan, Faxon D. Atherton, John P. Jackson, John B. Frisbie, A. de Laskie, Edward H. Green, Rudolph Sulzbach and Wm. H. Tilling hast.—*Sacramento Union, May 24th.*

LEGAL NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE QUALIFIED electors of Independence School District that an election will be held on MONDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at which will be submitted the question of voting a tax to maintain a free school.

It will be necessary to raise for this purpose the sum of $800.

The polls will be open at the Public School House of Independence School District, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock P. M.

P. REDDY,
P. A. CHALFANT,
W. G. SQUIRES,
my20n47:3 School Trustees.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Third Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of Daneri & Stewart against John Collister, duly attested the 10th day of May, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Lot No. 7, Block No. 9, in the Town of Lone Pine, County of Inyo, State of California, said lot having a front on Washington street of fifty feet, and extending back between parallel lines one hundred feet. Also, all the tenements and improvements thereon.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, County of Inyo, I will sell the above dedescribed property to the highest bidder or bidders for Cash, United States gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
May 27, 1871. my 7n48 3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of J. B. Hiskey against the Deep Spring Valley Mining Company, duly attested the 13th day of May, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of said Defendant in and to one quartz mill and machinery, known as the Deep Spring Valley quartz mill.

One dwelling house.

One store house.

All of the above described property situate, lying and being in Deep Spring Valley, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the County of Inyo, I will sell the above described property to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, U. S. gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
May 20th, 1871. my20n47:3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of E. A. Reddy against the San Felipe Mining Company, a corporation, duly attested the 8th day of May, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of the San Felipe Mining Company, a corporation, in and to the San Felipe mine; also, the tunnel heretofore commonly known as the Frieburg Tunnel, and now known as the San Felipe Tunnel, said mine and tunnel situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at Two o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House County of Inyo, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
May 13, 1871. my13n46w3

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

BUENA SUERTE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of mine in the Lone Pine District, Inyo County, State of California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Buena Suerte Mining Company, held at the office of H. W. Gould, in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, said County and State, pursuant to notice duly given, H. W. Gould being the only member present, the following assessment of $1 per foot was levied against each member of said company, for the purpose of working and developing said mine. Said assessment made payable to H. W. Gould at his office aforesaid on or before the 25th day of March, 1871, and that said assessment has been due thirty days.

H W Gould, 625 feet, at $1 per foot	$625 00
H Bush, Jr. 150 feet, at $1 per foot	150 00
Cerro Gordo and Virginia M. Co., 150 feet, at $1 per foot	150 00
C W Bennett, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
J B Rowley, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
M D Plummer or agent, 50 feet, at $1 per foot	50 00
G W Cornell or his representative, 125 feet, at $1 per foot	125 00
Antonio Meresol or his representative, 200 feet, at $1 per foot	200 00

apr22n43t8 H. W. GOULD.

HOLLOW GLOBE,

—OR THE—

World's Agitator and Reconciler.

Just Published at The Religio Philosophical Journal office,

A New and Remarkable Book.

THIS BOOK CONTAINS 447 PAGES OF ORIGINAL matter, divided into 13 chapters, treating upon the physical conformation of the earth and kindred subjects. It proves, conclusively that the globe can not be hollow, neither is it a thin, frail crust filled with molten lava, raging fires, but a beautiful spherical shell formed upon mechanical principles, with an interior habitable surface as well as one that is exterior; that it is built in the most economical manner, only containing sufficient material to ensure the required strength. It shows the necessity of more territory than exists upon the outside, and that there must be a spacious accessible gateway within the unexplored open Polar Circle between the two surfaces. The work treats upon the nature of historic events, showing that each one is prophetic of its successor, and that all of the past have been required to render the future more astounding developments of history possible. It treats upon the Open Polar Sea and its causes; the phenomena of Volcanoes and Earthquakes; also, Gravitation, proving that there can be no reciprocal attraction of that character between the heavenly bodies The chapter upon the Nebulous or Igneous theory must eradicate every vestige of that absurd conception from the minds of thinking men. The one upon Spiritual and Material Forces gives a clear and comprehensive idea of that department of nature, while another presents the natural method of building worlds, and still another treats upon inherent powers and progressive development The final chapter on human vision is amply worth the price of the book. The work must be read to be appreciated.

Price, $2 50, with a liberal discount to the trade. Responsible Agents wanted in every city and town in the United States.

General Depot, 206 South Clark street, Chicago. Address, M. L. SHERMAN or WM. F. LYON.

MRS. L. HUTCHISON, Agent.
my27n48m1 Bishop Creek, Inyo Co., Cal.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.
Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.
Independence, March 25 1871. mr25n39:v2

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

FLOUR.

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.
Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870 n17m3

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

☞ ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.☜

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2-tf

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

mr25 n39tv2

A. MACK,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

—AT—

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.

MUSICAL.

PATENT ARION PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY THE ARION PIANO IS Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer,

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Evenness

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration,

All go to prove what we claim, viz: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT

Arion Pianos

ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE

American Conservatories of Music,

Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

IT affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of detection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of Pianos, still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,
HENRY SHROEDER,
DIRECTOR.

New York, September 31, 1870.

AGENTS WANTED.

We want first class and responsible agents in every city and town where we have not already appointed them.

We Have Just Published

Our Annual Illustrated Pamphlet, which contains a full description of the interior construction of the PATENT ARION PIANO FORTE, and all the other leading Pianos of the principal makes; illustrated with cuts, thus contrasting the ARION with all other first class Pianos, and proving

WHY AND WHERE

Our Pianos are superior to any in the market.

Our pamphlet contains engravings of all the different styles of instruments that we manufacture, giving a full description of each so that a person can select the style they may desire to order, with the assurance that they will receive just as good a Piano as if they were in our warerooms to select it. We have sold over FIVE THOUSAND Pianos, many of them being shipped great distances, and we have never yet received the first complaint As we give a written guarantee with every Piano we manufacture, for five years, the purchaser runs no risk.

☞ Don't fail to write for our pamphlet which we mail **free,** and when you write state what paper you saw this notice in.☜

N. B.—We caution the public from purchasing a cheap Piano which has recently been put in the market, bearing the name "Arion." All genuine Arion Pianos bear the name "Patent Arion," and can only be purchased from our New York Warerooms, or our authorized Agents throughout the United States.

All Kinds Of Musical Instruments Supplied.

ADDRESS THE

Arion Piano-Forte Co.

NO. 554 BROADWAY,

fe2n35m6 **New York City.**

STATIONERY.

☞Aurora News Depot.☜

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

☞Store in Post Office Building.☜

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

MEDICAL.

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WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,

Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles together with everything kept in a well supplied **WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.**

FRESH DRUGS,	TILDEN'S PREPARAT'S
PATENT MEDICINES,	DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS	SHAKER HERBS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,	PERFUMERIES,
KEROSENE OIL,	PAINTS AND OILS,

Which we offer at the lowest Cash Prices, and are determined not to be undersold.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

FOR SALE.

OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal. After our best wishes, and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty-one years, during which period we have been steadily engaged in the Drug business in California, we beg to say in consequence of the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Cal. Vinegar Bitters, now spread over the United States and countries far beyond, we are necessitated to devote our entire time to said business.

We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific coast and the only one continuous under the same proprietors since 1849, and have determined to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.

This is a rare opportunity for men with means, of entering into a profitable business with advantages never before offered.

For particulars enquire of

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists.
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R. H. McDONALD,
J. C. SPENCER.

N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices to defy competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands

Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing the virtues of a mild laxative combined with the purest and most invigorating Tonic. They are a Sovereign Remedy for Disease of the Digestive Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE**, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these **Bitters** have been most successful. **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the **Digestive Organs.**

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION. Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

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OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. a29n5m6

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or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

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VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1871. NUMBER 50.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, June 10.....1871.

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DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf]

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J. J. MOORE,
Justice of the Peace,
LONE PINE PRECINCT.
aug 8n65ly

JOHN A. HANNAH,
Justice of the Peace,
FIFTH PRECINCT.
MINING RECORDER,
CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.
n19v1ly

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SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY
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Wines, Liquors, Etc.
AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-6m

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Organized 1842.
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Assets July, 1870, $11,000,000 Cash.
THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.
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$25
A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE
BIG PINE SAW MILL.
Great Inducements to the Public.
The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.
Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet
At Short Notice.
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Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. f4n34-6m*

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.
SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER,
SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,
SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, August 8, 1870. n5-6m

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THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST RECEIVED A fine assortment of the best and most approved varieties of
GARDEN SEEDS
Which he offers to the public at low rates. Call at the Postoffice.
J. B. ROWLEY.
Independence, Cal., April 15. n22-2

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INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.
W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.
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October 17, 1870. n15v13m

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JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.
TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.
Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.
Mrs. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.
Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12-6m

New French Restaurant
—AND—
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PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.
PETER MARGALOT.
Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
STAGE HOUSE.
Independence, Cal.
THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO his patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.
MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870. n1v13m

LIVERY STABLES.

Cerro Gordo FEED STABLE.
DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.
ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUDING HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

AURORA EXCHANGE STABLE,
PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.
S. G. COBB.....Proprietor.
SADDLE HORSES,
Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,
—TO LET ON—
Reasonable Terms
HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.
n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,
—LONE PINE, Cal.—
HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.
I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n5-6m

EAGLE Livery and Feed STABLE,
Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,
Independence, Cal.
HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of
BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,
At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of
Hay and Grain
On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.
THOS. J. GOODALE.
Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

C. O. D.
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ADVERTISING
—AND—
PURCHASING AGENT,
No. 12 Montgomery Street,
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Opposite Lick House, Up Stairs.
WILL FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY description at the very lowest cash rates, having superior facilities for purchasing and an intimate acquaintance with all the leading houses in the city. All articles sent promptly on the receipt of cash, or C. O. D. n30tf

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BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.
Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.
PARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors
The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.
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BISHOP CREEK SALOON.
THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon,
AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.
n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

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INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.
John Wallace, Proprietor.
Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand.

LONE PINE Pioneer Saloon,
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KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeper — regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

INYO SALOON,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.
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HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8a29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The
TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.
DAVISON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
f4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON
CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,
A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.
A Fine Billiard Table,
With fittings complete, in connection.
n3tm3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

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INDEPENDENT EXPRESS & PASSENGER LINE
To Los Angeles Direct.
H. W. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri-monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition Line of steamers for San Francisco.
Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the state, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.
☞Collections and commissions promptly attended to.☜
The above line of stages will run as follows:
Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angeles on the 8th and 23d of each month.

Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via. Los Angeles	$27 50
Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via. Los Angeles	24 50
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AL. BRIGGS, Agent at Independence.
C. MCLEEY, " " Lone Pine.
my20n47m3*

CITIZENS' STAGE LINE.
CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,
Carrying United States Mail
—AND—
Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.
From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:
Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.
" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.
" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 4 A. M.
" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M.
T. W. DEXTER, General Agent.
Independence, May 5, 1871. n39tv2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.
ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.
Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
☞First class passenger cars will run regularly.☜
☞NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.
JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

DRUGS, ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,
—SUCCESSOR TO—
A. A. GREEN,
—Wholesale and Retail—
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,
AURORA, NEVADA.
DEALER IN
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,
And a splendid assortment of
TOILET ARTICLES.
Brushes of Every Description.
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,
For medicinal purposes.
ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tfte

JOHN LENTELL,
Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,
—Dealer in—
Drugs & Medicines
CHEMICALS,
Patent Medicines,
For Man and Beast,
FINE PERFUMERY
SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,
Hair Restoratives & Dyes.
SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,
STATIONERY,
AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of
Tobacco & Cigars.
CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.
f64-32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.
SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of
GROCERIES,
Provisions,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,
HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloth Piece Goods,
Clothing, Hardware,
Crockery and Glassware,
TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,
POWDER AND SHOT
Flasks and Pouches.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
Manufactured to order.
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS
AND STATIONERY.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
PAINTS AND OILS
Wall Paper,
CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC
All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.
SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 27, 1870. n17v1tf

A Scrap of History.

In an article referring to the celebrated Hampton Roads conference, The Montgomery (Ala.) Mail says:

We have had the official account of what transpired in pursuance of the official instructions communicated to the Confederate Commissioners before they left Richmond. But we have had no record of what transpired to which those instructions did not relate. A number of the witnesses of that transaction, however, are yet alive, and if what we are going to state is not in in accordance with the facts, they will no doubt set us right. We have our information from a gentleman of the highest respectability who had it from one of the confederate commissioners in person, that the single word "Union" was written by Mr. Lincoln at the head of a blank sheet of paper, and that the confederate commissioners were told to write beneath that word their own terms, and that those terms would be accepted! Mr. Stevens and John A. Campbell favored the acceptance of the terms thus offered, but having been hedged in by instructions that they were not at liberty to transgress, the last hope of the South withered with the destruction of that comparatively insignificant piece of paper.

The question was not whether our pride would have been wounded, but whether our true interests would have been subserved by accepting the terms offered by Mr. Lincoln. Subsequent events settled that question, and settled in a manner that fully justified Mr. Stevens and Mr. Campbell. Far better would it have been to go back under the Constitution as it then was, than to wait and be forced back under the wreck that the Constitution subsequently became. We all feel now that it would have been better, and that Mr. Stevens knew or foresaw at Hampton Roads what we have been gradually learning during the last seven years that have since transpired, only showe, as we said before, that although shut up in Liberty Hall by the decree of adverse circumstances, the counsels of his matured wisdom ought no more to be slighted than if he were the acknowledged leader of the whole national party.

Thus much we have said in explanation of what has been heretofore alleged by The Mail, and because it was called forth under circumstances that implied some doubt of the authenticity of the event refered to. It will be seen that we do not undertake to vouch for that authenticity, but nevertheless, as we first heard of the matter several years ago as a mere *on dit* and afterward had it delivered by one of the Commissioners to a gentleman of this city, we felt that it was one of those unwritten scraps of history, none the less true for having escaped the historic pen, which we are at liberty to use or not as we thought proper. We were not authorized to make public the name of our informant, but we presume that he has no objection to our communicating it to any doubter who may think proper to demand it.

Social Equality.

The actual, practical social condition and status of the freedman seems to be, up here in the North, pretty much as it was before we had a Fifteenth Amendment. To all appearances he doesn't study any harder than he used to; certainly does not work any harder; doesn't go to meeting more frequently; and differs from Sambo of old only perhaps in this, that he votes. Perhaps—and it is to be hoped that it will—the sense of this great privilege may in time arouse his ambition for better things. In New England, as per the following anecdote, his position is much the same as it was of yore. Mr. Dickson, a colored barber in one of the largest towns of Massachusetts, was one morning shaving one of his customers, a respectable citizen, when a conversatien occurred between them respecting Mr. Dickson's former connection with a colored church in the place.

"I believe you are connected with the church in Elm Street Mr. Dickson?" said the customer.

"No, Sah, not at all."

"Why, are you not a member of the African church?"

"Not dis year, Sah."

"Why did you leave their communion, Mr. Dickson, if I may be permitted to ask?"

"Why I tell you Sah," said Mr. Dickson, strapping a concave razor on the palm of his hand, "it was just like dis. I jined dat church in good fait. I gib ten dollars toward the stated preachin' of de Gospel de fuss year, and de people call me Brudder Dickson. De second year my business not good, and I only gib five dollars. Dat year de church people call me Mr. Dickson. Dis razor hurt you Sah?"

"No, Sir, goes tolerably well."

"Well, Sah, de third year I feel berry poor—sickness in family—an' I gib nollin for preachin'. Well, Sah, arter dat dey call me Ole Nigger Dickson, an' I leff 'em!"

So saying Mr. Dickson brushed his customer's hair, and the gentleman departed, well satisfied with the reason why Mr. Dickson left his church.—*Harper's Magazine.*

—The first threshing machine set up in Illinois is still running, and killed a man last year just as effectually as a new one.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, June 10.....1871.

REFUNDING THE STATE DEBT.

In accordance with a law enacted by the last Legislature, approved April 2d, 1870, the people of the State are required to vote at the ensuing election for or against the refunding of the State debt. The Act submitted for ratification provides for the issue and sale of $3,700,000 of six per cent. bonds, payable in twenty years, the proceeds of which are to be applied for the redemption of the outstanding bonds of 1860 and the soldiers' relief and bounty bonds, and for the benefit of the General Fund. They are to be issued in any desired denomination not less than $500, and not to be sold for less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, gold coin, par value. The Governor, State Controller and State Treasurer are created Loan Commissioners, empowered to negotiate the sale of the bonds and carry into effect the provisions of the Act. The interest is made payable semi-annually, at the State Treasurer's office, on the same dates and in the same manner as upon the United States Ten-Forty securities.

It can not be doubted that the effect of this Act—if ratified—will be to compass its object, the payment of the present funded indebtedness, and a reduction of the burden of taxation. In the light of recent events, some of the details of the Act may, perhaps, be considered faulty—such as the provision for advertising the bonds in the mob ridden and nearly destroyed City of Paris—but the objects are fairly attained, and the law will doubtless be indorsed by a plank in the platforms of both political parties.

The certified Act will be found in our advertising columns from this date until election, The Independent being designated by the Secretary of State as the paper to publish the Act in this Judicial District, which comprises the counties of Kern, Alpine, Mono and Inyo.

THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

We commend to the consideration of the above Committee the communication to be found in another column signed "Lone Piner." It is a little singular that a representative committee should hold meetings and take action on matters of not only party but public interest and not let the fact be generally known. It is reasonable to suppose that every member of that body knew that the result of their deliberations is public property, and should have been published. We again reiterate it, and wish it distinctly understood, that this paper is NOT run in the interest of ANY party, and never will be while in the hands of its present proprietors for reasons given heretofore and this additional fact, that the said proprietors hold diametrically opposite views on party questions; but if matters of the kind above alluded to are withheld it is placing us in a false position, apparently, since only the proceedings of but one party can appear in our columns.

P. S.—Since the foregoing was in type, we have received at the last moment, a copy of the proceedings of the Committee which can be found in another part of this issue. As will be seen the final meeting occurred too late for our last paper, and also that the assumption that a meeting had taken place long before is wrong, so we guess there's nobody to blame after all.

On Its Last Legs.

Judging from the array of political announcements in the columns of The Sonora Democrat, legitimate business (office seeking excepted) must be on its last legs in Tuolumne County. What do the unsuccessful hombres follow for a livelihood in time of peace?

Anxious for Notoriety.

The people of the town of Visalia are rapidly becoming civilized. They have now established a whipping post! As it is merely intended for *small* offenders, the originators can not, of course, experience on their own precious carcasses any of its essential benefits.

Our Fruit Crops.

The fruit crop never promised better than it does in Tuolumne this season. Apples, peaches, grapes and pears hang out munificently. Our horticultural cornucopia is full; our horn of plenty exalts itself. Tuolumne alone will produce enough to flood some of the smaller Eastern States.—*Sonora Democrat.*

THE SCHOOL ELECTION.

Pursuant to notice the electors of this school district voted on the tax question last Monday, the majority of the votes being for the tax. But owing to the senseless conduct of one or two members of the election board the election is void, and of no effect.

The circumstances that produced this result are briefly as follows: As a matter of convenience, it was deemed best for Judge Van DeCar, who had been appointed as one of the Judges, to resign that position and act as one of the Clerks. He assented, another was appointed to fill the vacancy thus created, and each sworn in by P. Reddy, Esq in his official capacity as Notary Public. So far everything was lovely and voting begun. Soon, however, the old arch-enemy of schools, etc., took liquid possession of Inspector George, who addressed himself in such a manner to Judge Van DeCar as to cause the latter to abandon his post and duty for a time. He returned in time to assist in making up and signing the returns. His right to do these things was denied by the Inspector, and between the two the election was vitiated.

Except from the manner in which it was produced the failure is, perhaps, not to be regretted, since the desired end could not be attained with the limited amount that would accrue by the proposed levy even at the maximum rate per cent. allowed by law. Unless a sum sufficient to maintain a good school at least six months could be obtained it is not at all likely the matter would have been carried beyond an assessment of the district. But in any case, the Trustees thought it best to ascertain the sentiment of the community in the matter, whether the main object was accomplished or not. The result is not flattering to some of the business men of the place; but we are pleased to know that some of the heaviest tax payers showed a true appreciation of their own interests as well as those of the town, the heaviest firm in the place voting unanimously in favor of the tax.

In these columns we have treated this matter more in its business aspects as affecting the future of the place, than in the more commendable light of a simple educational movement, and we shall again add a few words with the same object.

In a small town like this the business of supplying necessaries is limited to a very few. When thus limited to a few hands the gain or loss of even one or two consumers makes a material difference in the year's operations of the butcher and merchant especially, and in less degree, to all. As an approximate it may be assumed that each consumer pays not less $500 yearly into the hands of the above two classes, and as they all know something of figures it seems they should be able to cypher out the importance to themselves, if to no one else, of retaining the customers they now have, if not how to obtain any more. The relation this school question has to these two branches may be shown in this: In addition to those already away a number of other children, we have good reason to know, will go elsewhere to attend school because there is no opportunity for them to so here. In one instance that we know of this contingent withdrawal of trade of the kind above spoken of will amount to not less than $2,000 yearly. Of course since, as everybody knows, store-goods and butcher's meat are only sold at a very small profit and merely as a matter of accommodation, the profits on the above trade alone wouldn't justify much of an outlay in taxes, but in consideration of the certainty that not only that but much more would be retained, to say nothing of the almost equal certainty of having it many times increased by additional population, the expenditure of a few dollars with this object in view, might be as judicious as an equal amount invested in trade. As a plain matter-of-fact business operation, to give it no higher consideration, it is surprising this movement has met the opposition it has in certain quarters. According to our theory the very men, with a few exceptions, that should do the most for all such things, hang back the worst. However some of those whose opposition to the tax was greatest have since done pretty well in their subscriptions, as it was doubtless considered much in the light of a gift to a number of children whose parents themselves do not manifest any great deal of interest in the result. It would be a very good idea for all those who have direct interest in this matter to bestir themselves somewhat, and the object wished for may then be attained.

—The head of a Vermont railroad shop was applied to for permission to work on Fast Day by a couple of men who were noted for their lazyness. Permission was given; "for," says the chief, "you can't either of you work hard enough to break the day."

NEWS ITEMS.

A dispatch received from Sioux City, Iowa, dated May 28th ult, says, that a gentleman of undoubted veracity, just arrived from the Upper Missouri, reports that Running Bull's band of Sioux went to Fort Buford and massacred the entire garrison. The report may not be authentic, but it is known that the Indians in Western Dakota and Eastern Montana are moving in large war parties, and it is feared the rumor has foundation.

The cool and favorable weather of the last three weeks is considered by the grain dealers of San Francisco, who have been over the State recently, to have increased the crop thirty-three per cent. above the estimates made twenty days ago. The surplus for export is now reckoned as high as 150,000 tons. At $2 50 per cental that would bring $7,500,000.

The District Court, Dwinelle, Judge, is occupied in investigating Mrs. Fair's application for a new trial. The indications are unfavorable for her.

Kean's Mill in Rockland, near Pine Grove Nevada, was destroyed by fire May 27th, entailing a loss of $50,000. Three men are under arrest for setting it on fire.

June 2d a fire broke out in the China part of Carson, Nevada, destroying $40,000 dollars worth of property before it was extinguished.

A fire broke out in a building adjoining The Sentinel office in Eureka, Nevada, destroying the building in which it originated only, but causing quite a general alarm and a determination to organize a fire department.

Unusually cold and high winds prevailed in Los Angeles in the latter part of May, doing great damage to the fruit crop generally.

Foster, the New York street car murderer, was found guilty and sentenced to be hung.

A Small War Cloud.

A late eastern dispatch reads:

Minister Sickles has been instructed to make demands upon the Spanish Government for the restitution of property taken from American citizens in Cuba, with a hint that non-compliance will provoke a war between the United States and Spain.

The property alluded to amounts to about $50,000,000, and was confiscated by the Cuban authorities during the civil war in Cuba. Some of this property was seized on account of the alleged rebellion of its American owners, but most of it was taken without any decent pretext, on the simple averment that the owners were Americans and, of course, inimical to the Spanish Government. That Government, some months since, promised to make resttiution, but now declines to do so, so it is quite possible some powder may be burnt over it.

FROM PARIS

Comparative peace reigns once more over the smoking ruins of Paris. For the seven days immediately preceding the final defeat and expulsion of the Communes the streets literally ran blood. Infuriated hags rushed shrieking and fighting through the streets, applying the torch whenever they could. The Arch Bishop of Paris and sixty-nine priests were shot by the insurgents. A dispatch of May 30th reads:

All is quiet. The victorious troops occupy the barracks. There is already a strong feeling that Paris Government is too weak to last. Awful massacres continue at the barricades in the Rue Rochmari. In one ditch the wounded people found were buried alive. They groaned and shrieked dreadfully all night. An epidemic is feared from the number of dead bodies.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Senate adjourned *sine die* May, 27th, leaving the following business unacted on: Five nominations; three treaties, namely: The Postal Treaty with Ecuador, the Treaty of Commerce with Italy and the Treaty with Mexico extending the time of the Commission for the settlement of claims.

The Tribune correspondents were released immediately after adjournment.

Vice President Colfax, who was dangerously sick, is reported convalescent.

The President and family go to Long Branch.

Congressman Bowen is undergoing his second trial for bigamy.

The Government has placed seven millions of gold on the market.

—A little dissolved alum is very effective in clearing muddy water. If thrown into a tub of soap-suds, the soap, curdled and accompanied by the muddy particles, sinks to the bottom, leaving the water clear and pure. In times of scarcity of water, this may be used a second time for washing clothes.

—A gentleman burying his wife, a friend asked him why he expended so much on her funeral. "Ah, sir," he replied, "she would have done as much, or more, for me, with pleasure."

LETTER FROM LONE PINE.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

LONE PINE, June 8, 1871.

MESSRS. EDITORS: As for items of interest, we are absolutely clear out of the article at this place. No horses have been stolen, no fights, no fires, births, deaths or marriages. I say no fires in our immediate vicinity, but our old friend V. Beaudry, of Cerro Gordo, has met with a heavy loss in the burning of his furnace building. If we count the loss of time, which he will most feel, it will not fall short of $15,000.

Mr. Editor, I wish to ask you if it is customary for a County Committee to get together as quietly as possible and elect delegates to a State Convention, without giving any notice whatever to the party they represent? I have reference to the Republican Central Committee of this county. They met more than a month since, and there are the fewest number of our party who know that that august body ever met at all. Now as a Republican I protest against any such conduct on the part of the Committee; we may have some choice about who represents us in the State Convention and I ask that honorable body to give us a previous notice of their meetings. Such conduct we are disposed to think is unjust and wrong in every sense, and we want immediate action. There is yet time enough to elect delegates who will give entire satisfaction to the party, and give them time to get to Sacramento. [We believe the right has been generally conceded to the Central Committees of both parties to appoint delegates to the State Convention, since they could not well do otherwise, as neither party could desire to call a County Convention at this early day. Our correspondent is mistaken in part of his conclusions, for the first meeting was only preliminary. And this issue is the first opportunity to give to the public the *results* of their meeting, though they might have given notice that the same was to have been held.—EDS. INDEPENDENT.

As for dates, latest dates and candidates, it is only of the latter that we have any amount. On the Democratic side there are C. Mulkey, P. Harrington and W. T. Grant for Sheriff, and it is only among the dates for that office that there appears to be any contest. As to the Black Republicans they are quiet as yet, but I am informed that the present Sheriff, A. B. Elder will be before the Convention, from this place, subject to the decision of that body. For Clerk, R. A. Loomis of Lone Pine and Milton Clarke of Bishop Creek are talked of.

Of course you have heard of the accident that befel B. L. Brown and Robert Woodlarge—how they upset their buggy and then upset it back again, and that the team ran into Owens River, drowning one of the horses. Bad luck, indeed, and yet I think they were fortunate in escaping without injury.

We are having some very warm weather down here at this writing—98 in the shade.

LONE PINER.

The Rain and Its Effect.

The rain of Sunday came in the nick of time to wet a large amount of hay in the fields. It was the traditional rain always coming at the early hay harvest. It will contribute much to freshen up the country, and especially the pastures. The grass in many places will start up again, and some of the late crops will be benefited. But the rain comes too late to help the grain crops, except in a few instances, where fields have not headed out. The gain will hardly be more than enough to offset the damage done to the hay crop and to the heavy grain, which has been knocked down. The roads never were in a better condition for travel, the dust being handsomely laid. We may have one or two showers more to wind up the wet season. But no amount of rain after this date would help the crops so much as it would damage them. We must make the best of a dry season, encouraged by much better results than were predicted, and by the hope that the next year inaugurates the wet cycle in California.—*San Francisco Bulletin, June 2d.*

Fresno Items

We take the following from The Expositor of May 31st:

A few days since an Indian stole a horse from Mr. John Hughes of Upper King's river. The owner discovering his loss went in quest of his property. He discovered it in the possession of an Indian who, finding that he was caught, showed fight. The Indians took charge of the body and buied it with the ceremonies of his race.

We had a few hot days last week. On Thursday the thermometer got up to 98 deg. in the shade. It only has to go 20 deg. higher than that to get to Millerton summer heat. A person who gets acclimated in this region need have no fears of a hereafter.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The world of to-day laughs at the theories of fifty years ago. Bustering the head, emptying the veins, and raising the bowels with cathartics as irritating as church strut burrs, will soon be consigned by universal consent to the limbo of rejected fallacies. In the meantime Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters, the true ally of nature, are effecting by a mild and painless process, such cures of dyspepsia, liver complaint and periodical fevers, as the world half a century ago would have deemed miraculous.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

je10 50 f

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50n6

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ICE CREAM!

EVERYBODY GO TO THE FRENCH RESTAURANT on SUNDAYS and THURSDAYS, for the finest ICE CREAM.

je10n50tf PETER MARGALOT.

PAINTING, Wagon & Carriage Making, PAPER HANGING, ETC.

J. G. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP, and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. jn10n50tf

A. B. ELDER

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff—subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. n50td

M. S. CLARKE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. n50td

NOTICE

THE DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE will meet at the town of Independence, on MONDAY, JUNE 12, 1871. A full attendance is earnestly requested.

S. P. MOFFAT, Chairman.

HENRY M. ISAACS, Secretary. 1t

ATTENTION, ONES!

THERE WILL BE A SPECIAL MEETING OF Independence Engine Co. No. 1, on MONDAY EVENING NEXT, JUNE 10, at 7½ o'clock, at the Bazaraac Saloon, for the transaction of important business.

n50.1 A. C. HANSON, President.

NOTICE.

PARTIES INDEBTED TO THE UNDERSIGNED are requested to call and settle up immediately, and save costs.

j 10n50t A. K. BRIGGS.

NOTICE.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED a co-partnership under the firm name and style of J. L. DARRAH & CO., for the purpose of carrying on the business of teaming.

J. L. DARRAH,
O. L. MORRS.

Swansea, Inyo Co., Cal., June 9th, 1871.
je10.50t4

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.,
June 10 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY "GENERAL FUND."

No.	In favor of	Amount
226	W. L. Moore	$ 90 80
225	S. P. Moffat	115 00

ON THE COUNTY ROAD FUND.

152	Alexander & Chaquette	$100 00

I. HARRIS
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
je10.50t4

NOTICE.

I, ISAAC FRIEDLANDER, THE UNDERSIGNED, give notice that I intend to apply for a patent for that portion of the vein or lode set forth in the above diagram, called the "EL PASO" which belongs to me, containing eight thousand one hundred feet not bounded by any adjoining end claims, except Jeff so Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express," said Eclipse Lode being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California. It is a rock claim or lode, and I claim 8,100 feet on the course of the vein, with surface ground 100 feet on each side of the lode. The character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally ores of silver. The lode claimed by me is on unsurveyed land and extends from Black Canyon in a south easterly direction 8,100 feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode.

And I now post this notice on a conspicuous part thereof.

Dated on the ground this sixth day of June, 1871. ISAAC FRIEDLANDER.

Witnesses—JOHN TAMBLYN, HENRY TREGELLAS.
je10.50n3

AN ACT

To Provide for the Payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to Contract a Funded Debt for that Purpose.

[APPROVED APRIL 2, 1870.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of liquidating and providing for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the State of California hereinafter specified, and to lessen the burden of taxation, the Governor of the State, the Controller of State and the Treasurer of State, and their successors in office, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, to be styled the Loan Commissioners of the State of California, and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the duties hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said State, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually, in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of State. The principal of said bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the State affixed thereto; and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Coupons for the interest shall be attached to each bond so that they may be removed without injury or mutilation to the bond; said coupons, consecutively numbered, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the State.

SEC. 4. Before the sale of any of said bonds the said Loan Commissioners shall cause notices of such sale to be published, for the space of one month, in three daily newspapers published in English, one in the City of New York, one in the City of London, in England, and one in the Capital of the State; in and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in French, in the city of Paris in France, and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in German, in the City of Frankfort-on-the-Main, in Germany. Such notice shall specify the amount of bonds to be sold, the rate of interest they shall bear, the day and hour of sale, the place of sale, which shall be at the State Capital, and that sealed proposals will be received by the said Loan Commissioners for the purchase of such bonds. Within one month from the expiration of such publication, and on the day and hour named in said notice, the said Loan Commissioners shall open all sealed proposals received by them, and shall award the purchase of said bonds to such bidders as will, in their opinion, make the most advantageous bid for the State; *provided*, that said Loan Commissioners may reject any or all bids, if they deem it to the advantage of the State; and *provided* further, that they may refuse to make any award unless sufficient security shall be furnished by the bidders for the compliance with the terms of their bids; and *provided* further, that said bonds shall not be sold at less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, in gold coin, par value.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer and Controller of State each to keep a separate record of all bonds sold under the provisions of this act, showing the number, date, amount and rate of interest of each bond, and to whom the same was issued.

SEC. 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for the payment of the expense that may be incurred by the Loan Commissioners in having such bonds prepared and said notices published.

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury; and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding soldiers' relief bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

SEC. 8. All persons having any of the bonds specified in section seven of this Act shall, upon presentation of such bonds to the said Loan Commissioners, be entitled to exchange them at their par value for bonds authorized to be issued under this Act, at the rate of ninety-three cents on the dollar, par value; but no bond shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars, but the said Loan Commissioners may issue certificates of such fractional parts not bonded, which said certificate shall be transferable, and entitled to be paid out of the proceeds of the sales of any bonds provided for in section seven of this Act. The Loan Commissioners shall cancel each bond so exchanged, and shall indorse on such bond the date on which they received the same, and from whom, the number and amount of the bond issued in exchange therefor, and shall file such bond in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 9. Whenever there shall be in the State treasury, from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued under this Act, a sum of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, printed in English, one in New York and one in the Capital of the State, for two months, which advertisement shall state the amount of money in the treasury applicable to the redemption of bonds, and the number of bonds, numbering therein the order of their issuance, which are redeemable; and three months from the date of the expiration of such advertisement, such bonds, unless sooner paid, shall cease to draw interest, but the money for the redemption of such bonds shall remain in the treasury to pay such bonds whenever presented.

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this Act, such rate of tax on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the State, to be computed by the Controller of State on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceeding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next ten years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties, in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year, and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the state treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the State treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

SEC. 11. Whenever, on the third day of January or July, in any year, after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of any bonds under this Act, there remains, after the payment of the interest, as provided in the preceding section, a surplus of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, for the space of one month, in one daily newspaper published in English, in the City of New York, and for one month in one daily newspaper published in English, at the State Capital, for sealed proposals, to be opened one month after the expiration of such publication by the Treasurer, in presence of the Governor or Controller, at the State Capitol, for the surrender of bonds issued under this Act, which advertisement shall state the amount of money he has on hand for the purpose of redemption; and they shall accept the lowest proposals, at rates not exceeding par value, as may return the greatest amount of bonds, until the amount of cash on hand for the redemption is exhausted; *provided*, however, in case a sufficient amount of such bonds shall not be offered, as aforesaid, to exhaust the Sinking Fund to a less amount than ten thousand dollars, then it is hereby made the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, one in New York and one at the Capital of this State, for three months, which advertisement shall state the amount in the Sinking Fund, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which such fund is set apart to pay and discharge; and if such bonds so numbered in such advertisements shall not be presented for payment and cancellation at the expiration of such publication, then such funds shall remain in the treasury to discharge such bonds whenever presented, but they shall draw no interest after the expiration of such publication, before any of said bonds shall be paid, they shall be presented to the Controller, who shall indorse on each bond the amount due thereon, and shall write across the face of each bond the date of its surrender and the name of the person surrendering.

SEC. 12. The Treasurer of State shall keep a full and particular account and record of all his proceedings under this Act, and of the bonds redeemed and surrendered, and he shall transmit to the Governor an abstract of all his proceedings under this Act, with his annual report, to be by the Governor laid before the Legislature; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this Act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the Governor or the Attorney General, or a committee of either branch of the Legislature, or a joint committee of both.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to pay the interest on said bonds, when the same falls due, out of said interest Fund, if sufficient, and if said fund be not sufficient, then to pay the deficiency out of the General Fund; *provided*, that the Controller of State shall first draw his warrant on the Treasurer, payable to the order of said Treasurer, for the amount of interest money about to become due, which said interest warrant shall be drawn at least one month previous to the maturing of the interest.

SEC. 14. This Act shall take effect sixty days after the next general election, as to all its provisions, except those relating to and necessary for its submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing and proclaiming the votes, which shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This Act shall be submitted to the people of the State for their ratification, at the next general election, and the qualified electors of this State shall, at said election, on their ballots for State officers, vote for or against this Act; those voting for the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—Yes," and those voting against the same, shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—No."

SEC. 16. The votes cast for and against this Act shall be counted, returned and canvassed, and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for the Treasurer of State, and if it appears that a majority of all the votes so cast are for or against this law, as aforesaid, are in favor of this Act, then the same shall have effect as hereinbefore provided, and shall be irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the Governor shall make proclamation hereof; but if a majority of the votes so cast are against this Act, then the same shall become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this Act published in one newspaper in each judicial district of this State, for three months next preceeding the next general election, for which publication no greater allowance shall be made than the rates allowed by law to the State Printer.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full, and correct copy of Chapter Four Hundred and Eighty-Four, Statutes of California, Eighteenth Session, approved April 2, 1870, now on file in my office.

WITNESS my hand and the great seal of State, at office, in Sacramento, California, the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1871.

(SEAL)

H. L. NICHOLS,
Secretary of State

je10n50n3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, June 10,..... .....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts. ☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Fire in Cerro Gordo—Loss, $10,000

At 15 minutes past 8 o'clock, on the morning of the 6th instant, a fire broke out in a building attached to the smelting works of V. Beaudry, at Cerro Gordo. The flames spread with such irresistible fury that the galamadore, ore room and the principal smelting building were consumed almost before any efforts could be made to arrest the progress of the flames. The coal house, with its contents, alone escaped; a brave crowd of citizens fought the fire like heroes, but little could be effected with the limited means at their command. Inasmuch as no water was thrown upon the machinery to crack and break it, we think that a greater portion can be reset and used again, but the loss will not fall short of $10,000, uninsured. Steps are being taken for the immediate rebuilding of the works, but for a time the heavy bullion shipments from that place will be, perhaps, one-third lighter. Mr. Beaudry, the proprietor, is at present in San Francisco, whither he had gone on account of his health.

Extensive Operations.

A New York company are now engaged in making ready for putting up a furnace and reduction works on Cottonwood Creek, west of Owens Lake, on a more extensive scale than any other similar operation in the county. They have already a building erected, and a strong force at work in putting up another. The plans of the company include the erection of smelting works, a saw mill, a flume for floating down wood and lumber from the mountains, the building of roads, the manufacture of charcoal, and the construction of boats for the shipment of ore, wood, coal and mining timbers across the lake. Sail in, gentlemen—you have the best opening in the world for the profitable employment of capital.

To Celebrate.

The nation's day of jubilee will be observed in Cerro Gordo in due form, the exercises closing in the evening with a grand ball and general housewarming at the new hotel of Mr. John Simpson. Up to the present time, Cerro Gordo has been without a regular hotel, and the opening of a good one is an event of no small moment to residents and visitors of that burg. The fact of the giving of a ball there is notable, also, as a new phase in the life of that country of much mineral and little water, and indicates that numbers of the gentler sex have become residents thereof.

Runaway.

Last Wednesday evening Mr. B. F. Brown and Robert Woodlarge started from this place to Lone Pine in a buggy, drawn by two horses belonging to P. Reddy, Esq. When at that point of the road where it runs near the river bank the buggy struck a knoll and suddenly upset, throwing out the occupants. After running for some distance the horses became detached from the buggy and both ran over the bank into the river. One of them finally got out, but the other was found drowned some two miles below.

Fourth of July Ball

At their regular meeting held last Monday evening, the members of Independence Engine Co. No. 1 resolved to give an entertainment on the night of July 4th, and appointed a committee to make all arrangements connected therewith. That the affair will be an enjoyable one may be assumed, from the success of the last ball given by that company. Further particulars concerning the place, tickets, etc., will be announced in due time.

Silver Sprout.

Mr. Wingard, of the Silver Sprout Company, is now in town, and proposes to resume operations on the company's mines, and start up the mill. Old Kearsarge mountain will resound with life this Summer, yielding immense wealth from his belts of mineral.

Meeting.

The Democratic County Central Committee meets at this place next Monday, for the purpose of appointing a time for the holding of primaries, Convention, etc. We have, as yet, heard of no movement on the part of the Republicans.

Can Not Accept.

We state, authoritatively, that A. N. Bell, Esq., whose name has been prominently mentioned as a Democratic candidate for Representative, will not accept of the nomination, for the reason that his business will not allow his absence.

Selling Out.

By notice elseweere it will be seen that the well known firm of Daneri & Stewart at Lone Pine, are selling off their large stock of goods at cost, for the purpose of closing out. Purchasers will do well to consult them.

The First.

Isaac Friedlander is entitled to the honor of being the first who has made application for mining patent in Inyo County. It is for the well known Eclipse mine, and is number one for this county, though not for this land district.

Barbering.

W. H. Huff has changed his location to a new building near the Court House, where he has every convenience for hair cutting, shaving, giving baths, etc., with a "boot black" in attendance. See his "ad."

Fresh Fish.

Lone Piners are enjoying weekly arrivals of trout from Kern River. Hunting and fishing in that locality is represented as A 1.

To Typos.

If there is an unemployed printer in the county who is willing to take a "sit" for a few weeks, we would like to have him make himself manifest.

County Warrants.

Holders of $305 80 worth of County Warrants are notified that their cash is ready, at the County Treasurer's office.

Expelled.

Some half dozen absent and non-paying members of the fire company were expelled at the last meeting. Served 'em right.

Special.

A special meeting of Independence Engine Co. No. 1 will be held next Monday night, at the usual hour and place.

KEARSARGE.

The Mine, Mill and Improvements.

By invitation, we last Wednesday accompanied Superintendent Winters up to the famous Kearsarge mill and mine, for the purpose of seeing the mill in operation with its new motive power, and to indulge in a ride over the railroad. After enjoying the generous hospitalities extended, we passed into the mill, noted the changes since last seeing it, and went out on to the dump to watch the movements of

THE RAILROAD.

Way up the steep mountain side an ore car could be seen just starting down the incline, and in a few moments another was seen making its way up. In the distance, these cars appeared to creep, but experience afterwards demonstrated that they move anything but slow. In company with Mr. E. Harris, assayer at the mill, we walked up to the dump for loading wagons at the foot of the tramway. Climbing into the car, a signal was given, a little cord attached to the institution straightened out and up we went.

The road is 1,809 feet long from drum to dump, single track, with a self-acting switch—or rather it is so constructed that a double flange on the outside wheel of each car causes each to unerringly take its own side. The switches are 130 feet long, this being the only double track on the road. The grade varies from 28 to 60 degrees, the latter gradient occurring at two places called the upper and lower "falls." The ties are of hewn yellow pine, 8 by 12 inches, laid 18 inches apart, while the rails are composed of 4x8-inch stuff, fastened to the ties by 12-inch wrought iron spikes. The track-iron is one-half inch thick and 1½ inches wide; and the gauge of the road is exactly 3 feet. In some places immense ledges of rock have been blasted away; in other places it was found necessary to erect trestle work. The great labor and difficulty of getting the road materials in place can only be understood by those familiar with the abrupt, dangerous slopes of the Sierras. The cable is of the best steel wire, five-eighths of an inch in diameter, requiring a strain of 45 tons to break. The cars pass up under a shute from the ore dump to load, which is done by simply raising a gate. The cable passes once around a groove in the center of the cylinder or drum at the top, which is 10 feet in diameter, and is constructed with the utmost strength and solidity. The affair is governed by a powerful lever brake, acting directly upon the drum; this is now in charge of Mr. Dan. Shehan, an experienced brakesman, from the Yellow Jacket mine, Gold Hill, Nevada. The time occupied in the transit of an ore car is 3 minutes, which will be shortened when the road is solidly battasted and graded up as is intended. The cars each weigh 1 000 pounds, with a capacity of 2,000 pounds of ore; at present, however, 1,500 pounds are sent down at a load, the up car carrying 800 pounds of timber, etc., for the mine. The affair works to a charm, and is indeed a triumph of engineering, reflecting credit upon those who originated and executed the work—Gen. Winters and Mr. I. F. Thompson.

THE MINE.

Between the head of the tramway and the mine is a tunnel of 90 feet in length through a cliff of rocks, through which is extended the car track from the lower tunnel of the mine. Previous articles concerning this property render unnecessary a detailed description of the mine, and we will only speak of the changes which have occurred since our last report. At a distance of 190 feet from the entrance of the tunnel a shaft of 35 feet in depth has been sunk, disclosing a very handsome body of ore. The ledge at this point is 4 feet in width, and composed throughout of lively, rich looking rock. At a point 130 feet in, a raise of 20 feet has been made, with air-shaft and shute, on the ledge and in good ore, to connect the lower tunnel with both the upper works of the mine, for prospecting and ventilation purposes. A raise of 35 feet further reaches the level of the middle tunnel, which is to be driven in 200 feet more. From this point a raise of 60 feet taps the bottom of a 210-foot shaft in the upper tunnel, or the main old workings of the mine. The great advantages of this work in the way of facilitating the handling of ore, ventilating and opening the mine, is manifest, especially as there is no dead work about it; the entire work is within the ledge. A force of fourteen men are now employed, in charge of Mr. James White, who is an old Comstocker, as are most of his men.

Some singular ideas are prevalent concerning the true merits of this mine, which have been greatly underestimated by those who know nothing about it. Its

ENORMOUS WEALTH

can perhaps be no better set forth than by stating that the average assay of ledge matter from every portion of the mine, taken with the utmost care to obtain a result rather *under* than over its actual value, shows $140 per ton, and

A RICH STRIKE,

which had yesterday (the 9th instant) developed itself into a body of ore two feet in width, has been made, which completely eclipses anything formerly opened in the mine. In the sink from the bottom of the lower tunnel, at the very lowest depth opened, has been struck a body of ore of the width mentioned, rapidly widening with the dip of the east wall, composed of black sulphuret ore, free from base metal and immensely rich. Before the company began their improvements, and prior to the present developments, Mr. — Lockhart, a mining engineer of great experience and undoubted scientific attainments, made a most thorough and extended examination of this property, and reported one million four hundred thousand dollars worth of ore in sight.

Returning to the tramway, we tried to bribe Dan to let us go easy, and getting on a half-loaded car, started down. Going up was not unpleasant, but pitching rapidly down over those cliffs superinduces a sensation simply terrific. Trusting to luck, however, and the cool nerve of the brakesman at the top, we stood up and watched the narrow track way below, with the consoling reflection that if we could not stop or brake the car we might at least break our neck.

From the end of the road the rock is loded into a regular Gold Hill quartz wagon, engineered by Mat Behan, which carries 10,000 pounds to a load, taking it down a distance of perhaps 600 yards to

THE MILL,

Where it is dropped to the battery through the floor of heavy staging of dump. The ore is shot directly to the battery floor, without handling. The great improvements here consist mainly of the new power, which is obtained from a 13½-inch

LEFFEL DOUBLE TURBINE WHEEL.

It is supplied with water by a ditch from Kearsarge Creek, heading about one-half mile above the mill. This is 100 rods long, running on a rather uneven grade of 3 inches to the rod. At a point 300 feet above the mill the water enters a tank, with which the pen stock of the main pipe is connected. The water is conducted downward for a distance of 200 feet in a tight flume, and then enters the iron pipe which conducts it to the wheel. This is constructed in three sections, of different sizes and thickness of iron. The first length is 22 inches in diameter, ⅜-inch iron and 50 feet long; the next 18 inches in diameter, ¼-inch iron and 200 feet long; the last is 10 inches in diameter, ¼ inch iron and 50 feet long, the whole giving a vertical fall of 125 feet. The wheel itself could be contained in a box three feet square, and the performances of this little joker are

ABSOLUTELY WONDERFUL.

With little more than one third its full head of water, it furnishes 40-horse power, and revolves at the rate of 1,135 times per minute, making the heavy sheets of rubber belting fairly hum with the speed; the engine formely in use is dismantled and completely vanquished by its more powerful little rival. The speed of the wheel is regulated by a simple contrivance within itself, and the works present the unusual principle of power being geared *down*—or each driving wheel being much smaller than its respective pulley. The stoppage mentioned by us last week was caused by a

DEFECTIVE CASTING,

the jacket or covering of the wheel proving itself to be so full of flaws as to reflect disgrace upon the machine shop it came from. The wheel itself, which was probably made in the East, is simply a perfection of strength and power, but the jacket, which should resist a force of 9 tons, contained a "*cold short*" of 15 inches. This had been refilled, plastered up and smoothed over at the foundry. The break extended across the top, down the sides and back along the base, in all a distance of 50 inches. This would have appalled most anybody but Kearsarge mechanics, but by bolting on a number of heavy wrought iron bands they made it stronger than ever, and saved a long and costly delay. Another serious difficulty, the pouring through the wheel of immense quantities of sand, has been obviated by the blasting and cutting out of a large reservoir near the end of the ditch, out of which the water passes smoothly and free from sediment.

THE WORKING MACHINERY

of the mill has been thoroughly overhauled, lined-up and re-babbitted and now works to perfection. With the finest of screens, the battery delivers as much pulp from ten hours' running as can be worked by the six pans in twenty-four; but six more pans are on the ground and will be put in position immediately. The stamps are now run at a speed of 85 drops per minute, and fall 9 inches. By increasing the fall and using coarser screens, the capacity of the mill, with the new pans, is readily increased to 30 tons per day, with a working force of but two more men. Eight men are now employed directly at the mill, including the foreman, Mr. T. S. Conley. Wm. Josselyn, Joseph Berry and David Noey are the machinists who put the wheel, etc., in place, while a sort of general responsibility rests upon Mr. Harry Clauson.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

INDEPENDENCE, June 3, 1871.

The Republican County Central Committee met at the store of J. B. Rowley, in Independence, on Friday, June 2d, at 8 o'clock.

P. W. Bennett and H. W. Gould were appointed Delegates to the State Convention.

The following gentlemen were appointed members of the County Central Committee: J. G. Bircham of Round Valley, M. S. Clarke of Bishop Creek, and L. K. Wicks of Deep Spring Valley.

No other business transacted.

J. EARL, Chairman.

F. K. MILLER, Secretary.

Announcements.

Sheriff A. B. Elder this week announces that he will be a candidate for re-election. Mr. Elder is an able and popular man. Milton S. Clark, of Bishop Creek, also announces himself as a candidate for County Clerk. Mr. Clark is a gentleman well qualified for the position. Both are Republicans.

Wagon Making and Painting

Mr. J. G. Payne has resumed business at his old place, and announces that he is prepared to attend to wagon and carriage making, painting, paper hanging, etc. Read his advertisement.

A Free Fight

Over cards and whisky was indulged in at May's saloon yesterday afternoon, resulting in a number of black eyes and bloody noses, but there was nobody hurt enough to do any good.

Not a Candidate.

We are authorized to announce the fact that S. G. Sneden is not a candidate for the office of Sheriff, as has been proposed by his friends.

The Last Run.

The last run of Beaudry's furnace at Cerro Gordo, which was closed on the 29th ult., continued 30 days and turned out 3,200 bars of bullion.

A Good Sign.

That one which Harris & Rhine put in possition over their store yesterday. It is a sign that they understand the merits of all kinds of advertising.

Correspondence.

Letter from Cerro Gordo and one from Palmetto next week.

A Scream

And so does Peter Margalot. He has it for sale.

POLITICAL.

W. T. GRANT

HEREBY RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. je3tf

P. HARRINGTON

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my27td*

For Member of the Assembly.

D. B. CURTISS RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a condidate for Member of the Assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention. my27td*

THOS. J. GOODALE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of Sheriff of Inyo County, at the ensuing election. my20tf

W. L. MOORE

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for County Clerk, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my13td*

I. P. YANEY,

OF BISHOP CREEK, RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for the office of County Clerk—subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. my6td*

J. B. WHITE

OF INDEPENDENCE, WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. my44td*

C. MULKEY

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my6td*

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. m*35n29tv2

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,

FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,

Best Quality Crushed Sugar,

FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

BLANKETS,

Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRESS GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

HOSIERY,

PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Saddles and Bridles,

Hardware,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

GROCERIES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 14, 1871. fe18n34tf

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County.

Apply to

V. BEAUDRY,

ap29 44tf Cerro Gordo.

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notions,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20 n47tf

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVIDSON, J. F. M. FERRAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement

We retain our old motto of

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes.

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO

Independence, February 25, 1871. L35n3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, June 10,.....1871.

The Chicago Stock-yards.

Chicago is a great distributing center for cattle, hogs, and sheep. By ten different railways they are brought hither, to be sent off again Eastward, or killed and cured here. In pork-packing, Chicago threatens to leave Cincinnati far behind; and, in 1869, 403,102 head of cattle, 1,621,860, hogs, and 340,072 sheep were brought there. A correspondent of The New York Evening Post, writing from Chicago, gives the following account of the stock-yards of the latter city, which are are said to be the greatest and most complete in the world:

"The 'Union Stock-yards,' as this vast establishment is called, is an example of the throughness with which these Western men do what comes in their way. It lies half an hour by rail from the center of the city, contains 345 acres of land, has a capacity for 21,000 head of cattle, 75,000 hogs, and 22,000 sheep, with stalls for 350 horses—in all, for 118,350 animals. When all the ground is covered with pens, it will accommodate 210,000 head of cattle. There are now 100 acres of pens for cattle, all floored with three-inch plank, besides a great area in which the cattle stand on the ground. I do not know what effect the following figures will have upon your minds, but they will give you at least some notion of the work that has been done here, and most of which has been accomplished in six months. There are 50 miles of underdrainage, not very thorough, I should think, for the ground is very flat; 10 miles of streets and alleys, all paved with wood; 3 miles of water troughs; 10 miles of feed troughs; 2,300 gates; 1,500 open pens, heavily fenced in with double plank, nailed to stout and frequent posts; 800 covered sheds for hogs and sheep; 22 million feet of lumber were used on these structures, and 500,000 pounds of nails; 17 miles of railroad track, with 60 switches and frogs, connect every railroad that runs into Chicago with the stock-yard by a special track. The water is supplied by two artesian wells, one dug to the depth of 1,032 feet, and another to the depth of 1,190 feet. These send water into tanks 45 feet high, whence it is distributed in all the pens and sheds, there being a hydrant in each of these. The water can be shut off from any or all of the divisions at pleasure, and, to guard against loss by fire, fourteen fire-plugs are distributed over the grounds, and one thousand feet of three-inch hose are at hand."

Another Whitewash.

The following is sent out by the Lighthouse Board of the Treasury Department:

"The following recipe for white-washing has been found to answer on wood, brick and stone, nearly as well as oil paint, and much cheaper: Slake half a bushel of unslaked lime in boiling water, keeping it covered during the process. Strain it and add a peck of salt, dissolved in warm water; three pounds of ground rice, put in boiling water and boiled to a thin paste; half a pound of powdered Spanish whiting, and a pound of clear glue, dissolved in warm water; mix these well together, and let the mixture stand for several days. Keep the wash thus prepared in a kettle or portable furnace, and when used put it on as hot as possible, with painters' or whitewash brushes.

"Not Ashamed."

It must have been with infinite chuckle, and many of what Cooper describes as old Leatherstocking's long, inward laughters, that Henry Ward Beecher, during a vacation, heard one of his own published sermons delivered in an obscure villiage. At the close of service he accosted the "divine," and said, "That was a very good discourse; how long did it take you to write it?"

"Oh I tossed it off one evening when I had leisure," was the reply.

"Indeed!" said Beecher. "It took me longer than that to think out the framework of that very sermon."

"Are you Henry Ward Beecher?"

"I am," was the reply.

"Well, then," said the unabashed preacher, "all that I have to say is that I ain't ashamed to preach one of *your* sermons anywhere!"

High Strung.

Said an American to an Irishman: "My ancestors came from Ireland; my name is Bryant. Did you ever know any people of that name in Ireland?" "Oh, yes, a great many." "Well, what sort of people were they? Pretty high strung were they not?" "Oh, yes; I've seen a great many of them strung so high that their feet did not touch the ground."

Worth Knowing.

Any hard steel tool, says The Boston Journal of Chemistry, will cut glass with great facility when kept freely wet with camphor dissolved in turpentine. The ragged edges of glass vessels may also be thus easily smoothed by a flat file.

—An old lady at the Albia conference thus tells her experience at class meetings:

"Dear sisters and brethren, as I come to this 'ere meeting, I see an old cow standing by the fence a switching her tail; yes there she was, happy and contened, a switching of her tail, and the words of the 'Postle Paul came to my mind, 'Go thou and do likewise.'"

—Large quantities of bees are shipping for Salt Lake. We presume the old Elders are getting so they have to be stung. So says The White Pine News.

LEGAL NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the name firm and style of ROWAN & BROTHER, in Inyo and Mono Counties, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

JOSEPH ROWAN,
JAMES ROWAN.

Bishop Creek, May 25, 1871. n49t3*

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice's Court of the Third Township, County of Inyo, State of California, in the suit of Faneri & Stewart against John Collister, duly attested the 10th day of May, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Lot No. 7, Block No. 9, in the Town of Lone Pine, County of Inyo, State of California, said lot having a front on Washington street of fifty feet, and extending back between parallel lines one hundred feet. Also, all the tenements and improvements thereon.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, County of Inyo, I will sell the above dedescribed property to the highest bidder or bidders for Cash, United States gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. Talcott, Under Sheriff.

May 27, 1871. my.7n48-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of J. B. Hiskey against the Deep Spring Valley Mining Company, duly attested the 13th day of May, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of said Defendant in and to one quartz mill and machinery, known as the Deep Spring Valley quartz mill.

One dwelling house.

One store house.

All of the above described property situate, lying and being in Deep Spring Valley, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the County of Inyo, I will sell the above described property to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, U. S. gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. Talcott, Under Sheriff.

May 20th, 1871. my20n47t3

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

BUENA SUERTE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of mine in the Lone Pine District, Inyo County, State of California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Buena Suerta Mining Company, held at the office of H. W. Gould, in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, said County and State, pursuant to notice duly given, H. W. Gould being the only member present, the following assessment of $1 per foot was levied against each member of said company, for the purpose of working and developing said mine. Said assessment made payable to H. W. Gould at his office aforesaid on or before the 25th day of March, 1871, and that said assessment has been due thirty days.

H W Gould, 625 feet, at $1 per foot.....	$625 00
H Bush, Jr, 150 feet, at $1 per foot.....	150 00
Cerro Gordo and Virginia M. Co., 150 feet, at $1 per foot.....	150 00
P W Bennett, 50 feet, at $1 per foot.....	50 00
J B Rowley, 50 feet, at $1 per foot.....	50 00
M D Plummer or agent, 50 feet, at $1 per foot.....	50 00
G W Cornell or his representative, 125 feet, at $1 per foot.....	125 00
Antonio Meresol or his representative, 200 feet, at $1 per foot.....	200 00

apr22n43t8 H. W. GOULD.

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—FOR A—

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THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County. Apply to

V. BEAUDRY,
ap29n44tf Cerro Gordo.

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

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CHALFANT & PARKER,
Proprietors.

Independence, Cal., March 25, 1871. tf

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L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2 tf

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all his branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.

Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39tv2

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MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

FLOUR.

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

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At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, October 30, 1870. n17m3

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—OR THE—

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A New and Remarkable Book.

THIS BOOK CONTAINS 447 PAGES OF ORIGINAL matter, divided into 13 chapters, treating upon the physical conformation of the earth and kindred subjects. It proves, conclusively that the globe can not be solid, neither is it a thin, frail crust filled with molten lava or raging fires, but a beautiful spherical shell, formed upon mechanical principles, with an interior habitable surface as well as one that is exterior; that it is built in the most economical manner, only containing sufficient material to ensure the required strength. It shows the necessity of more territory than exists upon the outside, and that there must be a spacious accessible gateway within the unexplored open Polar Circle between the two surfaces. The work treats upon the nature of historic events, showing that each one is prophetic of its successor, and that all of the past have been required to render the future more astounding developments of history possible. It treats upon the Open Polar Sea and its causes; the phenomena of Volcanoes and Earthquakes; also, Gravitation, proving that there can be no reciprocal attraction of that character between the heavenly bodies. The chapter upon the Nebulous or Igneous theory must eradicate every vestige of that absurd conception from the minds of thinking men. The one upon Spiritual and Material Forces gives a clear and comprehensive idea of that department of nature, while another presents the natural method of building worlds, and still another treats upon inherent powers and progressive development. The final chapter on human vision is amply worth the price of the book. The work must be read to be appreciated.

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Mrs. L. HUTCHISON, Agent.

my27n48 n1 Bishop Creek, Inyo Co., Cal.

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Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,
HENRY SHROEDER,
DIRECTOR.

New York, September 31, 1870.

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They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing the combined properties of the best of all the celebrated Bitters.

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Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

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Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

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Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

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CHALFANT & PARKER

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Saturday, June 17.....1871.

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PAUL W. BENNETT,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [w9tf]

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Justice of the Peace,
BISHOP CREEK PRECINCT.
Office at Sneden's Hall. n1v16m

J. J. MOORE,
Justice of the Peace,
LONE PINE PRECINCT.
aug 8n65 ly

JOHN A. HANNAH,
Justice of the Peace,
FIFTH PRECINCT.
MINING RECORDER,
CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.
n10v1ly

A. B. ELDER
SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY
L. A. TALCOTT,
UNDER SHERIFF.

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,
Watch Maker and Jeweler,
Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.
ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46m3

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my20n47tf

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AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms. my20n47m3

THE MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.
OF NEW YORK
Organized 1842.
Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.
F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.
Assets July, 1870, $11,000,000 Cash.
THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.
HARRIS & RHINE,
Agents for Independence and vicinity
my20n47tf

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,
—THE—
Pioneer Blacksmith
—OF—
OWENS VALLEY.
THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.
Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.
Of every description.
Wagon Work
Done in the best style at reasonable terms.
Agricultural Implements
Made and repaired.
UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.
A. PARKER.
Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

RE-OPENED.
MORSE & ROBINSON
HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do
BLACKSMITHING,
—AND—
Wagon Making,
In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,
EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.
Horse Shoeing, $3 00,
And all other work in the same proportion.
MORSE & ROBINSON.
Independence, March 25, 1871. m25n29tf

HOTELS.

INYO HOTEL.
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.
W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.
THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.
October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK
STAGE HOUSE.
JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.
TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.
Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.
MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.
Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12-6m

New French Restaurant
—AND—
CHOP HOUSE.
PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.
PETER MARGALOT.
Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

EXCHANGE
HOTEL.
STAGE HOUSE.
Independence, Cal.
THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS THANKS TO her patrons for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having completed her NEW HOUSE, and furnished it in the best manner, families can be accommodated with either single rooms or en suite. The traveling public will find the best of meals and good, clean beds at this Hotel.
MRS. M. E. BLANEY, Proprietoress.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 9th, 1870.
n1v1 3m

LIVERY STABLES.

Cerro Gordo
FEED STABLE.
DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.
ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

AURORA
EXCHANGE STABLE,
PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.
S. G. COBB,.....Proprietor.
SADDLE HORSES,
Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,
—TO LET ON—
Reasonable Terms
HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.
n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

HUNT'S
LIVERY & FEED STABLE,
—LONE PINE, Cal.—
HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.
I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n26-6m

EAGLE
Livery and Feed
STABLE,
Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,
Independence, Cal.
HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of
BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,
At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of
Hay and Grain
On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.
THOS. J. GOODALE.
Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

FLOUR.

FLOUR.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A
FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT
At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of
FAMILY FLOUR,
Ground and Unground Feed,
At the lowest rates.
n23tf RUSSELL & CO.

SALOONS.

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.
Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.
BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors
The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.
n13jv93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.
THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.
AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.
n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

SAZARAC SALOON.
INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.
John Wallace, Proprietor.
Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand.

LONE PINE
Pioneer Saloon,
C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeps — regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

INYO SALOON,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.
HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8a29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The
TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.
DAVISON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
fe4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON
CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE.
A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.
A Fine Billiard Table,
With fittings complete, in connection.
n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

TRAVELING.

INDEPENDENT
EXPRESS & PASSENGER
LINE
To Los Angeles Direct.
H. W. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition Line of steamers for San Francisco.
Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the State, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.
☞Collections and commissions promptly attended to.☜
The above line of stages will run as follows:
Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angeles on the 8th and 23d of each month.

Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via. Los Angeles	$27 50
Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via. Los Angeles	24 50
Fare to Los Angeles	20 00

AL. BIGGS, Agent at Independence.
C. MULKEY, " " Lone Pine.
my20n47m3*

CITIZENS' STAGE LINE.
CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,
Carrying United States Mail
—AND—
Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.
From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:
Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.
" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.
" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 4 A. M.
" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M.
T. W. DEXTER, General Agent.
Independence, May 5, 1871. n39tv2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro
RAILROAD.
ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.
Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
☞First class passenger cars will run regularly.☜
☞NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.☜
JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29-1y E. L. HEWITT, Superintendent.

DRUGS, ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,
—SUCCESSOR TO—
A. A. GREEN,
—Wholesale and Retail—
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,
AURORA, NEVADA.
DEALER IN
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,
And a splendid assortment of
TOILET ARTICLES.
Brushes of Every Description.
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,
For medicinal purposes.
ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tftc

JOHN LENTELL,
Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,
—Dealer in—
Drugs & Medicines
CHEMICALS,
Patent Medicines,
For Man and Beast,
FINE PERFUMERY
SAGE CATARRH REMEDY.
Hair Restoratives & Dyes.
SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,
STATIONERY,
AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of
Tobacco & Cigars.
CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.
fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek
CASH STORE.
SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of
CROCERIES,
Provisions,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,
HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloth Piece Goods,
Clothing, Hardware,
Crockery and Glassware,
TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,
POWDER AND SHOT
Flasks and Pouches.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
Manufactured to order.
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS
AND STATIONERY.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
PAINTS AND OILS
Wall Paper,
CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC
All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.
SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

RULOFF.

The life of this remarkable man has scarcely a parallel, either in its romantic, criminal or scholastic phase. Briefly told, it is this: His right name was Ruloffson. He was born at St. John, New Brunswick, upwards of fifty years ago, of humble parentage. He enjoyed but the commonest educational advantages, and at the age of about eighteen he entered a store as clerk. The store was twice burned during the two years he was engaged in it—whether by his hands or through a fatality that attended him, is uncertain; and at the end of that time he became a student in a law office. His legal pursuits were interrupted by his arrest for robbing the store of his late employers, and he was sentenced to two years' imprisonment, at the expiration of which he disappeared from his native place. A year or two after, he made his appearance in the neighborhood of Ithaca, in the State of New York, where he found employment as a teacher. After a while, he married a young girl, a former pupil, and subsequently commenced practice as a herb doctor, blending certain mesmeric and cabalistic mysteries with his simpler medical pretensions. During this period, an event occurred which, in the light of later developements, assumes murderous proportions. His relations with the family of his wife were unfriendly, yet he was called to prescribe for a child of his brother-in-law, which died suddenly under his treatment, and whose death was quickly succeeded by the still more singular sudden death of its mother, who was in pefect health at the time Ruloff began his attendance. Their remains were analyzed thirteen years after, and positive evidences of poison obtained but it was uncertain if these might not have come from the decayed coffins or the surrounding soil. But meanwhile, the suspected prisoner had left a surer, though no less secret, trace of his murderous hand. His wife and babe suddenly and mysteriously disappeared. They were seen as usual one afternoon; a neighbor's daughter spent the evening with them; but from that time—though twenty-five years have elapsed—they have never been seen again. On the morrow, Ruloff borrowed a team from a neighbor living opposite, and asked him to assist in loading a large case, which he stated contained books that he was removing to a place not far distant. He drove away cheerfully, overtook some school children and invited them to ride, sat upon the box and amused them with merry songs, dismissed them at the schoolhouse and continued on his journey. No human being has ever unraveled the mystery, but it is supposed the case contained the bodies of his wife and child, and that in the dead of night he sunk them to the bottom of Cayuga Lake. Their disappearance soon excited suspicion, and in reply to inquiries, Ruloff at first stated that they were visiting a little distance away, and then that they had gone to Ohio; but both statements having been ascertained to be false, he was arrested, tried for the murder of his wife and convicted. He appealed his case on the ground that no murder had been proved, as no body had been produced, and the Supreme Court sustained the appeal. He was then tried for the abduction of his child, and sentenced to ten years imprisonment at Auburn. At the expiration of his sentence he was arraigned for abduction of his wife, but escaped from jail before the case came to trial. From that time little is known of him until the occurrence of the Binghampton murder last year, except that he served a term of two years for burglary at Sing Sing, and figured in similiar offenses in various parts of Pennsylvania and New York. Last fall, two clerks sleeping in a store in Binghampton were awakened at the dead of night by the noise of three burglars ransacking the building. They set upon the robbers, and in the struggle which ensued one of the clerks was shot dead. The burglars escaped for the time, and two days after the bodies of two of them were found in the river, and Ruloff was arrested and identified as the third, and the one who fired the fatal shot. For this he was tried, convicted, and has suffered the extreme penalty of the law.

A Sad Scene in Paris.

One of the saddest sights to be seen in Paris since the commencement of the series of agonizing scenes which for months made life in that city so deplorable, was witnessed the other day on the Champs Elysees, when the women and children from Neuilly, which had been the theatre of so much fighting for three weeks previously, came straggling into the city for refuge from their melancholy situation in that villiage. Three ambulances full of little girls were brought in from a kind of a hospital or home for incurable female children at Nevilly. Some were hunchbacked, some deformed, and others, while being carried into the Palais de l'Industrie, were taken in on stretchers, some were on crutches, and one or two were pallid with the approach of death. Every ambulance was accompanied by a Sister of Mercy. These poor little creatures had been living and dying in damp cellars since the hostility in Neuilly. Women who stood around wept to see such a sight.

—In the country they blow a horn before dinner; in the city they take one.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, June 17.....1871.

WHY?

We would like an explanation of the cause of such outrageous delays in the transit of mails from and to Los Angeles. It matters not by which line—north or south—papers may chance to come, from two to four weeks elapse before they reach their destination.

The people of Inyo county have reason for the profoundest contempt for the supposed "public servants" who have in hand the providing of our postal facilities. With one of the finest counties in the State, of great present and unsurpassed prospective wealth, a population of over two thousand and rapidly increasing, we are awarded pay for the convenience of *weekly* mails only, and they managed with the most consummate looseness.

As an instance of the disinterested motives and tireless efforts in our behalf by our chosen representatives at Washington, we will state a fact which came to our knowledge a few weeks ago. Some three months before the adjournment of the last Congress, a petition for an increased mail service was forwarded to a worthy member from this State, accompanied with an earnest appeal for his co-operation. The notice taken and answer given came several months afterwards, when the gentleman had safely arrived in San Francisco, and was to the effect that if he should be re-elected he would take great pleasure in forwarding the interests of the petitioners. With due deference to the gentleman's great abilities, a great many in this county are willing to forego his valuable services as an advocate of our special interests.

ANOTHER CHANGE.

We are this week furnished with another illustration of the beauties of our system of inter-communication. After twice changing publication day in our efforts to connect with the stages and get the paper to its readers in the county within a week after its issue, Saturday morning was finally selected as exactly answering the purpose. By working all night Friday, our columns could be kept open until after the arrival of the Cerro Gordo stage, which generally brings to hand matters of importance. But the infinite wisdom of the general agent of the stage lines running through this county has dictated a change on the Cerro Gordo route which renders connection impossible and entails a delay of two days before the papers can get to Lone Pine—twenty miles distant. We feel in hopes the proposed opposition may soon be put on and we may then stand a living show. However it may affect others this change is a serious blow on us, and one that we shall not patiently submit to.

The Best Way.

Referring to the great difficulty of finding men of sufficient mental opacity to make good jurors in capital cases, The New Bedford Standard suggests that there be an asylum for jurors established—a commodious building in some retired place, where such as may be under the risk of serving as jurors may be compelled to reside for a fixed term. In such a calm retreat they should be well supplied with everything but newspapers, bnt no book that has not published for at least fifty years. The slightest knowledge of passing public events should be withheld from them; and when cases come to be tried they could be brought from their retreat in a state of the most blissful ignorance, and a panel could be made up without trouble. Unless some plan of this kind is arranged nothing but idiocy can qualify a juryman.

"Morton House."

The serial story entitled "Morton House" now running in Appleton's Journal possesses unusual interest, and all lovers of a purely American and remarkably well written story of Southern life, should send for the back numbers of The Journal containing it. The first chapter appeared in March last, and in successive order every week since. The story will probably continue through the present volume. Appleton's Journal is a 32-page illustrated weekly, published by D. Appleton & Co., New York. Terms, $4 per annum.

—The other day a little shaver was expatiating on the injurious effects of tobacco. Said he: "The oil of tobacco is so poisonous that a single drop on the end of a dog's tail will kill a man in a minute."

SCHOOL MATTERS ON BISHOP CREEK.

Hitherto we have supposed that the people of Bishop Creek were entitled to much credit for energy and determition displayed in school matters, but it now appears there is a lack of a proper spirit there, too. We are told that since the division of the original district, which covered too much territory, the Trustees of the "new district" are making no effort, or are receiving no encouragement, towards organizing a school in that district. We know nothing relative to the available means for school purposes at the disposal of the Trustees, but think it quite likely they are quite limited. "Old Bachelor," who writes to us on the subject, is desirous that a tax under the State school law should be levied to create a fund It is doubtful if the maximum rate per cent. allowed by that law on the taxable property in that district would amount to enough for the purpose. It requires at least $200,000 in taxable property in order to realize enough for a six months' school. The tax under that law must not exceed thirty cents on each hundred dollars.

The law, however, provides that in any school district possessing twenty-five children and taxable property to the amount of $75,000, a tax, by permit of the County Supervisors, may be levied for educational purposes. In this case the rate may be placed high enough to produce a sum equal to the maintainance of a school for six months. In such cases it is the duty of the Trustees to make application for the permit and see it executed. It is still their privilege, without this permit, to call an election, but the rate per cent can not exceed 30 cents on $100.

In the note before mentioned our correspondent says that "the people are standing in their own light by not having a school here, or rather the childrens' light." There is no doubt but there is truth in both assertions. Next to obtaining for children the necessaries of life, parents are morally bound to afford them the means of acquring at least a common school education. It is a duty parents owe not only to their children but to society, and if they wish to escape the after reproaches of their own off-spring they must not now begrudge the trifling sum necessary to maintain a neighborhood school. Parents who are susceptible to shame themselves or have any proper love for their children must not permit them to grow up in ignorance because it costs something to get up a school. Except in the most extreme cases, no plea of want of means should for a moment be allowed to stand in the way of such an object. If too poor to afford the expense when children are young, when will it be better? Certainly not when they have grown up so that their labor enters into the regular economy of the farm or workshop. If kept in ignorance until that time very few but are conscious of shame not only for themselves but the parents, on whom the responsibility falls. Then it matters not how fair the opportunities for attending school but few at that late day have the courage to attempt the simple rudiments of an education, and are likely to remain in ignorance, a reproach to neglectful parents, ever after. In view of these facts, to say nothing of many more bearing on the question, and in the hope it will not be considered officious or out of place, we say to the people of the district from which "Old Bachelor" writes, insist on your Trustees performing their full duty under the law in trying to getup a school, and if it can not be done that way then subscribe, each and all until the desired end is accomplished. A horse or cow had had better be given any time by every man of family in the district than to have no school. In these sparsely settled localities it won't do to depend on taxes or public money solely; something more is required, and parents will have to take the matter in their own hands. When disinterested parties like our correspondent, who have no direct interest involved, except the general credit of the district, are willing to be taxed or make liberal contributions for such a laudable purpose, surely parents ought to be willing to do as much and a good deal more. If the Trustees will not do their duty request them to resign and get men that will. Men like "Old Bachelor" are the very ones for the position.

We hope our next Legislature will pass a law making it obligatory upon all persons having children in charge to give them at least four months in school every year. A number of the States have adopted a law to that effect, the latest being Texas. We have in this State a munificent endowment for schools, but without a law of the kind alluded to its full benefits can never be enjoyed.

—A darkey who witnessed the explosion of a shell for the first time, exclaimed, "See dar! hell hab laid an egg."

MOTION DENIED.

Mrs. Fair's motion for a new trial has been denied. Judge Dwinelle has sentenced her to be hung on Friday, July 28. This result, though clearly sustained in law and evidence, is contrary to general expectation. Notwithstanding her great crime if this woman could escape the extreme penalty of the law there are but few to object. She is a woman; her crime was committed under peculiar provocations not recognized in law, but of weight nevertheless, in public sentiment. The people of this State do not thirst for blood. Since judgment of death has actually been pronounced, a sufficiently impressive vindication of the law would be attained if, by petition of the masses, the terrible sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life. It would redound to the credit of our State not only as an act of mercy, but in some degree as a condemnation of the disgraceful system of concubinage so much in vogue among prominent men, and a system for which they are almost wholly responsible. Evil in some shape invariably follows such connections, and if, as in the case of Crittenden, retribution in blood is the sequence, our sympathy does not all belong to the dead. In all such cases the law should just be vindicated on its broadest principles and no more.

The San Francisco Bulletin relates one of the closing scenes as follows:

The scene in the Court-room from the commencement of the remarks by the Judge, was one of intense interest. The room was not crowded, the general public opinion being that the case would not be decided until evening. At the very opening of the lips of the Court, the spectators and the prisoner felt that the motion was to be denied. The prisoner watched the countenance of the Judge with the most intense eagerness, and when he remarked that he could see no ground for a new trial, she buried her face in her mother's lap and sobbed bitterly. Her little daughter was not with her. As the Judge proceeded, she struggled against emotion and succeeded somewhat in overcoming it. The sound of the Judge's trembling voice was only broken by the sobs of the women in the court-room.

To a Peace Footing.

The army has finally been reduced to a peace footing in accordance with the act of Congress of July, 1870. Under this arrangement the army will consist of one General, one Lieutenant General, four Major Generals and three Brigadier Generals, with the usual complement of staff in the field. Besides, there will be an Adjutant, Quartermaster General, Commissary and Surgeon General, with respective subordinates; corps of engineers, ordnance department, signal corps, 10 regiments of cavalry, 5 regiments of artillery, 25 regiments of infantry; the military academy and a body of Indian scouts. The rank will consist of 30,000 enlisted men, apportioned as follows: engineers, 300; infantry, 15,000; cavalry, 10,000; artillery, 3,635; non-commissioned staff, ordnance sergeant and men, 30; Indian scouts foot up 1,000; company laundresses, 1,700; employes of the Quartermaster's department, 2,500. The total amount of enlisted men and attaches for whom rations will have to be issued, is 35,284. It is expected that it will be necessary to enlist 6,000 during the year to keep the army up to this standard, and, as the pay will be reduced to what it was before the rebellion, it will be no easy task for commissioned officers to support themselves. They are tendering their resignations in such numbers that there is no longer a surplus, and the Secretary of War has decided to accept no more resignations except for reasons recognized in war times as absolute. Among those who have thus far resigned are many who have achieved reputations for hard service during the war.

A Poor Plea.

The plea of drunkenness in palliation of murder was introduced by the defense in the Foster case. No doubt Foster was drunk. But Foster knew that any irregularity is possible when strong drink domininates the faculties of otherwise good men. He deliberately flung away his judgement and as deliberatly assumed the responsibility for what happened. Mr. Putnam did not sell Foster the dram which maddened him; had Mr. Putnam sold him the liquor, who does not see that it would have been a pretty case of retributive justice? As it is, we do not see how being drunk excuses a man in any respect for crimes committed while in that condition. Greed, which leads to robbery and murder, is as good an excuse as drunkeness. Yea better, in some respects.

—The Texas Legislature has just adopted a common school system in which compulsory education is a prominent feature. A term of schooling not less than four months in each year is required of "all the scholastic population."

LETTER FROM "PICTON."

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

CAMP PALMETTO, Nevada, June 3.

MESSRS. EDITORS: I have been silent so long and my *nom de plume* has been so many weeks absent from the columns of The Independent, it becomes appropos to remind your readers that this detachment of "B," 12th U. S. Infantry "still lives"—that it is yet "the outward picket guard of life" on the edge of Death Valley and other spots in this Paradise. In this connection it is perhaps proper to add that this is my last communication from this place to your spicy journal.

Since my former letter a goodly number of prospecting parties have passed this Post on their way to the surrounding hills and placers; and, as far as I am aware of their doings, they have one and all succeeded in making valuable discoveries of fine lodes of either silver or gold. They unite in proving that beyond a doubt this country is one of the richest mineral regions existing, although well nigh worthless otherwise. I gave your readers this opinion in my first letter, and however much our "Doc." may pooh! and shaw! in opposition, it is yet my firm belief that the time is not far in the future when the readers of The Inyo Independent will find its columns often sprinkled with jottings concerning rich strikes, bullion, great treasures and other matters from Palmetto, Green Mountain and Gold Mountain Districts, Nevada. "Where the carcass is, there the eagles be gathered." A land where the experienced miner is compelled to pause at every hundred yards to examine the croppings of a gold or silver mine as he travels on his journey of discovery, is sure at last to abound with the venturous class of our race; hence, despite the absence of those features which make other localities so pleasant, this Sahara will have to yield to science and capital returns, which the necessities of population always demand.

GOLD MOUNTAIN DISTRICT.

In a former communication I stated that the country at large would yet hear to some purpose of the mines in the mountains eastward of this Post. The fulfilment of my prophesy is more speedy than was then anticipated, as already I find that there is a furore for that region among those who, by some mysterious law of nature, lead the way in developing the wealth of uninviting places. I referred to Messrs. Shaw & Ruth in my last as being busily engaged in constructing an arrastra to work their gold ledge, or rather one of several belonging to them. They selected the least promising one for a test, because of its nearness to water, and found their anticipations more than realized. Mr. Shaw has stopped at this outpost twice since they commenced work in earnest, while on his way to the Peak for supplies, and as a consequence my statement is not only authentic but *official*, in regard to the state of affairs at their claim and the district. He informed us that the result of the first four days run of their mule mill was about sixty dollars; and the average per day since was about eighteen dollars. He exhibited to us the proceeds of the last eight days' run, in the form of a buckskin bag, containing fifteen ounces of retorted gold, which we estimated to be near $260, allowing the fineness of the *oro* to be $13. They have far richer lodes than the one they are working, but not so conveniently situated in regard to water; in truth, water is the great difficulty in these districts everywhere. Yet, scant as it is, those estimable gentlemen can secure their pile in a few years, without serious difficulty, and I am glad of it, for they well deserve it.

GREEN MOUNTAIN DISTRICT.

This is a new creation, but it will be soon enough known to the people as *sonae* in the way of rich ledges. Messrs. Farthing, Gallagher & Co. have commenced work on the "Green Emigrant" lode. They propose, for the present, to transport their ore to Deep Spring, to be worked by the mill at that place, the distance being at least thirty-five miles. They have thoroughly prospected their claim, and find the rock to assay firmly from $700 to $1,200 per ton. In consequence of such richness and the road being very good most of the way, they will realize good returns. The character of their mine is silver, although it will yield gold enough to pay for the mill work. Next to the great ledge at Cerro Gordo, the "Green Emigrant" is likely to prove one of the largest mines in the country. I have seen all the members of the firm in possession, and found them very enthusiastic as to the future. Success attend them.

THE PLACER MINES.

Placer mining will never amount to much in this place, by reason of the want of water; the ground is very rich, but there is no *aqua fontana*, and as you "can not hurra without a hat," neither can a placer be made much of without the fluid extract. Several of this detachment tried their hand at it with a rocker and a bucket or two of water, and succeeded in obtaining about a dollar's worth of the precious metal. Still it is not a paying concern at present. Were there sufficient water for a strong of boxes an ounce a day to the hand could be made; but it is not to be had and "there's an end on't." The tenacity of miners is very great, they never give up hope; when one party fails and quits the ground another is ready to replace them. Yesterday morning a new company of four passed up to try their luck on the very ground which was abandoned by another crowd a few days before. Well, *perseventia vencit omnia.*

SILVER PEAK.

Affairs are at a low ebb at Silver Peak just now, and it is painful to think, in view of the facts of the case, that a town in the very center of a rich mining country could be in so languishing a condition, but such is its position at present. It must be that some day it will start again to importance, when intelligence and capital combine to bring forth the contents of the earth in the vicinity. Americans are not the race I deem them to be if, ere long, this whole country will not overflow with an enterprising people. At present Silver Peak is suffering from the mismanagement of the hirelings of companies, from dishonesty as also incompetency. The place is about as dead as Herculaneum or Pompeii, and I judge that the number of live men in each are about equal, and their business houses on a par. There is a place at the entrance to Herculaneum where they sell relics of the dead city and also wine, and there is a store at the Peak where they have for sale some miners' goods and whisky. The Italians sell relics and the wine very "cheap for cash," but the miners' goods and the whisky are held at a tremendous high figure by our neighbors. Our "Doc." does not seem to have the best opinion of the Peakans since his visit there. He admits, however, that if not very numerous they are a sharp people at a game—too sharp by half at seven up. He says there was one singular feature, quite noticeable in two or three little games of *sell*, in which he took a hand while there, namely, that the man nearest the beans always got out first; and as they took the same seat one after another as it was vacated by the victors, the Doc found himself pronounced *elected*—not to represent the Peak in Carson or Congress, but to pay for the whisky. He tells us he had three dollars and a half when he entered the place, and left in the morning without a cent, murmuring to himself—or his mule—as he traveled:

"I'm as bad as Bill Nye when he played with Ah Sin
And quite as much broke as he ever has been,
Having lost my last half a dollar—
But, in that game they call *sell*,
And for playing it well
Those chaps at the Peak are peculiar
And the same I am free now to tell.'

PALMETTO DISTRICT.

With the exception of this place, this district is worse than even Silver Peak, for it is wholly abandoned and is at this moment is as dead as a cemetery. Not one miner is left to represent the fine claims which have been developed and ready for the advent of capitalists—everything is left for the use of future generations. There is the great Champion lode, which yielded $83,000 in the last forty-two days' run at this mill, left unworked and everything going to ruin. The New York ledge, seven feet wide at sixty feet depth, and assaying steadily $450 to the ton, is left by the owner to the bat and the mole. Dixon & Co.'s two shafts on rock that will pay from $500 to $1,000 are abandoned to the prey of some capitalist that may chance to come this way, simply for the lack of a custom mill, like that of Deep Spring Valley. I might mention others of the same sort, but this will suffice to give your readers an idea of things at Palmetto at present. Except when a party of prospectors pass this way, our detachment is like the pelican of the wilderness—alone. This dreariness, solitude, loneliness (name it as you will) soon affects the soldiers to such an extent that, after the novelty of the place is gone, each man among us feels that natural craving for human society common to civilization, so that although the duty here is light, everyone wishes to be where something like society may be enjoyed.

THIS DETACHMENT.

This outpost of Company "B" has been of incalculable benefit to those who are now doing so well in the Gold Mountains. Mr. Shaw and others freely express themselves to that effect, and they trust that Major Egbert will continue to hold the country for the benefit of the miners and consequently the public. Without this protection from the military it is next to impossible living near the Shoshones—they are the veriest rascals alive.

This is my last epistle for the present. About the Fourth of July I trust to see you in your own den, where I may shake your paw. If I am absent on that day drink success to the glorious Flag at my expense. I have done. *Adios.*

PICTON.

NEWS ITEMS.

England is being petitioned to annex the Fiji Islands.

After July 1st there is to be a semi weekly mail service between Prescott, Arizona, and San Befnardino.

The Sutro tunnel is in a distance of 2,050 feet. The ground now works well. It is of such a nature, however, as to require timbering. A considerable amount of water is at the face of the tunnel.

Gen. T. G. Rodman, inventor of the celebrated Rodman gun, died at the United States Arsenal, Rock Island, Illinois, June 7th.

Thirty thousand dollars is to be given in purses, at the Kalamazoo Track, Michigan. Ten thousand dollars of the amount will be in a purse for three-minute horses.

Colanth, a colt belonging to August Belmont, and valued at $5,000, had his back broken by a fall, from the effects of which he died.

The Hyde Steam Wagon has arrived at Salt Lake City.

Farthquakes are mentioned in the East and elsewhere. An earthquake and volcanic eruption on an island in the China Sea destroyed 600 lives.

The Binghampton Leader asserts that Ruloff confessed to its editor that he fired the shot that killed Myrick, and that he also murdered his wife, insisting, however, repeatedly that he did not kill his child, and that she is still alive, mentioning the name by which she is now known, and the place where she is.

A Washington dispatch says that C. C. Bowen, who has disgraced South Carolina by representing her in Congress, has been found guilty of bigamy. Pending a motion for a new trial he has been held in five thousand dollars bail.

A storm took place in Iowa City, the old capital of Iowa, its Athens, one of the most beautiful cities of the West, and the old stamping ground of the editors of this paper, June 9th, doing great damage. Stores and houses were unroofed and partly demolished. The crops and fruit trees were badly damaged, and one man is reported killed.

The official statement of the funded and floating debt of New York City, as officialy stated on the 1st of May, 1871, was a fraction over $60,500,000; the sinking fund of $17,184,063 is to be deducted, leaving a net debt of about $43,000,000 plus.

Captain Hall is to sail on or about the 25th of this month from New York on his exploring expedition to the Arctic regions.

The President of the Mechanics' Institute has received notice that Japan will send an immense contribution to the coming Fair in San Francisco, which will embrace specimens of almost every branch of manufactures and work in wood and metals and other materials carried on in the Empire. This is expected to be one of the leading features of the Fair.

Owing to the continued obstinacy of the Democratic Central Committee of San Francisco, in refusing to rescind their action in appointing delegates, there is a prospect that a double delegation will be sent from that city.

The Germans of San Jose are organizing for political purposes.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AMERICAN HOTEL,
Cerro Gordo,
Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.
Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. je17y1

GRAND
Fourth of July Ball,
—GIVEN BY—
Independence Engine Co.,
NUMBER 1,
AT MASONIC HALL,
Independence, Cal.

A GENERAL INVITATION IS RESPECTFULLY extended to the public. A powerful band of music has been engaged, and no trouble or expense will be spared to make this the finest affair ever gotten up in the valley.

Committee of Arrangements:
THOS. J. GOODALE, HENRY M. ISAACS, B. P. TASKER, H. C. MORSE, J. E. PARKER.
Reception Committee:
G. W. TODD, B. P. TASKER.
Floor Managers:
WM. G. SQUIRES, JOHN WALLACE.
Floor Director:
JAMES E. PARKER.

TICKETS, - - - THREE DOLLARS,
To be obtained at the Stores of Harris & Rhine and J. S. Rothschild & Co.

HENRY M. ISAACS
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE HIMSELF AS A CANDIDATE for the office of County Treasurer—subject to the ensuing Democratic Convention.

JOHN A. LANK
RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for re-election to the office of Coroner of Inyo County, subject to the Democratic Convention. n51td

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES AND CONVENTION.

AT A MEETING OF THE DEMOCRATIC County Central Committee, held at Independence, June 12, 1871, it was resolved that the apportionment of delegates to the County Convention for the different precincts and townships of Inyo County be made as follows:

Round Valley	2
Bishop Creek	4
Big Pine	2
Fish Springs	2
Deep Spring Valley	2
Independence	3
Kearsarge	1
Lone Pine	4
Cerro Gordo	8

SATURDAY, the TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF JUNE was appointed as the day on which the primaries are to be held; and SATURDAY, the EIGHTH OF JULY, as the day for the meeting of the County Convention, to be held at Independence, at 10 o'clock A. M.

S. P. MOFFAT, Chairman.
HENRY M. ISAACS, Secretary. je17n51td

BISHOP CREEK
Flouring Mills.
RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour
Constantly on hand for sale. Also
FLOUR SACKS
At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.
RUSSELL & CO.
Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. n51m6

BLACK ROCK
SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER,
SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,
SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a south-easterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.
je17n51m3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of C. D. Begole against James Walsh, duly attested the 12th day of June, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of the said James Walsh in and to the Belmont mine, situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the County of Inyo, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, U. S. gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.
By L. A. FALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
June 17th, 1871. je17n51m

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, June 17, ...1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts. ☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

The Ball.

The arrangements being effected for the Fourth of July Ball, by Independence Engine Co. No. 1, are the most complete ever inaugurted for a similar object in this part of the country. The new hall of the Masonic Fraternity is being pushed to completion for use on that occasion, while the music has been engaged without regard to cost or anything else except its quality. The tickets are to be had at the stores of J. S. Rothschild & Co. and Messrs Harris & Rhine; they are sold alone, not including supper, which will doubtless be prepared by both our hotels, and guests will have the option of going where they please for refreshments. The fire company is composed of some of the best of our citizens, who are determined to leave no effort undone to effect the object of their organization—the purchase and running of a fire apparatus in our wooden town. The public are cordially invited to attend the ball on this day of days, and all should do so, if for no other purpose than to give the company treasury the benefit of the price of a ticket or two.

A Rough Accident.

We should last week have reported on a singular accident at the Kearsarge mine, which might have proved a serious matter. The boarding house for the employees of the mine is situated near the mouth of the lower tunnel, directly beneath a steep slope of the mountain, and at a point under the dump of the middle tunnel. As no work was being done above, it was thought safe enough, but week before last a rock became detached and rolled down, fetching up square against the house. The timbers were knocked in, striking one of the men lying in one of the bunks, severely cutting and bruising his head. Proper doctoring, however, will bring him out all right, but the warning caused the removal of the building from its dangerous locality. This is the third time the same house has been taken down and moved.

Town Improvements.

Messrs. J. B. White and B. L. Brown are building, opposite the Court House, a very large livery stable, which looms up grandly. The Masonic Building is rapidly assuming its fair proportions under the hands of the efficient workmen. Mr. I. Harris is adding fine arbor buildings in the grounds surrounding his residence. Mr. J. B. Rowley will shortly replace the dilapitated old rattletrap now occupied as a postoffice by a more commodious building.

Postponed.

The grand opening ball which was announced last week to take place at the American Hotel in Cerro Gordo, on the Fourth, has been postponed in deference to the fire company ball here, as may be seen by reference to our Cerro Gordo letter. We would assure the Cerro Gordoans that this action is appreciated, and no one coming from that place here will have any occasion to regret so doing.

Horse Thieves.

Our county jail is rejoicing in the possession of two more horse thieves at the present time, one of whom was caught while assisting at a rodeo near this place last week, and the other, since then, while perambulating the streets of Lone Pine. We would give names and more particulars, only we don't want to prejudice jurors.

Eclipse.

The Eclipse company are engaged in the building of a smelting furnace at their mine, for the proper reduction of the rich galena ores of that ledge. The contract has been awarded to Messrs. Close & Fink and the work is to be rapidly pushed ahead. They will operate on precisely the same principle as those of Cerro Gordo.

Day Star.

Last Sunday, about the hour of 5 o'clock P. M., the evening star was distinctly visible, while a flood of sunlight burst under the heavy clouds which hung over the Sierras. The sight was indeed grand, and would furnish a theme for the most poetical flight of fancy wild.

Lumber.

Smith & Engle, of the Black Rock saw mill, are doing a rushing business in the way of furnishing all kinds of lumber and timber at short notice. They have adopted the plan of letting contracts for most of their work, logging, sawing, etc. See advertisement.

Application for Patent.

Elsewhere will be seen a renewed notice of application for a patent by the Eclipse company, from the proper hands—the Land Register. We knew the first was informal, but it wasn't our say.

School Law.

Somebody is respectfully requested to return to this office a copy of the School Law, which was left at the school house during the occasion of the recent farcical election.

Republican Committee.

The Republican County Central Committee is called to meet at this place on Saturday, June 24th, for important business, the calling of primaries, convention, etc.

Ball at Bishop Creek.

Tim Lewis, with overflowing hospitality, is making arrangements for a grand ball at his place on the coming Fourth. He knows as well how to do such things as anybody.

New Potatoes.

Mr. Earl is bringing into market plenty of fine, new potatoes, beets, and all sorts of "garding sass" from his beautiful place near the Post.

Religious Notice.

Mr. John Tamblyn will preach at the Court House in Independence on Sunday, June 18th, at 11 o'clock, A. M. The public are invited.

Bullion Shipment.

June 12th there were shipped from the mill of Hiskey & Walker, at Deep Spring Valley, two bars of bullion, weighing 320⅝ ounces, valued at $280.

Flour.

The Bishop Creek Flouring Mills are still in the field, furnishing the finest flour and corn meal to everybody. Read their ad.

Wanted.

A man who knows how to make shingles is wanted at the Big Pine saw mill. See notice.

LETTER FROM CERRO GORDO.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

CERRO GORDO, June 12.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Once more a few moments of time are vouchsafed me, in which I am permitted to give you a few dottings. There is, however, a dearth of new items at this time.

The only blowing done here now-a day is by that old mythological son of Asturias and Aurora, Zephyrous, and a few candidates for the suffrages of the dear people. The latter, however, do not disturb our steady-going people to any great degree, neither are they likely to disturb the mental or physical equilibrium of any one, unless it should be one another about the local convention times. But that old sponsor of all blowers does not suffer himself to be forgotten, for even while I am writing he reminds me that there is yet some loose dust, sand and gravel that has not been banished from this country.

OUR TOWN,

Cerro Gordo, is improving. The new hotel of Mr. John Simpson, is a fine addition, and although it is not completed, it is rapidly approaching that desirable condition. The proposed ball and Fourth of July celebration, spoken of in The Independent of last week, is postponed, in deference to the laudable enterprise of Independence Engine Company. The new hotel was inaugurated in its career of usefulness on the first day of the present month, with a list of 130 boarders. No one need, hereafter, have any fears in regard to procuring a square meal, dished up in good shape. The Cerro Gordo Restaurant, adjoining the Cosmopolitan Saloon, kept by Messrs. Harris & Echler, is doing a good business, having a patronage of 34 regular boarders, besides transient custom. Mr. A. A. Mackay is refitting the restaurant building lately occupied by Mr. Simpson, with the view of opening a boarding house. Mr. John Brisco has graded and constructed a substantial stone foundation on his lot opposite the office of Judge Hannah, and intends putting up a commodious building for rent as soon as lumber can be procured for the purpose.

The furnace property of Mr. V. Beaudry, lately destroyed by fire, is being reconstructed as rapidly as necessary material can be procured. It is expected that on the morning of the 19th instant the steam whistle will make the shrill announcement that those works are again in operation.

The works of M. W. Belshaw & Co. are in constant operation. Mr. Wm. Bastion yesterday effected a sale of a small lumber house, with lot 25x50 feet, situated near the dump of the Buena Vista tunnel, for $300. Mr. Belshaw bought the property, together with another house about as good, and two lots, which he purchased some three months ago for $150.

Master John Lock, one of our XVth amendments, has established himself in a new shop opposite the saloon of D. H. Williams, and with razor, soap, brush and blacking, is prepared to improve the physiognomy and polish the understanding of all who may give him a call, and special attention given to candidates for office.

WATER.

The Cerro Gordo Water Company are expecting to receive an invoice of pipe from San Francisco in a few days, when the work of bringing the water into camp will be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible. So our delegation to your Fourth of July celebration will be able to leave here with clean hands. Our saloon keepers will be able to take the fight out of their liquors by adding such quantities of the neutralizing fluid as circumstances may suggest. The children can have clean faces, and the burros no longer bray for water.

CITIZEN.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

INDEPENDENCE, June 12, 1871.

The Democratic County Central Committee met pursuant to call. Present, S. P. McMat, Chairman, T. K. Hutchison, D. Olds, J. J. Moore, W. L. Hunter, D. B. Curtiss and Henry M. Isaacs, Secretary, comprising all the members of the Committee.

On motion, it was resolved that the following apportionment be made for delegates to the County Convention, from the different precincts and townships of Inyo County: Round Valley, 2; Bishop Creek, 4; Big Pine, 2; Fish Springs, 2; Deep Spring Valley, 2; Independence, 3; Kearsarge, 1; Lone Pine, 4; Gerro Gordo, 8.

On motion, the test was fixed as follows: "All qualified electors of the county who will pledge themselves to support the nominees of the ensuing Democratic Convention, will be allowed to vote at the primary elections."

Saturday, June 24th, was appointed as the day on which the primaries are to be held, and Saturday, the 8th day of July, as the day for the meeting of the County Convention, to be held at Independence, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Committee adjourned *sine die*.

S. P. MOFFAT, Chairman.

HENRY M. ISAACS, Secretary.

Primaries and Convention.

By advertisement and the report of proceedings, it will be seen that the County Democratic Central Committee have made the apportionment of delegates to the nominating convention, and appointed the days for the holding of primaries and the Convention. We hear of some Democrats expressing dissatisfaction at the apportionment, inasmuch as Lone Pine is allowed but four delegates and Cerro Gordo eight, Kearsarge is allowed one and Swansea none, or is included with Lone Pine; but the Committee have doubtless thoroughly canvassed the matter and know the wherefores, and an explanation through the columns of this paper would not be amiss. It seems to us, in addition, that the Committee should have named persons to act as judges at the primaries in the different precincts.

For Treasurer.

Mr. Henry M. Isaacs announces himself as a candidate for nomination for County Treasurer on the Democratic ticket. Harry has been urged by his friends to run for Clerk, but seems to have been crowded off the track, and now consents to be a candidate for Treasurer. He has virtually held the office for the last year as Deputy, enjoys the office of Secretary and Treasurer of Inyo Lodge F. and A. M., and is Treasurer of the fire company.

Cerro Gordo.

By some unaccountable means, two or three pages of the MSS. of "Citizen's" letter are missing, compelling the omission of several mining items of importance. Will our correspondent please repeat that portion next time?

For Coroner.

Mr. John A. Lank announces himself a candidate for nomination for Coroner at the hands of the Democrats, for re-election. It would be hard to find a man to beat him.

American Hotel.

The new hotel of Mr. John Simpson and lady, at Cerro Gordo, this week officially announces itself as ready to receive guests. Good.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Old prejudices are dying out. New facts are killing them. The idea that invalids weakened by disease can be relieved by prostrating them with destructive drugs, is no longer entertained except by monomaniacs. Ever since the introduction of Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters, it has been obvious that their regulating and invigorating properties are all sufficient for the cure of chronic indigestion, rheumatism, constipation, diarrhœa, nervous affections and malarious fevers, and they are now the standard remedy for these complaints in every section of the Union.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE

THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE will meet at Independence on SATURDAY, JUNE 24TH, 1871, for the apportionment of delegates to the County Convention, appointing the time for the holding of primaries and convention, and other important business.

J. EARL, Chairman.

F. K. MILLER, Secretary. je17t1

Wanted.

WANTED AT THE BIG PINE BIG SAW MILL, a man that understands sawing Shingles. Apply immediately. BELL & BRO.

je17 5t3

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County. Apply to

V. BEAUDRY,

ap29n44tf Cerro Gordo.

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

je10 50tf

ICE CREAM!

EVERYBODY GO TO THE FRENCH RESTAURANT on SUNDAYS and THURSDAYS, for the finest ICE CREAM.

je10-50tf PETER MARGALOT.

POLITICAL.

A. B. ELDER

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff—subject to the decision of the Republican county convention. n50t1

M. S. CLARKE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. n50t1

W. T. GRANT

HEREBY RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. je3t1

P. HARRINGTON

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my27t1*

For Member of the Assembly.

D. B. CURTISS RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for Member of the Assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention. my27t1*

THOS. J. GOODALE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of Sheriff of Inyo County, at the ensuing election. my20t1

W. L. MOORE

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for County Clerk, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my13t1*

I. P. YANEY,

OF BISHOP CREEK, RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for the office of County Clerk—subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. my6t1*

J. B. WHITE

OF INDEPENDENCE, WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. n44t1*

C. MULKEY

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my6t1*

LUMBER.

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. f4n32 6m*

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. my35n29tv2

SUGAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar,

FIVE POUNDS FOR $1,00,

Best Quality Crushed Sugar,

FOUR POUNDS FOR $1,00,

—AT—

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

ALSO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

BLANKETS,

Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRESS GOODS,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

HOSIERY,

PAPER COLLARS & CUFFS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Saddles and Bridles,

Hardware,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

GROCERIES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

All at CORRESPONDING RATES!

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, February 14, 1871. fe18n34tf

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

NOTICE.

PARTIES INDEBTED TO THE UNDERSIGNED are requested to call and settle up immediately, and save costs.

je10.50ct A. K. BRIGGS.

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

Marino and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20n47tf

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old mottos of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!" ☜

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to all attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, June 17,..... .....1871.

A Reminder of Other Days.

On Saturday we saw creeping about C street, and halting now before a provision store, and now in front of a drug establishment, a little, old, dilapidated two-horse wagon, with weather and travel-stained cover, which, with its owner, contents and all belongings, strongly reminded us of the early days in Washoe when "Pike" used to "come the plains across." The horses were of the "architectural" style, and had a discouraged and sorry look, a perfect reflection of which was to be seen in the face of the pale, little woman seated on the bottom of the wagon, between two children of infantile appearance. The face of the mother looked very sad, and seemed to shrink into the farthest depths of her faded sun bonnet, when curious persons come about the wagon; the children moved their blue eyes, but scarcely their heads, and were as serene and serious of countenance as though aged beyond computation. The creaky looking little old wagon looked as though ready to give up all hope of ever reaching a place of rest, and seemed ready to drop to pieces where it stood, in spite of the rolls of rags braided in between the spokes, to hold the water poured upon them to keep them in the cracked and splintered hubs. The head of the family, a tall, slender man, with sickly sandy whiskers running from ear to ear over his chin, and a faded blue military coat, which reached from above his ears down to his heels, moved about as though he had given up all hope of ever reaching a permanent camp, and was no more jocund than the other members of the family. A little bay colt, some four weeks old, was the only wide-awake thing connected with the peambulating establishment. The family were, they said, on their way from Owen's Valley to Oregon, "and," sighed the woman, "Oregon still seems far away."—*Nevada Enterprise, June 3d.*

The Ardennes Dog.

The dog of the Ardennes accompanies the flock when it leaves the pen-fold in the Spring, only to return when the Winter's snow drives the sheep home again for shelter. Each shepherd possesses one or two of these dogs, according to the size of his flock, to act as sentinels. Their office is not to run about and bark, and keep the sheep in order, but to protect them from outside foes. When the herdsman has gathered his flock together in some rich valley, these white, shaggy monsters crouch upon the ground, apparently half asleep; but now and then the great, sagacious eyes wil open, and passing over the whole of their charge, remain for awhile fixed on the distant horizon, as though they followed a train of thought which led them far away from earth—so sadly do they gaze into the infinite.

But let the mountain breeze bear to his ever-moving nostril the scent of the hated wolf, or his quick ear detect an unknown noise; then is the time to see one of the dogs in his glory. His eyes become black with fierceness; his hair stands erect; his upper lip becomes wrinkled, showing a range of white, formidable teeth, while a low growl alone escapes from his throat. When his keen faculties have detected the whereabout of his foe he rushes forward with a bark that echoes from all the surrounding hills. Every dog that may be near takes up the note, and rushes gleaming through the brushwood to join in the attack. Tender as the childhood he protects, woe to him who dare lift a hand on one of the little ones with whom he has been brought up. It is not he who buys him who is his master; it is he who fed him when a pup, who petted and shared his pittance with him—he it is who has his love, and who reciprocates his faithful affections.—*Overland Monthly.*

The Mont Cenis Tunnel.

A traveler, who lately passed through the Mont Cenis tunnel, coming from Italy, furnishes the Mont Blanc of Annecy, Savoy, with the following particulars: He passed from Bardonneche to the point of junction of the two galleries in less than a quarter of an hour, in a train employed in moving the materials excavated. The way is not yet constructed in its whole width for about a hundred yards in the center, where blasting operations are still going on. But with that exception the double line is completed, and nothing more remains to be done but to replace the temporary rails with permanent ones. The middle of the excavation forms a culminating point, a slope of two in a hundred having been provided on each side for drainage, so that it is consequently from 230 to 250 metres above the level of the entrance.

The temperature is still very high, but that circumstance is accounted for by the necessity of still keeping closed the gates constructed for the requirements of the service, and which are only opened after an explosion to let the smoke escape. The fact has been remarked that when the door is thrown open a current of air is rapidly established, and always in the direction from France to Italy. No one can pass over the line without permission from the principal engineers, in order not to impede the progress of the works, which are expected to be completed in this month and the inauguration to take place in July.

—George Walcott, who killed a soldier at Frankfort, Kentucky, some time ago, and for whose arrest Governor Leslie offered $500 reward, had himself arrested by a friend, who drew the reward and gave it to Walcott. Walcott immediatetly gave the money to the widow of his victim. He was drunk at the time of the killing.

LEGAL.

AN ACT

To Provide for the Payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to Contract a Funded Debt for that Purpose.

[APPROVED APRIL 2, 1870.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of liquidating and providing for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the State of California hereinafter specified, and to lessen the burden of taxation, the Governor of the State, the Controller of State and the Treasurer of State, and their successors in office, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, to be styled the Loan Commissioners of the State of California, and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the duties hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said State, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually, in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of State. The principal of said bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the State affixed thereto; and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Coupons for the interest shall be attached to each bond so that they may be removed without injury or mutilation to the bond; said coupons, consecutively numbered, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the State.

SEC. 4. Before the sale of any of said bonds the said Loan Commissioners shall cause notices of such sale to be published, for the space of one month, in three daily newspapers published in English, one in the City of New York, one in the City of London, in England, and one in the Capital of the State; in and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in French, in the city of Paris, in France, and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in German, in the City of Frankfort-on-the-Main, in Germany. Such notice shall specify the amount of bonds to be sold, the rate of interest they shall bear, the day and hour of sale, the place of sale, which shall be at the State Capital, and that sealed proposals will be received by the said Loan Commissioners for the purchase of such bonds. Within one month from the expiration of such publication, and on the day and hour named in said notice, the said Loan Commissioners shall open all sealed proposals received by them, and shall award the purchase of said bonds to such bidders as will, in their opinion, make the most advantageous bid for the State; *provided*, that said Loan Commissioners may reject any or all bids, if they deem it to the advantage of the State; and *provided* further, that they may refuse to make any award unless sufficient security shall be furnished by the bidders for the compliance with the terms of their bids; and *provided* further, that said bonds shall not be sold at less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, in gold coin, par value.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer and Controller of State each to keep a separate record of all bonds sold under the provisions of this Act, showing the number, date, amount and rate of interest of each bond, and to whom the same was issued.

SEC. 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for the payment of the expense that may be incurred by the Loan Commissioners in having such bonds prepared and said notices published.

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury; and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding soldiers' relief bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

SEC. 8. All persons having any of the bonds specified in section seven of this Act shall, upon presentation of such bonds to the said Loan Commissioners, be entitled to exchange them at their par value for bonds authorized to be issued under this Act, at the rate of ninety-three cents on the dollar, par value, but no bond shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars, but the said Loan Commissioners may issue certificates of such fractional parts not bonded, which said certificate shall be transferable, and entitled to be paid out of the proceeds of the sales of any bonds provided for in section seven of this Act. The Loan Commissioners shall cancel each bond so exchanged, and shall indorse on such bond the date on which they received the same, and from whom, the number and amount of the bond issued in exchange therefor, and shall file such bond in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 9. Whenever there shall be in the State treasury, from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued under this Act, a sum of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, printed in English, one in New York and one in the Capital of the State, for two months, which advertisement shall state the amount of money in the treasury applicable to the redemption of bonds, and the number of bonds, numbering therein the order of their issuance, which are redeemable; and three months from the date of the expiration of such advertisement, such bonds, unless sooner paid, shall cease to draw interest, but the money for the redemption of such bonds shall remain in the treasury to pay such bonds whenever presented.

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this Act, such rate of tax on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the State, to be computed by the Controller of State on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next ten years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties, in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year, and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the State treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

SEC. 11. Whenever, on the third day of January or July, in any year, after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of any bonds under this Act, there remains, after the payment of the interest, as provided in the preceding section, a surplus of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, for the space of one month, in one daily newspaper, published in English, in the City of New York, and for one month in one daily newspaper, published in English, at the State Capital, for sealed proposals, to be opened one month after the expiration of such publication by the Treasurer, in presence of the Governor or Controller, at the State Capitol, for the surrender of bonds issued under this Act, which advertisement shall state the amount of money he has on hand for the purpose of redemption; and they shall accept the lowest proposals, at rates not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest amount of bonds, until the amount of cash on hand for the redemption is exhausted; *provided*, however, in case a sufficient amount of such bonds shall not be offered, as aforesaid, to exhaust the Sinking Fund to a less amount than ten thousand dollars, then it is hereby made the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, one in New York and one at the Capital of this State, for three months, which advertisement shall state the amount in the Sinking Fund, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which such fund is set apart to pay and discharge; and if such bonds so numbered in such advertisements shall not be presented for payment and cancellation at the expiration of

LEGAL.

such publications, then such funds shall remain in the treasury to discharge such bonds whenever presented, but they shall draw no interest after the expiration of such publication; before any of said bonds shall be paid, they shall be presented to the Controller, who shall indorse on each bond the amount due thereon, and shall write across the face of each bond the date of its surrender and the name of the person surrendering.

SEC. 12. The Treasurer of State shall keep a full and particular account and record of all his proceedings under this Act, and of the bonds redeemed and surrendered, and he shall transmit to the Governor an abstract of all his proceedings under this Act, with his annual report, to be by the Governor laid before the Legislature; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this Act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the Governor or the Attorney General, or a committee of either branch of the Legislature, or a joint committee of both.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to pay the interest on said bonds, when the same falls due, out of said interest Fund, if sufficient, and if said fund be not sufficient, then to pay the deficiency out of the General Fund; *provided*, that the Controller of State shall first draw his warrant on the Treasurer, payable to the order of said Treasurer, for the amount of interest money about to become due, which said interest warrant shall be drawn at least one month previous to the maturing of the interest.

SEC. 14. This Act shall take effect sixty days after the next general election, as to all its provisions, except those relating to and necessary for its submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing and proclaiming the votes, which shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This Act shall be submitted to the people of the State for their ratification, at the next general election, and the qualified electors of this State shall, at said election, on their ballots for State officers, vote for or against this Act; those voting for the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—Yes," and those voting against the same, shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—No."

SEC. 16. The votes cast for and against this Act shall be counted, returned and cancelled, and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for the Treasurer of State, and if it appears that a majority of all the votes so cast are for or against this law, as aforesaid, are in favor of this Act, then the same shall have effect as hereinbefore provided, and shall be irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the Governor shall make proclamation hereof; but if a majority of the votes so cast are against this Act, then the same shall become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this Act published in one newspaper in each judicial district of this State, for three months next preceeding the next general election, for which publication no greater allowance shall be made than the rates allowed by law to the State Printer.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full, and correct copy of Chapter Four Hundred and Eighty-Four, Statutes of California, Eighteenth Session, approved April 2, 1870, now on file in my office.

WITNESS my hand and the great seal of State, at office, in Sacramento, California, the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1871.

(SEAL.)

H. L. NICHOLS,
Secretary of State.

je10n50m3

NOTICE.

I, ISAAC FRIEDLANDER, THE UNDERSIGNED, give notice that I intend to apply for a patent for that portion of the vein or lode set forth in the above diagram, called the "ECLIPSE LODE," which belongs to me, comprising eight thousand one hundred feet not bounded by any adjoining end claims, except Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express," said Eclipse Lode being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California. It is a rock claim or lode, and I claim 8,100 feet on the course of the vein, with surface ground 100 feet on each side of the lode. The character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally ores of silver. The lode claimed by me is on unsurveyed land and extends from Black Canyon in a south easterly direction 8,100 feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode.

And I now post this notice on a conspicuous part thereof.

Dated on the ground this sixth day of June, 1871.

ISAAC FRIEDLANDER.

Witnesses—JOHN TAMBLYN, HENRY TREGELLAS.

je10n50m3

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
June 10, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY "GENERAL FUND."

No.	In favor of	Amount
226	W. L. Moore	$ 90 80
228	S. P. Moffat	115 00

ON THE COUNTY ROAD FUND.

152	Alexander & Chaquette	$100 00

J. HARRIS,
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

je10n50t4

NOTICE.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED a co-partnership under the firm name and style of J. L. DARRAH & CO., for the purpose of carrying on the business of teaming.

J. L. DARRAH,
O. I. MAIRS.

Swansea, Inyo Co., Cal., June 9th, 1871.

je10n50t4

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the name firm and style of ROWAN & BROTHER, in Inyo and Mono Counties, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

JOSEPH ROWAN,
JAMES ROWAN.

Bishop Creek, May 25, 1871. n49t3*

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

☞ ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY. ☜

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2-tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

mr25n39tv2

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

☞ AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO. ☜

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

MUSICAL.

PATENT ARION PIANO.

A Few Reasons WHY

THE

ARION PIANO

IS

Superior to All Others.

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE HAS GREATER Power than any other Piano Forte manufactured.

It Will Stand In Tune Longer,

And in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and therefore, more durable than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame,

Supersedes all Others.

The use of a bar (which is part of the Iron Frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives

Great Strength

Where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano Fortes.

The Extraordinary Eveness

Throughout the entire scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

Length and Purity on Vibration.

All go to prove what we claim, viz.: that the

Arion Piano Forte

Is the BEST INSTRUMENT Manufactured.

THE PATENT

Arion Pianos

ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE

American Conservatories of Music,

Of New York City.

THE MOST SEVERE TEST A PIANO CAN RECEIVE IS CONSTANT USE IN A CONSERVATORY.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

IT AFFORDS ME MUCH PLEASURE TO GIVE you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the "PATENT ARION PIANOS" in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability during that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning until night, and a Piano must indeed be a good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of detection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

Their peculiar sweetness of tone in the treble (as compared to other Pianos with the ordinary metal agraffe arrangement), is so striking that I have had pupils remark, while taking their lessons, that although they had at home what they supposed to be one of the best makes of Pianos, still the treble was very wiry toned compared with the "ARION."

What makes them still more desirable is their uniform volume of tone, which enables an Artist to perform a composition in its true character.

In total, I can conscientiously endorse all that is claimed by the ARION PIANO-FORTE COMPANY for their superb instruments, as I consider them superior to any other make.

Congratulating you upon the great success you have obtained in the manufacture of so perfect an instrument, I remain yours,

Very truly,
HENRY SHROEDER,
DIRECTOR.

New York, September 3d, 1870.

AGENTS WANTED.

We want first class and responsible agents in every city and town where we have not already appointed them.

We Have Just Published

Our Annual Illustrated Pamphlet, which contains a full description of the interior construction of the PATENT ARION PIANO FORTE, and all the other leading Pianos of the principal makes; illustrated with cuts, thus contrasting the ARION with all other first class Pianos, and proving

WHY AND WHERE

Our Pianos are superior to any in the market.

Our pamphlet contains engravings of all the different styles of instruments that we manufacture, giving a full description of each, so that a person can select the style they may desire to order, with the assurance that they will receive just as good a Piano as if they were in our warerooms to select it. We have sold over FIVE THOUSAND Pianos, many of them being shipped great distances, and we have never yet received the first complaint. As we give a written guarantee with every Piano we manufacture, for five years, the purchaser runs no risk.

☞ Don't fail to write for our pamphlet which we mail **free**, and when you write state what paper you saw this notice in. ☜

N. B.—We caution the public from purchasing a cheap Piano which has recently been put in the market, bearing the name "Arion." All genuine Arion Pianos bear the name "Patent Arion," and can only be purchased from our New York Warerooms, or our authorized Agents throughout the United States.

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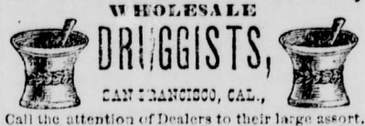

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Call the attention of Dealers to their large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with every thing kept in a well supplied **WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.**

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OUR DRUG BUSINESS, located in San Francisco, Cal. After our best wishes, and expressing our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received for more than twenty-one years, during which period we have been steadily engaged in the Drug business in California, we beg to say in consequence of the rapid growth of Dr. Walker's Cal. Vinegar Bitters, now spread over the United States and countries far beyond, we are necessitated to devote our entire time to said business.

We are the Oldest Drug Firm on the Pacific coast and the only one continuous under the same proprietors since 1849, and have determined to sell our large, prosperous, and well established business on favorable terms.

This is a rare opportunity for men with means, of entering into a profitable business with advantages never before offered.

For particulars enquire of

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists.
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R. H. McDONALD, }
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N. B. Until a sale is made we shall continue our importations and keep a large stock of fresh goods constantly on hand, and sell at prices to defy competition.

The Great Medical Discovery!

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands

Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing the properties of a purgative combined with a tonic, they are free from all the objections of the Vile Nauseous Drugs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

☞ For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

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Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

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Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.

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VOLUME 1. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1871. NUMBER 52.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, June 24.....1871.

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LONE PINE PRECINCT.

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G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

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Shop one door South of the Court House.

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SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

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LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. ju10n50tf

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Organized 1842.

Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.

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Assets July, 1870, $41,000,000 Cash.

THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.

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ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.
Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.
Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39tv2

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AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.

Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. je17y1

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK

STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.
Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE,

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT.
Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

LIVERY STABLES.

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB,.....Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

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LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

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HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5-6m

EAGLE

Livery and Feed

STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.
Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK,

MASONS,

A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.

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OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. a29n5m6

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BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.

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The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

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BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.
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Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

LONE PINE

Pioneer Saloon,

C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeps—regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8v29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
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CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE.

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

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LINE

To Los Angeles Direct.

H. W. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition Line of steamers for San Francisco.

Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the State, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.

☞Collections and commissions promptly attended to.☜

The above line of stages will run as follows;

Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angeles on the 8th and 23d of each month.

Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via. Los Angeles	$27 50
Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via. Los Angeles	24 50
Fare to Los Angeles	20 00

AL. BRIGGS, Agent at Independence.
C. MULKEY, " " Lone Pine.
my20n47m3*

CITIZENS' STAGE LINE.

CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.
" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.
" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 4 A. M.
" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M.

T. W. DEXTER, General Agent.
Independence, May 5, 1871. n39tv2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞First class passenger cars will run regularly.☜

☞NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.☜

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29-1y E. E. HEWIT, Superintendent.

FARMER JOHN.

Home from his journey Farmer John
Arrived this morning safe and sound,
His black coat off and his old clothes on,
"Now I'm myself," said Farmer John,
And he thinks "I'll look around."
Up leaps the dog: "Get down you pup!
Are you so glad you could eat me up?"
The old cow lows at the gate to greet him;
The horses prick up their ears to meet him;
"Well, well, well, old Bay!
Ha, ha old Gray!
Do you get good feed when I'm away?"

"You haven't a rib!" says Farmer John.
"The cattle are looking round and sleek;
The colt is going to be a roan,
And a beauty, too; how he has grown!
We'll wean the calf next week."
Says Farmer John, "when I've been off,
To call you again about the trough,
And watch you, and pet you, while you drink
Is a greater comfort than you can think!"
And he pats old Bay,
And slaps old Gray—
"Ah, this is the comfort of going away!"

"For after all," says Farmer John,
"The best of the journey is coming home;
I've seen great sights but would not give
This spot, and the peaceful life I live
For all their Paris and Rome!
These hills for the city's stifled air,
And big hotels, all bustle and glare,
And all houses, and roads all stones,
That deafen your ears and batter your bones!
Would you old Bay?
Would you old Gray?
That's what one gets by going away!"

"There Money is king," says Farmer John;
"And Fashion is queen; and its mighty queer
To see how, sometimes, while the man
Is raking and scraping all he can,
The wife spends every year,
Enough, you would think, for a score of wives,
To keep them in luxury all their lives!
The town is a perfect Babylon
To a quiet chap," says Farmer John.
"You see old Bay—
You see old Gray—
I'm wiser than when I went away."

"I've found out this," says Farmer John—
"That happiness is not bought and sold,
And clutched in a life of waste and hurry,
In nights of pleasure and days of worry;
And wealth isn't all gold,
Mortgage and stocks and ten per cent.—
But in simple ways and sweet content,
Few wants, pure hopes and noble ends,
Some land to till, and a few good friends,
Like you old Bay,
And you old Gray—
That's what I've learned by going away."

And a happy man is Farmer John—
O, a rich and happy man is he!
He sees the peas and pumpkins growing,
The corn in tassel, the buckwheat blowing
And fruit on vine and tree;
The large kind oxen look their thanks
As he rubs their foreheads and strokes their flanks;
The doves light 'round him, and strut and coo;
Says Farmer John, "I'll take you too,
And you old Bay,
And you old Gray,
Next time I travel so far away!"

Steam Plowing in Louisiana.

[From The American Artisan.]

Magnolia Plantation, in Louisiana, is likely to achieve some celebrity for the success of the Fowler steam-plowing machinery in the tillage of its tough and tenacious soil. Horace Greeley in the course of a recent visit to the place gives, in the editorial correspondence of The Tribune, some details of the method of cultivation not generally known, but of very considerable interest, especially to the large number of inventors who hope yet to produce a plowing machine that will enable steam to be used in tillage throughout the country with greater economy than is possible with the English apparatus.

The double-engine system, that in which engines arranged at opposite sides of the field haul the plows to and fro, is the one used on the plantation just indicated. The engines are of thirty horse-power each, and are said to be the largest ever used for the purpose. Only two plows are used in the gang, and these turn furrows each sixteen inches wide and two feet deep. The plows are drawn at a speed equal to the pace of a man in rapid walking, and are attended by three hands, required to keep them from choking with the cane trash, this latter of course being buried or turned under by the furrows. Five or six acres a day are plowed, and the tangible benefits of steam tillage are shown in a yield of two thousand pounds of sugar per acre where, under previous methods only eight were secured.

An unusual but noticeable and important application of the system is had in the cultivation of the growing sugar-cane. The cane is in rows seven feet apart, and the stirring of the ground between the rows is carried on when the plants are about twelve inches in height. The engines are arranged as in plowing. The cultivator stirs the earth to the width of five feet and a depth of more than twenty inches, the implement being made to traverse twice in the same place. Formerly, when the work was done by mules, the crop required cultivation every fifteen days, but it is found that once in a whole season with the steam cultivator is equally efficacious. Greater dryness, owing to the greater depth of tilth, is secured that was possible under the old plan, and the actual expense is less, one set of machinery being capable of cultivating twelve acres a day. There is also the incidental advantage, by no means a slight one, that in October and November, the cane-cutting season, when all the mules on the plantation are required in hauling cane, the steam machinery may be kept at work in plowing, if such work is desired to be done.

Mrs. Fair's Answer.

Mrs. Fair has filed an answer to the complaint of her physician, Dr. Trask, who testified to her insanity on her trial and then sued her for $2,100. She says she paid him $700, instead of $300 as he admits, and that his legitimate services amounted to no such sum as he claims. It is stated that she has paid Dr. Trask $700; Dr. Lyford, who also proved her insane, $500; her attorney, Cook, $8,500; Quint, $2,500; and other expenses incident to the trial amounting, all told, to over $20,000 already.

Greeley in the South

[From The Memphis Appeal.]

Horace Greeley passed down from Louisville through Humboldt Saturday night, *en route* to New Orleans and Texas. He is accompanied by four or five shrewd fellows, whose identification with railroad and other jobs excites the suspicion that Horace's lecture is an empty sham, and that his purpose in visiting Texas is to hold a share or two of stock in some grand scheme of railway speculation. Such doubtless is the purpose of Greeley's friends.

He comes along innocently enough, we doubt, his primary purpose is to see our South and Southern people in their own homes, at their own firesides, not as painted by Phillips, Beecher and others who know no more about them than we of the people of Maine or Madagascar.

It is needless to say that Mr. Greeley is cordially greeted everywhere. Whenever the telegraph tells the people of his coming, they gather in crowds at the railway stations, and all are anxious to see and greet and shake the hands of the curiously unique philosopher of The Tribune. He wears a greasy, broad-rimmed straw hat and a venerable brown sack coat, brown with years and dust. The hat rim slants backward and forward, from beneath it protrudes the fully-exposed broad, light forehead of the erratic but honest optimist of The Tribune. At Bowling Green he was welcomed by a great throng. Among the multitude was a fat old country dame of Greeley's age—say of sixty summers. She asked anxiously for Horace.

"Oh! whar is he?" she exclaimed. "He and my father and my old man were allers Whigs together, and I must see him."

Mr. Greeley was pointed out. The heavy brigade in petticoats made a charge and Horace went down. He was hugged and kissed, and the old hat was smashed, and the greasy old coat well sanded, and Horace almost crushed to death. The crowd enjoyed the collision no little; and we only fear that the story will go North that Greeley has been Ku Kluked by a Kentucky dame, and Grant may be induced to proclaim martial law about it.

Census Curiosities.

From an examination of the United States census for 1870 it appears that California has the largest number of foreigners in its population. The natives number 356,393, the foreigners 209,839. Wisconsin comes next with 690,320 native born and 364,845 foreign. In contrast, North Carolina and Virginia are almost wholly populated by persons native and to the manor born. Virginia returns a population of 1,211,383, and singular as it may seem of these only 12,578 are of foreign birth. In North Carolina the proportion is still less. The total population is 1,068,113, of whom 3,022 are foreigners. It is hardly probable that either the German-Americans or Irish-Americans of these latter States will incline to form political clubs for any purpose whatever. These comparisons afford healthy food for discussion by political economists.—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

Largest Production.

The Eureka Sentinel of June 7th says: The greatest production, for a single day, of any one furnace in America, was undoubtedly that of the White Pine Smelting works on the 26th day of June, 1869. On that day there was tapped and moulded, from a rather small furnace, with only two tuyeres, 11¾ tons of base bullion. But as one swallow don't make a summer, that was not an average. Undoubtedly, however, Eureka has, up to date, produced the largest amount of high grade bullion ever produced in America—the lead of the Western States being, as is well known, almost barren in silver.

—The observation party on Mount Washington will remain there through the present month, at least, and probably the Government will make permanent arrangements for meteorological dispatches from that point. The three reports forwarded daily to the signal office at Washington have proved quite valuable in their bearing upon weather predictions, and by further observation and comparison will be still more so. It has been demonstrated that an approaching "cold snap" is felt on the mountain considerably sooner than in the country below, and that cloudy, drizzly and cold, raw weather continues below a few hours after it begins to moderate on the mountain. The hygrometic observations are of still more importance.

—A Portland, Maine, lover, who was told by his friends that he had engaged to marry a fool, said to them that the girl that he had chosen "had certainly some qualities to shine in a fashionable circle. She had a plenty of apathy, was tolerably illiterate, was brilliantly vain, and fertilely capricious, acquiesced with every one, and diffused universal smiles."

—There is a slight difference in the testimony in the Woodhull-Claflin-Blood scandal case. One witness swears that Blood threatened to wash his hands in old Mrs. Claflin's heart's blood, and Blood swears that he only threatened to "take her across his knee and give her a spanking."

—Parental invigorator—A hickory switch.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, June 24.....1871.

VOLUME II.

With the next issue, Saturday, July 1st, is closed Volume I of The Inyo Independent. At that time we shall take occasion to refer at length to various matters connected with the establishment and publication of a paper in this county; at present, we only design urging upon our patrons to renew their support, for with that numbe a great majority of the subscriptions expire. Roll in the names; let EVERY man who desires his paper continued notify us forthwith. Send also, to your friends elsewhere, and induce your neighbors to become subscribers and readers, for in exact ratio to the support accorded it will your county paper be made useful, influential and valuable.

Death of Sue Robinson.

This well known and popular leading actress died at the Orleans Hotel, Sacramento June 17th, after an illness of three days. There are few old Californians who will not remember the little Sue Robinson, who used to travel in the mountain towns with the Robin-troupe. Since then she had become famous, winning love and esteem by her generous nature, and the heartiest encomiums for her versatile talent; she was a Pacific coast production, and as such will never be forgotton. An other pathetic verse should be added to the song of "The Engine on the Hill," which Sue delighted to sing in her personations of fireman's character She was long an honorary member of Monumental Engine Company, No. 6, of Virginia, Nevada. Let us draw the Christian veil of charity and forgiveness over her faults, and enshrine her memory in our hearts as a bright star passed away.

Bullion Shipment.

During the week ending Saturday, May 27, there were shipped from the works of the Owens Lake Silver Lead Company, at Swansea, 581 bars of bullion, weighing 51,792 pounds.

Our enterprising and able friend of The Inyo Independent, publishes the above as the result of one week's shipment of one company at Swansea, Inyo County. It is well for most places, but there is one company here that when all their furnaces are running on the Champion ore, one of their own mines, they will make 65,000 pounds of bullion in 24 hours, so that they would be ready to ship 445,000 pounds of bullion in any one week. In quantity and quality Eureka leads all other places in bullion.—*Eureka Daily Sentinel.*

Our item was published as a shipment and not as a *result*. From the oldest and largest furnace in the county (not the one referred to) we have never been able to obtain *any* information whatever concerning their operations We propose ventilating some matters and facts in this connection shortly, when somebody may be placed in a somewhat unenviable light.

Governor Butler.

The impeachment of Governor Butler, of Nebraska, seems to have the concurrence of all parties. He was a Republican, yet the Republican papers applaud the act. Governor Butler has converted some thousands of dollars of public moneys to his private use. Such little peccadilloes seldom meet with punishment, although it is not very clear how a man who taps a till is a greater sinner than he who breaks a trust. If the conviction of this magnate shall deter others, not less guilty, from pursuing their evil course, something will be gained. Butler is a very ambitious man, and the punishment he has received will fall heavily upon him.

The Woman's Journal.

We very cheerfully commend to general notice Mrs. Carrie Young's "Woman's Journal," of San Francisco. The Journal is not a woman's rights paper in the general acceptation of the term, but is devoted almost exclusively to matters of personal interest to mothers and children, and is a paper worthy of a place in every household. Published monthly at $1 50 per annum.

Tragic Death of a Noted Man.

Dates from Lebanon, Ohio, of June 17th, state that Clement L. Vallandigham died that day from the effect of a pistol shot. He was one of the counsel in a murder case, and while showing how the murdered man might have shot himself, the pistol he held in his hand was accidentally discharged, causing his death the following day.

CALIFORNIA vs. EASTERN WAGONS.

The Scientific Press, in a long article with the above caption, shows that wagons can be manufactured on this coast out of imported material and sold at lower rates than those brought here ready for use from the east. After allowing 25 per cent. for wastage, freight on the timber actually in wagons built here does not exceed one cent per pound if shipped by sea. The imported wagons mostly come by rail at a freight cost of two and one half cents per pound, leaving in this particular one cent a pound in favor of our mechanics. If brought by sea the ready made wagon costs more proportionately than the raw material, as more stowage is necessary. Iron costs the same in San Francisco as in New York. This makes another difference in favor of our mechanics of two and one half cents per pound, or a total for iron and hard wood about $16 for each wagon. Soft wood for boxes, paints, etc., cost relatively about the same. Making due allowance for the same forms of labor and there is still a margin for profit in this manufacturing interest, sufficient it would seem, to shut out eastern importations entirely and keep our work at home where our best intersts demand it should remain.

Another important item, not mentioned by The Press but patent to all who have had the opportunities for judging, is the fact that the California built wagon is really superior to the imported in point of adaptability and durability, and is always preferred by purchasers of experience, even at considerably higher prices. With similar workmanship only there are good reasons why our home built wagons and buggies are better than the imported. It will not pay importers to ship any but the best quality of timber, because manufacturers having a local reputation to sustain will use no other. Besides that the timber on its long voyage hither becomes almost perfectly seasoned, and if anything is still lacking in that particular our dry climate soon supplies it. The climate of the Sacramento valley and this side of the mountains is especially trying on wagons and if the timber out of which they are constructed is not perfectly seasoned they soon go to pieces. Wagons for use in such a dessicating atmosphere ought to be constructed out of timber seasoned on the ground. This is why vehicles built in Sacramento city and other inland towns rate higher than those put up in damp atmosphere nearer the coast. For the same reason wagons and buggies made here in this valley, would far excel any imported of equal workmanship. We doubt not that sooner or later our home manufactured articles of this kind will hold the same relation to those brought in from other parts of the State as the latter do the imported, and command a price accordingly. These facts and probabilities are worthy of consideration by our mechanics in this valley. Except in the matter of freight from the sea-board, there is no obvious reason why the business might not be as profitably followed here on an extended scale as on the other side of the mountains, especially since our section require wagons of peculiar construction that could best be supplied by our own workmen.

A Fine Thing.

Col. T. A. Scott, the new President of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, after a survey of the prospect of traffic and expenses of the present year, estimates the gross earnings at $9,000,000, and the net income, exclusive of sales of and collections from land, at $4,500,000. When the immense Government subsidies and grants of land are taken into consideration, the magnitude of the speculation made by a the few individuals who own the franchise of the Union Pacific will be apparent. A net profit of four and a half millions, obtained when the great bulk of the country through which the road passes is still a wilderness, must be exceedingly gratifying to the stockholders of the road.

The Calistoga Tribune.

We are in receipt of the first number of a very neat little paper named as above, which has just been started at the famous Calistoga Springs, Napa county. The Tribune has commenced in the right manner, giving personal sketches of Napa county pioneers, names of the many visitors to the watering place, and other interesting local news, from which we conclude the paper will be a success.

France.

All interest in France now centers in the elections for vacant seats in the National Assembly. The Bonapartists are increasing in numbers, and are offering to submit to a plebiscite of the people whether the Prince Imperial or the Bourbon Count de Chambord shall ascend the throne of France.

OUTSIDE ADVERTISING.

The press of the State are at present engaged in discussing the evils of the system now in vogue of indiscriminately receiving orders from the various advertising agents. For unmitigated cheek and ways that are more than peculiar, the Eastern Agencies are entitled to walk off with the prize; and the country press will have good reason to take a hand in the movement now on foot. Our experience in this business is that, after refusing over two columns of space *four times* the advertisements were finally ordered in at satisfactory rates; this week we quash them all, without the prospect of getting a cent. After securing an advertising contract, these agents take advantage of the weakness of small publishers, and pay rates barely covering the cost of composition, with a further deduction of only 25 per cent. "commission."

The remedy is very simple, and is entirely in the hands of the publish- Set your own figures on any advertisement offered, and then inform the agent, company or person that upon the reception of the coin publication will commence.

A very sensible proposition growing out of this matter is to hold an Editorial Convention, the duties of which will be to settle upon a uniform, equitable rate of advertising in proportion to circulation, and to pass a unanimous, binding resolution placing all branches of the publishing business on a strictly CASH basis. If such a great desideratum is reached by the present movement, the publishers of the Coast will have The San Francisco Spirit of the Times to thank for inaugurating the discussion. Let the Convention be held, and as soon after the election as is practicable.

SCHOOL TAXES.

[COMMUNICATED.]

INDEPENDENCE, June 21.

MESSRS. EDITORS: I read a comment in the last issue of your paper in regard to Sections 98, 99 and 100 of the California School Law, the writer of which, I am inclined to think, did not have a copy of the law at hand, for if he did there is certainly a wide difference in his opinion and mine in regard to its meaning. First, in regard to the length of time a school shall be taught in a year where there are more than twenty-five children between the ages of five and fifteen years, and taxable property to exceed seventy-five thousand dollars. I understand the required time to be eight months instead of six. Secondly, I do not understand that the Trustees of any School District are required under any circumstances to ask the Board of Supervisors for a permit to levy a special school tax; neither is the Board of Supervisors empowered to grant any such permit to them, but it is the duty of the Board of Supervisors to levy a special school tax themselves after receiving the assessment roll from the County Assessor, before the first Monday in September of each year.

As there is such a wide difference of opinion in regard to this portion of the law, and as but few of the readers of your paper have a copy of the School Law to refer to, I ask you to insert the above mentioned sections, that all who wish may read and judge for themselves.

"SEC. 98. The County Superintendent in each county shall, on or before the first day of March in each year, furnish to the Board of Supervisors and Tax Collector, respectively, an estimate, in writing, of the cost of maintaining a free school for eight months' in each school district in the county, together with the cost of incidental expenses and necessary repairs; and also an estimate of the amount of public money, both State and county, to which each district will be entitled during the year, and the amount necessary to be raised in each school district to support a school eight months.

"SEC. 99. The Board of Supervisors in each county shall, after receiving the assessment roll from the County Assessor, and before the first Monday in September, levy a special school tax upon the property in each school district in which there shall be a deficiency, as shown by the written statement of the County Superintendent, for an amount which together with the State and county money to be received, shall be sufficient to maintain the school (or schools) for eight months during the year; and said tax shall be equalized and collected in the manner provided for equalizing and collecting State and county taxes. The Collector shall pay over the money so collected to the County Treasurer, who shall place it to the credit of the respective districts from which it shall be collected, as a special deposit, and pay it out on the warrant of the County Superintendent, in the manner provided for the payment of the State and county school money.

"SEC. 100. Any school district whose taxable property does not exceed seventy-five thousand dollars, and containing not more than twenty five children between the ages of five and fifteen years, shall, on a proper showing of the facts, be exempted from the requirement to maintain a free school eight months."

J. W. SYMMES,
County Superintendent.

NEWS ITEMS.

Queen Victoria has signed the treaty of Washington.

The Commissioner of Pensions in Washington has restored Dr. Coleman, homœpathic, to his former position as examining surgeon.

Bowen, the bigamist Congressman from South Carolina, has been sentenced to pay a fine of $250 and be imprisoned two years.

The Third District Republican Congressional Convention will meet at Marysville on June 21st, and the State Convention will assemble at Sacramento on June 28th.

Captain Creesy, a well known navigator, who made himself famous by sailing the ships Flying Cloud and Archer from New York to San Francisco in the shortest time on record, died recently in the East.

It is now announced that President Grant has decided to make his trip to the Pacific coast in August.

J. Walter Walsh, for many years connected with the irregular press in California, publisher of The Varieties, etc., who has been in the County Hospital a long time, has now become an inmate of the Alms House.

Jimmy Dwyer, who keeps a "Hole in the Wall" in Oakland, accidentally shot himself recently. Not dangerous.

The Democratic County Committee of San Francisco met June 7th and refused to comply with the request to rescind their action in appointing delegates to the State Convention. A series of resolutions offered by McCoppin, reaffirming the appointment, was adopted by a vote of twenty to one.

Capt. Hall sailed for the polar seas June 8th. It will be remembered that the last Congress voted $100,000 for this expedition. Capt. Hall has fitted a Government screw steamer, called the "Polaris," for a three years cruise, in search of the North pole, or rather in search of an open sea at the pole.

The long-looked for triumphal entry of the German army into Berlin took place on the 16th of the present month. Details show it to have been one of the grandest parades in modern history. Kaiser William unvailed the statue of Frederick William III, and made a speech, at the conclusion of which he said he hoped the present peace would be lasting. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed, and Berlin was illuminated last night.

Carson City, Nevada was visited by three or four light earthquake shocks June 17th, at about 12 o'clock P. M It scared some people out of their rooms; don't know about their wits.

An insurrection broke out in the city of Tampico, Mexico. The city was stormed by the Federal forces, June 5th, and all the insurgents killed, wounded or captured.

The yellow fever is raging at Vera Cruz, Mexico.

General Sherman writes to the New York Herald peremptorily declining to take any part in politics. He says he will accept the nomination for President from no party, and that, were he to be be elected without his consent, he would instantly resign the office.

Haight has carried Santa Clara, Butte and San Joaquin counties, which secures his nomination.

The Sacramento County Republican Convention closed its labors June 17th. The Union speaks highly of the nominations.

James Rhodes, accused of burning the Kean mill at Pine Grove, Nevada, was committed to jail in default of $5,000 bail, to await the action of the Grand Jury. A Vigilante was formed to take him from the officer and execute him. The latter, however, removed him after dark to a deserted tunnel, where he was concealed until handed over to the Sheriff at Aurora.

It is said there is not a citizen in Maine worth a million dollars.—*Saucelito Weekly Herald*

Well, we guess that's so. There wouldn't be buyers in this section of the country at that price.—*San Francisco Figaro.*

There are thousands of men in Nevada who are not worth one thousand dollars. Since the emancipation proclamation become the law of the land, men are not worth as much as they were. Times have changed.—*Gold Hill News.*

Don't know about that; some of the proclamation men now can not be bought at any price, and it takes $60,000 to buy a New York Legislator—sometimes.

Crops.

The Sacramento Union says accounts from the different portions of the State within the last few days put a more more favorable aspect on the crop prospects. It is now stated that the result will be much better for the grower than was recently anticipated. The coldness of the atmosphere has had somewhat of the beneficial effect of a thorough rain, and grain is maturing in excellent order. Indeed, in many cases the crops are superior to those of last year.

Southern News.

We have Los Angeles dates to June 16th, as follows:

Six hundred bars of base bullion in from Cerro Gordo, weighing nearly 86,000 pounds, were received here during the present week.

Notwithstanding the dry soil and damage by grasshoppers and other drawbacks, the grape crop of this county promises to be large the coming season.

A special from Anaheim this morning, states that Thomas Velardi, a Californian, formerly Deputy Marshal of this place, was shot and mortally wounded while engaged in a quarrel with Leonardo Verdego, at a fandango, yesterday morning. He was being held down by this man when another, named Shattoruse, slipped up, put a pistol to his side and shot him through the lungs. The murderer then mounted a horse belonging to a friend and escaped. Velardi lived about twenty hours and died this morning.

A dispatch from San Buenaventura, June 13th, says:

Mr. Phillips, of Santa Clara Valley, attempted to kill a chicken this afternoon with a Remington four-shooting pistol, but finding that it did not work well, he went into the house for the purpose of cleaning it, when it accidentally went off, the ball striking him and passing in just below the heart. He laid the pistol back on the table, got up out of the chair and started into another room, but fell on his knees and expired in ten minutes, without speaking.

The Arizona Miner of June 3d, contains the following items:

Col. Roger Jones, Gen. Schofield's Inspector General, who has just made the tour of Arizona, and returned to California, will recommend that lines of telegraph be erected between the several military posts, the abandonment of Camp Apache, and other good measures.

The arrival of miners and speculators in mines, is increasing daily. The mining news during the week from the Bradshaw and other districts, continues excellent.

Captain Moore of the 3d Cavalry, discovered the bodies of thirteen Indians who were killed in the engagement in which Lieut. Cushing and W. H. Simpson lost their lives.

An express line has been established between Prescott and the Bradshaw mines.

A party of Indians stole some animals from the picket station at Ash Creek, but were pressed so closely by the soldiers that they had to abandon the stolen stock.

From Virginia City.

We have the following news from Virginia City, Nevada, June 14:

James G. Fair and Mark Strouse, of this city, have purchased the Occidental mine and mill, and will in a short time have both mine and mill in full blast again.

The Buckeye Mining Company have purchased the mill formerly owned by the Hope Mining Company.

A large meeting of citizens was held this evening to prepare a welcome for the Irish exiles, who are expected to visit this city soon.

About 3 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in an unoccupied building in upper Gold Hill, and before it could be extinguished, about thirty buildings were destroyed, including the Eclipse and a portion of the Granite mills. The greater portion of them were dwellings, and the losses foot up $33,000, as near as can be ascertained. The fire was evidently the work of an incendiary It was only by great exertions, and with the assistance of a portion of the Virginia Fire Department that it was confined to the west of Main street and north of the railroad.

Deserted.

The following note, addressed to The Reese River Reveille of June 15, explains a point of possible interest to parties in this section:

CAMP ON SUMMIT,
Austin, Nev., June 15, 1871.

MR. EDITOR: Will you be kind enough to insert a notice in your paper to the effect that two soldiers belonging to the detachment in my charge and of Wheeler's Expedition, deserted on the night of the 14th and are, I believe, secreted and promised employment by persons in the town of Austin.

Let it be particularly understood, that all persons known to have assisted directly or indirectly any deserter from the United States Army are subject to trial and imprisonment.

The names of the aforesaid deserters are Miller and McLane, and any person rendering such information as to lead to their arrest will receive the usual reward of $30.

Respectfully Yours, etc.

A. H. COCHRANE,
(Surgeon) in Charge

Repudiate Him.

The San Francisco Bulletin says the ablest Democratic journals, North and South, concur in denouncing Jeff. Davis' recent utterances. Even The Richmond Enquirer says:

Mr. Jefferson Davis exhausts our patience. The Southern people do not intend to follow Mr. Davis. They have not got the slightest idea of it. Mr. Davis is at perfect liberty to "accept nothing," to refuse to abide "the issue of the war," to announce that "the South is only waiting," etc. We, on the other hand, do accept the situation, and consider the war ended. We have been utterly overwhelmed, and there is nothing else for us to do.

And Mississippi, his own State, has endorsed the Vallandigham platform.

—Four German princes, members of sovereign houses, are married to actresses.

The Flood at New Orleans.

Recent accounts from the scene of the flood in the vicinity of New Orleans, show that the disaster to this beautiful city from the waters of the Mississippi has not been magnified. The damage to the city and country adjacent is said to be past computation at the present time. When we state that an area of land comprising some three hundred squares is under water, a faint idea may be gathered of the extent of the calamity. The population occupying the same is obliged to take possession of the levees on the river side, which has a hight of some fifteen feet above the foundation, and a gradual slope, like that of the Sacramento levees, to the rear It is estimated by one of the New Orleans papers that the crevasse of Bonnet Carre has ploughed out a channel fifty feet in depth on the line of its discharge, but it would require more than fifty feet more to give it the depth of the river. The waters of Lake Ponchartrain, if the new current made a mouth there, would neutralize its force, as the outlet into Lake Borgne is not sufficient to carry off the flood. It is also remarked by the local papers that the overflow of the city results from the fact that the overflowing waters have no sufficient mouth for their discharge in the new current which they have sought. If the river soon falls largely, it will take probably many weeks to drain off the surplus. The closing of the crevasse will be considerable of an undertaking, and until that is accomplished the serious consequences which have resulted will continue to be realized. A large number of plantations, orchards of oranges, bananas, lemons and other tropical fruits, with crops of sugar, have been submerged, and the yield therefrom will be lost to the owners for the present year.

Mrs. Fair.

The Reese River Reveille, commenting upon the probability of Mrs. Fair escaping the death penalty, says:

We, in common with every one else in Austin were under the impression that it was in the power of the Governor of the State of California to commute the sentence of Mrs Fair to imprisonment for life, and felt sure that if the Supreme Court did not order a new trial the Governor would certainly grant such commutation. We see in The Virginia Enterprise that this is an error. Governor Haight has no power to commute; he must either grant a full pardon or permit the death sentence to be carried out. In this State sentences may be commuted by the Board of Pardon, consisting of the Governor Attorney General and the Justices of the Supreme Court, but no such Board exists in California. The Enterprise does not think that Governor Haight will assume the responsibility of granting an unconditional pardon. So that should the Supreme Court not order a new trial, there is no earthly chance of Mrs. Fair's escaping the gallows.

—They have a funny way of voting in Roumania The elections last two days. On the first day only voters voting "aye" are admitted to the polls. On the following the "noes" are received.

—"I knew he'd fail," said Uncle Scrough when he heard of the misfortune in business of a neighbor. "Why?" "Cause he would buy the earliest sarce that came into market."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms.

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, June 20, 1871. jo14n52tf

FOURTH OF JULY

BALL,

—AT—

LONE PINE HOTEL,

ON THE

Evening of July Fourth, 1871.

Committee of Invitation:

C. MULKEY, J. B. STEWART,
JOHN COLLISTER, C. D. BEGOLE.

Floor Managers:

C. HARVEY, W. L. MOORE

GOOD MUSIC IN ATTENDANCE.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, June 24,..... .....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Bugs.

One evening recently a gentleman was sitting in the open air cogitating, probably upon the nature of the Havana (?) cigar he was burning, when a seeming rain drop fell upon his hand. He raised his head to speculate upon the weather, but suddenly changed his notion and stopped to brush off the rain drop, finding a blister under it. The presumption is that the substance fell from a passing insect; at any rate, a very copious shower of the same character is not at all desirable. We claim high on bugs. One night last week our office was filled with insects of every conceivable shape and color, from the little black bugger to large ones sporting gossamer wings of the most gorgeous hues, in such numbers as to render themselves an intolerable nuisance. Where's Lord Thingumbob? If that distinguished bugologian wants to contract a life's study, send him here.

School Picnic.

The teacher and patrons of the Milton School District, comprising the families residing near and around Camp Independence, are making preparations for a school picnic, to take place at Primmer's Ranch, July 1st. The worthy parties arranging this affair are making every effort to render the occasion most delightful for the little folks, and doubtless it will prove a day of unalloyed enjoyment for the children. An earnest and cordial invitation is extended to the children of this place and Georges Creek; let them go, and we assure them of a hearty welcome. Parent should not fail to allow their children to participate in this old-fashioned gathering, and receive the happy smiles of the young people as abundant reward.

At Lone Pine.

The popular hostess of the Lone Pine Hotel has determined to give a ball on the evening of the Fourth, as will be seen by due notice elsewhere. The affair can not fail to be an agreeable one, inasmuch as splendid music will be in attendance, the finest of supper furnished, and dancing till you can't rest. Would that Lokleitems was ubiquitous, or could comfortably divide himself into three persons, for the purpose of attending all three of the merrymakings coming off in the valley on that day.

On the War Path.

Thursday last a gent called Schneider for short, doing business as bloody butcher at this place, took a notion into his head that certain parties had appropriated a sum of money belonging to him. Bracing his courage with benzine, he got "right onto it," and got arrested in consequence. While in this condition his reflections brought to mind the exact spot where he had hidden his money. It would have been a "good joke on Schneider" to have sent him up for a few days.

Eastward Ho!

Patrick Reddy, Esq., our talented legal friend, starts this morning on a short visit to the old folks, way down in Rhode Island. His innumerable friends will wish him a happy trip and a safe return; we are consoled, however, to think that during his absence we are likely to have peace, inasmuch as it requires two lawyers to make a legal fight, and this leaves the field solely to E. H. Van Decar, Esq., Mr Reddy and Mr. Bennett both being absent. But there is pretty good security for their return.

Rich Strike.

The Whittekind mine, Cerro Gordo, is just now rejoicing its owners by producing large quantities of rich ore from a newly discovered body of metal, only 30 feet from the surface and the same distance north from the main shaft. It is reported to be equal to the best ever opened in the mine, some $3,000 worth having been extracted in the past two weeks. Work still progresses on the tunnel, which taps the ledge 80 feet below.

Elopement.

Newsmongers have for several days been rejoicing over a first-class sensation—it having transpired that the wife of a prominent gentleman in Lone Pine has deliberately slid out with another fellow, leaving her liege lord to care for himself and fight his own battles with the hard world. He takes it philosophically, however, and sensibly concludes to let the guilty pair go on their way unmolested.

Specimens.

Mr. John Schulte has favored us with a splendid specimen of antimonial silver ore, from the San Lucas mine, Cerro Gordo, which assays 600 ounces per ton Due attention will be paid to this valuable mine, as well as every other one in the county, as soon as we can collate and arrange the facts and information which we are obtaining and now in our possession.

Loaded.

The southern stage line, Messrs. George & Roberts, proprietors, seems to be doing a good business from Lone Pine southwards. The last trip it was found necessary to put on an extra, having ten through and way passengers, with nearly 500 pounds of bullion from the Kearsarge.

Returned.

During the past two weeks several old residenters have returned to Lone Pine and Cerro Gordo, just as though no other country suited them. Among the rest are M. T. Gisborn and John Collister. Mr. M. W. Belshaw has also arrived from a recent trip to San Francisco.

Primaries.

The Democrats will hold primaries at the different precincts throughout the county to-day, for the election of delegates to the County Nominating Convention. The test of voters is that they pledge themselves to support the Democratic ticket at the ensuing election.

Lone Pine.

The store of A. M. Loomis & Bro., at Lone Pine, is daily thronged by purchasers, who take advantage of the low rates at which that firm disposes of dry goods, groceries, etc. Read their advertisement and then go and see how it is yourself.

For Sheriff.

The report that Charley Begole will be an independent candidate for Sheriff is authentically denied or confirmed, we don't know which. It is one or the other, anyhow.

Committee Meeting.

The Republican County Central Committee will meet at this place to-day, for the transaction of important business.

School Moneys.

Following is the apportionment for the different school districts of the county, from the County School Fund. The total amount is $110 27, divided as follows: Bishop Creek, 60 children, $27 25; Independence, 20 children, $9 09; Lone Pine, 56 children $25 43; Milton, 28 children, $12 72; Round Valley, 35 children, $15 90; Union, 44 children, $19 98.

Progressing.

The new Masonic Hall building is progressing finely; the lower floor is being laid and smoothly dressed expressly for the comfort and convenience of the dancers at the ball on the Fourth. Let every one of our citizens remember that their company, with lady, is required on that festive occasion.

Wool.

Yesterday several teams passed southward loaded with wool, from the Bishop Creek country. It is being taken to San Francisco, and shows that this county can export something besides bullion.

Bullion Shipment.

During the past week the Kearsarge Company have shipped 681 pounds of bullion, 430 by way of Visalia and 251 by the Aurora route, to San Francisco. Thus the ball opens!

Profits on Sewing Machines.

[From The Scientific American.]

The organization of a large sewing machine company—capital, five hundred thousand dollars—is being agitated at Chicago, for the manufacture of the Secor machine. The following statements in regard to the past and present progress of the sewing machine business are furnished by the projectors of the new enterprise:

Up to 1860 there had been manufactured and sold in the United States only about 104,000 machines of all kinds. In that year, the total number made was less than 55,000 machines, of which Wheeler & Wilson made 21,000; Grover & Baker, 10,000; Singer & Co., 11,000; Willcox & Gibbs, 7,500; and all others, about 5,000.

The business was then in its infancy, still $5,000,000 were invested in the manufacture; and these leading manufactures have, since that date, so increased their great establishments that in the year 1870 there were turned out more than 500,000 machines, a half million in a single year, and yet the demand could not be supplied. It is stated as a fact, that orders came in upon the factories much faster than, even with all their facilities, they could turn out the machines.

In 1870 Singer & Co., made and sold the enormous aggregate of 140,000 sewing machines, and the others kept up their proper proportion.

These companies have their own factories and their own machinery, and do all their own manufacturing, and the cost at which a complete machine can be put upon the market, in working order, ready for sale, would be surprising to the uninitiated. But if Singer & Co. only realized $10 profit upon each machine, (which is less than half the real profit on the cost) then the dividends in 1870 must have been 1,400,000, or ten per cent. on a capital of $14,000,000 all of which has been accumulated within ten years. At the same rate, the profits on all machines sold reached the great sum of $5,000,000. But it is probable that the sum of $10 does not amount to more than a third of the profit on a single machine.

These machines have not only become a necessity in every family, but they are largely used in all the factories of boots and shoes, clothing, hats and caps, etc., so that the merely domestic demand does not amount to one fourth part of the entire trade; some of the large factories of New York and New England have in constant use from 200 to 1,000 machines each. In the State of Massachusetts, in the manufacture of boots and shoes alone, $15,000,000 are annually saved by the use of the sewing machine, and in New York city, the clothing manufacturers save yearly more than $12,000,000 in the same manner, and this applies with equal force to all of the various branches of trade where the use of the needle is required.

There is no limit to the demand for all first class machines, and it has been estimated that before the expiration of the next ten years, 1,000,000 sewing machines per annum will be required.

It is generally understood by the public, that sewing machine companies have made large fortunes; but we doubt if the facts are not sufficient to show that the dividends declared by the companies making the most popular machines, have been much larger than the most extravagant ones otuside of the ring have supposed.

The old companies accumulated their vast capital of millions out of the profits of the business, and the principal companies have declared and paid dividends for years, of from 75 to 400 per cent. upon their capital stock, besides accumulating a reserved fund of an equal or larger amount, for the extension of their works and the general business of stocking their branch offices throughout the country.

Of the value of the stock in the principal companies, we would illustrate by stating the fact, that the par stock in some of the best companies five years old can not be bought for 2,500 per cent. premium, and the value is entirely unknown to the outside public.

Entomological.

Last evening, says The White Pine News of June 8th, the air was swarming with a species of brown bugs. We don't know to what particular family of the entomological species they belong, but we do know that if you put one of them under the magnifying glass you will see myriads of small bugs of a whitish appearance issuing from their mouth. We had an idea that this was the way in which their offspring was produced, and that the white ones, in the course of time, would become full grown brown bugs, but Vanjaquelin says they are a parasite on the big bug; in fact that the big bug is lousy.

Lieut. Wheeler's Exploring Party.

The Eureka Sentinel of June 15 has the following:

Some days past Lieut. Wheeler's party has been camped above here. The Lieut. came into town on Saturday last, and has moved the whole command south on the road to Belmont, where he will be met by Dr. Cochran and the party that has been staying a few days at Austin. At Belmont they will be joined by Lieut. Lockwood, of Arizona, and Lieut. Lyle, of Alaska, where they will again divide, and Lieut. Wheeler's party will go through Death Valley, and another party, under command of Lieut. Lockwood, will take another route and meet again at Independence, California. When united they will start for the Colorado. At that stream they will take boats and go up, while Major Powell is going down, and they will probably meet at some point. When his explorations of the Colorado have ceased he will go through Arizona, and return by water to San Francisco. The party as made up, consists of Lieut. G. M. Wheeler, in charge of the party; Lieut. Lockwood, Lieut. Lyle. Professor Gilbert is Chief Geologist; Professor Austin is Astronomer; Dr. Hoffman is Surgeon and Chief Naturalist, and Fred. W. Loring, of Boston, Secretary, with 25 civilian assistants. There are in the whole party, when united, 75 men.

As an explorer in this section of the Union, Lieut. Wheeler stands second to none now in the employ of the Government, and no man deserves greater credit than he for energy, ability and caution. He will do very much in this expedition to give to the world a full and accurate knowledge of the country through which he travels. We shall look for letters from his command as they journey through the desert.

Tuolumne Reunion.

A correspondent of The Stockton Independent says: "The Tuolumne Reunion, to come off the 17th at Martinez, promises to be the grandest pic-nic of the season. Wm. G Dinsmore, Esq., of Oakland is the master spirit and he was never known to fail in anything he undertook except conducting a newspaper up in Tuolumne county, where talent, unless backed by plenty of ready cash, is sure to be unappreciated, and its possessor forced to emigrate or else starve. 'My friend emigrated, left in disgust. Tuolumne has sent forth many a great man. U. S. Grant, our President is one of them. He once lived in old Tuolumne. One of her sons has been to Congress and another her 'favorite son,' Jim Coffroth, has twice attempted to get there but failed, through no fault of his. Gen. Evans, ex-Mayor of your city, and a San Joaquin Senator; John Sedgwick, U S. Revenue Collector; Judge Cavis, Jack Douglass and William A. Davies, Deputy U. S. Assessor, all great men, once claimed Tuolumne as their home. But the list is too long. If it were printed entire it would take six weeks to read it through. The "State of Tuolumne" was once upon a time a very populous and flourishing place. But we will all (what's left of us) meet together at Martinez on the 17th, and have a grand old time talking of the good old days long since passed, when we each used to pan out five and six ounces of gold a day."

—Mr. Lowe, the English Chancellor of the Exchequer, was so certain of the passage of the match tax law that he expended $5,000 in the manufacture of stamps. As the proposed measure did not succeed, it is now suggested that the otherwise useless stamps may be sold as curiosities to collectors for their albums.

POLITICAL.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES AND CONVENTION.

AT A MEETING OF THE DEMOCRATIC County Central Committee, held at Independence, June 12, 1871, it was resolved that the apportionment of Delegates to the County Convention for the different precincts and townships of Inyo County be made as follows:

Round Valley	2
Bishop Creek	4
Big Pine	2
Fish Springs	2
Deep Spring Valley	2
Independence	3
Kearsarge	1
Lone Pine	4
Cerro Gordo	8

SATURDAY, the TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF JUNE was appointed as the day on which the primaries are to be held; and SATURDAY, the EIGHTH OF JULY, as the day for the meeting of the County Convention, to be held at Independence, at 10 o'clock A. M.

S. P. MOFFAT, Chairman.
HENRY M. ISAACS, Secretary, je17n51td

HENRY M. ISAACS

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A candidate for the office of County Treasurer—subject to the ensuing Democratic Convention.

JOHN A. LANK

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for re-election to the office of Coroner of Inyo County, subject to the Democratic Convention. n51td

A. B. ELDER

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff—subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. n50td

M. S. CLARKE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention, n50td

W. T. GRANT

HEREBY RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. je3td

P. HARRINGTON

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my27td*

THOS. J. GOODALE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of Sheriff of Inyo County, at the ensuing election. my20td

MISCELLAENOUS

GRAND

Fourth of July Ball,

—GIVEN BY—

Independence Engine Co.,

NUMBER 1,

AT MASONIC HALL,

Independence, Cal.

A GENERAL INVITATION IS RESPECTFULLY extended to the public. A powerful band of music has been engaged, and no trouble or expense will be spared to make this the finest affair ever gotten up in the valley.

Committee of Arrangements:

THOS. J. GOODALE, HENRY M. ISAACS, B. P. TASKER, H. C. MORSE, J. E. PARKER.

Reception Committee:

G. W. TODD, B. P. TASKER.

Floor Managers:

WM. G. SQUIRES, JOHN WALLACE.

Floor Director:

JAMES E. PARKER.

TICKETS, - - - THREE DOLLARS,

To be obtained at the Stores of Harris & Rhine and J. S. Rothschild & Co.

ICE CREAM!

EVERYBODY GO TO THE FRENCH RESTAURANT on SUNDAYS and THURSDAYS, for the finest ICE CREAM.

je10n50tf PETER MARGALOT.

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

je10n50tf

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County. Apply to

ap29n44tf V. BEAUDRY, Cerro Gordo.

Wanted.

WANTED AT THE BIG PINE BIG SAW MILL, a man that understands sawing Shingles. Apply immediately. BELL & BRO.

je17n51t3

NOTICE.

PARTIES INDEBTED TO THE UNDERSIGNED are requested to call and settle up immediately, and save costs.

je10n50tf A. K. BRIGGS.

A. MACK,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

—AT—

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.

C. O. D.

WM B. LAKE,

ADVERTISING

—AND—

PURCHASING AGENT,

No. 12 Montgomery Street,

SAN FRANCISCO,

Opposite Lick House. Up Stairs.

WILL FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS OF EVERY description at the very lowest cash rates, he having superior facilities for purchasing and an intimate acquaintance with all the leading houses in the city. All articles sent promptly on the receipt of cash, or C. O. D. n30tf

J. B. WHITE

OF INDEPENDENCE, WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. n44td*

C. MULKEY

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my6td*

For Member of the Assembly.

D. B. CURTISS RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a condidate for Member of the Assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention. my27td*

W. L. MOORE

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for County Clerk, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my13td*

I. P. YANEY,

OF BISHOP CREEK, RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for the office of County Clerk—subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. my6td*

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old mottos of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES, Provisions, LIQUORS, CIGARS AND TOBACCO. DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS.

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS, HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES, Cloth Piece Goods, Clothing, Hardware, Crockery and Glassware, TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE, POWDER AND SHOT Flasks and Pouches. SADDLERY AND HARNESS, Manufactured to order. SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY. DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES. PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES. PAINTS AND OILS Wall Paper, CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

mr25n39tv2

DRUGS, ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tfto

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines;

CHEMICALS;

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

je4n52 3m JOHN LENTELL

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, June 24.....1871.

Willow Leaves for Yeast.

A correspondent of The Journal of Agriculture states that the leaves of the common basket willow (Salix nigra) make an excellent yeast, if treated in the same way as is usual with hops. "The discovery," he says, "was made in my family last summer, and after a through trial I was convinced that there is nothing equal to it, as it rises much quicker than hops—in half the time—imparts none of that hop flavor so disagreeable to some, and in fact makes better bread in every way. The thing is well worthy the attention of every good housewife; and, lest some should hesitate in consequence of not knowing the medical properties of the willow in question, I will add that it is a healthful tonic, from which no harm can possibly arise."

To Wash Calico.

To prevent calico from fading while washing, infuse three gills of salt in four quarts of water; put the calico in while hot, and leave till cold, and in this way the colors are rendered permanent, and will not fade by subsequent washings.

—One of the pent-up men in the burning mine at Pittson, (Pa.), says: "After shutting ourselves in, we sat down together, some despairing, some hoping that we would see daylight again. At six o'clock some of the men went to sleep, and I tried to wake them up, but they would sleep. Again we shook hands with each other, kissed each other and all prayed. Some of the men were crying. We who were awake were very anxious to hear some sign of salvation coming to us. I opened the door and went through to the bottom of the shaft, but almost failed to come back. Since then I remember nothing—it seems as if I had been dreaming."

—Kerosene is the best antidote for a burn or a scald. Immerse the injured part in cold water for a moment; dry with a soft cloth, taking care not to rub it at all. Then bathe in kerosene, and the terrible pain ceases. We know of a child who put his foot and leg in a pail of boiling hot water. The above remedy was applied, and in a few minutes the child's screams ceased. We know not the philosophy of the matter, but know that it is the most efficacious remedy for severe burns or scalds in the materia medica. —*Exchange.*

—A Judge in Memphis was lately called to preside as Chairman at a public meeting in that city. During the proceedings an exciting discussion sprung up, and amid the confusion of loud speeches, motions and cross motions, one speaker called out impatiently to have his motion put to the meeting. "Has your motion a second?" inquired the Chair. "Yes, sir, it has fifty seconds, at least." "Then let it wait ten more and the Chair will make a minute of it."

—Grace Greenwood has been looking at the heavens through the telescope at the Washington Observatory. In writing about her observations to The Golden Age, she exclaims with great appropriateness: "They are bigger and brighter worlds than ours—those planets of the first order. I wonder if they are really higher and happier. Are there no red republicans in Mars?—no prize fighters in belted Jupiter?—no whisky rings in Saturn?—no Laura Fairs in Venus?"

—One of the witnesses in the Baker case, in New Orleans, being closely pressed by one of the attorneys for the defense as to his present occupation, answered that he was in the employ of "Walker, Doolittle & Co." "What is your business," next asked the sagacious attorney. "Pressing bricks and bottoming chairs," was the prompt reply of the witness. Further inquiry showed that his answers were allegorical.

—A Kansas billiard table is thus described: "First, in the middle of the floor was a large goods box, on which was laid a wagon load of sandstone, covered with about eight yards of blue jeans. For pockets they had old boots, about No. 10; for cues they used old broken hoe handles; boiled eggs for balls; and to count this lovely game they used dried apples on a clothes line."

—He took her fancy when he come; he took her hand, he took a kiss; he took no notice of the shame that glowed her happy cheek at this. He took to coming afternoons; he took an oath he'd ne'r deceive; he took her father's silver spoons, and after that he took his leave.

—That was thoughtful economy of the Irishman in the pit of a Dublin theatre, who, seeing some people about to throw an obstreperous fellow in the gallery over the railing, and, being much exasperated by a bad orchestra cried out loudly: "Don't waste him; kill a fiddler with him."

—A physician of Springfield, Mass., was hurriedly called away from the dinner-table recently by a messenger who made the following request: "There is a child fallen into a drain and got drownded; we have got the water out of him, and now we want you to come and get the mud out of him."

—The Territorial Enterprise says: A construction camp has been established not far from the foot of the Geiger Grade, and work is shortly to be commenced on the Virginia and Reno Narrow-guage Railway.

—To remove ink spots from linen, saturate the spot with lard, and expose for a day in the hot sun; then wash and boil without soap. Fruit stains should also be washed without soap.

—The ramie plant promises to supersede cotton in Louisiana.

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at tha lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my29n47tf

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. n51m6

FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A

FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT

At Lone Pine, opposite Hunt's Livery Stable, where can be found at all times the best brands of

FAMILY FLOUR,

Ground and Unground Feed,

At the lowest rates.

n25tf RUSSELL & CO

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of timber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. 5-4n32-6m*

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. mr35n29tv2

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

☞AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

STATIONERY.

☞Aurora News Depot.☜

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, Etc., Etc.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

☞Store in Post Office Building,☜

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place. ap29n44m4

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

☞ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.☜

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2 tf

FINE PRINTING

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INDEPENDENT

Printing Establshment

Desire to inform the public in general and al business men in particular, that they are now prepared to promptly execute

Every Description

OF THE FINEST

JOB PRINTING.

Having received from San Francisco large and valuable additions to our material, consising of type, border, inks, etc., etc., of the very newest and most approved styles, we are enabled to do

Fine Work,

And we

PROPOSE TO DO IT,

In which we shall

Court Criticism, Defy Competition!

Get Printing done and do Business in a Business Manner. And patronize Home Industry and keep your money at home while doing so.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE SPECIMENS

—AT THE—

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE,

CHALFANT & PARKER,
Proprietors.

Independence, Cal., March 25, 1871. tf

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, in quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer;
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n4m6

LEGAL.

AN ACT

To Provide for the Payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to Contract a Funded Debt for that Purpose.

[APPROVED APRIL 2, 1870.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of liquidating and providing for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the State of California hereinafter specified, and to lessen the burden of taxation, the Governor of the State, the Controller of state and the Treasurer of state, and their successors in office, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, to be styled the Loan Commissioners of the State of California, and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the duties hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said state, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually, in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of state. The principal of said bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the State affixed thereto; and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Coupons for the interest shall be attached to each bond so that they may be removed without injury or mutilation to the bond; said coupons, consecutively numbered, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the State.

SEC. 4. Before the sale of any of said bonds the said Loan Commissioners shall cause notices of such sale to be published, for the space of one month, in three daily newspapers published in English, one in the City of New York, one in the City of London, in England, and one in the Capital of the State; in and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in French, in the city of Paris, in France, and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in German, in the City of Frankfort on the Main, in Germany. Such notice shall specify the amount of bonds to be sold, the rate of interest they shall bear, the day and hour of sale, the place of sale, which shall be at the State Capital, and that sealed proposals will be received by the said Loan Commissioners for the purchase of such bonds. Within one month from the expiration of such publication, and on the day and hour named in said notice, the said Loan Commissioners shall open all sealed proposals received by them, and shall award the purchase of said bonds to such bidders as will, in their opinion, make the most advantageous bid for the State; *provided*, that said Loan Commissioners may reject any or all bids, if they deem it to the advantage of the state; and *provided* further, that they may refuse to make any award unless sufficient security shall be furnished by the bidders for the compliance with the terms of their bids; and *provided* further, that said bonds shall not be sold at less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, in gold coin, par value.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer and Controller of State each to keep a separate record of all bonds sold under the provisions of this Act, showing the number, date, amount and rate of interest of each bond, and to whom the same was issued.

SEC. 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for the payment of the expense that may be incurred by the Loan Commissioners in having such bonds prepared and said notices published.

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury; and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding soldiers' relief bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

SEC. 8. All persons having any of the bonds specified in section seven of this Act shall, upon presentation of such bonds to the said Loan Commissioners, be entitled to exchange them at their par value for bonds authorized to be issued under this Act, at the rate of ninety-three cents on the dollar, par value, but no bond shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars, but the said Loan Commissioners may issue certificates of such fractional parts not bonded, which said certificate shall be transferable, and entitled to be paid out of the proceeds of the sales of any bonds provided for in section seven of this Act. The Loan Commissioners shall cancel each bond so exchanged, and shall indorse on such bond the date on which they received the same, and from whom, the number and amount of the bond issued in exchange therefor, and shall file such bond in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 9. Whenever there shall be in the State treasury, from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued under this Act, a sum of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, printed in English, one in New York and one in the Capital of the State, for two months, which advertisement shall state the amount of money in the treasury applicable to the redemption of bonds, and the number of bonds, numbering therein the order of their issuance, which are redeemable; and three months from the date of the expiration of such advertisement, such bonds, unless sooner paid, shall cease to draw interest, but the money for the redemption of such bonds shall remain in the treasury to pay such bonds whenever presented.

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this Act, such rate of tax on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the state, to be computed by the Controller of State on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next ten years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties, in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year, and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the State treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

SEC. 11. Whenever, on the third day of January or July, in any year, after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of any bonds under this Act, there remains, after the payment of the interest, as provided in the preceding section, a surplus of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, for the space of one month, in one daily newspaper, published in English, in the City of New York, and for one month in one daily newspaper, published in English, at the State Capital, for sealed proposals, to be opened one month after the expiration of such publication by the Treasurer, in presence of the Governor or Controller, at the State Capitol, for the surrender of bonds issued under this Act, which advertisement shall state the amount of money he has on hand for the purpose of redemption; and they shall accept the lowest proposals, at rates not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest amount of bonds, until the amount of cash on hand for the redemption is exhausted; *provided*, however, in case a sufficient amount of such bonds shall not be offered, as aforesaid, to exhaust the Sinking Fund to a less amount than ten thousand dollars, then it is hereby made the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, one in New York and one at the Capital of this State, for three months, which advertisement shall state the amount in the Sinking Fund, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which such fund is set apart to pay and discharge; and if such bonds so numbered in such advertisements shall not be presented for payment and cancellation at the expiration of such publications, then such funds shall remain in the treasury to discharge such bonds whenever presented, but they shall draw no interest after the expiration of such publication; before any of said bonds shall be paid, they shall be presented to the Controller, who shall indorse on each bond the amount due thereon, and shall write across the face of each bond the date of its surrender and the name of the person surrendering.

SEC. 12. The Treasurer of State shall keep a full and particular account and record of all his proceedings under this Act, and of the bonds redeemed and surrendered, and he shall transmit to the Governor an abstract of all his proceedings under this Act, with his annual report, to be by the Governor laid before the Legislature; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this Act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the Governor or the Attorney General, or a committee of either branch of the Legislature, or a joint committee of both.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to pay the interest on said bonds, when the same falls due, out of said interest Fund, if sufficient; and if said fund be not sufficient, then to pay the deficiency out of the General Fund; *provided*, that; the Controller of state shall first draw his warrant on the Treasurer, payable to the order of said Treasurer, for the amount of interest money about to become due, which said interest warrant shall be drawn at least one month previous to the maturing of the interest.

SEC. 14. This Act shall take effect sixty days after the next general election, as to all its provisions, except those relating to and necessary for its submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing and proclaiming the votes, which shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This Act shall be submitted to the people of the State for their ratification, at the next general election, and the qualified electors of this State shall, at said election, on their ballots for State officers, vote for or against this Act; those voting for the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—Yes," and those voting against the same, shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—No."

SEC. 16. The votes cast for and against this Act shall be counted, returned and canvassed, and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for the Treasurer of State, and if it appears that a majority of all the votes so cast are for or against this law, as aforesaid, are in favor of this Act, then the same shall have effect as hereinbefore provided, and shall be irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the Governor shall make proclamation thereof; but if a majority of the votes so cast are against this Act, then the same shall become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this Act published in one newspaper in each judicial district of this State, for three months next preceeding the next general election, for which publication no greater allowance shall be made than the rates allowed by law to the State Printer.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full, and correct copy of Chapter Four hundred and Eighty-four, Statutes of California, Eighteenth Session, approved April 2, 1870, now on file in my office.

WITNESS my hand and the great seal of the State, at office, in Sacramento, California, the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1871.

(SEAL.)

H. L. NICHOLS,
Secretary of State.

je10n50m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a south-easterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

je17n51m3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of C. D. Begole against James Walsh, duly attested the 12th day of June, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of the said James Walsh in and to the Belmont mine, situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the County of Inyo, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, U. S. gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

June 17th, 1871. je17n51t3

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.,
June 10, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY "GENERAL FUND."

No.	In favor of	Amount
226	W. L. Moore	$ 90 80
228	S. P. Moffat	115 00

ON THE COUNTY ROAD FUND.

152	Alexander & Chaquette	$100 00

I. HARRIS,
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

je10n50t4

NOTICE.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED a co-partnership under the firm name and style of J. L. DARRAH & CO., for the purpose of carrying on the business of teaming.

J. L. DARRAH,
O. I. MAIRS.

Swansea, Inyo Co., Cal., June 9th, 1871. je10n50t4

STATE LIBRARY

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 2 INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1871. NUMBER 53.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 1.....1871

TERMS:

One Year, by Mail or Express	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
Three Months	1 75
One Month	50
Single Copies	25

LEGAL ADVERTISING

Will be charged for as follows, invariably in advance:

Per Square, First Insertion	$1 50
Per Square, Second Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Third Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Fourth Insertion	1 00
Per Square, each subsequent Insertion	35

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING

Will be charged for at the following rates, in advance:

One Square (10 lines or less)	1 Month	$5 00
" " "	2 "	8 00
" " "	3 "	10 00

REGULAR ADVERTISERS

Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

ATTORNEYS.

P. REDDY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law.

AURORA, NEVADA.

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. my6ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. jy9tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

HARVEY RUSSELL,

Justice of the Peace,

BISHOP CREEK PRECINCT.

Office at Sneden's Hall. n1v16m

J. J. MOORE,

Justice of the Peace,

LONE PINE PRECINCT.

aug 8n65 ly

JOHN A. HANNAH,

Justice of the Peace,

FIFTH PRECINCT.

MINING RECORDER,

CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.

n10v1ly

A. B. ELDER

SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY

L. A. TALCOTT,

UNDER SHERIFF.

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46 n3

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE

SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. jc10n50m6

PAINTING, ETC.

PAINTING,

Wagon & Carriage Making,

PAPER HANGING, ETC.

J. G. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP, and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. n10n50tf

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s

EXPRESS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

GERMAN POSTOFFICE

MONEY ORDERS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

my20n47tf

Die Unterzeichneten

Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutsche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.

Harris & Rhine,

my20n47tf Agenten.

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC

Insurance Company

Of San Francisco.

Fire and Marine.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.

J. HUNT, President.

A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.

HARRIS & RHINE,

AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY authorized to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms. my20n47m3

THE MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK

Organized 1842.

Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.

F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.

Assets July, 1870, $11,000,000 Cash.

THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents for Independence and vicinity my20n47tf

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.

Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39tv2

HOTELS.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING re-established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.

Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. j17n1

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK

STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BAILEY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE.

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

LIVERY STABLES.

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB, ... Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

HUNT'S

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n5 6m

EAGLE

Livery and Feed

STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK,

MASONS,

A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.

June 10, 1871. n50tf

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S

EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents

OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. n29n5m6

SALOONS.

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON,

Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

n12v93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNSON, CROUGH & CO.

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

LONE PINE

Pioneer Saloon,

C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeps — regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36,y1*

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8n29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

fe4-32tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n8n35* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

TRAVELING.

INDEPENDENT

EXPRESS & PASSENGER

LINE

To Los Angeles Direct.

H. W. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri-monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition Line of Steamers for San Francisco.

Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the State, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.

☞ Collections and commissions promptly attended to.☜

The above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angeles on the 8th and 23d of each month.

Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via. Los Angeles	$27 50
Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via. Los Angeles	24 50
Fare to Los Angeles	20 00

AL. BRIGGS, Agent at Independence.

C. MILKEY, " " Lone Pine.

my20n47m3*

CITIZENS' STAGE LINE.

CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.

" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.

" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 4 A. M.

" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M.

T. W. DEXTER, General Agent.

Independence, May 5, 1871. n39tv2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

☞ **NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.**

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y L. F. HEWIT, Superintendent.

HOW THE INJUN CAUGHT THE NEW FASHIONED BUFFALO.

There ain't much fun in an Injun:
If there is it's deepish dow;
And don't er pout at uncommon times,
As it does in a mule or a clown.
Or a Dutchman or a Yankee,
Or any 'them 'ere chaps
That always are gay at the gravest of times,
And never give heed to mishaps.

No, Sir, them red-skinned pirates
Mean blood, and a good deal more;
And when you are least expecting the same
They're jest outside o'yer door,
With torch and a knife and an arrow,
And a whoop of demoniac mirth—
And away they ride by the glaring light
Of your fiercely blazing hearth!

I haven't much luv for an Injun:
And when there's a joke worth while
Played off on the sneaking varmint,
I can't keep back a smile—
No more than I can a bullet,
When I see them prowing about
What a [illegible]
That's watchin' along the route.

'Twas down in the "Cheesnut Gulch"
I'd been hunting for 'bhy a week;
And all the luck I ever had,
That was about the poorest streak.
I was feelin' blue end tired
As I lay thar on the ground,
But mighty quick, you bet! I was roused
By a nice coo-omm n sound.

It came: I soon diskivered;
For the great Pacific line
Run close along, and thar were the cars—
I tell you the sight was fine!
On looking down the track,
An injun, with a stout lasso
Fastened around his waist, I saw
Was watchin' the injine too.

I just laid low for music,
For I knew there'd be a tune,
With the injine's shriek, and the Injun's whoop,
Like a thunder storm in June.
On, on like the wind it came!
Firm stood that cussed "Red;"
And when it got within easy range,
His lasso caught its head!

"Sold! sold!" cried I, while the Injun
And the cars went out of sight;
But never shall I till my dying day
Forget his look of fright.
I haven't much love for an Injun,
But I almost pitied him
For being jerked to the spirit Land
By a buffalo so grim.

Arizona News.

We take the following from The Miner of June 10:

Saturday last, a large party of Indians stole four horses and mules from some poor ranchmen on the Upper Verde, after accomplishing which they set out for Bowers' Agua Frio ranch, about sixteen miles east of Prescott, and on Monday afternoon, just as the herders had got through watering the stock, in the creek, but a short distance below the house, a large body of savages fired on the two herders, killed one of them named Gantt, we believe; shot the other herder's mule from under him, and with wild whoops started mules, horses and cattle towards the East. Word was immediately brought to Whipple and Prescott. Col. Brown, commanding at Whipple, immediately sent Sergeant Kelley and three men men with an express to apprise the commander at Camp Verde. Serjeant Kelley soon made Ash Creek station, and four fresh men and animals then started, by which means the news was got to Gen. Grover in seven hours from Whipple. That officer sent Lieutenant Morton and some cavalrymen to head off the Indians. Meantime, a large party of citizens started from this place, and were joined by others at the Agua Frio. Up to this writing, Friday forenoon, nothing has been heard from citizens or soldiers. The entire number of animals stolen exceeds 160, and were mostly owned by Herbert and F. B. Bowers, upon whom the loss will fall heavily. Then, the poor man who lost his life; will not some wife, father, mother, brothers, sisters, feel and weep o'er his untimely end?

The country around Prescott has, for several weeks past, been filled with Indians, who have amused themselves by firing the grass and trees, and who, unless they are driven out, will soon enact some bloody tragedy.

By letters from Tucson we have information the effect, that on the 15th ult., the "Friendlies" at Camp Apache, turned the arms and ammunition they had received at that post, against their benefactor, the commanding officer, and "asserted their independence" in first-class style. Nor did they leave the reservation empty-handed; for, not satisfied by the acquisition of the Government herd, which they captured and took along with them, they overhauled the mail-carrier at a distance of less than two miles from the post, and carried off the mail. Would it not have been a pity to have massacred these faithful subjects while they were plotting this scheme on their reservation?

Laborers are in great demand. One cannot hire a man at all, at all. But, it is said, there is a rush of men coming, and perhaps, some of them may be induced to work for greenbacks, awhile, before advancing on the mines for big things.

Good Advice.

The Louisville Courier-Journal has the following:

If Mr. Davis would be a hero with the children—a hero with posterity—the hero of a household fairy tale, bedewed with tears, sanctified by blood, animated with glory in which each little one has an inherited portion—he had better have done with balconies and drums and fifes and drunken brawlers, that do no credit to the cause he has led and lost. He should seek to stand behind the mist which is slowly gathering between the past and the future. It is, as it were, a decent drapery, which conceals his faults and only shows his virtues.

—One-half of the depositors of the Boston Savings Banks are said to be girls and women.

Free Schools in the South.

The New York Sun says: About three thousand schools have been established under the present common school system in Mississippi, during the past six months, with upward of eighty thousand pupils, under the tuition of nearly four thousand teachers. This may be considered as some atonement for a good deal of rascally legislation by the State Government. Gov. Davis of Texas—perhaps the best of all the Southern Governors—reports a school population of over one hundred and sixty thousand in that State, the larger part of whom are without educational advantages whatever. The Legislature failed to make any appropriation for schools at the last session; but from the income of the permanent school fund and other sources about half a million of dollars is available for educational purposes. Maryland has thirteen hundred and sixty schools, forty thousand one hundred and fifty-one scholars in attendance, and fourteen hundred and twenty-seven teachers. The average duration of schools in Nevada is eight months and eighteen days. Male teachers there average $125 59, and female teachers $97 97 a month—higher wages probably than are paid in any other State. The Legislature of Kansas refused to pass a bill prohibiting corporeal punishment in the public schools of that State.

—Brigham Young was once Seward's gardener at Auburn.

—Parties behind the times should be ted on ketch up.

—Fifty children are said to have been eaten by the starving Parisians.

—A bad marriage is like an electric machine: it makes you dance, but you can't let go.

—An Irish editor congratulates himself that "half of the lies told about him ain't true."

—A Newark man's wife has had twins, and he is going to have her arrested for repeating.

—Why are types like criminals? Because it is not proper to lock them up without a proof.

—The Chesapeake Bay oyster beds are said to yield 25,000,000 bushels of oysters annually.

—Over 18,000 copies of German newspapers published in this country circulate in Germany.

—Mrs. Fair says she doesn't mind hanging, but to be accused of a weakness for gin is too much.

—Nearly 2,750,000 immigrants have landed in the United States during the last ten years.

—"You seem to walk more erect than usual, my friend." "Yes, I have been straightened by circumstances."

—The capital invested in vessels on the Mississippi river and in the cargoes they are constantly carrying is estimated at $1,500,000,000.

—Reports by way of London say crop prospects in France and Prussia are bad, but further to the east of Europe they look well.

—The greatest drouth that ever was known at Springfield, Illinois, at this season of the year, now prevails there, and vegetation is suffering badly.

—"Bill," said Bob, "why is that tree called the weeping willow?" "'Cause one of the sneaking, plaguey things grew near the school house, and supplied the master with switches."

—They are going to celebrate the Fourth of July at Niagara by sending an old ship over the falls. A motion has been made to amend the resolution by providing that the ship be first filled with Niagara hackmen.

—Josh Billings says that a "man who will chaw turbacker will drink santy kruse rum, and a man that will drink santy kruse rum will go tu the devil, and a man who will go the devil is mean enuff tu du ennything."

—Mrs. Fair is beaten. There is a woman in Arkansas named Emily Sarah Lord, who has lived in ten States and has indulged in nine husbands, two of whom have died suddenly and three have been divorced from her.

—A Massachusetts census officer, wishing to have his State properly understood, reports that if the Lowell girls were laid out endways they would reach nineteen miles. Which is sweetness long-drawn out with a vengeance.

—Americans will learn with sadness that owing to the breaking out of half a dozen or so rebellions at home, Thakamban, the King of the Cannibal Islands, will be compelled to postpone his contemplated visit to the United States for a brief season.

—A Bostonian who resided in Paris throughout the German siege, but has since returned home, states that fully 500,000 people, native and foreign, left the city after the Commune troubles began. The Frenchmen left for the sake of keeping out of the affray. It was melancholy to observe the stillness and loneliness of streets where the business places were closed.

—Madison, Wisconsin, is excited over the case of Mr. Sullivan, a Roman Catholic, who was refused burial in consecrated ground because he died a member of a lodge of Odd Fellows, a secret society. His body, after being buried without ceremony, was exhumed by the Lodge of which he was a member, and reburied with the rites of the Order.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 1.....1871.

OUR SECOND YEAR.

According to our conceptions of right, we deem it out of taste for a journal to be continually making editorial reference to itself, as is too much the case with many papers which are now paying golden tribute to their owners. But there are times when such reference and a few statements are not out of the pale of strict propriety, even when indulged in by those who, as a rule, avoid it.

For one year, or fifty-two weeks, THE INYO INDEPENDENT has been a regular visitor to its patrons, but with what interest it has been read, or in what esteem it is held, is a matter we have no means of knowing. But none are more competent than the conductors of a journal to say whether or not it really contains the matter it should—to judge if it has attained its objects in the past or gives promise of so doing in the future. When, however, THE INDEPENDENT has failed to be readable, or to properly chronicle events, the reason for such failures can readily be made manifest, for it is simply that the support accorded it has not been such that the editors were allowed a moment's respite from the practical drudgeries of the office. The proper editorial conduct of a paper requires time, exhaustive research and the closest personal examination into every resource of the country whose interests are supposed to be reflected.

At one time the outlook was so cheering as to seem to warrant a material enlargement and consequent increase of expenses, and in accordance a prospectus was issued announcing the proposed improvement, and appealing to the county interests and local pride for an effort to increase our subscription list and advertising patronage in a degree commensurate with the increased value of the paper. But, so far as our enterprise was awarded, the paper must remain in its old condition, or go the way of fifty-nine other newspapers on the coast which have died during the year. The remedy could not be in recklessly advancing capital for carrying such a plan into effect, for no person with the required means will ever use it in the establishment of a country newspaper.

For a time, at the start, our enterprise met with a perfectly senseless and foundationless opposition from a part of the community, who claimed that it would not equally represent Lone Pine with other portions of the county because it was not located there. That place is a town of equal or larger size than Independence, and nearer the principal mines, but which was not the county seat, where the Courts and litigants must assemble. However, thanks to a few square-minded friends, this ill-will has fairly blown over, without reference thereto on our part.

Two of the principal items which regularly enter into the meagre count of support for a country paper, are county patronage and election advertising and work. Deducting $100 for blanks supplied to the County Clerk and the Sheriff, the net amount received for the former item has not exceeded $90 cash, the usual delinquent tax list not being published, as according to Inyo's District Attorney, the law does not require it. Whatever business accrues from the latter, is yet to be summed up. Another fact or two in this connection may be here introduced: In Nevada now, and formerly in this State, the net proceeds to the county paper from the publication of a Sheriff's sale ranged from $25 to $40, while here, under the Litigant law, from $7 to $10 are the figures. These sales are invariably set for thirty days ahead, while they are advertised but three weeks. On our local advertisements the rates are now *twenty per cent. less* than any other paper in the State. In the matter of job work, the first inquiry of a majority of patrons (always excepting a notable few) is, "What can it be done for in San Francisco?" As a consequence our prices have been reduced to the very lowest, while our office has been supplied with unsurpassed material, of the newest and finest description.

We have enumerated the foregoing, not as complaints nor in a spirit of faultfinding—for it is certainly our privilege to quit—but to the end that our friends and those interested in the facts may know the same.

A few words, also, in explanation of the difficulties of getting and properly placing before our readers a certain class of news, will not be amiss. Independence is 40 miles north from Cerro Gordo, and not on the line of travel over which the bullion shipments pass. With no one sufficiently interested to report these and the mining items, our position might as well be a hundred miles distant; in fact, the Los Angeles papers have been able to correctly report these matters while this one has not. Early in the year we placed in the hands of all the furnace and mill men in the country an abundance of blanks, most conveniently arranged for the simple, easy transmission to us of the bullion shipments. Although well satisfied that the heads of the Beaudry and Brady furnaces are not unfavorable, their assistants have but once in a great while taken the slight trouble necessary to return the filled out blanks. Of the miners, they themselves will best understand what efforts we have made to collect statistics concerning that industry, and what use we propose making of the information.

THE INDEPENDENT stands upon its own basis, with no rents or interest to pay: if it can not be made a success in this county no like institution need ever attempt it. Three thousand dollars have been sunk in purchasing material, building office, in establishing and in running the paper a year; the coming two months will determine to what point of usefulness and value it may aspire and attain in the future. With the present number, four-fifths of the subscriptions and advertisements expire, and we solicit the people and business men of Inyo and the immediately adjoining counties to say that the same shall be continued and more than doubled. Avail yourselves of the advantages offered by an advertising medium, a means of inter and outside communication, to the extent that skilled labor can be employed thereon, and its editor allowed time and liberty to devote proper attention to his duties. Let all signify their intentions at once, for no paper will be sent longer than to allow time for renewal.

With all its enormous wealth, vast mineral and agricultural interests, our county is yet in its infancy. As its population, wealth and fame shall grow, and as its valleys and mountains shall teem with busy life and turmoil, THE INDEPENDENT proposes to proportionately expand its influence, value and importance; so extend to it but a moiety of the amount sent abroad for older and larger papers, to the end that it may take the place of and equal them. It is far from the intentions of the proprietors of this paper to remain its publishers if its resources and the support accorded it will not allow of an advance upon the respectable mediocrity which too often contents the provincial printer.

OUR BULLION PRODUCT—THE FIGURES.

We are indebted to M. W. Belshaw, Esq., for the following communication, which gives more solid information than we have hitherto been able to obtain concerning this, our principal industry. The "ventilating" item was a desperate attempt to find out whether anything in THE INDEPENDENT was read or not. We *have* found out, and own that Mr. Belshaw has rather the best of us. Following is his letter:

CERRO GORDO, June 28.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Having a healthy fear of ventilation (see last week's INDEPENDENT), ventilation being what at this altitude we are most troubled with, I hereby send you statement of bullion product of the Cerro Gordo furnaces of V. Beaudry and ourselves since August 1st, 1870:

No. bars made (at our furnace) 23,680. Weight, 2,060,160 pounds. Days running time, 273; 14 days lost in repairing boiler, 14 days lost for want of water, and 31 days lost in repairs of furnace. Size of furnace 22 inches inside, and 8 feet high. Only one furnace.

V. Beaudry's furnace since October 1st, has produced 11,995 bars; weight, 1,019,575. Running time about 110 days. Size of furnace same as above.

Yours truly,

M. W. BELSHAW.

A WAR CLOUD AT HOME.

At a late hour yesterday was received the communication from Deep Spring Valley, given elsewhere, which apprises us of some singular movements on the part of the Indians. The writer is well informed on Indian affairs, and seems deeply in earnest. We think the statement of facts therein will warrant the promptest measures for ascertaining, if it be possible, the real intent of the Indians. This time it appears to be a well founded alarm; let but one agressive act come from them and lightning-like blows will fall until they sue for mercy. The Indians east of the mountains are only held in abeyance by a fear of the soldiers, and let a drop of white blood be shed and the warring fiends should be swept from existence.

Lotteries.

The Sacramento Union advertises the lotteries because "nothing is so likely to sicken the people of the infamous act," and "hasten its repeal as reading of the evidences of the demoralization it has wrought." This argument is like The Union's particular enemy, Charley Crocker's railroad. "Very thin, gentlemen, *v-e-r-y t-h-i-n!*"

RAILROAD TALK.

The Reno Cresent says the work of construction will soon begin on the Reno and Virginia City Narrow Gauge railroad. The iron and rolling stock has been contracted for and the speedy completion of the road is considered a certainty. The Crescent is urging an extension of the road south of Virginia, with the view of diverting the trade of this section from Los Angeles to Reno. A branch from the foot of the Geiger Grade is suggested, which is to run through Washoe and Carson Valleys through to Cerro Gordo, making the entire length of the road about 265 miles. Such a road, says The Crescent, would open and develop the Walker river country, Washington, Silver Mountain, Aurora, Pine Grove and a dozen other mining districts. It would secure the trade and transportion for Reno, in addition to the foregoing, of Benton, Columbus, Silver Peak, Palmetto, Montezuma, Deep Springs, Kearsarge, Eclipse, and Cerro Gordo, in every one of which valuable and extensive mines are being profitably worked, with all their attending disadvantages. At the present time the Cerro Gordo and Columbus freights aggregates near one thousand tons per month; with the reduced rates and increased speed that would be afforded by this route, The Crescent thinks that amount would be quadrupled in two years. We think that a very moderate estimate. The road would extend through an almost continuous line of valleys rich in grazing and agricultural resources, and in close proximity to hundreds of good mines included in the districts named. From these facts it is not in the least extravagant to assume that almost every station on the railroad would become a depot for quantities of freight which, in the aggregate, would far exceed the above estimate, and furnish ample business for any railroad, wide or narrow gauge. In short we do not believe there is any road in contemplation on the Pacific coast that offers superior inducements for the investment of capital than the one outlined above.

The Crescent truly says: "The south-eastern portion of Nevada and the adjacent mining sections of California are too rich in resources always to remain isolated, and if the enterprise that opens the world to them is not done from this direction, it will be done from the direction of the Southern Pacific railroad. Let us act now while the prize is open to us alone." The extension of the Southern Pacific road through the Tehechepi Pass would place Cerro Gordo and the southern portion of the county within 140 miles of a railroad from which, doubtless, a branch would soon be extended in this direction. Unless Reno itself should become the objective point for ore shipments, the southern connection would be most conducive to the interests of our present principal mining district, but a road from the north would command a much greater expanse of mining and agricultural country, and be more certain to remunerate the builders. This road would have thousands of mines tributary not only to itself but to the town of Reno, if the present plans are carried out. That point possesses every natural advantage for the establishment of the most extensive and perfect reduction works for ores, and on the line of this proposed road the ores exist in inexhaustible quantities—iron, lead, silver and gold, to say nothing of numerous other minerals like salt, borax, etc. It matters not from which direction it comes, a railroad is an essential to the proper development of our vast mineral wealth, and the sooner we have it the better. We hope the people of Reno, whose interests are so much involved, will not permit this matter to rest at least until it receives a thorough investigation.

Latest from Arizona.

We give below an account of the chase after the Indians that run off the stock from Bowers' ranch an account of which appears in another column:

At Camp McDowell, June 12, Lieut. Morton, with 29 men and a party of sixteen citizens, had just returned from a most successful scout, having killed fifty-six Indians, recaptured five of seven horses, and all the beef cattle, fifteen head, stolen from Bowers' ranch on the 3d inst. Rations for the men had given out and they were forced to return. At old Fort Reno they met Captain Mills with forty-five men well equipped, who will follow the trail, and it is expected will be favorably heard from.

On the Upper Santa Cruz, June 8th, a son of Peter Kitchen, eleven years old, was shot by Indians about 200 yards from his home.

The body of Hon. Rees Smith was found near Rhodes' ranch. He had evidently been murdered, but by whom is not known.

Salt Lake City is to be lighted by gas. Brigham is bound to have more light.

On the 20th of June, Queen Victoria completed the thirty-fourth year of her reign.

AN INDIAN WAR!

DEEP SPRING, June 26.

EDITORS INYO INDEPENDENT: I hastily drop you a few lines to inform you that on yesterday a threatened Indian war burst like a thunder cloud over the valley. When Joe Bowers left here three days ago, he told us that the Indians were going into a big war; he was then going out to inform the soldiers and talk to the Indians, and then return to the Post and inform the Major. He told the Piutes that if they went to war with the whites there would be no Indians left. They tried to get the Indians of the valley to go in with them, but Joe would not allow it. An old Indian arrived here yesterday and said that Joe was in a good deal of trouble; the Fish Lake Indians were going to put another Captain in his place; they call him "the white man's Captain." It is said here, from information received from Joe, that the Big Pine Indians won't fight, but all the Bishop Creek Indians so far north as to include the Mono Lake Indians, with Fish Lake, Columbus and all the Indians scattered over that country, are to be joined with a large band of Shoshones, and a branch of the main tribe who emigrated and settled east of Silver Peak. Kimball and family, so many years with that tribe, speak of a branch leaving the main tribe on account of freemasonry or some secret society that got among those who left. We have heard that the Bishop Creek Indians have sent away their families; if so, and any Indians are lying around the Creek, they should be taken and forced to make their families return.

It is very certain the Indians will not fight or take chances of their lives, but will make raids and plan massacres. They were generally successful in the murders they undertook in the valley.

All the places north of Bishop Creek and Deep Spring Valley should immediately prepare for any emergency. There are about thirty men in here poorly armed, as are the people of Columbus. Major Egbert is advised of these facts by a letter of this date, and requested to send arms. There can be a good number of men got from both these camps to defend the farmers of Fish Lake Valley.

The squaws and children are away from here; Joe Bowers secured them, being afraid that the others would come in and butcher them. Joe has told the Indians that there are enough of white men to cut them down like grass. The Indians don't believe it. All the old Indians are with Joe at present; there are a few boys here who are anxious for him to return. As soon as he comes we will know how things are going. It is very evident that one of the greatest efforts will be made by the Indians that ever was made.

Joe highly deserves the wages he gets from the Government; were it not for him the people might be taken unawares. His situation is such that he can know their combinations and give the whites a chance to defend themselves.

J. T. R.

A HOME-SICK NEW YORKER.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

JERSEY CITY, N. J., June 13.

DEAR INDEPENDENT: I have traveled far and in many a clime since leaving home, but I have yet to see the place that I would prefer to my ranch in Owens River Valley. I am getting tired of this everlasting din, hurry, worry and brain-work, and would love dearly to go back to the old ranch and take a rest. Just think of the mass of humanity of metropolitan New York—2,220,627 inhabitants, who are divided as follows:

¾	per cent.	live in	Orange Co.,	N. Y.
1	"	"	" Rockland "	"
1½	"	"	" Richmond "	"
1½	"	"	" Fairfield "	Conn.
6	"	"	" Westchester Co.,	N.Y.
23¾	"	"	" Long Island.	
24¼	"	"	" New Jersey	
41½	"	"	" the City of New York.	

There are more people within fifteen miles of the City Hall of New York than there is in a strip of land 250 miles wide, commencing at the North Pole and ending at the Isthmus of Darien. Each one of these individuals is in search of the almighty dollar, and what they don't think of to accomplish their purpose is hardly worth thinking of. The chances of making a fortune here is about equal to being struck by lightning. Californians stand the best show; they have more vim, more *sabe*, and are generally very clanish—that is, they will all stick to one another, as much so as if they were of another nationality.

Living here is much more costly than in the valley. For instance, my living costs me $3,000 per annum, and I do not live any better than I did on my ranch. A decent, comfortable house in a respectable neighborhood costs from $8,000 to $15,000. Then there are gas bills, coal bills, wood, and internal, external, infernal and eternal revenue, or tax bills. A lot 25 by 100 feet costs here from $500 to $500,000, and the man who owns the roof that covers his head is considered fortunate.

There is a bright future for Owens River Valley; it possesses within itself all the combined elements of wealth, and a climate that, compared to this, is like a bright, sunny day and a dark, stormy night. If we could only know when we are well off, and be satisfied! It has been truly said that "Contentment is better than riches."

More anon.

J. W. P.

—It is stated that a company of practical engineers of San Francisco have formed an association for the purpose of making an artificial lake and for importing fish from Lake Superior and fresh water eels from Lake Michigan, with the intention of cultivating and supplying the San Francisco market with the same.

POLITICAL NEWS.

The Democratic State Convention met at Sacramento on Tuesday. Nearly every delegate was present in person. The Sacramento Union of Wednesday morning says: "The Convention was very largely attended, and it was generally remarked upon as being composed of material far above the average of similiar bodies in this State. There was an unusual proportion of tax payers, and much less than the usual attendance of street corner and cross-roads politicians. The subsidy element was in so small a minority as not to be able to make any show of opposition worthy the name.

Hon. J. W. Coffroth, was chosen President of the Convention, which was organized on Tuesday; the Committee on platform not being able to report, no nominations were made that day. On Wednesday the report of the Committee was adopted without a dissenting voice, amid great applause. We find the following in The Bulletin.

The resolutions declare:

First—Waiving all differences of opinion, the Democratic party of California accepts the natural and legitimate consequences of the war.

Second—We regard the Constitutional amendments as a settlement in fact of all issues raised by the war, and no longer before the country.

Third—The old rules of the Democratic construction are to be applied to the Constitution as it is.

Fourth—Declares in favor of universal amnesty.

Fifth—Condemns riotious demonstrations and unlawful combinations, but denounces the Kuklux bill, enacted for no other purpose than to complete the work of centralization.

Sixth—Is in favor of tariff for revenue only, and denounces the protection system.

Seventh—Opposes the acts of Congress granting lands and subsidies to enrich corporations.

Eighth—Denounces Congress for various sins of omission and commission.

Ninth—Is uncompromisingly opposed to railroad subsidies in this State, and asserts that the five per cent. law should be immediately repealed.

Tenth—Is in favor of amending the State Constitution so as to prohibit subsidies.

Eleventh—Is in favor of liberal legislation for labor interests.

Twelfth—Is opposed to Chinese immigration.

Thirteenth—The public lands must be reserved for the use of the actual settlers on the most liberal terms.

Fourteenth—Denounces interference by the President with military power in elections as treason to the Constitution.

Fifteenth—Protests against leading measures of the National Administration and pledges the Democratic party to economy, retrenchment and reform.

Sixteenth—Pledges the party to carry out all that is necessary to this end.

Seventeenth—Endorse the Democratic State Administration.

The following nominations were then made: Governor, H. H. Haight by acclamation; Lieutenant Governor E. J. Lewis; Supreme Judge, short term, Jackson Temple; long term, Selden S. Wright; Secretary of State, W. B. C. Brown; Attorney General, Jo Hamilton; Controller, R. O. De Witt; Surveyor General, J. W. Bost; Clerk of the Supreme Court, Thomas Laspeyre; State Printer, John T. Barry; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Rev. O. P. Fitzgerald; State Harbor Commissioner, I. Friedlander; State Central Committee, First Judicial District, W. J. Graves, San Luis Obispo; Second, W. P. Tilden, Chico, Butte; Fourth, J. C. Pennie, San Francisco; Fifth, J. W. Mandeville, Columbia, Tuolumne; Sixth, J. W. Coffroth, Sacramento; Seventh, Wm. McPherson Sonoma City; Eighth, T. M. Brown, Orleans Bar, Klamath; Ninth, B. G. Lathrop, Horsetown, Shasta; Tenth, John Boggs, Colusa; Eleventh, J. F. Treat, San Andreas, Calaveras; Twelfth, John Ardley, Redwood City, San Mateo; Thirteenth, J. N. Walker, Millerton, Fresno; Fourteenth, Jos. Walkup, Auburn, Placer; Fifteenth, Stewart Menzies, San Francisco; Sixteenth, A. C. Lawrence, Havilah, Kern; Seventeenth, W. A. Conn, San Bernardino. To these were added McCoppin in the First Congressional District, Second W. M. Watt, Third, James A. Johnson.

The Democrats of Tuolumne county have put forth the following county ticket: For Senator, W. A. Eakin; Assembly, Geo. A. Whiting, and W. C. Connelly; County Judge, James Letford; Sheriff, D Munn; Clerk Hugh Farley; Treasurer C. E. Lang; District Attorney, Caleb Dorsey; Assesser, T. C. Birney; Superintendent of Common Schools, R. de Haven; Surveyor, W. S. Cooper; Coroner, F. A. Freund.

The Union Democat says the Republican Convention was to come off last Saturday, June 24th, and that there would probably be some strife on nominations for Assembly, Sheriff and Clerk. Andross, for Senator, and McNeil, for Judge were likely to be successful, as they had no opposition.

George Archer, of Santa Clara, has received the Democratic nomination for Congress in the First Congressional District, beating Axtell, Sawyer, Wand and all the rest.

El Dorado and Mono Counties send delegates to the State Convention for Booth and Sargent. El Dorado instructs. This convention also adopted a resolution demanding that the Legislature reduce the rates of railway transportation, and against granting subsidies to them.

John M. Coghlan, of Solano, has received the Republican nomination for Congress in the Third district. George Pearce, of Sonoma, has received the Democratic nomination for the same office in the same District.

J. W. Coffroth received the Democratic nomination for Congress in the Second (Sacramento) District.

The Republican County Convention of San Joaquin County adopted strong anti-subsidy resolutions.

NEWS ITEMS.

A severe shock of earthquake was felt at Calistoga, Napa county, June 21. At Knight's Valley, Brookshire's hotel was burned down, caused, it is supposed, by the earthquake disturbing a stove pipe. Loss $5,000.

Graham, the colored man who was charged with seduction last March, was shot dead in the Court room in Portland, Oregon, June 21, by the girl's father-in-law.

A man named Walters, under sentence of death, in Lewiston, Washington Territory, was taken out and hung by a mob disguised as Indians, because the sentence had not been executed by the Sheriff at the proper time.

A Pennsylvania gold and siver mining company is to operate with $1,000,000 capital in Nevada county.

Another negro cadet has arrived at West Point, Henry Alonzo Napier, from Tennessee. He is about 18 years of age, and darker than Cadet Smith.

The Tuolumne re-union picnic held at Martinez, on the 10th ultimo, was a grand and brilliant affair. Two thousand persons went from San Francisco on the steamers.

Gen. Horatio G. Wright, Gen. John G. Foster, Dr. W. Newcomb, United States Commissioners to examine the Sutro Tunnel project, and Major Wm. King, Secretary of the Commission, left Chicago, June 21, for the Pacific coast.

Dall's mill, Washoe, Nevada, which was burned June 19, was insured for $80,000.

It is said that under the terms of peace treaty of 1783, the property of Trinity church, New York, belongs to the United States, and the Secretary of the Treasury is being importuned to sell it on the part of the Government for $25,000,000.

The amount due the Government from Collectors of Internal Revenue is near three million dollars, which it is thought, will have to be collected by suit against the bondsmen.

Active operations have commenced on the Virginia and Truckee railroad. The extension is from Carson through Washoe Valley to the Central Pacific at Reno.

Indians are becoming very troublesome on the upper Missouri. Several attacks have recently been made on settlers and others.

Susanville, Lassen county, is said to be very lively, owing to a rush to the Big Valley mines.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ATTENTION, ONES!

THERE WILL BE A REGULAR MEETING OF Independence Engine Co. No. 1, on MONDAY EVENING NEXT, JULY 3, at 7½ o'clock, at the Sazarac Saloon, for the transaction of important business.

n53tf1 A. C. HANSON, President.

ICE CREAM!

EVERYBODY GO TO THE FRENCH RESTAURANT on SUNDAYS for the finest ICE CREAM.

je10n50tf PETER MARGALOT.

UNION REPUBLICAN

Primaries and Convention.

AT A MEETING OF THE UNION REPUBLICAN County Central Committee, held at Independence June 24th, 1871, the apportionment of Delegates to the County Convention was made as follows:

Independence	3
Lone Pine	4
Cerro Gordo	5
Bishop Creek	4
Round Valley	2
Fish Springs	2
Kearsarge	1
Big Pine	1
Swansea	1
Deep Spring Valley	1
Camp Independence	1

The primaries will be held on the EIGHTH DAY OF JULY, at from 2 to 7 o'clock P. M., at the following named places in the several precincts, viz.: Independence, store of J. B. Rowley; Lone Pine, store of Mr. Stratton; Cerro Gordo, D. Williams' saloon; Swansea, Docweiler's Hotel; Kearsarge, Kearsarge office; Fish Springs, house of George Sheld; Big Pine, D. Naylor's store; Bishop Creek, Sneden Hall; Round Valley, house of J. Bircham; Deep Spring Valley, L. Wicks' store.

Test: All persons who voted for Grant in 1868, or who should have done so had they been entitled to vote, will be allowed to vote at the primaries.

The delegates then chosen will meet in convention at the town of Independence, on SATURDAY, JULY 15TH, 1871.

J. EARL, Chairman.

M. S. CLARK, Secretary pro tem. jy1n53td

J. F. DILLON

WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE HIMSELF as a candidate for the position of County Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.

H. C. MORSE

ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A CANDIDATE FOR the office of County Assessor—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 1,.....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

The Fourth.

With the exception of Benton, there appears to be none of our little towns making preparations for a day-light celebration of the day on which Americans are enthusiastically inspired. At the place named the fun arranged to come off has been advertised by posters, and consists of a procession, an oration, races, etc., winding up with a grand ball at the Partzwick Hotel. Lone Pine has a general good time during the day, with an anvil salute, and a ball at the Lone Pine Hotel at night. The attendance of Cerro Gordoans will perhaps be divided between that place and this. The arrangement made for observing the Fourth at this place, have been confined to making preparations for the ball to be given by the fire company. Independent of the worthy object and the enjoyable dance itself, there is certainly none but who can well afford to attend a ball on this day, if on no other. The accommodations at the new hall are ample for the large number of dancers who will be present, and the supper, at the Inyo House, will be unexceled. This will be reasonable enough, and the ticket for yourself and partner costs but $3. Go to one of the stores and get your ticket.

Delegates Elected.

The Democratic primaries, held last Saturday, passed off quietly, resulting in the election of the following named Delegates to the County Convention, which convenes on Saturday, July 8th: Round Valley, David Olds, John Laird; Bishop Creek, T. K. Hutchinson, J. D. Spray John Crough, John Blair; Big Pine, Gus. Baker, —— Malane; Fish Springs, J. W. McMurry, Matt. Stewart; Independence A. N. Bell, J. A. Lank, Jas. E. Parker; Kearsarge, —— ——; Lone Pine, W. C. Columber, I. S. Freeborn, N. F. Coburn, F. P. Ball; Cerro Gordo, W. L. Hunter, John Beveridge, James McKenney, W. O'Malley, J. A. Mallon, Charles Anderson, J. A. Hannah, Chris. Zinkard. Deep Springs, J. H. Kincaid, J. Chastine.

The New Mill at Benton.

Messrs. Greeley Brothers, of Aurora, are the contractors engaged in building the new mill in Hot Springs District. It is located in Blind Spring Valley, about three miles this side of Benton; is to be a 10-stamper and first class in every particular; most of the machinery is on the ground. A Stedefeldt furnace, we believe, is to be added, the whole making a reduction works of the most complete character. It is understood that San Francisco men are the owners.

Fun at Lone Pine.

St. John's day, the 24th instant, was observed in Lone Pine by the Spanish and Mexican population, who indulged in a general jollification. Eating, drinking, dancing, etc., interspersed with many daring and skilful feats of horsemanship; formed part of the programme of amusements. In celebrations, and occasions of this kind, the Spaniards, Mexicans and Chilanos are the most hearty, hospitable people in the world.

Shingling.

A grand shingling match for coin was arranged to come of on Wednesday last, on the new stable of Messrs. White & Brown, by a couple of experts in that line of business. Some wonderful feats in laying shingles were raked up and canvassed, but when the time came the weather was most too much for the boys, and a withdrawel of the stakes was the result.

Milton School.

The school in Milton District closed on Tuesday, the 27th ult., for a short vacation. Following are the names of pupils who attained a place on the Roll of Honor, having reached an average of 90 in recitations and deportment during the term: Masters Guy C. Earl and George M. Gill; Misses Carrie Duval and Kate Schalten.

New Flag Staff.

At Camp Independence, in front of the Commanding Officer's quarters, has been erected a flag staff, upon which is thrown to the breeze the noblest banner of them all. The staff is 102 feet in hight, of the fairest proportions, and presents an imposing appearance, even from a distance.

The New Road.

The Deep Spring Valley road over the Inyo mountains, is being energetically put through by the Greenley party. The work is much more difficult than was anticipated, but it will be completed by the 20th inst. A portion of the party are engaged in sinking for water, near the summit.

Water Turned On.

The four-mile water ditch of the Eclipse company is now completed, and the water turned on and at the mill. Much credit is due all the parties interested for so successfully surmounting all the difficulties which presented themselves.

Arrived.

Our "returned" notice of last week should have included the names of Mr. V. Beaudry and J. W. McMurry. The usual load of passengers arrived on the last stage; among the rest we note the return of Superintendent Tregellas, of the Eclipse.

Monthly Meeting.

There will be a regular monthly meeting of One's Company, at the Sazarac saloon, next Monday night. The members know the importance of the business to come up, and can hardly fail to be promptly on hand.

Will Not Take Place.

A note from T. D. Lewis, Esq., of Bishop Creek, informs us that he will be unable to give the proposed party at his place on the coming Fourth, on account of sickness in his family.

Started Up!

Beaudry's furnace was again started up week ago last Wednesday, and in the first 24 hours run out 114 bars of bullion.

Ice Cream.

Peter Margalot has ice cream to-morrow, and hereafter on Sundays only. He can no ketchem icey, you see.

Elixir.

Go to Wallace's and get some of that "cherry bounce." It's nifty.

You George,

Who wanted the Fly papers, come and get them.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

INDEPENDENCE, June 24, 1871.

At a meeting of the Union Republican Central Committee of Inyo County, convened at Independence, June 24, 1871, the following business was transacted, viz.:

The apportionment of delegates as folfows: Independence, 3; Lone Pine, 4; Cerro Gordo, 5; Bishop Creek, 4; Round Valley, 2; Fish Springs, 2; Kearsarge, 1; Big Pine, 1; Swansea, 1; Deep Spring Valley, 1; Camp Independence, 1.

The primaries will be held in the several precincts July 8th, 1871, at the following named houses: Independence, at the store of J. B. Rowley; Lone Pine, store of Mr. Stratton; Cerro Gordo, D. Williams' saloon; Swansea, Docweiller's Hotel; Kearsarge, at the office of the Kearsarge Mining Co.; Fish Springs, house of George Shedd; Big Pine, D. Naylor's store; Bishop Creek, Sneden Hall; Round Valley, house of J. G. Bircham; Deep Spring Valley, store of L. Wicks; Camp Independence, store of Earl & Harris. At the above named places the polls will be opened at 2 o'clock P. M. July 8th, 1871, and closed at 7.

Test: All persons who voted for Grant in 1868, or who should have done so had they been entitled to vote, will be allowed to vote at the primaries.

The delegates then chosen will meet at the Court House, in the town of Independence, on Saturday, July 15, 1871.

J. EARL, Chairman.

M. S. CLARK, Secretary *pro tem.*

Not Received.

We are in receipt of a note, dated at Bishop Creek, wherein we are supposed to have suppressed certain manuscript relating to a question that has, at different times, been discussed in these columns. We are not disposed to treat our correspondents with such discourtesy, particularly the one referred to, whose right to the closing argument we do not contest. In the present case we suppressed no such manuscript for none such was ever received by us. Send it along, and we will very willingly give it publication.

Never Think

Of trying to get along without attending the ball next Tuesday night. If you want to make yourself agreeable, take your lady and go; if you want a night's enjoyment, go; if you want to celebrate the day of days, go; if you want a fire engine in this place, go.

Announcements.

In the proper place will be seen the announcements of two new candidates for the office of County Assessor, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention Both are well qualified for the position, and both old Inyoans and well known.

The Dates.

By the published proceedings and advertisement, it will be seen that the Union Republican primaries will be held on Saturday, July 8th, and the Convention on Saturday, July 15th. For appointments, etc., see official notice.

Religious Notice.

There will be services at the School House at Georges Creek, on Sunday, July 2, at 11 o'clock, A. M. Also, at the Court House, in Independence, at 7½ o'clock P. M., by Rev. A. Clarke. The public are invited.

Silver Sprout.

We understand that the Silver Sprout company are about to let a contract for running a tunnel 600 feet in length, on their mines on Kearsarge mountain, to tap their principal ledges.

Read.

We respectfully direct the attention of everybody to the article on the editorial page headed "Our Second Year." Read it and then form a club of subscribers of at least one—yourself and a hundred others if possible.

Union Mine.

This old company are making preparations to sink a shaft upon their ledge, which is situated in the Inyo range, about two miles south of the Eclipse.

Bullion Shipment.

On the 28th ultimo there were shipped, by Wells, Fargo & Co., 3 bars of bullion from the Kearsarge, weighing 2,556 ounces.

A Dinner.

The Oasis Lodge of I. O. G. T. will enjoy an oyster supper on the evening of the Fourth, at Bishop Creek. No wine!

Bullion from Benton.

Albert Mack shipped from Benton, on the 24th instant, 1,932 ounces of bullion, the result of a short run of his mill.

Bancroft's Tourist's Guide.

Bancroft has just issued one of the neatest and most complete guide books for noted localities around the Bay, Yosemite, Big Trees and other places of interest, that has met our observation. This common-sense hand-book informs tourists where to go; how far it is; how to get there; when to start; whom to stop with; how long it takes; and how much it all costs.

From Los Angeles

A dispatch from Los Angeles under date of June 20th, says:—A Californian, named Manuel Murrillo, who has just completed a term in the penitentiary for stealing, stabbed and killed Mariano Villa, in a bar-room on Negro alley, about 11 o'clock last night. Murrillo was quarrelling with the barkeeper, when Villa entered and remonstrated with the parties, whereupon Murrillo drove a knife through his heart, causing instant death. The murderer has escaped.

A vein of coal recently discovered 30 miles south of Los Angeles, 7 miles from the coast, crops out 9 feet thick, 3 feet wide, and the indications are favorable for an extensive bed of coal, and it is believed here that the Pacific mail steamer will shortly commence calling at San Pedro on regular trips to and from Panama.

June 18, Visalia was visited by a severe storm, commencing in the evening and lasting through the night, raining at intervals. Many large trees were torn up by their roots, others broken off and carried several rods. The roads leading north and south were blocked by fallen timber, and telegraph poles prostrated in many places. Some houses in the outskirts of the town were badly damaged.

—Good backing—A three-storied brick house leaning against a drunken man.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Thiers states that the German war cost France three milliards of francs.

The French Loan is popular in Germany, and arrangements are being made to take a large portion of it.

The trial of the Communist leader, Rochefort, was to commence June 28.

McMahon wants to resign.

There were some indications of a renewal of the insurrection. Multitudes of workmen openly insult soldiers and attempt assassination.

To avoid trouble the Prussian commander is requested not to permit his officers to enter the city.

The destruction of life and property vastly exceeds the Government newspaper accounts. The Paris workmen were almost unanimously Communists, and are bitter because defeated. They hate Thiers and hate the Bonapartes, and many will emigrate to America.

A correspondent says on May 21, when a body of Communists entered Minister Washburne's house with the intention of committing depredations, the commander of the Prussian forces to the northward of Paris said that if Washburne was not held inviolate in person and property, the city would be bombarded in twenty-four hours. This warning had its effect, so that Paris was at the mercy of the American Minister, and at his word a thousand guns would have opened on the city.

The census in England and Wales gives a population of 22,700,000, and in Ireland of 5,400,000.

Accounts from Rome say that the Pope, on the twenty-fifth anniversary of his Pontificate, received deputations from all countries—even from Poland. At least 2,000 delegates and 800 ladies waited on him during the day.

Divisions of the Northern Pacific Railroad.

The Northern Pacific Railroad is divided into six great sections, as follows:

1. From Lake Superior to the Yellowstone River, 550 miles. 2. Along the Yellowstone to Bozeman's Pass, 420 miles. 3. Bozeman's Pass to Hellgate River, Mountain Division, 225 miles. 4. Hellgate River to Pend d'Oreille Lake, 205 miles. 5. Pend d'Oreille Lake to the mouth of Lewis River. 6. Mouth of Lewis River to Puget Sound, Columbia Valley Division, 337 miles. The estimated cost of building and equipping the road will be $85,277,000, or an average of $82,648 per mile.

POLITICAL.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES AND CONVENTION.

AT A MEETING OF THE DEMOCRATIC County Central Committee, held at Independence, June 12, 1871, it was resolved that the apportionment of Delegates to the County Convention for the different precincts and townships of Inyo County be made as follows:

Round Valley	2
Bishop Creek	4
Big Pine	2
Fish Springs	2
Deep Spring Valley	2
Independence	3
Kearsarge	1
Lone Pine	4
Cerro Gordo	8

SATURDAY, the TWENTY FOURTH DAY OF JUNE was appointed as the day on which the primaries are to be held; and SATURDAY, the EIGHTH OF JULY, as the day for the meeting of the County Convention, to be held at Independence, at 10 o'clock A. M.

S. P. MOFFAT, Chairman.

HENRY M. ISAACS, Secretary, je17n51td

J. B. WHITE

OF INDEPENDENCE, WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. n44td*

C. MULKEY

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my6td*

For Member of the Assembly.

D. B. CURTISS RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for Member of the Assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention. my27td*

W. L. MOORE

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for County Clerk, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my13td*

I. P. YANEY,

OF BISHOP CREEK, RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for the office of County Clerk—subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. my6td*

HENRY M. ISAACS

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for the office of County Treasurer—subject to the ensuing Democratic Convention.

JOHN A. LANK

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for re-election to the office of Coroner of Inyo County, subject to the Democratic Convention. n51td

A. B. ELDER

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff—subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. n50td

M. S. CLARKE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention, n50td

W. T. GRANT

HEREBY RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. je3td

P. HARRINGTON

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my27td*

THOS. J. GOODALE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of Sheriff of Inyo County, at the ensuing election. my27td

MISCELLAENOUS

FOURTH OF JULY

BALL,

—AT—

LONE PINE HOTEL,

ON THE

Evening of July Fourth, 1871.

Committee of Invitation:

C. MULKEY, J. B. STEWART,
JOHN COLLISTER, C. D. BEGOLE.

Floor Managers:

C. HARVEY, W. L. MOORE

GOOD MUSIC IN ATTENDANCE

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

GRAND

Fourth of July Ball,

—GIVEN BY—

Independence Engine Co.,

NUMBER 1,

AT MASONIC HALL,

Independence, Cal.

A GENERAL INVITATION IS RESPECTFULLY extended to the public. A powerful band of music has been engaged, and no trouble or expense will be spared to make this the finest affair ever gotten up in the valley.

Committee of Arrangements:

THOS. J. GOODALE, HENRY M. ISAACS, B. P. TASKER, H. C. MORSE, J. E. PARKER.

Reception Committee:

G. W. TODD, B. P. TASKER.

Floor Managers:

WM. G. SQUIRES, JOHN WALLACE.

Floor Director:

JAMES E. PARKER.

TICKETS, - - - THREE DOLLARS,

To be obtained at the Stores of Harris & Rhine and J. S. Rothschild & Co.

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

je10n50tf

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County. Apply to

V. BEAUDRY, Cerro Gordo.

ap29n44tf

Wanted.

WANTED AT THE BIG PINE BIG SAW MILL, a man that understands sawing Shingles. Apply immediately. BELL & BRO.

je17n51t3

NOTICE.

PARTIES INDEBTED TO THE UNDERSIGNED are requested to call and settle up immediately, and save costs.

je10n503t A. K. BRIGGS.

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK

Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. n51m6

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK

SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old motto of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms.

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, June 20, 1871. je14n52tf

A. MACK,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

—AT—

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

my25n39tv2

DRUGS ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46ftc

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe8 2-6m JOHN LENTELL

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46m3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 1,.....1871.

Josh Billings on Marriage.

Sum marry bekause they have been highsted sum way; this iz a cross match, a bay and a sorrel; pride may make it endurable.

Sum marry for love withont a cent in their pocket or a friend in the world, nor a drop of pedigree. This looks desperate, but it is the strength of the game.

Sum marry because they think wimmen will be scarce next year, and live to wonder how the crops hold out.

Sum marry the twiste time to get even, and its a gambling game; the more they put down, the less they take up.

Sum marry to be happy, and not findin' it they wonder where all the happiness goes tu when it dies.

Sum marry, they can't tell why, and live, they can't tell how.

Almost everybody gets married, and its a good joke.

Sum marry in haste, and then sit down and think it carefully over.

Sum think it over carefully furst, and then sit down and marry.

Both ways are right if they hit the mark.

Sum marry rakes too convert them.

This is a little risky, and takes a smart missionary to do it.

Sum marry coquetts. This is like buying a poor farm, heavily mortgaged, and working the balance of yure days to clear oph the mortgages.

But, after all, married life is full az certain az the dry goods bizziness.

No man can swear exactly where he will fetch up when he touches kalico.

No man can tell jist what kalico has made up her mind to do next.

Kalico don't know even herse'f.

Dry goods ov all kinds iz the child ov circumstances.

The man who stands on the bank shivering, and distant, is more apt to ketch cold than him who pitches his head furst into the river.

If enny boddy asks you whi you got married (if need be) tell him you don't recollect.

Marriage iz a safe way to gambel. If you win yu win a pile, and if you lose anything, only the privilege of living dismally alone, and soaking yur own feet.

Petrified Whales.

The following appears in The Los Angeles News:

While "Uncle" Billy Rubottom was engaged, a few days ago, in quarrying stone near the top of a very high hill near his residence, he struck a promising lead of petrified whales. The bones are very numerous and completely turned into stone. The vertebræ, particularly, were found in great numbers, and are easily recognizable from their peculiar form. How the whales got there, and how long they have been there, are questions for geologists, to whom the discovery offers a fine field for examination and research. The presence of the remains of marine animals upon such an elevation is a fact difficult to explain.

Tanning Sheep-skins with the Wool On.

About every six weeks we have an inquiry as to the best method of tanning sheep-skins with the wool on for use as door-mats, rugs, etc. Here are the directions:—Tack the skin upon a board with the flesh side out, and then scrape with a blunt knife; next rub it over hard with pulverized chalk until it will absorb no more. Then take the skin from the board, and cover it with pulverized alum, double half way over with flesh side in contact, then roll tight together, and keep dry for three days, after which unfold it, and stretch it again on a board or a door, and dry in the air and it will be ready for use.

Schoolma'ams.

A late number of The Alpine Miner says.:

Schoolma'ams are evidently in great demand in Monitor. During eight or nine years of our residence here we have had a voice, as school Trustee, in the employment of a good many female teachers, and not one of them who was eligible to matrimony but has found her destiny here. The last is announced under the proper head to day, snapped up before the school is half done. Sich is life. Who'll be the next? is the anxious inquiry of scores of bachelor miners still on the lookout. We wish the newly married much joy.

Angel Songs.

Senor Dominguez, of Clear Creek county, has a large herd of burros (donkeys) which are sometimes quartered on the greens at Idaho. Last Sabbath, as one of the local preachers was expatiating on the truths of holy writ, he had occasion to use the quotation, "Hark, I hear an angel sing," when just as the words were uttered, there came a fearful blast from the lungs of the biggest jackass in the heard, which caused a broad smile to creep over the faces of the congregation, 'and the subsequent proceedings interested them no more."—*Idaho Register.*

—Bowen, the bigamist, has led a varied and successful career. He commenced as a brick-layer, was afterwards a Confederate soldier, then a loyal member of Congress, and all the time a polygamist. As a soldier he managed to avoid a calamity that would have made widows of three Mrs. Bowens; and as a member of Congress he availed himself of his honorable position to take another step in his matrimonial career. There is nothing fascinating in the man—physically, morally, politically, as a soldier, or in his heavy character as a bigamist.

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at tha lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my29n47tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. mr25n29tv2

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

Bishop Creek

CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS.

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS

AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Store in Post Office Building,

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South.

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.
ap29n44m4

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY
Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2-tf

FINE PRINTING

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INDEPENDENT

Printing Establshment

Desire to inform the public in general and all business men in particular, that they are now prepared to promptly execute

Every Description

OF THE FINEST

JOB PRINTING.

Having received from San Francisco large and valuable additions to our material, consisting of type, border, inks, etc., etc., of the very newest and most approved styles, we are enabled to do

Fine Work,

And we

PROPOSE TO DO IT,

In which we shall

Court Criticism, Defy Competition!

Get Printing done and do Business in a Business Manner. And patronize Home Industry and keep your money at home while doing so.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE SPECIMENS

—AT THE—

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE,

CHALFANT & PARKER,
Proprietors.

Independence, Cal., March 25, 1871.

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n4m6

LEGAL.

AN ACT

To Provide for the Payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to Contract a Funded Debt for that Purpose.

[APPROVED APRIL 2, 1870.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of liquidating and providing for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the State of California hereinafter specified, and to lessen the burden of taxation, the Governor of the State, the Controller of State and the Treasurer of State, and their successors in office, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, to be styled the Loan Commissioners of the State of California, and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the duties hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said state, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually, in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of State. The principal of said bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the State affixed thereto; and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Coupons for the interest shall be attached to each bond so that they may be removed without injury or mutilation to the bond; said coupons, consecutively numbered, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the State.

SEC. 4. Before the sale of any of said bonds the said Loan Commissioners shall cause notices of such sale to be published, for the space of one month, in three daily newspapers published in English, one in the City of New York, one in the City of London, in England, and one in the Capital of the State; in and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in French, in the city of Paris in France, and for the space of one month in a daily news paper published in German, in the City of Frankfort on the Main, in Germany. Such notice shall specify the amount of bonds to be sold, the rate of interest they shall bear, the day and hour of sale, the place of sale, which shall be at the State Capital, and that sealed proposals will be received by the said Loan Commissioners for the purchase of such bonds. Within one month from the expiration of such publication, and on the day and hour named in said notice, the said Loan Commissioners shall open all sealed proposals received by them, and shall award the purchase of said bonds to such bidders as will, in their opinion, make the most advantageous bid for the State; *provided*, that said Loan Commissioners may reject any or all bids, if they deem it to the advantage of the state; and *provided* further, that they may refuse to make any award unless sufficient security shall be furnished by the bidders for the performance with the terms of their bids; and *provided* further, that said bonds shall not be sold at less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, in gold coin, par value.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer and Controller of State each to keep a separate record of all bonds sold under the provisions of this Act, showing the number, date, amount and rate of interest of each bond, and to whom the same was issued.

SEC. 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of the general Fund for the payment of the expense that may be incurred by the Loan Commissioners in having such bonds prepared and said notices published.

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury; and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding soldiers' relief bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

SEC. 8. All persons having any of the bonds specified in section seven of this Act shall, upon presentation of such bonds to the said Loan Commissioners, be entitled to exchange them at their par value for bonds authorized to be issued under this Act, at the rate of ninety-three cents on the dollar, par value, but no bond shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars, but the said Loan Commissioners may issue certificates of such fractional parts not bonded, which said certificate shall be transferable, and entitled to be paid out of the proceeds of the sales of any bonds provided for in section seven of this Act. The Loan Commissioners shall cancel each bond so exchanged, and shall indorse on such bond the date on which they received the same, and from whom, the number and amount of the bond issued in exchange therefor, and shall file such bond in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 9. Whenever there shall be in the State treasury, from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued under this Act, a sum of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, printed in English, one in New York and one in the Capital of the state, for two months, which advertisement shall state the amount of money in the treasury applicable to the redemption of bonds, and the number of bonds, numbering therein the order of their issuance, which are redeemable; and three months from the date of the expiration of such advertisement, such bonds, unless sooner paid, shall cease to draw interest, but the money for the redemption of such bonds shall remain in the treasury to pay such bonds whenever presented.

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this act, such rate of tax on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the state, to be computed by the Controller of state, on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next ten years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties, in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year, and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the State treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

SEC. 11. Whenever, on the third day of January or July, in any year, after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of any bonds under this Act, there remains, after the payment of the interest, as provided in the preceding section, a surplus of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, for the space of one month, in one daily newspaper, published in English, in the City of New York, and for one month in one daily newspaper, published in English, at the State Capital, for sealed proposals, to be opened one month after the expiration of such publication by the Treasurer, in presence of the Governor or Controller, at the State Capitol, for the surrender of bonds issued under this Act, which advertisement shall state the amount of money he has on hand for the purpose of redemption; and they shall accept the lowest proposals, at rates not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest amount of bonds, until the amount of cash on hand for the redemption is exhausted; *provided*, however, in case a sufficient amount of such bonds shall not be offered, as aforesaid, to exhaust the Sinking Fund to a less sum than ten thousand dollars, then it is hereby made the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, one in New York and one at the Capital of this State, for three months, which advertisement shall state the amount in the Sinking Fund, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which such fund is set apart to pay and discharge; and if such bonds so numbered in such advertisements shall not be presented for payment and cancellation at the expiration of such publications, then such funds shall remain in the treasury to discharge such bonds whenever presented, but they shall draw no interest after the expiration of such publication; before any of said bonds shall be paid, they shall be presented to the Controller, who shall indorse on each bond the amount due thereon, and shall write across the face of each bond the date of its surrender and the name of the person surrendering.

SEC. 12. The Treasurer of State shall keep a full and particular account and record of all his proceedings under this Act, and of the bonds redeemed and surrendered, and he shall transmit to the Governor an abstract of all his proceedings under this Act, with his annual report, to be by the Governor laid before the Legislature; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this Act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the Governor or the Attorney General, or a committee of either branch of the Legislature, or a joint committee of both.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to pay the interest on said bonds, when the same falls due, out of said interest Fund, if sufficient, and if said fund be not sufficient, then to pay the deficiency out of the General Fund; *provided*, that the Controller of State shall first draw his warrant on the Treasurer, payable to the order of said Treasurer, for the amount of interest money about to become due, which said interest warrant shall be drawn at least one month previous to the maturing of the interest.

SEC. 14. this Act shall take effect sixty days after the next general election, as to all its provisions, except those relating to and necessary for its submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing and proclaiming the votes, which shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This Act shall be submitted to the people of the state for their ratification, at the next general election, and the qualified electors of this state shall, at said election, on their ballots for State officers, vote for or against this Act, those voting for the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—Yes," and those voting against the same, shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—No."

SEC. 16. The votes cast for and against this Act shall be counted, returned and canvassed, and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for the Treasurer of state, and if it appears that a majority of all the votes so cast are for or against this law, as aforesaid, are in favor of this Act, then the same shall have effect as hereinbefore provided, and shall be irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the Governor shall make proclamation hereof; but if a majority of the votes so cast are against this Act, then the same shall become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this act published in one newspaper in each judicial district of this State, for three months next preceeding the next general election, for which publication no greater allowance shall be made than the rates allowed by law to the State Printer.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full, and correct copy of Chapter four hundred and eighty-four, Statutes of California, Eighteenth Session, approved April 2, 1870, now on file in my office.

WITNESS my hand and the great seal of State, at office, in Sacramento, California, the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1871.

(SEAL.)

H. L. NICHOLS,
Secretary of State.

je10n50m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a south-easterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

je17n51m3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of C. D. Begole against James Walsh, duly attested the 12th day of June, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of the said James Walsh in and to the Belmont mine, situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the County of Inyo, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, U. S. gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

June 17th, 1871. je17n51t3

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
June 10, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY "GENERAL FUND."

No.	In favor of	Amount
226	W. L. Moore	$ 90 80
223	S. P. Moffit	115 00

ON THE COUNTY ROAD FUND.

152	Alexander & Chaquette	$100 00

I. HARRIS,
County Treasurer.
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
je10n50t4

NOTICE.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED a co-partnership under the firm name and style of J. L. DARRAH & CO., for the purpose of carrying on the business of teaming.

J. L. DARRAH
O. I. MAPES.

Swansea, Inyo Co., Cal., June 1st, 1871.
je10n50t4

STATE LIBRARY

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 2. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1871. NUMBER 54.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 8.....1871.

TERMS:

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One Month	50
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" " " 2 "	8 00
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Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

ATTORNEYS.

P. REDDY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law.

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law,

AURORA, NEVADA,

WILL GIVE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties composing the same. my2-y

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. my9-y

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf]

BUSINESS CARDS.

HARVEY RUSSELL,

Justice of the Peace,

BISHOP CREEK PRECINCT.

Office at Swanson's Hall. n1y16m

J. J. MOORE,

Justice of the Peace,

LONE PINE PRECINCT.

aug 8n5-1y

JOHN A. HANNAH,

Justice of the Peace,

FIFTH PRECINCT.

MINING RECORDER,

CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.

n10y1ly

A. B. ELDER

SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY

L. A. TALCOTT,

UNDER SHERIFF.

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46n3

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE

SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10-50n6

PAINTING, ETC.

PAINTING,

Wagon & Carriage Making,

PAPER HANGING, ETC.

J. G. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP, and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. jy10n50tf

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s

EXPRESS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

GERMAN POSTOFFICE

MONEY ORDERS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

my20n47tf

Die Unterzeichneten

Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutsche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.

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my20n47tf Agenten.

INSURANCE.

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Insurance Company

Of San Francisco.

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STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE

Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.

J. HUNT, President.

A. J. BARNES, Secretary.

HARRIS & RHINE,

AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on buildings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms. my20n47m3

THE MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.

Organized 1842.

Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.

F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.

Assets July, 1870, $11,000,000 Cash.

THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents for Independence and vicinity

my20n47tf

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.

Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39tf

HOTELS.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.

Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. je17y1

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15y13m

BISHOP CREEK

STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13y13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

Mrs. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12-6m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE,

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14n3

LIVERY STABLES.

Corro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

AURORA

EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB,.....Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

n15y13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

HUNT'S

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n05-6m

EAGLE

Livery and Feed

STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE Livery business at his New Stable, the undersigned would call attention to the fact that he is now prepared to let the best of

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

At the most reasonable rates, and will guarantee satisfaction to those employing his turnouts. With a large stock of

Hay and Grain

On hand, particular attention will be paid to Feeding and Boarding Stock.

THOS. J. GOODALE.

Independence, Cal., Nov. 5, 1870. n18m3

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK,

MASONS,

A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.

June 10, 1871. n50tf

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S

EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. n22n5m6

SALOONS.

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON,

Aurora, - - - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

n13y93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

LONE PINE

Pioneer Saloon,

C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeper—regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8n29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

fe4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n8m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

TRAVELING.

INDEPENDENT

EXPRESS & PASSENGER

LINE

To Los Angeles Direct.

H. W. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri-monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition Line of steamers for San Francisco.

Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the State, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.

☞Collections and commissions promptly attended to.☜

The above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angeles on the 8th and 23d of each month.

Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via. Los Angeles	$27 50
Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via. Los Angeles	24 50
Fare to Los Angeles	20 00

AL. BRIGGS, Agent at Independence.

C. MULKEY, " " Lone Pine.

my20n47m3*

CITIZENS' STAGE LINE.

CERRO GORDO TO SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, via. Lone Pine, Independence, Aurora, Carson and Reno,

Carrying United States Mail

—AND—

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

From and after April 1st, 1871, the above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Cerro Gordo Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.

" Independence Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 A. M.

" Independence for Aurora Saturday and Wednesday, at 4 A. M.

" Aurora for Independence Saturday and Wednesdays, at 7 A. M.

T. W. DEXTER, General Agent.

Independence, May 5, 1871. n39tv2*

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞First class passenger cars will run regularly.☜

☞NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.☜

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

An Unfortunate Family.

The local of The Gold Hill News is responsible for the following:

Returning from a visit to the Rhode Island Mill, Lower Gold Hill, the other day, we chanced to meet an old California acquaintance. He had evidently been drinking, for he was pretty tight, but he recollected us forthwith, and his style of greeting was as hearty and affectionately boisterous as one could well desire. It was not the first time we had seen Bob tight, but he looked considerably worse dilapidated than ever before, and after a short talk we asked him the reason of it. "You remember my six brothers, don't you?" says he. "Oh, yes, very well indeed, every one of them." Well, you see, we was a mighty unlucky family, somehow; worst luck you ever saw. The old man used barrels and barrels of whisky tryin' to cure the heart disease, brought on by my mother scoldin' him so much; didn't do no good though, and he died drunk. Gabriel he took to drinkin' through sorrow after his first wife died, and his second wife was so mean he couldn't let up, so he drank himself to death. Sam got jilted by a Massachusetts schoolmarm, and went the same way. Phil's was a terrible critter, and he couldn't get no peace, so he got even with her by coming home drunk as often as he could. Hezekiah's wife drove him to drinkin' pretty much for the same reason. Dan's old mother-in-law got him started inside of six months, and he never rested till he drank the vicious, quarrelsome, old critter into the grave, although it killed him too. Dave was the only one off the lot that really follered drinkin' because he liked it, and he wouldn't done it only he was led into it by a good lookin' grass-widder who kept a tavern close by where he lived. Dave won't last long, you bet, the way he's a going on. As for me, I jest drink out of pure sympathy for the rest of 'em. Don't catch me a gittin married. These wimmen jest drives more men to drinkin' than their heads is worth. Not one of us boys, or the old man either, ever cared to—but there goes the bus, and I'm goin' up to Virginia. See you again sometime, and we'll have a drink over old times.

Adoption of New Text Books.

At the last session of the State Board of Education a proposition was received from Messrs. Ivison, Phinney, Blakeman & Co. for the introduction of Swinton's Condensed History of the United States into the public schools of California, whereupon, on motion of O. P. Fitzgerald, the following resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That this Board hereby adopt Swinton's Condensed History of the United States as a text book for the public schools of California; said book to be introduced at half rates, $1 50 being the maximum full rates for three months from the beginning of its introduction in each school district of the State; *provided*, That the price of the book shall not be increased during the period of its adoption; and *provided further*, That California shall have the benefit of any further reduction that may be made in the regular price of the book; *provided also*, That the materials of said book shall be equal to the sample copies furnished members of the Board.

Resolved, That this arrangement for the introduction of said book shall be in force until July 1872.

On motion of Mr. Fitzgerald it was

Resolved, That Swinton's "Word Analysis" be adopted for use in such public schools of California as may wish to use it as supplementary to Wilson's Spellers, without interference with the course of study as now arranged.

The "Pike."

A correspondent of The Boston Evening Post tells this of our California ex-Missourians:

The Pike is also found in Colusa County, where he is the hero of numerous droll stories. As, for instance: "I was determined," said a citizen, "to keep the Fourth of July; but these Pikes don't understand anything about it. So last year two or three of us took an old anvil down to the river, loaded it up and began to blaze away. By and by I saw a lot of objects bobbing up and down on the river, always up stream. I thought they were ducks at first, but presently discovered them to be a lot of Pikes, swimming the river, with their rifles held out of the water. Soon they came along to us, and the head man, a gaunt six-footer in butternut, sung out to me, 'Stranger, where's the war?'"

"I couldn't get their whisky strong enough for them," said Nick, a droll fellow who had kept a "saloon," which is Californian for bar room, in Colusa; "so, after trying every way, I at last made a mixture of poison oak and butternut. That fetched 'em. I called it the sheep-herder's delight; and it was a popular drink. The first Pike I tried it on yelled with delight; the next one took two drinks and turned a double summerset in the road before the house. A pedler came along, and after he took several drinks of my sheep-herder's delight he went off and stole his own pack and hid it in the woods. When he came to himself he made a complaint of the theft, but I guessed how it was and helped him to find the goods."

—They contend in an English court that a man who says "handsome-ver" is not a gentleman.

Why England Relinquished Oregon.

Every disciple of Izak Walton knows that salmon will not take the hook in their spawning journeys, but it is not generally known that the inhabitants of British Columbia attribute to this fact the loss to England of Oregon and Washington Territory. In a recent speech delivered by Dr. Helmkean before the Colonial Assembly at Victoria, on the San Juan boundary question, he gave the following explanation of the causes that led to the cession of that country to the United States. "In 1845, when negotiations were pending between Great Britain and the United States in regard to the boundary line, Great Britain claimed the country known as Oregon and Washington Territory. The British ships-of-war were sent out to examine the country and report to the British Ministry upon its value. The Earl of Aberdeen was Premier at the time; the commander of one of the ships was the Earl's brother, and he with with others went ashore and tried to catch salmon with flies. The salmon wouldn't take the flies, and the officers caught no fish. When they returned to their ship the Earl's brother wrote home that the country was not worth a farthing! and the British Ministry relinquished all claims to it."

Farmers' Wives

If I had the ability I would like to write a plea for farmers' wives. They are not slaves to fashion and etiquette, as your city ladies are (poor creatures!) and they know something about toil and care and anxiety. But notwithstanding the grandeur and glitter, and fascination of city life, I had rather be a farmer's wife and wear out in honest toil and labor of love, and gain my bread by the sweat of my brow, than to bow down to the goddess Fashion, with her ridiculous flummeries, and exhaust what few brains I have in studying etiquette, gentility and style. Better spend our strength in useful labor while the hours pass swiftly by, than to be dying with *ennui* as many idle fashionable people are, not knowing what to do with all their time. Preserve me from walking on the "upper crust," feeling all the time that it may break and let me through! I would rather walk on the green grass with the blue sky overhead and feel that I stand on *terra firma*.—*Household.*

Coast Railroad Survey.

The San Buenaventura Signal mentions the arrival at that place, in Santa Barbara County, of E. N. Robinson, who is now at the head of the corps of engineers making a preliminary survey for a narrow-gauge road along the coast between San Francisco and some point yet to be determined, perhaps San Diego or Fort Mohave. Mr. Robinson states that since leaving San Francisco his engineers have encountered no obstacle that may not be overcome in building the road, and that there is but little doubt as to an early commencement of work and speedy completion; in fact he predicts that, when once undertaken, it will be completed in less time than any road of its length ever built in the world. Another corps of surveyors will probably be put on the work, to commence at the town of Santa Barbara.

From Oregon.

Oregon dates to June 30th have the following:—The son of O. W. Vallmor, 22 years of age, was drowned last evening by jumping from a leaky boat in which he was riding.

The river is at a stand-still to-day. It has risen but one inch since noon yesterday.

Sauvier Island is almost entirely covered with water. Loss to crops and animals on the Island will reach $50,000. The Cascade Railroad is entirely covered with water—no trains can pass over it.

A dispatch from Halsey, June 30th, says:—The body of Samuel Wilhoy, who was drownded while swimming in the lake near Lancaster, yesterday evening, has been recovered.

This town is being built up rapidly, and lots are in demand at constantly increasing prices.

Water from Lake Tahoe.

The Carson Register learns that Mr. Monroe, who has within the last year or two surveyed much of the land in the eastern part of the State, is about visiting Lake Tahoe with a view to ascertaining the possibility of taking water into Virginia City. This would be a gigantic undertaking, but at the same time a remunerative one. The people of Carson City could take part in the enterprise and divert sufficient of the water for the use of our own people.—*Gold Hill News.*

Executive Clemency.

Governor Haight has pardoned M. J. Dunn, the Hoodlum, who nearly two months since was convicted in Santa Clara County of raising a disturbance while on an excursion, and sentenced to seventy-five days' imprisonment, having served out fifty days of his time, his health having become quite poor.

The Watches

Owned by the colored citizens of Savannah always have exactly the same time of day, because these benighted citizens have a habit of regulating them daily by a large wooden watch used as a jeweler's sign.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, July 8.....1871.

NO MAILS.

Our Aurora correspondent, Ego, writes, under date of July 1, as follows:

The mails have failed to reach here to-day—Cause one of Summerfield's celebrated destruction pills was accidently dropped into the Truckee River. Hence—the whole country is on fire, including the C. P. R. R.

It (the fire) is expected here by next stage.

All quiet.

STATE NEWS.

About three-quarters of a mile of snow sheds, the Cisco hotel, Western Union Telegraph office and a large number of other buildings at Cisco were destroyed by fire, June 29. The railroad track was badly damaged and trains were delayed several hours.

At Stockton, June 29, the thermometer stood at 93; same day, at Calistoga it marked 99, and in Sacramento, 101.

David Thompson has been arrested and confined in jail in Los Angeles for setting fire to Fischer's hotel in Anaheim, which was burned a short time ago.

A Convention has been called to assemble at Anaheim, July 15, for the purpose of devising ways and means to effect a division of Los Angeles county.

Oregon papers stoutly deny the wool frauds as charged by the San Francisco buyers.

A young girl named Clark was recently burned to death at Tehama, while attempting to kindle a fire with kerosene.

Thomas H. Selby was nominated for Congress in the Second district, but declines to run.

Mrs. Susan B. Anthony and Mrs. E. Cady Stanton will visit this coast the present month.

Mexicans have killed the Hon. Rees Smith, member of the late Legislature of Arizona. The Supreme Government of Mexico have refused to give up the criminals under the extradition treaty concluded in the City of Mexico, December 11, 1861, and Mexican bandits are growing bolder in consequence.

JUSTIFICATION.

[Correspondence of The Inyo Independent.]

BISHOP CREEK, June 28, 1871.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Having noticed in your columns, a short time since, a short piece written by one of our bachelor friends in regard to school matters, I, being one of your subscribers, thought I would take the liberty to say something in justification of myself as well as of my neighbors.

There was a four month's school taught by Mr. Clark which closed some time last March or April, since which time there has been none. It is true there was a division of the district, or at least report says so, and here I shall be under the necessity of placing a portion of the blame upon another bachelor friend, Mr. Symmes, for at the time of the division there was but two Trustees in the district, and one of them, Mr. Powers, was not altogether satisfied to remain in the new district; the other one was not in the district, neither will he be during the Summer. For that reason there was no one to make a move. To the best of my knowledge neither one of the Trustees had been notified of the division of the district, and neither one was in possession of form, blank or a copy of the school law. They would, in my judgment, need to be experts in school affairs to be able to act without them.

The only one that was notified of the division, to the best of my knowledge, was E. P. Welch, and he has gone to Columbus. Now, Mr. Editor, I am inclined to the opinion that you are something of a stranger on Bishop Creek, and I will here inform you that there is a number of marriageable young ladies here now. Don't understand me to say our "Bachelor correspondent" wishes to marry, but it would look that way to a man up a tree, for in case he should ask the consent of the old folks after the publication of his letter showing the interest he takes in the rising generation, they would at once come to the conclusion that they could not do better, and all I have got to say is "sail your boat, brother bachelor."

THE BACHELOR'S FRIEND.

War in Amador.

The Miners' League are on a heavy strike in Amador County. The militia were ordered out but are detained in Sacramento, while Governor Haight, Latham and McDonald go there in the hope of effecting a compromise without a collision with the state authorities. Local political demagogues are said to be at the bottom of the strike, which is generally deprecated by the citizens of that county.

Since the above was in type we learn that a new set of men have been put to work pumping out the mines, which would soon have been ruined, and that the strikers have abandoned the contest.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

It is said the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company, having secured a liberal grant of land, and perfected all preliminaries, has set about the construction of their road and will complete it in the shortest possible time. The several other proposed trans-continental railroads have occupied so much of public attention that we have heard but little of this, the most flattering in its prospects, the Atlantic and Pacific or 35th parallel railroad; the chances are this will be the first completed; among them all there is none that so nearly concerns the interests of our own section.

The Atlantic and Pacific road is to be on the most direct route from St. Louis to San Francisco, by the general route of the 35th parallel. There can be no doubt but this affords the very best route for a trans continental railroad. It has no Rocky Mountains to ascend, nor no Sierra Nevada to tunnel through; no snow sheds to build, nor snow and ice to contend with. Notwithstanding there are barren plains and sandy deserts to span, this road will have a greater expanse of country, rich in mineral and agricultural resources tributary to it than either of the others. From Springfield, Missouri, it passes through the Indian Territory to Fort Gibson, at the head of navigation on the Arkansas River, connecting at that point with the Memphis and Little Rock, and the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroads, thence through New Mexico and Arizona, entering this State in San Bernardino County, crossing the Sierras into the San Joaquin Valley (if run on the most direct route), through Walker's Pass, which will bring it within seventy-five miles of our own locality.

This company have a land grant amounting to about fifty-five million acres of land; it now runs a completed road to Grand River in the Indian Territory a distance of about 500 miles, and expects to have about 200 miles more in operation the present year. The engineers have been some months in the field surveying a route for the California end of the road from the Colorada to San Francisco. The Directors are about to visit our State in a body. Within three years it is believed this road will be completed.

FOREIGN NEWS.

In case the French Assembly, after the new elections, shall show a majority in favor of a monarchy, the Orleanists will move the establishment of a Constitution and offer the throne first to the Count de Chambord, and if he refuses, then to the Count de Paris.

The Emperor and Empress of Brazil will remain in Europe till next February. By a majority of twenty-eight the Brazilian Chambers sustains the bill for the emancipation of the slaves belonging to the crown.

Great uneasiness is felt in England about the relations with Germany, and some of the ablest English statesmen believe that war will come.

The Supreme King of Siam is said to contemplate a visit to Europe and the United States.

A Paris dispatch says that revenge is the uppermost thought with that people, and their hope is to get back the lost territory from the Prussians.

Grand Duke Alexis, of Russia, will shortly visit the United States at the head of the finest naval squadron that ever crossed the Atlantic.

The people of the Canadian provinces are still dissatisfied with the treaty and acting as if they did not know the mother government had ratified it.

EASTERN NEWS.

The Connecticut Legislature has voted $500,000 for a new State house at Hartford.

The recent movement in Ohio to enforce the Sunday law is creating a commotion.

George Woodruff, the oldest trainer and driver of trotting horses in the world, was killed by a locomotive, June 28, while crossing a railroad track near Boston.

Long Island, Staten Island and New Jersey were considerably shaken up by an earthquake, June 18.

A narrow gauge railroad is projected, to run from Leavenworth to Denver, a distance of 600 miles. Thos. A. Scott, President of the Pennsylvania Central, favors it.

The statement is officially confirmed that the Treaty of Washington has been ratified, and that Halifax will soon cease to be the rendezvous for the British North American fleet, and that the fleet in Canadian waters will be reduced to a Commodore's ship.

A Bold Challenge.

Lucien B. Maxwell, of Santa Fe, New Mexico, offers to run his mare, Fly, against any horse in the world four hundred yards, catch weight, for from $5,000 to $40,000.

POLITICAL NEWS.

The Republican State Convention met in Sacramento June 28, Judge C. E. Filkins, of Yuba, being elected President. Newton Booth was, by acclamation, nominated for Governor, Selby having withdrawn. Contrary to expectation the proceedings passed off in perfect harmony and good feeling. Our townsman, P. W. Bennett, received a very flattering vote, though he was not nominated; he was second on the list and on his motion the nomination of his leading competitor for the Controllership was made unanimous.

We endorse, and commend to the attention of our readers, the fifth section of the platform, the whole of which we give below. We bespeak for the principle involved in that section the hearty support of the people, irrespective of political bias, and hope our Legislative representative, whomsoever he may be, will see that some action is taken upon it in the ensuing Legislature.

Following are the names of the candidates, all of whom are spoken of in high terms, though but few of them are generally known in public life:

For Lieutenant-Governor, Romualdo Pacheco; Secretary of State, Drury Malone; Controller, T. J. Greene; Treasurer, Ferdinand Baehr; Surveyor-General, Robert Gardner; Attorney General, John Lord Love; Supreme Judge, short term, A. C. Niles; long term, A. L. Rhodes; Clerk of the Supreme Court, Grant I. Taggart; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Professor Bolander; Harbor Commissioner, John A. McGlynn; State Printer, Thomas J. Springer.

Following are the names of the members of the State Central Committee:

First District—Walter Murray, San Luis Obispo.
2d—Watson Chalmers, Butte.
3d—I. A. Ammerman, Alameda.
4th—E. P. Buckley, San Francisco.
5th—H. S. Sargent, San Joaquin.
6th—A. J. Rhoades, Sacramento.
7th—John Orr, Sonoma.
8th—R. S. McClelland, Del Norte.
9th—C. H. Pyle, Siskiyou.
10th—W. K. Hudson, Yuba.
11th—H. F. Page, El Dorado.
12th—J. P. Ames, San Mateo.
13th—S. C. Bates, Mariposa.
14th—James E. Hale, Placer.
15th—H. R. Reed, San Francisco.
16th—J. E. Goodall, Mono.
17th—A. Brunson, Los Angeles.

To these were added as delegates at large: Eugene L. Sullivan, Morris M. Estee, W. W. Dodge and O. F. Wiley, of San Francisco, and W. W. Crane, Jr., of Alameda.

Henry Edgerton of Sacramento, in behalf of the Committee on Platform and Resolutions (ascending the rostrum) read the following:

Resolved, First—That the Republicans of California by their representatives in State Convention assembled, avow their determination to maintain and perpetuate the principles of the National Republican Party. That we recur with pride and satisfantion to the many practical and substantial triumphs of those principles achieved during the past ten years; in the coercion by force of the rebellious States into obedience of the Federal Constitution and laws; in maintaining through a long, severe and bloody struggle the authority of the General Government against powerful armies in front, English and French interference on the flank, and the Democratic party in the rear; in rooting out the Democratic institution of slavery, and banishing it forever from the jurisdiction of the United States; in prohibiting any State from abridging the privileges of any citizen of the Republic; in providing irrepealable guarantys for the payment of the public debt incurred in suppressing the late rebellion, and securing the people of all the States against being taxed for the payment of the debt of the late rebel Confederacy; in declaring the civil and political equality of every citizen, and in establishing all these principles in the Federal Constitution, by amendments thereto, as the permanent law.

Second—That in Ulysses S. Grant we recognize a large measure of the patriotism, ability and honesty which distinguished the Presidential career of Abraham Lincoln, and we feel assured that the storm of falsehood and petty slander directed against him by the malice of defeated enemies will no more prevail in depreciating his character, in the minds of the people, than when the same means were employed by the same agencies to destroy his great co-laborer and predecessor; that his services, both military and civil, entitle him to the regard and confidence of the whole American people, and give assurance that the wisdom, perseverance and capacity which commanded success at the head of great armies, will in the civil affairs of the Government accomplish results equally important and valuable.

Third—That the present National Administration, inaugurated amid political, civil and social disorders incident to civil war, and confronted by complications foreign and domestic, unparrelleled in their difficulty and extent, has thus far achieved a most gratifying success and given universal assurances of the stability and power of popular government. That by its judicious conduct of our foreign relations, its firm and impartial attitude toward the great Powers of Europe, recently involved in a desolating and destructive war; its prompt and rigid enforcement of the laws of neutrality; its successful solution of grave and threatening issues long pending between our own country and Great Britain; its wise and economical management of the national finances; its correction of frauds in the revenue, and efficient collection of the same; its retrenchment of expense in all the departments of Government; its reduction of the public debt by more than two hundred millions of dollars; its diminution of taxation eighty millions of dollars per annum, and its establishment of the public credit upon a secure basis, it commands universal respect at home and abroad, and deserves the continued confidence and support of the American people.

Fourth—That the concentration of the landed property of the country in the possession and ownership of a few, to the exclusion of the many, is in contravention of the theory of American government, subversive of the rights, liberties and happiness of the masses of the people, and, if permitted, would inevitably terminate in the speedy establishment of an aristocracy upon the ruins of our free institutions; and we are in favor of such legislation, both by the nation and the States, as shall secure a just and equal distribution of the public lands remaining to them respectively, to actual settlers and proprietors, in small quantities, at the lowest reasonable prices, and for homestead purposes only.

Fifth—That the safety and perpetuity of republican institutions depend mainly upon popular education and intelligence. We therefore approve and recommend a common school system that shall not only extend its benefits to all, but which shall be compulsory upon all—and we are inflexibly opposed to any application of the public school moneys with any reference to distinctions in religious creeds.

Sixth—That religious liberty in its broadest sense is a fundamental principle of American government; and legislative enactments having in view the establishment of creeds, the regulation of modes of worship, or the enforcement of religious observances of any kind, are inconsistent therewith, and invasions of rights of citizens.

Seventh—That the presence in our midst of large numbers of Chinese who are incapable of assimilation with our own race, ignorant of the nature and forms of our Government, and who manifest no disposition to acquire a knowledge of the same, or to conform to our own habits, manners and customs, is a serious and continuing injury to the best interests of the State; that their employment under the plea of cheap wages is offensive to the exalted American idea of the dignity of labor, detrimental to the prosperity and happiness of our own laboring classes, and an evil that ought to be abated; that while we unsparingly reprobate and denounce all acts of violence wheresoever and by whomsoever committed upon them, we are inflexibly opposed to their admission to citizenship, and demand of the Federal Government the adoption of such treaty, regulations and legislation as shall discourage their further immigration to our shores.

Tenth—That the scandalous abuse of power exhibited by a Democratic Legislature in the creation of useless offices, boards and commissions, and the exorbitant increase of salaries and fees, for partisan purposes; its palpable and wanton violation of a plain provision of the Constitution by the infamous enactment commonly known as the "lottery bill;" its measureless subservi-ency of a corrupt lobby, evinced by numerous profligate grants of subsidies to railway companies; official sanction of most of these pernicious measures, including the aforesaid "Lottery bill," by the present Democratic State Executive, and in addition thereto, his offical approval of a series of Legislative enactments, whereby railway corporations have been subsidized to the extent of $4,000,000, afford convincing proof of the apostacy of a Democratic administration to all the pledges upon the faith of which it was elevated to power, and that the affairs of the State cannot with safety be recommitted to its control.

Eleventh—That we extend to our newly enfranchised citizens a cordial welcome to the rights of citizenship now permanently secured to them after a hard fought struggle with their old oppressors; that they do not under estimate the responsibility which rests upon them as freemen, we fully believe, and as they advance in the path of freedom and intelligence, none will regret the act of justice by which the Republican party gave to them by constitutional guarantees civil and political equality.

Eighth—That the subsidizing of railroads, or other private corporations by grants of public lands, or by taxation of private property, in any form, is contrary to sound maxims of government, productive of gross corruption and abuse, and a plain invasion of the rights of the citizen. And we hereby pledge the Republican party to an uncompromising opposition to any and all legislation for such purpose, and whereas the Supreme Court has decided that such legislation is not in conflict with the Constitution, therefore resolved, That we are in favor of an amendment to that instrument prohibiting the enactment of any law granting such subsidies.

Ninth—That we demand an immediate repeal of the act of the last Legislature commonly known as the "five per cent subsidy law."

Tuolumne.

Following are the candidates for the several offices of Tuolumne County, as nominated by the Republicans:

For Senator, M. C. Andross; for Assemblymen, P. B. Bacon, Wm. G. Long; County Judge, H. B. McNeil; Sheriff, J. A. S. Trout; Clerk, John York, Jr.; Treasurer, D. M. Kenfield; District Attorney, E. A. Rodgers; Assessor, Geo. D. Fonda; Surveyor, A. B. Beauvais; Coronor, C. Burden; Superintendent Common Schools, J. S. Congdon.

—'Tis a solace for a man who is never happy unless he is winning or losing, or making a wager' to recall the witticism, "A man who don't bet is as bad as the man that does, or, at least, he is no *better*."

THE COREAN FIGHT.

We take the following from The Sacramento Union, of July 1st:

The peninsula of Corea lies between the Sea of Japan, east, and the Yellow Sea, west. The first separates it from the islands which form the Empire of Japan, the last from China. It lies between latitude 34 degrees south and 45 degrees north, and its average width is about 150 miles. The rivers of the peninsula are all short. The capital city is Kingkitao, situate in latitude 38 degrees, and at the head of a small river. It is about 80 miles from the Yellow Sea. At the mouth of this river is located the fortified port of Kianho, spelled in our dispatch as "Kang Noe." This port is the defense of the capital, and has been before assailed by a Western Power, but ineffectually. The attack of Commodore Rodgers appears to have been a brilliant success, resulting in a complete victory and giving him possession of the forts and citadel. Five forts in all have been taken, which were defended by 11,000 troops. There was hard hand-to-hand fighting, and the Coreans lost 243 killed. The Commodore's loss was so trifling as to suggest their utter inability to cope with our arms and valor. Whether this victory, which was achieved on the 10th and 11th of June, will be followed up by an advance upon the capital, is not known. But we think it probable the Commodore will make no new movement without fresh orders. He has, at least, got a footing in the country, at a very cheap rate, and may be able to command a favorable peace without any more fighting.

The following was received at the Navy Department June 28th:

COREA, June 23, 1871.

To the Secretary of the Navy: The Coreans not apologizing for their treacherous attack, on the 10th we landed on Kang Noe, took and destroyed the lower fort and munitions. On the 11th we took another fort and then stormed and captured the stronghold. Five forts have been taken. The troops which defended them are reported as numbering 11,000. There was desperate hand-to-hand fighting in the citadel. The ordnance was destroyed—480 pieces, principally small brass pieces. Very many small arms and 50 flags were taken. We counted 243 dead Coreans around the citadel. We had three killed. These were the gallant Lieutenant McKee, who was the first man inside the citadel, and killed with a bullet and spear; marine Dennis Hanrahan and landsman Seth Allen. Our nine wounded are all out of danger, and doing well.

(Signed) JOHN RODGERS,
Commodore U. S. Navy.

An Oregonian in a Quandary.

The East Portland Era tells the following good story of an old settler: A gentleman near East Portland sold his farm a few days ago to Ben Holladay for $65,000. He took his check to the bank and demanded the coin. The cashier brought out several boxes of coin and commenced counting the amount out in $20 pieces. The luckman spread out upon the counter a common bandana hankerchief, thinking that it would hold the amount conveniently. The cashier kept on counting the $20 pieces until the hankerchief was filled, and still the sum had not reached what the check called for. Mr.——was puzzled; he had never seen half so much money before. After studying a moment he went out and procured a buggy and commenced to fill it with the precious metal. After receiving $45,000 he concluded that it was all the buggy would safely carry, and he asked the cashier to hold on until he could find a place to empty it. He then drove around the streets of the city in company with his wife, stopping at such places as looked strong and safe, and deposited $2,000 in one place, $5,000 in another, $10,000 in another, and so until he got rid of his load, and then returned for the balance, which was disposed of in a similar manner. So much money was never dreamed of before. Before Ben Holladay came to the State $5,000 would have bought all of his possessions.

Chewing Gum.

The habit of chewing gum is almost as bad as chewing tobacco. It grows on a person who indulges in it as much as does drinking liquor, and the sudden breaking off of it is injurious. A young girl who has "chawed" regularly for years, swore off last week, and since that time has had the regular dum-fummicks, and has to be set up with every night. A young man sets up with her, however, and she don't mind it so much. Girls that don't want to be set up with had better quit chewing gum.

Bad Prospects.

We find this in the Los Angeles Star.

The ranch owners in the vicinity of San Jose, on the road to San Bernardino, are entirely without feed for their stock. A gentleman in town from that region gives the most deplorable account of the country, owing to the grasshopper plague. Everything green has disappeared; the whole country for many miles is but a blackened heath; stock is in a wretched condition with no prospect of amelioration.

New Volume.

The Sonora Union Democrat on the 1st instant commenced its eighteenth volume and has, consequently, been seventeen years in existence. We heartily wish it success; and it strikes us that the many old Tuolumneites here should send for it.

—Texas has more milch cows than any other State in the Union. You can buy one for six or eight dollars in Houston, but milk is scarce and butter 60 cents a pound.

Shad Culture.

The Sacramento Record, of June 24, has this:

That delightful fish, the shad, familiar to those brought up on the Atlantic side of the continent, is about to be introduced to our Sacramento waters. Yesterday some 15,000 diminutive specimens of the species arrived here in tin cans, filled with water, on the train from the East, and were taken on the Oregon Railroad in the afternoon to Sesma, on the upper Sacramento river where they are to be allowed their freedom in the river, in order to propagate and furnish us Sacramentans, in years to come, with the most delicious of food. These shad were brought here by Seth Greene, of Caledonia, New York, who is one of the New York Fish Commissioners. They were hatched a week ago last Sunday night in the Hudson river, the spawn having been obtained 300 miles away. Mr. Greene was met here by B. B. Redding, one of the California Fish Commissioners, who accompanied the little visitors to the north. Our own Commissioners are allowed $5,000 for the purpose of introducing rare specimens of fish from from other States or countries to our waters, and for protecting our own fisheries. Through our Commissioners these shad have been brought here, and the result of their endeavors will be looked for with much interest by the people of the State. The experiment has proved a success in New York and Connecticut, and why not here?

—Mr. Whitehead, the inventor of the "fish torpedo," will, it is said, get $75,000 from the English government in consideration of his making over his invention to it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in Postoffice at Independence, July 1, 1871.

Barratt, J. W.		Boquin, L.	2
Copeland, A M		Clark, M V	
Co[illegible]s, Henry		Durfee, John	
Fitzhugh, P		Isbell, Frank	
Klett, F		McAfee, C R	
Murphy, C W		Pratte, E P	
Preston, L O		Robinson, E	
Rickard, E		Skinner, M	
Sleeper, Thos	2	Smith, John I	
Walters, C A		White, John	

J. B. ROWLEY, P. M.

INYO PICNEER

TIN SHOP,

OF INDEPENDENCE.

E. F. WELCH,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Worker.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN MY LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.

STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.

Please give me a call, at my shop on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store.

jy8.54tf

EAGLE

Livery and Feed

STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

COLLISTER & BRIGGS, Propt'rs.

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

Furnished at all times at low rates.

HAY AND GRAIN

Always on hand and for sale in quantities to suit.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO BOARDING transient and permanent stock. Having leased the above well known establishment, we propose running in to the entire satisfaction of those favoring us with their patronage.

COLLISTER & BRIGGS.

Independence, July 8. n54tf

Application for Patent.

(NOTICE NO. 3.)

U. S. REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 1st, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. L. AND J. L. GREELEY have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for four thousand feet of the LAST CHANCE LODE, situated in Esmeralda Mining District, Esmeralda County, Nevada, and particularly described as follows:

Commencing at a post, the point of notice near the east end of the town of Aurora, about 5 chains north-easterly from the Monroe House, and about six chains north-easterly from the Wide West mill, running thence along the lode line

1. N. 54 deg. E. 4 chains.
2. N. 69 deg. 20 min. E. 2 71 chains.
3. N. 70 deg. 10 min. E. 7 23 chains.
4. S. 23 deg. 19 min. E. 8 50 chains.
5. N. 86 deg. 59 min. E. 6 02 chains.

Thence to the Westerly boundary of the Juniata lode claim, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line; also the mill site of the Wide West mill, described as follows:

Commencing at a post from which the South Westerly corner of the Wide West mill bears N. 54 deg. 20 min. E. distant 3.41 chains, and running

1. N. 11 deg. 28 min. E. 4.50 chains.
2. S. 78 deg. 32 min. E. 7.50 chains.
3. S. 11 deg. 28 min. W. 4.50 chains.
4. N. 78 deg. 32 min. W. 7 50 chains.

All of which is more particularly described by the diagram posted in this office and on the claim.

Bearings from the magnetic meridian.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

jy8:f4:n3

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County.

Apply to

V. BEAUDRY,
ap29n44tf Cerro Gordo.

ICE CREAM!

EVERYBODY GO TO THE FRENCH RESTAURANT on SUNDAYS for the finest ICE CREAM

jy10n50:f PETER MARGALOT

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 8 ..... 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Earthquake.

Wednesday July 5th, at 8 minutes past 2, quite a severe shock of earthquake was felt here. Parties in Harris & Rhine's store at the time evacuated it on the double quick—not that they were frightened at all, but just to see how things out-side were affected. As an indication of its severity in this office (which is on the second floor), we note that it very suddenly brought to his feet a sleeping hombre who was assiduously endeavoring to recuperate from the effects of attending the ball of the night previous. Judged by this standard the shake was about a two-horse power, since it usually takes four loud calls to wake this individual when in an ordinary doze. Persons on the street did not notice anything unusual, while others heard only a noise, like distant thunder, doubtless pertaining to the shake. The weather was warm, cloudy and inclined to be showery.

At Swansea.

A correspondent from Swansea, writing on the 6th instant, relates the occurrence of the earthquake there as follows: "Yesterday this place was visted by several shocks of earthquake. The first occurred a few minutes before 1 o'clock, and was light. It was not observed by any who were not at rest, either sitting or standing. The last came a few minutes past 1, being preceded by a rushing, rumbling sound; it was very severe, causing the house to raise and crack and tremble as if it would fall, and all who were inside to rush out. However, there was no damage done." The shake at Lone Pine, also, seems to have been equally severe, causing a general commotion everywhere. It appears to have traveled northward, and we conclude, from reports, that it was not much shakes by the time it got to Bishop Creek.

Consolidation.

As there are not sufficient funds in either Milton or Independence School Districts to maintain a school but a few months in the year, it is about decided to consolidate the two. By this plan it is thought one good school can be kept up the entire year, three-fourths of the time at Independence and the remaining fourth at the Milton School House. Mr. Hardy, the present efficient teacher at the Milton School will probably be employed to take charge, and school will begin in this place in about two weeks.

The Indian Business.

We learn from a gentleman just in from Deep Spring Valley that Joe Bowers talked to the Silver Peak, Palmetto and Fish Lake Valley Indians six or seven days, accompanied by the old Indians of the tribe. Joe says there will be no more war. He does not know any thing about the Shoshones, but that they will go to Belmont, steal horses and take them South to a renegade tribe that lives about three sleeps east of Independence. He says that he don't know much about the Bishop Creek Indians.

Arrivals at Deep Spring.

One of the most notable of events in the setting up of new mining camps is the arrival of the first lady. Mr. Walker and wife, Mr. Ober and wife and Mrs. J. B. Hiskey arrived in Deep Spring June 30th. Prospectors in considerable number are arriving, and a newspaper correspondent in the interest of The Chicago Tribune is looking at the country.

The Fourth Elsewhere.

The Fourth was observed at Lone Pine by the firing of the national salute and by general festivities. The dance at the Lone Pine Hotel is reported to us as having been thoroughly enjoyed by those who attended. At Benton the day passed off in the most pleasant manner imaginable—the oration being spoken of as a peculiarly happy effort, attentively listened to by a goodly audience of ladies and gentlemen.

Application for Patent.

"Notice No. 3" comes from old Esmeralda, the Messrs. Greeley making application for a United States patent on the Last Chance lode and the site of the Wide West mill. Several other parties are about making application for titles—and the far-famed old mines are yet to be worked, and Aurora will recover from the effects of the general mining crash which occurred in 1865-6.

A New Firm.

The new merchandising house recently established at the old Beaudry stand, near Camp Independence, by Earl & Harris, has received a new stock of dry goods, groceries, grain, etc., and seems to be doing a lively business already. They keep, also, a series of the standard school books. The place is bound to become a popular one with buyers and traders.

Independence School District.

According to the report of School Census Marshal Goodale, there are in this district 28 white children between five and fifteen years of age; under five years, 9; negro and Mongolian, none; Indian, 15. But 11 children have attended public school during the year, and 7 have attended private schools.

The Ball.

We are too lazy to write a full report of the ball, but it was very largely attended and kept up until a late, or rather an early hour. Couples from all parts of the county lent their presence; scores of handsome ladies with elegant toilets graced the occasion, and everybody seemed to enjoy themselves.

Democratic Convention.

The Democratic County Nominating Convention will be held at the Court House to-day, for the purpose of selecting candidates for the various county offices. Most all of the delegates are in town, and the fight will be a lively one. May the best men win!

Primaries.

The Republican primaries will be held at the various precincts in the county to-day, for the election of delegates to the County Convention. Although but few candidates are in the field, the indications are that the contest will be a warm one.

Fish.

We credit Mr. G. W. Warden for a mess of delicious Kings River trout, which that gentleman presented this institution.

Somebody

Go to the Inyo House and get a small cloak which was left at the Masonic Hall on the night of the dance.

How it Was.

There was too much tarantula juice imbibed by at least one of our citizens on the Fourth, so there was too much noise and "fursing" and wanting to whip somebody; there was two Sheriff's deputies and a citizen or two, too, all of whom together found it too much of a job to peaceably get the said pugnacious citizen where the dogs could not lacerate his tender epidermis, so *vi et armis*, they took him any how, but nobody took much beefsteak for breakfast next morning, all because there was a dearth of butchers.

Admitted.

P. Reddy, of Inyo County, California, was yesterday admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of Nevada.—*Gold Hill (Nev.) News.*

We are advised by a private letter that Mr. Reddy's reception by the learned Judges of our neighboring State was of the most social and distinguished character. Further advices state, also, that he was as brave as a sheep in the presence of a locomotive; he wasn't the least bit scared.

A Needed Institution.

Public attention is invited to the advertisement of Mr. B. F. Welch, who has just established himself in the tin and copper smith business at this place. He comes provided with all kinds of machinery necessary for doing any description of work in his line.

Livery Stable.

Thomas J. Goodale has leased his stables to a couple of well known gentlemen by the names of "Mac" and "Al.," but who are called John Collister and A. K. Briggs for short. They know how to keep a horse hotel, and merit a share of the public patronage. See advertisement.

Short Paper.

In common with about five thousand weekly papers all over the United States, we have this week to present our readers with a paper void of news, interest or anything else, except advertisements, on account of an "indisposition" to work—all hands were drunk as usual.

Sentenced.

Wm. Brown, whose arrest for robbing an Indian of a horse and pistol we have mentioned, was last Monday indicted by the Grand Jury for highway robbery, and on Thursday came up for trial. He plead guilty, and was sentenced to a term of four years in the State Prison.

Gone Hunting.

A party of eight Kearsarge sportsmen are out in the mountains hunting and fishing. Game of all kinds is reported to be abundant, and they will doubtless return with something good to eat and a lot of bear stories.

McMurry's

New stock of goods for the store at Fish Springs has already arrived and is now on sale. The store is at a good business point, and the wonder is that a large supply of goods have not been kept there all the time.

Bullion Shipment.

On the 21st ultimo there were shipped from Hiskey & Walker's mill, at Deep Spring Valley, 2 bars of bullion, weighing 22[illegible] ounces, valued at $150.

New Store.

We understand that the store room in the new Masonic building is already let to a party who designs to put in a stock of clothing and furnishing goods.

Bullion Shipment.

On the 4th instant there were shipped by Wells, Fargo & Co., 2 bars of bullion from the Kearsarge, weighing 2,250 ounces.

LUMBER.

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32 6m*

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

je10n50tf

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my 6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN

Primaries and Convention.

AT A MEETING OF THE UNION REPUBLICAN County Central Committee, held at Independence June 24th, 1871, the apportionment of Delegates to the County Convention was made as follows:

Independence	3
Lone Pine	4
Cerro Gordo	6
Bishop Creek	4
Round Valley	2
Fish Springs	2
Kearsarge	1
Big Pine	1
Swansea	1
Deep Spring Valley	1
Camp Independence	1

The primaries will be held on the EIGHTH DAY OF JULY, at from 2 to 7 o'clock P. M., at the following named places in the several precincts, viz.: Independence, store of J. B. Rowley; Lone Pine, store of Mr. Stratton; Cerro Gordo, D. Williams' saloon; Swansea, Dockweiler's Hotel; Kearsarge, Kearsarge office; Fish Springs, house of George Shedd; Big Pine, D. Naylor's store; Bishop Creek, Sneden Hall; Round Valley, house of J. Bircham; Deep Spring Valley, L. Wicks' store.

Test: All persons who voted for Grant in 1868, or who should have done so had they been entitled to vote, will be allowed to vote at the primaries.

The delegates then chosen will meet in convention at the town of Independence, on SATURDAY, JULY 15TH, 1871.

J. EARL, Chairman.
M. S. CLARK, Secretary pro tem. jy1n53td

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES AND CONVENTION.

AT A MEETING OF THE DEMOCRATIC County Central Committee, held at Independence, June 12, 1871, it was resolved that the apportionment of Delegates to the County Convention for the different precincts and townships of Inyo County be made as follows;

Round Valley	2
Bishop Creek	4
Big Pine	2
Fish Springs	2
Deep Spring Valley	2
Independence	3
Kearsarge	1
Lone Pine	4
Cerro Gordo	8

SATURDAY, the TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF JUNE was appointed as the day on which the primaries are to be held; and SATURDAY, the EIGHTH OF JULY, as the day for the meeting of the County Convention, to be held at Independence, at 10 o'clock A. M.

S. P. MOFFAT, Chairman.
HENRY M. ISAACS, Secretary, je17n51td

THOS. J. GOODALE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of Sheriff of Inyo County, at the ensuing election. my20td

J. F. DILLON

WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE HIMSELF as a candidate for the position of County Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.

H. C. MORSE

ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A CANDIDATE FOR the office of County Assessor—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

J. B. WHITE

OF INDEPENDENCE, WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. n44td*

C. MULKEY

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my6td*

For Member of the Assembly.

D. P. CURTISS RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for Member of the Assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention. my27td*

W. L. MOORE

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for County Clerk, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my13td*

I. P. YANEY,

OF BISHOP CREEK, RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES himself as a candidate for the office of County Clerk—subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. my6td*

HENRY M. ISAACS

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A candidate for the office of County Treasurer—subject to the ensuing Democratic Convention.

JOHN A. LANK

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for re-election to the office of Coroner of Inyo County, subject to the Democratic Convention. n51td

A. B. ELDER

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff—subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. n50td

M. S. CLARKE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. n50td

W. T. GRANT

HEREBY RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. je3td

P. HARRINGTON

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Inyo County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. my27td*

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON,
J. P. M. PORHAM,
Independence, Cal.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD,
San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old motto of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms.

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, June 20, 1871. je14n52tf

A. MACK,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

—AT—

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal

DRUGS ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tfc

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. n51n.6

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS.

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC, ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

my25n39tv2

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

☞ AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions!

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. mr35n29tv2

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 8 .....1871.

How He Plugged up that Hole.

There is more than one way to skin a cat, and a fellow up at Marysville has found a new way to plug a hole, according, to The Marysville Appeal:

A few days since Bill Winkley, or "Dutch Bill," as he is familiarily called, took into his head that he would tap a barrel of lager. Preparing himself with a spigot, he commenced operations. After starting in the cork, instead of striking the final blow and sending the spigot in fast and secure, he kept tapping it until the cork went in and the lager spirted out, drenching the ceiling overhead and nearly drowning Bill with the frothing, seething mess that covered him from head to foot. The shock was so great that the spigot flew out of his hand and beyond his reach. "Hant me down dot schpigot," sputtered Bill, as he frantically clawed one finger into the hole in a vain attempt to stop the flow of the seething beverage. "Got in himmel, poys, hant me dot schpigot, zo I blugs up dis hole," he cried, in a smothered tone. "Ain't you tam fools shust now?" he continued to the yelling crowd, who were nearly dying with laughter. "You let a man drown mit his fingers in der hole, nice fun for you, don't it—let me got dot schpigot in dis hole vot runs avay mit der peer, und den you vill shust go right avay out of dis blace." Finding no one could or would help him, he wheeled around, and sitting down on the hole as he wiped the lager from his face: "Vell, dis beats efery tings vot I nefer hafe seen, (just then one of the boys handed him the spigot). He got dot beer shtopped now, but how can I get dot schpigot in dis hole?" How the query was answered we know not, but the tailor had an order for a new pair of pants for the wild Dutchman.

Burst his Coat.

One evening Carlotta Patti sang in one of our large American cities.

Just as Ferranti, the buffo, was leading her out of the door, upon the platform, some one in the ante-room behind him cried out to him that his coat had burst at the seam in the back.

It was too late to go back, for the audience had seen him, and the two singers advanced to the footlights.

The knowledge of this mishap took all the humor out of Ferranti, and the duet—which was sung in Italian—was so dolefully devoid of its usual humor Patti noticed it before they were half through, and dropping the text of the duet, she fitted the following words to it, in Italian:

"What is the matter with you to night? I don't understand your nervousness. Nobody laughs at you!"

Whereupon Ferranti in mellifluous Italian, responded;

"By the saints, I have burst my coat! Everybody will laugh *when I go off the stage*, if they don't *now!*"

At this unexpected interchange of personal feeling, Max Maretzex and his orchestra began to laugh immoderately. Then the people in the front seats, seeing the orchestra and artists laughing, joined in themselves, and the merriment presently broke out in applause all over the house.

"Ah," said one of the papers next morning, "there is always something majestic in Ferranti's singing of that song. People burst into sympathetic laughter without being able to tell why!"

"Poor Paris."

An American who saw Paris burn from the roof of a house in the suburbs, says: "At about five or six in the afternoon the fire reached the hight of its fury, spread itself more widely, and broke out also on the left bank. As the flames mounted higher and crossed their forked tongues in air, men and women and women would wring their hands, crying, 'Poor Paris!' 'Poor France!' They would clasp their foreheads or breasts, bow down and bury their faces between their knees, crying, 'Unfortunate nation!' '*Voila* the Commune!' The French people are never heard to speak of their disasters as a natural consequence, but as an unhappy circumstance; never in the light of a crime, but an accident. They turn away as if they were powerless to mend and had been powerless to prevent."

The Magdalena Bay Swindle.

Letters from Lower California state that of all the emigrants who were recently landed at Magdalena Bay, only about a dozen remain. The rest—there must be some sixty, including men and women—have left in disgust, on foot, and are now scattered over the peninsula. A number of them have been taken care of by the Mexican commandant at La Paz, and all of them are utterly destitute. The heartless promoters of this outrage have their headquarters at San Francisco, and embrace some prominent men of business there and in Eastern cities.

—There is a little three-year-old colored girl at Horn Lake, Mississippi, who has gray hairs in her head, and who presents the appearance of an old woman. She possesses a wonderful memory. Without knowing a single letter in the book, she can spell correctly any word in the English language that has ever been spelled in her hearing; and even words that she never heard before, she spells phonetically, leaving out no letter that is not silent when the word is pronounced.

—A trial trip was made recently with Nairn's patent steam omnibus from Edinburgh to Portobello, Scotland, and back. The trip was considered satisfactory, and it is stated that the owner of the omnibus intends running it daily.

—A husband of forty, at Danville, Illinois, has a wife aged twelve and a half years.

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

Marino and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my29n47tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871. mr35n29tv2

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870 n12v1-3m

Bishop Creek

CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS

AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

m25n39tv2

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Store in Post Office Building,

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South.

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place. ap29n44m4

MARKET.

Independence BUTCHER SHOP.

L. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF MEATS FURNISHED TO customers at lowest rates.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE MONTHLY.

Independence, Cal., July 17, 1870. n2-tf

FINE PRINTING

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INDEPENDENT

Printing Establshment

Desire to inform the public in general and all business men in particular, that they are now prepared to promptly execute

Every Description

OF THE FINEST

JOB PRINTING.

Having received from San Francisco large and valuable additions to our material, consisting of type, border, inks, etc., etc., of the very newest and most approved styles, we are enabled to do

Fine Work,

And we

PROPOSE TO DO IT,

In which we shall

Court Criticism, Defy Competition!

Get Printing done and do Business in a Business Manner. And patronize Home Industry and keep your money at home while doing so.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE SPECIMENS

—AT THE—

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

CHALFANT & PARKER,
Proprietors.

Independence, Cal., March 25, 1871. tf

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer.
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

LEGAL.

AN ACT

To Provide for the Payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to Contract a Funded Debt for that Purpose.

[APPROVED APRIL 2, 1870.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of liquidating and providing for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the State of California hereinafter specified, and to lessen the burden of taxation, the Governor of the State, the Controller of State and the Treasurer of State, and their successors in office, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, to be styled the Loan Commissioners of the State of California, and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the duties hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said State, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually, in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of State. The principal of said bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the State affixed thereto; and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Coupons for the interest shall be attached to each bond so that they may be removed without injury or mutilation to the bond; said coupons, consecutively numbered, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the State.

SEC. 4. Before the sale of any of said bonds the said Loan Commissioners shall cause notices of such sale to be published, for the space of one month, in three daily newspapers published in English, one in the City of New York, one in the City of London, in England, and one in the Capital of the State; in and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in French, in the city of Paris in France, and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in German, in the City of Frankfort-on-the Main, in Germany. Such notice shall specify the amount of bonds to be sold, the rate of interest they shall bear, the day and hour of sale, the place of sale, which shall be at the State Capital, and that sealed proposals will be received by the said Loan Commissioners for the purchase of such bonds. Within one month from the expiration of such publication, and on the day and hour named in said notice, the said Loan Commissioners shall open all sealed proposals received by them, and shall award the purchase of said bonds to such bidders as will, in their opinion, make the most advantageous bid for the State; *provided*, that said Loan Commissioners may reject any or all bids, if they deem it to the advantage of the State; and *provided* further, that they may refuse to make any award unless sufficient security shall be furnished by the bidders for the compliance with the terms of their bids; and *provided* further, that said bonds shall not be sold at less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, in gold coin, par value.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer and Controller of State each to keep a separate record of all bonds sold under the provisions of this Act, showing the number, date, amount and rate of interest of each bond, and to whom the same was issued.

SEC. 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for the payment of the expense that may be incurred by the Loan Commissioners in having such bonds prepared and said notices published.

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding soldiers' relief bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

SEC. 8. All persons having any of the bonds specified in section seven of this Act shall, upon presentation of such bonds to the said Loan Commissioners, be entitled to exchange them at their par value for bonds authorized to be issued under this Act, at the rate of ninety-three cents on the dollar, par value, but no bond shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars, but the said Loan Commissioners may issue certificates of such fractional parts not bonded, which said certificate shall be transferable, and entitled to be paid out of the proceeds of the sales of any bonds provided for in section seven of this Act. The Loan Commissioners shall cancel each bond so exchanged, and shall indorse on such bond the date on which they received the same, and from whom, the number and amount of the bond issued in exchange therefor, and shall file such bond in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 9. Whenever there shall be in the State treasury, from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued under this Act, a sum of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, printed in English, one in New York and one in the Capital of the State, for two months, which advertisement shall state the amount of money in the treasury applicable to the redemption of bonds, and the number of bonds, numbering therein the order of their issuance, which are redeemable; and three months from the date of the expiration of such advertisement, such bonds, unless sooner paid, shall cease to draw interest, but the money for the redemption of such bonds shall remain in the treasury to pay such bonds whenever presented.

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this Act, such rate of tax on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the State, to be computed by the Controller of State on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next ten years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties, in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year, and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the State treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

SEC. 11. Whenever, on the third day of January or July, in any year, after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of any bonds under this Act, there remains, after the payment of the interest, as provided in the preceding section, a surplus of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, for the space of one month, in one daily newspaper, published in English, in the City of New York, and for one month in one daily newspaper, published in English, at the State Capital, for sealed proposals, to be opened one month after the expiration of such publication by the Treasurer, in presence of the Governor or Controller, at the State Capitol, for the surrender of bonds issued under this Act, which advertisement shall state the amount of money he has on hand for the purpose of redemption; and they shall accept the lowest proposals, at rates not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest amount of bonds, until the amount of cash on hand for the redemption is exhausted; *provided*, however, in case a sufficient amount of such bonds shall not be offered, as aforesaid, to exhaust the Sinking Fund to a less amount than ten thousand dollars, then it is hereby made the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, one in New York and one at the Capital of this State, for three months, which advertisement shall state the amount in the Sinking Fund, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which such fund is set apart to pay and discharge; and if such bonds so numbered in such advertisements shall not be presented for payment and cancellation at the expiration of such publications, then such funds shall remain in the treasury to discharge such bonds whenever presented, but they shall draw no interest after the expiration of such publication; before any of said bonds shall be paid, they shall be presented to the Controller, who shall indorse on each bond the amount due thereon, and shall write across the face of each bond the date of its surrender and the name of the person surrendering.

SEC. 12. The Treasurer of State shall keep a full and particular account and record of all his proceedings under this Act, and of the bonds redeemed and surrendered, and he shall transmit to the Governor an abstract of all his proceedings under this Act, with his annual report, to be by the Governor laid before the Legislature; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this Act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the Governor or the Attorney General, or a committee of either branch of the Legislature, or a joint committee of both.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to pay the interest on said bonds, when the same falls due, out of said interest Fund, if sufficient; and if said fund be not sufficient, then to pay the deficiency out of the General Fund; *provided*, that the Controller of State shall first draw his warrant on the Treasurer, payable to the order of said Treasurer, for the amount of interest money about to become due, which said interest warrant shall be drawn at least one month previous to the maturing of the interest.

SEC. 14. This Act shall take effect sixty days after the next general election, as to all its provisions, except those relating to and necessary for its submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing and proclaiming the votes, which shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This Act shall be submitted to the people of the State for their ratification, at the next general election, and the qualified electors of this State shall, at said election, on their ballots for State officers, vote for or against this Act; those voting for the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—Yes," and those voting against the same, shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—No."

SEC. 16. The votes cast for and against this Act shall be counted, returned and canvassed and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for the Governor of state, and if it appears that a majority of all the votes so cast are for or against this law, as aforesaid, are in favor of this Act, then the same shall have effect as herein before provided, and shall be irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the Governor shall make proclamation hereof; but if a majority of the votes so cast are against this Act, then the same shall become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this Act published in one newspaper in each judicial district of this State, for three months next preceeding the next general election, for which publication no greater allowance shall be made than the rates allowed by law to the State Printer.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full, and correct copy of Chapter four hundred and Eighty-four, Statutes of California, Eighteenth Session, approved April 2, 1870, now on file in my office.

Witness my hand and the great seal of State, at office, in Sacramento, California, the twenty-fifth day of July, A. D. 1871.

(SEAL.)

H. L. NICHOLS,
Secretary of State.

je10n50m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a south-easterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

je17n51m3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of C. D. Begole against James Walsh, duly attested the 12th day of June, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of the said James Walsh in and to the Belmont mine, situate, lying and being in the Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the County of Inyo, I will sell the above described Real Estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, U. S. gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

June 17th, 1871. je17n51t3

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
June 10, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY Warrants will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY "GENERAL FUND."

No.	In favor of	Amount
226	W. L. Moore	$ 90 80
228	S. P. Moffat	115 00

ON THE COUNTY ROAD FUND.

152	Alexander & Chaquette	$100 00

I. HARRIS.
County Treasurer.
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

je10n50t4

NOTICE.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED a co-partnership under the firm name and style of J. L. DARRAH & CO., for the purpose of carrying on the business of teaming.

J. L. DARRAH,
O. I. MAINS.

Swansea, Inyo Co., Cal., June 9th, 1871.

je10n50t4

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 2. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1871. NUMBER 55.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 15.....1871

TERMS:

One Year, by Mail or Express	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
Three Months	1 75
One Month	50
Single Copies	25

LEGAL ADVERTISING

Will be charged for as follows, invariably in advance:

Per Square, First Insertion	$1 50
Per Square, Second Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Third Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Fourth Insertion	1 00
Per Square, each subsequent Insertion	35

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING

Will be charged for at the following rates, in advance:

One Square (10 lines or less) 1 Month	$5 00
" " " 2 "	8 00
" " " 3 "	10 00

REGULAR ADVERTISERS

Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

ATTORNEYS.

P. REDDY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law.

AURORA, NEVADA.

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. mo5ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal [jy9tf]

BUSINESS CARDS.

HARVEY RUSSELL,

Justice of the Peace,

BISHOP CREEK PRECINCT.

Office at Sneden's Hall. n1v16m

J. J. MOORE,

Justice of the Peace,

LONE PINE PRECINCT.

aug 8no5 ly

JOHN A. HANNAH,

Justice of the Peace,

FIFTH PRECINCT.

MINING RECORDER,

CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.

n10v1ly

A. B. ELDER

SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY

L. A. TALCOTT,

UNDER SHERIFF.

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Store in Post Office Building,

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s EXPRESS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

GERMAN POSTOFFICE MONEY ORDERS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

my20n47tf

Die Unterzeichneten

Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutsche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.

Harris & Rhine,

my20n47tf Agenten.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents

OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. n29n5m6

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC Insurance Company

Of San Francisco.

Fire and Marine.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.

J. HUNT, President.

A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.

HARRIS & RHINE,

AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms. my20n47n3

THE MUTUAL Life Insurance Co. OF NEW YORK

Organized 1842.

Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.

F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.

Assets July, 1870, $41,000,000 Cash.

THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents for Independence and vicinity.

my20n47tf

TINNER.

INYO PIONEER TIN SHOP,

Of INDEPENDENCE.

B. F. WELCH,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Worker.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN MY LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.

STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps. Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.

Please give me a call, at my shop on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store.

jy8n54tf

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK,

MASONS,

A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.

BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.

June 10, 1871. n50tf

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46m3

HOTELS.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.

Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. je17y1

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15 18m

BISHOP CREEK STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE.

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

SALOONS.

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.

Aurora, - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

n13jy93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

LONE PINE Pioneer Saloon,

C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeps — regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8x29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

in the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

fe4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

PAINTING, ETC.

PAINTING,

Wagon & Carriage Making,

PAPER HANGING, ETC.

J. G. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP, and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. jn10n50tf

TRAVELING.

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

INDEPENDENT EXPRESS & PASSENGER LINE

To Los Angeles Direct.

H. W. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri-monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition Line of steamers for San Francisco.

Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the state, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.

Collections and commissions promptly attended to.

The above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angeles on the 8th and 23d of each month.

Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via. Los Angeles	$27 50
Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via. Los Angeles	24 50
Fare to Los Angeles	20 00

AL. BRIGGS, Agent at Independence.

C. MULKEY, " " Lone Pine.

my20n47m3*

LIVERY STABLES.

EAGLE Livery and Feed STABLE,

Edwards Street, next door to the Inyo House,

Independence, Cal.

COLLISTER & BRIGGS, Propt'rs.

BUGGY TEAMS AND SADDLE HORSES,

Furnished at all times at low rates.

HAY AND GRAIN

Always on hand and for sale in quantities to suit.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO BOARDING transient and permanent stock. Having leased the above well known establishment, we propose running in to the entire satisfaction of those favoring us with their patronage.

COLLISTER & BRIGGS.

Independence, July 8. n54tf

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5-6m

Cerro Gordo FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

AURORA EXCHANGE STABLE,

PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.

S. G. COBB,.....Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSES,

Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,

—TO LET ON—

Reasonable Terms

HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.

n15v13m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

ICE CREAM!

EVERYBODY GO TO THE FRENCH RESTAURANT on SUNDAYS for the finest ICE CREAM

je10n50tf PETER MARGALOT

Fever Incidents in Buenos Ayres.

When the yellow fever broke out in Buenos Ayres, now nearly six months ago, the population of that city was estimated at from 200,000 to 240,000. The fever has at last run its terrible course, and the correspondents are figuring up the list of the dead. The New York Herald resident correspondent puts the number at the frightful figure of 30,000! or 15 per cent. of the population of the city. The lowest estimates say 15,000. Among the victims some fourteen Americans are named, including four ladies. This correspondent sends the following incidents of the plague:

In March last a confectioner broke open his coffin while being carried to the South Cemetery, and, feeling faint, weak and horrified, he rushed into a neighboring *pulperia* for a glass of brandy. After drinking it he said to the *pulpero*, "I cannot pay you, as I have no money; I have just broke out of my coffin." Every occupant of the house fled as though a fury was pursuing them. A street messenger, carrying an empty coffin, enters a grog shop and putting the coffin on the counter, drinks until he falls to the floor, and is carried away with the coffin. An engine driver on the Northern Railway line was lying in his bed. Suddenly he starts up and rushes from the house a maniac. He meets a fellow workman and tells him "I am going to catch my train." His comrade took him back to his home, but he died two hours after reaching it. In the *conventillos*, a class of poor alleyway tenement houses, the mortality was dreadful, and as many as seventy dead bodies are reported to have been taken from one of these fever dens, and the scavenger carts were employed in the removal of the corpses, sometimes actually breaking down from the weight. At one time coffins were publicly hawked or peddled about the streets, and later the Popular Commission distributed them gratuitously to the poor. One day a man came up and asked for a coffin from the Commission to bury a dead relative. The burial case was furnished, and two days later he appeared and asked for a coffin for the same person as the first one was asked for. It finally turned out that he had with some acquaintances been indulging in a drunken spree, leaving the relative unburied. At last one of the acquaintances died of fever, and his body was promptly put into the coffin; "and now," said he, "we are going to bury both together."

In the haste of flight from the city, many houses were abandoned, with all their contents, and at once the thieves set up a profitable business by watching their opportunities and carting away all the furniture and other effects. This has occurred in scores of instances, and the police now hold large numbers of keys of abandoned dwellings. During Holy Week—which terminated April 9th—the plague reached its extreme violence, and it was at that time that coffins, or rather simple boxes, were peddled in the streets. At this time also the new cemetery at the Chacarita was opened, and the workmen employed as grave-diggers actually pursued their ghastly calling far into the night, being unable to inter the bodies as fast as they arrived during the day. It may interest many persons also to learn that among these grave-diggers and mortuary laborers there was a smaller ratio of deaths than among any other class of people.

Mrs. Fair.

The indications at present are that Mrs. Laura D. Fair, the murderess, will not be executed on the 28th instant, as decreed by the tribunal before which she was tried, convicted and sentenced. The feeling in the community is strong both for and against the law being vindicated in this instance; indeed the case has taken such a strong hold upon the minds of the people, that a candidate for office, who should declare openly that he believed Mrs. Fair should be executed for her great crime, would not receive the votes of men of his party who were of the opposite way of thinking and *vice versa*. As the members of the Supreme Court are human and have political aspirations, it is more than likely that it was this excited state of public opinion that induced them to defer the hearing of the appeal for a new trial until the October term of the Court. An effort is being made on the part of those who sympathize with the unfortunate woman to have her execution postponed until after election, when they hope, by creating a strong and general feeling of sympathy in her favor, to obtain a new trial, a commutation of the sentence or a full pardon. A second effort to secure an order for a new trial failed in the Fifteenth District Court yesterday, Judge Dwinelle taking the ground that the case had passed from his jurisdiction.—*Alta.*

—The wife of Stephen Small, of Eldora, Iowa, presented him with twenty-one pounds of boy babies last week. There were three of them, and all are doing well. The father is sixty-two years old; "and yet he is not happy."

—Mrs. Woodhull openly declares herself in favor of a state of society where every woman will be at liberty to choose the father of her children, and argues that it would lead to such refinement in taste that only superior men would be favored with the privilege.

A Bear Vanquished With Salt.

We find the annexed in The El Dorado Republican of June 29th: A couple of residents of Georgetown started out on a hunting expedition about twenty miles east of town. On arriving at the scene of operations, it being late, they concluded to camp for the night; early next morning one of the party decided to go to some convenient spot and prepare what the hunters call a "deer lick." He started out with an yeast-powder can full of salt and an augur. While pushing his way through the bushes he suddenly came face to face with a huge black bear, the bear reared up, and prepared to fight. The hunter and bear were so close to each other that neither could very well back out; the only weapons the hunter had were the salt and augur; believing that the salt was the best weapon at hand, he dashed the can full of salt directly in the bear's eyes, and while bruin was scratching the salt out of his peepers the hunter pegged away on his head with the augur, until his bearship gave up the contest and fled. The hunter, not caring to follow up his advantage, returned to camp to relate his adventure.

Battle between Frogs and Toads.

A gentleman in Lynn, Massachusetts, while passing a pond in that city a few mornings since, witnessed a singular scene, which he describes as follows: "Around the margin of the pond, in the water, there was a large collection of common toads; close beside them was an equal gathering of bull-frogs; and a battle between the two was in progress. The frogs, being the most powerful, were busily engaged in drowning the toads. One or more frogs would seize a toad and hold his head under the water until he was drownded. Sometimes a frog would find himself overmatched, and then he would utter a peculiar sound, when one or more of his comrades would come to his aid, and the toad was sure to go under, never to rise again. This battle continued for several minutes, until the toads were 'cleaned out,' when the frogs joined in one triumphant croak."

A Model Obituary.

Mr. J. K. Smith, who recently lost a fine little boy, contributes the following "editorial note" in reference to his affliction, to The Los Angeles Star: It is with a heavy heart that we indite these few lines to the memory of Mr. Smith's little boy who died in this city a few days ago of green apples. He was a rare child, and never told a lie in his life, which was seven years. He leaves a mournful family to lament his loss, which are his afflicted parents and eleven brothers. A remarkable coincidence were that a few days before death stole him away like a green apple his faithful dog Bull howled sorrowfully and his brother William said somebody hit him with a rock, his family sympathize with the community in their loss which is his gain.

Bachelors Attention!

Sally Grubbins, of "filadelfi" wishes to get married. Her "card" speaks for itself. Here it is:

"A Husband wanted by a young ladeye of inconsiderabul pursenal detractions, and edikation. She is under fifty years of age, of tall and delicate figer. She has one very fine i, having losed the other by a awful fit of the small pecks; her accomplishments consist of whislin, with grate pour and sweetness, and plantin perraturs. She has been takin lessins in boxin, and she is willin to give ampill proffs to who soever marries her. Aph at 147 more street filadelfi."

—The day before General Harrison's inauguration Mr. Van Buren called upon him and asked: "Is there anything I can do to oblige you?" "Yes," said General Harrison, "my son-in-law, General Pike, fell on the battle-field and left an only son, whose inclinations are, as his father's, for the army. *I can not appoint him.*" "Is that all?" said Van; and in two hours the commision was signed and sent to the young man.

—A curious fact is, that about thirty thousand foreigners served in the army of the Parisian Commune. According to The Gaulois, eighteen thousand of them were Garibaldians; seven thousand English and Irish Fenians; twelve hundred Greeks; six hundred Americans; and six hundred Germans, Spaniards, and others.

—An English medical journal mentions it as a singular fact that women as a rule will not confide in the physicians of their own sex. They will talk to men about the most delicate symtoms incident to sickness, and postively refuse the same information to a woman doctor.

—It will probably surprise many people to learn that the territory commonly called the "British Isles," of which Great Britain and Ireland are the cheif, lying off the European Continent, are fully five hundred in number, and that one hundred and seventy-five are inhabited.

—It is stated that this year foreign tobacco has been sold and smoked in Havana, and also that Florida tobacco has been imported there, manufactured into cigars, and then sent abroad again as legitimate Vuelta Abajo.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 15.....1871.

"BUCKSKIN'S" FATE.

Our readers will recognize the name of Buckskin as that of one of the notorious cut throats who murdered the Bilderbeck brothers, last January, in the Tejunga canyon, near Los Angeles. The search after the murderers has been prosecuted with unrelenting energy for months, and has at last been crowned, we are glad to say, with partial success at least.

Sheriff Burns, of Los Angeles from information received a few weeks ago started for Lower California, and procured the necessary papers from the Governor of that province. After a long search the pursuers came within ten feet of Buckskin before he was aware of their presence. Buckskin grabbed one of the men's guns, which went off; the ball entered his left side below the heart. He died in two hours. He made a lengthy confession of the murder. Al. Henry and Gardner murdered and buried the Bilderbecks, but Gardner did the shooting. Henry accompanied Buckskin in his flight but is now missing.

It is much to hoped that he may yet be caught, and expiate his share of the crime at the end of a rope.

Alanson Gardner, who was captured at the time still remains in the Los Angeles jail.

INVENTIONS FOR SAVING METALS.

America excels in invention, says The Alta; and this age is especially successful in utilizing the waste which preceding generations rejected as valueless. Before the late war in France a wealthy association devoted a large capital and all the resources of chemistry to experiments on the waste material of all kinds of factories. Their success, by last accounts, had realized very fair dividends. In the majority of factory rufuse they found some element which they turned to profit. We desire to present to the notice of those French enterprisers the rich waste of our gold mines—of all wastes the richest and the most hopeful for reclamation. It can not be generally known that, after all the complex outlays and risks of gold and silver mining, we are content to extract say one-half of the gold which by fire assay we know to be in the rock. It seems incredible that we pay so largely for mining ores, and yet our method of extraction is so imperfect, that of $15,000,000 that thus yearly pass through our hands, our boasted Yankee ingenuity is unable to win more than $25,000,000; we lose $20,000,000 yearly. What is the reason of this destructive waste? Surely if every miner will observe and give his views, so that experience can be accumulated, we shall find, first, the cause, and next, the remedy.

Brogan Shoes.

A new style of brogan shoe has been produced, made principally of elm wood, in Massachusetts. The sole is divided at the ball of the foot and reunited by a hinge of sole leather of suitable thickness, two inches wide, so as to give free play to the toesf A portion of the uppers is made o leather, but they are toed and heeled with wood. They are, however, shaped in the modern style, and not like the sabot of France, which is all wood and turned up at the toe, "Heathen Chinee" style. In the fastenings copper rivets are made use of, and all the parts where the wood and leather unite are packed with Indian-rubber. These shoes will cost less than a dollar per pair.

Railroad Accident.

A Western bound freight train on the Central Pacific Ralroad met with rather a rough accident, July 4, not to be accompanied with loss of life. A heavy cloud-burst in the mountains had washed down a huge pile of trees, rocks and other debris upon the railroad track. The train came along at a good rate of speed, and the engine, tender and ten or twelve cars went over the embankment. Considerable damage was done, but fortunately no one was killed. The passenger train waited at Truckee till the the road was cleared and it could get through.

Kern County.

The Courier says that the Republicans of that county are going to put a full ticket in the field, believing that the influx of strangers since the last election has so changed the political complexion of the county that they can elect their ticket. Be that as it may it is well to have an opposition ticket.

INDIAN MATTERS.

The Nevada State Journal states that the Indians in Lassen County, about the Big Valley mines, are becoming troublesome again. A large number of cattle have been lately driven away by them, and arrows found sticking in a few stragglers left behind. It seems from this that the Indians are not content with the thorough drubbing they received at the hands of the military under the direction of General Crook, some four years ago, and we may soon expect lively work for the few soldiers along the Nevada and Idaho frontier. No doubt this comes from old Winnemucca and a few of his sullen, treacherous warriors who refused to go on to the reservation at Camp Mc Dermit, two years since, saying they would never make friends with the whites. Winnemucca and some fifty or sixty of his men were allowed to remain in the Steen mountain country. We hope that they will receive such punishment this time, at the hands of the military, that they will gladly make peace and go upon the reservation. There has been enough dallying with this old scalper; and the sooner he is made to understand that he must not rob and murder those who are trying to develop the rich agricultural valleys along the line of Nevada, Idaho and Oregon, the better it will be for all. Enough blanket-giving warfare has been practised in Arizona, and we hope that if such a policy is continued by the Government authorities, the citizens will rise *en masse* and make short work of the few Indians in and about Steen's mountain, and not retard the development of our northern country and allow our best and most hardy and enterprising farmers and their families to be murdered without punishing the red devils thoroughly. We are among those who believe that the present Indian policy of the Government costs more property, money and lives than any ever thought of, and as a consequence is ruinous to the further development of our frontier; and the sooner Government learns the necessity of punishing instead of fostering the redskins engaged in murdering and plundering, the better it will be for civilization and humanity.

A GALVANIC PENHOLDER.

To those familiar with patent records, there is no lack of inventions notable, not for their usefulness, but their oddity, and for the misconception of cause and effect shown in devising them. One of these is mentioned by The American Artizan as an illustrative example. For instance, a gentleman with a genius as unique as inventive lately incurred the expense of an English patent for a device for securing steadiness to the hand of a penman by a novel application of galvanism. He makes the pen-holder of an outer tube copper and an inner one of zinc; the former being perforated, so that, when grasped by the fingers and thumb in the act of writing, a portion of the inner will be brought in contact therewith. The moisture of the skin is expected to produce a gentle voltaic action between the two metals, and this, acting on the hand, is designed to steady the shaky nerves, and thereby secure comparatively faultless samples of chirography. Ridiculous as this seems, there would be little surprise if, in some cases, the desired result was actually obtained. Imagination has a mighty influence upon the control which people have of muscles, nerves, and tendons, and the man who can persuade himself that his hand is steadied by the mysterious influence of a two penny galvanic pen-holder may, perhaps, improve his handwriting as the result of credulity, if not of science.

A Mistake.

Congressman Bowen made a mistake when he was elected to Congress. He should have gone to Utah. His "religious principles" would have sustained him there, and he would at once have had high rank in the church. Many people do not know what climate is good for them. During the bigamy trial Bowen's third wife, Mrs. Susan Pettigrew King Bowen, authoress, testified that before she married Bowen she had hunted from Maine to California for wife No. 2, and was satisfied that she was dead, and thereupon marries Bowen. She is a dashing, handsome woman, and her appearance upon the stand created quite a sensation. The forged divorce record was a development most unexpected, and adds not a little to the mysterious surroundings of the marriages of Bowen.

However, since he has received a full pardon from the President, Mr., and the several Mrs. Bowens, may all be happy yet, without worrying Brother Brigham with their presence.

The new smelting works just below Reno, Nevada, was lately destroyed by fire.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

The Sutro Tunnel Commissioners are busily engaged in their investigations They appear highly pleased with the country and impressed with the magnitude of our mining interests. Their stay will probably be prolonged two months.

The proprietors of the Etna foundry, San Francisco, have a contract to construct three steam wagons. Recent experiments with these wagons have proved quite satisfactory.

Gen. Crook went to work within an hour after his arrival in Arizona, preparing to clean out Johnny Apache, and the Arizonians are much elated at the prospect of his success.

The Fish Commissioners talk of enforcing restrictions on the salmon slaughter in the Sacramento river, to save this fine fish from extinction.

A mixed taste for the beautiful and substantial is shown by citizens of Los Angeles, who plant roses and cabbages in their front yards.

S. O. Houghton has received the nomination for Congress in the First District, against Judge Archer. This completes the Congressional nominations of both parties for the State.

It is now said that the Central Pacific railroad company is considering a project for building a railroad across the mountains by the Big Tree route, thence east through the central portions of Nevada and Utah to Ogden, to connect at that point with the Chicago, Northwestern, and Pacific railroad. Guess that road is only "projected."

J. J. Monahan was killed in Pioche, on the Fourth of July. A row was in progress in the street and as Monahan stepped to the door of his saloon he received three shots in the breast and stomach. He leaves a wife and two children in Gold Hill, Nevada.

A telegraph line has been completed to Yosemite and is doing a good business.

It is rumored that a new line of steamers is to be put on between San Francisco and San Pedro. The mail contract between those places has been let to Hartshorn & Morton.

Plans for the San Pedro breakwater are completed and have been sent to Washington for approval. Upon their return work will be immediately commenced. It is anticipated that from 3,000 to 4,000 feet of it will be completed the present season.

The Nevada mill, belonging to Dunn & McCone, situated in the canyon leading from Eberhardt to Hamilton, Nev., was destroyed by fire on the Fourth of July. Loss, $80,000.

Our earthquake of the 5th instant shook them up at Visalia.

Slavery in Brazil.

The abolition of slavery in Brazil is exciting an animated discussion in the Chamber of Deputies, where considerable opposition to the bill is exhibited The proposed law emancipates all slave offspring hereafter born, subject to apprenticeship until 21 years. The owners of the slave mothers of the liberated offspring are to receive as a compensation either the services during the apprenticeship for 21 years, or else $20 per annum during 30 years, for each child reared to the age of eight. The slaves belonging to the Emperor and to public institutions are to receive their freedom at once, and those belonging to monasteries within seven years. An emancipating fund is established, and slaves are allowed to hold and inherit property, and to obtain their freedom at oficial valuation. A registration of every slave is also to be made.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Count De Chanbord, legitimate heir to the French throne has issued a proclamation in which, he says he leaves France to prevent agitation, but if Frenchmen are willing, will return and found a government, based on liberty and universal suffrage.

The Pope is to remain at Rome.

Only forty-five per cent of the French loan will be allotted to subscribers—so much money having been offered the Government.

France has already paid 325,000,000 francs to Germany as indemnity, and the Paris forts will be evacuated when 1,500,000 francs more have been paid.

Approximate returns from thirty-four departments give fifty-four Republican delegates and twelvec onservatives.

No Fooling About It.

H. M. Yerington, Superintendent of the Virginia & Truckee Railroad, visited our sanctum yesterday. He informed us that he had put on a corps of engineers to make a final location of the road, and that they would immediately commence their labors; that as soon as possible a hundred men, already engaged, would commence grading and track laying; that the picks, shovels and necessary tools were here for that purpose. Mr. Yerington says the Company means business, and will push the road right along. 'Tis well—we may be happy yet. We believe in railroads and can see no valid objection to encouraging capital from seeking investment in our county and adding to the taxable property therein.

—*Nevada State Journal.*

EASTERN NEWS.

New Orleans is again flooded from a break in the Claiborne Canal, which was cut in five places by some miscreants, who made good their escape. The moving of families from the submerged districts still continues.

The ratification of the Washington Treaty was officially proclaimed July 4.

A stay of proceedings has been granted Foster, the New York street car murderer, on a writ of error.

Governor Hoffman opposes the "new departure," and Gen. McClellan favors it.

Captain John Nye, brother to Senator Nye, of Nevada, died at Washington City on the 7th of July.

The President will soon start on a visit to Ohio and other Western States, and about the 15th of August will start for California.

General Fredrica Covada, who succeeded Gen. Jordan as commander-in-chief of the Cuban army, was captured by the Spanish troops a few days ago, and ere this has been murdered.

A Chicago dispatch of July 6th reads:

A most revolting case of child murder came to light yesterday, at Gillman, Illinois. It has been discovered that Martin Meara, an Irishman living near that place, about the 4th of June, so brutally whipped his little son, aged 10 years, that the boy was unable the next morning to move. The father dragged him from bed and held him on a hot stove until he was horribly burned, and then took a heavy whip and beat him to death. Yesterday Meara was arrested and lodged in jail. Last night 250 armed men took him out of jail and hanged him to a tree.

Dates from Birmingham Connecticut says:

Public sentiment is setting strong against Mrs. Sherman, the alleged poisoner of three husbands and eleven children. Correspondents visiting her are cordially received, but she postively declines the advice of counsel to refer to the case, and her examination before a Justice is set for to-day.

A Reminiscence of the Early Days of Virginia.

A correspondent of The Pittsburg Commercial writing from Steubenville, Ohio, under date of May 25th, 1871, says:

A few weeks ago a most extraordinary character and pioneer died at Bridgeport, a few miles below this city, and immediately opposite the city of Wheeling I refer to Joseph Worley, whose early history and subsequent career have been so intimately connected with the frontier annals of this section of country that it is a wonder that his death has been unnoticed by the local press.

Joseph Worley was born in 1769, just one hundred and two years ago His relatives say that his birth-place was at West Liberty in Ohio county, now West Virginia, but it is certainly true that whether born there or not, his early childhood was spent in that locality, which is not more than twelve miles distant from that spot where he died. At the time of his birth this part of the West was an unbroken wilderness. It was yet thirteen years before the first white man had fixed his abode west of the Ohio river; a few hunters held Kentucky against the Indians north of the river, and sustained with that region the primitive relations of horse stealing and scalping; in Virginia, the frail and lonely settlements (of which West Liberty was one) creeping westward, made friends with the desert and produced a population nearly as wild as its elder children, and quite as fierce and truculent.

Into such a heritage was young Worley born; and from his earliest childhood he discovered an aptitude for frontier life. He was particularly skilled in the use of the rifle, and all his early thoughts and plannings had reference to the savage foes that surrounded him. The numerous expeditions for which he was chosen showed the confidence his fellow pioneers had in him. Simon Girty, the notorious white renegade, was at this time with the Indians on the Sandusky plains, and frequently headed their maurading raids upon the settlements. It was the aim of the settlers to vanquish this formidable foe, and Worley, with others, undertook the task of capturing him. In this work Girty, at the head of the Ottawa warriors, was pursued across the Ohio, at Meigs Island, up to the water of Cross creek, and far into the interior of what is now the State of Ohio, his pursuers enduring unparalleled privation and encountering perilous difficulties, but always unsuccessful in his capture.

Sometime early in life Worley and his brother Jacob, who seems to have been as heroic as the other, drifted toward Fort Henry, occupying the point where Wheeling now stands, and here became acquainted with the famous Lewis Wetzel, one of the most noted Indian hunters of American pioneer history. Worley, who was several years Wetzel's junior, was his very intimate friend, and his almost constant companion in the woods. On one occasion, having discovered fresh signs of the presence of Indians in the neighborhood of the settlements, Wetzel and Worley undertook to ascertain their whereabouts. They followed their tracks for several miles, and became so intent upon their prey as to scarcely become aware of the distance they had wandered from the settlement, until they had gone eleven or twelve miles south, and nearly opposite to the point where the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad now strikes the Ohio river. Here they came upon a camp of Indians, who discovered the hunters about the same time they were themselves discovered.

Both parties took to the trees, after the custom of Indian fighting, but the Indians greatly outnumbered the others. Six or seven stalwart and trained Indian warriors of the Huron tribe were now pitted against two determined hunters; and, as if to add to the danger of their position, Wetzel was recognized by the Indians as their implacable and life-long enemy. Now began a duel—a running fight—a life-and-death contest. No reinforcements could reach the hunters until they had traveled at least ten miles, and long before that their only foes would overpower them in all probability. Yet they determined to sell their lives dearly. Wetzel took command, and Worley obeyed him implicitly. In recounting it oftentimes afterward, Worley grew animated, and nobly attributed to Wetzel the salvation of his life.

A tall Huron warrior was the first to fall. He rushed out of his covert with a demoniac yell, thinking that they were unprepared for a sudden attack, or would readily yield to the force of superior numbers. But in this he was mistaken, and his life paid the penalty. For a moment or so afterward the other Indians were silent and apparently awe struck, but in that interval Wetzel had again loaded his gun. Several shots were fired at him, but he was securely shielded by a tree. And so from tree to tree, for four exciting miles, the hunters dodged and crept. Another warrior, in seeking stealthily to cut off their retreat, was killed, and the others became more cautious.

Once Wetzel put his cap on the ramrod, as though he was peering around the tree, and when the Indians shot a bullet through it, he let it drop to the ground. The Indians all rushed out, when two others fell. The movements were now carried on, on both sides with the utmost caution. The hunters now worked their way gradually toward the fort, the three remaining Indians becoming every moment more anxious. One of their number, perhaps while carefully climbing a tree, on the opposite side from the hunters, with a view of startling them from their lurking place, unconsciously exposed himself, and was wounded by one of the hunters, whereupon the other Indians, having trusted so long to the superiority of their numbers, and having a peculiar awe of Wetzel, stole away into the depths of the woods, leaving the hunters to return to the fort to recount what was even then esteemed a marvelously heroic feat. The circumstance was related to your correspondent years ago, when Joseph Worley was even then called an old man.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Great Bargains!

GREAT SACRIFICE

—OF—

Property!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS entire stock of goods at

Less Than San Francisco Cost Prices!

Bacon.....	20 cts ⅌ lb
Hams.....	22 cts ⅌ lb
Crushed Sugar.	⅌ barrel $20
do do	4½ lb $1
Brown Sugar...	½ barrel $16
do do	5½ lbs $1
Candles, by the box, $5	
do	9 for 50 cts
Ground Coffee, by the case, 36 cts.	
do do	37½ cts ⅌ lb
Green Coffee...by the sack, 23 cts	
do do	25 cts ⅌ lb
Lard.....by the case, 24 cts	
do .....10 pound can, $2 50	
do .....5 " " 1 25	
Best Japan Tea, 75 cts by the case	
do	80 cts ⅌ lb
Dried Apples.....5½ lbs for $1	
Dried Grapes.....5½ lbs for $1	

CANNED STUFFS.

Tomatoes.....	50 cts ⅌ can
Oysters.....	50 do
Salmon.....	62½ do
Lobster.....	62½ do
Jellies.....	62½ do
Spiced Oysters.....	75 do

All other articles, too numerous to mention, in the same proportion. Orders from the Valley will be promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by cheapest conveyance.

20,000 Dollars Worth of New Stock of Goods,

To arrive immediately, comprising an assortment of

General Merchandise,

Which will be sold at same reduction in prices, without reserve.

Still Larger Sacrifices

In all articles of **Clothing & Dry Goods.**

TERMS — **CASH ON DELIVERY.**

Cerro Gordo, July 12, 1871. V. BEAUDRY. jy15n55tf

THE PIONEER LIVERY, SALE —AND— FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.

Independence, July 13, 1871. jy15n55m3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ORLEANS HOTEL,

LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.

D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a

Bar Attached,

Which has constantly on hand the choicest of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

FORWARDING AND GENERAL Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.

Have all goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor. Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.

WM. M. OSBORN.

jy15n55m3

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.

LEWIS SCHNEIDER.

At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.

jy15n55m3

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER, Independence, Inyo Co., Cal., July 10, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING WARRANTS on the County General Fund will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date:

No.	Amount.	Drawn in favor of.
236	375 00	J. W. McMurry.
265	47 15	L. A. Talcott.
281	6 00	T. Mahoney

I. HARRIS,
County Treasurer.
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
jy15n55t4

DEMOCRATIC State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR:

H. H. HAIGHT.....of Alameda

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:

E. J. LEWIS.....of Tehama

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

JACKSON TEMPLE.....of Sonoma
[For the Short Term.]

S. S. WRIGHT.....of San Francisco
[For the Full Term.]

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:

W. B. C. BROWN.....of Sacramento

FOR CONTROLLER:

R. O. LEWITT.....of Siskiyou

FOR STATE TREASURER:

A. F. CORONEL.....of Los Angeles

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:

JO HAMILTON.....of Placer

FOR SURVEYOR-GENERAL:

JOHN W. BOST.....of Merced

FOR STATE PRINTER:

JOHN T. BURRY.....of San Francisco

FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:

O. P. FITZGERALD.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF SUPREME COURT:

THOS. LASSEYRE.....of Kern

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER:

I. FIGELLANDER.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT:

LAWRENCE ASCHER.....of Santa Clara

First Congressional District Democratic Central Committee.

PRESIDENT—JAMES M. ALLEN.....San Francisco
SECRETARY—JAMES O'NEILL.....San Francisco
EXECUTIVE COM.—DANL McNEILL...San Francisco
JAS. M. ALLEN...San Francisco
JAS O'NEILL.....San Francisco

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE:

John H. Moore	Santa Clara Co.
John Derby	Fresno Co.
G. J. Sheamb	San Francisco.
W. W. Hudson	Kern Co.
J. H. Lawrence	Mariposa Co.
S. F. Gell	Monterey Co.
J. W. Somers	Mono Co.
P. D. Wiggins	Merced Co.
A. J. King	Los Angeles Co.
S. . Sheppard	Tulare Co.
J. D. Spencer	Stanislaus Co.
John W. Saterwhite	San Bernardino Co.
J. Wolfskill	San Diego Co.
Russell Heath	Santa Barbara Co.
D. W. Jones	San Luis Obispo C.
C. Caonilman	Santa Cruz Co.
J. J. Hill	San Mateo Co.
J. M. Allen	San Francisco
Daniel McNeill	San Francisco
James O'Neil	San Francisco

DEMOCRATIC County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR:

W. A. EAKIN.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN:

GEO. A. WHITING.....of Tuolumne
W. C. CONNELLY.....of Tuolumne
D. B. CURTIS.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE:

JOHN A. HANNAH.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR SHERIFF:

CYRUS MULKEY.....of Lone Pine

FOR CLERK:

I. P. YANEY.....of Bishop Creek

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:

E. H. VAN DECAR.....of Independence

FOR TREASURER:

HENRY M. ISAACS.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR:

J. F. DILLON.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER & PUB. ADMINISTRATOR:

JOHN A. LANK.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS:

JOHN W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR SURVEYOR:

.....

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:

A. N. BELL	Chairman
H. M. ISAACS	Secretary
I. S. FREEBORN	Lone Pine
J. L. PORTER	Cerro Gordo
T. K. HUTCHISON	Bishop Creek
JOHN LAIRD	Round Valley
S. P. MOFFAT	Independence
J. E. PARKER	Independence
W. P. GEORGE	Independence

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 15..... .....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Earthquakes Again.

We learn by a private letter from Bishop Creek that several earthquake shocks have been observed in that locality: one on Wednesday last, about 12 o'clock, M., and one about 9 o'clock on the evening previous. In consequence of the violence of the quake, parties residing at Owensville left their houses. About 7 o'clock on Tuesday last a slight shock was observed in this place, but it was not considered any "great shakes," since but few noticed it. A correspondent from Swansea, to whom we are under obligations, writes us that at that place, about 7:30 P. M. Tuesday, there was a violent shaking of the earth, even more severe than that which occurred on the 5th instant. The vibrations were nearly north and south, and lasted several seconds. About 12 o'clock of the same night there was another vibration of the same character, though not so severe; and at the same time on the succeeding night there was still another quite as heavy as any of the others. A rumbling noise accompanied the quakings. Something's busted somewhere.

When School will commence.

A meeting of the Trustees of Independence and Milton school districts was held July 10, at which it was decided to consolidate the two districts. This arrangement will enable us to maintain a nine months school, open to the children of both districts. The school for the first six months is to be in this place, and the remaing three months at the Milton school house. This is doubtless a very good arrangement for both districts since neither alone can command donated or public school moneys sufficient to procure the services of a good teacher, as owing to our isolated position it is not to be expected that teachers from a distance will come so far merely to take a school for three or four or even six months, and neither of these districts at present could guarantee more. Mr. Hardy, late of the Milton school, and a very excellent teacher, will take charge of the union school which will begin in this place, July 24, one week from next Monday.

Lucky.

An hour or two after the adjournment of the convention on Saturday last, the County Clerk happened to go into the Court-room, and found the matting on the floor to be on fire. As it was, but a small hole was burned in the floor, but had it not been for the accidental entrance of the Clerk there might have been a lively time. We hear of many embryo fires being fortunately discovered just as this was. We hope that equal good luck may always attend us.

A New Order of Things.

It is not generally considered a good stroke of business to "carry coals to Newcastle," but the principle seems contradicted in the present opportunity to send to Cerro Gordo for all kinds of goods. Mr. V. Beaudry as may be seen by advertisement elsewhere, is selling out his large stock at cost, to close out the business—and so it is made advantageous to send where things are the most valuable to get the best bargains.

Hemp.

Last Spring Joe Fernbach planted several hemp seeds in his grounds at the brewery in this place; the stalks from these seeds have now attained a hight of eight feet, still growing and looking as thrifty as any ever grown any place. Independent of the possible advantage and economy of producing at home this essential for hanging people, it occurs to us that hemp raising in this Valley might be made a very profitable industry.

Improvements.

Lone Pine seems steadily on the up grade in the matter of improvements. We note the fact that the Lone Pine Hotel is receiving a new front and a thorough overhauling. Mr. Burkhart, the energetic jeweler of that place, is erecting commodious buildings for dwelling and shop. Messrs. A. M. Loomis & Bro. are about making an extensive addition to their store room, rendered necessary by their increasing business.

Withdrawn.

Sheriff Elder has withdrawn from the field as a candidate for a re-election, and will not be before the nominating Convention to-day. We understand that he has sold his water interests in Cerro Gordo and intends to go into business elsewhere. From an early day Mr. Elder has been identified with every interest of the country, and we can ill afford to loose him.

The Pioneer.

Messrs. Brown & Co., of the immense new stable opposite the Court House, this week make official declaration of their intentions to do a wholesale business. The enterprise displayed by these gentlemen in fitting up such a fine establishment in a new place denotes that they *sabe* a thing or two, and merits liberal patronage. See "ad."

Forwarding.

Wm. M. Osborn, the well known forwarding and commission merchant, of Los Angeles, has been circulating around the country for the past few days, attending to matters connected with his business. As will be seen by advertisement, he still promptly forwards, at lowest rates, all goods shipped in his care.

A New Paper.

We have it from reliable authority that the first number of a new paper, bearing the appropriate name of "The Sorehead," will make its appearance early next week. It will probably be continued as a campaign paper, the organ of those defeated in both Conventions. Our Lokleitems takes stock in it.

Returned from the War.

P. W. Bennett, Esq., Delegate to the Republican State Convention, returned home the present week, after having assisted in selecting the captains of the host marshaling for the September scrummage.

Organized

The new Democratic County Central Committee met at the County Clerk's office on Saturday last, and organized by electing A. N. Bell Chairman and H. M. Isaacs Secretary, for the ensuing two years.

Religious Notice.

Mr. John Tamblyn will preach in this place in the Court House, Sunday, July 16, at 11 o'clock A. M. The public are invited to attend.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

INDEPENDENCE, July 8, 1871.

The Democratic County Convention met at 10 o'clock, and was called to order by the Chairman of the County Central Committee, S. P. Moffat.

On motion of J. A. Lank, Mr. J. W. McMurry was chosen temporary Chairman.

J. E. Parker was elected temporary Secretary.

On motion of A. N. Bell, a committee of five was appointed on credentials and permanent organization. The Chair appointed as such committee Messrs. Bell, Hutchison, Lank, Blair and Coburn.

On motion, the Convention adjourned for twenty minutes.

Upon re-assembling, the committee reported the following named gentlemen as duly accredited Delegates:

Cerro Gordo—W. L. Hunter, John Beveridge, proxied by W. L. Hunter, James McKinney, proxied by W. L. Hunter, W. O'Malley, John A. Mallon, Charles Anderson, John A. Hannah, Chris. Zinkard. Lone Pine—W. C. Columbo, I. S. Freeborn, proxied by N. F. Coburn, N. F. Coburn, E. P. Ball, proxied by W. C. Columbo. Independence—A. N. Bell, J. A. Lank, J. E. Parker. Kearsarge—John O'Haloran. Fish Springs—J. W. McMurry, Mat. Stewart. Big Pine—W. A. Baker, John Malane. Bishop Creek—T. K. Hutchison, J. D. Spray, J. Crough, J. Blair. Round Valley—David Olds, John Laird. Deep Spring Valley—W. F. Kincaid, J. Chastine.

The report was adopted.

The Committee on the permanent organization reported as follows: For Chairman, James E. Parker; for Secretary, Henry M. Isaacs.

On motion, the report was adopted, and the officers as recommended assumed their duties.

On motion of Mr. Hunter, a committee of three was appointed on Order of Business: W. L. Hunter, John Crough, A. N. Bell.

Moved and seconded that a Committee on Resolutions, consisting of five delegates, be appointed by the Chair. Carried, and the following named gentlemen were constituted such committee: D. Olds, W. F. Kincaid, J. A. Lank, J. W. McMurry, J. D. Spray.

On motion, the Convention adjourned until 1 o'clock, at which time said committees were instructed to report.

1 O'CLOCK, P. M.

The Convention assembled, and was called to order by the Chairman.

The Committee on Order of Business submitted the following report, which was accepted and the committee discharged:

1. Nomination for Sheriff.
2. " " Clerk.
3. " " District Attorney.
4. " " Treasurer.
5. " " Assessor.
6. " " Coroner & Pub. Ad.
7. " " Surveyor.
8. " " Sup't Pub. Schools.
9. " " Assemblyman.
10. " " County Judge.
11. Selection of a Central Com. of nine.

On motion, the report was amended so as to make the nomination of a candidate for Assemblyman the first on the order of business.

The Committee on Resolutions submitted the following report, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved—The Democracy of Inyo County in convention assembled do hereby indorse and fully subscribe to the platform of the Democratic State Convention, convened and begun at Sacramento on the twentieth day of June, A. D. 1871, and we do hereby pledge our unqualified support to the platform and the nominees of said convention.

2. *Resolved*—That all candidates, before being nominated by this convention, shall indorse the foregoing resolution, and pledge an unqualified support to the State and County nominees of the Democratic party at the ensuing election.

3. *Resolved*—That a full and complete victory at the ensuing election is within our reach, and every delegate at this convention will use all honorable means to secure that result.

4. *Resolved*—That when this convention adjourns it do adjourn to meet at the polls on general and special elections of the present year, there to consummate the proceedings this day begun.

The Chair announced that nominations for Assemblyman were in order.

M. Stewart nominated D. B. Curtis.

A. N. Bell nominated James E. Parker.

Mr. Parker declining to become a candidate for the nomination, it was moved and seconded that D. B. Curtis be nominated by acclamation, which was unanimously carried.

After some debate, it was decided that all voting should be done by ballot.

The selection of a candidate for Sheriff being in order, W. L. Hunter placed in nomination P. Harrington. J. D. Spray nominated C. Mulkey. W. F. Kincaid put in nomination W. T. Grant.

All the gentlemen having come forward and indorsed the State platform and nominations, and pledged their support to the County ticket, the Chair appointed the following tellers: John Mallon, J. D. Spray and W. F. Kincaid.

On the first ballot Harrington received 13; Grant, 3; Mulkey 12.

W. T. Grant then withdrew, and the second ballot resulted as follows: Harrington 14, Mulkey 14.

Second ballot—Mulkey, 14; Harrington, 14.

Third ballot—Harrington, 14; Mulkey, 14.

Fourth ballot same as before.

Moved and seconded that the nomination for Sheriff be deferred until after the nomination of a candidate for Treasurer. Carried.

For Clerk Mat. Stewart nominated J. B. White; D. Olds nominated I. P. Yaney, and John Blair nominated W. L. Moore.

Each took the required pledges, and the Chair appointed Coburn, Bell and Crough as tellers.

First ballot—White, 9; Moore, 6; Yaney, 13.

Second ballot—White, 10; Yaney, 18.

On motion, the vote was made unanimous, and Mr. Yaney declared duly nominated.

For District Attorney, E. H. Van Decar was, on motion, nominated by acclamation.

For County Treasurer Henry M. Isaacs was unanimously nominated by acclamation.

Adjourned for 10 minutes.

On motion, the nomination for Sheriff was postponed until after all other nominations had been made.

For Assessor W. C. Columber named Mat. Stewart; and J. A. Lank nominated J. F. Dillon.

On balloting Dillon received 18, and Stewart 11. On motion, the nomination of Mr. Dillon was made unanimous.

John A. Lank was nominated by acclamation for Coroner and Public Administrator.

On motion of Mr. Hunter, the County Central Committee was empowered to select a candidate for the office of County Surveyor.

For Superintendent of Public Schools, J. A. Lank proposed John W. Symmes, who was nominated by acclamation.

John A. Hannah, John T. Ryan and I. S. Freeborn were placed in nomination for County Judge. Mr. Freeborn's name having been withdrawn, the vote resulted: J. A. Hannah, 21; J. T. Ryan, 7. Mr. Hannah was declared the nominee.

The selection of a County Central Committee being in order, it was moved and seconded that the Chair appoint a committee of one delegate from each precinct, who were empowered to select a Central Committee of nine. Carried, and the Chair appointed the following as said committee: Hunter, Columber, Bell, O'Haloran, McMurry, Baker, Hutchinson, Laird and Kincaid.

Convention adjourned for 10 minutes.

Upon reassembling, the special committee reported the following as constituted the County Central Committee:

I. S. Freeborne, Lone Pine.
J. L. Porter, Cerro Gordo.
H. M. Isaacs, Independence.
A. N. Bell, "
S. P. Moffat, "
J. E. Parker, "
T. K. Hutchison, Bishop Creek.
John Laird, Round Valley.

The Chair announced that the nomination of Sheriff was in order, and instructed delegates to prepare their ballots.

The fifth ballot resulted as follows: Harrington, 13; Mulkey, 15.

On motion of W. L. Hunter, the nomination of Mr. Mulkey was made unanimous.

A vote of thanks was tendered to the Chairman and Secretary respectively, and the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

The Delegates.

Following are the names of the Delegates to the Republican County Convention which assembles to-day: Cerro Gordo—J. N. Stauffer, W. H. Wallace, A. J. Gould, Chas. F. Duval, P. L. Peterson; Lone Pine—J. Rittgers, Henry Crane, A. H. Johnson, J. S. Brown; Independence—J. N. Rose, I. Harris, P. A. Chalfant; Kearsarge—T. F. A. Connelly; Fish Spring—John Westerville, D. Love; Big Pine—Dave Naylor; Bishop Creek—J. L. Garretson, J. C. Kingsley, James Shaw, Aleck Corcoran; Round Valley—Richard Hilton, W. W. Vaughn; Deep Springs— ——; Swansea—T. A. Gardner.

The Orleans Hotel,

At Lone Pine, this week invites consideration and patronage of the public. We can vouch for the hospitality of the genial Dan; he is one of the few men who know how to conduct a well appointed hotel.

Grasshoppers in Tulare.

The Visalia Delta of June 22d has the annexed:

We learn that within the past two weeks the destruction of vegitaton between Tule river, White river and Posey creek by grasshoppers is unprecedented. The ranches of the Rumford Brothers (Orange Grove) south of Tule; Baker and his vicinity, south of Deer creek; Stone and others of north Deer creek, have scarcely a green thing left. At Enlow's 18-mile house, on the Visalia and Portersville road, the grasshoppers have eaten the leaves from off all the cottonwood trees, and many of the little branches are entirely eaten away, from the points down to the size of a man's finger. Burton, who has just returned from this locality, says he has never seen anything like it before. The high winds of Sunday and Monday were very destructive to the grasshoppers. They were blown pell-mell with the sand across the desert plains, and lay dead in heaps where the wind had left them in the gulches and little ravines. The well at Enlow's is nearly stopped up, and horses refuse the water, no matter how thirsty. At the sheep ranch of Hilton, this side, the sheep camp was full of the dead, and the well so filled that no water could be obtained. At Marshall's place, beyond Enlow's the China locust trees are destroyed, the branches being eaten off the same as the cottonwoods.

More Natural Curiosities.

The Fresno Expositor learns from Mr. Powell, a civil engineer of Fresno county, that near the confines of Fresno, Tulare and Inyo counties, in the vicinity of the head-waters of the Kaweah, there exists a remarkable piece of country. The Indians say it is the abiding place of the Evil Spirit. The country is ragged and rocky mountains, with deep valleys and precipitous cliffs. Snakes and reptiles of every description abound in untold numbers, and, taken in all, it is a wild and most uninviting region. But aside from this a most curious phenomenon exists. The ground trembles and quakes almost continuously, and the abundant rocks grind and grit together as if being urged by some terrible influence. Frequently deep discharges are heard, muffled and dull, like the distant sound of heavy artillery. At night the sounds seem to be more abundant than in daytime. No Indian can be induced to venture near the locality, regarding it with superstitious horror. No theory is advanced by any to account for the strange phenomena mentioned. We also learn from William Faymonville that above the head of Crane Valley, in this county, another place similar to the one mentioned exists. Parties who have visited the last place named describe the sounds mentioned as like muffled thunder.

Thirteenth Volume.

The Visalia Delta has entered upon its thirteeth volume. The new manager, E. M. Dewey, is making a fine paper out of The Delta.

—The sale of Woodhull & Claflin's Weekly has been prohibited in Germany.

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN

Primaries and Convention.

AT A MEETING OF THE UNION REPUBLICAN County Central Committee, held at Independence June 24th, 1871, the apportionment of Delegates to the County Convention was made as follows:

Independence	3
Lone Pine	4
Cerro Gordo	5
Bishop Creek	4
Round Valley	2
Fish Springs	2
Kearsarge	1
Big Pine	1
Swansea	1
Deep Spring Valley	1
Camp Independence	1

The delegates thus chosen will meet in convention at the town of Independence, on SATURDAY, JULY 15TH, 1871.

J. EARL, Chairman.
M. S. CLARK, Secretary pro tem. jy1n53td

THOS. J. GOODALE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of Sheriff of Inyo County, at the ensuing election. my20td

M. S. CLARKE

WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE of County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. n50td

LUMBER.

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of timber from 10 to 32 feet.

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.
Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32 6m*

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

BLACKSMITHING.

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.
Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39tv2

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.
Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.
Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. n51m6

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

je10n50tf

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

☞ AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n23y1 3m

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON,
J. P. M. PERHAM,
Independence, Cal.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD,
San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old motto of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.
Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms.

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
Lone Pine, June 20, 1871. je14n52tf

A. MACK,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

—AT—

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal.

DRUGS, ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tfw

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines.

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County.

Apply to

V. BEAUDRY,
ap29n44tf Cerro Gordo.

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my8n43tf HISKEY & WALKER.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 15,.....1871.

—The committee charged with the duty of examining the educational institutions of Rome have reported that those institutions were in a condition that could hardly be equalled in any civilized country. The Roman University had no library at all, and among its professors were few who could write Italian correctly.

—Mr. G. was a most inveterate punster. Lying very ill of cholera, his nurse proposed to prepare a young, tender chicken. "Had'nt you better take an old hen," said Mr. G., in a low whisper—he was too ill to speak louder—"for she would be more apt to lay on my stomach." G. fell back exhausted, and the nurse fainted.

—A man sentenced to be hung was visited by his wife, who said:

"My dear, would you like to have the children to see you executed?"

"No" he replied.

"That's just like you," said she, "you never want the children to have any kind of enjoyment."

—The Indian substitute for tobacco is the bark of the red willow. It is scraped fine and dried. When smoked it produces no sickness or headache, and the Indians of Wisconsin, who use it, turn from tobacco with disgust.

—A weak invention of the enemy: Boarder—"This tea seems very weak, Mrs. Skimp." Landlady—"Well I guess it must be the warm weather; I feel weak myself; in fact everybody complains."

—"Administering lead through a tube" is what the papers call it in Michigan when one person shoots another. This is delicate, and certainly cannot hurt the feelings of the most fastidious murderer.

—Chicago is a funny city. The authorities passed an ordnance forbidding funeral processions from stopping at saloons to liquor up on their return from the cemeteries.

—The Prince of Wales' baby lived just long enough to be named Alexander John Charles Albert. The Boston Post thinks that if he had lived a few minutes longer he would have had some more names.

—A fond mother in Kingston, New York, keeps an old fashioned rocking chair sitting in a corner as an ornament, because in it she has rocked ten babies, all of whom lived to be men, and are now living and married.

—A man who married a Jewess shortly afterwards joined a temperance society, and never dared to kiss his wife from that day, because he had considered himself prohibited by the pledge from meddling with Jew-lips.

—There is a young lady in Camden studying Latin. She has a beau. He asked her what *sic transit gloria mundi* meant. She translated it "Come and see me on Monday."

—Since the rain of Sunday, Fisk is known as James the Baptist.

BLACKSMITHING.

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edward street, opposite the Postoffice, where they prepare to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.

Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39tv2

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. n51n6

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock;

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20 n47tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

mr25n39tv2

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

☞AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1-3m

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CERRO GORDO STORE!

V. BEAUDRY

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions

Mining Implements,

LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars,

—AND—

General Merchandise.

V. BEAUDRY TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and the public generally that the

PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT

Of Cerro Gordo will continue business at the

Old Stand.

And respectfully invites inspection of his

Stock and Prices.

Cerro Gordo, March 22, 1871 mr25n39tv2

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place. ap29n44m4

FINE PRINTING

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INDEPENDENT

Printing Establshment

Desire to inform the public in general and all business men in particular, that they are now prepared to promptly execute

Every Description

OF THE FINEST

JOB PRINTING.

Having received from San Francisco large and valuable additions to our material, consisting of type, border, rules, etc., etc., of the very newest and most approved styles, we are enabled to do

Fine Work,

And we

PROPOSE TO DO IT,

In which we shall

Court Criticism, Defy Competition!

Get Printing done and do Business in a Business Manner. And patronize Home Industry and keep your money at home while doing so.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE SPECIMENS

—AT THE—

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

CHALFANT & PARKER, Proprietors.

Independence, Cal., March 25, 1871. tf

LUMBER.

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of umber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. f04n32 6m*

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

BREWERIE.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

LEGAL.

AN ACT

To Provide for the Payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to Contract a Funded Debt for that Purpose.

[APPROVED APRIL 2, 1870.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of liquidating and providing for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the State of California hereinafter specified, and to lessen the burden of taxation, the Governor of the State, the Controller of state and the Treasurer of State, and their successors in office, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, to be styled the Loan Commissioners of the State of California, and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the duties hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said State, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of State. The principal of said bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the State affixed thereto; and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Coupons for the interest shall be attached to each bond so that they may be removed without injury or mutilation to the bond; said coupons, consecutively numbered, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the State.

SEC. 4. Before the sale of any of said bonds the said Loan Commissioners shall cause notices of such sale to be published, for the space of one month, in three daily newspapers published in English, one in the City of New York, one in the City of London, in England, and one in the Capital of the State; in and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in French, in the city of Paris, in France, and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in German, in the City of Frankfort-on-the-Main, in Germany. Such notice shall specify the amount of bonds to be sold, the rate of interest they shall bear, the day and hour of sale, the place of sale, which shall be at the State Capital, and that sealed proposals will be received by the said Loan Commissioners for the purchase of such bonds. Within one month from the expiration of such publication, and on the day and hour named in said notice, the said Loan Commissioners shall open all sealed proposals received by them, and shall award the purchase of said bonds to such bidders as will, in their opinion, make the most advantageous bid for the State; *provided*, that said Loan Commissioners may reject any or all bids, if they deem it to the advantage of the State; and *provided* further, that they may refuse to make any award unless sufficient security shall be furnished by the bidders for the compliance with the terms of their bids; and *provided* further, that said bonds shall not be sold at less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, in gold coin, par value.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer and Controller of State each to keep a separate record of all bonds sold under the provisions of this act, showing the number, date, amount, and rate of interest of each bond, and to whom the same was issued.

SEC. 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for the payment of the expense that may be incurred by the Loan Commissioners in having such bonds prepared and said notices published.

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury; and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding soldiers' relief bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

SEC. 8. All persons having any of the bonds specified in section seven of this Act shall, upon presentation of such bonds to the said Loan Commissioners, be entitled to exchange them at their par value for bonds authorized to be issued under this Act, at the rate of ninety-three cents on the dollar, par value, but no bond shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars, but the said Loan Commissioners may issue certificates of such fractional parts not bonded, which said certificate shall be transferable, and entitled to be paid out of the proceeds of the sales of any bonds provided for in section seven of this Act. The Loan Commissioners shall cancel each bond so exchanged, and shall indorse on such bond the date on which they received the same, and from whom, the number and amount of the bond issued in exchange therefor, and shall file such bond in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 9. Whenever there shall be in the State treasury, from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued under this Act, a sum of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, printed in English, one in New York and one in the Capital of the State, for two months, which advertisement shall state the amount of money in the treasury applicable to the redemption of bonds, and the number of bonds, numbering therein the order of their issuance, which are redeemable; and three months from the date of the expiration of such advertisement, such bonds, unless sooner paid, shall cease to draw interest, but the money for the redemption of such bonds shall remain in the treasury to pay such bonds whenever presented.

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this Act, such rate of tax on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the State, to be computed by the Controller of State on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceeding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next ten years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties, in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year, and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the State treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

SEC. 11. Whenever, on the third day of January or July, in any year, after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of any bonds under this Act, there remains, after the payment of the interest, as provided in the preceding section, a surplus of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, for the space of one month, in one daily newspaper, published in English, in the City of New York, and for one month in one daily newspaper, published in English, at the State Capital, for sealed proposals, to be opened one month after the expiration of such publication by the Treasurer, in presence of the Governor or Controller, at the State Capitol, for the surrender of bonds issued under this Act, which advertisement shall state the amount of money he has on hand for the purpose of redemption; and they shall accept the lowest proposals, at rates not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest amount of bonds, until the amount of cash on hand for the redemption is exhausted; *provided*, however, in case a sufficient amount of such bonds shall not be offered, as aforesaid, to exhaust the Sinking Fund to a less amount than ten thousand dollars, then it is hereby made the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, one in New York and one at the Capital of this State, for three months, which advertisement shall state the amount in the Sinking Fund, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which such fund is set apart to pay and discharge; and if such bonds so numbered in such advertisements shall not be presented for payment and cancellation at the expiration of such publications, then such funds shall remain in the treasury to discharge such bonds whenever presented, but they shall draw no interest after the expiration of such publication; before any of said bonds shall be paid, they shall be presented to the Controller, who shall indorse on each bond the amount due thereon, and shall write across the face of each bond the date of its surrender and the name of the person surrendering.

SEC. 12. The Treasurer of State shall keep a full and particular account and record of all his proceedings under this Act, and of the bonds redeemed and surrendered, and he shall transmit to the Governor an abstract of all his proceedings under this Act, with his annual report, to be by the Governor laid before the Legislature; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this Act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the Governor or the Attorney General, or a committee of either branch of the Legislature, or a joint committee of both.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to pay the interest on said bonds, when the same falls due, out of said interest Fund, if sufficient, and if said fund be not sufficient, then to pay the deficiency out of the General Fund; *provided*, that; the Controller of State shall first draw his warrant on the Treasurer, payable to the order of said Treasurer, for the amount of interest money about to become due, which said interest warrant shall be drawn at least one month previous to the maturing of the interest.

SEC. 14. This Act shall take effect sixty days after the next general election, as to all its provisions, except those relating to and necessary for its submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing and proclaiming the votes, which shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This Act shall be submitted to the people of the State for their ratification, at the next general election, and the qualified electors of this State shall, at said election, on their ballots for State officers, vote for or against this Act; those voting for the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—Yes," and those voting against the same, shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—No."

SEC. 16. The votes cast for and against this Act shall be counted, returned and cancelled, and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for the Treasurer of State, and if it appears that a majority of all the votes so cast are for or against this law, as aforesaid, are in favor of this Act, then the same shall have effect as herein before provided, and shall be irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the Governor shall make proclamation hereof; but if a majority of the votes so cast are against this Act, then the same shall become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have the Act published in one newspaper in each judicial district of this State, for three months next preceding the next general election, for which publication no greater allowance shall be made than the rates allowed by law to the State Printer.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, H. L. Nichols, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full, and correct copy of Chapter Four hundred and Eighty-four, Statutes of California, Eighteenth Session, approved April 2, 1870, now on file in my office.

WITNESS my hand and the great seal of said State, at office, in Sacramento, California, (SEAL) this the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1871.

H. L. NICHOLS,
Secretary of State.

j8n10-59m3

Application for Patent.

(NOTICE NO. 3.)

U. S. REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 1st, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. L. AND J. L. GRADLEY have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for four thousand feet of the LAST CHANCE LODE, situated in Esmeralda Mining District, Esmeralda County, Nevada, and particularly described as follows:

Commencing at a post, the point of notice near the east end of the town of Aurora, about 6 chains north-easterly from the Monroe House, and about six chains north-easterly from the Wide West mill, running thence along the lode line

1. N. 54 deg. E. 4 chains.
2. N. 69 deg. 20 min. E. 2.71 chains.
3. N. 70 deg. 10 min. E. 7.23 chains.
4. S. 23 deg. 19 min. E. 8.50 chains.
6. N. 86 deg. 59 min. E. 6.02 chains.

Thence to the Westerly boundary of the Juniata lode claim, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line; also the mill site of the Wide West mill, described as follows:

Commencing at a post from which the South Westerly corner of the Wide West mill bears N. 54 deg. 20 min. E. distant 3.41 chains, and running

1. N. 11 deg. 28 min. E. 4.50 chains.
2. S. 78 deg. 32 min. E. 7.50 chains.
3. S. 11 deg. 28 min. W. 4.50 chains.
4. N. 78 deg. 32 min. W. 7.50 chains.

All of which is more particularly described by the diagram posted in this office and on the claim.

Bearings from the magnetic meridian.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

jy8n54m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a south-easterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

je17n51m3

NOTICE.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED a co-partnership under the firm name and style of J. L. DARRAH & CO., for the purpose of carrying on the business of teaming.

J. L. DARRAH,
O. L. MAIRS.

Swansea, Inyo Co., Cal., June 9th, 1871.

j10n50t4

STATE LIBRARY

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 2. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1871. NUMBER 56.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. H. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 22.....1871.

TERMS:

One Year, by Mail or Express	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
Three Months	1 75
One Month	50
Single Copies	25

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Will be charged for as follows, invariably in advance:

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Per Square, Third Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Fourth Insertion	1 00
Per Square, each subsequent Insertion	35

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Will be charged for at the following rates, in advance:

One Square (10 lines or less)	1 Month		$5 00
" "	"	2 "	8 00
" "	"	3 "	10 00

REGULAR ADVERTISERS

Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

ATTORNEYS.

P. REDDY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

J. G. McCLINTON,
Attorney at Law.
AURORA, NEVADA.
WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Independence, Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no5 1y

PAUL W. BENNETT,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [n9tf]

BUSINESS CARDS.

HARVEY RUSSELL,
Justice of the Peace,
BISHOP CREEK PRECINCT.
Office at Sneden's Hall. n1v16m

J. J. MOORE,
Justice of the Peace,
LONE PINE PRECINCT.
aug 8n65 ly

JOHN A. HANNAH,
Justice of the Peace,
FIFTH PRECINCT.
MINING RECORDER,
CERRO GORDO DISTRICT.
n10v1ly

A. B. ELDER
SHERIFF OF INYO COUNTY
L. A. TALCOTT,
UNDER SHERIFF.

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,
AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.
DEALER IN
Stationery,
BLANK BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,
MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,
CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,
And Everything in his Line Cheap.
ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.
Store in Post Office Building,
AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s
EXPRESS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.,
OF NEW YORK.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

GERMAN POSTOFFICE
MONEY ORDERS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
my20n47tf

Die Unterzeichneten
Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.
Harris & Rhine,
my20n47tf Agenten.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S
EXPRESS.
INDEPENDENCE, CAL.
WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents
OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. n29n5m6

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC
Insurance Company
Of San Francisco.
Fire and Marine.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.
J. HUNT, President.
A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.
HARRIS & RHINE,
AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms. my20n47m3

THE MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.
OF NEW YORK.
Organized 1842.
Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.
F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.
Assets July, 1870, $11,000,000 Cash.
THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.
HARRIS & RHINE,
Agents for Independence and vicinity
my20n47tf

TINNER.

INYO PIONEER
TIN SHOP,
Of INDEPENDENCE.
B. F. WELCH,
Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Worker.
ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN MY LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.
STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.
Please give me a call, at my shop on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store.
jy8n54tf

MASONRY.

CLOSE & FINK,
MASONS,
A. J. CLOSE, INDEPENDENCE. | F. FINK, CERRO GORDO.
BUILD ALL DESCRIPTION OF HOUSES Furnaces, Etc., in Masonry. Contracts taken and estimates made.
June 10, 1871. n50tf

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,
Watch Maker and Jeweler,
Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.
ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my15n46m3

HOTELS.

ORLEANS HOTEL,
LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.
D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.
THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a
Bar Attached,
Which has constantly on hand the choicest of
Wines, Liquors & Cigars.
Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

AMERICAN HOTEL,
Cerro Gordo,
Inyo County, - - - - Cal.
MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.
Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. je17y1

INYO HOTEL.
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.
W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.
THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.
October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK
STAGE HOUSE.
JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.
TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.
Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.
MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.
Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

New French Restaurant
—AND—
CHOP HOUSE.
PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.
PETER MARGALOT
Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

SALOONS.

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.
Aurora, - - - - - - Nevada.
BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors
The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.
n13jy93m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.
THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.
AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.
n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

SAZARAC SALOON.
INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.
John Wallace, Proprietor.
Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

LONE PINE
Pioneer Saloon,
C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeps—regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

INYO SALOON,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.
HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8a29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The
TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.
DAVISON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
fe4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON
CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,
A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.
A Fine Billiard Table,
With fittings complete, in connection.
n38n39 THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING
AND GENERAL
Commission Agency.
WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.
Have all goods plainly marked—
"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."
Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.
WM. M. OSBORN.
jy15n55m3

TRAVELING.

Los Angeles & San Pedro
RAILROAD.
ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.
Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
First class passenger cars will run regularly.
NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.
JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

INDEPENDENT
EXPRESS & PASSENGER
LINE
To Los Angeles Direct.
H. W. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri-monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition Line of steamers for San Francisco.
Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the state, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.
Collections and commissions promptly attended to.
The above line of stages will run as follows:
Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angeles on the 8th and 23d of each month.
Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via. Los Angeles $27 50
Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via. Los Angeles 24 50
Fare to Los Angeles 20 00
AL. BIDGES, Agent at Independence.
C. MULKEY, " " Lone Pine.
my20n47m3*

LIVERY STABLES

THE PIONEER
LIVERY, SALE
—AND—
FEED STABLES,
Edwards Street,
Independence, - - - Cal.
B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.
HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a
GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.
The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.
B. L. BROWN & CO.
Independence, July 13, 1871. jy15n55m3

HUNT'S
LIVERY & FEED STABLE,
—LONE PINE, Cal.—
HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.
I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5 6m

Cerro Gordo
FEED STABLE.
DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.
ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

AURORA
EXCHANGE STABLE,
PINE STREET, AURORA, NEVADA.
S. G. COBB, ... Proprietor.
SADDLE HORSES,
Carriages, Buggies, etc., etc.,
—TO LET ON—
Reasonable Terms
HORSES KEPT, BY THE WEEK OR DAY, ON very reasonable terms, at the Exchange Stable, south side of Pine street, Aurora.
n15v15m S. G. COBB, Proprietor.

"Buckskin" at Bay—His Confession and Death.

[From The Los Angeles News, July 1.

On the 14th of the past month Sheriff J. F. Burns, of this county, accompanied by Philip Crossthwaite, Under Sheriff of San Diego County, arrived in San Rafael Valley, Lower California, on the track of the notorious outlaw commonly known as Buckskin. Just five months before, on the 14th of January, Buckskin had murdered in cold blood, and under circumstances of peculiar atrocity, the Bilderback brothers, in Tejunga Canyon, and had ever since been an outlaw, wandering from place to place among the mountains, frequently, but hitherto vainly, followed by the officers of the law. On arriving in the valley, Sheriff Burns at once sent his papers to the Governor of the Territory, Don Manuel Clemente Rosa, at Mesa Redonia. The Governor promptly issued an order to the police department of the frontier, the Inspector of which ordered the Chief of Police to organize an expedition of five men and capture Buckskin, Henry and Kreis, the murderer of Dr. Herold, of San Bernardino, all of whom were supposed to be together. They were, according to the terms of the order, to be taken to the boundary line, and there delivered to our authorities, as represented by the Sheriff. On Sunday the 18th ult., the expedition started, Don Justo Chaves, Chief of Police, in command. It was accompanied by a number of Indians as guides and scouts. At length, after seven days hard travel, when near the the summit of the Sierra Madre, on the Colarado side, they came in sight of the desperado at the distance of five hundred yards ahead of them. He was at once recognized by his singular appearance, his squaw, and the gray horse she was riding; he himself was mounted on a mule. The party separated, two going out on each side and one remaining in the rear; the leader's order was to charge simultaneously until within six feet of their object. This was done but the man left in the rear, Carino Edalecia, was unable to check his horse until it had run directly against that of Buckskin. Buckskin dropped his rifle, grasped that of his assailant near the muzzle and was endeavoring to wrest it from his grasp, when—it being at half-cock—it went off and the load entering the outlaw's left side, passed quite through his body. He was taken from his horse, pinioned and laid on the ground, but an examination of the wound revealing the fact that it was mortal, he was released; no sooner was this done than he made an effort to seize a weapon, but was prevented. Then being asked if he had anything to say, Buckskin made a confession; acknowledged he killed the Bilderback boys; said Gardner was the principal, and had done the shooting with the Henry rifle; that he and Alfred Henry had assisted him in the murder, and afterward in disposing of the bodies. He said he knew that he had to die, and would rather be shot than hung; being questioned, he refused to give any information respecting Henry, his accomplice; said that his true name was Stevenson Samsby, but refused to answer any further questions about himself. Nothing more of importance was elicited from the wounded man, and about two hours from the time of the shot he breathed his last. His left foot was cut off at the ankle, and his body stripped and buried near the spot where he met his fate. The country around is extremely rugged and barren, very thinly inhabited, and only by Cucapah Indians. It is about a hundred miles in a direct line from the boundary. The rifle which had been for years the outlaw's companion, his clothes, and the contents of his pockets were secured and brought away; his squaw and her infant taken to San Rafael, where they were left.

Buckskin's squaw, who gave her name as Sarah Jane Stevenson, had been living with Buckskin between seven and nine years. She belonged to a Kern River tribe, and had followed the murderer in all his wanderings since the commission of the crime. Her infant was born at some time during the flight. The route from Tejunga Canyon, as given by the squaw, was first to the San Bernardino mountains; thence to the Temecula mountains, where they remained seven days; thence to Milquitay Valley in San Diego county; here they camped for twenty days. Palm Valley, across the line, and the San Rafael mines were successive halting places, but the fugitives never camped more than two nights in the same place, but fled at the first sight of even an Indian, remaining all the time among the mountains, and depending on game for a subsistence. On one occasion they went for three days without eating. From the route pursued, the intention must have been to go through the Cucapah country to the lower Colorado and to cross over into Mexico.

There were found on the dead man's person two almanacs, sewed together, and a list of his camping places badly written on the back of a prescription; on the margin of the pages, the owners true name was written in several places, and scraps of memoranda such as "Sarah Janes baby borned on the twelft day of May," and "killed a bare" on such a day. Besides the words "Slipertes Whiper Co" were found, and are supposed to indicate the original home or at least some former place of residence of the deceased. In his pockets were eight dollars in coin, and the squaw had exactly the same amount; the supply of tobacco, also, seemed to have been equally divided between them. The squaw persistently refused to take anything which had belonged to her late master saying that he was a bad man and had "killed heap of Americans."

Buckskin's last murder, however, was committed on a wretch who deserved no better fate, his fellow murderer Henry. While lurking among the Temecula mountains, both the men were compelled to visit Wolf's store to procure supplies. While there they learned that the bodies of their victims had been found, and their accomplice (Gardner) captured. Soon after their return to camp, they went out a hunting together. Henry never returned. It is most probable that, being the only eye-witness of the murder, he fell a victim to his comrade's fears and suspicions. Buckskin told the squaw that Henry had gone to San Diego to look for work, but it is certain he never went there. The trophies—rifle, clothes and foot—were brought to this city, and attracted considerable attention yesterday at the Sheriff's office. The foot was deformed, the fourth toe, though otherwise well formed, projected above and over the others, which grew closely beneath it, rendering the wearing of a boot or shoe impossible.

A California Monte Christo.

Alvinza Hayward is the hero of a story equal to "Monte Christo." He is a Vermonter, who operated with a man named Chamberlaine in a gold lead which was full of indications, but yielded nothing tangible. Chamberlaine at last went away disconsolate, giving Hayward all his interest. The latter worked away for months, and was buried deeper and deeper into the ground, but at last his family were next to starving; all his laborers left him, and he knew of no friend in the world except his old friend Chambelaine.

"My God!" he said to this man, who had in the meantime been engaged in stock-raisng. "I am on the verge of a great strike. I know it! Can you give me a little money?"

Chamberlaine had been on the verge himself several times, and he shook his head sadly. But he had $3,000, his all, buried under a haystack near by, and he went and dug it up.

"Take it, old fellow" he said, with old California heartiness, "do your best!"

With this money Hayward recommenced, and he had worked until it was all spent, and his men were reduced to a bag of beans for nourishment, when to the gleam of hope the precious ore blazed suddenly up; the Amador mine was the richest in the world. When this mine was paying $40,000 a month, Hayward made over to his friend one perfect third of it. Chamberlaine retired upon $1,500,000, and moved East to educate his children, Hayward buying back the whole. Finally, even Hayward grew tired, and he sold out the mine to a stock company, of which Gen. Colton is President. The mine will make $450,000 net this year, and Colton said recently:

"The Amador mine will hold out longer than we will!"

Hyde Steam Wagon.

The Corinne Journal says the Hyde overland steamer was trotted out the other day, and gave satisfaction even to the croakers, all hands having a free ride. It is to be shipped at once to Lake Point and put to work hauling ore, etc. The Reporter says: It appears to swing around in the road, at command of the steering apparatus, easier than a man could turn a wheelbarrow on a matched floor! This great engine will draw its thirty or forty tons of freight in trained vans or wagon as readily as it moves unloaded. It is the king of the road in every way. In twenty feet it turns completely around going at its speed, stops with the touch of a valve, and when desired to move on, takes up its march with a step that ordinary obstructions can not retard.

A Glue Which Will Unite Even Polished Steel.

A Turkish recipe for a cement used to fasten diamonds and other precious stones to metallic surfaces, and which is said to firmly unite even the surface of polished steel although exposed to moisture, is as follows: Dissolve five or six bits of gum mastic, each the size of a large pea, in as much spirit of wine as will serve to render it liquid. In another vessel dissolve in brandy as much isinglass, previously dissolved in water, as will make a two ounce vial of strong glue, adding two small bits of gum ammoniac, which must be rubbed until dissolved. Then mix the whole with heat. Keep in a vial closely stopped. When it is to be used, set the vial in boiling water.

Robbery of the White Pine Stage.

A special dispatch states that the White Pine stage was robbed three miles south of Mineral Hill that morning, by two men who succeeded in getting away with Wells, Fargo & Co.'s treasure box and other valuables. They tied thirteen passengers down and overhauled them, but only got $5 from a woman. They demanded what whisky there was on board, and a bottle or two were handed out. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s loss is not known yet.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 22.....1871

REGISTERING.

In order to facilitate the registry of persons living at a distance from the county seat, it is desirable that some person in each of the out-lying localities be deputized to receive applications. The matter of appointing deputies for this purpose rests with the County Assessor alone, it appears. Our worthy County Clerk proposes to visit Lone Pine, Swansea and Cerro Gordo for the purpose of receiving applications but as his time is necessarily limited it is better to have the deputies just the same, not only for those places but Bishop Creek and others to the north. The law does not specifically empower the Clerk to appoint deputies for this purpose nor will it make any difference if the Assessor fulfils his obligations. It occurs to us, however, that it would not be illegal for the Clerk to make these appointments, since he may appoint deputies for his office where the work has finally to be completed, no matter by whom sent in. Without regard to party considerations we hope to have a full vote at the ensuing election and it must be borne in mind that registration is a pre-requsite. Any resident of the county whose name stands on the Great Register of some other county must procure a certificate of cancellation from Clerk of said county before his name can be registered here A simple application by letter, stating name and occupation as originally given, is all that is necessary, except that a return envelope should be forwarded at the same time. The Poll Lists are considered closed from and after the thirtieth day preceding the day of election. Between these days no new names can be admitted without sufficient proof of previous inability to make application Parties who have not already taken steps to obtain a cancellation of former registries had better attend to it at once, if they wish to save themselves trouble in getting on the Poll Lists, as there is but little time to spare.

Section 33 of the Registry law makes it the duty of every Justice of the Peace, Constable, Judge and Inspector of elections, and every Supervisor, Assessor and Deputy Assessor to use all practicable diligence to notify the inhabitants of his county, township, districts or precinct, to register their names in the proper register and poll list; it is also the duty of these officers to give special and personal notice, as far as practicable, to every person coming hereafter to reside in their respective localities.

American Newspaper Directory.

We have received from the publishers, Messrs. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, New York, the American Newspaper Directory. The book contains nearly 600 pages of accurately compiled statistics pertaining to the various points bearing upon the advertising and newspaper business, and, in addition, is a marvel of typographical beauty and excellence. Few works of any description have ever reached such perfection of details, and the labor involved must have been immense. In its directory of the counties in the United States, where newspapers are published, it says of this: "Inyo County—Population 1,960. Independence, a town of 400 population, inland 500 miles from San Francisco, the principal point in a large agricultural valley, surrounded by a rich mining region." Of THE INYO INDEPENDENT it states: "Published on Saturdays, four pages; size 21x28; subscription $5; established 1870; Chalfant & Parker, editors and publishers; circulation 384; the only paper published in California east of the Sierra Nevada mountains; the largest circulation of any paper in two counties." Correct, Mr. Directory, except that we now claim nearly double the circulation indicated.

John Rosenfeld

Has, by action of the Democratic State Central Committee, been put on the Democratic ticket as a candidate for the office of Harbor Commissioner *vice* I. Friedlander, who declines to run.

Fire in Yreka.

About one-third of the town of Yreka was burned on July 14th, and the loss of property is estimated to exceed $300,000, of which about $100,000 was insured.

RIOTING IN NEW YORK.

On the 12th day of the present month New York was the scene of another of those disgraceful riots for which that city has established such an unenviable notoriety. That day was the 180th anniversary of a battle that was fought on the river Boyne between Protestant and Catholic Irishmen, or the Orange and Ribbon men. To Orange men, the victors in that battle, the recurrence of the anniversary has been a day for celebrating and the occasion of numberless riots and much bloodshed, not only in Ireland but in all parts of the world wherever any considerable number of the two factions might be gathered together. In the present instance the Ribbon men, to the number of about 12,000, had organized to resist the celebration of the Orange men Some of their printed circulars, detailing plans and points of attack, fell into the hands of the police. Mayor Hall became alarmed and forbid the proposed procession, an act that all free minded citizens, native or adopted, must condemn. On the other hand Bishop McCloskey endeavored unavailingly to restrain the Hibernians or Ribbon men. As soon as the facts of the case came to the knowledge of Governor Hoffman he declared that the Orangemen should have every protection the military and police of the city could afford, and by proclamation, rescinded the Mayor's order, so the procession was put on according to programme. The entire military (including the 69th regiment), and police force of the city were held ready for action. A number of collisions occurred during the day, and a large number of persons, estimated at about 400, killed and wounded. Some of these were innocent lookers on, but the greater portion were rioters. Col Jim. Fisk while at the head of his regiment had his ancle broken and had to be stowed quietly away the succeeding night to avoid an attack on his house. At one time during the day Harper's publishing house was threatened, but the police prevented a direct assault

Although the battle of the Boyne marked an era in the progress of enlightenment over oppression and ignorance, it is not in that light that the present occurrence becomes a subject of reference and importance. The spirit and administration of our form of government recognizes no distinctions between Catholicism and Protestantism; perfectly equal rights and privileges are accorded to all denominations It is perfectly plain that if the twenty-fifth pontifical anniversary of Pope Pius IX, and other similar public observances pertaining exclusively to foreign governments, may be universally and uninteruptedly celebrated by one sect, and a perfectly equal right for similar observances belongs to those of opposite beliefs on different occasion. We are of those who believe that evil will eventually result to our free institutions in thus keeping alive, by publicly celebrating, occasions and objects wholly foreign. The adoption of a new allegiance or citizenship is a perfect absolution from every previous obligation to prince or potentate, and the sooner all such past obligations are displaced by present and future duties and interests the better for all; that will be the best assurance possible that no efforts are to be made to displace the best principles of our free government by the worst of those from across the sea. In this view of the case, then, these clannish demonstrations, based on obligations to foreign rulers, is in bad taste, to say the least. So long, however, as such are free to one sect or party it must be to all; the rights of Orange men for special celebrations are just as good as those of any class in existence, and we are glad to know that this right is to be sustained, though it takes blood to do it.

Not Needed.

A London dispatch of July 11th reads:

There is a struggle among Americans in Paris to secure possession of Communist prisoners as colonists. Some want them for Colorado and others for Lower Caliiornia and Arizona. The Government is puzzled to decide.

It is to be hoped that the Government may remain puzzled for an indefinite time before their fractious people are permitted to immigrate to these parts.

The Rural Press.

Believing as we do that every farmer in our Valley would be well repaid for the expenditure of a few dollars in procuring a good paper specially devoted to the agricultural interests of the Pacific coast, we commend The Pacific Rural Press as the best one within our knowledge for the purpose. Any of our subscribers desiring a specimen copy can have it by application at this office, and in a club with this paper subscription can be had at reduced rates.

THE NO-FENCE LAW.

It seems to be a foregone conclusion that no candidate for the Legislature from any of the southern counties will stand a ghost of a chance for election unless decidedly in favor of a no-fence law. If it is desirable to have such a law for this county the next Legislature is the one to pass it, for the sooner the question is settled the better. If acted upon then it will save much unnecessary expense; if not decided then two years must elapse before any action can be taken, during which time much fencing will have to be done or other expense entailed to save growing crops. So far as the general interests of the valley are concerned there can be no question but that they would be best subserved by a no-fence law. It is cheaper to take care of the limited number of stock there is in the valley than to protect by herding or enormously expensive fences such a large number of exposed fields. It is quite beyond the means of the majority of our farmers to put secure fences around their places yet the presence of a small band of stock in a neighborhood may cause a heavy expense or loss to every farmer in it. However, it was not with the view of arguing the merits of the proposed law in reference to this section that we have alluded to it, but merely to call the attention of those mainly interested to the matter, and obtain an expression of their views.

AN IMPORTANT ENTERPRISE.

There is a delegation of San Buenaventura gentlemen now in Cerro Gordo, including in the party Captain Johnston of the steamer California, who are visiting this county for the purpose of turning the bullion shipments from Los Angeles to San Buenaventura, and with a view of establishing general freight communication between that point and this, over a new road intersecting the present Cerro Gordo and Los Angeles road. The party is an influential one, and doubtless something will be done to shorten communication and lessen freight tariffs. The new road was talked of a year ago, but the project has never been fairly agitated until the present time. The Ventura Signal devotes considerable space to the matter, and we shall take occasion to refer to it more at length next week. We hope the party will visit all portions of the county before returning home.

Appleton's Journal

Will, for some time to come, have a special interest to residents of this sage brush land as the only special newspaper correspondent accompanying the Wheeler expedition is "doing" the country for The Journal. An article entitled "The Two Brothers," written by this correspondent, Fred. W. Loring, appears in one of the June numbers.

FOREIGN NEWS.

There were riotous demonstrations going on in the city of Nice. This city was acquired by Louis Napoleon from Italy by treaty, an arrangement that the resident Italians did not consider over nice, hence the riots.

A powder magazine exploded at Vincennes, July 14, which shook all Paris and killed a large number of people.

An attempt was made to assassinate the Chief of Police of Dublin on the day of the Orange procession. He was merely wounded—by a Fenian.

The effective French army is estimated at 230,000.

Of the 140 members returned at the July supplemental elections, to the French National Assembly, 120 are Republicans.

Mining in the Territories.

[From The Gold Hill News, July 14.]

Gold and silver mining in several of the intermediate Territories between the Missouri River and California is proving to be unusually prosperous this season. The population of Utah has been nearly doubled since the 1st of January last, in consequence of the discovery and development, in districts adjacent to Salt Lake, of a number of vastly rich silver quartz veins, some of which are yielding as high as $1,000 per ton by working process. As an item in reference to these mines, we may mention that during the past four months fully 2,000 tons of the selected ore have been shipped daily in sacks by the Union Pacific Railroad to New York, and thence by sailing vessels to Swansea and other points in Europe, for reduction by the smelting process. In Montana Territory, which has been short of water during the past three or four seasons, there is now an abundant supply, a great demand for labor at high prices, and the most positive evidence of unprecedented prosperity among her people. While possessing an endless number of rich gold and silver quartz leads, yet the great resource of Montana, which is now being most profitably worked, is in her numerous gold placers, where the poor man has as good a chance as the rich to accumulate wealth. From this source alone it is estimated that $25,000,000 will be taken out in Montana this year. And this golden-ribbed Territory, for six hundred miles in length, forms the grand keystone in the continental span of the North Pacific Railroad.

EASTERN NEWS.

The excitement in Chicago and other cities over the New York riots was very great. Governor Hoffman is denounced by the Tammany Ring, and all the Irish Catholics are deeply incensed at him, some to the extent of threatening to take his life. He is also severely censured by most of the leading papers for having withheld his order until Wednesday morning, when he was acquainted with the facts on Monday or Tuesday, when such an order would have effectually prevented the Hibernian demonstration and many lives have been saved. The New York Times, The New York Tribune and other papers denounce Mayor Hall in unmeasured terms for his truckling order, and say that if he has a particle of self-respect remaining he will at once resign a position his cowardice impels him to hold. The action of the Ribbonmen is rated as simply outrageous and deserving even greater punishment than they received, and this seems to be the general verdict. The San Francisco Monitor, Catholic organ of this coast, endorses this view of the case, and only expresses sympathy for the many helpless widows and orphans of the killed. On the other hand Mayor Hall is sustained in his order by prominent New Yorkers of both parties. As a temporary expedient to avoid bloodshed his course was doubtless the best, but on any other grounds the American people can never accept the justification. No combination of people, foreign or native, can have an exclusive patent to our streets, and if the results of this have not sufficiently demonstrated that fact it may be considered cheaply purchased. For this reason no blame, except by those immediately interested, can ever attach to Governor Hoffman, save only that he hesitated too long before giving his order.

The 69th (Irish) regiment were found wholly unreliable in the emergency, many of them having got away by squads to assist the rioters. The remainder were locked up in their armory and kept there through the day. The demand will be made upon the Governor for the disbandment of this regiment.

An order will soon be issued from the War Department announcing that no more applications for discharge of private soldiers will be entertained, as our army has been reduced to 30,000 men, in accordance with the recent act of Congress.

J. S. Douglas is to succeed Gen. Pleasanton as Commissioner of Internal Revenue, the latter to be removed on account of his quarrel with Boutwell

The best mile time, and the greatest race ever run on this continent was made, July 14, at Saratoga The race was 2¼ miles, twelve entries. Longfellow was the winner, Kingfisher second. Longfellow made the first mile in 1:40! Kingfisher in 1:41. The time of the race was 4:02¾, and the average per mile was a very small fraction below 1:48.

The Constitutional Convention of Nebraska have decided to submit a female suffrage clause to the votes of both sexes of the State.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

A fire broke out in Marysville, July 14th, destroying property valued at $25,000. The fire originated in the Cosmopolitan Lodging House, which was entirely destroyed.

A dispatch from Virginia City, Nevada, dated July 14th reads:

George Kirk, who was warned out of town by the Vigilantes, when Perkins was hung, some time since, was called out of a house ill-fame last night, taken by a party of forty men to the neighborhood of the Nevada mine and hanged. He had returned to the city two or three times since and was warned away, but didn't remain after dark.

A party returned July 7th, says The Los Angeles News, from an unsuccessful search for the platina mine, said to exist near Bettis Springs, in San Bernardino County. The parties of prospectors are still out hunting for it.

A compromise has been effected between the Miners' League and the mine owners at Sutter Creek, and most of the State troops were to have left on the 15th.

Judge Selden S. Wright telegraphs from Santa Barbara that he had his leg broken on the steamer Pacific by freight falling against it. He will necessarily be confined to his room a long time.

Miss Anthony's first lecture in San Francisco is pronounced a failure. She, in company with Mrs. Stanton, paid Mrs. Fair a half hour visit.

Dr. T. C. Luby and Gen. Thos. F. Burke, exiled Irish patriots, arrived in Virginia City, July 14th, and were enthusiastically received by their countrymen.

Hill Beachy has sold his stage line between Virginia City and Reno, to Woodruff & Ennor.

The following letter is a perfect model in its way: "Dear Brother—I've got one of the handsomest farms in the State, and have it nearly paid for. We have had a glorious revival of religion in our midst, and both of our children are converted (the Lord be praised). Father got to be rather an incumbrance, and last week I took him to the poor house. Your affectionate brother."

Long Separation.

[From The Eureka Sentinel, July 9.]

Two days ago there arrived here a lady from the East, with a brother. Both had seen, some years ago, the joyousness of youth and the life of favored ones in society. Years ago she said "last words" to this youngster, and he resolved to seek his fortune in the rich placers of Califorfornia, where he would find as much of wealth as was necessary for him to occupy the position he wished at home. He set his heart on $50,000, and deemed it a small matter to accomplish. A year passed away and he concluded $25,000 would be "pretty good." He went to Gold Bluff, Cariboo, Frazer River, Idaho, Montana, and finally to White Pine. A year ago his views were materially lessened, and he resolved that $1,000 would be sufficient for him, and he would get that much and then visit the home of his youth. He has been here for some months and has succeeded in gathering a few shekels, and was calculating to go to the East in a few weeks. Changes have been going on in that old home. The father who was unwilling that the young man should become a member of his family, has passed away—the widow soon followed him—two brothers were killed at Gettysburg, and another left his bones in the prison pen at Andersonville. Of a large family there are only two left, and both are fully provided with this world's goods They came to find the acquaintance of early years. There was a meeting, and mutual histories exchanged. Both are in the meridian of life, and will return at once to the East. He has given away his prospects—said last words to his old acquaintances, and is now at Palisade, where to-day at 1 P. M. he will be married by Judge Hickey, to her who has been so faithful for many years. We heard the story from themselves, and were pleased to know that in these latter days there were cases in which early promises were not forgotten, and where happiness is the result of truth and steadfastness. There are several gentlemen here who would be nonplussed if an early flame should arrive; but very few need fear that a fine looking lady of fortune is anxious to get a man whose experiences are quite as varied as most men have been in the mines of the Pacific slope.

—A mysterious deaf girl has been agitating San Francisco. A reporter went to interview her the other day, and while taking down the points indulged in remarks which would not have been complimentary if she could have heard them. She stood it for some time, but finally emptied the coal-scuttle over him and pitched him down stairs. He doesn't believe she is deaf.

—A New York Alderman driving in Central Park, past the Humboldt bust, indignantly exclaimed: "Well I'd like to know who they won't put up a statoo to next. What's he ever done to have a statoo? He never done nothin'." "Who?" inquired his companion, "Why, Humboldt, that Buchu doctor, don't you see?" was the response.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WITHDRAWAL.

INDEPENDENCE, July 18th, 1871.

COUNTY REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE—Gentlemen: On examination of Article Fourth, Section Fifth of the Constitution of the State of California, I find that a candidate for the office of Assemblyman has to be a resident of the District and County for the term of one year preceding the election. Therefore, as I have not been a resident of the County of Inyo for the term required by law, I wish to withdraw my name as a candidate for the Assembly.

Respectfully yours,

jy22tf PETER BENNETT.

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE-ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

Wines and Liquors,

Dry-Goods,

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

HARDWARE,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

—AND—

EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.

Fish Springs, July 22, 1871. m56n3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE

A MEETING OF THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY Central Committee of Inyo County will be held at the office of P. W. Bennett, in Independence, on TUESDAY, JULY 25TH, 1871, at 8 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the Assembly, to fill the vacancy made by the withdrawal of Mr. Peter Bennett.

I. EARL, Chairman.

P. W. BENNETT, Secretary. jy22:1

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for **County Scrip.**

jy22n56m3 J. B. ROWLEY.

UNION REPUBLICAN

State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NEWTON BOOTH.....of Sacramento

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
ROMUALDO PACHECO.....of San Luis Obispo

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
DRURY MELONE.....of San Francisco

FOR CONTOLLER,
JAMES J. GREEN.....of Marin

FOR STATE TREASURER,
FERDINAND BAEHR.....of San Francisco

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
ROBERT GARDNER.....of Humboldt

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JOHN L. LOVE.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT,
GRANT L. TAGGART.....of Shasta

FOR STATE PRINTER,
THOMAS A. SPRINGER.....of Amador

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER,
JOHN A. McGLYNN.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESSMAN—FIRST DISTRICT,
S. O. HOUGHTON.....of San Jose

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
A. C. NILES.....of Nevada
[For the Short Term.]
A. L. RHODES.....of Santa Clara
[For the Full Term]

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
H. M. BOLANDER.....of San Francisco

REPUBLICAN

County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR,
M. C. ANDROSS.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN,
P. B. BACON.....of Tuolumne
WM. G. LONG.....of Tuolumne
PETER BENNETT.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE,
DAVID LOVE.....of Fish Springs

FOR SHERIFF,
SETH G. SNEDEN.....of Bishop Creek

FOR CLERK,
M. W. HAMMERSTRAND.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
F. K. MILLER.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR TREASURER,
J. B. ROWLEY.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR,
J. R. WESTERVILLE.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER AND PUB. ADMINISTRATOR,
G. W. TODD.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
J. W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
LYMAN TUTTLE.....of Lone Pine

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:

I. EARL.....Chairman
P. W. BENNETT.....Secretary
J. L. GARRETTSON.....Bishop Creek
A. M. LOOMIS.....Lone Pine
GEO. SHEDD.....Fish Springs
A. J. GOULD.....Cerro Gordo
P. A. CHALFANT.....Independence

DRUGS ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tftc

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

jy4:3:6m JOHN LENTELL.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 22,.....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Lieut. Wheeler's Expedition.

A detachment of Lieut. Wheeler's party, under command of Lieut. Lyle, consisting of 25 men, arrived a few days since and encamped a short distance above Camp Independence. From a few moments conversation with the gentlemanly young Surgeon, Naturalist, etc., of the party, Dr. Hoffman, we learn that Camp Independence is to be a general rendezvous for the entire party, the larger portion of which, under Lieut. Wheeler, is in the vicinity of the Armagosa mountains; his division will probably reach this place in about two weeks, when, after recruiting a short time, a "new departure" will be taken. This is not, as generally considered, strictly a surveying expedition, but one the primary object of which is a full and complete report of the geology, entomology, fauna and flora of these regions unknown to science. To the mere casual observer, intent only on passing it over as quickly as possible, the region of country generally that is to be visited by this expedition is uninviting and forbidding in the extreme. For leagues there is not to be found aught but arid mountains, or dry, hot, and sandy plains. In portions of the route water exists only at long stretches, and generally when found is but little less vile than concentrated ley, yet are there exceptions; beautiful oasis, with pure living streams surrounded by an abundant vegetation will occasionally gladden the eyes of the weary traveler. Valuable minerals in unlimited quantities are known to exist throughout this vast region. To the man of science it affords a field unequaled in interesting and profitable research. The labors of the scientists of this party will afford astonishing results. Already much that is entirely new in minerals and other objects of study have crowned their labors. The chiefs of the detachment now here, are quite young, full of vim and energy and general qualifications, and are just the men for the business in hand. Lieut. Lyle thinks he has definitely established one point in the ethics of religion; he is satisfied hell does have a veritable existence, because at one point on the route hither, it crops several feet out of the ground. He made some reckless efforts to get at the bottom of it, by means of a long pole, a proceeding we would advise him by all means to forego in the future. It's best not to rush into trouble; it will come in due time.

In a Quandary.

The citizens of our burg are in some thing of a quandary, They are somewhat non-plussd as to what plan they shall adopt to relieve one old gentleman (?) from a great trouble there is on his mind. This old slush is troubled with little boys and girls to a cosiderable extent. He is very valorous, is this old antediluvian, so he is not afraid to knock these little boys and girls down and give 'em good sound kicks after they are down. How to relieve him of this penchant for knocking down and kicking little boys and girls is the question. Blisters to his feet have proved unavailing; the application of tar, it is thought by some, would meet the exigencies of the case; others hold that the most effectual remedy would be to allow him *free* access to 40 gallons of whiskey; it is thought this plan would relieve the old buck's mind (what there is of it) and the community at the same time; but the plan, it is generally conceded, would not be effectual unless the remedy was doubled in quantity, and as the object to be gained would scarcely warrant the extra expense, the question remains in abeyance awaiting developments.

Supplementary.

Lieut. Lyle, with four or five men and several pack animals, started across the Inyo mountains yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of meeting and guiding in the detachment of the expedition under Lieut. Wheeler himself. Dr. Hoffman, also, started out, but was thrown by a fractious, "bucking" mule, and narrowly escaped serious injury; his foot caught in the half-turned saddle, and he was dragged some distance by the kicking, vicious animal. C. F. R. Hahn, late of Cerro Gordo, the noted mountaineer and linguist, goes with the party as guide. The curious looking, one-wheeled vehicle called the "odometer" (the boys religiously call it the G—d d—niter) is dragged along by one mule. The thills of the concern, strapped to the sides of the mule, maintain the wheel in its perpendicular. The principal use of this institution, as we understand it, is to tell the boys when they have gone far enough to camp, and must be highly appreciated these hot days.

Another Escape.

Mr. Brown who left this place last Saturday under charge of Sheriff Elder, made his escape while en route to San Quentin to serve a four years' term for highway robbery. The particulars of the escape are about as follows; Mr. Elder had in charge Johnny Ryan, an insane prisoner, destined for Stockton. While stopping over night at a place on Kern river known as Whiskey Flat, Ryan became furious. The Sheriff stepped across the street to procure a sedative for Ryan, leaving Brown securely ironed in the bar-room and in comyany with a number of strangers. When the Sheriff returned a few minutes afterward his prisoner was gone, no one knew how or where. Poor Johnny had become perfectly wild, requiring the utmost energies of the Sheriff to keep him within restraint, so that no effective pursuit was possible.

A Rich Thing.

From what we hear of its contents the appearance of "The Sorehead," a paper being printed by Old Dad and Bill Grant, will create some little flutter among the numerous jokers attacked thereby. We understand that both of the editors have made it convedient to go fishing, and will probably remain absent for a month or so. The news agents distributing them will be duly armed with pocket pistols to draw in self-defence, but expect to get badly *shot* anyhow. Appropos to the sanctimonious character of the sheet, it will appear on Sunday morning, from the office of The Sorehead Publishing Company, at Lone Pine.

The Tickets.

In our advertising columns will be seen the complete tickets of both political parties, from Governor down. In the county tickets, both contain good names, and both have some who are indifferent as candidates. We hear that an independent fusion ticket is being talked of, and may be put in the field. Trot them out, gentlemen—the more chance the people have tue better the chance for the election of officers who suit the popular will; besides, the more the merrier. But, individually, we opine that any of the gentlemen nominated will satisfy the people as public officers.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

INDEPENDENCE, July 15, 1871.

The Republican County Convention was called to order by J. Earl, Chairman of County Central Committee, at 10 o'clock A. M.

P. A. Chalfant was chosen temporary Chairman, and R. S. Peterson temporary Secretary.

On motion the Chair appointed a committee of three each on credentials, permanent organization, order of business and resolutions.

Committee on Credentials—Johnson, Rose, Kingsley, Gardner and Rittgers.

Committee on Permanent Organization—Gould, Harris and Wallis.

Committee on Order of Business—Earl, Garrettson and Peterson.

Committee on Resolutions—Love, Connelly and Gardner. On motion, Stratton and Chalfant were added to this committee.

Convention then adjourned to assemble again at 1:30 P. M., at which time it was called to order by the Chairman, *pro tem*.

Committee on Credentials reported the following gentleman as entitled to seats as Delegates to this Convention, which report was adopted: Cerro Gordo—R. S. Peterson, A. J. Gould, W. Wallis, C. F. Duval, W. Wallis, proxy, J. N. Stauffer, A. J. Gould, proxy; Swansea—T. A. Gardner; Lone Pine—A. H. Johnson, J. S. Brown, W. H. Crane, R. A. Loomis, proxy, I. P. Rittgers; Independence—P. A. Chalfant, J. N. Rose, I. Harris; Kearsarge—T. F. A. Connelly; Camp Independence—Josiah Earl; Fish Springs—David Love, J. R. Westerville; Big Pine—David Naylor, J. R. Westerville, proxy; Bishop Creek—J. L. Garrettson, Jas. Shaw, J. C. Kingsley, A. Cochran; Round Valley—W. W. Vaughn, Richard Hilton, David Love, proxy.

Committee on Permanent Organization reported as follows: For Chairman, P. A. Chalfant; for Secretary, R. S. Peterson.

Report adopted.

Committee on Order of Business submitted the following order, which was adopted:

1	Nomination for	Clerk.
2	" "	Sheriff.
3	" "	District Attorney.
4	" "	Treasurer.
5	" "	Assessor.
6	" "	Coroner & Pub. Ad.
7	" "	Surveyor.
8	" "	Supt. Pub. Schools
9	" "	Assemblyman.
10	" "	County Judge.
11	" "	County Cen. Com.

Committee on Resolutions submitted the following resolutions:

Resolved—That the Union Republicans of Inyo County hereby signify their full and unqualified approval and indorsement of the principles of the Republican platform, as set forth by the Union Republican State Convention, assembled in the City of Sacramento, on the twenty-eighth day of June, 1871.

Resolved—That each and every candidate, before receiving a nomination by delegates in this Convention, be required to endorse the Republican State platform, and pledge a full and perfect support to the nominees of this convention and to the Republican State ticket as now presented, and furthermore to use his best endeavors to secure the election of each and every nominee upon our State and County ticket.

Resolved—That we hereby endorse the past acts and honorable intentions of our present County Central Committee, in the belief that every act of that committee has been actuated by a desire to promote the best interests of our party.

D. LOVE, Chairman.

Moved and seconded that the third resolution be stricken out. Lost.

On motion, the resolutions as reported by the committee were adopted.

On motion, the Chair appointed two tally men, D. Love and T. F. A. Connelly.

J. Earl moved that a committee of three be appointed to levy an assessment on each candidate. Carried.

Moved and carried that each nominee pledge himself to support the platforms of the State and County Conventions and all their nominees.

Committe on Finance submitted the following report: That every candidate for a nomination before this Convention be required to pay into the hands of the Secretary the following respective sums, viz from Clerk down to Treasurer, $5 each, the remainder $2 50 each. Adopted and carried out.

The following gentleman were put in nomination for Clerk.

By A. J. Gould: M. W. Hammerstrand, of Cerro Gordo.

By Jas. Shaw: M. S. Clark, of Bishop Creek.

By Mr. Stratton: R. A. Loomis, of Lone Pine.

Nominations for Clerk then closed, and on motion it was decided that a test vote be taken on nominations for each position.

The informal vote stood: Hammerstrand 12; Loomis 6; Clark 6.

A formal and deciding ballot was then taken with this result: Hammerstrand 14; Loomis 6; Clark 3.

Mr. Hammerstrand was declared the nominee for County Clerk, and on motion the nomination was then made unanimous.

A motion for a recess of 15 minutes was put and lost.

Nominations for Sheriff being in order the following gentlemen were put in nomination:

By Mr. Kingsley: S. G. Sneden, of Bishop Creek.

By Mr. Westerville: T. J. Goodale, of Independence.

By A. L. Johnson: Thomas May of Independence. Nominations then closed, and an informal ballot gave this result: Sneden 13; Goodale 5; May 6.

Mr. May then withdrew; on the formal ballot the vote stood: Sneden 15; Goodale 9; Mr. Sneden's nomination was then made unanimous.

For District Attorney Mr. Gould nominated F. K. Miller, of Cerro Gordo.

Mr. Westerville placed A. C. Hanson, of Independece, in nomination; Mr. Hanson declined to accept, so Mr. Miller received the nomination by acclamation.

There being no opposition J. B. Rowley, of Independence, was unanimously declared the nominee for County Treasurer.

J. N. Rose put J. R. Westervslle, of Fish Springs, in nomination for Assessor; Mr. Johnson placed J. S. Brown, of Lone Pine, in nomination; Mr. Garrettson nominated Jas. Brown, Bishop Creek. The two last named gentlemen both declining, Mr Westerville was nominated by acclamation.

Mr. Earl nominated J. Willette for Coroner and Public Administrator; Mr. Willette declined the nomination.

G. W. Todd was nominated by Mr. Harris; nominated by acclamation.

Lyman Tuttle was placed in nomination for Surveyor; nominated by acclamation.

Mr. M. S. Clark was nominated for Superintendent of Public Schools; Mr. Clark declined. J. W. Symmes was put in nominated; carried by acclamation.

The following gentlemen were then put in nomination for Assemblymen: J. L. Garrettson, Peter Bennett, S. V. Stevens, Duncan Campbell. The names of Messrs. Garrettson and Stevens being withdrawn, the rule requiring an informal vote was suspended and a formal ballot taken with this result: Campbell 12; Bennett 11; blank 1. It was decided not to receive blank votes so a new ballot was taken with this result: Campbell 10; Bennett 14. Mr. Bennett was declared duly nominated.

The following gentlemen were put in nomination for County Judge; P. A. Chalfant, D. Love, D. D. Gunnison, O. L. Mathews. Mr. Chalfant declined the nomination.

On motion it was decided to take an informal vote which was done with this result: Love 12; Gunnison 3; Mathews 8; blank 1.

The name of Mr. Gunnison was withdrawn and a formal ballot taken with this result: Love 13; Mathews 11.

Mr. Love was declared duly nominated.

An adjournment of ten minutes was then had. On re-assembling it was moved and carried that the Chair appoint a committee of seven to serve as County Central Committee. The Chair named as said committee: A. M. Loomis, Lone Pine; A. J. Gould, Cerro Gordo: P. W. Bennett, J. N. Rose, Independence: J. L. Garrettson, Bishop Creek: J. Earl, Camp Independence: Geo. Shedd, Fish Springs.

Mr Rose declining to serve, on motion, Mr. Chalfant was substituted.

Delegates from Supervisor districts Nos. 2 and 3 were requested to name a candidate for Supervisor in their respective districts.

The delegation from Supervisor district No. 2 nominated J. N. Rose.

The delegation from district No. 3 nominated Wm. Barrows.

These nominations were endorsed and were ordered placed on the Republican county ticket.

A resolution of thanks to the officers of the Convention was then passed, when on motion, the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

Good Prices.

Produce, corn, and small grain command much better prices than was predicted by the lugubrious croakers who formed opinions a month or so ago. From all parts of the valley reports come which indicate an unusually good crop generally. The first and largest crop of barley of the season, raised by I. Schalten, one of our most enterprising farmers, was, on Thursday last, purchased by Harris & Rhine, at four cents per pound, on the field. From these early purchases by the above named firm, our principal grain dealers, it is certain that farmers will enjoy good prices and a steady market for their grain.

Sent to Stockton.

On Saturday last an examination was held by Surgeon White, Dr. Smith and County Judge Hanson on John T. Ryan, who was pronounced insane, and on the following day was, in charge of Sheriff Elder, started on his way to the Asylum at Stockton. Mr. Ryan was one of the pioneers of this county, a man of considerable talent, and for whom there is much sympathy. His malady is connected with spiritualism; and, although of a mild type, he was thought to be dangerous. We sincerely hope that his terrible misfortune is only temporary.

The Store at the Springs.

J. W. McMurry, the old quartz man and resident of Fish Springs, this week makes official proclamation of the fact that he has re-established the old Westerville & Ryan store, and embarked in the merchandising business. Every article usually found in a number one country store can be obtained of him, and at as low prices as any other house in the county.

A Brilliant Meteor.

Persons who happened to be out doors about 8 o'clock on Saturday night, were witnesses of a large and brilliant meteor. Its flight described an arc over the valley to the norhward of town, and brightly illuminated the country around. The duration of flight was eight or ten seconds, leaving a brilliant streak of light on the course over which it passed.

The Mines.

We acknowledge a most lamentable lack of mining news in our columns during the past few weeks. A thousand other matters have so absorbed our time and attention that personal visits to the mines have been out of the question, and it seems that, despite our efforts, the necessary information can be obtained in no other manner.

Liquids.

The Lone Pine Pioneer Saloon is about to be thoroughly refitted and embellished, and its exterior and interior made more in keeping with the really fine stock of liquors and cigars which it contains. Charley Begole, the inimitable curley-headed dad of Lone Pine dispenses the good things in the best style.

Committee Meeting.

The Republican County Central Committee will meet next Tuesday evening, for the purpose of placing a candidate upon their ticket, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the withdrawal of Mr. Peter Bennett. It would be a good idea for the friends of aspirants to be present and urge the claims of their favorites.

Business Combined.

Messrs. B. L. Brown & Co., of the Pioneer Stables, have purchased the lease of Collister & Briggs of the Eagle Stables, and, for a time, will run both establishments.

Bullion Shipment.

Yesterday there was shipped by Wells Fargo & Co., from the works of J. W. Mc Murray, at Fish Springs, 67½ ounces of gold bullion, valued at $17 per ounce.

THE WAILINGS OF A SOREHEAD

[COMMUNICATED.]

EDITORS INDEPENDENT:—There is a something in the human heart, which, when overburdened with sorrow or disappointment impels it to open its most secret recesses to some sympathizing friend from whom it can look for consolation, be it even of ever so poor or trifling a quality; therefore, Messrs. Editors, you being the only friends to whom I can look up to in my present agonizing sorrow, please permit me in your valuable columns, which is to gladden our eyes on Saturday the 22nd proximo, to state my grievances. Upon the advice of many friends, knowing ones—mind you, and shrewd political ones at that—I was informed that if I would permit my name to be mentioned for, well, say an available candidate for the Legislature at the ensuing convention, (now past) I could be sure of the nomination. Mr. Pumpernickle of Bend City, positively averred on the honor of a gentleman! (Oh! Oh!) that if I would only consent, the whole delegation from that influential burg, were for me to a man. Messrs. Broke, Bummer & Co., of the city of ten thousand churches, known all over the civilized world by the sweetly, soft sounding name of San Carlos, begged me with tears in their beautiful, innocent looking eyes to do the delegation, of which they were the spokesmen, the honor, pleasure and unspeakable happiness of permitting my valuable services to be placed at the disposal of their beloved country.

Again, flocking into my six by nine bachelor-like shanty, in fine studied style, their countenances beaming with intelligence of the highest order, the delegation from Death Valley (who, by the by, held the balance of power in their hands) earnestly soliciting me—yes, my dear Messrs. Editors, almost with tears in their eyes—tremulously requesting me, I say, to become that bright particular star which was to shine so luminously in that haven which is to appear in the Capitol at Sacramento sometime next January—yclept the California Legislature.

Now, my dear friends Chal and Jim, to you who know me so thoroughly and well, to you who are so perfectly acquainted with my native modesty, industry, temperance, religious habits and unsophisticated style, to you do I propound the following proposition:

Under such exigent and pressing demands, backed by eloquence which beat that of Cicero, Demosthenes, Henry Clay and Webster all to nothing, could I do anything but yield and accept? Of course, as sensible men and editors of a liberal turn of mind, you will surely say no, no, NO.

May I intrude a little more on your time, patience and space, Messeurs le Editares? A smile on your benignant countenances replies affirmatively.

From hoeing corn, whacking bull-teams, selling Chevalier's hair restorative, keeping a livery-stable, driving a quill, practising law or whatever you may choose I suddenly found the daily duties of my regular avocation neglected, and that Mr. Pumpernickle and his tentonic crowd from Bend City and myself frequently discussing the political state of affairs over foaming lager, principally at my expense of course, while Messrs. Broke, Bummer & Co. and their influential friends drawled out their brilliant arguments on the forthcoming campaign while sending ceiling-ward curled wreaths of smoke from the most expensive, fragrant Havanas, and semi-occasionally, or rather frequently occasional moistening their manly throats with old bourbon to render the act of speaking more pleasant and easy. And then—the Death Valley delegation!! What dear, social fellows they were Whiskey straight. No trouble for bar keepers in fixing their drinks. And then so modest too in their behavior. Not one of them possessed the ungenmanly habit of even trying to insult me by tendering the first quarter of a dollar in payment for anything. By Jupiter! what magnanimity! what liberality!! what whole-soul edness!!! Perhaps nowhere on the whole globe: but in open-hearted, open-handed California can such noble traits be discovered.

A trifle more patience, my dear Editors and I am done:

The memorable day of the Convention arrived, and with it every delegate from every precinct. Hans Pumpernickle and his crew are enthusiastic in my cause; Broke, Bummer & Co., with their (and mine of course) intellectual backers, and also the wealthy and influential delegation from the land of paradise, Death Valley.

There was quite a stir, as you know Messrs. Editors, in our usually quiet little village. It was button-holeing, buzzing, (principally buzzing). Knots of threes and knots of fours huddling together in all kinds of out-of-the-way places and corners, deliberating on the grand issues about to take place. Your communicant feeling positively assured of his nomination, smiled on all alike with as charming a serenity as that of the inimitable Mr. Pickwick himself. But time's up. A grand rush to the court-house, where after the usual preliminaries are settled, serious business commences—the first in order of which is nomination for the legislature. I could not help smiling to think how merely formal that part of the proceedings would be as my nomination for that honorable position was sure to be by acclamation. 'Twas a settled fact between me and myself that it would be an affair alike unto that of the great Julius Cæsar when he declared a grand victory in that terse but eloquent sentence of *vindi, vidi, vici*. Hans Pumpernickle with a bland smile on his genial countenance puts forth my name. Herr Limburger of Bend City ditto. Any more nominations for the Legislature, inquires the chairman in a rather sonorous voice? One moments pause, and then almost at the very time the chair was about suggesting that the nomination be declared unanimous, another name—yes, and yet another was shouted forth as candidates. Before I could fairly recover from my unutterable surprise the clerk informed the chair of the result of the ballot, which stood thus:—Number of votes cast, 100; for myself (Mr. Sorehead) 2; for Hans Pumpernickle, 84; and for Dead Broke 14. Amidst the immense cheering which followed the declaration of Pumpernickle having obtained the nomination I groaned in agony of spirit on the mutability of human affairs in this mundane sphere, and something like a second-self whispered in my ear that the *vindi, vidi*, was all right, but the *vici* was not "thar."

Bewildered and almost crazed with the treachery of my political friends, I madly rushed from the unholy precincts of the Court House at a rate which my friends afterwards assured me was tall—yes, very tall, and seeking a quiet, secluded spot in the sage-brush close by, where some innocent natives were playing Piute poker (four bits ante,) I ruminated upon the vanity of all earthly aspirations, chewed the cud of bitterness to the full, and determined henceforth to stick to my legitimate occupation and let politics, accompanied by Hans Pumpernickle, Broke, Bummer & Co. and the Death Valley delegation go to the Devil's Gate, Hong Kong or the Fiji Islands.

I am yours, "Out of the Ring."

CAMBRIANIC SOREHEAD.

—We always knew that it would come to this if the political diaphragm was allowed to come in contact with the epherigrahm of the ordinary oscillation. It shows conclusively that something ought to be done about it. Let's annex the confounded place and hang the inhabitants.

LUMBER.

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. f64n32 6m*

BLACKSMITHING.

RE-OPENED.

MORSE & ROBINSON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THEY have re-opened their old shop, on Edwards street, opposite the Postoffice, where they propose to do

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

Wagon Making,

In all its branches, at greatly reduced rates,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Horse Shoeing, $3 00,

And all other work in the same proportion.

MORSE & ROBINSON.

Independence, March 25, 1871. mr25n39tv2

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms.

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, June 20, 1871. je14n52tf

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

je10n50tf

R. J. MORRISON,

BENTON, MONO CO., CALIFORNIA.

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

☞ AGENT FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., September 26, 1870. n12v1 3m

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old motto of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS,

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes.

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 22,.....1871.

The Polar Expeditions.

Captain Hall's expedition to the North Pole has sailed from New York, and in a few days Octave Pavy, a member of the French and American Geographical societies, will leave San Francisco for Kamchatka, where, after laying in supplies and equipments, shipping will be taken to a point north of the Gulf of Anadyr, whence the expedition will go overland a distance of 300 miles to the north coast of Siberia, and thence, after a brief stay, will move on to Killet's Land. A boat made of gutta percha covered with canvas, capable of floating 10,000 pounds, and which can be rolled into a small compass and strapped to the sledge, will be taken by Pavy. He is provided with apparatus for taking photographic views and making scientific observations, and communication will be kept up with the Russian port at Cape Jakin by means of carrier pigeons carrying photographic copies of his journal. It has been sufficiently demonstrated that commerce can gain nothing by the discovery of a northwest passage, but certain mooted questions among scientists may be satisfactorily settled.

—We always knew that it would come to this if the political diaphragm was allowed to come in contact with the epherigrahm of the ordinary oscillation. It shows conclusively that something ought to be done about it. Let's annex the confounded place and hang the inhabitants.

POLITICAL.

DEMOCRATIC State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR:
H. H. HAIGHT.....of Alameda

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
E. J. LEWIS.....of Tehama

FOR JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT:
JACKSON TEMPLE.....of Sonoma
[For the Short Term.]
S. S. WRIGHT.....of San Francisco
[For the Full Term.]

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
W. B. C. BROWN.....of Sacramento

FOR CONTROLLER:
R. O. DeWITT.....of Siskiyou

FOR STATE TREASURER:
A. F. CORONEL.....of Los Angeles

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
JO HAMILTON.....of Placer

FOR SURVEYOR-GENERAL:
JOHN W. BONT.....of Merced

FOR STATE PRINTER:
JOHN T. BARRY.....of San Francisco

FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
O. P. FITZGERALD.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF SUPREME COURT:
THOS. LASPEYRE.....of Kern

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER:
I. FRIEDLANDER.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT:
LAWRENCE ARCHER.....of Santa Clara

First Congressional District Democratic Central Committee.

PRESIDENT—JAMES M. ALLEN.....San Francisco
SECRETARY—JAMES O'NEILL.....San Francisco
EXECUTIVE COM.—DAN'L McNEILL...San Francisco; JAS. M. ALLEN...San Francisco; JAS. O'NEILL.....San Francisco

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE:

John H. Moore	Santa Clara Co
John Darby	Fresno Co.
G. J. Slocumb	San Francisco.
W. W. Hudson	Kern Co.
J. H. Lawrence	Mariposa Co.
S. F. Geil	Monterey Co.
I. W. Somers	Mono Co
P. D. Wigginton	Merced Co
A. J. King	Los Angeles Co.
S. A. Sheppard	Tulare Co.
J. D. Spencer	Stanislaus Co.
John W. Satterwhite	San Bernardino Co.
J. Wolfskill	San Diego Co.
Russell Heath	Santa Barbara Co.
D. W. James	San Luis Obispo Co.
C. Cappilman	Santa Cruz Co.
J. J. Hill	San Mateo Co.
J. M. Allen	San Francisco
Daniel McNeill	San Francisco
James O'Neil	San Francisco

DEMOCRATIC County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR:
W. A. EAKIN.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN:
GEO. A. WHITING.....of Tuolumne
W. C. CONNELLY.....of Tuolumne
D. B. CURTIS.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE:
JOHN A. HANNAH.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR SHERIFF:
CYRUS MULKEY.....of Lone Pine

FOR CLERK:
I. P. YANEY.....of Bishop Creek

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
E. H. VAN DECAR.....of Independence

FOR TREASURER:
HENRY M. ISAACS.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR:
J. F. DILLON.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER & PUB. ADMINISTRATOR:
JOHN A. LANK.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS:
JOHN W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR SURVEYOR:

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
A. N. BELL.....Chairman
H. M. ISAACS.....Secretary
I. S. FREEBORN.....Lone Pine
J. E. PORTER.....Cerro Gordo
T. K. HUTCHISON.....Bishop Creek
JOHN LAIRD.....Round Valley
S. P. MOFFAT.....Independence
J. E. PARKER.....Independence
W. P. GEORGE.....Independence

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.,
July 10, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING WARRANTS on the County General Fund will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date:

No.	Amount.	Drawn in favor of.
225	$75 00	J. W. McMurry.
264	47 15	L. A. Talcott.
281	6 00	T. Mahoney

I. HARRIS.
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
jy15n55t4

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at tha lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20n47tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Great Bargains!

GREAT SACRIFICE

—OF—

Property!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS entire stock of goods at

Less Than San Francisco Cost

Prices!

Bacon,..... 20 cts ℔ lb
Hams..... 22 cts ℔ lb
Crushed Sugar. ℔ barrel, $20
do do 4½ lbs $1
Brown Sugar... ½ barrel $16
do do 5½ lbs $1
Candles, by the box, $5
do 9 for 50 cts
Ground Coffee, by the case, 36 cts.
do do 37½ cts ℔ lb
Green Coffee...by the sack, 23 cts
do do 25 cts ℔ lb
Lard.....by the case, 24 cts
do .....10 pound can, $2 50
do ..... 5- " " 1 25
Best Japan Tea, 75 cts by the case
do 80 cts ℔ lb
Dried Apples.....5½ lbs for $1
Dried Grapes.....5½ lbs for $1

CANNED STUFFS.

Tomatoes.....50 cts ℔ can
Oysters.....50 do
Salmon.....62½ do
Lobster.....62½ do
Jellies.....62½ do
Spiced Oysters.....75 do

All other articles, too numerous to mention, in the same proportion. Orders from the Valley will be promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by cheapest conveyance.

20,000 Dollars Worth of New Stock of Goods,

To arrive immediately, comprising an assortment of

General Merchandise.

Which will be sold at same reduction in prices, without reserve.

Still Larger Sacrifices

In all articles of Clothing & Dry Goods.

TERMS — CASH ON DELIVERY.

V. BEAUDRY.
Cerro Gordo, July 12, 1871. jy15n55tf

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County. Apply to

V. BEAUDRY,
ap29n44tf Cerro Gordo.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS

AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

mr25n39tv2

A. MACK,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

—AT—

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.
ap29n44m4

FINE PRINTING

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INDEPENDENT

Printing Establshment

Desire to inform the public in general and at business men in particular, that they are now prepared to promptly execute

Every Description

OF THE FINEST

JOB PRINTING.

Having received from San Francisco large and valuable additions to our material, consisting of type, border, inks, etc., etc., of the very newest and most approved styles, we are enabled to do

Fine Work,

And we

PROPOSE TO DO IT,

In which we shall

Court Criticism, Defy Competition!

Get Printing done and do Business in a Business Manner. And patronize Home Industry and keep your money at home while doing so.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE SPECIMENS

—AT THE—

INYO INDEPENDENT OFFICE.

CHALFANT & PARKER.
Proprietors.
Independence, Cal., March 25, 1871. tf

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.

LEWIS SCHNEIDER.
At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.
jy15n55m3

PAINTING, ETC.

PAINTING,

Wagon & Carriage Making,

PAPER HANGING, ETC.

J. G. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP, and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. jn10n50tf

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold bath at all hours. jy15n55m3

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

LEGAL.

AN ACT

To Provide for the Payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to Contract a Funded Debt for that Purpose.

[APPROVED APRIL 2, 1870.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of liquidating and providing for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the State of California hereinafter specified, and to lessen the burden of taxation, the Governor of the State, the Controller of State and the Treasurer of State, and their successors in office, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, to be styled the Loan Commissioners of the State of California, and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the duties hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said State, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually, in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of State. The principal of said bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the State affixed thereto; and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Coupons for the interest shall be attached to each bond so that they may be removed without injury or mutilation to the bond; said coupons, consecutively numbered, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the State.

SEC. 4. Before the sale of any of said bonds the said Loan Commissioners shall cause notices of such sale to be published, for the space of one month, in three daily newspapers published in English, one in the City of New York, one in the City of London, in England, and one in the Capital of the State; in and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in French, in the city of Paris, in France, and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in German, in the City of Frankfort-on-the-Main, in Germany. Such notice shall specify the amount of bonds to be sold, the rate of interest they shall bear, the day and hour of sale, the place of sale, which shall be at the State Capital, and that sealed proposals will be received by the said Loan Commissioners for the purchase of such bonds. Within one month from the expiration of such publication, and on the day and hour named in said notice, the said Loan Commissioners shall open all sealed proposals received by them, and shall award the purchase of said bonds to such bidders as will, in their opinion, make the most advantageous bid for the State; *provided*, that said Loan Commissioners may reject any or all bids, if they deem it to the advantage of the State; and *provided* further, that they may refuse to make any award unless sufficient security shall be furnished by the bidders for the compliance with the terms of their bids; and *provided* further, that said bonds shall not be sold at less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, in gold coin, par value.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer and Controller of State each to keep a separate record of all bonds sold under the provisions of this act, showing the number, date, amount and rate of interest of each bond, and to whom the same was issued.

SEC. 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for the payment of the expense that may be incurred by the Loan Commissioners in having such bonds prepared and said notices published.

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury; and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding soldiers' relief bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

SEC. 8. All persons having any of the bonds specified in section seven of this Act shall, upon presentation of such bonds to the said Loan Commissioners, be entitled to exchange them at their par value for bonds authorized to be issued under this Act, at the rate of ninety-three cents on the dollar, par value, but no bond shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars, but the said Loan Commissioners may issue certificates of such fractional parts not bonded, which said certificate shall be transferable, and entitled to be paid out of the proceeds of the sales of any bonds provided for in section seven of this Act. The Loan Commissioners shall cancel each bond so exchanged, and shall indorse on such bond the date on which they received the same, and from whom, the number and amount of the bond issued in exchange therefor, and shall file such bond in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 9. Whenever there shall be in the State treasury, from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued under this Act, a sum of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, printed in English, one in New York and one in the Capital of the State, for two months, which advertisement shall state the amount of money in the treasury applicable to the redemption of bonds, and the number of bonds, numbering therein the order of their issuance, which are redeemable; and three months from the date of the expiration of such advertisement, such bonds, unless sooner paid, shall cease to draw interest, but the money for the redemption of such bonds shall remain in the treasury to pay such bonds whenever presented.

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this Act, such rate of tax on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the State, to be computed by the Controller of State on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next ten years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties, in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year, and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the State treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

SEC. 11. Whenever, on the third day of January or July, in any year, after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of any bonds under this Act, there remains, after the payment of the interest, as provided in the preceding section, a surplus of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, for the space of one month, in one daily newspaper, published in English, in the City of New York, and for one month in one daily newspaper, published in English, at the State Capital, for sealed proposals, to be opened one month after the expiration of such publication by the Treasurer, in presence of the Governor or Controller, at the State Capitol, for the surrender of bonds issued under this Act, which advertisement shall state the amount of money he has on hand for the purpose of redemption; and they shall accept the lowest proposals, at rates not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest amount of bonds, until the amount of cash on hand for the redemption is exhausted; *provided*, however, in case a sufficient amount of such bonds shall not be offered, as aforesaid, to exhaust the Sinking Fund to a less amount than ten thousand dollars, then it is hereby made the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, one in New York and one at the Capital of this State, for three months, which advertisement shall state the amount in the Sinking Fund, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which such fund is set apart to pay and discharge; and if such bonds so numbered in such advertisements shall not be presented for payment and cancellation at the expiration of such publications, then such funds shall remain in the treasury to discharge such bonds whenever presented, but they shall draw no interest after the expiration of such publication; before any of said bonds shall be paid, they shall be presented to the Controller, who shall indorse on each bond the amount due thereon, and shall write across the face of each bond the date of its surrender and the name of the person surrendering.

SEC. 12. The Treasurer of State shall keep a full and particular account and record of all his proceedings under this Act, and of the bonds redeemed and surrendered, and he shall transmit to the Governor an abstract of all his proceedings under this Act, with his annual report, to be by the Governor laid before the Legislature; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this Act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the Governor or the Attorney General, or a committee of either branch of the Legislature, or a joint committee of both.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to pay the interest on said bonds, when the same falls due, out of said interest Fund, if sufficient; and if said fund be not sufficient, then to pay the deficiency out of the General Fund; *provided*, that the Controller of State shall first draw his warrant on the Treasurer, payable to the order of said Treasurer, for the amount of interest money about to become due, which said interest warrant shall be drawn at least one month previous to the maturing of the interest.

SEC. 14. This Act shall take effect sixty days after the next general election, as to all its provisions, except those relating to and necessary for its submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing and proclaiming the votes, which shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This Act shall be submitted to the people of the State for their ratification, at the next general election, and the qualified electors of this State shall, at said election, on their ballots for State officers, vote for or against this Act; those voting for the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—Yes," and those voting against the same, shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—No."

SEC. 16. The votes cast for and against this Act shall be counted, returned and canvassed, and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for the Treasurer of State, and if it appears that a majority of all the votes so cast are for or against this law, as aforesaid, are in favor of this act, then the same shall have effect as hereinbefore provided, and shall be irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the Governor shall make proclamation hereof; but if a majority of the votes so cast are against this Act, then the same shall become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this Act published in one newspaper in each judicial district of this State, for three months next preceeding the next general election, for which publication no greater allowance shall be made than the rates allowed by law to the State Printer.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full, and correct copy of Chapter Four Hundred and Eighty-four, Statutes of California, Eighteenth Session, approved April 2, 1870, now on file in my office.

WITNESS my hand and the great seal of State, at office, in Sacramento, California, the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1871.

(SEAL.)

H. L. NICHOLS,
Secretary of State.
jo10n50m3

Application for Patent.

(NOTICE NO. 3.)

U. S. REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 1st, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. L. AND J. L. GRESLEY have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for four thousand feet of the LAST CHANCE LODE, situated in Esmeralda Mining District, Esmeralda County, Nevada, and particularly described as follows:

Commencing at a post, the point of notice near the east end of the town of Aurora, about 5 chains north-easterly from the Monroe House, and about six chains north-easterly from the Wide West mill, running thence along the lode line

1. N. 54 deg. E. 4 chains.
2. N. 69 deg. 20 min. E. 2 71 chains.
3. N. 70 deg. 10 min. E. 7 23 chains.
4. S. 23 deg. 19 min. E. 8 50 chains.
5. N. 86 deg. 59 min. E. 6 02 chains.

Thence to the Westerly boundary of the Junista lode claim, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line; also the mill site of the Wide West mill, described as follows:

Commencing at a post from which the South Westerly corner of the Wide West mill bears N. 54 deg. 20 min. E. distant 3.41 chains, and running

1. N. 11 deg. 28 min. E. 4 50 chains.
2. S. 78 deg. 32 min. E. 7 50 chains.
3. S. 11 deg. 28 min. W. 4.50 chains.
4. N. 78 deg. 32 min. W. 7 50 chains.

All of which is more particularly described by the diagram posted in this office and on the claim.

Bearings from the magnetic meridian.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.
jy8n54m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a south-easterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.
je17n51m3

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my9n48tf HICKEY & WALKER.

STATE LIBRARY

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 2. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1871. NUMBER 57.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 29.....1871.

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J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law.

AURORA, NEVADA.

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law.

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *n6ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [n9tf]

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

AND GENERAL

Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.

Have all goods plainly marked--

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.

WM. M. OSBORN.

jy15n55m3

TRAVELING.

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

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Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n20.1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

INDEPENDENT EXPRESS & PASSENGER LINE

To Los Angeles Direct.

HOW. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri-monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition Line of steamers for San Francisco.

Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the state, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.

Collections and commissions promptly attended to.

The above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angeles on the 8th and 23d of each month.

Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via Los Angeles $27 50

Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via Los Angeles 24 50

Fare to Los Angeles 20 00

At Bishop Agent at Independence.

C. Hunt, " " Lone Pine.

my29 47n3m

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HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

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SAN FRANCISCO.

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HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

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my20n47tf

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OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. n20n5m6

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Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750.000.

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THE MUTUAL Life Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.

Organized 1842.

Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.

F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.

Assets July, 1870, $41,000,000 Cash.

THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents for Independence and vicinity

my20n47tf

TINNER.

INYO PIONEER

TIN SHOP,

Of INDEPENDENCE.

B. F. WELCH,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Worker.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN MY LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.

STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.

Please give me a call, at my shop on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store.

jy8n54tf

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46m3

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

Stop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. jy10n50m6

HOTELS.

ORLEANS HOTEL,

LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.

D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a

Bar Attached.

Which has constantly on hand the choicest of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.

Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. jy17v1

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 8, 1870. n13v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE,

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14n3

SALOONS.

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON,

Aurora, - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors.

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

n13v9m

BISHOP CREEK SALOON.

THE FINEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND Cigars. A first class Billiard Table connected with the saloon.

AT SNEDEN'S NEW BUILDING.

n13v13m JOHNNY CROUGH & CO.

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand.

LONE PINE Pioneer Saloon,

C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeps — regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8v29.3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

fe4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE.

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table.

With fittings complete, in connection.

n8n8m6 THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

SMILE WHENEVER YOU CAN.

When things don't go to suit you,
And the world seems upside down,
Don't waste your time in fretting,
But drive away the frown;
Since life is o'er perplexing,
'Tis much the wisest plan
To bear all trials bravely,
And smile whene'er you can.

Why should you dread to-morrow,
And thus destroy to-day?
For when you borrow trouble,
You always have to pay.
It is a good old maxim,
Which should be often preached—
Don't cross the bridge before you,
Until the bridge is reached.

You might be spared much sighing,
If you would keep in mind
The thought that good and evil
Are always here combined.
There must be something wanting,
And though you roll in wealth,
You may miss from your casket,
That precious jewel—health.

And though your strong and sturdy,
You may have an empty purse—
And earth has many trials
Which I consider worse—
But whether joy or sorrow
Fill up your mortal span,
'Twill make your pathway brighter
To smile whene'er you can.

The Corean War and "Bombshell Diplomacy."

[From the Sacramento Union.]

Under the heading of "Bombshell Diplomacy," the New York Tribune has published an editorial condemnatory of any further proceedings in the Corea, and predicting that if the Administration continues the war, though it must prove a victory to the American flag, it will be a defeat to Grant in the next Presidential campaign. We can readily understand that this nation does not desire to enter upon a long and expensive campaign; but to withdraw now, without further attempting to achieve the object for which the expedition was fitted out, would by the Coreans be attributed to fear, and the crew of the next American vessel wrecked on the Corean coast would share a similar fate to that of the ill-fated crew of the schooner General Sherman, wrecked there in 1867, who were cruelly massacred. Every American will indorse the instructions to Minister Low and Admiral Rodgers, that "the President principally aims in the mission, to secure protection and good treatment for such seamen of the United States as may unhappily be wrecked upon those shores;" while, like the President, they will be pleased if a commercial treaty should also be negotiated. The character of the people with whom Admiral Rodgers and Mr. Low have to do, is evident from the treacherous manner in which they opened fire on our fleet, which had on board shipwrecked Coreans, whom our people were taking back to show how civilized nations treat castaway mariners. The Coreans have no excuse for their conduct, for in the Japan Herald of the 22d of May we find a statement that they had been collecting large quantities of ammunition, and were imagining that they would serve the American fleet as they did the French in 1867.

The Tribune in its simplicity says that the Coreans have a right to remain perfectly isolated, and that there have been sufficient reprisals inflicted for the murder of the shipwrecked Americans. The European papers published in China, the writers on which may be expected to be tolerably posted on Corean affairs, state that this desire for isolation arises solely from a purpose not to give up plundering vessels which come into their power. The Japan Herald, before quoted, says: "To attempt to treat them in a conciliatory manner, or to endeavor to negotiate and form amiable relations, would prove to be utterly futile."

We deprecate making political capital out of this Corean difficulty. No matter who may reside at the White House, it is the duty of the Administration to secure protection to those of our seamen who are unfortunately wrecked on a foreign shore. That this was President Grant's only object is evidenced from the fact that the instructions to Minister Low were written in April, 1870, and the expedition was only deferred because of the absence of Consul Seward, who was to take charge at Pekin, while Minister Low was with the fleet. We do not forget that it was American enterprise that, in latter times, opened Japan to the commerce of Western nations, and if our representatives are not successful in a similar errand to Corea, it will still remain to the credit of the United States that it was attempted. On the importance of the expedition being carried to a successful issue, the Shanghai News Letter thus comments:

There prevails a degree of anxiety that the expedition shall prove successful, which is not measured by the immediate consequences. It is felt that failure will embolden the anti-foreign party in China, and increase the difficulties and dangers of the situation here. The topic is not a pleasant one, and we will not dwell upon it.

Under all the circumstances we look forward with some anxiety to the next dispatch from Admiral Rodgers, and we trust that the Administration having once taken action, will not from any wavering policy endanger American interests in these Eastern waters.

—Several hundred of the Irishmen of San Francisco have formed an organization to support the best men for office, claiming that many Irishmen are Democrats from association only, and that this organization will seek to induce them to cut loose from the party.

—We have heard of but one old woman who kissed her cow, but there are thousands of young ones who have kissed great calves.

THE COREA FIGHT.

We extract the following additional details of the Corea fight from the Japan correspondent of the Sacramento Union:

As they had agreed to do, the squadron awaited two days, and then the party to explore the river started on their mission, composed as follows: Monocacy, Captain McCrea, 170, officers and men; Palos, Lieutenant Commander Rockwell, 50, officers and men; steam launch of the Alaska, Lieutenant Commander Chester; steam launch of the Benicia, Master Schroeder; steam launch of the Colorado, Lieutenant W. W. Mead; steam launch of the Colorado, Lieutenant G. M. Totten. Eleven men in each launch.

The launches carried 24 and 12-pounders in the bow, and the steamers had decks all cleared, guns unlimbered and ready for action. The tide at this point is very strong, and runs at about six knots with a rise and fall of from thirty to forty feet. With the launches ahead, and the tide at flood, the boats swept up the Kang-hoa river, making soundings and doing the usual routine of survey duty. About ten miles from the anchorage is a narrow passage and sharp bend, and on either side of the stream two forts built of red sandstone; as the launches neared this point, a large body of Corean soldiers, clad in white and armed with matchlocks, were seen on the dexter bank, where a bluff arises almost precipitously from the river. The number of the soldiers was about one thousand, and it was supposed they were in sight to make a show of Corean strength, but as the launches swept around the bend, the fort and soldiers opened a tremendous fire and started the fight.

The water was in a foam all around the launches, as the shot and pieces of scrap-iron with which their guns were loaded struck the surface; the onset was terrible, and dire would have been the result had not the guns of the Coreans been elevated too greatly, thereby allowing the missiles to pass over the boats. Instantly the launches turned "bows on" and commenced to shell the forts, while in the rear the 8-inch guns of the Monocacy and Palos aided the work. As the shells fell into the forts and burst and the walls began to fly in pieces, the yells of the astonished soldiers betokened their terror, and in a very short time the whole force broke and ran for the woods, leaving their forts defenceless. The launch Benicia had dropped astern some two miles on account of a slight mishap, but Schroeder, who was in command, kept on his course, and when the launch reached the fort he was met with a rapid fire, as the soldiers had returned, after the first party had gone past, to which Schroeder responded with vigor, again driving the Coreans to cover. The fleet passed around the bend and anchored, where it was found that three men were hurt, one fatally, and that one of the iron-plates of the Monocacy had started off by grazing a ledge of rocks. This comprised the list of casualties.

At this point a halt was made, and at slack water the expedition started down the river, first shelling the forts over the bluff, and for the third time forcing the Coreans to leave their intrenchments in a panic. Without any further fighting they steamed down the river and joined the squadron. The next day the Palos left for Chefoo with dispatches for Washington and a telegram from the Admiral of 200 words, which will have reached you long ere this. Meantime the squadron waits, and if the Coreans are not belied by Jesuits who resided among them, the Admiral will have not work before his feet tread the streets of the capitol.

The Great Register.

The law contemplates the printing of the Great Register once in four years. There are peculiar reasons why this should be done in Los Angeles county. Every one at all conversant with the facts understands the necessity for it. A thorough and complete revision is necessary, in order that the real voice of the people of this county may find expression at the polls. A former Grand Jury has reported some four hundred fraudulent names upon the pages of the pages of the present register. Can the legal adviser of the county find no method by which these names can be removed? If printed at all, the copy must be in the hands of the printer on or before August 1st. There seems to be an indisposition on the part of the authorities to have the reprinting performed. We are aware that the plea of economy will be urged, but we apprehend that the people of the county will gladly assume the few hundred dollars of expense, in view of the manifest advantages to result. It will assist in obtaining an honest vote, and that is what the people desire.—*Los Angeles News, July 8th.*

One Year Ago.

This being the 16th day of July, reminds us that exactly one year ago to day we commenced the publication of the Sentinel. It would require more space than we can spare to recount the various changes and improvements that have taken place in Eureka since that (to us) eventful day. Suffice it to say, they have been many and great. Should the same success attend the town another year that has the past, we feel warranted in saying that this will be the best business town in the State.—*Eureka Sentinel.*

Fatal Accident in Tulare.

The Visalia Delta of July 13th has this:

It is seldom we have to record so sad and sudden a calamity as the one which befel one of our best known citizens on the evening of the Fourth of July. Robert Ray and eight others, including his two sons Willie and Robert L., left their home on Deer creek in the morning. In the evening they camped on White river with a band of sheep, which they were driving to the mountains. The company spread their blankets underneath a large sycamore tree on the south bank, near the road. About 11 o'clock, when all were quietly resting, the tree fell down upon the sleepers, killing Robert Ray instantly and wounding four others, viz: Charles Harper, Herbert Southworth, Pat Cantigan and James Hobbs. The other four escaped unhurt. Willie J. Ray was sleeping on the same blanket with his father at the time of the accident. It is supposed that the tree was thrown down by the shock of an earthquake, the evening being very calm. Ray is to be buried this evening. He was a well-known man, a good citizen, and highly esteemed by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. He leaves a wife and five children; would have been 48 years of age on the 14th of the present month.

Electric Telegraphy in 1787.

An old work, "Arthur Young's Travels," published in 1793, has a few words on electric telegraph device which is worthy of passing note in these days of telegraphic progress, and of honor to those whose efforts have made this application of electricity a practical success:—

"In the evening to Mons Lomond, a very ingenious and inventive mechanic. * * * * In electricity he has made a remarkable discovery. You write two or three words on a paper, he takes it with him into a room, and turns a machine inclosed in a cylindrical case, on the top of which is an electrometer, a small, fine pith ball; a wire connects with a similar cylinder and electrometer in a distant apartment, and his wife, by remarking the corresponding motions of the ball, writes down the words they indicate, from which it appears that he has formed an alphabet of motions. As the length of the wire makes no difference in the effect, a correspondence might be carried on at any distance; within and without a besieged town, for instance, or, for a purpose much more worthy and a thousand times more harmless, between two lovers prohibited or prevented from any better connection. Whatever the use may be, the invention is beautiful."

Good Joke on the Judge.

The Los Angeles News, of June 7th, is responsible for the following:

While at San Bernardino holding Court a few days since, Judge Morrison was called upon to administer the oath of citizenship to numerous applicants. Just previous to taking his seat, the Judge had been discussing politics with several friends of the Democratic persuasion. Taking his seat the first applicant for the honors of American citizenship made his appearance to be sworn as in such cases made and provided. The Judge, momentarily absentminded, gravely pronounced the following: "You solemnly swear that you will bear true allgiance to the Constitution of the United States and to the *Democratic party* so help your God." The roars of laughter recalled the Judge to a sense of the ludicrous situation, and the proper oath was hastily administered.

—Nelaton, the celebrated French surgeon, relates the following anecdote: A wounded Communist was brought to him. After examining the man's injuries, the doctor said to the Communist's wife, who was standing by with a very anxious face: "Oh, this is not very serious. Your husband will be all right again in three months." "Three months!" she cried in despair, "that is terrible; then he cannot be present at the pillage of the city!"

—A tunnel under Boston Bay is projected to connect East Boston with Boston. The expense is estimated at two million dollars, while the ferries, which are free, now cost one hundred thousand dollars a year. The plans have been made with two tubes, each with an inside diameter of twenty-one feet, and to accommodate horse cars, teams, and pedestrians.

—A dyspeptic read that by sending a dollar by mail he would receive a cure for dyspepsia. He sent the money, and received a slip with the following printed on it: "Stop drinking and hoe in the garden." The man was mad at first, then laughed, and finally went to hoeing and stopped drinking, and is now as well as ever.

—A highwayman in the Western wilds asked his victim whether he would prefer to give up his money or life. The reply being that neither was preferred, the gentlemanly but abrupt robber said, "But, my dear sir, you are wandering from the subject," and took both.

—The most remarkable recommendation of a watering place yet offered to the public is that of an enthusiastic admirer of a resort in New York. "At the foot of Ball's Hill," says he, "there is a plot of ground covered with stones, where parties can kill twenty-five rattlesnakes any warm morning."

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, July 29.....1871.

Gold Mining.

[From The San Francisco Alta, July 9.]

Australia sends to our next Fair a gilded pyramid, representing the annual gold product of one of its great mining districts. It is 3½ base and 2 feet high, representing 7½ millions of dollars.

This suggests a pyramid to represent the twenty-six millions of gold yearly produced in California. There is an impression abroad that gold mining don't pay; and that as to business it is extra hazardous; a species of gambling. The Press of our city has done a great deal to give it this character; perhaps not by direct attack, but incidentally, in writing up the farming and land speculating interests. It is wonderful how generally land speculators and the Press have got the idea that the best way to help speculators in town lots and wild lands is to run down mining as an investment. We are beginning to see the insanity of this. The effect is plainly discernable. We have inflated lots and lands to our own destruction. The revulsion proves that as an investment, they are subject to quite as much risk as they have charged to mining. Now we make bold to say that, if gold mining were as well understood as speculating in lots and lands, it would appear that our best-paying investments are the gold mines; and that prudent men, who look before they leap, and who go into mining with competent capital and reasonable economy, seldom fail to make dividends as regularly as any other business. Indeed, very few industries pay so large returns. Circumstances are not favorable to manufactures. We have double the number of shops that can earn subsistence. Farming is yet to be tried. Ranching is not farming. A city like San Francisco can not be sustained in its present valuations, without increased development of the great specialty we possess on this coast above all the rest of the Union. All the world produces wheat, and, we feel its terrible fluctuations from the weather and capricious markets. These are risks exceeding those of gold mining.

It has come to pass that we have run speculation in the ground, from which it has no inherent power of redemption. We must quit speculation and go to work for awhile. What have we to do that will pay and give employment to keep with us the population that is now nearly half idling around, if we do not go to mining? Ask every man, woman and child what is your greatest desire? The answer is gold! Every tongue proclaims it. Have we gold for all? Assuredly. Then, what hinders us from picking it up? Nothing in the world, but fair showing of what gold is being yearly picked up by those who are mining. How steady is the business can be shown by the steady prodiction. Nothing can give a fair conception of the success of gold mining equal to the exhibition of a column representing $26,000,000 of gold produced, year by year, with the steadiness almost of clock-work. Let men talk it down, as their supposed interest prompts; all talk goes for naught before such a pyramid of solid demonstration. It is a sight that memory never can forget; an argument that needs no enforcement. Let us have a golden pyramid!

"The universal idol, *Gold!*
In homage each unites:
Without a temple He's adored,
And he has no hypocrites!"

Run on Beecher.

Henry Ward Beecher doesn't believe in turning the other cheek. He says when a fellow smites you, "Hand him one on the bugle."—*N. Y. Independent.*

Misinformed. Beecher never uses slang. He merely said, "Poultice him on the snoot."—*N. Y. Ledger.*

Ridiculous! We are informed by parties who ought to know, that the words used by Mr. Beecher, were: "Bust his bazoon."—*Ogdensburg Journal.*

All wrong, gentlemen: the elegant divine merely used the classical expression, "Swat him on the gob."—*Waterton Post.*

Lord! his reverence didn't say that! He said, "Give him one on the pastehorn."—*Malone Palladium.*

No such thing. He said, "Put a shanty over his eyes."—*Potsdam Courier and Freeman.*

Gentlemen you wrong the reverend divine. He placidly remarked, "Raise a cupalo on his lemon."—*Burlington Free Press.*

"Our Tom," who was present, understood Mr. Beecher to advise "Putting a French roof over his skylights."—*Swanton Journal.*

The Independent is correct. Henry Ward simply intimated that you should "Draw the fellow's claret."—*Exchange.*

No he didn't, either. He only hinted that you might "Lend him one on the mug."—*N. J. Mechanic.*

All willful misrepresentation. Our devil says his holiness very piously remarked: "Strike B flat on his tuber."—*San Joaquin Argus.*

Not much! He simply insisted that one should "put a moss-agate under his eye."

Steam Power.

That steam power is practicable on earth roads seems to be pretty thoroughly settled by the fact that 500 steam engines are now in use on highways in Europe.

THE SAN BUENAVENTURA ROUTE.

The business men of San Buenaventura have at last determined to take some steps towards securing a portion of the interior trade, particularly that from this county. Two prominent business men of San Buenaventura, Messrs. Chaffee and Johnson, of the respective firms of Chaffee & M'Keeby and Goodall & Nelson recently came over the route to this place, and from the representation of facts offered by these gentlemen it is evident our bullion shippers and merchants would make a material saving if all their shipments were made through San Buenaventura instead of, as at present, through Los Angeles. This assertion is proven by this statement: The road to San Buenaventura from this section is the same as the Los Angeles route to a point known as the San Francisco ranch; from that point it is a little less than 50 miles to San Buenaventura, the road extending all the way down the Santa Clara river, and over good, hard and almost level ground. From the point of divergence the distance is almost exactly the same to the two shipping points, Los Angeles and San Buenaventura, but in the nature of the ground to be traveled the difference is greatly in favor of San Buenaventura, having none of the heavy mountain travel like that on the other road, besides the saving in tolls. From the San Francisco ranch to Los Angeles it costs each team $7 50 toll for the round trip. On the San Buenaventura road there are no tolls at all.

The principal inducement, however, to bullion shippers, via. San Buenaventura, is in this fact: there is besides the toll on the teamsters a clear saving of railroad and lighter charges, amounting to $5 on each ton of freight. Messrs. Chaffee & M'Keeby will give bonds to shippers to the amount of $1,000,000, if desired, for the fulfilment of this offer; they will receive all bullion consigned to them, from the wagon at San Buenaventura, and deliver to order in San Francisco at a cost not exceeding $4 per ton.

Similar inducements are offered to importers, so that altogether there is certainly a great inducement to shippers to test their offer.

There is a tri-monthly steamer running from San Buenaventura to San Francisco. This steamer is independent of the combination lines, and importers of goods are guaranteed freight at reduced rates. The two lines of steamers now running to San Pedro are likely soon to be merged into one; the Holladay line having sunk about $450,000 since the opposition was put on. That being the case it is quite likely the present state of affairs will soon cease, when freights will very soon go up to $10 per ton.

We should be sorry to withdraw the value of our trade, whatever it may be, from Los Angeles, since the people of that place have always manifested a lively regard for our welfare; but if a transfer is to result in such a material gain as that above alluded, it is clearly our duty to make it. Believing the foregoing statements to be true, we commend their consideration to all interested.

Rochefort's Indictment.

Paris dates to July 19th says the indictment upon which Rochfort is tried contains four counts: 1st. Provocation to hatred among citizens. 2d. Incident to civil war and pillage. 3d. Publication of false news and spurious dispatches counterfeiting public and private writings. 4th. Complicity in murder by instigating the arrest and execution of hostages.

Will not Exchange.

It has been discovered that the National Banks continue to hold their six per cent. bonds, and that they advise their depositors who are holders to keep them. It is said from these banks the most serious impediment comes against the success of the new loan.

Public Lands.

The Secretary of the Interior has decided that a town with less than one hundred inhabitants can enter public lands for a town site under the act of 1867, reversing the decisions of the late Land Commissioner.

Godey's Magazine

For June, is bright and beautiful, as it ever is. Its very appearance will render a parlor cheerful.

Archbishop McCloskey.

These were the words spoken by the Archbishop on the Sunday previous to the Orange parade in New York:

Let those Orangemen alone. Let them severely alone. Let them parade until they are tired. The public sentiment will condemn them. It is ready to do so now if you do not change it. Public opinion is against them; but if you violently interfere with them it will be against you.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Some fears were entertained of another religious riot, this time in San Francisco. The Italians were to parade Sunday last in celebration of the occupation of Rome by Victor Emanuel. The general feeling among the strongest Catholics, however, was against any interference.

A storm of wind, hail and rain accompanied by very heavy thunder, visited Carson Valley and Virginia City, Nevada, last week.

News from Tucson states that Gen. Crook has taken the field with five companies of cavalry, and fifty picked Mexicans, with five of the best scouts in the Territory. Gen. Crook is personally in command. Lieutenant W. J. Ross is acting Field Quartermaster, and Thomas Moore Master of Transportation.

The Visalia Delta protests against the order removing the troops from the Reservation. A protest against the removal is being numerously signed.

A fatal horse disease prevails in Fresno County.

Marysville was visited by another fire on the 17th instant, which destroyed $100,000 worth of property.

John O'Pie was killed at Parkes's tailing mill, Virginia City, July 14th by being caught in the large driving wheel.

The Methodist Episcopal Church, a large, handsome brick building, costing originally some $75,000, suddenly crashed to the ground on the night of the 16th instant. Some neighboring buildings were damaged, but no lives were lost. The cause of the fall is attributed to defective construction. So says The Gold Hill News.

Two hundred and fifty railroad men were to have arrived in San Francisco last week.

A consolidation of the railroad interests of the State under one management, is said to be in consideration.

A Portland, Oregon, dispatch of July 18th says:

The steamer Owyhee, while on her trip from Celilo to Lewiston, with a cargo of merchandise and passengers, struck a rock at Washtukua Ferry and sunk; no lives were lost. The cargo was mostly saved by the ferry-boat, but the steamer, one of the finest of the company's boats above the Dalles, is probably a total wreck. This undoubtedly closes the navigation of the Upper Columbia this season.

There is more trouble anticipated at Sutter Creek. The Miners' League have resolved that the men who went to work in the mines during the strike should quit. They, on the 31st went to the Keystone mine at that place and forbade the men working there, but these miners refused to quit, and the Leaguers say they will shut the mine if they are not discharged.

An incendiary fire at the town of Truckee, on the night of the 20th, destroyed property valued at $50,000

A water spout broke recently at a point on the Central Pacific Railroad about 18 miles west of Oreana. The track was flooded about a quarter of a mile, and the passenger train was ditched but no one was hurt.

A bugler at Camp McDermit was shot at a target practice on the 25th of June, and through the neglect of a Lieutenant in command he bled to death. The Lieutenant has been put under arrest.

A dreadful catastrophe is reported from Mexico. At the silver mine of Quebrilla, one of the three great mines of the State of Zacatecas, a fire has occurred, by which over one hundred miners lost their lives.

EASTERN NEWS.

The following dispatches relating to the late riots are to July 16th:

Daniel Galvin, proprietor of a drinking saloon in Brooklyn, in a quarrel last night stabbed Michael Campbell dead with a large sheath knife. The quarrel arose from a difference of opinion concerning the riot.

The Board of Police has assured the officers of the Eighty-fourth regiment that the conduct of that regiment during the riot was entirely justifiable and proper under the circumstances. General Varien, commander of the brigade to which the Eighty-fourth regiment belongs, has sent a letter to Lieutenant-Colonel Mitchell of that regiment, stating that the only reason for changing the position of the regiment during the riot on Wednesday, was because of the severity of the first attack on that regiment. General Varien also states that the attack required prompt and immediate repulsion, and if present he would have given orders to fire without hesitation.

The officers of the Ninth regiment last night voted to expel Lieutenant Macklin of Company C, and to take steps to court-martial him for cowardice and conduct unbecoming an officer. They also adopted resolutions complimenting the police for gallant conduct during the riot.

Two German clubs have been organized in Brooklyn since the riot, each member pledging himself that he would vote only for citizens of American birth to hold office.

Edward Jaffney a member of the Ninth regiment, was detained at the Fifth Avenue Hotel on the 12th, by the sickness of his wife. In the evening he was terribly depressed when he learned of the riot, and hearing to-day comments on his absence from the post of danger, he became excited and cut his throat from ear to ear, expiring instantly.

The officers of the Irish Brigade Association held a meeting at the Astor House to-day, and adopted resolutions deploring the events of the 12th, and denouncing as slanderous the insinuations or assertions that the great body of Irish citizens of New York are in any manner responsible for the occurrences. They also declare that they saw no evidence that the trouble was so much that it could not have been suppressed by the civil power, and therefore believe that the employment of the militia and firing upon the people ought to be investigated.

Valuable gold mines have been discovered in Monroe county, Tennessee. Gen. Vaughan calls for 100 hands to work them.

The latest revised tables at the Census office show the following aggregate of populations of all the States and organized Territories: White, 33,581,680; colored, 4,879,323; Indian, 25,733; Japanese, 55; Chinese, 63,196; total, 38,549,987.

Highest Peak of the Pacific.

[From The San Francisco Bulletin.]

For some years Mount Shasta was believed to be the higest peak on the Pacific Coast, if not, in the United States. The California Geological Survey determined its altitude at 14,440 feet. But in 1863, when the survey pushed its explorations to the previously unknown region at the sources of the Kern and King Rivers, in the southern part of the State a peak was found which was proved to be about 15,000 feet high, dominating the most elevated region on the continent, a number of adjoining peaks rising to the hight of 10,000 to 13,000 feet, and several hundred square miles of the country having a general elevation of 8,000 feet—really surpassing the Alps. Clarence King, who was a member of the State Survey, under Prof. Whitney, ascended the highest peak nearly to the summit, and calculated the total hight to be at least 15,000 feet. This great mountain was named after Prof. Whitney. The grand and peculiar character of the country surrounding it is graphically described in Mr. King's late contributions to The Atlantic Monthly, under the title of "Mountaineering in the Sierra." King always intended to make the complete ascent, and attempted it three times. He has latterly been Chief of the Government Survey along the fortieth parallel. His headquarters being temporarily in San Francisco. This season, he started for Mount Whitney again approaching it this time from the eastern, or Nevada side, *via* Owens Lake, and we learn that on the 22d of June he succeeded in reaching the summit. As the result of this daring feat we shall doubtless soon know the exact elevation. It is probably not under that already mentioned, which is the highest that has ever been reached by a mountain climber in the United States. The three great peaks on this coast are now known to be about as follows: Mt. Whitney, 15,000; Mt. Shasta, 14,440; Mt. Rainer, 14,400. The two first are in California, the third in Washington Territory. Mr. King will probably write up an account of his late trip for The Atlantic, as the conclusion of his series of mountaineering papers, which are to appear finally in book form.—*Bulletin*

BELMONT DISTRICT.

We take the following from the Eureka Sentinel, the 16th:

From Messrs. C. C. Goodwin and E. P. Raines, who have just returned here from a tour of inspection of the mines in the above named district, which is situated about 115 miles south of here, we glean the following information in regard to the "doings" in that section of our rich mineral belt. The Monitor mine is reported as shipping a very high grade of ore to Austin—one batch of 27 tons lately milled, yielded to the owners $19,000, and they have "a few more left" of the same productiveness. James Dawley is handling the Transylvania mine and mill of ten stamps, and will be ready to crush in a short time—when the repairs are all completed—and will astonish the natives at the quantity of high grade ore that will be put through this mill from the company's mine.

Messrs. Canfield & Co., are running with success their ten stamp mill on high grade ore from their mine.

James Groves & Co., the merchants of the place, are doing a slashing business in their line of trade.

These gentlemen report that the lodes of this district, as a general thing, are looking far better than their most sanguine hopes had led them to believe before interviewing them. The population of the district at present is 250 and is steadily on the increase, and from present appearances Belmont will be quite a lively camp. Judging from the recent developments of several abandoned ledges in time past, this district is bound to resume its place among our many rich ones in Eastern Nevada, and garner its lost prestige as one of the richest.

These gentlemen speak in high terms of praise of the manner in which they were universally treated by all, and especially do they speak of Messrs. W. F. Leon, Robert Mullen, Charles Singletree, Canfield & Co., and as a shaper to the list of names mentioned, Old Grimes, the irrepressible, whose jolly ways and ruby countenance debars no one from his bibulous establishment.

Messrs. Goodwin and Raines will return there shortly, to invest in some of the silver veins that now so quietly slumber in the bosom of the earth, and it only needs to have energetic men to expose them to make them yield up their plentiful richness.

FOREIGN NEWS ITEMS.

London dates to July 15th, say:—

The Times makes the New York riots a text for an article upon the condition of affairs in Ireland, which concludes as follows:

"If Irish feuds are as implacable in America as they are in Ireland, and more sanguinary, Irishmen must ask themselves whether Irish nature is not more responsible for troubles in Ireland than English misrule."

There is a terrible fire among the shipping: thirty barks, half loaded with hemp and corn have been burned, including the American bark Hillers. The fire is now under control.

A proposition is before the Spanish Cortes to send 30,000 troops to Cuba to crush the rebellion.

DIED.

At Cerro Gordo, July 26th, 1871, JOHN A. MALLON, a native of Ireland, aged about 38 years. Mariposa papers please copy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING RECEIVED FROM THE HANDS OF the Republican party the unexpected honor of a nomination for Assemblyman of Inyo County, I deem it fair and proper to briefly state my views upon two of the most important questions concerning the future of this County and State. I am decidedly in favor of the enactment of a No-fence law for this county, and if elected, shall work to that end. I am also in favor of a general school law for the State, similar to that proposed in section fifth of the Republican State Platform. I endorse and will sustain to the best of my ability the principles of the Republican party, as set forth in the State Platform, and on these grounds most respectfully ask the support of all citizens favorable thereto.

DUNCAN CAMPBELL.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., July 27, 1871.

EXCELSIOR SALOON,

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on **cash** customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.

B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.

Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

R. J. MORRISON

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries,

HARDWARE,

Crockery and Glass Ware,

PAINTS, OILS,

Varnish and Window Glass.

Also, a fine assortment of the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a well-assorted

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

of 500 volumes.

School Books, Blank Books and Stationery.

TO THE ABOVE STOCK THE UNDERSIGNED would most respectfully beg leave to call your attention, especially to the quality and

Greatly Reduced Prices!

TERMS---STRICTLY CASH.

R. J. MORRISON,
Proprietor.

Postmaster, Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.; also, agent for the **Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.**

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., July 29, 1881 n57m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 4.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have this day filed in this office a diagram, and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the "LAMB" Lode, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of Range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Silver Sprout" Lode on the northwesterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is five feet wide—all of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

jy29 57m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 5.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISER'S OFFICE
Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the SILVER SPROUT Lode, with a surface width of one hundred lineal feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Lamb" lode on the southwesterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is four feet wide. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

jy29n57m3

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
July 10, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING WARRANTS on the County General Fund will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date:

No.	Amount.	Drawn in favor of.
236	$75 00	J. W. McMurry.
265	47 15	L. A. Talcott.
281	6 00	T. Mahoney.

I. HARRIS.
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

jy15n55t4

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yours if." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms.

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, June 20, 1871. jy14n52tf

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

Wines and Liquors,

Dry-Goods,

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

HARDWARE,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

—AND—

EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.

Fish Springs, July 22, 1871. n56 n3

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

je10 50tf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for **County Scrip.**

jy22n56m3 J. B. ROWLEY.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 29,.....1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** ALL advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Murder Will Out.

On the 9th day of July, 1867, three roughs were engaged in drinking and carousing in a place known as Mountain View, Santa Clara county. While thus engaged an old man, whose name we have not ascertained, stepped into the bar-room where those three were, who at once commenced a tirade of abuse against him. After keeping this up for some time, one of the roughs, named Jim Haun, called the old man outside, and almost without speaking a word, presented a pistol at his head and blew his brains out. Haun left at once; the other two were arrested for the murder and after a full investigation were acquitted, it appearing that they were not implicated in the murder itself. It was a most unmitigated, cold-blooded murder. Every effort was made to bring the murderer to justice, and until within a month past, it was generally believed that Haun had got off to Arizona or Mexico. Instead of that, however, the murderer only got as far as our neighboring town of Lone Pine, where for the last few years he has been quietly engaged in blacksmithing, being known as James Wilson. Sheriff R. N. Harris, of Santa Clara, hearing of his whereabouts, at once started over to arrest him, which he succeeded in doing on Monday last. When making the arrest, Mr. Harris led Haun, alias Wilson, to believe that it was on a charge of burglary committed three years since in Sacramento. Haun, knowing that he could easily establish an alibi on that charge submitted to the arrest without any resistance. He was immediately brought to the jail in this place and fitted with a set of irons rivcted on in accordance with the nature of his terrible crime. He remained in profound ignorance of the real cause of his arrest for two days, and when finally addressed by his real name and charged with the murder of the old man, he was for a time completely unnerved. He made no denial of his identity, but gave the details of his escape. After the murder he remained hid away in the neighboring foot hills for over a month, during which time some of his numerous relatives supplied his wants, and furnished him a miner's outfit for leaving the country. He traveled two nights immediately after starting, in which time he reached the San Joaquin river at Firebaugh's ferry, after which he traveled in the day time, coming directly over the Kern or King's river trail to Lone Pine, where he has remained under the assumed name of James Wilson. He has a wife and family in that place at the present time. The marriage of his step-daughter, which took place some three years since, occasioned a great deal of remark from the fact that she was but *nine years old* at the time. Wilson, since he took up his abode here, has generally conducted himself very well, working on his ranch or in his shop, though rated as something of a desperado, especially when under the influence of liquor. No one anticipated such a desperate charge, although a number of persons knew or strongly suspcioned that he had killed a man before his arrival here. He now says he would not have submitted to the arrest on the real charge had he been aware of it at the time, as he had a pistol in reach at the time and would have used it. He informs us that that is a "put up job" for which several persons in Lone Pine are responsible—notably Charley Begole and C. Mulkey. As before stated Haun has a large number of relatives in Santa Clara, some of whom are quite respectable and wealthy, while others are desperate characters. The brother of this man was instantly killed and his father badly wounded, some years ago, in a desperate assault on a man named Colby, (we believe). The mother took a part in that fight, and it was with the greatest difficulty Colby could get off without killing her. This Jim Haun, previous to the murder of the old man, was considered a desperate character, having been engaged in several drunken broils, though none that resulted in loss of life until he killed the old man, which was done, we are informed, without any provocation whatever, and no shadow of excuse except a drunken frenzy, and desire to maintain his reputation as a desperado; a desire that has very likely to result in the well deserved forfeiture of his own miserable life.

Duncan Campbell.

This gentleman, by action of County Central Committee, has been placed upon the Republican ticket for Representative, vice Bennett, resigned for ineligibility. The candidates for this position on both tickets are representative farmers of our county. The interests of both gentlemen are closely identified with the county, and no matter which may be elected their interests will be fairly represented. Mr. Campbell was beaten by only a few votes in the nominating convention, therefore his appointment by the committee is considered in keeping with the general desire of that body.

Singular Effects of the Earthquake.

We hear that several wells in Lone Pine were totally dried up by reason of the earthquake on the 5th instant. The water in a well belonging to Mr. Van Reed of Lone Pine, suddenly became like milk in color and soon after every drop of water disappeared, the bottom of the well now being perfectly dry. The water in other wells of the place were muddied up and still remain so, though some attribute this effect to other causes then the earthquake. A spring of water situated some five miles from Cerro Gordo became perfectly dry, but after a few days the water appeared as before.

Operations Suspended.

We understand that the Swansea works have suspended operations for the present, owing to some misunderstanding relative to the manner in which the mine was to be worked, from which cause the supply of ore was not sufficient to keep the furnace running. No doubt the suspension is but temporary.

Bullion Shipment.

There were shipped from the Kearsarge mine, July 14, per Wells, Fargo & Co., 5 bars of fine bullion, weighing 616 pounds, and valued at $2,080. From the same mine, July 22d, there were shipped, via. Visalia, 2 bars of fine bullion, weighing 211 pounds, valued at $900.

Married.

We hear of several twoicides being committed recently in different parts of the county. We hereby file our protest against anybody marrying without sending us official notice of the consummation thereof.

The Next Term

Of the County Court will begin September the first. This will be the last and only opportunity to obtain naturalization papers previous to the next general election.

THE TOPOGRAPHICAL EXPEDITION.

One day, during the past week, we paid an editorial visit in force to Lieutenant Lyle's encampment, which is located about a mile above Camp Independence. By the politeness of several gentlemen remaining in camp, particularly Dr. Hoffman and Mr. Klett, we are enabled to report a number of interesting details of their labors.

Dr. Hoffman has a fine collection of beautifully executed flower paintings, drawn from living specimens discovered by him on the route hither. On examination of his collection it would be something of a surprise to nearly all old residents of this sage brush land, from the fact that none but experts would believe so many ever find an existence in these regions. Since the arrival of the detachment here, Dr. Hoffman, who is Naturalist to the expedition, has made some valuable and interesting collections of

BUTTERFLIES

Which appear more abundant than any other class of insects—five or six new species have been discovered; also a rare one, belonging to the family *Colias*, known as *Colias Edwardsii* and named after the Edwards of *Lepidoptera* notoriety. About

TWO THOUSAND BEETLES

Have been captured, exclusive of the eight or nine thousand found in Nevada. Very many are new, and some are extremely rare, the chief ones betonging to the families of *Omus, Cicindela*, etc.

There is still a great deal of work to be done in *Herpetology* (reptiles). The

LIZARDS AND SNAKES

Are generally avoided by collectors, but nearly all those found between the Sierra Nevada's and Rocky Mountains and south of the C. P. R. R. are new and undescribed species. The country lying between the places mentioned is of such a character, that a single individual could not make a trip into it; and to get up an expedition for the sole purpose of making collections in Natural History would be next to impossible. This accounts for the many forms of animals and vegetable life without any scientific cognomen. The chief

BOTANICAL SPECIMENS

Found, (beside a few fine flowering plants) are grasses, which are of essential interest to all. The country through which the party passed is nearly destitute of trees and therefore birds are not very abundant. The only places where nests can be found are in the canyons and the cliffs. Birds breeding in such places are nearly all rapacious. The more beautiful species, such as the warblers, finches, etc., are nearly always found in well-watered and wooded districts.

Some magnificent and unique

MINERALOGICAL SPECIMENS

Were found in various regions. Rare crystalizations and compounds which are generally thrown aside by the miners as "quartz."

It was many years before the miners at Cumberland, England, were aware that what they had been throwing aside as "Dry Bones" and "Black Jack" was zinc blende, one of the most valuable compounds of that ore. At Frieberg, and Saxony, all the miners are instructed so as to be able to distinguish all fine specimens, which are sold, and the proceeds given to the wounded and disabled miners. The custom is a good one and would bear imitation in this country.

A view of Mr. Klett's (Topographer and Assistant Surveyor,) elaborate field notes satisfied us on two points, viz: that his office is

SO SINECURE,

And, secondly, that no ordinary amount of cash would induce *us* to undertake the reduction of those notes to an intelligible form. We feel assured that Mark Twain's celebrated war map is simplicity itself compared to these scientifically executed field notes, and with our thanks to Mr. Klett for his kind endeavers to explain them and the uses of the many fine instruments with which the party is so well supplied, we will notice the proceedings of

THE ASTRONOMERS.

One of the principal features in this exploration is the establishment of Astronomical Points, to surround as near as may be he area traversed by the expedition. This duty is assigned to very able hands we have reason to believe. Mr. Austin, chief astronomer, and Mr. Marvin, assistant, have established an observatory on the parade at Camp Independence, where nightly they pursue those mysterious, not to say wonderful, investigations of the starry firmament. One result of their labors which is tangible to common understandings, will be the exact mathematical determination of our geographical position on the earth's surface. In the view of marking a meridian, a man was sent, mounted on a fractious mule, to plant a pole on the line; the mule objected to carry a man with such a long pole, so it was necessary to leave the latter for a time at some distance from camp, while the rider returned for a wagon to convey it to its destination. During his absence, some man with an eye single to the material fitness of poles independent of science, appropriated this one to his own private uses, so the establishment of that meridian was necessarily delayed.

METEROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

The duty of making these observations devolves upon Mr. Bradley, and may be considered rather onerous, as the readings have to be reported hourly both day and night. Other points of interest connected with the objects of the expedition we will have to forego for the present. As this expedition is somewhat identified with our locality, we subjoin names of the officers and men of science pertaining to it.

PARTY NO. 1.

Now in the field in command of Lieut. Wheeler, chief of expedition; surgeon, A. H. Cochrane; hospital stewart, Frank Hecox; secretary, Fred W. Loring; secretary and clerk, W. D. Wheeler; chief geologist, G. K. Gilbert; meteorologist and assistant geologist, C. A. Ogden; collector, P. Bischoff; chief topographer, P. W. Hamel; assistant topographer, Chas. E. Fellerer; photographer, T. H. O'Sullivan; assistant surveyors, Frank R. Simonton, John Smith and E. M. Smith; chief packer, John Corless; cargadore, Juan Major; packers, Andrew Michell, Abram Job, Oliver Price, Wm. McGeary, Wm. P. French; cook, Wm. Roberts; drivers, Wm. Geo. Salmon and Henry Cocks; blacksmith, P. Monto; cook to officers mess, Geo. Phifer; escort, Sergeant Enoch Proudlove, Corporals John McGill, John Sullivan, and privates Clark, Copley, Drake, Hubert, Lewis, Kerius, King, Shea, Sheets, and West.

PARTY NO. 2,

In charge of Second Lieutenant D. A. Lyle, Second U. S. Artillery; surgeon, Walter J. Hoffman; hospital steward, Theodore V. Brown; collector, John Koebler; astronomer, E. D. Austin; meteorologist, Wm. J. Bradley; chief topographer, Louis Nell; assistant topographer and surveyor, Francis Klett; assistant surveyor and artist, E. M. Richardson; guide Wm. Hohn; chief packer, Mason McCoy; cargodore, David Mears; packers, G. W. Evans, Asa Miles, J. Wilson, B. F. McGerrity, Hubert Cheneworth, and Ira B. Harries; cook, Wm. Jones; cook to officers mess, Hugh Ross; escort, Coporals Wm. W. Allen and James Brown; privates Folsom, Hutchins, Lowry, McDermott, McComb, Reynolds, Minor, Richter, Sanett, Wallager and blacksmith Wm. Lyon.

Republican Central County Committee.

At a meeting of the above named Committee, held pursuant to notice, at the office of P. W. Bennett, in Independence, on the 25th day of July, 1871, at 8 o'clock P. M. Duncan Campbell of Big Pine was unanimously nominated for Member of Assembly, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the withdrawel of Peter Bennett.

J. EARL, Chairman,
P. W. BENNETT, Secretary.

At Benton.

We respectfully direct the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the principal business house of Benton, the proprietor being our well-known friend "Bob" Morrison. Benton is decidedly on the upgrade, and is probably one of the most lively of our inland towns, and Morrison's enterprise is fully up to the requirements. He has plenty of everything, and all goods at the lowest rates for cash, coin money, or will probably take gold notes at par.

Application for Patents.

The Silver Sprout Company publishes notices No. 4 and 5 of application for United States patent to the Silver Sprout and Lamb ledges, which are located in Kearsarge Mountain. The Silver Peak, Kearsarge, Romelia and San Carlos mines will follow next in order. This is a very sensible movement on the part of the companies, and it is to be hoped that mine owners generally will follow suit.

Gen. Ord.

This distinguished officer is now *en route* to pay an official visit to Camp Independence. Lieut. Haskell with a small detachment started *via*: the Kern river trail to meet the General at Visalia and to escort him thither. Dr. McMillen, the popular ex-surgeon of this Post is, we understand, in General Ord's staff, and will be here to review the scenes of his past labors.

Sudden Death.

Under the appropriate head will be noticed the announcement of the death of John A. Mallon, of Cerro Gordo, which occurred at 8 o'clock, on the evening of the 26th instant. His disease was pneumonia, surviving but a few days after the first attack. Mallon, was a generous, warm-hearted man, and his untimely end will be mourned by the entire community.

Arrested on a Charge of Insanity.

Sostenas Guerera, a Mexican, was arrested by Under-Sheriff Talcott, and held for examination, set for Wednesday last, on a charge of insanity. No witnesses appearing the prisoner was discharged. It is believed, however, that he will soon have to be again placed in confinement.

John Doe in Trouble.

This well known individual, whose name so often figures in legal transactions, was snatched up the other day and fined $5 and costs by Justice Gunnison, all because he happened to have in his possession a common curry-comb that did not belong to him. Sich is life.

Board of Supervisors.

The Board of Supervisors will have their next meeting one week from next Monday, August 7th. The establishment of some new polling precincts and filling vacancies on Election Boards will be the principal business to be considered.

"Excelsior."

Residents of Benton, and the hosts of travelers passing through that place will note the fact that Mr. B. B. Alverson holds forth at the "Excelsior" Saloon, and will dish up and deal out every description of the finest drinkables in a manner satisfactory to the most fastidious.

August the 7th,

Which, if nothing occurs to disarrange the present order of things, will be one week from next Monday, is the last day for enrolling names on the poll lists. Parties unregistered had better attend to it at once if they desire to vote at the next election.

For Santa Clara,

Sheriff Harris, of Santa Clara, started by the Southern route Thursday morning for that place, taking Jim Haun, *alias* Wilson with him.

Quit Again.

H. C. Morse has disposed of his shop and blacksmithing business to Messrs. Welsh & Stevens, for a comfortable figure.

The Board of Supervisors.

The regular term of the Board of Supervisors will be held at this place on Monday, August 7th.

Arrived.

We learn that John T. Ryan has arrived at the Asylum in Stockton. Poor Johnny will not long survive.

Handsome Obituary.

Every man don't live to read his own obituary—but our cotemporary of The Enterprise has that pleasure. He will no doubt enjoy the following eulogy with more than ordinary zest, as he is rusticating over at Lake Tahoe, reveling among the Muses under tall pines. The San Francisco Alta of Saturday morning contained the following:

It is said a private dispatch was received in this city, last night, announcing the sudden death, at Salt Lake, of Joseph T. Goodman, editor and proprietor of The Territorial Enterprise, Virginia City. In the absence of press dispatches or private dispatches to this office, there is room for hope that the report is incorrect. Mr. Goodman had recently returned from a second visit to Europe, and had gone to Salt Lake, from Virginia City, on a pleasure trip with his personal friends, Mr. Edwin Adams and Mr. John McCullough. If the report prove true, the profession of journalism on this coast will have lost one of its most brilliant lights, and his death will be mourned by a large circle of warm and devoted friends.

It was the death of Henry M. Goodman (of the firm of Daley & Goodman) who was buried in Virginia City on Sunday, and who died at Salt Lake City last Tuesday, which gave rise to the premature obituary of our friend of The Enterprise, who is as handsome and sprightly as ever, and bids fair to live for many years yet.—*Gold Hill News.*

R. R. for Alpine.

It is rumored in San Francisco that the California Pacific Railroad Company have under consideration a project to build a road over the Sierras, by the Placerville or Big Tree route, and make a junction with the projected Chicago, and Northwestern Railroad at some point near Ogden.

A railroad by either of these routes would pass through Alpine, thus giving us communication east and west such as the immediate prospective importance of our country will require.—*Alpine Miner.*

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20 n47tf

LUMBER.

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of timber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.
Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32 6m*

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

DRUGS, ETC.

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines.

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32 6m JOHN LENTELL

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tfte

STATIONERY.

☞Aurora News Depot.☜

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, Etc., Etc.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

☞Store in Post Office Building,☜

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old mottos of

☞"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES

Dry Goods.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.
Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, July 29.....1871.

A Farmer's Experience.

That the success of farming is in experience.

That to ask a man's advice is not stooping, but often of much benefit.

That to keep a place for everything, and everything in its place saves many a step and is pretty sure to lead to good tools, and to keep them in good order.

That kindness to stock is like good shelter, is a saving of fodder.

That to fight weeds, is to favor grain, and to do justice to your neighbors.

That in making home agreeable, you keep your boys out of the city.

That it is a good thing to keep an eye out on experiments, and note all, both good and bad.

That it is a good thing to grow into farming—uot jump into it.

That it is a good rule to sell your grain when it is ready.

That the first mellow soil in the spring is your mellowest, and should be first put in.

That all farming is summed up in the manure heap on the farm.—*Prairie Farmer.*

To Keep Milk Sweet.

A tea-spoonful of fine salt or horse-radish, in a pan of milk, will keep it sweet for several days. Milk can be kept a year or more as sweet as when taken from the cow, by the following method:—Procure bottles, which must be perfectly clean, sweet and dry; draw the milk from the cow into the bottles, and, as they are filled, immediately cork them well, and fasten the cork with pack thread or wire. Then spread a little straw in the bottom of a boiler, on which place the bottles, with straw between them, until the boiler contains a sufficient quantity. Fill it up with cold water, heat the water, and as soon as it begins to boil draw the fire and let the whole gradually cool. When quite cold, take out the bottles and pack them in sawdust in hampers and stow them away in the coolest part of the house.—*Southern Farmer.*

Twiaba.

Abe Sower has this celebrated hair restorative for sale. Its virtues can not be too highly extolled, and bald heads owe the inventor, Dr. Herrick, a debt of everlasting gratitude. We say Dr. Herrick, for his scientific analysis of the compound revealed its wonderful virtues, and induced John Dennis to buy a bottle on his pate. The effect is marvelous, an undergrowth somewhat resembling young white sage is now struggling in a tangled mass on his cranium, and will certainly bloom before fall if an early frost does not nip it. Seriously speaking, the stuff is said to possess virtue, and is cheap.—*Reese River Reveille.*

Sad News.

Thomas (or "Tad") Lincoln, the youngest child of our late patriot President, and who seemed to be the sunlight and heart hope of his father, when in life, died in Chicago last Saturday, of a suddenly contracted pleuristic complaint, which resulted in dropsy of the heart. This sad news will be received with sorrow by those whose hearts were in true sympathy and regret at the fate of the Nation's murdered President.

Paris.

The city of Paris will issue a loan of 600,000,000 francs, to be expended in reconstructing and restoring the buildings and public places in that city.

—A few weeks ago, Duke Ernest of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, the brother of the late prince-consort, complained, in the presence of Prince Bismarck, that the order of the Iron Cross had been distributed too freely and indiscriminately. "I do not know about that," replied Bismarck; "the order is conferred on two classes of persons: first, to those who have really distinguished themselves during the war; and, second, as a matter of courtesy, to men such as your highness and myself." The duke made no reply.

—Vallandigham killed himself while demonstrating how another killed himself. Last week another man was killed in Ohio while demonstrating with a loaded pistol how Vallandigham killed himself. That it can be done successfully is pretty well established now.—*Carson Register.*

The Texas Pacific Railway will be 1,515 miles long, and for 250 miles it will be an air line without the least deviation. One stretch of 815 miles will have only six bridges. Its length is 398 miles less than the distance by rail from San Francisco to Omaha.

—A dividend is the surplus, the remainder, the result, the end of a transaction, divided among the shareholders—hence the word divide-ends. An apothecary originally carried his medicine about in jars—he was a pot-carrier—thence the word a-pot-he carries.

—Robert Jackson, a colored individual, native of Denmark, was this morning admitted to citizenship by County Judge Greene. Jackson is the first colored citizen ever manufactured in the county of San Joaquin.—*Stockton Republican.*

—There are in the United States one hundred and fifty-three monasteries, or religious houses for men leading the monastic life of the Roman Catholic Church, and three hundred and thirty-six convents, or cloisters for women.

—A little boy, who had been making the air melodious with his uproarious crying, was asked what was the matter, to which he replied: "I've got the stomachache, and I'll have it again if I've mind to."

—A horse attracted some attention on Main street, Los Angeles, lately, by drinking a river in the nozzle of a hose pipe.

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NEWTON BOOTH.....of Sacramento

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
ROMUALDO PACHECO.....of San Luis Obispo

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
DRURY MELONE.....of San Francisco

FOR CONTROLLER,
JAMES J. GREEN.....of Marin

FOR STATE TREASURER,
FERDINAND BAEHR.....of San Francisco

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
ROBERT GARDNER.....of Humboldt

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JOHN L. LOVE.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT,
GRANT L. TAGGART.....of Shasta

FOR STATE PRINTER,
THOMAS A. SPRINGER.....of Amador

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER,
JOHN A. McGLYNN.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESSMAN—FIRST DISTRICT,
S. O. HOUGHTON.....of San Jose

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
A. C. NILES.....of Nevada
[For the Short Term.]
A. L. RHODES.....of Santa Clara
[For the Full Term.]

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
H. M. BOLANDER.....of San Francisco

REPUBLICAN County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR,
M. C. ANDROSS.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN,
P. B. BACON.....of Tuolumne
WM. G. LONG.....of Tuolumne
DUNCAN CAMPBELL.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE,
DAVID LOVE.....of Fish Springs

FOR SHERIFF,
SETH G. SNEDEN.....of Bishop Creek

FOR CLERK,
M. W. HAMMERSTRAND.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
F. K. MILLER.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR TREASURER,
J. B. ROWLEY.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR,
J. R. WESTERVILLE.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER AND PUB. ADMINISTRATOR,
G. W. TODD.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
J. W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
LYMAN TUTTLE.....of Lone Pine

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
J. EARL.....Chairman
P. W. BENNETT.....Secretary
J. L. GARRETTSON.....Bishop Creek
A. M. LOOMIS.....Lone Pine
GEO. SHEDD.....Fish Springs
A. J. GOULD.....Cerro Gordo
P. A. CHALFANT.....Independence

DEMOCRATIC State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR:
H. H. HAIGHT.....of Alameda

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
E. J. LEWIS.....of Tehama

FOR JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT:
JACKSON TEMPLE.....of Sonoma
[For the Short Term.]
S. S. WRIGHT.....of San Francisco
[For the Full Term.]

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
W. B. C. BROWN.....of Sacramento

FOR CONTROLLER:
R. O. DEWITT.....of Siskiyou

FOR STATE TREASURER:
A. F. CORONEL.....of Los Angeles

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
JO HAMILTON.....of Placer

FOR SURVEYOR-GENERAL:
JOHN W. BOST.....of Merced

FOR STATE PRINTER:
JOHN T. BARRY.....of San Francisco

FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
O. P. FITZGERALD.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF SUPREME COURT:
THOS. LASPEYRE.....of Kern

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER:
JOHN ROSENFELD.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT:
LAWRENCE ARCHER.....of Santa Clara

First Congressional District Democratic Central Committee.

PRESIDENT—JAMES M. ALLEN.....San Francisco
SECRETARY—JAMES O'NEILL.....San Francisco
EXECUTIVE COM.—DAN'L McNEAL.....San Francisco
JAS. M. ALLEN.....San Francisco
JAS. O'NEILL.....San Francisco

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
John H. Moore.....Santa Clara Co.
John Darby.....Fresno Co.
G. J. Slocumb.....San Francisco.
W. W. Hudson.....Kern Co.
J. H. Lawrence.....Mariposa Co.
S. F. Geil.....Monterey Co.
J. W. Somers.....Mono Co.
P. D. Wigginton.....Merced Co.
A. J. King.....Los Angeles Co.
S. A. Sheppard.....Tulare Co.
J. D. Spencer.....Stanislaus Co.
John W. Saterwhite.....San Bernardino Co.
J. Wolfskill.....San Diego Co.
Russell Heath.....Santa Barbara Co.
D. W. James.....San Luis Obispo Co.
C. Cappiman.....Santa Cruz Co.
J. J. Hill.....San Mateo Co.
J. M. Allen.....San Francisco
Daniel McNeill.....San Francisco
James O'Neil.....San Francisco

DEMOCRATIC County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR:
W. A. EAKIN.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN:
GEO. A. WHITING.....of Tuolumne
W. C. CONNELLY.....of Tuolumne
D. B. CURTIS.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE:
JOHN A. HANNAH.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR SHERIFF:
CYRUS MULKEY.....of Lone Pine

FOR CLERK:
I. P. YANEY.....of Bishop Creek

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
E. H. VAN DECAR.....of Independence

FOR TREASURER:
HENRY M. ISAACS.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR:
J. F. DILLON.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER & PUB. ADMINISTRATOR:
JOHN A. LANK.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS:
JOHN W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR SURVEYOR:
.....

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
A. N. BELL.....Chairman
H. M. ISAACS.....Secretary
I. S. FREEBORN.....Lone Pine
J. L. PORTER.....Cerro Gordo
T. K. HUTCHISON.....Bishop Creek
JOHN LAIRD.....Round Valley
S. P. MOFFAT.....Independence
J. E. PARKER.....Independence
W. P. GEORGE.....Independence

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Great Bargains!

GREAT SACRIFICE —OF— Property!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS entire stock of goods at

Less Than San Francisco Cost Prices!

Bacon.....20 cts ℔ lb
Hams.....22 cts ℔ lb
Crushed Sugar. ℔ barrel, 20 cts.
do do 4½ lb for $1
Brown Sugar... ½ barrel $16
do do 5½ lbs $1
Candles, by the box, $5
do 9 for 50 cts
Ground Coffee, by the case, 36 cts.
do do 37½ cts ℔ lb
Green Coffee...by the sack, 23 cts
do do 25 cts ℔ lb
Lard.....by the case, 24 cts
do .....10 pound can, $2 50
do .....5 " " 1 25
Best Japan Tea, 75 cts by the case
do 80 cts ℔ lb
Dried Apples.....5½ lbs for $1
Dried Grapes.....5½ lbs for $1

CANNED STUFFS.

Tomatoes.....50 cts ℔ can
Oysters.....50 do
Salmon.....62½ do
Lobster.....62½ do
Jellies.....62½ do
Spiced Oysters.....75 do

All other articles, too numerous to mention, in the same proportion. Orders from the Valley will be promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by cheapest conveyance.

20,000 Dollars Worth of New Stock of Goods,

To arrive immediately, comprising an assortment of

General Merchandise,

Which will be sold at some reduction in prices, without reserve.

Still Larger Sacrifices

in all articles of **Clothing & Dry Goods.**

TERMS — **CASH ON DELIVERY.**

V. BEAUDRY.

Cerro Gordo, July 12, 1871. jy15n55tf

A RARE CHANCE —FOR A— PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County. Apply to

V. BEAUDRY,
ap28n44tf Cerro Gordo.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES, Provisions, LIQUORS, CIGARS AND TOBACCO. DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS, HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods, Clothing, Hardware, Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

mr25n39tv2

A. MACK,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

—AT—

Partzwick Mono Co., Cal

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South, Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.

ap29n44m4

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR PAST favors, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.

LEWIS SCHNEIDER.

At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence. jy15n55m3

PAINTING, ETC.

PAINTING, Wagon & Carriage Making. PAPER HANGING, ETC.

J. C. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. jn10n50tf

LIVERY STABLES

THE PIONEER LIVERY, SALE —AND— FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.

Independence, July 13, 1871. jy15n55m3

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n05-6m

Cerro Gordo FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. n51m6

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer.
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

LEGAL.

AN ACT

To Provide for the Payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to Contract a Funded Debt for that Purpose.

[APPROVED APRIL 2, 1870.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of liquidating and providing for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the State of California hereinafter specified, and to lessen the burden of taxation, the Governor of the State, the Controller of State and the Treasurer of State, and their successors in office, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, to be styled the Loan Commissioners of the State of California, and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the duties hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said State, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually, in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of State. The principal of said bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the state affixed thereto, and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Coupons for the interest shall be attached to each bond so that they may be removed without injury or mutilation to the bonds; such coupons, consecutively numbered, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the State.

SEC. 4. Before the sale of any of said bonds the said Loan Commissioners shall cause notice of such sale to be published, for the space of one month, in three daily newspapers published in English, one in the City of New York, one in the City of London, in England, and one in the City of the State; in and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in French, in the city of Paris, in France, and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in German, in the City of Frankfort on the Main, in Germany. Such notice shall specify the amount of bonds to be sold, the rate of interest they shall bear, the day and hour of sale, the place of sale, which shall be at the State Capital, and that sealed proposals will be received by the said Loan Commissioners for the purchase of such bonds. Within one month from the expiration of such publication, and on the day and hour named in said notice, the said Loan Commissioners shall open all sealed proposals received by them, and shall award the purchase of said bonds to such bidders as will, in their opinion, make the most advantageous bid for the State; *provided*, that said Loan Commissioners may reject any or all bids, if they deem it to the advantage of the State; and *provided* further, that they may refuse to make any award unless sufficient security shall be furnished by the bidders for the compliance with the terms of their bids; and *provided* further, that at said bonds shall not be sold at less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, in gold coin, par value.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer and Controller of State each to keep a separate record of all Bonds sold under the provisions of this Act, showing the number, date, amount and rate of interest of each bond, and to whom the same was issued.

SEC. 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for the payment of the expense that may be incurred by the Loan Commissioners in having such bonds prepared and said notices published.

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury; and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding soldiers' relief bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

SEC. 8. All persons having any of the bonds specified in section seven of this Act shall, upon presentation of such bonds to the said Loan Commissioners, be entitled to exchange them at their par value for bonds authorized to be issued under this Act, at the rate of ninety-three cents on the dollar, par value, but no bond shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars, but the said Loan Commissioners may issue certificates of such fractional parts not bonded, which said certificate shall be transferable, and entitled to be paid out of the proceeds of the sales of any bonds provided for in section seven of this Act. The Loan Commissioners shall cancel each bond so exchanged, and shall indorse on such bond the date on which they received the same, and from whom, the number and amount of the bond issued in exchange therefor, and shall file such bond in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 9. Whenever there shall be in the State treasury, from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued under this Act, a sum of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, printed in English, one in New York and one in the Capital of the state, for two months, which advertisement shall state the amount of money in the treasury applicable to the redemption of bonds, and the number of bonds, numbering therein the order of their issuance, which are redeemable; and three months from the date of the expiration of such advertisement, such bonds, unless sooner paid, shall cease to draw interest, but the money for the redemption of such bonds shall remain in the treasury to pay such bonds whenever presented.

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this Act, such rate of tax, on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the state, to be computed by the Controller of State on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next ten years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties, in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year, and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the state treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the State treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

SEC. 11. Whenever, on the third day of January or July, in any year, after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of any bonds under this Act, there remains, after the payment of the interest, as provided in the preceding section, a surplus of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, for the space of one month, in one daily newspaper, published in English, in the City of New York, and for one month in one daily newspaper, published in English, at the State Capital, for sealed proposals, to be opened one month after the expiration of such publication by the Treasurer, in presence of the Governor or Controller, at the State Capitol, for the surrender of bonds issued under this Act, which advertisement shall state the amount of money he has on hand for the purpose of redemption; and they shall accept the lowest proposals, at rates not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest amount of bonds, until the amount of cash on hand for the redemption is exhausted; *provided*, however, in case a sufficient amount of such bonds shall not be offered, as aforesaid, to exhaust the Sinking Fund to a less amount than ten thousand dollars, then it is hereby made the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, one in New York and one at the Capital of this State, for three months, which advertisement shall state the amount in the Sinking Fund, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which such fund is set apart to pay and discharge; and if such bonds so numbered in such advertisements shall not be presented for payment and cancellation at the expiration of such publications, then such funds shall remain in the treasury to discharge such bonds whenever presented, but they shall draw no interest after the expiration of such publication; before any of said bonds shall be paid, they shall be presented to the Controller, who shall indorse on each bond the amount due thereon, and shall write across the face of each bond the date of its surrender and the name of the person surrendering.

SEC. 12. The Treasurer of State shall keep a full and particular account and record of all his proceedings under this Act, and of the bonds redeemed and surrendered, and he shall transmit to the Governor an abstract of all his proceedings under this Act, with his annual report, to be by the Governor laid before the Legislature; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this Act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the Governor or the Attorney General, or a committee of either branch of the Legislature, or a joint committee of both.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to pay the interest on said bonds, when the same falls due, out of said interest Fund, if sufficient; and if said fund be not sufficient, then to pay the deficiency out of the General Fund; *provided*, that the Controller of State shall first draw his warrant on the Treasurer, payable to the order of said Treasurer, for the amount of interest money about to become due, which said interest warrant shall be drawn at least one month previous to the maturing of the interest.

SEC. 14. This Act shall take effect sixty days after the next general election, as to all its provisions, except those relating to and necessary for its submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing and proclaiming the votes, which shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This Act shall be submitted to the people of the state for their ratification, at the next general election, and the qualified electors of this State shall, at said election, on their ballots for State officers, vote for or against this Act; those voting for the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—Yes," and those voting against the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—No."

SEC. 16. The votes cast for and against this Act shall be counted, returned and canvassed, and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for the Treasurer of State, and if it appears that a majority of all the votes so cast shall be for or against this law as aforesaid, then if it be for this Act, then the same shall have effect as herein before provided, and shall be irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the Governor shall make proclamation thereof; but if a majority of the votes so cast are against this Act, then the same shall become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this Act published in one newspaper in each judicial district of this State, for three months next preceding the next general election, for which publication no greater allowance shall be made than the rates allowed by law to the State Printer.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full, and correct copy of Chapter Four hundred and Eighty-four, Statutes of California, Eighteenth Session, approved April 2, 1870, now on file in my office.

Witness my hand and the great seal of the State, at office, in Sacramento, California, the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1871.

(SEAL)

H. L. NICHOLS,
Secretary of State.

jy16n50m3

Application for Patent.

(NOTICE NO. 3.)

U. S. REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 1st, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. L. AND J. L. GREELEY have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for four thousand feet of the LAST CHANCE LODE, situated in Esmeralda Mining District, Esmeralda County, Nevada, and particularly described as follows:

Commencing at a post, the point of notice near the east end of the town of Aurora, about 5 chains north-easterly from the Monroe House, and about six chains north-easterly from the Wide West mill, running thence along the lode line

1. N. 54 deg. E. 4 chains.
2. N. 60 deg. 20 min. E. 2 71 chains.
3. N. 70 deg. 10 min. E. 7 23 chains.
4. S. 23 deg. 19 min. E. 8.59 chains.
5. N. 86 deg. 59 min. E. 6.02 chains.

Thence to the Westerly boundary of the Juniata lode claim, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line; also the mill site of the Wide West mill, described as follows:

Commencing at a post from which the South Westerly corner of the Wide West mill bears N. 54 deg. 20 min. E. distant 3.41 chains, and running

1. N. 11 deg. 28 min. E. 4.50 chains.
2. S. 78 deg. 32 min. E. 7.50 chains.
3. S. 11 deg. 28 min. W. 4.50 chains.
4. N. 78 deg. 32 min. W. 7.50 chains.

All of which is more particularly described by the diagram posted in this office and on the claim.

Bearings from the magnetic meridian.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

jy8n54m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IS. AC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE, being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a south easterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
fc17n51m3 Register.

Notice to Prospectors

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $1, and will buy all samples a saying more than $100 per ton.

HISKEY & WALKER.
ap, 8n40tf

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 2. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1871. NUMBER 58.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, August 5,.....1871.

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One Month	50
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Attorney and Counselor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law,

AURORA, NEVADA,

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no5 ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf]

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

AND GENERAL

Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.

Have all goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.

WM. M. OSBORN.

jy15n55m3

TRAVELING.

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

INDEPENDENT EXPRESS & PASSENGER LINE

To Los Angeles Direct.

H. W. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri-monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition Line of Steamers for San Francisco.

Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the State, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.

☞ Collections and commissions promptly attended to. ☜

The above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angelys on the 8th and 23d of each month.

Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via. Los Angeles	$27 50
Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via. Los Angeles	24 50
Fare to Los Angeles	20 00

AL. BRIGGS, Agent at Independence.

C. MULKEY, " " Lone Pine.

my29n47m3*

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s EXPRESS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,

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HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

MUTUAL Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

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my20n47tf

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my20n47tf Agenten.

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INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. n29n6m6

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Of San Francisco.

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STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.

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HARRIS & RHINE,

AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms. my20n47m3

THE MUTUAL Life Insurance Co. OF NEW YORK.

Organized 1842.

Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.

F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.

Assets July, 1870, $11,000,000 Cash.

THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents for Independence and vicinity.

my20n47tf

TINNER.

INYO PIONEER TIN SHOP,

Of INDEPENDENCE.

B. F. WELCH,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Worker.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN MY LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.

STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.

Please give me a call, at my shop on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store.

jy8n54tf

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46m3

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. jc10n50m6

HOTELS.

ORLEANS HOTEL,

LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.

D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a

Bar Attached,

Which has constantly on hand the choicest of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.

Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. je17y1

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12-6m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE.

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

SALOONS.

EXCELSIOR SALOON,

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on cash customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.

B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.

Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON,

Aurora, - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

n13jy93m

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

LONE PINE Pioneer Saloon,

C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeper—regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8n29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our well groceries.

DAVISON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

je4-33tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE.

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n38n3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

SUMMER.

[From Orpheus C. Kerr's "Versatilities."]

The fickle year is in its golden prime;
The world is dreaming in a hazy lustre,
And round the altars of our sunny clime
The blushing roses cluster.

Upon the mountain dwells impassioned light,
And in the valley sleeps a shade depressing,
While fields of wavering wealth enchant the sight
Like gold of God's own blessing.

The ploughman rests beneath the wayside tree,
The stream curls slowly round the hoofs of cattle;
And o'er the meadow floats the droning bee,
Fresh from his flowery battle,

Soft through the southern meshes of the vine
I hear the birds unto each other calling;
And in the casket of the eglantine
The tropic dews are falling.

Far in the distance rolls the sluggish sea,
With not enough of life in all its breathing
To bid the sail from its rude bonds go free,
And spurn its hempen wreathing.

On all there rests a lull and a hush,
The spell of poesy is on the blossom,
And nature's spirit slumbers in a blush,
Caught from high heaven's bosom.

The past and future blend in one sweet sleep,
The world's a dream, and care a hidden murmur,
Whose tears, however sadly he may weep,
Are but the dews of summer.

PIOCHE ITEMS.

[From the Pioche Record, July 23.]

Just about this time there is considerable talk in Pioche of going to Arizona, and not a few are making preparations to strike out at an early day for that far off region, around which so many golden visions hover, and are visible only to the eye of the veteran prospectors who have tramped the entire coast over and over again in search of something equal to that on which Breyfogle was permitted to feast his eyes, in the southern portion of this State, for a few brief hours and then passed forever from his sight—all search for the lost mine afterward proving fruitless. The immediate cause of this movement toward Arizona at present is the presence of Gen. Crook, a noted Indian fighter, in the "Land of the Apaches," and who is making preparations to move against these treacherous savages, and miners now begin to think they can prospect in Arizona with more safety than at any time previous. Sacramento District seems to be the place for which all are shaping their course, with the intention of venturing further after Gen. Crook has cleaned out the Apaches.

Here in Pioche, when it becomes necessary to "mist" in some provisions it is well to go in pairs, to draw up articles of agreement binding yourself to stand by your "running pard" to the last and fight, if necessary, these presumptuous little pests—flies. If a second St. Patrick would rise up and banish the flies his name would be honored until the end of time. In comparison, St. Patrick of old would sink into insignificance. Were the fly pest removed we of Pioche might stand an even chance for Heaven with the rest of mankind, but while they remain our chance will be proportionately slim, for we can never cease to *damn*.

Mayne Reid and Ned Marshal.

Mayne Reid, the prolific author of wild stories for little and big children, was once a gallant soldier, and distinguished himself in the Mexican war. After the capture of the city of Mexico, he was wont to empty his trunk in adorning his person before calling upon the fair Guadaloupe, and while so doing would stir up his enthusiasm by reciting poetry, much to the wrath and disgust of his brother officers, who had no fine clothes and no loves. One day while dressing he roared out:

"At midnight, in his guarded tent,
The Turk lay dreaming of the hour
When Greece her knees——"

"I say, Reid," interrupted Ned Marshall, "why did she grease her knees?"

"What?"

"You said 'grease her knees.' Now the question that agitates the country is, why did she grease her knees?"

The gay lieutenant gazed for a moment in blank amazement, and said sternly:

"You're a fool."

A duel was the consequence, in which Ned Marshall, with his usual luck, got the worst of it.

Engineering Triumph.

The great engineering work of deepening the Illinois and Michigan canal, so that the water of Lake Michigan may flow through Chicago river, and finally to the Gulf of Mexico, was completed lately, and Dam Summit, the highest point between the two water sheds, removed. The water rushed through with great force, and to-day the horrible stench of the Chicago river, noted as the most terrible in the world, has disappeared, and the blue waters of the lake have replaced its inky current. There is immense rejoicing among the people, as the benefit to the city in a sanitary point of view is incalculable. Many doubts had been expressed as to the final success of this work, which has cost the city over three million of dollars, but now it is believed that it will prove a complete triumph of engineering art.

The Costs of Law.

Two citizens of Medora, Jackson county, Indiana, went to law about five years ago, over a rail fence, the value of which was, probably, $25. The case is now before the Supreme Court for final adjudication, and, up to the present time, the costs amount to $3,000.

—Six miles of the Fresno irrigating canal are completed.

THE IRISH FACTIONS.

[From the Chicago Evening Post, July 13th.]

The calamity that has befallen New York city is the direct result of causes which, in addition to the brutal legislation of England, have made Ireland what she has been for three centuries, and what she will continue to be as long as the demon of faction possesses and infuriates her wretched people. There is no people on earth in which faction thrives as it does there. No motive of self-interest, no desire to regain what the nation once had—autonomy, wealth and civilization—no impulse of love of God or man, can unite her few millions of citizens for any object, good or indifferent. She is a perpetual national suicide.

The parties existing on the island are as numerous as they are devilish in their hatred of one another, and as surely as any new political question arises, one or the other of the existing divisions breaks turbulently into newer sects as hateful of their late brothers as of their oldest foes. It is not easy to classify the parties as they are to-day, and a single wave of popular sentiment to-morrow would unmake any previous classification. There are at least:

1. The Orange faction. It is extremely protestant, no man being admitted whose parents or himself were ever Catholic; its oath includes a declaration of hatred to the Catholic church, and a solemn promise to oppose it under all circumstances. In this country it is denied that the organization has any political significance; but in Ireland it is solidly opposed to any and every attempt for national independence; it glories in the traditions of English victories which reinstated English domination over Ireland, and swears loyalty to the British government. From the constitution of the society, it will be seen that its theology is as exclusive and vindictive as that of any Catholic sect.

2. The Ribbon faction. It exists for the sole purpose of hating and murdering Orangemen; avenging every Irish defeat, and caring more for breaking Protestant heads than for striking a blow for Irish independence. Like the Orange Association, the Ribbonmen are a secret sworn body, originally Catholic, but under the ban of the church both in England, Ireland and the United States. The fact of their having a secret oath is self-excommunication. They are the terror of the law-abiding people of Ireland, who, without distinction of religious faith, look upon them and the Orangemen as savage mastiffs living only for mutual destruction.

3. The Conservative Catholic faction led by Cardinal Paul Cullen. It upholds English government over Ireland because "it exists;" believes in the divine right of kings, excommunicates Fenians, Ribbonmen, and Orangemen alike; is of two extreme classes, the one luxuriously wealthy, the other in squalor, poverty, and abject obedience to all masters, religious and political. This faction is petted and toyed with by the English Government, who recognize it as a substantial footstool for royalty and an enduring support against Irish revolutionism.

4. The liberal Catholic faction, headed by the Archbishop of Tuam. It is irrevocably opposed to the legislative union between the two islands, demands favorable Irish legislation and legislative independence by moderate means; or, after reasonable efforts, revolution; but it keeps Catholicity above nationalism.

5. The national party. Its cornerstone is absolute separation of church and State; the Union of Catholics and Protestants, Orangemen and Ribbonmen, Radicals and Conservatives, Irishmen of all classes, political opinions and religious creeds, for one gigantic effort toward national independence and a republic. However wild and chimerical the aim may be, it is certainly entitled to the most cordial American sympathy; and it will not fail to be noticed by the American people that when O'Donovan Rossa, the recognized representative of this party in the United States, ascended the rostrum last Monday night in New York to make an appeal for peace and order, the Ribbonmen not only hustled him off the stand, but hissed him to his seat. Irishmen of the national party, both Republicans and Democrats, implored Mayor Hall, weeks in advance of this trouble, to interfere by protecting the Orangemen in the exercise of their legal right, and prevent the Irish Catholic demonstration; but the cowardly demagogue either turned a deaf ear to their words, or hid himself that they might not reach him.

In addition to these five factions, Ireland is harrassed by poverty, weighed down by laws and customs, the remnants of penal days; oppressed by an ignorant priesthood, by heartless landlords, by tithes to church and State that draw the life-blood from the peasantry; her politicians in Parliament traitors, her leaders demagogues, her commercial classes toadies to those above them and oppressors of those below. What is to be hoped for such a country?

Un Huevo Grande.

Can any one beat this egg story? Andrew Clemens had a hen that died the other day. The symptoms, during her ailment of a week, were so peculiar that a *post mortem* was deemed advisable. The verdict was, in plain English, died of an egg. The egg measures 10 inches in circumference one way, and 14 the other. Any one who don't believe the story can see for themselves by calling on Mr. C. We are obliged to Joseph Bath, of the Colonia, for the particulars.—*Ventura Signal.*

BRIEF HISTORY OF CALIFORNIA.

The starting date in the modern history of California is the year 1542, when Cabrillo, a Spanish explorer, first discovered and landed upon the shore of what is now called California. He named Cape Mendocino after Mendoza, the Viceroy of Mexico. Thirty-seven years later, in 1579, the English navigator, Sir Francis Drake, then Captain Drake, discovered and landed upon the coast at or near the bay still called by his name.

In 1596, Viscaino, a Spaniard, landed at La Paz, in Lower California. In 1602, he made another voyage, in which he entered the harbor of San Diego, and afterwards landed at Monterey.

The first Mission in California was founded by the Spaniards, at San Diego, in 1769.

The Bay of San Francisco was discovered in July, 1769, by Father Junipero Serra, but good authorities claim that the discovery was made by Don Gaspar de Portala, at the head of a small expedition, marching north from San Diego. The first ship entered the Golden Gate in June, 1775. The Presideo or garrison, in what is now San Francisco, was established September 17, 1776. The Mission of San Francisco de Assissex was founded October 9th, 1776, the year of American Independence.

During the Mexican war California was occupied by United States forces. Its naval and military governors were, in order:

Commodore Sloat, Commodore Stockton, John C. Fremont, General Kearney, Colonel Mason and Bennet Riley.

California came into the Unian September 9th, 1850. It became the 31st State—the figures 3, 1, just reversing the figures 1, 3, which expressed the number of original States at the time of the Declaration of Independence.

The first Governor elected by the people was Peter H. Burnett. He was elected November 13th, 1849. His successors have been: McDougal, J. Bigler, J. Neely Johnson, J. Weller, Milton S. Latham, John G. Downey, Leland Stanford, Frederick F. Low and Henry H. Haight, the present incumbent.

Signs Warranted Good.

To take down a gridiron from the nail where it is hanging, with the left hand, is a sign that there is to be a broil in the kitchen.

If a woman cuts her nails once a week it is lucky—for her husband.

To lose a very fine pocket-book, containing a thousand-dollar note, is very unlucky.

If you carry a spade, shovel or hoe through the house in Winter, it is a sign that you want to clear the snow from the front porch; if in Summer, it is a sign that it is nearer to the garden through the house than around it.

To meet a funeral procession at 3 o'clock in the afternoon is a certain sign of death.

To have sixteen warts on the left hand is decidedly unlucky. But to have seventeen on your right hand and one on the end of your nose is a sign that you are very unfortunate.

If a married man, in the presence of his wife, takes a bottle of old rye from the shelf of the pantry with the right hand, it is never-failing sign that she will soon be out of spirits, and that her husband is going to liquor.

Hanging and Haying.

The Gold Hill News, of July 17th has the following amusing incident:

The other night, as the Vigilantes were having a neck-tie-sociable out on the Geiger Grade, in the neighborhood of the new "gallus" strike of the Sierra Nevada mine, a rancher by the name of Andy Brown arrived in the vicinity of the party, *with a load of hay*—singular as it may seem, but nevertheless true. He and his team were stopped by the pickets of the camp, who presented arms. The man of hay dismounted, and trying to reason the matter with the pickets, whom he mistook for highwaymen, telling them he had done nothing, that he had no money, that he was an orphan, a single man, and that he had a lame horse, etc. He was requested to keep quiet, and to take a walk up the road where the meeting was being held, which he did, leaving his team standing. He came back shortly, terribly frightened, exclaiming as he reached the lead horse of his team, "Oh, my Mary! I want to sell my hay! oh, I want to sell out! I want to go home! Oh, my——!"

A Wonderful Vegetable Product.

There is a species of cactus, which grows in Mexico, and in some parts of Arizona, which may justly be ranked among the wonders of nature, and which is thus described by a late correspondent of the Alta: It rises in the form of a beautiful fluted column, as regularly grooved from top to bottom as if done by the chisel of an artist. The columnar stem or trunk is about three feet in diameter, and keeps its size and symmetrical form to the hight of forty and sometimes fifty feet. The edges of the grooves running perpendicularly from top to bottom of the gigantic plant, are thickly studded with long thorns, hard as steel and as sharp as a cambric needle. Not a limb nor a leaf mars its artistic contour, and were it not for their dark green color and the corona of crimson flowers at their top, one might think them to be the productions of art rather than a natural vegetable growth.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, August 5,..... 1871

INDIANS IN IDAHO.

By a private letter from Boise City, Idaho, we learn that the Indians in that section are conducting themselves in such a manner as to excite general apprehension that a serious outbreak is in contemplation. They have congregated at Big Camas, sixty miles southeast of Boise City, to the number of six or seven hundred, where, they also have a large band of horses, which they say they intend to take over the Rocky Mountains to trade to the Bannacks for buffalo meat. They say the Bannacks want their horses for breeding purposes, but as only about one-fifth of these are mares, the whites think they are destined for other uses, particularly as they are all saddle horses. They are well supplied with whiskey, and consequently are very saucy and impudent in their relations with the whites.

Settlers have made application to the new Governor to have some action taken for their protection, but as he is just from the "States," he does not know what to do. Prompt action on the part of a Governor fitted for the station, would possibly avert a bloody Indian war, and right here is another evidence of the injustice and bad policy of selecting Territorial officers from the Eastern States, when men better qualified in every particular could be selected from local residents who are fully versed in the needs and requirements of their own section.

THE SOLEDAD ROAD.

The people of Los Angeles as we learn by the Star, are awakening to the necessity of doing something to retain the Kern river and Inyo county trade, so there is a strong probability that the Soledad road will soon be completed. We think something more than the completion of that road will be necessary. If our statements of last week relative to the advantages offered by the San Buenaventura route are true, (and we have no reason to think otherwise), it is obvious that a material reduction in the cost of shipping, via Los Angeles, will have to be made very soon, as well as an improvement on the road itself. A clear saving of from $5 to $7 on each ton of freight will certainly sooner or later determine the question in favor of Ventura, notwithstanding the prestige now held by Los Angeles. That city must look to her laurels.

The Police of New York.

Governor John T. Hoffman has written a letter to Superintendent James J. Kelso, thanking the Metropolitan Police force for their eminently faithful discharge of duty in the riots of July 13th. Gov. Hoffman states that what he saw on the day mentioned satisfied him that, as a body of disciplined, intelligent, dutiful and fearless men, the cause of public order cannot anywhere in the world muster for its defence their superiors. The conduct of the police, he says, reflects great credit on themselves, the Department of Police, the city and the State; and, as Governor of the State, he desires to express his thanks to them and to their Superintendent.

Sale of a Railroad.

The Central Pacific Railroad Company have finally effected the purchase of the California Pacific Railroad, with the boats of the late Steam Navigation Company. The Central Company now own every road in the State, except the Copperopolis and Stockton. Virtually they own the State, and will run it to suit themselves. It is a fearful monopoly.

State Elections.

Kentucky voted last Tuesday; Vermont and California will on the first Tuesday in September; Maine will vote on the second Monday of the same month; Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana and Iowa, on the second Tuesday in October, and New York in November.

Enlarged.

Our neighbor just across the Big Ridge, The Fresno Expositer, comes out greatly enlarged. Glad to see it, and hope the improvement may result as satisfactorily to the editor as it is sure to do to his readers.

Strike at Schell Creek.

We learn that a number of Schell Creek adventurers who recently left here for the new diggings have made a big strike. The ledge assays four quarts to the gallon, in rot-gut whiskey.—*W. P. News.*

THE EDUCATIONAL QUESTION

The question of compulsory education as advocated in the fifth section of the Republican Platform, is attracting considerable attention throughout the State. The principle is strongly advocated by a majority of the journals of both parties, though there are some who oppose it bitterly. It is not at all probable that any of these journals that argue against this measure do so from any opposition to the cause of education itself, but from what they conceive to be the arbitrary method by which it is proposed to be brought about. All admit the importance, the necessity, of educating the rising generation. Here we have those growing up to whose care and control the future of our country is to be committed; is it not desirable that they should be educated and intelligent freemen; that they be able not only to distinguish between good and bad, between virtue and vice, but to comprehend the principles of Republican government, and give an intelligent support to the institutions of the country. Up to this point, all are agreed, but in applying this principle to the actual condition of the people at large, we find that this desirable state of affairs does not exist. We find a large class of people who are not educated, who, being themselves ignorant, permit their children to grow up in ignorance, leading inevitably to vice. Are these uncared-for children to be permitted to grow up, to be a drawback to the community, instead of striving with the others to promote the progress of the country? Certainly not. It is the duty of the State to see that nothing injurious to the health of the people shall be permitted to exist in the midst of a community; hence, laws are enacted to empower the proper officers to abate all nuisances. The same principle holds good as to the education of the people. The Republic rests on the intelligence of the people; let ignorance generally prevail, and the designing demagogue will soon have control of the reins of government. It is not argued by any that certain schools must be attended; it is not proposed to interfere with the education of any; it is not proposed to adopt a religious system in any school; there is no interference intended with any educational establishment; but simply, where children are neglected, are growing up in idle, vicious habits. It is proposed that the State shall enact a law whereby authority will be invested in some one, to compel the parents or those having charge of these ignorant waifs, to send them to some school a certain length of time every year.

Laws of the kind proposed are already in force in a number of our sister States, and by actual trial, have given perfect satisfaction in every instance. An educational law has been for many years an active principle in Germany, while nothing of the kind has ever found a place on the statutes of France. Note the difference: Factious Communes, red-handed Jacobins, and other promoters of evil to every form of government, find no foothold among the almost universally educated masses of the German states. Yet this general intelligence of the people, the only security against bloody revolution under any form of government, is due solely to laws enforcing education.

The following which we clip from the Los Angeles Star of July 22d, is suggestive:

On Saturday night last, at the Democratic meeting, toward the last of the proceedings, Mr. McFadden, the County Superintendent of Public Schools, a candidate for re-election, was called to the stand, and during his remarks on the subject of education, made this most startling statement, that of the number of children in the county, of the age to attend school, amounting to five thousand, there were three thousand six hundred who did not attend school—who received no education whatever. It is unnecessary to add, that Mr. McFadden is in favor of the adoption of a law to rescue those unfortunate victims of ignorance from their degraded condition. And who would not be? Here is this disgraceful fact brought home to our own doors—no use going abroad any more for instances of the necessity of enforcing education. We have thousands among ourselves to whom the passage of such a law would be a blessing, and we hope those members who may be elected from this county will have sufficient intelligence if not to promote this object, at least not to place any obstruction in the way of extending relief to those three thousand unfortunates. We have been told by those men who seek nominations for the Legislature, that the matter of education should be left to the parents. Will they make such a statement, after the appalling ignorance, the criminal indifference exposed by Mr. McFadden on the part of the parents of this country? We think not—we cannot conceive they will be indifferent to the fate of the rising generation. We are satisfied they will see the importance, the necessity of enacting a law to rescue from ignorance the children of the ignorant and debased. The man who values education at its just importance, the first essential of a human being, will not be slow in adopting any means to compel the attendance of children at some school a given portion of time each year. Opposition to such a course will argue ignorance on the part of its promoters.

We were glad to hear Governor Downey insisting, in his closing remarks at the meeting, on the necessity of compelling the attendance of all children at school, and going even still further, of furnishing the children of the necessitous with clothing, so that they might make a neat appearance at school.

MAIL ROUTE NEEDED.

There is no regularly established mail route between this city and the Owen's River country, notwithstanding the fact that the bullion product of the mines in that region finds its way to market through Los Angeles, and the supplies of various kinds intended for consumption there are forwarded from our depot. Considerable business is thus created, and the consequent need of postal intercommunication is obvious. A route to Havilah for the same manifest reason is desirable. The only route maintained by the post-office department from the several towns in the Kern River and Owens River districts is that connecting them with Visalia, and remotely with the outside world. The want is widely complained of and would doubtless be remedied upon representation of the facts in the case being made to the proper authorities. All citizens of both the towns interested, should unite in petitioning for the additional facilities required. At present there is a weekly private mail over the route, but this, no matter how faithfully conducted, does not meet the wants of the people, and should speedily be succeeded by a regular government contract.

The foregoing is from the Los Angeles News, of July 22d. If any argument is required to show the actual need for a direct mail between Los Angeles and this section, it is shown in the date of the paper from which the above is taken. Papers or letters are rarely, if ever, received here from Los Angeles in less than two weeks time from their dates. Yet, by far, the greatest part of our business with the outside world is with and through Los Angeles. Mr. Robinson runs a private freight and passenger express three times per month between the two places, but this does not answer our needs. Mr. Robinson has the best wishes of this entire community for his success in his endeavors to establish a weekly express, and it would still be more pleasing if he could obtain a mail contract.

We believe there is a mail and passenger coach running semi-occasionally from this place via. Visalia to San Francisco, but that affords no direct communication with Los Angeles and other points south. In furtherance of the suggestion offered by the News, we will say that if any man having enterprise and "get up" enough about him to run a stage line, will circulate a petition for a direct mail, we will guarantee that it will receive enough signatures if that will effect anything.

Indian Murders in Death Valley.

From Harry Newton, in from Troy, we learn indefinitely of an extensive murderous foray, supposed to have been perpetrated by indians. Tom Shaw and party, eight men in all, were working a gold-bearing quartz lead, using arastras for amalgamating. The camp was below Montezuma District, in the upper end of Death Valley. Last Monday, Garrett, of the firm of Garrett & Josselyn, merchants at Hot Creek, brought the news to Troy of the murder of the greater part, if not all, of the Shaw party. Five bodies were found; Shaw and one other missing. It is hoped the two men not found murdered made their escape. Bob Steen, Sheriff of Nye county, started off at once for Belmont, to procure a sufficiently strong party to safely proceed to the ground in search of the murderers, and to dispose of the bodies. The locality of the murders is supposed to be in Nye county. The men must have been killed about ten days ago. Tom Shaw formerly lived in Ione, and is well known by many of our readers.—*White Pine News.*

Since the foregoing was in type we find the following in The Reese River Reveille of July 26:

The above rumor is undoubtedly false. Mr. Stansbury, who is now in Austin, was at Silver Peak on Monday, 17th instant, at which time Tom Shaw was there to get his mail matter, intending to return to his arastra on the following day, Tuesday, 18th. Moreover there are not eight men in Shaw's party. He has but one partner, and they are the only two white men there. Scott and Black are at work several miles this side of Shaw's place, and these four men comprise the whole of the white population in that section.

An Important Announcement.

Among the dispatches to the Associated Press, we find one of the most important announcement of the day. It is this:

PHILADELPHIA, July 13th.

To-day the first narrow guage passenger engine ever built in America, the "Montezuma," will be shipped from this city to its place of labor beneath the shadows of Pike's Peak.

Think of it—the first narrow guage engine ever built in America! To operate at Pike's Peak—a few years ago, considered a desert. We hope soon to be able to make the announcement that one has been ordered for our own district. Look at the vast fields of mineral lying waste and unoccupied, for the want of facilities for transportation of ore and the necessities of life. Who will give us a coast line, connecting with a line to the rich mines of Kern, Cerro Gordo and Clark District?—*Los Angeles Star.*

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

The Carson City Register and Virginia Enterprise are carrying on a very bitter newspaper war—flinging mud at each other at a terrible rate. The Reno Crescent thinks that if this fight should terminate as did that of the Kilkenny cats, the result would be eminently satisfactory to all true patriots and good citizens. We concur.

Ben. Ellsworth, a teamster, and an old and respected citizen of Carson was shot in the groin, July 25th, in Pine Nut Valley, Douglas county, by a Mexican named Edward Rodriquez. The shot was intended for another Mexican, with whom Rodriquez was disputing about the title to a wood ranch. It is supposed Ellsworth cannot recover.

Details of the plan of the Central Pacific air line from San Francisco to Red Bluff are being made public. It is certain that no time will be lost in the construction of the line and that Oregon and Eastern passengers will be brought through upon it, the Western Pacific track being used only for freight and way travel.

Judge Stanly, in San Francisco, has admitted Chinese testimony in a suit for debt where a white man was party to the suit, appealed from a Justice's court, and rendered a decision in favor of the Chinese defendant therefor.

A reign of terror has again been inaugurated by the Leaguers in Amador county. Numbers of them in masks are prowling around seeking an opportunity to murder persons connected with the Amador mine. One of the Leaguers named Hugh M'Menomy made an attack upon Hatch, book-keeper of the mine. James Bennett, foreman of the mine, shot and killed M'Menomy, and at the same time it is supposed accidentally shot Hatch, who has since died from the injuries received in the melee together with this shot. The National Guard has been ordered ready to march at a moment's notice.

A dispatch from Sutter Creek, dated July 26th, reads: Things are quiet, as far as the late trouble is concerned. A fire has just broke out in the Badger shaft of the Amador mine. Great efforts are being made to extinguish it. Most of the people of this city are present at the mine, and excitement prevails. The shaft is closed and they are running water down into it.

A late number of the Arizona Miner says: The rainy season has now fairly set in, and the entire face of this section of the country is changed for the better. Corn, wheat, vegetables, etc., are growing rapidly.

One day last week, as the few soldiers who carry and escort the mail from Camp Verde to Prescott, once a week, were approaching Brananman's ranch, on their way to Prescott, a large party of Indians were seen running on the hills near the trail, with the view of cutting off and capturing the escort. They were, however, baulked in their scheme by the watchfulness of the soldiers.

"Moreland City," is the name of the city recently mapped out, on the flat below the Tiger Discovery claims, Bradshaw. It was christened after D. Moreland, the discoverer of the Tiger.

Sheep are being imported to Prescott from New Mexico, and flour brought from the same Territory retails for $8 50 per cwt. in currency.

The Record says considerable sickness prevails in Pioche at present. It develops itself in the shape of dysentery of a very weakening and dangerous nature. By many the water from certain localities is supposed to be the cause.

A double track is to be laid by the Central Pacific Railroad Company from Sacramento to Vallejo, and a line built from Davisville to Red Bluff.

Major Bronson, of the First Regiment of the National Guard, late in command of the troops at Sutter Creek, died from the effects of camp fever.

The injunction has been raised, and Von Schmidt's dam at the outlet of Lake Tahoe will now be hastened to completion, with the view of supplying San Francisco with Tahoe water.

A Mrs. Dorr and daughter have been arrested at Truckee charged with setting fire to that town. They gave bail in $1,000 to appear before the Grand Jury.

Within nine months Truckee has suffered three times by destructive fires.

It is generally reported that the opposition steamer, Wm. Tabor, has been bought off the San Diego route, and the old line's fares and freights have advanced already. The Orizaba left July 27th, loaded almost to the guards with passengers at $10 for steerage and $15 for cabin, and freight at old rates.

The transfer of the California Pacific Railroad to the Central Company was to take place the first of this month.

It is said that the female suffragists propose to nominate Mrs. Laura De-Force Gordon as State Senatoress from San Joaquin county.

FOREIGN NEWS ITEMS.

Yellow fever is raging as an epipemic at Para, on the Amazon, in Brazil. It has carried off all the strangers and recent emigrants, the British Consul among the rest.

In Khorassan, Persia, 300 persons are dying daily of famine, and in some cases dead bodies are eaten by the living, and the living are slain for food. As might be expected, the plague follows in the track of the famine.

Zorilla has formed a new Spanish Ministry, with himself at the head. It is liberal and progressive.

Bismarck has been created Duke of Luxemburg, it is reported.

Andrew Johnson, ex-President of the United States, is expected in Paris.

Washington news says, the Russian Minister is to be recalled.

It is rumored and repeated that the adjournment of the Courts-martial for the trial of the Communist prisoners is made for the purpose of paving the way to a general amnesty.

The Goodwin Cup was won by Spandor, at the late English races. The Prince of Wales and other nobility were present.

It is said that Thiers has induced Bismarck to consent to the evacuation of the Paris forts, still held by the German troops, and the entire department of the Loire, Seine, and Eoise, on or before August 31. Many Commune prisoners who were sent to the French forts have been released.

EASTERN NEWS.

The great Louisville million dollar greenback lottery, started recently under the management of Charles, of San Francisco, late manager of the Mercantile Library Lottery, is not a success. Letters state that no excitement whatever attended the opening, and no considerable number of tickets have been sold up to date. Peters is greatly disappointed with the enterprise.

Gen. Ely S. Parker has resigned the Commissionership of Indian affairs, and the President has accepted his resignation.

With an India rubber raft twelve feet wide and fifteen feet long, Captain John Meeks proposes to cross the Atlantic about the middle of August.

The New York Times is greatly annoying the Tammany thieves by exposing their corruptions. Therefore the thieves aforesaid have offered a startling price for The Times. The proprietor of The Times informs them there is not money enough in New York to buy that paper.

An accident on the St. Louis and Toledo railroad, July 27, caused the death of from six to ten persons and the smashing of two trains, besides the serious injury of many not killed outright.

Shocking Barbarities by Blackfoot Indians.

The Milwaukee News of a recent date gives a most harrowing detail of the sufferings inflicted by Blackfoot Indians upon a French boy, who was captured by them at the St. Cloud massacre in 1864, and made his escape six years after from his captivity, and when the News published its account of his sufferings he had reached Manisloe, Michigan, on the way to find an uncle who lived at Grand Haven. The News says that he was subjected to a rigid cross-examination, but his story was so straight that no doubt was entertained of its truth. The name of this youth is Benillan Wood, and the family consisted of the father, mother, three girls and two boys. When the Indians made their attack they killed all but himself and a sister younger than he was. His father was scalped, his mother and a baby brother were put to death under circumstances of the most horrible cruelty; and two sisters, who had reached womanhood, were nailed by the hands and feet to a wall and scalped. The boy fainted at witnessing the dying agonies of his relatives, and when he returned to consciousness found himself and his sister captives. He was then twelve years old.

The Indians carried them to the western slope of the Rocky Mountains, and on arriving there set a mark upon their prisoners by chopping one of the boy's arms off, and both the girl's ears. The boy was also emasculated.

The unfortunate children were then separated and never saw each other after. He was kept under close surveillance during the whole time of his captivity, and until he learned their language was treated with great cruelty. His principal food while with them was raw meat.

About a year ago he made his escape while the camp was asleep, and having only one arm he was unable to carry a gun to kill game to live on, and had to subsist on such herbs and roots as he could procure in his rambles. The first white settlement he struck was Pike's Peak, where his arm, on which there had been a running sore from the time it was chopped off, was reamputated. From Pike's Peak he made his way by slow stages, and mostly on foot, as few believed his story, and assistance and sympathy were meager. When he reached Manisloe he found friends, who furnished the means necessary to carry him to his journey's end.

The News says the boy is honest and simple, bears the indelible marks of the torture he has endured, and wept while describing the murder of his people. It is the intention to bring the matter to the attention of Senator Ferris, in hopes of procuring Government aid for the recovery of the boy's sister.

An Earthquake Fills a Mine.

The Los Angeles News of the 16th says: On Sunday last a severe shock of earthquake was felt at the Joe Walker mine in Kern county. The mine almost instantly filled with water, compelling the suspension of operations until the necessary engines for pumping out the water can be obtained from San Francisco. For this item and others relating to occurrences in the same part of the country the News is indebted to George Andrews, the enterprising proprietor of the Havilah stage line.

Dunderberg Mine.

The Carson Register says: We learn that our fellow townsmen, Dr. Munckton, the principal owner of the Dunderberg mine, is about making arrangements to place the mine or a portion of it where we can all have a chance at it. He proposes to get up a grand lottery and place some of the shares in the market in the shape of prizes. He will in addition put up as a prize his fine two story brick drug store, situated on Carson street; also, several other valuable buildings and lots in Carson city, and a number of gold coin prizes. The Dunderberg mine is undoubtedly a valuable piece of property, and the object of the Doctor is to raise capital to carry on the work successfully. We have no doubt but the public will take hold of the matter in earnest.

From San Diego.

The Tucson Arizona Citizen has the following, dated July 22d: "Intelligence has been received of an attack by Indians on a beef herd at Camp Bowie on the 20th inst. The Indians were very bold, and came right on the military reserve within gunshot of the parade ground while the herd were drinking at a spring. A butcher, D. McDengal, was killed, also a Mexican. Nearly all the troops are in the mountains, and Gen. Crook's command had gone southward a few days previous, of which the Indians must have been advised. Lieut. Drew, and a few men at the post, with a few laborers, made a gallant fight, and killed and wounded Indians, but at latest accounts had recovered none of the stock. A sergeant wounded, and a couple of horses killed, constitutes the loss on our side. Ira O. Tuttle, known about Oakland and San Francisco, was engaged in the fight and was slightly wounded."

The Way to Do It.

Persons often say that they should be delighted to sing, if they could only remember the words. Amateur vocalists pay but little attention to the words. People with short memories may sing something like the following:

Oh! if I had lumty tum, lumty tum too,
In the land of the olive and fig,
I would sing of the lumti, tum tumti to you,
And play on a thing-a-me-jig.

And if in the tumti tum battle I fall,
A tum-a tum is all that I crave,
Oh! bury me deep in the what you may-call',
And plant thy gumboes over my grave.

BORN.

At Camp Independence, July 18, to the wife of Major Egbert, U. S. A., a son.

MARRIED.

At Bishop Creek, July 24, by the Rev. A. Clark, John Crough to Miss Julia Heilenback.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUCTION. AUCTION!

I WILL SELL TO THE

Highest Bidder

On THURSDAY NEXT, Aug. 10,

ALL OF THE FOLLOWING NAMED ARTICLES, not previously disposed of, to wit:

14 Cows, 4 Heifers and 8 Calves.
1 wagon—carries 80 hundred.
2 setts double harness.
Half interest in 1 pump hay-press.
1 grindstone, 1 roller, 2 ploughs.
Hoes and shovels.
Milk-pans and cans.
1 Parlor stove.
1 Florence sewing machine.
Household Furniture.

TERMS: Cash on delivery, or 90 days time with approved security on sums not less than $25.

O. L. MATTHEWS.

Independence, August 5, 1871.

THE OFFICIAL HISTORY

OF THE

War between Germany and France

WITH

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES

Of the Principal Personages

ENGAGED IN THE CONTEST.

BY JAMES D. MCKABE, JR.,

Author of "Paris by Sunlight and Gaslight," "Life of William, Emperor of Germany," "Life of Napoleon III," etc.

Illustrated with over one hundred Fine Engravings and Maps.

THE STORY TOLD IN THIS WORK IS THE most interesting of the century, equaling in attractiveness the history of the deeds of the Great Napoleon. It is printed from a beautiful, clear, new type, on fine calendered paper, comprised in one large royal octavo volume of 740 pages embellished and illustrated with over 100 splendid engravings, comprising portraits of the most prominent actors in the great drama, battle scenes, incidents of the war, localities, buildings, fortifications, sieges, cities, etc., and enriched with a series of carefully executed maps, prepared especially for this book. It will be furnished to subscribers in Fine Leather, (library style,) in English or German, - - **at $5 00**

Send in your orders for this or any other book desired to the Post Office, Independence.

n5tf J. B. ROWLEY, Agent.

For Sale.

I WILL SELL MY BLACK HORSES "EBONY" and "Sheep-Driver," also one iron axle wagon, 1¾ inch spindles, nearly new, and suitable for two heavy or four light horses; also, one set of Concord wheel harness, one sulkey and sulkey harness.

PAUL W. BENNETT.

n5tf

NOTICE.

THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CENTRAL COMmittee will meet at Independence on the 19th day of August, 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the transaction of very important business. Every member should be present.

A. N. BELL, Chairman,
H. M. ISAACS, Secretary.

n5tf

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

CERTAIN PARTIES HAVING ON DIVERS OCCASIONS placed boards and other obstructions in the irrigating ditches belonging to us, the undersigned, greatly to our damage and detriment, we hereby warn said parties that all such acts in the future will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

S. A. DENSMORE,
JACOB VAGT.
A. WALKER.

Camp Independence, August 5, 1871. n2n5t3m

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, August 5,.....1871

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Joe Bowers.

The Sheriff of Nye county dispatched a runner to Deep Spring Valley to hunt up Joe Bowers, Chief of the Piutes, with a view of getting him to come to Belmont and go with the Sheriff's party in search of the supposed Shoshone murderers of the Shaw party—some account of which murder will be found in our news columns. After a long search Capt. Joe was found some miles further down the Inyo range, but having a wholesome dread of the Shoshones, declined to go and see them unless accompanied by a strong party of white men. Beyond these meagre details we have nothing to relate concerning the movements of the parties engaged in the search for the bodies of the men alluded to in our extract from the White Pine News, nor the supposed Indian outbreak. There are a large number of renegade Piutes and Shoshones congregated in the Death Valley region, and though no apprehensions of a general Indian war need be felt, yet it is quite probable we may hear of other outrages at their hands upon other small parties over in that section.

Deep Spring Valley.

Messrs Hiskey & Walker are running a tunnel for the Julia Dean ledge, and are now in 160 feet. They have struck a fine stream of water in this tunnel, and in a very few days expect to reach the ledge. This is the first time in that camp, or in fact any of our mines, that water has ever been struck in mining tunnels and is therefore something remarkable. These gentlemen have, at considerable expense, built a reservoir in the stream that supplies power for their mill, but with this aid are enabled to run their machinery but a small portion of the time, so they will soon put in an engine—Mr. Walker having now gone to Silver Peak to obtain one. There is an abundance of good ore there, but until the mill is supplied with a reliable motive power, there are no means of reducing it.

Our School.

The school in this place has now been in operation two weeks; and under the efficient administration of Mr. Hardy, is progressing finely. There are 36 pupils in attendance. We will here say to parents that it is a matter of importance to the entire school that children should be kept regularly in attendance, or kept away entirely. There can be no system in teaching, or satisfactory results to pupils if they are allowed to attend school one day and be absent the next, and though no complaints from this cause have yet been offered, it is well enough for parents to take this matter in consideration in time.

Committed to Jail.

Santiago Cosa, a Mexican, committed an "assault with intent to do great bodily injury" on some one, a few days since, in Cerro Gordo, and he was snaked up before Justice Hannah, (not the Hannah that was sailing,") and sentenced to pay a fine of $80, or be boarded 40 days and 40 nights in the County Jail. Santiago sabes somethings, so he preferred the board and accordingly came down here on a commitment not directed to anybody in particular, but he scorns to take advantage of any such trifling oversights, and though not legally bound to do so, he is always within hearing about "grub time."

A Valuable Book.

Mr. Rowley, of the Postoffice, offers for sale a full and complete history of the late war between Germany and France. This fine work of 740 pages, which is sold by subscription only, is profusely illustrated with portraits of the distinguished actors, maps and battle scenes, and is a valuable addition to any library. Mr. Rowley will also fill orders for books of any kind. See his advertisement.

All a Mistake.

It appears we were wrongly informed as to the cause of the stoppage of the O. L. S. L. Company's furnace. There was no "misunderstanding" as to how the mine was to be worked thereby causing a scarcity of ore. Repairs to the blast furnace were necessary, and hence the stoppage. The furnace will be fired up again by Monday next, if not to-day, and there is ore enough now on hand for a lengthy run.

Sold Out.

We understand that Judge O. L. Matthews has disposed of his fine place near town to Mr. Frank Hutchinson, of Bishop Creek. The Judge, with his family, designs the long and weary pilgrimage, the "plains across" to Kansas, taking with him a large band of horses. We thought the idea of families emigrating to the *East* was played out long since, but here is proof of our mistake.

See to Him.

We hope people down about Lone Pine, Cerro Gordo, and that country generally, particularly those who have a little cash on hand, will see that our Junior, who is straggling around there, doesn't get into trouble. He is running for no office, it except the office of THE INDEPENDENT, and therefore is worthy of moderately fair treatment, especially from the fair.

To Whom it May Concern.

Certain parties will do well to read, and better still, to heed, the advertisement with the above caption, to be found in this issue. To steal money, horses, etc., is considered somewhat criminal; to steal water under circumstances like that mentioned in this advertisement is no better.

"Ebony" and "Sheep Driver."

P. W. Bennett offers the above named well known horses, together with wagon, harness, etc., for sale, as may be seen by referring to his advertisement. Parties standing in need of a good team of horses for buggy or wagon should take a look at them before purchasing elsewhere.

A Kicking Horse,

That was tied evening before last, near Mr. Dow's dwelling in this place, exercised his heels upon the side of the house to such an extent as to knock in about four feet square of it, and greatly frightened two ladies who were inside.

Very Good.

Toward the close of the last run of the O. L. S. L. Company's works, there were several tons of bullion run worth $700 per ton, while the average is from $250 to $280 per ton. If the "blowers" up at the boasted Eureka mines can beat this we would like to know it.

Attention, No. 1's.

The regular monthly meeting of Independence Engine Co. No. 1 will take place next Monday evening. It is to be hoped every member will attend, as there are matters of importance to be considered.

The Cause of it.

Any improvement (?) typographical or otherwise, observable in this issue, may be attributed to the total absence, (not abstinence) of the boss printer, likewise the devil, both of whom have "ganged awa."

Board of Supervisors.

The Board of Supervisors meet Monday next, when, in addition to other business, there may be a vacancy to fill in an important county office.

Personal.

James Brady, Superintendent of the O. L. S. L. Co., arrived by the last stage from an extended visit to San Francisco and the East.

Bullion Shipment.

Four bars of bullion were shipped from the mill of Messrs. Hiskey & Walker, Deep Spring; two, each on the 8th and 31st of July, the whole weighing 464 ounces, valued at $335.

Committee Meeting.

Members of the Democratic Central Committee will please note the call for a meeting to be found in our advertising columns

For Supervisor.

The Democratic County Central Committee have placed A. N. Bell, Esq., in nomination for Supervisor of this district, against J. N. Rose, the Republican candidate.

Street Improvements.

Our Roadmaster has for some days been engaged grading down the banks at the creek crossing on Edwards street, and other similar needed street improvements.

The Cerro Gordo Furnaces.

Belshaw's furnace is running continuously; Beaudry's has just shut down for repairs. At these two furnaces there are now 7,000 bars of bullion on hand awaiting transportation.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in Postoffice at Independence, August 1, 1871.

Beasley, T G (2)	Bennetts Richard
Bennetts Chas H (2)	Buquin Lanz
Chapple Thos	Calnan John
Durrhey J S	Datson J D
Folsom James	Fally J E
Grail Ely	Grimin H
Hannon Michael	Harvey T J
Horton J E	Hunter Alex
Jackson Geo	Kelley Frank
Knowles J	Little Sam
Murphy John	Manning James
Nichols Wilmot	O'Neil Michael
Pelit E F	Robinson Wm
Rudstein Emil (2)	Shipley Jackson
Tinkin Wm	White John

J. B. ROWLEY, P. M.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING RECEIVED FROM THE HANDS OF the Republican party the unexpected honor of a nomination for Assemblyman of Inyo County, I deem it fair and proper to briefly state my views upon two of the most important questions concerning the future of this County and State. I am decidedly in favor of the enactment of a No-fence law for this county, and if elected, shall work to that end. I am also in favor of a general school law for the State, similar to that proposed in section fifth of the Republican state Platform. I endorse and will sustain to the best of my ability the principles of the Republican party, as set forth in the State Platform, and on these grounds most respectfully ask the support of all citizens favorable thereto.

DUNCAN CAMPBELL.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal., July 27, 1871.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLEARE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

je10.50tf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for **County Scrip.**

jy22.56m3 J. B. ROWLEY.

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
June 10 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING WARRANTS on the County General Fund will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date:

No.	Amount.	Drawn in favor of
236	$75 00	J. W. McMurry
265	47 15	L. A. Talcott
281	6 00	I. Mahoney

I. HARRIS
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
jy15n55t4

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notions,

Farming and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shooting Fluds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my29n47tf

LUMBER.

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. f4n32 6m*

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

DRUGS ETC.

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines.

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

f64:32-6m JOHN LENTELL

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46:ftc

STATIONERY.

☞Aurora News Depot.☜

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS.

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

☞Store in Post Office Building,☜

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. F. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old mottos of

☞"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes.

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35n3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
Wines and Liquors,
Dry-Goods,
CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods,
HARDWARE,
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

—AND—

EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.

Fish Springs, July 22, 1871. n56n3

R. J. MORRISON

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries,

HARDWARE,

Crockery and Glass Ware,

PAINTS, OILS,

Varnish and Window Glass.

Also, a fine assortment of the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a well-assorted

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

of 500 volumes.

School Books, Blank Books and Stationery.

TO THE ABOVE STOCK THE UNDER-IGNED would most respectfully beg leave to call your attention, especially to the quality and

Greatly Reduced Prices!

TERMS---STRICTLY CASH.

R. J. MORRISON,
Proprietor.

Postmaster, Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.; also, agent for the **Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.**

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., July 29, 1881. n57m3*

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms.

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, June 20, 1871. je14n52tf

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

my20n47tf

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, August 5.....1871

—An amusing incident took place, the other day, at a trial. The counsel had just arisen to state the case for the plaintiff, and had get no farther than: "May it please your honor and gentlemen—," when he was rudely interrupted by a small juror, whose head was just visible above the box, with; "Cut it short!" To him straightway the barrister turned; "Sir, I will cut it almost as short as you are!" He was not interrupted any more by the little juror.

—They have had an Indian raid up at South Pass. One hundred and fifty Sioux came within one hundred yards of the hospital at Camp Brown and got away with five horses. Red Cloud is said to be on the war path again. The commanding officer at Fort Laramie telegraphs to General King at Cheyenne that Red Cloud says "he will not give a d—n for the flour, coffee, sugar, etc., but says he will fight and drive away all the white persons from his grounds."

—A lecturer undertook to explain to a village audience the word phenomenon. "Maybe you don't know what a phenomenon is. Well, I'll tell you. You have seen a cow, no doubt. Well, a cow is not a phenomenon. You have seen an apple tree. Well, an apple tree is not a phenomenon. But when you see the cow go up the tree tail foremost to pick the apples, it is a phenomenon."

—A Sunday school teacher was giving her class a lesson on Ruth. She wanted to show the kindness of Boaz in commanding the reapers to drop their bundles of wheat.

"Now, dear children, Boaz did another nice thing for Ruth. Tell me what it was."

"Married her," replied one of the boys.

—A temperance lecturer at Detroit, Mich., posted bills all over town with big letters, "Muzzle that dog." The people thought it meant business, and came from the Chief of Police, so they muzzled their dogs before night. The dogs didn't know what to make of it until they saw the bills around.

—"Is your father at home?" inquired a man of the little girl who admitted him.

"Is your name Bill?"

"Some people call me so," he replied.

"Then he's not at home, for I heard him tell John if any bill came, to say he is not at home."

—A burglar who attempted to enter a house in Germantown, Pa., through a window, startled a little girl who was sleeping in the room. Half awake she exclaimed, "Don't touch that candy!" and the burglar fled.

—A man has just been hauled out of the swamps in North Carolina, who went there to avoid the draft in 1864, and until he was discovered, did not know the war was over.

—"People," says a modern philosopher, "go according to their brains; if these lie in their head, they study; if in their belly, they eat; if in their heels, they dance."

—Why is your older brother like a field of grass? Because he's past your age (pasturage).

—In very hot weather you may be as disagreeable and disobliging to your friends as you please. If a coolness arises so much the better.

—A Connecticut man ardently wants to "represint the michandick and laboring men in the state assemble irrespectiv of pollytics, relijion or eddicashun."

—Florida feeds her prisoners on ham and eggs, and everybody is trying to get into jail.

—Humboldt county has been favored with seventeen earthquakes during the present year.

A Minnesota juror addressed a note to the judge, in which he styled him as "Onerable Jug."

—"Poast no bils" is the last bad spell.

Attention Farmers

One of our most successful gardeners informs us that the terrible pest, the "cabbage louse," can be prevented from doing damage to garden stuff by following his directions: Boil the leaves and stalk of the elderberry bush, and sprinkle your plants with the water. Commence early, before the lice get a start, and don't be fearful of getting on too much. It is well known that the lice will not touch this bush, there being something about it particularly offensive to them, and as it does not injure the plants in the least, it is well worth the trial.—*Plumas Nat.*

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer.
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NEWTON BOOTH.....of Sacramento

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
ROMUALDO PACHECO.....of San Luis Obispo

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
DRURY MELONE.....of San Francisco

FOR CONTOLLER,
JAMES J. GREEN.....of Marin

FOR STATE TREASURER,
FERDINAND BAEHR.....of San Francisco

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
ROBERT GARDNER.....of Humboldt

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JOHN L. LOVE.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT,
GRANT I. TAGGART.....of Shasta

FOR STATE PRINTER,
THOMAS A. SPRINGER.....of Amador

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER,
JOHN A. McGLYNN.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESSMAN—FIRST DISTRICT,
S. O. HOUGHTON.....of San Jose

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
A. C. NILES..... ....of Nevada
[For the Short Term.]
A. L. RHODES.....of Santa Clara
[For the Full Term]

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
H. M. BOLANDER.....of San Francisco

REPUBLICAN County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR,
M. C. ANDROSS.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN,
P. B. BACON.....of Tuolumne
WM. G. LONG.....of Tuolumne
DUNCAN CAMPBELL.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE,
DAVID LOVE.....of Fish Springs

FOR SHERIFF,
SETH G. SNEDEN.....of Bishop Creek

FOR CLERK,
M. W. HAMMARSTRAND.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
F. K. MILLER.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR TREASURER,
J. P. ROWLEY.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR,
J. R. WESTERVILLE.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER AND PUB. ADMINISTRATOR,
G. W. TODD.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
J. W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
LYMAN TUTTILE.....of Lone Pine

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
J. Earl.....Chairman
P. W. Bennett.....Secretary
J. L. Garrettson.....Bishop Creek
A. M. Loomis..... Lone Pine
Geo. Shedd.....Fish Springs
A. J. Gould..... Cerro Gordo
P. A. Chalfant.....Independence

DEMOCRATIC State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR:
H. H. HAIGHT.....of Alameda

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
E. J. LEWIS.....of Tehama

FOR JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT:
JACKSON TEMPLE.....of Sonoma
[For the Short Term.]
S. S. WRIGHT.....of San Francisco
[For the Full Term.]

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
W. B. C. BROWN.....of Sacramento

FOR CONTROLLER:
R. O. DEWITT .....of Siskiyou

FOR STATE TREASURER:
A. F. CORONEL.....of Los Angeles

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
JO HAMILTON.....of Placer

FOR SURVEYOR-GENERAL:
JOHN W. BOST..... of Merced

FOR STATE PRINTER:
JOHN T. BARRY.....of San Francisco

FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
O. P. FITZGERALD.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF SUPREME COURT:
THOS. LASPEYRE.....of Kern

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER:
JOHN ROSENFELD.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT:
LAWRENCE ARCHER.....of Santa Clara

First Congressional District Democratic Central Committee.

PRESIDENT—JAMES M. ALLEN.....San Francisco
SECRETARY—JAMES O'NEILL.....San Francisco
EXECUTIVE COM.—DAN'L MCNEILL...San Francisco; JAS. M. ALLEN...San Francisco; JAS. O'NEILL.....San Francisco

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
John H. Moore..... Santa Clara Co.
John Darby.....Fresno Co.
G. J. Slocumb.....San Francisco.
W. W. Hudson.....Kern Co.
J. H. Lawrence.....Mariposa Co.
S. E. Gell.....Monterey Co.
J. W. Somers.....Mono Co.
P. D. Wigginton.....Merced Co.
A. J. King.....Los Angeles Co.
S. A. Sheppard.....Tulare Co.
J. D. Spencer.....Stanislaus Co.
John W. Saterwhite.....San Bernardino Co.
J. Wolfskill.....San Diego Co.
Russell Heath.....Santa Barbara Co.
D. W. James.....San Luis Obispo Co.
C. Cappilman.....Santa Cruz Co.
J. J. Hill.....San Mateo Co.
J. M. Allen.....San Francisco
Daniel McNeill.....San Francisco
James O'Neil.....San Francisco

DEMOCRATIC County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR:
W. A. EAKIN.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN:
GEO. A. WHITING.....of Tuolumne
W. C. CONNELLY.....of Tuolumne
D. B. CURTIS.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE:
JOHN A. HANNAH.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR SHERIFF:
CYRUS MULKY.....of Lone Pine

FOR CLERK:
I. P. YANEY.....of Bishop Creek

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
E. H. VAN DECAR.....of Independence

FOR TREASURER:
HENRY M. ISAACS.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR:
J. F. DILLON.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER & PUB. ADMINISTRATOR:
JOHN A. LANK.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS:
JOHN W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR SURVEYOR:
.....

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
A. N. Bell.....Chairman
H. M. Isaacs.....Secretary
I. S. Freeborn.....Lone Pine
J. L. Porter.....Cerro Gordo
T. K. Hutchison.....Bishop Creek
John Laird.....Round Valley
S. P. Moffat.....Independence
J. E. Parker.....Independence
W. P. George.....Independence

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Great Bargains!

GREAT SACRIFICE

—OF—

Property!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS entire stock of goods at

Less Than San Francisco Cost

Prices!

Bacon,..... 20 cts ℔ lb
Hams..... 22 cts ℔ lb
Crushed Sugar, ℔ barrel, 20 cts.
do do 4½ lbs $1
Brown Sugar... ½ barrel $16
do do 5½ lbs $1
Candles, by the box, $5
do 9 for 50 cts
Ground Coffee, by the case, 36 cts.
do do 37½ cts ℔ lb
Green Coffee...by the sack, 23 cts
do do 25 cts ℔ lb
Lard.....by the case, 24 cts
do .....10 pound can, $2 50
do ..... 5- " " 1 25
Best Japan Tea, 75 cts by the case
do 80 cts ℔ lb
Dried Apples.....5½ lbs for $1
Dried Grapes.....5½ lbs for $1

CANNED STUFFS.

Tomatoes.....50 cts ℔ can
Oysters.....50 do
Salmon.....62½ do
Lobster.....62½ do
Jellies.....62½ do
Spiced Oysters.....75 do

All other articles, too numerous to mention, in the same proportion. Orders from the Valley will be promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by cheapest conveyance.

20,000 Dollars Worth of New Stock of Goods,

To arrive immediately, comprfsing an assortment of

General Merchandise,

Which will be sold at same reduction in prices, without reserve.

Still Larger Sacrifices

In all articles of **Clothing & Dry Goods.**

TERMS — CASH ON DELIVERY.

V. BEAUDRY.

Cerro Gordo, July 12, 1871. jy15n55tf

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County. Apply to

ap29n44tf V. BEAUDRY, Cerro Gordo.

Bishop Creek

CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS

AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
July 10, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING WARRANTS on the County General Fund will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date:

No.	Amount.	Drawn in favor of.
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265	47 15	L. A. Talcott.
281	6 00	T. Mahoney.

I. HARRIS.
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
jy15n55tf

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.

ap29n44m4

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.

LEWIS SCHNEIDER.

At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.

jy15n55m3

PAINTING, ETC.

PAINTING,

Wagon & Carriage Making,

PAPER HANGING, ETC.

J. G. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP, and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. jn10n50tf

LIVERY STABLES.

THE PIONEER

LIVERY, SALE

—AND—

FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.

Independence, July 13, 1871. jy15n55m3

HUNT'S

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5-6m

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK

Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. n51m6

LEGAL.

AN ACT

To Provide for the Payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to Contract a Funded Debt for that Purpose.

[APPROVED APRIL 2, 1870.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of liquidating and providing for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the State of California hereinafter specified, and to lessen the burden of taxation, the Governor of the State, the Controller of State and the Treasurer of State, and their successors in office, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, to be styled the Loan Commissioners of the State of California, and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the duties hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said State, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually, in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of State. The principal of said Bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the State affixed thereto; and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Coupons for the interest shall be attached to each bond so that they may be removed without injury or mutilation to the bond; said coupons, consecutively numbered, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the State.

SEC. 4. Before the sale of any of said bonds the said Loan Commissioners shall cause notices of such sale to be published, for the space of one month, in three daily newspapers published in English, one in the City of New York, one in the City of London, in England, and one in the Capital of the state; in and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in French, in the city of Paris, in France, and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in German, in the City of Frankfort-on-the-Main, in Germany. Such notice shall specify the amount of bonds to be sold, the rate of interest they shall bear, the day and hour of sale, the place of sale, which shall be at the State Capital, and that sealed proposals will be received by the said Loan Commissioners for the purchase of such bonds. Within one month from the expiration of such publication, and on the day and hour named in said notice, the said Loan Commissioners shall open all sealed proposals received by them, and shall award the purchase of said bonds to such bidders as will, in their opinion, make the most advantageous bid for the State; *provided*, that said Loan Commissioners may reject any or all bids, if they deem it to the advantage of the state; and *provided* further, that they may refuse to make any award unless sufficient security shall be furnished by the bidders for the compliance with the terms of their bids; and *provided* further, that said bonds shall not be sold at less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, in gold coin, par value.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer and Controller of State each to keep a separate record of all bonds sold under the provisions of this Act, showing the number, date, amount and rate of interest of each bond, and to whom the same was issued.

SEC. 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for the payment of the expense that may be incurred by the Loan Commissioners in having such bonds prepared and said notices published.

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury; and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding soldiers' relief bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

SEC. 8. All persons having any of the bonds specified in section seven of this Act shall, upon presentation of such bonds to the said Loan Commissioners, be entitled to exchange them at their par value for bonds authorized to be issued under this Act, at the rate of ninety-three cents on the dollar, par value, but no bond shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars, but the said Loan Commissioners may issue certificates of such fractional parts not bonded, which said certificate shall be transferable, and entitled to be paid out of the proceeds of the sales of any bonds provided for in section seven of this Act. The Loan Commissioners shall cancel each bond so exchanged, and shall indorse on each bond the date on which they received the same, and from whom, the number and amount of the bond issued in exchange therefor, and shall file such bond in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 9. Whenever there shall be in the State treasury, from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued under this Act, a sum of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, printed in English, one in New York and one in the Capital of the State, for two months, which advertisement shall state the amount of money in the treasury applicable to the redemption of bonds, and the number of bonds, numbering thereon the order of their issuance, which are redeemable; and three months from the date of the expiration of such advertisement, such bonds, unless sooner paid, shall cease to draw interest, but the money for the redemption of such bonds shall remain in the treasury to pay such bonds whenever presented.

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this Act, such rate of tax on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the State, to be computed by the Controller of State on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next ten years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties, in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year, and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the State treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

SEC. 11. Whenever, on the third day of January or July, in any year, after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of any bonds under this Act, there remains, after the payment of the interest, as provided in the preceding section, a surplus of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, for the space of one month, in one daily newspaper, published in English, in the City of New York, and for one month in one daily newspaper, published in English, at the State Capital, for sealed proposals, to be opened one month after the expiration of such publication by the Treasurer, in presence of the Governor or Controller, at the State Capitol, for the surrender of bonds issued under this Act, which advertisement shall state the amount of money he has on hand for the purpose of redemption; and they shall accept the lowest proposals, at rates not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest amount of bonds, until the amount of cash on hand for the redemption is exhausted; *provided*, however, in case a sufficient amount of such bonds shall not be offered, as aforesaid, to exhaust the Sinking Fund to a less amount than ten thousand dollars, then it is hereby made the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, one in New York and one at the Capital of this State, for three months, which advertisement shall state the amount in the Sinking Fund, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which such fund is set apart to pay and discharge; and if such bonds so numbered in such advertisements shall not be presented for payment and cancellation at the expiration of such publications, then such funds shall remain in the treasury to discharge such bonds whenever presented, but they shall draw no interest after the expiration of such publication; before any of said bonds shall be paid, they shall be presented to the Controller, who shall indorse on each bond the amount due thereon, and shall write across the face of each bond the date of its surrender and the name of the person surrendering.

SEC. 12. The Treasurer of State shall keep a full and particular account and record of all his proceedings under this Act, and of the bonds redeemed and surrendered, and he shall transmit to the Governor an abstract of all his proceedings under this Act, with his annual report, to be by the Governor laid before the Legislature; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this Act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the Governor or the Attorney General, or a committee of either branch of the Legislature, or a joint committee of both.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to pay the interest on said bonds, when the same falls due, out of said interest Fund, if sufficient; and if said fund be not sufficient, then to pay the deficiency out of the General Fund; *provided*, that; the Controller of State shall first draw his warrant on the Treasurer, payable to the order of said Treasurer, for the amount of interest money about to become due, which said interest warrant shall be drawn at least one month previous to the maturing of the interest.

SEC. 14. This Act shall take effect sixty days after the next general election, as to all its provisions, except those relating to and necessary for its submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing and proclaiming the votes, which shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This Act shall be submitted to the people of the State for their ratification, at the next general election, and the qualified electors of this State shall, at said election, on their ballots for State officers, vote for or against this Act; those voting for the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—Yes," and those voting against the same, shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—No."

SEC. 16. The votes cast for and against this Act shall be counted, returned and cancelled, and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for the Treasurer of State, and if it appears that a majority of all the votes so cast are for or against this law, as aforesaid, are in favor of this Act, then the same shall have effect as hereinbefore provided, and shall be irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the Governor shall make proclamation hereof, but if a majority of the votes so cast are against this Act, then the same shall become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this Act published in one newspaper in each judicial district of this State, for three months next preceeding the next general election, for which publication no greater allowance shall be made than the rates allowed by law to the State Printer.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full, and correct copy of Chapter Four Hundred and Eighty-four, Statutes of California, Eighteenth Session, approved April 2, 1870, now on file in my office.

WITNESS my hand and the great seal of State, at office, in Sacramento, California, the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1871.

(SEAL)

H. L. NICHOLS,
Secretary of State.

je10n50m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 4.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the "LAMB" lode, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of Range number thirty-three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Silver Sprout" Lode on the northeasterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is five feet wide—all of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

jy22n57m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 5.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the SILVER SPROUT Lode, with a surface width of one hundred lineal feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Lamb" lode on the southwesterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is four feet wide. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

jy22n57m3

Application for Patent.

(NOTICE NO. 3.)

U. S. REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 1st, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. L. AND J. L. GREELEY have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for four thousand feet of the LAST CHANCE LODE, situated in Esmeralda Mining District, Esmeralda County, Nevada, and particularly described as follows:

Commencing at a post, the point of notice near the east end of the town of Aurora, about 5 chains north-easterly from the Monroe House, and about six chains north-easterly from the Wide West mill, running thence along the lode line

1. N. 54 deg. E. 4 chains.
2. N. 69 deg. 20 min. E. 2.71 chains.
3. N. 70 deg. 10 min. E. 7.23 chains.
4. S. 23 deg. 19 min. E. 8.50 chains.
5. N. 86 deg. 59 min. E. 6.02 chains.

Thence to the Westerly boundary of the Juniata lode claim, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line; also the mill site of the Wide West mill, described as follows:

Commencing at a post from which the South Westerly corner of the Wide West mill bears N. 54 deg. 20 min. E. distant 3.41 chains, and running

1. N. 11 deg. 28 min. E. 4.50 chains.
2. S. 78 deg. 32 min. E. 7.50 chains.
3. S. 11 deg. 28 min. W. 4.50 chains.
4. N. 78 deg. 32 min. W. 7.50 chains.

All of which is more particularly described by the diagram posted in this office and on the claim.

Bearings from the magnetic meridian.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

jy8n54m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a south-easterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

je17n51m3

STATE LIBRARY

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 2. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA : SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1871. NUMBER 59.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, August 12,..... 1871.

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NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

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J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law.

AURORA, NEVADA.

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *m5ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf]

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

AND GENERAL

Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.

Have all goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.

WM. M. OSBORN.

jy15n55m3

TRAVELING.

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

INDEPENDENT EXPRESS & PASSENGER LINE

To Los Angeles Direct.

H. W. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition line of steamers for San Francisco.

Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the State, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.

☞ Collections and commissions promptly attended to. ☜

The above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angeles on the 8th and 23d of each month.

Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via. Los Angeles	$27 50
Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via. Los Angeles	24 50
Fare to Los Angeles	20 00

AL. BRIGGS, Agent at Independence.

C. MILLER, " " Lone Pine.

my29:47m3*

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s EXPRESS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

MUTUAL Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

GERMAN POSTOFFICE MONEY ORDERS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

my29n47tf

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Harris & Rhine,

my29n47tf Agenten.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents

Office—At Harris & Rhine's store. n29n5m6

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC Insurance Company

Of San Francisco.

Fire and Marine.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.

J. HUNT, President.

A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.

HARRIS & RHINE,

AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms. my29:47n3

THE MUTUAL Life Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.

Organized 1842.

Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.

F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.

Assets July, 1870, $41,000,000 Cash.

THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents for Independence and vicinity.

my29:47tf

TINNER.

INYO PIONEER TIN SHOP,

Of INDEPENDENCE.

B. F. WELCH,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Worker.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN MY LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.

STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.

Please give me a call, at my shop on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store.

jy8n54tf

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46n3

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

HOTELS.

ORLEANS HOTEL,

LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.

D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a

Bar Attached,

Which has constantly on hand the choicest of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.

Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. j17:1

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK STACE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARKLY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n17 6m

New French Restaurant

—AND—

CHOP HOUSE.

PETER MARGALOT ANNOUNCES TO THE public that he has opened a Restaurant and Chop House, on Edwards street, in Independence, and solicits a share of patronage.

PETER MARGALOT.

Independence, Cal., October 10, 1870. n14m3

SALOONS.

EXCELSIOR SALOON.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on cash customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.

R. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.

Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.

Aurora, - - - - - - Nevada.

BARKER & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors

The finest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CALL AND TAKE A SMILE.

n13jy93m

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

LONE PINE Pioneer Saloon,

C. D. BEGOLE, Proprietor.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeps—regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! m4n36y1*

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8:29:3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

je4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n4n36 THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

A COMPLAINING HUSBAND.

BY FRANK CLIVE.

Say, Squire, I've quit on Susan and I want a bill to show
That she hain't got no claim on me, but's got to hoe her row—
And 'twixt us, Squire, she jest can hoe it like any other man,
For she is keen to hatch, and gritty to carry out a plan.
Ye see, she's a woman-righter and thinks her sex ain't free,
And to vent her spite agin the law, she makes it hot for me.
I call it rough, but Susan seems to think it's strictly just,
Because the law's agin her, to make me git up and dust!
We didn't hitch well from the start, for I was on the trade,
And swopped a cow for three hound pups, the peartest ever made.
The cow her father gin her—but a man's wife things is his:—
Wal, from that day, agin my trades she's had a prejudice!

She scolded when I traded off ten South-Downs for a gun—
We missed the wool and mutton, but a man must have some fun—
And when I swopped her chickens for a patent milking-stool
She snarled, "What good's a milking-stool without a cow, ye fool?"
I've allus had a hankerin' for labor savin' tools,
But Suke says patent-rights is only traps for ketchin' fools;
The woman is that contrary she's allus been disgusted
Sence my patent steam egg hatcher knocked her over when it bursted!

Ye see till we was married, I wasn't wuth a red,
But, turning Susan's things, I got a heap of stuff ahead—
Dogs, guns, steel-traps and patent-rights of things that's labor savin'—
But every strike I made was sure to set that woman ravin'!

She twitted me of fooling off her property for trash,
And tried to shet down on it. Now wasn't that rather brash?
I told her I was boss, according to the law's idea,
She grabbed the tater-masher and forthwithly went for me!
We had a little interval of explanation then,
In which she vowed she wouldn't stand the tyranny of men!
I told her I could stand some tater-smasher or abuse,
But if she tried to henpeck me, I'd raise the very deuce!

"I'm too much of a man," sez I, "for you to snooze around,
And in this roost I weigh jist sixteen O Z to the pound!"
Ye see this scar behind my ear! Wal, when I spoke of it
She flung my patent mop-stick, and that there's the mark it left.

She took to running after these here woman suffrage critters,
Which so disgusted me I took to runnin' after bitters:
I'm satisfied she don't respect her husband as she ought to;
Which comes of the condituned rebellious notions they have taught her!

For femi'ine equality she says she's an aspirant,
And vows she "will not change her vote for no mom's le tyrant!"—
That's me, ye know—yet there's one chore she likes to do for me,
She dusts my jacket and cleans me out with pesky energy!

I'm peaceably inclined myself, but Suke is quarrelsome,
You don't hear no complaint from me if we don't have a crumb
For three days on a stretch; but Susan she'll git no an! care
About such little things as that, enough to raise yer hair!

I like a lively woman, but Suke carries things too far!
I s'pose she'll be disgusted when she finds I've quit on her
But I'm a man of spirit and won't be licked, you see,
Day after day, without one break for death or victory!"

LATER.

Squire, never mind the paper; Suke has advertised, for spite,
That she won't pay no debts for me! That's where she's got me tight!
For I'm dead broke. She says I must light out. 'Twixt you and me
She's got me in one of these things they call a "quandary."

The California Labor Exchange.

In a late report, the Secretary of this institution makes this statement:

The necessity of the existence of our Labor Exchange has never been more apparent than at present, and we leave the public to judge of the truth of this statement from the facts which we herewith submit. By comparing the orders enumerated above with those engaged, it will be seen that the cry of no work is utterly without foundation, my orders being in excess of places filled by several hundred. The truth seems to be that most applicants do not want work but in picked places. In Mendocino county there is a great demand for laborers in the woods and saw-mills, and 500 persons can be supplied there with situations at $30 per month and found. Our mines, also, are in constant need of men; for example, an order from a quicksilver mine in Lake county for twenty-five men at $40 per month and found, having remained eight days, and is still unfilled. Kern and other lower counties can employ a thousand persons in their grain-fields and grazing lands; but the majority of applicants, unwilling to leave the city, prefer idleness here, and lament to uninformed sympathizers that they cannot obtain employment. In proof of this it can be shown daily at the Exchange that places as laborers at $20 per month and found, or as potato-diggers at $25 per month, are scornfully rejected. The plea that they have no money to carry them into the country is an open but plausible sophism; a month's work in our sand-hills will supply them with ample means for that purpose. In effect, this false cry of no work from a few city idlers, is preventing immigration of laborers from other States, as an extensive correspondence with the Eastern and Western States fully proves that a strong inclination toward our shores exists, but is repressed by misrepresentations. The expenses of the institution during the past month have been $474 60.

—An Oregon toast over a glass of the ardent: "Here's what makes us wear old clothes."

Crime in Arizona.

According to the following, which we find in the Arizona Miner, of July 15th, it would seem that the demon of crime was turned loose in Arizona:

A letter from Florence under date of July 6th, brings us an account of the death, by violence, of Thos. Ewing, which happened on the 25th ult. It appears that deceased, while in a state of intoxication, had gone to the residence of Col. Ruggles for the purpose of raising a difficulty either with that gentleman or his employee, a boy named Throag. Declaring his purpose in forcible and boisterous terms, as he approached the house, he was met just outside the door by Throag, (armed with a shot gun,) and by him ordered to leave the premises. Paying no attention to this command he became more abusive, and, evidently, determined to force his way, attempted to draw his pistol from the scabbard. He had no sooner placed his hand upon this weapon than Throag fired, killing him instantly.

The next case took place in Prescott: A sergeant from Fort Whipple came near shooting a man, with whom he exchanged a few words, on the plaza, on Monday. The sergeant maintains that the deringer which he happened to hold in his hand, at the time, was discharged by a mere accident, and that it was not drawn on any one. This may seem improbable, but from anything we can learn it is the truth in the matter.

On the 7th inst. a difficulty arose between two men, at Bradshaw, named Fine and McClusky, which resulted in the latter being stunned and disabled from the effect of repeated blows on the head by a heavy revolver in the hands of the former. McClusky will, however, recover from the effects of his injuries.

The fourth and last case happened at Fort Whipple, on Saturday last, and is by far the most tragic and deplorable. The parties in this were Jessie A. Hawkins, firm of Kelly & Hawkins, Government contractors, and Joseph Mally, one of his herders. The nature of the difficulty seems to be that Mally maintained he had sold certain cattle to Hawkins—setting their value at $1,500, and that he had never received anything in payment although he had frequently demanded a settlement. On the other hand, Hawkins denied ever having purchased any cattle from Mally, and, when the latter asked for a settlement, proffered to pay him wages as herder, in which capacity he was, in the meantime, serving. This he refused to accept, stating, at the same time, that he would have a fair settlement or no settlement at all. So the matter stood until Saturday morning last, as Hawkins was preparing to return to the Little Colorado for the balance of his herd, when Mally again called and demanded a settlement. But few words were exchanged before Hawkins insinuated that he might "shoot for a settlement," and at the same time pulled his pistol and fired. This shot inflicted a fatal wound; yet Mally lived long enough to draw his pistol and fire two shots, but fell dead as the fifth shot fired by Hawkins took effect in his heart. One of Mally's bullets traversed Hawkins' breast and passed through his right lung, lodging at his back. He was taken to the hospital at Fort Whipple where he lingered until Tuesday morning, when death carried him off—the victim of his own rashness.

Of Mally it is said, he was an exceedingly dangerous man, who had done his utmost to stir up strife and dissension between Hawkins and his herders. Little is known of him here except that he had resided in New Mexico.

Hawkins was, we have been told, a native of Missouri, and likewise a dangerous man. He has a brother living in one of the Northern Territories. It is said that his wife accompanied him to this Territory and is now at one of the military posts. Before dying he made a will, conveying considerable money and property to both his wife and brother.

Depreciated Gold Coin.

The report of the Assayer of the United States Mint contains some interesting information in regard to the various methods of counterfeiting gold coin, or abstracting from them a part of their value. In one lot of $1,000 there were thirty-four double eagles. Two of these had been burned or blistered, but as they were very slightly under weight the object of roasting has not been discovered. The other pieces were all from 10 to 20 grains light—that is, reduced from 40 to 80 cents in value. One was filled smoothly nearly all around the outer edge, but all the others retained the "milling" which had been restored after the filling. In this way fifty cents' worth of gold was taken from each without sensibly diminishing its diameter. In one or two cases, where from 22½ to 58½ grains had been taken away, the eye would detect the loss. One piece was reduced by the use of acid. This treatment makes the surface rough, so that it is easily detected. In the same lot there were ten eagles which had been filed, and two treated with acid, the latter being quite spoiled. A number of counterfeits were found in the same lot. The best piece was light only 2½ grains, but some of its lettering was very bad. This piece contained about 69 per cent. pure gold, the genuine coin containing 99 per cent. Some of the poorer pieces contain only about 50 per cent. Another lot of coins had been split and filled with platinum. The best method of detecting filled or counterfeit pieces is by finding their specific gravity by weighing in water.

A Leaf from three Lives.

[From the Eureka Sentinel.]

In a camp a few miles from here, last week, there occurred a very strange and unexpected meeting. Among the early settlers of San Francisco were two brothers of the name of Thompson. Both were young and it was resolved that they should become rich, and the better to accomplish this one of them was to go to the mines, and the other was to remain at the city of San Francisco, and trust to the chances of gathering gold pieces. It was decided by an arrangement common to the country that the elder should go, but in the meantime he had fallen in love with a young woman who had left an Eastern State to try her fortunes on the Pacific. The marriage was consummated, and in a few weeks the great mines in the north were opened, and with many good wishes the husband and brother started for the scene of the excitement. He reached the mines, and had varied fortune, but was not satisfied. He went to the Indian country, and in the camps of the red men he was miner, hunter and trapper. Still going to the north, he reached the Frazer river excitement at its best, and made 200 pounds of gold dust, which he expressed to his wife and brother at San Francisco. He still delved on, and in sluices, banks and rivers he pushed his fortunes. He did not learn anything from his brother after he sent the money. He wrote frequent, but could not receive a reply. He finally wrote a friend, and was informed that his wife and brother had left and that they could not be found. Broken-hearted and dispirited, he joined an expedition to the Great Slave Lake, and for three years he was entirely beyond the reach of mails and letters. On his return to Victoria, there was an expedition fitting out for Idaho, and he joined it. He was blest with the usual luck of miners, and went from Idaho to Montana, where he remained until 1866, when he went to Salt Lake City and remained there two years. White Pine then became the excitement, and he was among the early prospectors of that district. There he was one of the few who had small pox and recovered from it. His features were not improved by a two years residence, and he looked for a new place. He found that there was no smile for him that would come in coin. He was dispirited, and was calculating to go with the first company he could find going to Arizona. His existence was given to excitement and an effort to forget. A party was made up to go, and in the outfit was a man of the same name. A little inquiry and the stranger was found to be the brother he had left in San Francisco in 1851. And, the wife, she had been at the beautiful valley ranch she had purchased with the money he had sent to her. The brother had been for fifteen years prospecting and looking for the elder one, of whom for 20 years one of them could find no words equal to his hate. She had been doing her duty, and as a discreet widow, had become rich in this world's goods. Ere this there has been a meeting. The decline of life will be passed in ease and comfort by one who had supposed that the perfidy of woman had been his ruin. She has been the true woman, and while he has been wasting his time she has been accumulating wealth for him.

The Anxious Passenger.

One of the best known politicians of Brooklyn, noted for his waggery (*i. e.*, the politican, not the city,) stopped the conductor of an Albany-bound train on which he was journeying last Winter, and asked innocently if the next station was Poughkeepsie. "No," said the conductor. On his next fare-collecting round the conductor was again asked if the train was nearing Poughkeepsie; to which he again replied negatively. Again and again, as the official made his rounds, the same question was asked by the anxious passenger, until at last the man of checks replied, with some little irritation in his tone:

"No, sir; we are not yet near your stopping-place. Pray, trust to me, and I will let you know when we shall get there."

The passenger thereupon relapsed into silence, and the official, engrossed with other duties, forgot his case until the train had left Poughkeepsie about half a mile to the rear, when, recollecting himself, he hastily backed the cars to the station, and running up to the troublesome passenger, cried out:

"This is Poughkeepsie. Hurry up and get off. We are behind time."

"Oh, thank you," deliberately drawled the quondam questioner; "but I'm going through. My daughter cautioned me particularly to take a pill at Poughkeepsie. That's all."

The pill was taken—and so was the joke—by the passengers.

In favor of Hanging.

The trial of one Herbert F. Nourse, recently, indicted for the murder of Wm. Park in Laramie county, Wyoming, resulted in a verdict of murder in the first degree. Part of the jury were women. Some of the counsel are said to be in favor of making this a test case to decide as to the legality of a verdict found by a jury of which a part are women.

"Suicides."

The following is from the Wyoming Tribune, of July 22:

"A few days since, three men, supposed to have been guilty of stealing ropes with horses attached, were ornamenting a telegraph pole near Wahsatch station. It is supposed that they committed suicide."

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, August 12,..... 1871.

WILSON, alias JIM HAUN.

Sheriff Harris, of Santa Clara county, who left here three weeks since with Jim Wilson alias Haun, arrived safely in San Jose, August 1st, with his prisoner. There is a report current here that Wilson made his escape, but from the foregoing and other particulars which we find in the San Jose Patriot, it is quite certain that he was safely lodged in jail, in Jan Jose, first, where he is apt to remain until wanted elsewhere.

Mr. Harris pronounces our "log-cabin jail" anything else but a bastile, and with reason, since it would require but little assistance from friends outside to cut out in an hour's time.

As we learn by The Patriot, the name of the old man, whom Haun murdered, was Thomas Walker, and the date of the killing was June 23d, 1867. Haun and his two accessories, Jones and Craig, being indicted on the 9th of July following.

The Patriot gives the following particulars:

Haun says that he remained in this county, from the time of the affray, until the 11th of July, two days after he was indicted by the Grand Jury, of which Orrin Dubois was foreman. He says he was constantly armed with two revolvers; that, during the search of the officers and the posse, the then sheriff Adams passed once within twenty feet of his hiding place; but that he (Haun) took good care not to invite that relic of the officer to "come and see him." He says he would never have been taken alive, however if discovered at that or any other time, knowing that they were after him on the old charge. On the way down from the Lone Pine country, and all along the route, he amused himself by pointing out to Mr. Haun his old hiding places.

Haun has many relatives in this county, some of whom live at Santa Cruz. He says he had been in Lone Pine four years and four days when arrested. He says there were others engaged in the shooting of Walker more guilty than himself. Haun is a man of about thirty-five years of age, and wears a heavy beard and mustache, and certainly does not look like the desperado he is said to be. Sheriff Harris has been absent on this trip two weeks, and has traveled a thousand miles by stage.

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The Board of Supervisors transacted an unusal amount of business at its last session, and, however objectionable it may be to individuals, their economical system of conducting business for the county will receive general endorsement. The highest complement we can accord any public officer is to say that he does business for the public as he would for himself. We believe that this rule has been, and will be, the guiding principle of this board, and as that is the case, they will be sustained though there is an apparent niggardliness in certain of their acts. Exceptions have been taken because certain bills were not allowed. The Board, on some of these bills at least, could do no different because the limit of their powers was clearly defined by law, leaving no discretion beyond what was exercised. Except for this restriction these bills would and should have been allowed. We shall defer any specific allusions to another time, but will say here that when an officer of the county in pursuance of his duty is obliged to expend more money for necessary expenses than the law allows for the service, there is a manifest injustice if he is not reimbursed, but this injustice is chargeable to the law alone. There is scarcely an officer in the county that is sufficiently paid for his services. The duties of some of them are arduous and yearly becoming more so, and in fairness their salaries should be increased somewhat. This is a matter for Legislative action, and if anything is to be done about it, the next session is the time to do it.

That Boy must take a Back Seat.

For years we believed that the young man who killed his father and mother, and appealed to the court for mercy, on the ground that he was a poor orphan! was at the height of the profession in that direction; but, an actual occurrence a few days since is just a little better. A woman had been tried for killing her husband, and had been declared "not guilty." She was shaking hands with her friends and approached the clerk's desk, on which lay the pistol with which she had shot him, and asked the Judge if she could have it. It was assented to, when she remarked, "this is the only thing which I have to remember my poor, dear husband by." Could feeling go further, after acknowledging that she shot him?—*Eureka Sentinel.*

COUNTY FINANCES.

It will be seen by reference to the County Treasurer's report that our County debt shows an increase over the amount shown in the last (December) report. But notwithstanding this showing, it will be seen on examination that our County finances are in a very healthy condition. The draft upon the General Fund during the last six months has been unusually heavy, due mainly to the numerous expensive criminal arrests and trials that have occurred. The apportionment of monies to this fund will scarcely meet the requirements, even with no extraordinary demands upon it, but in the aggregate, the end of the present year will show a reduction of not less than 20 per cent. of the whole debt. This year's taxes will amount in round numbers to about $20,000, of this sum $16,000 belongs to the County. Allowing a reasonable margin for contingent expenses, at least $7,000 of this sum can be applied to the reduction of the County debt. To be added to the above we will have the tax, not yet counted, upon some $50,000 of taxable property that will appear on the supplemental list; also, a possible increase on that already returned, by act of the Board of Equalization; also, the revenue from all licenses, (with a partial exception on one or two classes,) which, in the aggregate, will perhaps raise our available means above current expenses to something over $10,000, or 28 per cent. of the present indebtedness.

Should the next assessment skow as much of an increase on taxable property as the present one did over the last, our County will soon be clear of debt. On a fair taxable valuation we are satisfied the assessment roll next year will go above $1,000,000, even should the ratio of increase of taxable property, manifest in the last year, not be kept up. Prospects are quite favorable for even a greater increase, so that with due economy in the administration of County affairs, our debt will certainly be wiped out inside of three years, if not in two.

THE McGARRAHAN AND NEW IDRIA CLAIMS.

We see that the cases known as the McGarrahan claim, and the New Idria claim, have been finally decided by the Department of the Interior in Washington. For many years these cases have been dragging their weary length along, and now have been adjudged as belonging to the United States. How much of money, of labor, and anxiety has been expended upon these two claims, none may ever know. For years the claimants have haunted Congress, and even invaded the sanctity of the White House, in their endeavors to gain their ends. It reminds one of the unyielding and pertinacious Miss Flite, of whom Charles Dickens writes in his Bleak House—who for so many years haunted the Court of Chancery in the famous case of Jarndyce vs. Jarndyce, and perhaps they may become, through so much mental anxiety, as hopelessly insane as she was represented to be. How intricate are the ways of law, and how few live to accomplish the end long'd for through its various meshes, which, at times, holds them up with delusive hopes, and then casts them into the deepest despair. Many millions of money depended upon the decision of the Department, and fortunes were spent in order to gain these cases—and now the telegraph informs us that the decision discards all rights of both McGarrahan and the New Idria claims, and allows them no greater rights than any other citizen of the United States.

Thus ends one of the most important and severely contested claims ever presented to the Government; and, by the disposal made of the lands, hundreds of persons claiming under and by the adverse parties, will be placed in an embarrassing position, and the loss to individual parties must be immense.

To be Voted upon.

Besides the candidates to be voted for this fall, an amendment to the State Constitution will be submitted, providing that the Legislature shall have no power to appropriate funds for a period beyond the next regular meeting of that body. Also the proposition to refund the State debt, as will be seen by the Act published on our fourth page.

A New Sanitarium.

A new "health-restorer" has just been discovered in an unlooked-for place. Hereafter, invalids, instead of going to the Hot Springs, will go to Eureka and hire out to the Eureka Consolidated Company in the capacity of smelters. The Sentinel has just discovered that the fumes of lead possess extraordinary medicinal properties, and that a man engaged in smelting gains flesh at the rate of two and a half pounds per week, Fact; but mind you, this fattening property belongs to Eureka lead only, for it won't do to fool with the fumes of the lead of other places.—*Reese River Reveille.*

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

During the quarter ending June 30th, 1871, the Land Office at Oregon City disposed of 2,603,649 acres of public lands. That was doing a "Land Office business."

A young child of David Hunter, living near the Dalles, Oregon, crawled upstairs, fell through the boards, struck the stove, upset a kettle of boiling water and scalded itself to death.

The Visalia Delta says that a family by the name of Parker, who recently moved from there to Monitor valley, beyond the mountains, have been all poisoned—the old lady fatally. They moved into an empty house, and used the contents of a box labeled "yeast powder." The material proved to be arsenic.

Mrs. Emily Pitts Stevens, editress of The Pioneer, made application to the San Francisco County Clerk to be registered as a voter; on being refused she threatened to sue him for damages.

Seventy-five Government mules were recently sold at Fort Whipple, Arizona, for $30 each.

The wharf at Wynema (San Buenaventura Landing,) is extended out about 750 feet. Only 150 feet are to be added for the present, when it will be ready for use.

A telegraph operator named N. J. Saviors, living in Stockton, abandoned his own wife and was keeping a woman named Julia Lake. Mrs. Saviors went to the house where the guilty couple were, and shot the woman three times, from the effects of which she has since died. The Vigilantes threatened Saviors with a coat of tar and feathers for abandoning his wife, and he fled the town.

Col. Von Schmidt's negotiations with the Central Pacific Railroad for constructing a tunnel through the Sierra Nevada of sufficient size to permit the passage of trains over the canal are likely to be successful. The tunnel will save seven miles of travel, over 1,000 feet of ascent and descent, and almost the entire amount of snow-sheds.

EASTERN NEWS.

The announcement is made that arrangements are completed for the exchange of money orders between the United States and Great Britain. This will be a great convenience to the people.

Charles Francis Adams is to be appointed Arbitrator on the part of the United States to meet at Geneva with those of other nations, for the settlement of the Alabama claims under the Washington Treaty.

The President has appointed Felix R. Brunot, of Pittsburg, Indian Commissioner, to fill the vacancy made by Parker's resignation.

The Secretary of the Interior has decided in effect that a patent never has been issued to McGarrahan for the Panoche Grande quicksilver mine.

The Staten Island ferry-boat, Westfield, when in the slip and crowded with passengers, exploded her boiler, July 30th killing and wounding over a hundred persons. It was a heartrending affair.

FOREIGN NEWS ITEMS.

There is anxiety touching the cholera which appears in the south of France. One case occurred at Hull. Precautions have been taken by the French legations at Dresden, Darmstadt, Hamburg and Weimar.

Prince Arthur will shortly be created Duke. He will have to worry along the best he can with a government allowance of only $500,000 yearly.

The Communist prisoners have been notified that they will soon be brought up for trial but no date is fixed.

No Commutation.

A large party of Indiana tourists telegraphed from Bitter Creek that they would be in Salt Lake on a particular night, asking what abatement would be made from the regular price at the theatre if two hundred seats were taken. The reply was that the performances were intended for the people of Salt Lake, and as such a large number visiting the theatre in one night would incommode the regular patrons or necessitate an extra night, double the usual price would be charged to the two hundred. Are our Indiana visitors going to run the Chicago business? It is said that more ten cents were taken in for private drinks during their visit than had ever been known before. The incident on the Cliff House road will hardly be forgotten: The members of the party stopped a milk cart, and after making a hard bargain, subscribed five cents apiece toward their individual treat.—*S. F. Alta.*

A Little Hero.

The following is related as an incident of the sacking of Paris: A boy of thirteen found fighting was taken to be shot. He took a silver watch from his pocket and cried out, "Captain, do let me take this first to a friend across the street; I borrowed it."

"Oh! you scamp," said the officer, "I understand; you want to run off."

"My word of honor, I will come back again," said the boy, and the Captain, seeing it was a child, was only too glad to get rid of him. In ten minutes the boy came back, and took his stand with his face to the wall. "Here I am—fire!" Does Roman history tell us of anything braver? The Captain boxed the little hero's ears and ordered him never to show his face there again. They could not fire on him.

Prisoners held by the Comanches

The following is from the San Antonio (Texas) Herald of June 13th:

Wm J. Sharpe, a colored man, and formerly of the Ninth Cavalry, was in our office yesterday. He tells us the following: In the spring of 1867 he was captured by the Comanche Indians, near Fort Lancaster. He says there were four hundred Indians in the crowd which captured him, and two negro soldiers were killed as he supposes, at the time of his capture. The Indians took him to White Mountain, in Mexico, where there were 5,000 Comanches. He says these same Indians had two white boys, whom they captured on the San Saba, in 1870, whose names we did not hear. They have also Mrs. Paddy Fields. Sharpe describes her as being a young woman, with dark hair, black eyes, and looks to be 22 or 23 years of age. The Indian chief, John Cavallo has her for a wife, and swears no power on earth shall take her from him. They have also a colored boy, named William Harvey, who says he was captured near San Antonio in 1869. Sharpe escaped from the Indians one dark and stormy night about eight months ago. He says his company and regimental commander refuse to recognize him, because his orderly sergeant swears he is dead. This he denounces as untrue. If his story is true he should be recognized and paid for full time. He says that the Mexicans are very friendly with the Indians, and buy from them all the cattle and horses stolen in Texas, paying for them in goods, etc. The Indians are well-armed with government arms, and are profusely supplied with cartridges.

BORN.

At Camp Independence, August 7th, to the wife of T. W. Dexter, a daughter.

Political Speaking!

Hon. A. C. Lawrence

WILL ADDRESS THE CITIZENS OF INYO on the political issues of the day, as follows, viz.:

At Bishop Creek, Tuesday, 15th inst
" Independence, Thursday 17th "
" Cerro Gordo, Saturday, 19th "
" Swansea, Monday, 21st "
" Lone Pine, Tuesday, 22d "

At the hour of 7 o'clock, P. M. All are invited to attend.

By order of the
CENTRAL COMMITTEE

August 11, 1871. n59:1

CORD WOOD!!

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE of the Owen's Lake Silver Lead Co. until **FRIDAY, the 18th inst.**, for the cutting and delivery of 1,000 cords of dry, furnace wood. The wood to be delivered and corded at the furnace, at the rate of not less than six cords a day.

This contract will be given to the lowest responsible bidder, who will be required to give bonds for its proper fulfillment.

JAMES BRADY,
SUP'T O. L. S. L. CO.

Swansea, Aug. 9th, 1871. n59:1

INYO PIONEER TIN SHOP,

OF INDEPENDENCE.

WELCH & STEVENS,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.

STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order

HAVING PURCHASED H. C. MORSE'S BLACKSMITH shop, adjoining our tin shop, and obtained the services of a

NUMBER ONE WORKMAN,

We Propose to do **BLACKSMITHING** in all its **Branches**, as Cheap and in a style NOT EXCELLED by any shop in the County. Satisfaction guaranteed. Please give us a call, at our shops on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhue's store. WELCH & STEVENS.

j:8n54tf

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF INYO, State of California:

In the matter of the Estate of John A. Mullon, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN A. LINK, the administrator, has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition, praying for Letters of Administration of the Estate of John A. Mullon, deceased, and that Monday, the 4th day of September, A. D., 1871 at 10 o'clock A. M., being a day of a regular term of said Court, to wit: of the September term, A. D., 1871 at the Court Room in the town of Independence, in the County of Inyo, State of California, has been fixed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted.

S. P. MOFFAT,
Clerk.

Aug. 19, 1871. n59:4

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF INYO, State of California:

In the matter of the Estate of John A. Mullon, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT P. HARRINGTON has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition, praying for Letters of Administration of the Estate of John A. Mullon, deceased, and that Monday, the 4th day of September, A. D., 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, being a day of a regular term of said Court, to wit: of the September term, A. D., 1871, at the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, State of California, has been fixed as the time and place for hearing said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted.

S. P. MOFFAT,
Clerk.

August 1, 1871. n59:4

NOTICE.

THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE will meet at Independence on the 19th day of August, 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the transaction of very important business. Every member should be present.

A. N. BELL, Chairman,
H. M. ISAACS, Secretary

n58:1

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

CERTAIN PARTIES HAVING ON DIVERS OCCASIONS placed boards and other obstructions in the irrigating ditches belonging to us, the undersigned, greatly to our damage and detriment, we hereby warn said parties that all such acts in the future will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

S. A. DENSMORE,
JACOB VAGT.
A. WALDER.

Camp Independence, August 5, 1871. n58:3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REPORT OF COUNTY TREASURER.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
INDEPENDENCE, Inyo Co., Cal., AUGUST 1, 1871.

TO THE HON. BOARD OF SUPERVISORS of Inyo Co.:

GENTLEMEN: Herewith please find Statement of County Financial Affairs from December 19, 1870, (date of last Report), to July 31, 1871, inclusive:

Cash	*Dr.*
To Cash on hand December 19, 1870, date of last Report,.....	$10,064 42
To Cash received from all sources from December 19, 1870, till July 31, 1871,..	6,798 41
Total.....	$16,862 83

Cash	*Cr.*
By Cash paid to State Treasurer, as per settlement, December 31, 1870,.....	$4,542 47
" " June 30, 1871.	494 49
Warrants redeemed on Building Fund,.....	526 94
" " " Contingent "	234 00
" County General "	3,054 25
" " " " Hospital "	1,325 50
" " " " Road "	599 44
" Bonds and Coupons " " Mono Debt "	1,834 18
" Cash paid over to General School "	2,403 50
" Cash on hand.....	1,847 06
	$16 862 83

AMOUNT OF CASH ON HAND.....$1,847 06

Credited to the different funds as follows:

To County Contingent Fund	$ 217 56
" " Building "	231 13
" " Hospital "	16 53
" " Sinking "	72 43
" " Road "	137 07
" " General "	158 93
" " Mono Debt "	184 70
	$1,018 85

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

School District of Independence,	$ 45 43
" " Milton,.....	20 92
" " Union,.....	22 21
" " Bishop Creek,..	503 88
" " Lone Pine,.....	152 16
" " Round Valley,..	117 59
	$1,742 19

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL LIBRARY FUNDS.

School Library Fund, Independence,.....	$21 79
School Library Fund, Milton,.....	19 74
" " " Union,.....	13 99
" " " Lone Pine,..	16 54
" " " Bishop Creek,	15 00
" " " Round Valley	$ 75
	$ 1 947 00

AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING WARRANTS.

On the County General Fund,	$15,273 44
" " Road " ...	4,348 69
" " Contingent "	259 00
" " Building "	6,032 00
" Mono Debt "	10,965 64
	$36 875 74

Amount of cash on hand...	$ 1,847 06
" set aside for school purposes	$28 21
" on hand toward liquidating County debt	1,018 85
" County indebtedness to date, interest not included....	35,856 89
	$36 875 74

I. HARRIS, County Treasurer,
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

Approved August 7, A. D. 1871.
J. H. SHEDD, President.

Filed August 7, A. D. 1871.
S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

n59:4t

LOST or STOLEN!

A VALUABLE GOLD AND AMETHYST NECKLACE, was lost or stolen from a residence in this place, on or about August 9, for the return of which to this office, a liberal reward will be paid.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for **County Scrip.**

j:23:56n3 J. H. LOWERY.

For Sale.

I WILL SELL MY BLACK HORSES "BONY" and "Sheep Driver," also one 10 axle wagon, iron spindles, nearly new, and suitable for a heavy or four light horses; also, one set one-ord wheel harness, one sulkey and sulkey harness. PAUL W. BENNETT.

1.58tf

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS.

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, Etc., Etc.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Store in Post Office Building.

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA.

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13:45n3

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. j:1n27tf

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song of the nectar brown,
Where joy sparkles free in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
But it cures to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer.
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER, SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, June 17 1871 n41:n6

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 3,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. feb:32 6m*

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

j:10:50tf

THE OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE War between Germany and France WITH BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES Of the Principal Personages ENGAGED IN THE CONTEST.

BY JAMES D. McCABE, JR.,

Author of "Paris by Sunlight and Gaslight," "Life of William, Emperor of Germany," "Life of Napoleon III," etc.

Illustrated with over one hundred Fine Engravings and Maps.

THE STORY TOLD IN THIS WORK IS THE most interesting of the century, equaling in attractiveness the history of the deeds of the Great Napoleon. It is printed from a beautiful, clear, new type, on fine calendered paper, comprised in one large royal octavo volume of 740 pages embellished and illustrated with over 100 Splendid Engravings, comprising portraits of the most prominent actors in the great drama, battle scenes, incidents of the war, localities, buildings, fortifications, sieges, etc., etc., and enriched with a series of carefully executed maps, engraved especially for this book. It will be furnished to subscribers in Fine Leathers, (Library Style) in English or German, - - - at $3 00

Send in your orders for this or any other book desired to the Post Office, Independence.

n58:4 J. R. LOVELY, Agent.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, August 12.....1871

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

To Freighters.

We, week before last, published an item relative to the temporary suspension of operations at the Swansea furnaces. Though coming as we supposed from perfectly reliable sources, this statement was, in the main, an error; as we stated last week the suspension was merely for usual repairs to the furnace and nowise connected with the working of the mine. Since that was calculated to discourage freighters from going to the furnace for loads, we here allude to it again, and will take this opportunity to state by authority, that the O. L. S. L. Company have not contracted their freight to any one, reports to the contrary notwithstanding. The bullion will be shipped as usual: the first team on the ground getting the first load, so that teamsters can at all times apply for loads in the perfect assurance that no pre-existing contract of the nature of the above will prevent them from receiving all they want.

The Eclipse.

The new mill of the Eclipse Company is all complete and ready for operating with thirty stamps, except that the new turbine wheel, designed to furnish the motive power, has not yet arrived. Capt. Tregellas visited San Francisco expressly with the view of hurrying the wheel through on time; but owing to some negligence, probably the teamster's, it is now several weeks overdue, and nothing more can be done until it arrives. The new mill is said to be very perfect in every respect. The people of this valley have the success of this company almost as much at heart as do the stockholders themselves. And we have every reason for anticipating the most gratifying results under the present programme.

Improvements in Lone Pine.

Lone Pine shows the general disposition which is manifesting itself throughout the county, improvements being the order of the day. Among the rest, Mr. F. Davney is putting up an adobe building on the corner of Pine and Main streets, the dimensions being 34x40 feet. Francisco Brizzolari is engaged in putting up a large frame building, on the corner of Post and Main streets, for a store room. The new addition to the commodious establishment of A. M. Loomis & Co., is about completed, and waiting great addition to stock, now on the way. Every other house in that place is receiving additions and being generally improved.

Weekly Stage to Los Angeles.

We are pleased to state that Mr. Robinson has about perfected his arrangements to put on a regular stage once a week to Los Angeles. The new order of things will take effect next week, or at the latest the week after, when travelers and fast-freight shippers can rely on the schedule time being adhered to, no matter whether he receives a mail contract, (of which there is a strong probability,) or not. We will publish the time-table in due time.

Dancing.

The Lone Pine Hotel has almost nightly been the scene of gay parties, devoted to the worship of Terpsichore. Everybody shared the hearty enjoyment of the many participants; but, we hear, our estrayed Junior got drunk and could not attend. He was kindly cared for by some friends, who did not wish to expose his weakness. We do not particularly need him here, but wish that somebody would send him home.

The Cerro Gordo Smelting Works.

The galmadore at Lemdry's furnace has been running for the past week, accumulating slag for the furnace, which starts up on Monday next. A force are engaged in building a new galmadore, as the one is not sufficient to keep the cupola in operation. The last run continued 55 days, with an average of 110 bars per day, or 514 250 pounds of metal for the run. The next start will be for a two months run.

A neat Upset.

A gentleman of Lone Pine was, one afternoon this week, exercising a fast horse attached to a very light, single buggy. He had got through and was just making a swinging turn into the stable, when the buggy balanced for a moment on two wheels, beautifully spilling out the occupant, and landing the buggy on top. Strange to say, nothing or nobody was damaged, owing to the animal being instantly caught.

Renewing.

Not finding a purchaser for their business, Daneri & Stewart, of Lone Pine, have determined to renew their stock of general merchandise, and resume their former large business. Our old friend, J. J. Moore, will soon be boss of the institution, as Mr. Stewart is now visiting in the East, and Daneri goes below for goods.

Express Agency.

Wells, Fargo & Co., through a general agent recently over our new stage routes, have established an express line over the southern route to Visalia and Havilah, connecting at Kernville. Messrs. Daneri & Stewart have received the appointment of agents at Lone Pine. Express accommodations over this route have long been needed.

Ready for Operations.

We learn that the new ten-stamp mill, in course of construction by the Messrs. Greeley, at Benton, Mono county, is now about ready to steam up. We hope the most sanguine wishes of all concerned in that mill and locality may be perfectly realized through the result of this enterprise.

The Julia Dean

The tunnel being run for the Julia Dean mine (Deep Spring Valley,) is now in 182 feet, but no ledge yet. A correspondent says the stream of water struck in this tunnel, "is sufficient to turn a grind stone or coffee mill on a two feet overshot wheel."

For Gold Mountain.

Mr. Hiskey, of Deep Spring Valley, designs a trip soon to Gold Mountain, Silver Peak, etc. The Indian murders reported to have occurred in Death Valley, Mr. Hiskey, thinks, has no foundation in fact.

For the Sisters' School.

Miss Annie Wallace, of Independence, Miss Lizzy McMurry, of Fish Springs, and Miss Belle Smith, of Bishop Creek, departed the present week, per Robinson's stage, for the purpose of attending the Sisters' School at Los Angeles.

The Scientific Expedition.

Lieutenant Lockwood, with his command, left here Thursday last, with the design of exploring the country in the direction of "Stump Springs" on the Salt Lake and Colorado road. The remainder of the party in command of Lieutenant Wheeler himself, who arrived here some days since, will start in a very few days, taking another route to reach the same general rendezvous.

Dangerous.

A Mexican at one time confined in the jail at this place is evidently crazy, and unsafe to remain at large, although no one appears against him. A few nights ago, at Lone Pine, he fired a lumber pile, the town narrowly escaping fire in consequence. His mania seems to be a general desire for malicious mischief, which manifests itself in a hundred forms.

County Treasurer's Report.

Isaac Harris, County Treasurer, presents, per deputy Harry Isaacs, a very complete and elaborately got up report of County finances. This report, which will be found in another column of this issue, conveys a better idea of the financial condition of the several funds than any we have yet had, and is a model of order and good penmanship.

Blacksmithing.

Messrs. Welch & Stevens, our pioneer tinners, have bought Morse's blacksmith shop, adjoining their tinshop. They are now prepared to do any kind of work pertaining to either shop in a manner warranted to give satisfaction. Read their new "ad" and give the boys a call.

The Kearsarge.

Thursday last several new pans were put in operation in the Kearsarge mill, making a total of fourteen, all of which are kept steadily in motion. Other important and necessary improvements are being made, and soon everything will be in "ship shape and Bristol fashion," in mine and mill both.

One Thousand Cords of Wood.

The Owens Lake Silver Lead Company are desirous of letting a contract to responsible bidders, for the cutting and delivery at the Swansea furnace, of 1,000 cords of furnace wood. Here is a chance for a good contract. See advertisement.

For Salt Lake Lake.

Mr. Austin, astronomer, departs in a few days for Salt Lake, where, we presume, Brother Brigham's heavenly, if not earthly, stars will be subjected to a rigid, scientific course of observations.

Necklace.

Any one that will return the necklace advertised in another column to this office, or will give any information that will lead to its recovery will be suitably rewarded

Not Returned

Our Junior has not yet put in an appearance which is the more strange since he never drinks anything stronger than cider, even during election times. "Spec he's runned away."

Thanks.

The gentlemanly Surgeon, at Camp Independence, Dr. White, has placed us under obligations.

Board of Equalization.

The County Supervisors will meet next Monday, as a Board of Equalization.

Notable Arrivals.

Gen. Ord, Dr. McMillan and their escort, in command of Lieut. Haskel, have arrived at Lone Pine.

Political Speaking.

See notice elsewhere.

SUPERVISOR'S REPORT.

Board met last Monday, August 1, regular session—full Board present; J. Shedd Chairman. During a two days' session the following business was transacted:

OFFICERS OF REGISTRATION APPOINTED.

Fish Springs; J. W. McMurry, Clerk; W. M. Stewart and Geo. H. Shedd, Judges.

Lone Pine—I. W. Hunt, Clerk; R. M. Loomis and John Shepherd, Judges.

Swansea—F. P. Ball, Clerk; C. Dockweiler and Thomas Boland, Judges.

Cerro Gordo—Taswell Dodd, Clerk; P. Harrington and W. L. Hunter, Judges.

Round Valley—E. P. Baker Clerk; Richard Hilton and David Olds, Judges.

Bishop Creek—I. P. Yaney, Clerk; M. S. Clarke and A. G. Boley, Judges.

Deep Spring Valley—T. A. Cutter, Clerk; Samuel R. Wicks and Albert Wayland, Judges.

The following bills were allowed and ordered paid:

ON THE CONTINGENT FUND.

L. Firestone, repairs on C. H.	$ 3 00
W. G. Squires boarding prisoners	72 25
A. B. Elder, cash for office	37 75
S. P. Moffat, cash for office	29 75

ON THE GENERAL FUND.

A. B. Elder, Sheriff's services	378 70
" " Jailor's "	180 00
S. P. Moffat, County Clerk	350 50
A. B. Elder, by Deputy Grant, and of W. J. Moore, by Deputy Grant	27 70
Board for indigent sick	85 00
" " " "	15 00
Chalfant & Parker, printing	36 00
I. W. Hunt, arresting Hutchison	364 90

ON HOSPITAL FUND.

I. J. Rodgers, care of indigent sick	142 00
Dr. H. Marriott, medical attendance	15 00
Dr. F. C. Smith, medical examination of J. J. Ryan, insane	5 00
Dr. C. B. White, medicine and services to indigent sick	110 00

OFFICERS' REPORTS.

Financial Report, of I. Harris, County Treasurer, for the term ending July 1, 1871 approved.

Report of P. W. Bennett, District Attorney, filed, from which it appears that $313 63 of taxes for 1870 are returned as delinquent.

County Warrants Nos. 211 and 214 were ordered placed at the head of the list, to be paid out of the first money belonging to the County General Fund.

VACANCIES FILLED.

The following appointments were made in the several election precincts to fill vacancies:

No. 1—(Fish Springs,) J. W. McMurry, Clerk.

No. 2—(Independence,) J. B. White, Clerk, and Thomas May, Judge.

No. 3—(Lone Pine,) I. W. Hunt, Clerk.

No. 4—(Cerro Gordo,) P. Harrington, Judge.

No 5—(Bishop Creek,) A. G. Boley.

NEW ELECTION PRECINCTS.

Ordered that a new election precinct be formed from No. 3, to be known as the Swansea Precinct, and bounded as follows: Commencing at the Lone Pine bridge and on the east side of Owens River, thence southerly following said east bank thereof to its intersection with Owens Lake, thence following the east bank of said lake to a point one mile below Ferguson's Landing, thence due northeast to a point to intersect a due east and west line drawn through the initial point.

Ordered—That all of the territory lying north of a due east and west line drawn from what is commonly known as the Piute Monument and extending to the eastern boundary line of Inyo County, and lying easterly from the main summit of the Inyo Range of Mountains, be formed into a new election precinct, to be known as election precinct No. 8, (Deep Spring Valley).

HIGHWAY AND TOLL-ROADS.

On filing proof of the completion of the Deep Spring Valley Toll Road, Stephen Gregg was appointed by the Board, and Richard Hessian on the part of said Company, as examiners of said road.

Application of the Swansea Toll Road Company for the appointment of examiners was filed, and Wm. J. Moore was appointed by the Board, and C. Mulky by the Company as said examiners.

Following are the rates of toll to be allowed upon the Cerro Gordo and Owens Lake Toll Road:

Wagon and one pair of animals	$00 87½
" " each additional span	37½
One horse and rider	25
Pack animals, each	12½
Loose stock, "	10
Sheep goats and hogs, each	5

Wagon with rough shoe or rough locked to be dragged, double rates; empty wagons one way, free.

Petition of citizens of road district No. 3 for the establishment of a new highway, was received; on filing bond in the sum of $200, T. B. Wofford, John Kismert, and County Surveyor Lyman Tuttle, were appointed as viewers, to examine said highway on the 12th day of August.

ORDER AND CANCELLATION.

Ordered that the Collector pay into the County Treasury the sum of $177—the sum of $136 63 was cancelled.

DRUGS ETC.

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLE constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

f.4.32.6m JOHN LENTELL

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tfc

LIVERY STABLES

THE PIONEER

LIVERY, SALE

—AND—

FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.

Independence, July 13, 1871. jy15:55m3

HUNT'S

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5-6m

Cerro Gordo

FEED STABLE.

DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.

Cerro Gordo, July 25, 1870. jy30:47tf

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware.

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware.

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notions,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Sheeting Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20-n47tf

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old motto of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BEARING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES

Dry Goods.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELLS NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n50n3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

Wines and Liquors,

Dry-Goods,

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

HARDWARE,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

—AND—

EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.

Fish Springs, July 22, 1871. n56n3

R. J. MORRISON

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries,

HARDWARE,

Crockery and Glass Ware,

PAINTS, OILS,

Varnish and Window Glass.

Also, a fine assortment of the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a well-assorted

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

of 500 volumes.

School Books, Blank Books and Stationery.

TO THE ABOVE STOCK THE UNDERSIGNED would most respectfully beg leave to call your attention, especially to the quality and

Greatly Reduced Prices!

TERMS---STRICTLY CASH.

R. J. MORRISON, Proprietor.

Postmaster, Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.; also, agent for the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., July 29, 1881. n57m3*

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, June 20, 1871. je14n52tf

BIG PINE CASH STORE.

D. NAYLOR,

RETAIL DEALER IN

General Merchandise.

Big Pine, Inyo Co., Cal.

mr26-j9tv2

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, August 12,.....1871

—A Colorado saloon-keeper said of a rough crowd: "I couldn't get their whiskey strong enough for them, so after trying every way, I at last made a mixture of poison oak and butternut. That fetched them. I called it the sheep-herder's delight, and it was a popular drink. The first Pike I tried it on yelled with delight; the next one took two drinks and turned a double somerset in the road before the house. A peddler came along, and after he took several drinks of my sheep-herder's delight he went off and stole his own pack and hid it in the woods."

—A newly fledged doctor recently settled in Havana, Ill., and the first case he had was a boy who, while shelling pop corn, got a kernel in his windpipe. The doctor examined the case carefully, looked at the patient's tongue, and then told the father of the boy to build up a hot fire. When that was done, the doctor told him to take and hold the boy over the fire till the kernel got hot enough to "pop out." The old man went up stairs to get his shot-gun, but while he was loading it the doctor escaped.

—Grace Greenwood writing about the wonderful business activity of Chicagoans, says that even the little children of that city are infected by the prevailing spirit, and carry it into their play. "A friend of ours," she says, "had occasion lately to punish her little four-year-old son by a quarter of an hour's solitary confinement in a closet. As she was about to close the door on him, he looked at her reproachfully and said: "You are making me waste my time.'"

—Recently, while passing by where a pretty smart Chinaman was working, we noticed a "Melican" man across the way "treating." Anxious to know John's views, we remarked in the "Heathen Chinee" tongue, "You muchee likee Rum, John?" "No," says he, "me no likee lumee—him heapee make Chinaman number one fool."

—The impression is gaining ground that cundurango, the new cancer cure, is a humbug, and that somebody in Washington has had a very large axe to grind in connection with the marvelous accounts of its virtues that have been so industriously sent to all parts of the country.

—A Georgia judge lately defined in terms when a man is legally drunk. Said he, "It is not necessary that a man should be wallowing in a ditch, or bumping his head against your posts, that you may know him to be drunk; but whenever he begins to tell the same thing over twice, then he's drunk!"

—A correspondent thinks that the quotation, "Foot-prints on the sands of time," should be altered so as to read "Heel prints," etc., in view of the peculiar style of shoes now worn by the ladies, which is pretty much heel.

—A romantic young lady of Aurora, Illinois, recently purchased her shroud and bridal garments, and then took strychnine, dying instantly. She had chosen the anniversary of her mother's death for the suicide.

—During the riots of 1780, most persons in London, in order to save their houses from being burnt or pulled down, wrote on their doors, "No Popery!" Old Grimaldi, to avoid all mistakes, wrote "No religion!"

—A cute young wife says: When I want a nice snug day all to myself, I tell George mother is coming, and then I see nothing of him until one o'clock in the morning."

—The leading physician of Orange, N. J., is the beautiful Miss Fowler. This accounts for the many young gentlemen in Orange needing the services of a physician.

—Grasshoppers are devouring everything before them in Los Angeles and San Bernardino counties, including grain fields and vegetables.

P. S. The News says this is not so.

—A petition containing 160,000 signatures has been sent to the English Parliament, praying that Sunday labor be abolished in her Majesty's dominions.

—An old negro, in Howard county, Mo., wears a hat which is thirty years old. It is said to be a trifle shorter than a flour barrel.

—A western railroad advertises that each train carries a coroner and six jurymen for the convenience of passengers.

—A Terre Haute editor, named Jordan, having grown rich, will start a bank. It will be called Jordan's Stormy Bank.

—The Northwestern University at Chicago, has conferred the degree of L. L. D. upon Lieutenant General P. H. Sheridan.

—The foreman of a New Orleans jury indorsed a verdict for manslaughter thus: "Virdic Guilty with muns sluter e matthews."

—Lord Courtenay, an English nobleman, has recently gone into bankruptcy with debts exceeding $4,000,000.

—A pound of wool was spun out into a thread seven miles long, at the Madison, (Iowa,) woolen mills, the other day.

—Correction does much, but encouragement will do more. Encouragement after censure is like the sun after a shower.

—The epitaph of the double-headed baby pronounced by the New York Mail, is, "She are dead; they is gone."

—"A splendid ear but a very poor voice," as the man said of the donkey.

—Punch gallantly says: "What in a woman is called curiosity, in a man is grandiloquently magnified into the spirit of inquiry."

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NEWTON BOOTH.....of Sacramento

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
ROMUALDO PACHECO.....of San Luis Obispo

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
DRURY MELONE.....of San Francisco

FOR CONTOLLER,
JAMES J. GREEN.....of Marin

FOR STATE TREASURER,
FERDINAND BAEHR.....of San Francisco

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
ROBERT GARDNER.....of Humboldt

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JOHN L. LOVE.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT,
GRANT I. TAGGART.....of Shasta

FOR STATE PRINTER,
THOMAS A. SPRINGER.....of Amador

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER,
JOHN A. McGLYNN.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESSMAN—FIRST DISTRICT,
S. O. HOUGHTON.....of San Jose

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
A. C. NILES.....of Nevada
[For the Short Term.]
A. L. RHODES.....of Santa Clara
[For the Full Term]

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
H. M. BOLANDER.....of San Francisco

REPUBLICAN County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR,
M. C. ANDROSS.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN,
P. B. BACON.....of Tuolumne
WM. G. LONG.....of Tuolumne
DUNCAN CAMPBELL.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE,
DAVID LOVE.....of Fish Springs

FOR SHERIFF,
SETH G. SNEDEN.....of Bishop Creek

FOR CLERK,
M. W. HAMMARSTRAND.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
F. K. MILLER.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR TREASURER,
J. P. ROWLEY.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR,
J. R. WESTERVILLE.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER AND PUB. ADMINISTRATOR,
G. W. TODD.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
J. W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
LYMAN TUTTLE.....of Lone Pine

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
J. Earl.....Chairman
P. W. Bennett.....Secretary
J. L. Garrettson.....Bishop Creek
A. M. Loomis.....Lone Pine
Geo. Shedd.....Fish Springs
A. J. Gould.....Cerro Gordo
P. A. Chalfant.....Independence

DEMOCRATIC State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR:
H. H. HAIGHT.....of Alameda

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
E. J. LEWIS.....of Tehama

FOR JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT:
JACKSON TEMPLE.....of Sonoma
[For the Short Term.]
S. S. WRIGHT.....of San Francisco
[For the Full Term]

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
W. B. C. BROWN.....of Sacramento

FOR CONTROLLER:
R. O. DEWITT.....of Siskiyou

FOR STATE TREASURER:
A. F. CORONEL.....of Los Angeles

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
JO HAMILTON.....of Placer

FOR SURVEYOR-GENERAL:
JOHN W. BOST.....of Merced

FOR STATE PRINTER:
JOHN T. BARRY.....of San Francisco

FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
O. P. FITZGERALD.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF SUPREME COURT:
THOS. LASPEYRE.....of Kern

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER:
JOHN ROSENFELD.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT:
LAWRENCE ARCHER.....of Santa Clara

First Congressional District Democratic Central Committee.

PRESIDENT—JAMES M. ALLEN.....San Francisco
SECRETARY—JAMES O'NEILL.....San Francisco
EXECUTIVE COM.—DAN'L McNEILL...San Francisco; JAS. M. ALLEN...San Francisco; JAS. O'NEILL.....San Francisco

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
John H. Moore.....Santa Clara Co.
John Darby.....Fresno Co.
G. J. Slocumb.....San Francisco.
W. W. Hudson.....Kern Co.
J. H. Lawrence.....Mariposa Co.
S. E. Geil.....Monterey Co.
I. W. Somers.....Mono Co.
P. D. Wiggiaton.....Merced Co.
A. J. King.....Los Angeles Co.
S. A. Sheppard.....Tulare Co.
J. D. Spencer.....Stanislaus Co.
John W. Saterwhite.....San Bernardino Co.
J. Wolfskill.....San Diego Co.
Russell Heath.....Santa Barbara Co.
D. W. James.....San Luis Obispo Co.
C. Cappiman.....Santa Cruz Co.
J. J. Hill.....San Mateo Co.
J. M. Allen.....San Francisco
Daniel McNeill.....San Francisco
James O'Neil.....San Francisco

DEMOCRATIC County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR:
W. A. EAKIN.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN:
GEO. A. WHITING.....of Tuolumne
W. C. CONNELLY.....of Tuolumne
D. B. CURTIS.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE:
JOHN A. HANNAH.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR SHERIFF:
CYRUS MULKY.....of Lone Pine

FOR CLERK:
I. P. YANEY.....of Bishop Creek

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
E. H. VAN DECAR.....of Independence

FOR TREASURER:
HENRY M. ISAACS.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR:
J. F. DILLON.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER & PUB. ADMINISTRATOR:
JOHN A. LANK.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS:
JOHN W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR SURVEYOR:
.....

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
A. N. Bell.....Chairman
H. M. Isaacs.....Secretary
I. S. Freeborn.....Lone Pine
J. L. Porter.....Cerro Gordo
T. K. Hutchison.....Bishop Creek
John Laird.....Round Valley
S. P. Moffat.....Independence
J. E. Parker.....Independence
W. F. George.....Independence

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Great Bargains!

GREAT SACRIFICE

—OF—

Property!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS entire stock of goods at

Less Than San Francisco Cost

Prices!

Bacon,..... 20 cts ℔ lb
Hams..... 22 cts ℔ lb
Crushed Sugar. ℔ barrel, 20 cts.
do do 4½ lbs $1
Brown Sugar... ½ barrel $16
do do 5½ lbs $1
Candles, by the box, $5
do 9 for 50 cts
Ground Coffee, by the case, 36 cts.
do do 37½ cts ℔ lb
Green Coffee...by the sack, 23 cts
do do 25 cts ℔ lb
Lard.....by the case, 24 cts
do .....10 pound can, $2 50
do .....5 " " 1 25
Best Japan Tea, 75 cts by the case
do 80 cts ℔ lb
Dried Apples.....5½ lbs for $1
Dried Grapes.....5½ lbs for $1

CANNED STUFFS.

Tomatoes.....50 cts ℔ can
Oysters.....50 do
Salmon.....62½ do
Lobster.....62½ do
Jellies.....62½ do
Spiced Oysters.....75 do

All other articles, too numerous to mention, in the same proportion. Orders from the Valley will be promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by cheapest conveyance.

20,000 Dollars Worth of New Stock of Goods,

To arrive immediately, comprfsing an assortment of

General Merchandise,

Which will be sold at same reduction in prices, without reserve.

Still Larger Sacrifices

In all articles of **Clothing & Dry Goods.**

TERMS — **CASH ON DELIVERY.**

V. BEAUDRY.
Cerro Gordo, July 12, 1871. jy15n55tf

A RARE CHANCE

—FOR A—

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING OBLIGED TO quit business on account of ill health, will sell his large and well selected stock of goods, lots and building in Cerro Gordo, which is well known to be the best paying store in the County. Apply to

V. BEAUDRY,
ap29 44tf Cerro Gordo.

Bishop Creek

CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,
Provisions,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,
HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloth Piece Goods,
Clothing, Hardware,
Crockery and Glassware,
TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,
POWDER AND SHOT
Flasks and Pouches.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
Manufactured to order.
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
PAINTS AND OILS
Wall Paper,
CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.
my6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
July 10, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING WARRANTS on the County General Fund will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date:

No.	Amount.	Drawn in favor of.
236	$75 00	J. W. McMurry.
265	47 15	L. A. Talcott.
281	6 00	T. Mahoney.

I. HARRIS.
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
jy15n55tf

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.
ap29n44m4

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.
LEWIS SCHNEIDER.
At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.
jy15n55m3

PAINTING, ETC.

PAINTING,
Wagon & Carriage Making,
PAPER HANGING, ETC.

J. G. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP, and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. jn10n50tf

LIVERY STABLES.

THE PIONEER
LIVERY, SALE
—AND—
FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.
Independence, July 13, 1871. jy15n55m3

HUNT'S
LIVERY & FEED STABLE,
—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT,
Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5 6m

Cerro Gordo
FEED STABLE.
DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ANIMALS, INCLUding HAY, BARLEY and WATER.
Cerro Gordo, July 28, 1870. jy30n4tf

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.
Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. no1m6

LEGAL.

AN ACT

To Provide for the Payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to Contract a Funded Debt for that Purpose.

[APPROVED APRIL 2, 1870.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of liquidating and providing for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the State of California hereinafter specified, and to lessen the burden of taxation, the Governor of the State, the Controller of State and the Treasurer of State, and their successors in office, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, to be styled the Loan Commissioners of the State of California, and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the duties hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said State, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually, in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of State. The principal of said bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the State affixed thereto; and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Coupons for the interest shall be attached to each bond so that they may be removed without injury or mutilation to the bond; said coupons, consecutively numbered, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the State.

SEC. 4. Before the sale of any of said bonds the said Loan Commissioners shall cause notices of such sale to be published, for the space of one month, in three daily newspapers published in English, one in the City of New York, one in the City of London, in England, and one in the Capital of the State; in and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in French, in the city of Paris, in France, and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in German, in the City of Frankfort-on-the-Main, in Germany. Such notice shall specify the amount of bonds to be sold, the rate of interest they shall bear, the day and hour of sale, the place of sale, which shall be at the State Capital, and that sealed proposals will be received by the said Loan Commissioners for the purchase of such bonds. Within one month from the expiration of such publication, and on the day and hour named in said notice, the said Loan Commissioners shall open all sealed proposals received by them, and shall award the purchase of said bonds to such bidders as will, in their opinion, make the most advantageous bid for the State; *provided*, that said Loan Commissioners may reject any or all bids, if they deem it to the advantage of the State; and *provided* further, that they may refuse to make any award unless sufficient security shall be furnished by the bidders for the compliance with the terms of their bids; and *provided* further, that said bonds shall not be sold at less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, in gold coin, par value.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer and Controller of state each to keep a separate record of all bonds sold under the provisions of this act, showing the number, date, amount and rate of interest of each bond, and to whom the same was issued.

SEC. 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for the payment of the expense that may be incurred by the Loan Commissioners in having such bonds prepared and said notices published.

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury; and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding soldiers' relief bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

SEC. 8. All persons having any of the bonds specified in section seven of this act shall, upon presentation of such bonds to the said Loan Commissioners, be entitled to exchange them at their par value for bonds authorized to be issued under this Act, at the rate of ninety-three cents on the dollar, par value, but no bond shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars, but the said Loan Commissioners may issue certificates of such fractional parts not bended, which said certificate shall be transferable, and entitled to be paid out of the proceeds of the sales of any bonds provided for in section seven of this Act. The Loan Commissioners shall cancel each bond so exchanged, and shall indorse on such bond the date on which they received the same, and from whom, the number and amount of the bond issued in exchange therefor, and shall file such bond in the office of the Secretary of state.

SEC. 9. Whenever there shall be in the State treasury, from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued under this Act, a sum of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, printed in English, one in New York and one in the Capital of the State, for two months, which advertisement shall state the amount of money in the treasury applicable to the redemption of bonds, and the number of bonds, numbering therein the order of their issuance, which are redeemable; and three months from the date of the expiration of such advertisement, such bonds, unless sooner paid, shall cease to draw interest, but the money for the redemption of such bonds shall remain in the treasury to pay such bonds whenever presented.

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this Act, such rate of tax on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the State, to be computed by the Controller of State on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next ten years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties, in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year, and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the State treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

SEC. 11. Whenever, on the third day of January or July, in any year, after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of any bonds under this Act, there remains, after the payment of the interest, as provided in the preceding section, a surplus of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, for the space of one month, in one daily newspaper, published in English, in the City of New York, and for one month in one daily newspaper, published in English, at the State Capital, for sealed proposals, to be opened one month after the expiration of such publication by the Treasurer, in presence of the Governor or Controller, at the State Capitol, for the surrender of bonds issued under this Act, which advertisement shall state the amount of money he has on hand for the purpose of redemption; and they shall accept the lowest proposals, at rates not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest amount of bonds, until the amount of cash on hand for the redemption is exhausted; *provided*, however, in case a sufficient amount of such bonds shall not be offered, as aforesaid, to exhaust the Sinking Fund to a less amount than ten thousand dollars, then it is hereby made the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, one in New York and one at the Capital of this State, for three months, which advertisement shall state the amount in the Sinking Fund, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which such fund is set apart to pay and discharge; and if such bonds so numbered in such advertisements shall not be presented for payment and cancellation at the expiration of such publications, then such funds shall remain in the treasury to discharge such bonds whenever presented, but they shall draw no interest after the expiration of such publication; before any of said bonds shall be paid, they shall be presented to the Controller, who shall indorse on each bond the amount due thereon, and shall write across the face of each bond the date of its surrender and the name of the person surrendering.

SEC. 12. The Treasurer of State shall keep a full and particular account and record of all his proceedings under this Act, and of the bonds redeemed and surrendered, and he shall transmit to the Governor an abstract of all his proceedings under this Act, with his annual report, to be by the Governor laid before the Legislature; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this Act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the Governor or the Attorney General, or a committee of either branch of the Legislature, or a joint committee of both.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to pay the interest on said bonds, when the same falls due, out of said Interest Fund, if sufficient; and if said fund be not sufficient, then to pay the deficiency out of the General Fund; *provided*, that the Controller of State shall first draw his warrant on the Treasurer, payable to the order of said Treasurer, for the amount of interest money about to become due, which said interest warrant shall be drawn at least one month previous to the maturing of the interest.

SEC. 14. This Act shall take effect sixty days after the next general election, as to all its provisions, except those relating to and necessary for its submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing and proclaiming the votes, which shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This Act shall be submitted to the people of the State for their ratification, at the next general election, and the qualified electors of this State shall, at said election, on their ballots for State officers, vote for or against this Act; those voting for the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—Yes," and those voting against the same, shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—No."

SEC. 16. The votes cast for and against this Act shall be counted, returned and canvassed, and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for the Treasurer of State, and if it appears that a majority of all the votes so cast are for or against this law, as aforesaid, are in favor of this Act, then the same shall have effect as herein before provided, and shall be irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the Governor shall make proclamation thereof; but if a majority of the votes so cast are against this Act, then the same shall become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this Act published in one newspaper in each judicial district of this State, for three months next preceeding the next general election, for which publication no greater allowance shall be made than the rates allowed by law to the State Printer.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full, and correct copy of Chapter Four hundred and Eighty-four, Statutes of California, Eighteenth Session, approved April 2, 1870, now on file in my office.

WITNESS my hand and the great seal of State, at office, in Sacramento, California, the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1871.

H. L. NICHOLS,
Secretary of State.
je10n50m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 4.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the "LAMB" lode, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in township number thirteen, south of range number thirty-three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Silver Sprout" lode on the north-erly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one-half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is five feet wide—all of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
jy29n57m3 Register.

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 5.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the SILVER SPROUT lode, with a surface width of one hundred lineal feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Lamb" lode on the south-west rly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is four feet wide. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
jy29n57m3 Register.

Application for Patent.

(NOTICE NO. 3.)

U. S. REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 1st, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. L. AND J. L. GRELEY have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for four thousand feet of the LAST CHANCE LODE, situated in Esmeralda Mining District, Esmeralda County, Nevada, and particularly described as follows:

Commencing at a post, the point of notice near the east end of the town of Aurora, about 5 chains north-easterly from the Montezuma House, and about six chains north-easterly from the Wide West mill, running thence along the lode line

1. N. 54 deg. E. 4 chains.
2. N. 60 deg. 20 min. E. 2 71 chains.
3. N. 70 deg. 10 min. E. 7 23 chains.
4. S. 23 deg. 10 min. E. 8 50 chains.
5. N. 86 deg. 50 min. E. 6 02 chains.

Thence to the Westerly boundary of the Juniata lode claim, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line; also the mill site of the Wide West mill, described as follows:

Commencing at a post from which the South Westerly corner of the Wide West mill bears N. 54 deg. 20 min. E. distant 3.41 chains, and running

1. N. 11 deg. 28 min. E. 4 50 chains.
2. S. 78 deg. 32 min. E. 7 50 chains.
3. S. 11 deg. 28 min. W. 4 50 chains.
4. N. 78 deg. 32 min. W. 7 50 chains.

All of which is more particularly described by the diagram posted in this office and on the claim.

Bearings from the magnetic meridian.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.
jy8n54m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a south-easterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
je17 51m3 Register.

STATE LIBRARY

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 2. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1871. NUMBER 60

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

SAM. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, August 19..... 1871.

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AURORA, NEVADA.

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n23tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *n5ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf]

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

AND GENERAL

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jy15n55m6

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ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

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First class passenger cars will run regularly.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29 1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

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Al. Barnes, Agent at Independence.

C. Multey, " " Lone Pine.

my20n47n 3*

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THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a

Bar Attached,

Which has constantly on hand the choicest of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING refurbished to more than their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.

Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. jy17y1

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commissions correct for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. HARRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 10, 1870. n12 6m

SALOONS.

EXCELSIOR SALOON

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on cash customers—and prepared to serve the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.

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Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29 37m6

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Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

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KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of the finest quality of liquid refreshments. The most gentlemanly bar-keeper—regular scientific mixers, in constant attendance. Come and see us! mr4n36y1*

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COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

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WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

in the county connected with this Saloon. Call and satisfy yourselves.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

n4 32tf

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A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

with fixtures complete, in connection.

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J. G. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP, and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. jul0n50tf

THE PICKNIC AT SPRAKER'S WOOD.

From "Hans Breitmann in Europe."

At de picknic out in Spraker's Wood,
Le bier was soft—de gals were good;
Oudhvon Leber, vild and rasch,
Called out for a Yankee brandy smash.

A crowd vot was walkin out on de wall
Fell dead ven he hear dis Dootchman call;
For he knew dat dropies could, py shimes!
Von de Dootch go in for Yankee drinks.

De Dootch get rich in drounk ash sin,
Dey swysh de winslows out und in;
Dey bust und bang de bar-room din,
Und call for a bucket of branntewein.

Away, avay demselfs dey floong,
Und avid infernal lied dey sung;
'Twas "Tum de wein, and vas de bier!
Ve won't care nix for de demperance here!"

"O keep a pringin juleps in,
Und baldface corn dat burn like sin;
Mit apple toss und old shtone fence,
Ve'll all get cornered ere ve go hence."

Dey dash deir glasses on the ground,
Und tanz till 'twas all to brick duss ground,
Ven dey hear von man had a ten-dollar note,
De crowd go dead for dat rich man's throat.

A demperance chap vot coomed dere in,
Vent squanderin out mit his shell bust in;
"It's valk your chalks, you lost your chance,
Dis vot ve call der Dootchman's dance."

Boot ven de law, mit his mvrmition,
Vas hear of dese Dootchmen's carrying-on,
Dey sent policemen shtern und good,
To pull dese Dooch in Spraker's Wood.

De Dootch was all gone roarin mad,
Und dried mit Spraker all dey had;
Dey shpend 'nuf money to last der life,
Und each vas tantzin mit anoder man's wife.

Dey all got poonish different vays,
Some vent to jug for dirty days;
Und de von dat kilt de demperance man
Vas kit from de alderman reprimand.

Und dus it ran: "A warnin dake,
For you mighdt hafe mate soomthig mishdake;
Now how vouldt you hafe feeled, py shing!
If dat man hat peen in de whisky ring?

"Since you votes my dicket, of course you know,
I'm pound to let you shlide and go;
But nefer on whisky trink your fill,
For your Dootchmen kon't know who to kill."

Now Deutschers all—on dis warning dink,
And don't get troonk on Yankee trink;
For neider you or oder man
Can pe hocks like de New York rowdies can.

So trink goot bier, mit musik plest,
For if you tried your level pest,
You can't be plackgaarts—taint in de plood,
Dus ended de shdory of Spraker's Wood.

Gold and Silver Product of the Pacific Coast.

The gold and silver annually produced on the Pacific coast approximates $80,000,000; an amount that will be greatly increased within the next two or three years. Only a little more than twenty years have elapsed since we began mining for these metals, during which time we have extracted and put into circulation something over $1,200,000,000; to say nothing of the other forms of wealth created by our comparatively limited population, meantime. Never before, perhaps, have so small a number of people built up and established upon a permanent footing such a broad and profitable business in so short a period. But this has not been accomplished without much loss to individuals, and even the most costly sacrifices on the part of large classes of the community. As in the founding of every other prominent industry, time and the expenditure of vast sums of money have been required to bring mining to its present state of perfection; nearly all the experiments and trials made in the furtherance of this business having been carried on under conditions involving great hardship and heavy expense.

Hence, while it has brought ample reward, and even opulence to some, it has inured only a loss to the many, who have consequently felt sore over their want of success; seeking often to attribute, and sometimes with good cause, their failure to the fault of others. Thus, the prospector and locator of the mines are prone to censure the capitalist, and *vice versa;* each conceiving that the other has been overreaching, remiss, or otherwise instrumental in working him a wrong. The indiscriminate indulgence of this feeling, though natural enough, is apt to do both parties injustice; since overlooking exceptional cases, a survey of the field of operations, so remote and vast, and a consideration of the troubles inherent to a new and difficult business, tend to show that these fancied wrongs were generally the result of excusable ignorance or unavoidable necessity, rather than of willful error. And as such they should be overlooked in passing judgment upon the pioneers in this great industry.—*Overland Monthly.*

Home Manufacture.

Two old ploughmen down East were telling tough stories of their exploits in breaking up new ground. The linen was taken off the bush by this yarn:

"'Twas up in Dixmont, twenty seven years ago this spring. I was ploughing in stump ground with a team of nine pair of cattle for Sol Cunningham; we were going along, makin' not very smooth work among rocks and stumps. Well, one day the pint o' the plough struck fair against a sound stump four foot through, split it square across the heart, and I was follerin' the plough through, when the thought flashed through my mind that the pesky stump might snap together and pinch my toes, so I jest gripped the plough handles firm and swung my feet up out of the way, and the stump sprung back and catch the slack of my pantaloons. That brought everything up stannin'. Well, I tightened my hold, and Jim Swithin, he and Sol was drivin', they spoke to the cattle and we snaked that stump right out by the roots, and it had awful long ones.'

"It must a ben strainin' on your suspenders," said the other.

"My wife knit them."

The Frauds in New York.

The transcript of the books of the Controller of the city of New York, lately laid before the public, discloses a degree of rascality perfectly astounding. The first details of the robberies come to us in the Philadelphia Day, and from them we cull the most salient ones. It is time the people of the metropolis of the Union rise in their might and choke off the vampires who are sucking their hearts' blood:

"The bills paid for the carpets for the new court house and armories foot up to $550,000! The space occupied by offices in the court house presents a floor area of 9,216 square yards, which, if covered with carpets at $5 per yard, would cost $46,080. But some of the largest rooms are not carpeted at all, others are covered with oil-cloth and matting. The bill represents carpeting for 122,222 square yards—something like thrice the area of the City Hall Park! Again—one Ingersoll was paid $170,729 60 for chairs furnished (?) for the city armories alone. This sum would purchase 34,145 chairs at $5 each! But then, an inspection of the armories shows that not a sixteenth part of that number of chairs were furnished to the armories, as indeed how could they be? Since that number of chairs could not be packed in all the armories of the city.

"Again—from July 2, 1869, to April 16, 1870—nine months—one A. J. Garvey received the sum of $2,870,464,06 for plastering and repairs of the new court house, armories and drill rooms of the city. There is very little plaster wall in the court house, the interior being largely of iron. Plasterers say that they would take the job at $2,000. Yet the plastering of the new court house cost the taxpayers no less than $208,660 25! One firm received the enormous sum of $1,476,000 for chairs and tables in the same building! Yet it is said that $75,000 would replace the furniture. The sum of $1,231,817,76 was paid to one firm for plumbing court house and armories in a term of nine months! During the same time no less than $5,663,646 83 was paid upon the checks of Ingersoll & Co., or on checks indorsed by that firm, for carpets, furniture, repairs and cabinet work, chiefly for the new court house. Many of the checks and entries are dated on Sunday, probably to take the rough edge off the fraud. Of these checks eleven were to the order of J. A. Smith, for carpets and shades, amounting to the snug sum of more than half a million. Yet the name of J. A. Smith as a dealer in carpets and upholstery does not appear in the New York directory at all. Upward of sixty thousand dollars is charged as paid to Mr. R. J. Hennessey; but Mr. Hennessey comes forward and publicly declares that he is not the lucky man who drew the money. We might prolong the agony by citing other facts less unaccountable upon any other hypothesis than that of wholesale fraud and robbery, but what good? The exposure is damning on its very face.

Now, this wholesale robbery was done over the signatures of Mayor Hall and Controller Connolly. They do not deny it. On the contrary they virtually admit that the figures published by the Times are correct. The mayor says that the Times itself flung down the barriers between rogues and the treasury. That is to say, then, that the Mayor and Controller did not disdain to be parties to a stupendous fraud when the barrier was removed.

A few years ago, Controller Connolly was a poor man. He is said to be worth five millions to-day. A few years ago Wm. M. Tweed was an insolvent debtor. To-day his wealth is almost fabulous. These men have had no visible means of support, of becoming enormously rich at least, yet they are worth millions. They stand high in Tammany Hall.

A New Invention.

A novel instrument has been invented, which marks the "ebb of time," showing how many minutes there are remaining prior to any event. If placed in the postoffice, it reads, "Mails open in thirty minutes;" one minute later it reads "in twenty-nine minutes;" then in twenty-eight, and so on. At a railway station it reads, "This train leaves in ten minutes;" then in nine, eight, etc., and when the index reaches 0 the train starts. Thus any passenger, on entering a station, knows just how much time he has got for getting tickets, checks, a newspaper and a seat, without consulting a watch or clock to ascertain the hour of the day.

This ought to be a moral lesson to the multitude, and the religious papers should take it up and use it as a kind of momentary warning of a horrible eternity.

Criticising Newspapers.

It is a very easy matter to criticise a newspaper, but to publish a live one so as to interest, amuse and instruct the public is no small undertaking. Those in this community who are so prone to find fault with every little item which does not suit their critical exalted ideas (?) should buy type, ink and paper, and publish an organ of their own. Let them try it for three months only, and if it don't give them some new ideas of the newspaper business, then we are no judge of human nature. The conceit would be taken out of such individuals so quickly that they would hardly know what was the matter with them, or whether they stood on their heads or feet.—*New Jersey Mechanic.*

Saxe on Women at Saratoga.

John G. Saxe has been a regular visitor at Saratoga for eighteen Summers, and hopes to be for eighteen Summers more. Talking with him the other day he discovered himself a skeptic in regard to the possession of any merit whatever by women. He says they have neither originality, invention, genius nor beauty. He quoted Humboldt, who, when some one asked why, of all creation, the human animal was the only one of which the female was the most beautiful, replied that he denied the fact. Saxe denies it too, and asserts that one of the reasons is that women are never content to let nature alone; they are always falsifying it by arts and tricks which deceive nobody, but which dwarf their own fair growth and development. Further, he rudely declares they are so foolish they will follow fashion even though it compels them to make themselves hideous and display their deformities rather than their attractions. He admits them naturally slender, graceful, spirituelle, with a delicate beauty of their own which would in all probability expand into womanly proportions if it was not dwarfed and stunted and spindled by bad habits, by late hours, by want of outdoor exercise, by adding unnatural lumps and protuberances by which no one is deceived, and which only renders them totally unlike themselves, and not at all like anything else—human or divine. He says it is "bad form," "bad art," and "bad style," and so it is.

Balloon Chase.

The Utica Herald gives an account of a singular balloon chase which occurred in the clouds over Poughkeepsie. One Squire and Miss Thurston started together, but in separate balloons. Squire ascended nearly to the clouds, but seeing that Miss Thurston was not following him very fast, descended to get her instructions. Before he reached the young lady, however, she threw out up like ounces of two sand bags and shot allowed pocket into the clouds. Squire clouds and balloon to drift under the over Hyde sight of the earth until ballast and wick, when he threw out into the clear up through the clouds must have ascend light. He says he above the clouds be nearly half a mile of Miss Thurston's he caught sight then at last four miles on, which was and looked to him above the earth. man's hat. In due time ger than a voyagers made a safe descent the aerial

A Man's Lip Bitten Off.

The Colorado Chieftain of a recent date contains the details of a most fatal affair that took place, a few days before, at Pueblo. Two men named Green and Cameron, the former a saloon-keeper, had a grudge against a colored man named Budd, and one night they got him into a room with them in the saloon and locked the door. They then floored Budd, and while Green held him down Cameron bit his bottom lip off and otherwise ill used him. The two brutes were arrested, and were subsequently committed to take their trial. The morning after, the severed lip was swept into the street when the room was cleaned. The Chieftain says the indignation of the citizens was intense against Green and Cameron, and if they had not been safely lodged in jail, they would likely have been lynched.

"H. G." Again.

The Memphis Appeal calls the attention of Hon. Horace Greeley to the following note, "in the hope that he will do justice, though the heavens fall:"

EDITORS APPEAL:—Seeing the name of Horace Greeley in the columns of your paper, I presume he is the same elderly gentleman who, when in Texas, would trifle with the feelings of a lone widow, who lost her husband in the late war, and he offered the hand of fellowship, that all parties be reconciled." As a modest woman, I did not accept his proposal, although I intended to do so, had he pressed suit. He has failed to do so, however, and I have since learned that the gay deceiver has a wife somewhere in the State of New York. Plaise pass him around. Yours,

WIDOW MALONE.

Canine Sagacity.

At the recent fire, which occurred on Friday last in the old Postoffice building, an instance of canine sagacity occurred which we think worthy of mention. As soon as the doors of the building were burst open, the large Newfoundland dog owned by Alex. Brown, rushed into the room and seizing a piece of the burning canvas, from the fallen ceiling, in his teeth he dragged it into the street and then returned for more. This operation he repeated several times and it was witnessed by quite a number of spectators. His mouth was burned and his hair scorched badly by the fire. It is proposed to elect him a life member of the Hooks at the next meeting and procure him a suitably inscribed collar, etc.—*Pioche Record.*

The Wool Clip.

The California spring clip has ranged twenty-eight to thirty-two cents per pound. Last year it ranged from eighteen to twenty-two cents. Last year the spring clip weighing 11,000,000 pounds. If it shall weigh as much this year the increased price—ten cents a pound—will amount to $1,000,000! making the value of the entire spring clip $3,000,000.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, August 19,..... 1871.

FROM LOS ANGELES.

The Comet mine, in Yellow Pine district, (lead and silver), is reported sold in London for one million five hundred thousand dollars, subject to the approval of the examining engineer to be sent out.

The following mines in Clark district are shipping the higher grades of silver ore to San Francisco; Lizzie Bullock, Hardscrabble mine, Nigger Joe, Eugenie, via Los Angeles, and the Beatrice, via San Bernardino. At the mines there are some 2,000 tons of good milling rock on the dumps waiting the erection of a mill. The higher grades of ore have assayed from $875 to $2,286 per ton. Nine companies work about 100 men in this new district.

A short time since, during a dispute between Connor, who lives on the La Paz road, and a stranger, the stranger was shot and instantly killed by Connor, who fled to the mountains. His remains found by the pursuing party, showed he had perished miserably of thirst.

A Spanish-American Republican Club has been organized in the city.

Horse-thieves made a general raid into the city last night, visited three localities and made a clean sweep at each place.

Efforts are being made to secure a permanent steamer opposition between San Pedro and San Francisco by the purchase of part interest in the steamer Olympia by citizens of this city, at the rate of $50,000. The movement meets with but little success, and it is not probable that the sum required will be raised.

The first grapes of the season are in market, and the crop promises to be very large.

Two hundred bars of silver lead bullion, from Cerro Gordo, were received yesterday. Over 700 men are employed at the mines. [Not 700, quite.—Eds.]

ARIZONA NEWS.

The Tucson (Arizona) Citizen, of August 10, has the following:

John Wasson has been appointed one of the commissioners to celebrate the centennial anniversary at Philadelphia.

Gen. Crook and command was at the head of Uriboja canyon. The whole machinery of the command is daily improving.

The Arizona Miner of July 29, has this concerning "Thirteen good Indians."

A letter from Tucson, under date of July 17, brings news of another brush with the savages. The mail had just arrived from Apache Pass, and the mail rider brought the account of an attack made by Indians, the previous day, on the train of Messrs. Tully, Ochoa & De Long, near the San Pedro. Fortunately the train had an escort of a whole company of soldiers, and was therefore, well guarded. The indians numbered about 400 and made a vigorous attack, but were stoutly resisted by the soldiers and teamsters. After 13 of their number had been killed the Indians abandoned the contest and fled to the mountains. One soldier and one Mexican—the latter a teamster—were killed, and one soldier received a serious wound.

Several enlisted men have lately deserted from posts in this section. The cutting down of soldiers' pay; the paying of arrears, and other acts of Congress have created great dissatisfaction among the soldiers, with whom Congress should not have broken faith.

The Lake Tahoe Tunnel.

We have already stated that negotiations were pending between the Lake Tahoe Water Company and the Central Pacific Railroad Company, and that they were likely to terminate favorably. Lately, Col. Von Schmidt informed us that the arrangements have all been concluded, and the contract signed.

The estimated cost of the work is $1,000,000, and the time for construction of the tunnel and laying of the water mains, is set at five years, although from present appearances three years will suffice. All along the line of the railroad, mains will be laid for the use of cities and towns, while for mining purposes the water will be carried in ditches. The tunnel through the Sierra Nevadas will be from three to five miles in length, and will be used jointly by the Railroad and Water Company. It will do away with the railway snowsheds, shorten the railway route over the mountains by several miles, and carry the trains through a less severe temperature than they have been accustomed to. The elevation will be reduced by one thousand feet, at the lowest estimate.

The quarries will be ready by the first of September, when work will be commenced and prosecuted day and night until completed. Taken in all its surroundings, the work is a stupendous one, and if successfully carried out, will be one more testimonial of the abilities of Col. Von Schmidt as an engineer.

Col. Von Schmidt left for the mountains Thursday morning to meet an engineer designated by the Central Pacific Railroad Company to agree upon the initial points upon both sides of the Sierra Nevada for the projected tunnel, and superintend the erection of the quarters for the large force of laborers who will be put upon the work immediately. The surveys are all completed, but the railroad company stipulated in their contract for a choice of locations for the initial points as a matter of convenience for the approach of their tracks. The tunnel will be bored as first intended, by a new machine, invented by Col. Von Schmidt, driven by hydrostatic pressure and cutting out a round core seven feet in circumference, then enlarged by blasting until the stipulated size, 19 feet high by 21 feet in width is attained. The length of the tunnel will be about five miles, and its cost about $1,500,000. It will run the entire distance through solid granite, and will require very little if any timbering.—*San Francisco Bulletin.*

Railroad Progress.

The grading of the Reno end of the Virginia and Truckee Railroad is progressing at a very energetic rate, four miles being already completed. The track is laid from the Central Pacific Railroad as far as the river, at the point where the new bridge is being built. This bridge will be completed in about sixty days, when the laying of the rails will be done in short order and the locomotive started running over several miles of the new road. Mr. J. J. Holmes, who supervised the grading between here and Carson, is now attending to the grading at the Reno end. He has 100 Chinamen employed as graders under him, and considering that they commenced July 10, not quite a month ago, most excellent progress certainly has been made. Two months hence, at any rate, twelve miles of the road will be completed, or pretty well along toward Steamboat Springs, giving but a short piece of stage travel over the Geiger grade, to connect with the cars.—*Gold Hill News.*

People's Ticket.

Citizens of Los Angeles have put a People's Ticket in the field, and claim a good prospect of electing it.

From Mexico.

Juarez has been again elected President by a large majority.

TO BE VOTED UPON.

In addition to the State and County officers whom we are to choose at the impending general election, there are two questions of finance to be voted upon at the same time. Our politicians have been too busy with personal and partisan affairs to devote any time to the discussion of these two question. We deem it our duty to at least call attention to them, to the end that our votes may be cast for or against them with some degree of intelligence.

For a number of weeks past we have published, by authority, "An act to provide for the payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose." The second section of this act gives the amount of the proposed new issue, etc., as follows:

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said State, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually, in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of State. The principal of said bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the State affixed thereto; and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

The indebtedness of the State at the last (December) report was $2,500,500, besides the annual payment of $100,000 interest on the Pacific Railroad bonds, and accruing 7 per cent. interest on the $3,500,500. The new bonds, amounting to $3,700,000 are to pay off this debt as follows:

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury; and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the act of eighteen hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding soldiers' relief bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

Some provision has to be made for the immediate payment of a portion, if not all of the above outstanding bonds. The amount of cash now in the State Treasury is not at all sufficient for the purpose, so that a loan in some shape is a necessity. According to our ideas of the subject, the plan is a good one, as it will materially lessen taxation. The consolidated bonds will find a ready market at something near their par value, as our State credit is first rate. There is also a difference in our favor of at least one per cent in the rate of interest, and may be more, as European capitalists will doubtless be glad to take our securities at four per cent—three per cent less than we are now paying. The method for paying off these bonds will be understood from section 10, as follows:

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this Act, such rate of tax on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the State, to be computed by the Controller of State on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next ten years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties, in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year, and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the state treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

The extension of time thus gained in paying off our present indebtedness will greatly reduce our burden of taxation by the natural and inevitable increase of taxable property upon which it is to be levied.

The following amendment to the Constitution of the State will also be submitted to the people for their ratification or rejection:

ART. 1, SEC. 22 The Legislature shall have no power to make an appropriation of money for any purpose whatever for a period longer than two years.

This question is doubtless of greater importance than the other. It will afford the best guarantee we can possibly have against rascally legislation, in thus limiting appropriations. We consider it a much needed restriction, even should we not be cursed with an unusually corrupt Legislature at any time. According to our understanding of these questions they are both worthy of general support, which we hope they will receive.

Narrow Guage to White Pine.

Grading was commenced August 7, on the Elko and Hamilton Narrow Guage Railroad, and the presumption is that the work will be pushed to completion.

MORAL OF THE RECENT NEW YORK RIOT.

[COMMUNICATED]

It is a matter to please lovers of religious liberty that, although, the recent troubles in New York were largely attributed to the followers of a single religious belief, the mass of that same powerful and numerous sect in the United States entirely disavow sympathy with the unlawful and riotous conduct of their co-religionists. We quote from Mr. Henry Ward Beecher's paper, The Christian Union, as follows:

"In the howl of execration which the noisy exponents of the Irish party are raising in this city, (New York,) about the recent disturbances, the voice of the better class of Catholics—and Irish Catholics—is apt to be stilled.

The Boston Pilot has a very manly article on the subject of mob-law, which we should have quoted entire, had it reached us earlier. It says:

"If the Orangemen determine to parade, they have a right to parade; that is, they have as much right to parade with orange scarfs and banners, as a Fenian regiment has with green scarfs and sunbursts. But it may be that neither party has a right to parade; that they have simply been tolerated by the authorities. If it be found that such toleration is detrimental to public security, we think that every reflecting American citizen will at once say that both processions should be proscribed. The very ablest defenders of the mob say that they do not quarrel with the Orangemen simply because they are Protestants. What do they quarrel with them for? They have no right to quarrel with them for their colors, for the Fenian Legion of St Patrick, organized with a view to make war on England, flaunts the green flag of Ireland in the faces of thousands of Englishmen in New York city.

It is fair to add that there follows here some strong expressions of dislike for Orangeism in which, we must confess, we heartily sympathize."

The article concludes:

"There are two ways of getting rid of this apple of discord. The first is by an agreement between the general Irish population and the Orangemen, foregoing all right to hold processions for Irish political objects alone. This, we may rest assured, will not be easily agreed to. The second one is the best and the one that must come in the end, when America, tired out and indignant with the squabbling population, puts her foot down with a will and tells them all—Germans, French, Irish, Orange, 'You have had enough now. There is only one flag to be raised in future in this country, and that flag is the stars and stripes.'"

The Western Catholic, of Detroit, still more pronounced, says of a young man of the Ninth regiment, who is said to have committed suicide in a fit of insanity, caused by the "conflict between his duty to his regiment and to his religion:"

"This is simple nonsense. The young man must have been demented long ago, if he supposed that there was any conflict between his duty to his regiment and to his religion. His religion plainly teaches him and all others to be law-abiding and peaceful citizens themselves, and to do all in their power to help the authorities enforce the law. His duty to his religion and to his regiment were the same, namely: to turn out with his regiment, and at the command of his officers to shoot down every rioter that presented himself, as he would a mad dog. It is the first duty of every citizen of the United States, be he Catholic or Protestant to obey the law and preserve the peace."—*Christian Union, July 26, 1871.*

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

A San Francisco dispatch says: "Col. Von Schmidt is purchasing mules for his engineering corps and making arrangements to commence work on both ends of his tunnel through the Sierra and on the Alta Water Company's works, on the head waters of the American river, with a force of 300 men or more, by the middle of this month.

The Stockton Herald of the 2d instant, says: N. J. Saviers, who was arrested on a charge of being an accessory (before the fact) to the murder of Julia Lake by Mrs. Saviers, was brought before Judge Brush to-day, for examination. No evidence being offered to sustain the charge of his being a party to the alleged murder, he was ordered discharged from custody, and the case dismissed.

Geo. C. Gorham and J. P. Jones, Republican nominees in 1868 for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor of California, are now spoken of as aspirants to United States Senatorial honors. Gorham would succeed Cole, of California, and Jones would like to rattle around in the place now filled by Nye.

The Carson Register says that the Crown Point Silver Mining Company of Gold Hill has purchased the three largest quartz mills on Carson river—the Mexican, Morgan (or Yellow Jacket) and the Brunswick.

The proprietors of one of the minor daily papers of San Francisco, are in negotiation for the sale of the establishment to the Democrats, who propose to run it as a campaign paper until after the election.

The remains of Dall's mill, Washoe Valley, with the grounds, tailings, etc., have been sold to the Bank of California for $72,000. The same amount is said to have been paid by insurance companies for damages by the late fire, by which the owners have realized $144,000.

Mount Cenis Tunnel.

From telegraphic advices dated Paris, August 3, we learn that the Mount Cenis tunnel will be open for traffic on the 15th inst., when an informal inauguration of the road will take place. The latest advices from this important work stated that it had been found impossible to run railway trains through the tunnel because of the absence of a draft to carry off the smoke, suffocation having resulted in several cases. We are not advised in what way this has been remedied, but probably smoke-consuming locomotives are used.

FOREIGN NEWS.

London dates to August 6, state:

A great riot occurred in Dublin today. The Board of Works prohibited the proposed Fenian Amnesty meeting, organized by Smythe, member from Westmeatte; Sullivan, editor of the Nation, and O'Bryne, editor of the Irishman. Notwithstanding, at 4 o'clock P. M., vast crowds of men, women and children assembled around the Wellington monument, in Phœnix Park, within 300 yards of Vice Royal Lodge, where the royal party were staying. A large force of police were held in readiness when the procession was formed.

Smythe, Sullivan and Nolan, at the head of 500 men wearing green, arrived. They mounted the monument and opened the meeting. The Superintendent of Police advanced. The people groaned and hissed, and the Superintendent, who showed a determination to break up the meeting, was knocked down; then the police rushed up and a frightful fight ensued. The officers drew their staves and felled the people by scores.

The conflict became hotter; stones were thrown, sticks plied by the mob, and women and children trampled.

The riot lasted half an hour, and 47 persons were known to be wounded, many seriously. Smythe, Sullivan and Nolan were badly hurt, and many of the police receive bruises. The hospitals are full of the injured. There is great excitement throughout the city. The police were attacked repeatedly, but eventually order was restored.

The leaders of the meeting will be prosecuted.

Brigandage has again broken out in Greece, and the city of Athens is thrown into a panic by the brigands gathering in the mountains near by. They are committing the most outrageous crimes. Traveling is already rendered impossible, and the people of Athens are confined within its walls.

The Count and Countess of Paris have gone to Paris.

A telegram from Constantinople says the street railroad has been opened to the public use, and is a complete success.

The Prince of Wales has been installed Grand Patron of the Free Masons of Ireland.

Emperor Napoleon recently declared that France will not allow free trade principles to be torn to pieces.

A conspiracy against the Empire has been discovered by the police of St. Petersburg. It involves all classes of people and many arrests have been made.

A bill is to be introduced in the French Assembly to continue the Thiers Government three years.

The Versailles court-martial has sentenced the Mayor of Puteaux and several others to penal servitude for life.

A New York paper has the news that Russia is arming extensively and has formed an alliance with France against Germany and Austria.

The French have attained a brilliant victory in Algeria.

Quesada, the insurgent commander-in-chief in Cuba, has been executed by the Spanish authorities.

The State of Sonora and the Mexican Government have raised a fund of $170,000 to aid in the extermination of the Apache Indians. Gen. Crook has his working machinery in good order and is ready to advance on the Indians in Arizona.

Garibaldi is very ill and on the verge of the grave.

EASTERN NEWS.

Some Iowa capitalists contemplate erecting reduction works at Ogden, Utah.

A Washington special states that Secretary Fish will soon retire, and will be succeeded by G. W. Curtis.

An extraordinary statement is published in the World, to the effect that Boutwell, when Commissioner of Internal Revenue, was a defaulter to the amount of $2,000,000.

A record of steamboat boiler explosions kept in the office of the Board of Supervising Inspectors in the Treasury Department, shows that there were more lives lost by the Westfield disaster than by all the steamboat explosions which occurred in either of the past two years.

A petition is in circulation, and is signed by a large number of the taxpayers of Richmond, praying for the introduction of the study of German in the public schools of that city.

Tom Shaw and Party.

Our readers will recollect that week before last a statement was extensively circulated in all the newspapers of the State to the effect that Tom Shaw, who works an arastra on Gold Mountain, south of Silver Peak, had been killed by Indians, together with eight other white men. The news came from Hot Creek, and the names of reliable parties were mentioned as having brought it there. From information which we had obtained from Mr. Stansbury, who had just arrived here from the Silver Peak country, we pronounced the rumor false. We are happy to state that a Mr. Meyer, who arrived in Austin from Silver Peak on Saturday last, says that there is not a word of truth in the report, that no Indian troubles have occurred there, and that Tom Shaw and all the other miners of that region are at work and enjoy good health.—*Austin Reveille Aug. 7.*

The Kentucky Election.

The Kentucky election came off August 7. Leslie, the Democratic nominee for Governor, is elected by some 20,000 majority. The Republicans claim a gain since the last Presidential election.

Tolerable.

The Eureka Sentinel, of the 6th inst., says the Consolidated Company of that place made sixty-one tons of bullion in three days run, worth $400 per ton.

THE INYO INDEPENDENT, published at Independence, Inyo County, California, has completed its second year, and is prosperous, as it deserves to be.—*Arizona Miner.*

Facts and Fancies.

Here is an incident of the recent earthquake at Valparaiso. One young lady living near Plaza, Victoria, was in the bath when the shock came, and rushed into the square entirely naked. After the shock had passed and subsiding terror had permitted her to realize her situation, she found herself near a man who had nothing on but a shirt. In an agony of shame she clutched at the man's shirt, tore it from his back, and wrapping it around her waist rushed into the house leaving the man as entirely naked as a moment before she had been herself.

MARRIED.

In Independene, August 13, by Judge A. C. Hanson, GEO. H. HARDY to MISS EVA P. MATTHEWS, all of Independence.

The hardy race of school masters and school ma'ams have a habit of marrying whenever so disposed. May happy days be theirs until the evening of life's school be over.

DIED.

In Lone Pine, August 12, after a lingering illness, Charles Rhodes Nichols, aged about 30 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

I. O. O. F.

ALL THE SOJOURNING BRETHREN OF THE I. O. O. F. in the vicinity of Independence, who feel interested in organizing a Lodge, are requested to meet at the Inyo House on SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 26TH, 1871

au19td MANY FOR FELLOWS.

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

ADULTERATION BY WATER BEING NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

au10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

A. C. LAWRENCE,

Attorney and Counsel'or At Law,

Havilah, Kern Co., Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the Sixteenth Judicial District. au19y1

FRENCH RESTAURANT

—AND—

ONE BIT SALOON.

PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edwards street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—Drinks, 12½ cents.

au19tfm*

TELEGRAPH STAGE LINE,

BETWEEN

Independence, Lone Pine, Havilah, Visalia, Gilroy & San Francisco,

Carrying United States Mail

AND

Wells, Fargo & Co's Express

ROBERTS & GEORGE, Proprietors.

ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 1ST, 1871, THE above Passenger and Express Line will run as follows: Leave San Francisco on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, on first train of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Returning, leave Independence and Lone Pine on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Passengers have the privilege of laying over at any point.

ROBERTS & GEORGE

P. P. Dow, Agent at Independence.

C. D. BEGOLE, Agent at Lone Pine. au19m3

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
August 14, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING WARRANTS on the County General Fund will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date:

No.	Drawn in favor of.	Amount.
211	W. L. Moore	$109 00
214	C. D. Begole	75 00
230	W. A. Greenley	100 00
231	W. A. Greenley	200 00
232	W. A. Greenley	300 00

I. HARRIS
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
au19.6m4

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

jy10-5m

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871 n42-03

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON,
J. P. M. PERHAM,
Independence, Cal.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD,
San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY

Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old motto of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES

Dry Goods.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELLS NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. 25tf

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, August 19..... 1871

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Departure of the Wheeler party.

Lieut. Wheeler and command started from this place Saturday last *en route* for the Colorado. We are told that since this expedition left Carlin, in June last, they have surveyed topographically, something near 18,000 miles of territory. The party have already accomplished an immense amount of work, in scientific exploration. Just how much, or its value, can not be generally known until the final reports are written up and published, which will require months, if not years. Some mineral discoveries, probably of importance, have already been made by the party. We shall, however, have to look to the final report for details of this, the most interesting to the people of this coast, of all the objects of research. The method pursued to accomplish so much work, has been to keep small side expeditions constantly in the field, from each of the main divisions, and this plan will be continued until hostile Indians render it dangerous. After a thorough exploration of the Colorado by land and water, the expedition will proceed to Tucson, Arizona, and disband. Fred. W. Loring, quite a talented young writer, is, we believe, the only newspaper correspondent accompanying the expedition. His correspondence may be found in Appleton's Journal. Several interesting articles from his pen have already appeared in The Journal, portions of some of them we shall probably publish from time to time.

A County Boarder.

The Board of Supervisors at their last regular session were called upon by one Murphy for assistance, he claiming that he was helpless and without means. Under the circumstances the Board could not refuse, and accordingly quartered him at the Inyo House. The necessity for this action originated about as follows: Some time in June last Murphy and another man were engaged in timbering a mine belonging to the O. L. S. L. Company, and by carelessness of their own a small cave occurred which broke Murphy's leg. Superintendant Brady at once informed him that his wages should go on during the time he was disabled and would, furthermore pay his doctor's bills and board. For about a month this arrangement was carried out to the letter, but Murphy became tired and left with considerable money in his pocket, which he soon lost. Being unable to work, he applied, as stated, for assistance, which has been accorded by the county now for several weeks, which is all well enough, perhaps, but as a specimen of the man's gratitude we have it from reliable authority that he now proposes entering suit against the O. L. S. L. Co. for $10,000 damages. No doubt he will recover—the use of his leg.

Military Information.

Brevet Major General E. O. C. Ord, U. S. Army, Commanding the military department of California, arrived at Camp Independence on Friday evening, Aug. 11. He was busily engaged in inspecting the troops, their quarters, supplies, etc., until Tuesday morning, Aug. 14, when he left for the other side of the mountains, taking the Yosemite Valley in his route. Lieut. H. L. Haskell, 12th Infantry, and an escort went with him from the post, as guides through the mountains. The General was accomoanied by Col. Hugh G. Brown, A. D. C., Ass't. Surgeon Thomas McMillin, U. S. A. and Lieut. (and Brevet Major) J. M. Norvell, Adjt. 12th Infty. He visited the Kearsarge Mill and other points of interest while here. General Ord was born in Maryland, and is a graduate of the Military Academy at West Point, (class of 1839), has been a Brigadier General in the Regular Army since July 26, 1866, and was one of the heroes of the war of the rebellion. Early in the war he was a Brig. Gen. of Vols., was made Maj. General U. S. Vols. May 2d, 1862, serving with distinction in both the Western and Eastern armies, suffering from wounds and sickness. He was one of General Grant's favorite Generals, and commanded the old Thirteenth army corps, in the campaign against Vicksburg.

Lecture.

Mr. F. J. Mette will deliver a lecture on Life Insurance, on Thursday evening, 24th instant, charging an admission fee of 50 cts., the proceeds of which will be donated to the School fund of Independence. The subject is well chosen; one which is of just importance to the people, and of particular interest, especially when it is well handled, as no doubt it will be in Mr. Mette's able hands. We hope that every man, woman and child in the neighborhood will attend this lecture, for independent of the value of the lecture itself every cent of the small sum charged as an admittance fee, is so much contributed to a needful and worthy object—our public school in this place.

Shooting in Cerro Gordo.

Tuesday last, in Cerro Gordo, Juan Rojas got into a row with Pasqual Baker, whom he attempted to shoot. Baker received a shot in the wrist, and an innocent bystander, whose name we have not ascertained, another through the shoulder. Rojas is now in jail awaiting the action of the Grand Jury. The wound received by the stranger is a bad one, though it is supposed he will recover. We have received no further particulars.

I. O. O. F.

Members of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows are requested to meet at the Inyo House, on Saturday evening next, for the purpose of organizing a lodge. We hear that it is proposed to occupy the hall at this place belonging to the Masons. If our ideas are correct there are more odd fellows at Lone Pine than elsewhere in the valley, and would be but an even thing for them to join in and erect a hall at that place.

For Supervisors.

The candidates for County Supervisors, as put in the field by the respective parties, consist of the following gentlemen: Lone Pine and Cerro Gordo Districts, John Simpson, Democrat, and Wm. Barrows, Republican. Independence District, J. N. Rose, Republican, and A. N. Bell, Democrat.

Another Shooting Scrape.

It is rumored that another shooting affray came off in Cerro Cordo, Wednesday night, but who the parties were or what it was about, or how much good was done, we can't say.

Good.

County Scrip has advanced to 60 cents on the dollar, cash, notwithstanding the recent extraordinary outlay of money by the county. This is a good investment at 50 cents.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Board met Monday Aug. 14, 1871. Shedd and Alexander present. The following bills were allowed and ordered paid.

ON THE GENERAL FUND.

W. T. Grant	$24 00
Chalfant & Parker	75 00
J. B. White	12 00

ON THE CONTINGENT FUND.

W. T. Grant	$32 00
J. B. White	32 00

ON HOSPITAL FUND.

Dr. F. C. Smith	$5 00

SWANSEA TOLL ROAD.

Upon report of Examiners appointed to view and report upon this road, it appears that said road is complete and in good repair. It was ordered that the rates of toll authorized to be charged and collected upon said toll road be fixed as follows:

One wagon and pair of horses	50 cts.
" " " each add'tl pair	12½ "
" horse and rider	12½ "
Pack animals each	05 "
Sheep, goats, hogs each	15 "
Empty wagon one way free.	

The following parties were cited to appear on the 1st day of September and show cause why their assessments should not be raised, to wit:

V. Beaudry, M. W. Belshaw, J. G. Burcham, Duncan Campbell, C. & M. Cohen, Daneri & Stewart, Eclipse Mining Company, Harris & Rhine, Thos. May, H. C. Morse, Munzinger & Fernbach, Munzinger & Lubkin, O. L. S. L. Co., John Wallace, Phœnix G. & S. M. Co.

Adjourned to 1st day of September.

Interesting Fight.

Considerable public interest has been excited over a little contest now going on between some parties in Cerro Gordo and the Cerro Gordo & Owens Lake Toll Road Company. As is well known, the road belongs to M. W. Belshaw, and was partly built by him some three years since, the major portion of the road following a natural route up a canyon, which was widened and filled in places, and over a grade built by Mr. Belshaw. But, it is alleged, the most difficult part of the road was built by miners and citizens, who proclaim that it is unjust to be compelled to pay toll over the road. To test the matter, John Simpson, on the night of the 3d instant, after demanding of the toll collector his authority, refused to pay and passed the gate. Mr. Tollman reported to headquarters, and Deputy Sheriff Peterson despatched to capture Simpson, who was arrested at Lone Pine, on a charge of misdemeanor. On the 4th instant he was arraigned before Justice Barrow's court, by E. H. Van Decar for the people, and F. K. Miller and F. F. Gallardo for the defense. The merits of the case were argued until night, when a jury trial was demanded by the prisoner. On next assembling a venire of 90 jurors was exhausted in obtaining the regular number. After a day or two's work, the jury found a verdict of "not guilty," and now the case goes to the District Court, on a suit brought to recover those two bit piece. We rather opine that Belshaw has the best of it, by virtue of charter and the law, but the county should buy the road or build another and better one, from money collected in Cerro Gordo as road tax. The people there will do as much as they did on the first, and the Swansea Company will donate a good five or six miles already built. Viewed from its various points the subject is an interesting one.

Mail Contract Let.

The contract for carrying a weekly mail between this place and Cerro Gordo, has been awarded to our friend, J. Earl, of Camp Independence. Mr. Earl has filed his bonds and will at once proceed upon the contract. Now the question that concerns the people generaly of both places is whether we are to be limited to one mail per week. We know that no such arrangement will answer our needs. The business between Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine and this place already demands a daily line of stages, and such a line is soon to be put on, though we already have two lines each running a tri-weekly stage. We need a tri-weekly mail at least, and we hope by all means that the Department at Washington will order it on at once. Of course should such a needed contract be let to Mr. Earl there is no question about his ability and competentcy to carry it out to the letter, and in a satisfactory manner. He is one of our oldest and most enterprising citizens, and possessed of the necessary means and will to run a stage line for the accommodation of the public. In any case, whether it is carried by Mr Earl or John Collister, the late contractor, and popular stage man, we repeat that we need and ought to have, at least, a tri-weekly mail.

Died.

A letter from the Resident Surgeon of the Insane asylum, addressed to Judge Hanson, contains the news of the death of John T. Ryan, recently sent there from this county. We believe the immediate cause was from an abcess in the liver, although his death from general debility was daily expected. The deceased has a sister residing in St. Louis, Mo. Poor Ryan was a brilliant but erratic genius, always in his little troubles, but possessed of an inexhaustible fund of humor. He was a brilliant imaginative writer, as a great many of his effusions now before us will testify—but through all was noticeble the little eccentricities which culminated in the dethronement of reason and final dissolution.

Southern Stage Line.

Messrs. Roberts & George of the Telegraph Stage Line, running between this county and Visalia, make known the fact that we *have* stage communication with the outside world, and that they are running three times a week. Their enterprise, low rates and short time will make this the frequented and popular line. People will patronize a route the proprietors of which *sabe* enough to appreciate the similarity of interests of newspapers and lines of public travel, in preference to one which withdraws its sickly, pitiful support from a journal because it does not see fit to quietly acquiesce in incompetency and mismanagement.

Where is Hahn?

We have been waiting for an opportunity to glean some authentic information concerning the reported losing of C. F. R. Hahn, the well known guide, who went out to escort Lieut. Lyle's party to the Armagoza. It is understood that the party were lost in the mountains and traveled three days without water, and that Hahn either purposely left the party or got lost himself. Vague reports indicate that the party did not spend much time in looking for him, but the general belief is that Hahn will turn up all right yet.

Restaurant.

Peter Margarot, of the French Restaurant, this week officially promulgates the fact that he still holds forth, and that "one beer" drinks are the order of the day at his bar.

Bullion Shipment.

There were shipped this morning by Wells, Fargo & Co. from the arastras of J. W. McMurry, at Fish Springs, 75 ounces of gold bullion, valued at $1,168.

The Political Speaking.

According to notification, quite a respectable gathering assembled at the Court House, Thursday night, to hear the Hon. A. C. Lawrence, who is canvassing the county in the Democratic interest, upon the issues of the day. With no intention of expressing an opinion upon the questions discussed, we have no hesitation in saying that Mr. Lawrence as a speaker acquitted himself very well indeed, and as a gentleman has made a fine impression upon all, without regard to party. He was to speak last night at Lone Pine, and to-night at Cerro Gordo.

Stage Robbery.

Mr. George, of the Telegraph Stage Line, informs us that on Friday last the Visalia and Gilroy stage was stopped by road agents, who robbed the passengers of $4,00 but did not get Wells, Fargo & Co's treasure box. Dewey, of The Visalia Delta, was aboard, but being an editor the presumption is he did not lose anything to speak of.

Fights.

Another season of fights and drinks seems to have set in, the effects of headache-essence being visible on all sides, during the nights.

Cash.

There is cash on hand at County Treasurers Harris' office for the redemption of County Warrants No. 211, 214, 230, 231, and 232.

Meeting.

The Democratic County Central Committee will meet at the County Clerk's office to-day, at 10 o'clock.

DRUGS ETC.

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLE constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4:32-6m JOHN LENTELL

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tfte

BREWERIES.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

PIONEER AND GERMANIA BREWERIES,

Independence & Lone Pine.

MANUFACTURE AND FURNISH TO ORDER, quantities to suit, the very best of

Lager Beer.

NOTHING LIKE IT!

A song and a cheer for the lager bier,
A song for the nectar brown,
Where joy-sprites hide in the sparkling tide,
Or dance through its snow-white crown.
Let others pine for their rosy wine
Or whisky's fiery cheer:
Be it ours to quaff the foaming draught
Of glorious lager bier.

Round let it pass with a jingling glass
Round with a rousing cheer,
Hurrah for the friend true to the end,
Hurrah for lager bier! n42m6

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notions,

Marino and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20 n47tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870 n7v1tf

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and as you know how it is yourself, people will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, June 20, 1871. je14n52tf

LIVERY STABLES.

HUNT'S

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5 6m

THE PIONEER

LIVERY, SALE

—AND—

FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.

Independence, July 13, 1871. je15 n55m3

For Sale.

I WILL SELL MY BLACK HORSES "EBONY" and "Sheep Driver," also one iron axle wagon, light and spindles, nearly new, and suitable for two heavy or four light horses; also, one set of Concord wheel harness, one set of single horse harness. n38tf PAUL W. BENNETT.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Great Bargains!

GREAT SACRIFICE

—OF—

Property!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS entire stock of goods at

Less Than San Francisco Cost

Prices!

Bacon	20 cts ℔ lb
Hams	22 cts ℔ lb
Crushed Sugar, ℔ barrel	20 cts.
do do	4½ lbs $1
Brown Sugar, ½ barrel	$16
do do	5½ lbs $1
Candles, by the box	$5
do	9 for 50 cts
Ground Coffee, by the case	36 cts.
do do	37½ cts ℔ lb
Green Coffee...by the sack	23 cts
do do	25 cts ℔ lb
Lard...by the case	24 cts
do ...10 pound can	$2 50
do ...5 " "	1 25
Best Japan Tea	75 cts by the case
do	80 cts ℔ lb
Dried Apples	5½ lbs for $1
Dried Grapes	5½ lbs for $1

CANNED STUFFS.

Tomatoes	50 cts ℔ can
Oysters	50 do
Salmon	62½ do
Lobster	62½ do
Jellies	62½ do
Spiced Oysters	75 do

All other articles, too numerous to mention, in the same proportion. Orders from the Valley will be promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by cheapest conveyance.

20,000 Dollars Worth of New Stock of Goods,

To arrive immediately, comprising an assortment of

General Merchandise,

Which will be sold at same reduction in prices, without reserve.

Still Larger Sacrifices

In all articles of Clothing & Dry Goods.

TERMS — CASH ON DELIVERY.

V. BEAUDRY.

Cerro Gordo, July 12, 1871. jy15 55tf

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

Wines and Liquors,

Dry-Goods,

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

HARDWARE,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

—AND—

EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.

Fish Springs, July 22, 1871. n56 m3

R. J. MORRISON

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries,

HARDWARE,

Crockery and Glass Ware,

PAINTS, OILS,

Varnish and Window Glass.

Also, a fine assortment of the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a well assorted

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

of 500 volumes.

School Books, Blank Books and Stationery.

TO THE ABOVE STOCK THE UNDERSIGNED would most respectfully beg leave to call your attention, especially to the quality and

Greatly Reduced Prices!

TERMS---STRICTLY CASH.

R. J. MORRISON, Proprietor.

Postmaster, Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.; also, agent for the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., July 23, 1881. n57m3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, August 19.....1871

—Among the piquant aphorisms up on the somewhat shaky topic of credit, may be mentioned Lord Alvanley's description of a man who "muddled away his fortune in paying his tradesmen's bills." Lord Oxford's definition of timber: "An excrescence on the face of the earth, placed there by Providence for the payment of debts;" and Pelham's argument that "it is respectable to be arrested for debt, because it shows the party once had credit."

—When Professor Felton, reading a "A Midsummer Night's Dream" to the captain of a ship, of which he was a passenger, came to the description of Oberon sitting on a promontory listening to a mermaid on a dolphin's back, the seaman was disgusted. "The dolphin's back," said he, "is as sharp as a razor, and no mermaid could possibly ride the beast unless she first saddled him."

—A white-haired old negro preacher in New Orleans thus addressed one of the meetings of dissatified darkeys recently: "What are you grumblin' about? Yer all better off dan ye ever 'spected to be—dan you deserve to be. Did yer tink when Massa Linkum guv ye yer freedom he was gwine to buy tickets in the Louisiana State Lottery for you beside?"

—It is an exploded theory that women dress to please men. They dress to please or spite each other. Any girl of sense and experience knows it is just as easy to break a man's heart in a two-dollar muslin, neatly made up, as it is in a five-hundred-dollar silk costume, made by a man-dressmaker.

—A bachelor says all he should ask for in a wife would be a good temper, health, good understanding, agreeable physiognomy, figure, good connection, domestic habits, resources of amusement, good spirits, conversational talents, elegant manners—money!

—A hack-driver in Chicago, who was arrested for cruelty to a miserable looking horse, was asked if he ever fed him. "Ever fed him? that's a good 'un," was the reply. "He's got a bushel and a half of oats at home now, only he ain't got time to eat 'em."

—Some clever fellow has invented a new kind of ink, called "love-letter ink." It is a sure preventative against all casss of breach of promise, as the ink fades away, and leaves the sheet blank in about four weeks after being written upon.

—A Maine girl being bantered one day by some of her female friends in regard to her lover, who had the misfortune to have but one leg, replied: "Pooh, I wouldn't have a man with two legs—they're are too common."

—One of the big trees standing in Calaveras county, is 3,400 years old, and was as large as that now on exhibition, in the time of Charlemagne. The big tree was as large in the days of Solomon.

—"You had better look out for your hoss' feet above here, mister," said a ragged boy to a passing traveler. "Why," said the gentleman, nervously pulling up. "Coz there's a fork in the road there," was the candid reply.

—Any one can drift. But it takes prayer, religious principle, earnestness of purpose, constant watching to resist the evil of this world—to struggle against the tide.

—At North Hatfield, Mass., it is said that in early days a road was laid out which was described as "running from Pochang meadow to the stream where old Doolittle's horse died."

—By the late Texas election law, any person in that State making a bet or wager upon the result of an election, is debarred from the privilege of casting a vote.

—A bill "for the further protection of the rights of married men" was introduced into the New Hampshire Legislature recently.

—Georgia people are wondering at a man who recently made a costly present to a church and the next day went into bankruptcy.

—Widows are estimated by the square mile in New Hampshire. Twenty to the mile is thought a good ratio.

—The New York Times says that Jim Fisk is "first in peace, first in war, and first in the pockets of his countrymen."

—"Pa, what can I do, unless you get me a riding habit, up here in the country?" "Get into a habit of walking, my dear."

—Take the world as it is, not as it ought to be.

—To be angry is to avenge the faults of others upon ourselves.

—"The way to become round" is to eat square meals.

—The tool with which editors hew their fortunes—the "ads."

—There are sixty-nine convicts in the Nevada State Prison.

—Indians are too plenty in Corinne to suit the people.

—They call dancing parties in Idaho "collarups."

Honorably Acquitted.

After a thorough and searching investigation of the facts in the case, Mrs. Malvina Crenshaw and Wm. Halford, charged with being concerned in the death of John M. Crenshaw, were honorably acquitted of the charge.—*White Pine News.*

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871 n51m6

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for **County Scrip.**

J. B. ROWLEY.

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.

LEWIS SCHNEIDER.

At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence. jy15n55m3

INYO PIONEER

TIN SHOP,

Of INDEPENDENCE.

WELCH & STEVENS,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.

STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.

HAVING PURCHASED H. C. MORSE'S BLACKSMITH shop, adjoining our tin shop, and obtained the services of a

NUMBER ONE WORKMAN,

We Propose to do **BLACKSMITHING** in all its **Branches**, as Cheap and in a style NOT EXCELLED by any shop in the County. Satisfaction guaranteed. Please give us a call, at our shops on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store. WELCH & STEVENS.

jy8n54tf

Political Speaking!

Hon. A. C. Lawrence

WILL ADDRESS THE CITIZENS OF INYO on the political issues of the day, as follows, viz.:

At Bishop Creek, Tuesday, 15th inst
" Independence, Thursday, 17th "
" Cerro Gordo, Saturday, 19th "
" Swansea, Monday, 21st "
" Lone Pine, Tuesday 22d "

At the hour of 7 o'clock, P. M. All are invited to attend.

By order of the CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

August 11, 1871. n59-1

NOTICE.

THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CENTRAL COMmittee will meet at Independence on the 19th day of August, 1871 at 2 o'clock P. M., for the transaction of very important business. Every member should be present.

A. M. BELL, Chairman,
H. M. ISAACS, Secretary.

58-1

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore for less than the sum of $5, and will buy ahead ore assaying more than $100 per ton.

m 6n45tf HINSKEY & WALKER.

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one no working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITOR
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South, Grand Hotel Building, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place. ap29n41m1

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN

State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NEWTON BOOTH.....of Sacramento

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
ROMUALDO PACHECO.....of San Luis Obispo

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
DRURY MELONE.....of San Francisco

FOR CONTOLLER,
JAMES J. GREEN.....of Marin

FOR STATE TREASURER,
FERDINAND BAEHR.....of San Francisco

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
ROBERT GARDNER.....of Humboldt

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JOHN L. LOVE.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT,
GRANT L. TAGGART.....of Shasta

FOR STATE PRINTER,
THOMAS A. SHRINGER.....of Amador

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER,
JOHN A. McGLYNN.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESSMAN—FIRST DISTRICT,
S. O. HOUGHTON.....of San Jose

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
A. C. NILES.....of Nevada
[For the Short Term.]
A. L. RHODES.....of Santa Clara
[For the Full Term.]

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
H. M. BOLANDER.....of San Francisco

REPUBLICAN County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR,
M. C. ANDROSS.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN,
P. B. BACON.....of Tuolumne
WM. G. LONG.....of Tuolumne
DUNCAN CAMPBELL.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE,
DAVID LOVE.....of Fish Springs

FOR SHERIFF,
SETH G. SNIDEN.....of Bishop Creek

FOR CLERK,
M. W. HAMMARSTRENN.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
F. K. MILLER.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR TREASURER,
J. B. ROWLEY.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR,
J. R. WESTERVILLE.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER AND PUB. ADMINISTRATOR,
G. W. TODD.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
J. W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
LYMAN TUTTLE.....of Lone Pine

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
J. Earl.....Chairman
P. W. Bennett.....Secretary
J. L. Garrettson.....Bishop Creek
A. M. Loomis.....Lone Pine
Geo. Shedd.....Fish Springs
A. J. Gerald.....Cerro Gordo
P. A. Chalfant.....Independence

DEMOCRATIC State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR:
H. H. HAIGHT.....of Alameda

FOR LEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
E. J. LAWIS.....of Tehama

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:
JAMES MEDLEY.....of Sonoma
[For the Short Term.]
S. S. WRIGHT.....of San Francisco
[For the Full Term.]

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
W. B. C. BROWN.....of Sacramento

FOR CONTROLLER:
R. O. LEWITT.....of Siskiyou

FOR STATE TREASURER:
A. F. CORONEL.....of Los Angeles

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
CO HAMILTON.....of Placer

FOR SURVEYOR-GENERAL:
JOHN W. BOST.....of Merced

FOR STATE PRINTER:
JOHN T. BARRY.....of San Francisco

FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
O. P. FITZGERALD.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF SUPREME COURT:
LOS. LASLEYRE.....of Kern

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER:
JOHN ROSENFELD.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT:
LAWRENCE ARCHER.....of Santa Clara

First Congressional District Democratic Central Committee.

PRESIDENT—JAMES M. ALLEN.....San Francisco
SECRETARY—JAMES O'NEILL.....San Francisco
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—DAN'L MCNEILL...San Francisco; JAS. M. ALLEN...San Francisco; JAS. O'NEILL...San Francisco

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
John H. Moore.....Santa Clara Co.
[illegible].....Fresno Co.
G. J. Salomon.....San Francisco
W. W. Hasson.....Kern Co
J. H. Lawrence.....Mariposa Co
S. F. Gill.....Monterey Co.
I. W. Symons.....Mono Co
P. D. Wigginton.....Merced Co.
A. J. King.....Los Angeles Co.
S. Sheppard.....Tulare Co.
J. D. Spencer.....Stanislaus Co.
John W. Satterwhite.....San Bernardino Co.
J. Wofskill.....San Diego Co.
Russell Heath.....Santa Barbara Co.
D. W. James.....San Luis Obispo Co.
C. Carpenman.....Santa Cruz Co.
J. J. Hill.....San Mateo Co.
J. M. Allen.....San Francisco
Daniel McNeill.....San Francisco
James O'Neil.....San Francisco

DEMOCRATIC

County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR:
W. A. LAKIN.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN:
GEO. A. WHITING.....of Tuolumne
W. P. CONNELLY.....of Tuolumne
D. B. CURTIS.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE:
JOHN A. HANNAH.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR SHERIFF:
CYRUS MULKY.....of Lone Pine

FOR CLERK:
I. P. YANEY.....of Bishop Creek

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
E. H. VAN DUZAR.....of Independence

FOR TREASURER:
HENRY M. ISAACS.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR:
J. F. DILLON.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER & PUB. ADMINISTRATOR:
JOHN A. LANK.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS:
JOHN W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR SURVEYOR:

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
A. N. Bell.....Chairman
H. M. Isaacs.....Secretary
I. S. Freeborn.....Lone Pine
J. L. Porter.....Cerro Gordo
T. K. Hutchison.....Bishop Creek
John Laird.....Round Valley
S. P. Moffat.....Independence
J. E. Parker.....Independence
W. P. George.....Independence

LEGAL.

REPORT OF COUNTY TREASURER.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
INDEPENDENCE, Inyo Co., Cal., August 1, 1871.

TO THE HON. BOARD OF SUPERVISORS of Inyo Co.:

GENTLEMEN: Herewith please find Statement of County Financial Affairs from December 19, 1870, (date of last Report), to July 31, 1871, inclusive:

Cash	*Dr.*
To Cash on hand December 19, 1870, date of last Report	$10,064 42
To Cash received from all sources from December 19, 1870, till July 31, 1871	6,798 41
Total	$16,862 83

Cash	*Cr.*	
By Cash paid to State Treasurer, as per settlement, December 31, 1870	$4,543 47	
" " " June 30, 1871	494 46	
Warrants redeemed on Building Fund	526 94	
" " " Contingent "	234 00	
" County General "	3,054 25	
" " " " Hospital "	1,325 59	
" " " " Road "	599 44	
" Bonds and Coupons " " Mono Debt "	1,834 18	
" Cash paid over to General School "	2,403 50	
" Cash on hand	1,847 06	
		$16,862 83

AMOUNT OF CASH ON HAND.....$1,847 06

Credited to the different Funds as follows:

To County Contingent Fund	$ 217 56
" " Building "	231 03
" " Hospital "	16 53
" " Sinking "	72 43
" " Road "	137 07
" " General "	158 93
" " Mono Debt "	184 70
	$1,018 85

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

School District of Independence	$ 45 43
" " Milton	20 92
" " Union	22 21
" " Bishop Creek	263 88
" " Lone Pine	153 16
" " Round Valley	117 80
	$1,742 25

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL LIBRARY FUNDS.

School Library Fund, Independence	$21 79
School Library Fund, Milton	29 74
" " " Union	12 99
" " " Lone Pine	16 54
" " " Bishop Creek	15 00
" " " Round Valley	8 75
	$ 1 847 06

AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING WARRANTS.

On the County General Fund	$15,273 44	
" " Road "	4,345 66	
" " Contingent "	259 00	
" " Building "	6,632 00	
" Mono Debt "	10,965 64	
		$36 875 74

Amount of cash on hand	$ 1,847 06	
" set aside for school purposes	$28 21	
" on hand toward liquidating County debt	1,018 85	
" County indebtedness to date, interest not included	35,856 89	
		$36,875 74

I. HARRIS, County Treasurer.
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

Approved August 7, A. D. 1871.
J. H. SHEPP, President.

Filed August 7, A. D. 1871.
n59.4t S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF INYO, State of California:

In the matter of the Estate of John A. Mallon, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN A. LANK, Public Administrator, has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition, praying for Letters of Administration of the Estate of John A. Mallon, deceased, and that Monday, the 4th day of September, A. D., 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., being a day of a regular term of said Court, to wit: of the September term, A. D., 1871, at the Court Room in the town of Independence, in the County of Inyo, State of California, has been fixed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition, when and where, any person interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted.

S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

Aug. 19, 1871. n5914.

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF INYO, State of California:

In the matter of the Estate of John A. Mallon, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT P. H. RIVINGTON has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition, praying for Letters of Administration of the Estate of John A. Mallon, deceased, and that Monday, the 4th day of September, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, being a day of a regular term of said Court, to wit: of the September term, A. D., 1871, at the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, State of California, has been fixed as the time and place for hearing said petition, when and where, any person interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted.

S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

August 1, 1871. n5914

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

CERTAIN PARTIES HAVING ON DIVERS OCCASIONS placed boards and other obstructions in the irrigating ditches belonging to us, the undersigned, greatly to our damage and detriment, we hereby warn said parties that all such acts in the future will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

S. A. DENSMORE,
JACOB VAGT,
A. WALTER.

Camp Independence, August 5, 1871. v2n5813*

BOOKS.

THE OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE War between Germany and France WITH **BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES** Of the Principal Personages ENGAGED IN THE CONTEST.

BY JAMES D. McCABE, JR.,

Author of "Paris by Sunlight and Gaslight," "Life of William, Emperor of Germany," "Life of Napoleon III," etc.

Illustrated with over one hundred Fine Engravings and Maps.

THE STORY TOLD IN THIS WORK IS THE most interesting of the century, equaling in attractiveness the history of the deeds of the Great Napoleon. It is printed from a beautiful, clear, new type, on fine calendered paper, comprised in one large royal octavo volume of 740 pages embellished and illustrated with over 100 Splendid Engravings, comprising portraits of the most prominent actors in the great drama, battle scenes, incidents of the war, localities, buildings, fortifications, sieges, cities, etc., and enriched with a series of carefully executed maps, prepared especially for this book. It will be furnished to subscribers in Fine Leather, (Library style,) in English or German, - - **at $5 00**

Send in your orders for this or any other book desired to the Post Office, Independence.

n551. J. P. ROWLEY, Agent.

LEGAL.

AN ACT

To Provide for the Payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to Contract a Funded Debt for that Purpose.

[APPROVED APRIL 2, 1870.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of liquidating and providing for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the State of California hereinafter specified, and to lessen the burden of taxation, the Governor of the State, the Controller of State and the Treasurer of State, and their successors in office, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, to be styled the Loan Commissioners of the State of California, and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the duties hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said State, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually, in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of State. The principal of said bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the State affixed thereto; and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Coupons for the interest shall be attached to each bond so that they may be removed without injury or mutilation to the bond; said coupons, consecutively numbered, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the State.

SEC. 4. Before the sale of any of said bonds the said Loan Commissioners shall cause notice of such sale to be published, for the space of one month, in three daily newspapers published in English, one in the City of New York, one in the City of London, in England, and one in the Capital of the State; in and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in French, in the city of Paris in France, and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in German, in the City of Frankfort-on-the-Main, in Germany. Such notice shall specify the amount of bonds to be sold, the rate of interest they shall bear, the day and hour of sale, the place of sale, which shall be at the State Capital, and that sealed proposals will be received by the said Loan Commissioners for the purchase of such bonds. Within one month from the expiration of such publication, and on the day and hour named in said notice, the said Loan Commissioners shall open all sealed proposals received by them, and shall award the purchase of said bonds to such bidders as will, in their opinion, make the most advantageous bid for the State; *provided*, that said Loan Commissioners may reject any or all bids, if they deem it to the advantage of the State; and *provided* further, that they may refuse to make any award unless sufficient security shall be furnished by the bidders for the compliance with the terms of their bids; and *provided* further, that said bonds shall not be sold at less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, in gold coin par value.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer and Controller of State each to keep a separate record of all bonds sold under the provisions of this Act, showing the number, date, amount and rate of interest of each bond, and to whom the same was issued.

SEC. 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for the payment of the expense that may be incurred by the Loan Commissioners in having such bonds prepared and said notices published.

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury; and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding soldiers' relief bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

SEC. 8. All persons having any of the bonds specified in section seven of this Act shall, upon presentation of such bonds to the said Loan Commissioners, be entitled to exchange them at their par value for bonds authorized to be issued under this Act, at the rate of ninety-three cents on the dollar, par value, but no bond shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars, but the said Loan Commissioners may issue certificates of such fractional parts not bonded, which said certificate shall be transferable, and entitled to be paid out of the proceeds of the sales of any bonds provided for in section seven of this Act. The Loan Commissioners shall cancel each bond so exchanged, and shall indorse on such bond the date on which they received the same, and from whom, the number and amount of the bond issued in exchange therefor, and shall file such bond in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 9. Whenever there shall be in the State treasury, from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued under this Act, a sum of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, in two newspapers, printed in English, one in New York and one in the Capital of the state, for two months, which advertisement shall state the amount of money in the treasury applicable to the redemption of bonds, and the number of bonds, numbering therein the order of their issuance, which are redeemable; and three months from the date of the commencement of such advertisement, such bonds, unless sooner paid, shall cease to draw interest, but the money for the redemption of such bonds shall remain in the treasury to pay such bonds whenever presented.

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this Act, such rate of tax on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the state, to be computed by the Controller of State on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next ten years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year, and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the state treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

SEC. 11. Whenever, on the third day of January or July, in any year, after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of any bonds under this Act, there remains, after the payment of the interest, as provided in the preceding section, a surplus of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, for the space of one month, in one daily newspaper, published in English, in the City of New York, and for one month in one daily newspaper, published in English, at the State Capital, for sealed proposals, to be opened one month after the expiration of such publication by the Treasurer, in presence of the Governor or Controller, at the State Capitol, for the surrender of bonds issued under this Act, which advertisement shall state the amount of money he has on hand for the purpose of redemption; and they shall accept the lowest proposals, at rates not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest amount of bonds, until the amount of cash on hand for the redemption is exhausted; *provided*, however, in case a sufficient amount of such bonds shall not be offered, as aforesaid, to exhaust the Sinking Fund to a less amount than ten thousand dollars, then it is hereby made the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, one in New York and one at the Capital of this State, for three months, which advertisement shall state the amount in the Sinking Fund, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which such fund is set apart to pay and discharge; and if such bonds so numbered in such advertisements shall not be presented for payment and cancellation at the expiration of such publication, then such funds shall remain in the treasury to discharge such bonds whenever presented, but they shall draw no interest after the expiration of such publication; before any of said bonds shall be paid, they shall be presented to the Controller, who shall indorse on each bond the amount due thereon, and shall write across the face of each bond the date of its surrender and the name of the person surrendering.

SEC. 12. The Treasurer of State shall keep a full and particular account and record of all his proceedings under this Act, and of the bonds redeemed and surrendered, and he shall transmit to the Governor an abstract of all his proceedings under this Act, with his annual report, to be by the Governor laid before the Legislature; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this Act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the Governor or the Attorney General, or a committee of either branch of the Legislature, or a joint committee of both.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to pay the interest on said bonds, when the same falls due, out of said interest Fund, if sufficient; and if said fund be not sufficient, then to pay the deficiency out of the General Fund; *provided*, that the Controller of State shall first draw his warrant on the Treasurer, payable to the order of said Treasurer, for the amount of interest money about to become due, which said interest warrant shall be drawn at least one month previous to the maturing of the interest.

SEC. 14. This Act shall take effect sixty days after the next general election, as to all its provisions, except those relating to and necessary for the submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing and proclaiming the votes, which shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This Act shall be submitted to the people of the State for their ratification, at the next general election, and the qualified electors of this State shall, at said election, on their ballots for State officers, vote for or against this Act; those voting for the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—Yes," and those voting against the same, shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—No."

SEC. 16. The votes cast for and against this Act shall be counted, returned and canvassed, and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for the Treasurer of State, and if it appears that a majority of all the votes so cast for or against this law, as aforesaid, are in favor of this Act, then the same shall have effect as herein before provided, and shall be inoperable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the Governor shall make proclamation hereof; but if a majority of the votes so cast are against this Act, then the same shall become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this Act published in one newspaper in each judicial district of this State, for three months next preceding the next general election, for which publication no greater allowance shall be made than the rates allowed by law to the State Printer.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full, and correct copy of Chapter Four hundred and Eighty-four, Statutes of California, Eighteenth Session, approved April 2, 1870, now on file in my office.

WITNESS my hand and the great seal of said State, at office, in Sacramento, California, this twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1871.

H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State.

j10x59m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 4.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have this day filed in this office a diagram, and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the "LAMB" Lode with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo county, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of Range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Silver Sprout" Lode on the northerly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is five feet wide—and which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim. WILSON BUTLER,

y29x57m3 Register.

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 5.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 20th 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th, 1866 for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the SILVER SPROUT Lode, with a surface width of one hundred lineal feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Lamb" lode on the southwesterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is four feet wide. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim. WILSON BUTLER,

j29n57m3 Register.

Application for Patent.

(NOTICE NO. 3.)

U. S. REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 1st, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. L. AND J. L. GRELLY have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for four thousand feet of the LAST CHANCE LODE, situated in Esmeralda Mining District, Esmeralda County, Nevada, and particularly described as follows:

Commencing at a post, the point of notice near the east end of the town of Aurora, about 5 chains northeasterly from the Monroe House, and about six chains north easterly from the Wide West mill, running thence along the lode

1. N. 54 deg. E. 4 chains.
2. N. 69 deg. 20 min. E. 2 71 chains.
3. N. 70 deg. 10 min. E. 7 23 chains.
4. S. 23 deg. 19 min. E. 8 50 chains.
5. N. 86 deg. 59 min. E. 6 02 chains.

Thence to the Westerly boundary of the Juniata lode claim, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line; also the mill site of the Wide West in 1 described as follows:

Commencing at a post from which the South Westerly corner of the Wide West mill bears S. 54 deg. 20 min. E. distant 3 41 chains, and running

1. N. 11 deg. 28 min. E. 4 50 chains.
2. S. 78 deg. 32 min. E. 7 50 chains.
3. S. 11 deg. 28 min. W. 4 50 chains.
4. N. 78 deg. 32 min. W. 7 50 chains.

All of which is more particularly described by the diagram posted in this office and on the claim.

Bearings from the magnetic meridian.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

jy8n54m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and base ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a southeasterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

j17x51m3

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 2. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1871. NUMBER 61.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, August 26,..... 1871.

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Havilah, Kern Co., Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the Sixteenth Judicial District. au19:1

P. REDDY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law,

AURORA, NEVADA,

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no5 ly.

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf]

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46m3

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

PAINTING, ETC.

PAINTING,

Wagon & Carriage Making,

PAPER HANGING, ETC.

J. G. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP, and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. jn10n50tf

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.

LEWIS SCHNEIDER.

At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence. jy15n55m3

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for County Scrip.

Jy 22...56 n3 J. E. ROWLEY.

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s EXPRESS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

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HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

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WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

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OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. a29n5m6

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC Insurance Company

Of San Francisco.

Fire and Marine.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.

J. HUNT, President.

A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.

HARRIS & RHINE,

AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY. are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms my20n47m3

THE MUTUAL Life Insurance Co. OF NEW YORK.

Organized 1842.

Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.

F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.

Assets July, 1870, $41,000,000 Cash.

THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents for Independence and vicinity my20n47tf

LIVERY STABLES.

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5 6m

THE PIONEER LIVERY, SALE —AND— FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.

Independence, July 13, 1871, jy15n55m3

HOTELS.

ORLEANS HOTEL,

LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.

D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a

Bar Attached,

Which has constantly on hand the choicest of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.

Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. je17y1

FRENCH RESTAURANT

—AND—

ONE BIT SALOON.

PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edwards street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—drinks, 12½ cents.

au196m*

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

BISHOP CREEK STAGE HOUSE.

JOHN CLARKE, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND EVERY ACCOMMODATION. Commodious corrals for stock.

Bishop Creek, Cal., October 3, 1870. n13v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BAIRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

SALOONS.

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

ADULTERATION BY WATER BEING NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

au10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

EXCELSIOR SALOON,

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on cash customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.

B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.

Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

SAZARAC SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8a29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

fe4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

TRAVELING.

TELEGRAPH STAGE LINE,

BETWEEN

Independence, Lone Pine, Havilah, Visalia, Gilroy & San Francisco,

Carrying United States Mail

AND

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

ROBERTS & GEORGE, Proprietors.

ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 1st, 1871, THE above Passenger and Express Line will run as follows: Leave San Francisco on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, on first train of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Returning, leave Independence and Lone Pine on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Passengers have the privilege of laying over at any point.

ROBERTS & GEORGE.

P. P. Dow, Agent at Independence.

C. D. BEGOLE, Agent at Lone Pine. au19m3

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29 1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

INDEPENDENT EXPRESS & PASSENGER LINE

To Los Angeles Direct.

H. W. ROBINSON BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Owens Valley that he will run a Four Horse Stage tri-monthly to Los Angeles, connecting with the opposition Line of steamers for San Francisco.

Valuable packages and express matter forwarded to San Francisco and all parts of the State, AT HALF THE USUAL RATES.

☞ Collections and commissions promptly attended to. ☜

The above line of stages will run as follows:

Leave Independence and Lone Pine on the 1st and 15th of each month. Returning will leave Los Angeles on the 8th and 23d of each month.

Fare to San Francisco, 1st cabin, via. Los Angeles	$27 50
Fare to San Francisco, 2d cabin, via. Los Angeles	24 50
Fare to Los Angeles	20 00

AL. BRIGGS, Agent at Independence.

C. MULKEY, " " Lone Pine.

my20n47m3*

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING AND GENERAL Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.

Have all goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.

WM. M. OSBORN.

jy15n55m3

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. n51m6

POPPING CORN.

And there they sat a popping corn,
John Stiles and Susan Cutter;
John Stiles as stout as an ox,
And Susan fat as butter,
And there they sat and shelled the corn,
And raked and stirred the fire,
And talked of different kinds of care,
And hitched their chairs up higher.

Then Susan she the popper shook,
Then John he shook the popper,
Till both their faces grew as red
As sauce pans made of copper,
And then they shelled and popped and ate,
All kinds of fun a poking,
And he haw-hawed at her remarks,
And she laughed at his joking.

And still they popped and still they ate,
(John's mouth was like a hopper)
And stirred the fire and sprinkled salt,
And shook and shook the popper.
The clock struck nine, the clock struck ten,
And still the corn kept popping;
It struck eleven and then struck twelve,
And still no signs of stopping.

And John he ate, and Sue she thought,
The corn did pop and patter,
Till John cried out, "the corn's afire!
Why Susan what's the matter?"
Said she, "John Stiles, it's one o'clock,
You'll die of indigestion;
I'm sick of all this popping corn,
Why don't you pop the question?"

A COUNCIL OF WAR.

[FRED W. LORING IN APPLETON'S JOURNAL.]

We have had a council of war. That is, it was a peace conference; but then a council of war sounds better, and I am not sure that the proceedings were quite as amiable as they were interpreted to be, so that I boldly repeat my assertion that we have had a council of war.

The big chief of the Shoshones rejoices in the euphonious name of Cowitch. He is an artistic barbarian, with an eye for color. Owing to the supposition that the object of our expedition was the massacre of all the Indians in the State of Nevada—a supposition which had its foundation in the frantic behavior of our bug-collector, who scoured the mountains around us in search of prey—the noble red man left our neighborhood. *Abiit, evasit*, and so on. This was not what we desired, as their information concerning the country might prove valuable. So, meeting one stray Indian in the woods, our professional pioneer gloomily eyed him, and then addressed him. Here let me state, parenthetically, that there is only one proper method of talking to an Indian. Indian talk is something like baby talk in its utter disjointedness. Remember the style of conversation of Mr. Alfred Jingle, reader of Pickwick, and adopt it when you meet a big chief. Say "heap" as often as possible. Use it promiscuously with nouns, adjectives, and verbs. Tell him he shall have a heap of muck-a-muck, assure him that he is a heap good indian, and inform him that you a heap go away through the country. Omit all prepositions and conjunctions. Never say perhaps; but use, as an equivalent, "maybe so." The sign of equality, too, finds favor with the poor Indian's untutored mind. "All the same as," is a phrase which is absolutely necessary to the success of any dialogue with an Indian. And, as a conclusion, the universal "*Sabe?*" a word adopted from the Mexican vocabulary, must be employed.

So our pioneer addressed the Indian: "Heap good white man—camp—see Indian—want be heap friend Indian—white man all same as Indian—come up to camp—*sabe?*"

The Indian did *sabe*, much to my surprise, as the pioneer's remarks were utterly unintelligible to me. He told Cowitch, and that sagacious chieftain, before venturing among us, dispatched Frank, his interpreter, to reconoitre.

This Frank is a refutation of the assertion that the Indian is below or above education. He speaks English fluently, having been reared in a white family whose civilizing influence was so strong that, as soon as he was old enough, he ran away and joined this tribe. He makes a very satisfactory interpreter; and, though his dress is highly Indianesque, has a quiet and subdued manner which impresses us favorably. He promised us a visit from Cowitch and his attendant chieftains on the following day, and, in a state of tremulous anticipation, we awaited his coming.

At about 9 o'clock A. M. there was a noise of horses' hoofs, and a troop of mounted Shoshones appeared, surrounding Cowitch, who, with his two squaws, his heir-apparent, and his mother-in-law, formed the centre of the group. They alighted, and immediately squatted on the ground; Cowitch and his chiefs in the middle, the others grouped around him in a ring; while the squaws, the heir-apparent, and an unfortunate chief who came late, sat at one side. The heir-apparent was a frisky little Indian baby of about three years of age, who kept bobbing into the council and disturbing the solemnity of the proceedings in a highly irreverent manner. But what pleased me especially was the state of discipline to which Cowitch had reduced his mother-in-law. That venerable old lady kept trotting back and forth all the morning, bringing drinks of water, in an old fruit can, to the assembled chieftains. Cowitch himself was dressed in buckskin trousers, a plaid red-and-white flannel shirt, and an old dress-coat with one tail. On his head was a crown, composed of crow-feathers and shirt-buttons, while his hair was plaited in two braids, and tied up with musk-rat skins. His forehead and cheeks were painted bright vermillion, and, altogether, his appearance was frightfully grotesque.

The council opened with assurances on our part of our harmlessness, and our amiable intentions toward the entire Indian race. Then Cowitch, removing his pipe, a real meerschaum with a briarwood stem, which was frequently passed round during the council, began a series of suffocated guttural sounds, whose meaning was thus interpreted by Frank:

"Cowitch says he is a good Indian. The Mojaves are bad Indians; they lie and steal, take white man's presents and grub, and then kill him. He has never killed any white man. It was Butterfield, the guide, who killed three white men in the mountains. Cowitch likes the white men, and wants to be friends with them. The white man came to his country, and Cowitch was glad; but the white man would give him no pay. No pay, no clothes, no grub. Cowitch good Indian, friend to white men; but the country was his, and the white man took it away."

Without explaining to Cowitch that a tribe of six hundred Indians, who draw nothing from the land except "the grasshoppers that sport on the hillside," could hardly be allowed to monopolize over eighty thousand acres of our richest mineral land, we proceeded to state that we wished information about the camping facilities of the Pahranagat Valley. To this Cowitch replied, through Frank:

"Cowitch good Indian; but the Mojave Indians are bad Indians, who lie and steal, and take the white man's presents and grub, and then kill them. It was Butterfield, the guide, who killed the white men up in the mountains. Cowitch has never killed any white men. The white man come to Cowitch and take his country, but don't pay him. He wants money or muck-a-muck for his braves; have nothing to eat, as there are no grasshoppers.—Mother-in-law, get me a drink of water."

Upon this we informed Cowitch that we were prepared to give him tobacco, and muck-a-muck, and clothes, and jewelry, in abundance, if he would only give us a guide from his tribe. Then the big chief laid down his pipe, and said:

"Cowitch will give a guide to the white man. Cowitch a good Indian, but the Mojave no good to white man. It was Butterfield, the guide, who killed three white men in the mountains. The white man come to Cowitch and take his country; but, when he ask them for pay, they say 'git!'"

This unexpected variation upon the original theme struck us so pleasantly, that we proceeded to distribute Indian goods in great abundance, bestowing upon the leading squaw of Cowitch a string of green-glass buttons, which her husband afterward took away from her and appropriated to his own use. Then the council broke up. Some of the chiefs rode away, some lingered around the cooks, and others peered into the tents in the hope of stealing something. I interviewed Cowitch, in the hope of obtaining some ethnological information. The only fact of any importance which I discovered will prove interesting to those Eastern gentlemen who have been recently asserting that the Indian cannot lie. There is one exception, at least, to this rule, in the case of the Shoshone tribe, and I think it likely that I shall discover others in my progress southward.

Cowitch in private was as affable as he was dignified in public. We sat down and smoked cigaritas. I endeavored to obtain from him the Shoshone equivalent of certain English words. These he declined to give, for the following logical reasons:

"White man know heap—not know Shoshone—Indian know Shoshone—white man know Shoshone, then white man all the same as Indian."

Having Frank to fall back upon, I was not bitterly disappointed. The wily Cowitch had hoped to extort a quarter from me, but I foiled him. The consciousness of this fact rendered me unusually amiable, and I beamed benignantly on the vermillion-tinged being before me. I did so wish that those of my friends who know and admire my scientific attainments could have seen me exhibiting them for the benefit of Cowitch. The compass and the deflection of the needle, the barometer, the anemometer, and the photographic camera, were all explained in detail by me to the noble aborigine, and the climax was reached when our pioneer passed by and remarked to Cowitch that I was the man who made newspapers.

I could see that Cowitch was impressed, and I mentally apostrophized the glorious power of the press which—but I will save that sentiment for the next press-dinner which I attend. Then Cowitch, with proper deference, asked me if I was a big chief.

I looked modestly conscious, and then answered boldly in the affirmative; for it was a matter of doubt, and I had a right to take any possible advantage.

Then Cowitch asked me if I had a squaw.

I told him not at present, but there was no saying what might happen, to which he assented, with the luminous observation, "Yes; heap happen," which was certainly truthful, if not profound.

"Then, as a return question, I asked him if those were his squaws, and he acknowledge them. I asked him still further if he could *sabe* Mormon.

He could not, and I explained as follows:

"Mormon—tribe—over there—Salt Lake—big chief heap squaws—ten—twenty—sixty—heap squaws."

What do you suppose was this sagacious chieftain's response? I glow with delight as I write it.

"No fun—heap squaws—no fun," from which I infer that, in spite of the success of his domestic discipline, Cowitch found one mother-in-law quite sufficient.

On the whole, we parted on the best of terms. I presented him with two old kid gloves, one brown and one lavender, which he drew on with great delight, and then remarked:

"Cowitch is good Indian, but the Mojaves no good. Cowitch is a friend of the white man, and never hurt him. It was Butterfield the guide who—"

Hastily interrupting him at this point, I bade him good-by and rushed into my tent.

Cowitch himself made a grand tour of the camp, saying good-by, and shaking hands with every officer, soldier, and packer, in the party.

The last words I heard were, "It was Butterfield the guide," and the air has seemed to re-echo them faintly through the entire day.

It seems to me that I ought to draw some conclusions from the scenes of this day, and yet I dislike exceedingly to generalize. The Indian is a human being, and therefore capable of civilization and education. It is his right, even if he does not claim it, and it is the duty of the Government and the people to give it to him. But the development of the county is also a duty, and that philanthrophy which denounces our settlers, who are hastening this work, as persecutors of the Indian, is as idiotic as it is ignorant.

"There needs no ghost come from the grave, my Lord,
To tell us that;"

and yet there are those who, through a sickly sentimentality or a love of notoriety, prate about the wrongs of the noble savage, who is, generally speaking, a filthy and degraded brute. This country is too valuable to humanity to be given up to grasshopper hunting. The conduct of our settlers is not perfect, but it does not deserve opprobrious reproach. There are Indians who are harmless, and who are unmolested, to be sure, but also neglected, which is wrong. There are others who are blood-thirsty, untamed, and pitiless, and these our objects of attack, which is right. And certain would-be orators, who utter much meaningless stuff about the condition of the Indian in the East, which few people attend to or care about, are raising a bitter feeling in the extreme West, and may produce disastrous results in the future.

LATER.—Since Cowitch's departure, two dippers and a tin pail have been missed, together with a Roman scarf, one end of which was incautiously left hanging out of a valise. We do not complain—we are simply thankful that his eye for color prevented him from abstracting more valuable objects. And we have every confidence in the integrity and amiability of Butterfield the guide, although we have never seen him.

The Northern Pacific Railroad.

The St. Paul branch of this road is now finished 160 miles west, leaving but fifty-seven yet to build. This is now ready for the iron, and will be in running order by the 1st of October, when cars may go from St. Paul to the Red river of the North in ten hours. The most careful estimates now figure up the total cost of building the Northern Pacific from Duluth to Puget Sound at $85,277,000, or $42,638 per mile; and this includes $7,230,000 interest on bonds over receipts during the time of constructing the road. The land grant alone, at the low average of $2 50 per acre, is worth $125,000,000, or 39,723,000 more than the whole cost of the road and equipments.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, August 26,..... 1871.

TELEGRAPH NEEDED.

In view of our present extensive and fast increasing business with San Francisco we consider a telegraph line a much needed institution, and one that we believe would pay well. We are likely to be soon well supplied with stage communications, but this alone does not answer our needs. In matters of importance constantly occurring in mining, merchandising, official and other affairs, it is almost a necessity to have telegraphic communication. By the most expeditious method we now have we can have no return from business communications with San Francisco in less than ten days, a delay that is often disastrous, if not fatal, to important operations. Taking all the business in the count, that would center at Cerro Gordo, Swansea, Lone Pine, Independence and Bishop Creek we certainly think that it would amount to enough to justify the immediate extension of either the Aurora or the Visalia line. With a fast freight here that would carry goods at fair rates the advantage of a telegraph would be still more marked.

A New Minister.

The Rev. E. K. Orne late of Carson city, Nevada, has been sent by the Methodist Conference, as Preacher in Charge for this county. Mr. Orne with his family arrived at Bishop Creek, a few days since, but designs we believe, to establish his residence in this place. Church-going people will be pleased to know that we are to have preaching in this place every Sunday, after the Quarterly Conference, which commences September 2d.

Newspaper Change.

O. L. C. Fairchild, has sold The Reese River Reveille to Andrew Casamayou and John H. Dennis, both old residents of Austin. These gentlemen pay Fairchild, the retiring editor, a well deserved compliment for the fairness and ability shown in the management of The Reveille, for the past eight years. Fairchild goes to Oakland to reside. The Reveille will be continued as before at Austin, and we wish the new managers all possible success.

For Sale.

The Humboldt (Nevada) Register is offered for sale, the proprietor being desirous of going into other business.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A gentleman returned from Europe where he has been on intimate social relations with the French Imperial family informs interviewers of a morning paper that Napoleon believes in his early restoration; that the Government of Theirs is regarded as a mere makeshift; that his death at this time would be followed by another civil war. Gambetta is looked upon as an ambitious, intriguing, able man. Bazaine waits on history to justify him. Libre ff s a wre ched creature. The Empress is well, and intends to send the Prince Imperial on a tour through the United States when he is a little older. There are now two parties in France; the Imperialist and Red Republican. The Bourbons are nowhere. European diplomatists favor his (the Emperor's) return, believing that the restoration of Napoleon would keep in subjection the disorderly elements of the French, which now menace Europe. It is also stated that England threatens serious revolutionary troubles and it was believed that the conciliation of the Government would fail to satisfy the demands of the people.

The payment of the second instalment of half a billion of francs on account of the indemnity to the Germans has been completed. The army of occupation in France is reduced to 150,000 men. The French are doing wonders in paying off the enormous German indemnity! If they had been half as vigorous and united in fighting the Germans as they are in paying the price of French vanity and folly, they would have had no indemnity to pay.

The Lutherans of the Baltic provinces have been very badly treated by their Russian neighbors of the Greek Church, whereupon the Swiss and American Committees of the Evangelical Alliance each put in a protest to Prince Gortchakoff. He declines to receive the address of the Swiss delegation, and requested the Americans to withdraw theirs as they had the appearance of an interference with the domestic affairs of Russia, which would not be tolerated from any quarter.

Russia and Prussia are both said to be making extensive preparations for war.

The cholera in the neighborhood of Konigsberg, Prussia, one day lately, developed 70 cases and 34 deaths.

Fresh strikes for less working hours have broken out at Leeds, England.

Napoleon had a fete at Chiselhurst, and received telegrams from most of the crowned heads of Europe.

Dead Chinamen.

The Sacramento Union of the 19, has this: A car which passed through the city yesterday, bound from Corinne to San Francisco, was freighted with the remains of Chinamen who had died at different points on the line of the railroad in that vicinity. They are to be shipped to China for interment.

THE INYO LANCET.

A campaign paper bearing the above incisive title presented itself to public notice during the past week. The Lancet is edited by Goodale, Hill & Co., who very strenously advocate an independent county ticket. It is not the aim or intention of THE INDEPENDENT to question or criticise the acts of political aspirants. We claim no jurisdiction in such cases, not at least, until the said aspirants have emerged from the chrysalis state into full blown officials. We, however, believe that this and all similar sorehead, independent movements is in bad taste, and not deserving sympathy or encouragement. It is a tacit agreement among the people that the delegates selected by them to meet in convention shall have the power to name their candidates. A majority vote of a convention is a fair expression of the people whom these delegates represent. It is not a fair or right thing to repudiate their acts, except in the most extreme cases. Bodies of men acting together are liable to make mistakes and often do, and it is quite possible that both of our late conventions made mistakes in some of their candidates, but that they acted in good faith we have good reason to believe, the assertions of The Lancet to the contrary notwithstanding. The acts of these conventions was as fair an expression of the wishes of the people as could possibly be had at the time.

These conventions were representatives of their respective parties, and their respective parties are in honor bound to stand by them, and share alike the responsibilities of their acts. Each party is sufficiently responsible for the acts of its own officers, and this gives us the only security we can have against wire working and demagogueism. In other words, our every interest demands that party organizations should be kept intact. On these grounds alone we condemn this independent movement. It is not a blow at individual candidates, but at the party they represent, and we are satisfied that all who give this matter due consideration will frown it down by ignoring their candidates on the day of election. They may name the best men, these Independents, but no matter; party faith must be kept or it will be impossible, hereafter, to get responsible men to accept nominations at the hands of a party which offers no assurance of even party support. We do not ask or council support to a candidate simply because he is a party man; if unfit or disqualified from any cause, then don't vote for him; it may go against the grain to vote for his opponent, but better that than to give countenance to such moves as this proposed by The Lancet. Its only tendency is to relieve parties of all responsibility in their nominations and make conventions a farce, or place parties entirely at the mercy (at least in all cases where party unanimity is necessary to carry an election) of any dissatisfied individuals who may come before it. In fact, it is placing a convention in precisely the same position that Goodale, Hill & Co. are so stoutly protesting against—putting it directly in the hands of a single man through fear of his threats of an independent movement, that is liable to result disastrously to the party. With such threats held *in terrorem*, no set of delegates can give satisfaction to themselves or to the people they represent.

Shoshones and Piutes.

The old camping ground of the Shoshones on the hill south of town has been entirely abandoned by them and is now occupied exclusively by the Piutes. The few straggters of the former tribe remaining about here are camped on the north side of, and near the town, evidently for the purpose of protection from the whites. They stand in mortal dread of their Piute brethren who have always imposed upon and tyranized over them—taking their territory, stealing their squaws and horses, killing their game and pillaging their pine-nut groves.

The Piutes are a powerful and warlike tribe, while the Shoshones are weak and inoffensive, caring more for "bisket" than for the honors of war, and attaching greater value to rabbit-skins than scalp-locks. We understand that the former demand that portion of the latter's territory lying between the present boundary, (which is somewhere in the vicinity of Cold Springs,) and the Scheli Creek range of mountains, and doubtless but for fear of interference by the whites, the demand would be enforced at once, and our Shoshone friends driven from this portion of their domain, and made to take up their residence nearer the rising sun. This we hope they will not be permitted to do; the first warlike demonstration made by the stronger tribe against the weaker should be met by interference from the whites and the intruders given notice that no further acts of aggression against their weaker neighbors will be tolerated.—*Reese River Reveille.*

Knowledge.

The range of human knowledge has increased so enormously, that no brain can grapple with it; and the man who would know one thing well, must have the courage to be ignorant of a thousand other things, attracting or inviting.

Progress.

Since the introduction of railroads in India, the wealthy Hindoos go on their religious pilgrimages in cushioned cars, over ground which their ancestors traveled on foot, with peas in their shoes.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

The Cloverdale stage was robbed and a murder committed at the time, a few days since, and now Wells, Fargo & Co. offer $1,000 reward for each of the robbers, and Lloyd Lewis offers $1,000 in his own account.

In Vallejo, August 18, Dr. W. E Taylor, Surgeon of Mare Island, assisted by Drs. Wood, Curlbreth and Donnelly, successfully removed a portion of a Chinawoman's jaw. She had been suffering from cancer in the left cheek. The various political clubs of both parties are making great preparations for the approaching election.

The Independent or Straight Republican Convention was to meet last Saturday and decide whether or not they would put a ticket in the field.

Pending the final disposition of charges of misdemeanor by selling pottery tickets, against agents arrested a few days since; that line of business has been suspended in San Francisco. The police have made efforts to obtain evidence against the parties, but thus far they have been unsuccessful.

News from Cocos Island, via Panama, says treasure-seekers have all left, and Mrs. Captain Brown, who was to turn up the plant under guidance of sprits, has lost her faith and is now residing in Panama. The attempt to organize the twentieth company in San Francisco, to continue the search, has failed.

The stage running between Elko and Mountain City, Cope district, is to be discontinued.

The nights and mornings, says The White Pine News of August 12th, are becoming quite chilly, making a fire a comfortable institution; but the days are pleasant, and somewhat warm, though not too much so for comfort.

Tuolumne County has 2,562 qualified voters.

A safe in Mullin's hotel, Carson, was robbed of $700 on the night of the 18. The took the key from the pocket of one of the proprietors while he was asleep.

The State of Sonora and the Mexican Government have raised a fund of $170,000 to aid in the extermination of the Apaches. Gen. Crook has his machinery in good order for making an effective campaign in Arizona.

The great San Joaquin Valley Canal is progressing northward quite rapidly.

The bullion shipment from Pioche for July amount to $506,469 43.

The opposition to San Diego was to be resumed Sunday last, when the William Tabor, which has been thoroughly overhauled, was to commence her trips. The rates of fare have been reduced to the old figures. It is also stated that the Olympia will go into the same trade in connection with the Tabor.

One hundred and fifty thousand dollars' worth of brick buildings are in progress of erection in Los Angeles.

Great numbers of gophers and squirrels have been driven into the green fields of Los Angeles city, from the neighboring plains, by the dry season.

A wild quail has affiliated with a Guinea hen belonging to Colonel Warner of Los Angeles, and is assisting the hen to make a living for a large brood of little Guinea chickens.

There are 6,657 names on the Great Register of Solano couty; 1,244 have been cancelled by deaths and removal. The total amount of assessable property for the county of Solano for the present year is $6,098,033, against $7,513,210, the amount returned last year. This is a very large decrease, and probably arises from the failure of the crops of the present year. The amount of taxable property two years ago was $6,037,000.

Great fires are raging in the timber region near Visalia.

Von Schmidt and the Central Pacific Company's engineer have fixed upon the initial points of the Lake Tahoe tunnel at both ends, and the work will be started at once and kept moving all Winter.

A man named Reeves, living in the outskirts of Visalia, was shot and dangerously wounded by the accidental discharge of his own pistol. He was called out of bed about midnight by some unknown person wishing to see him. Arming himself with a revolver, he went out, when the pistol, entangled in his clothes, was discharged. The parties wishing to see him disappeared.

Arizona.

Correspondence from more remote parts of Arizona Territory show the present summer to be the driest and hottest ever known in Arizona. In Pine Grove district there is not water enough to work arastras. Gov. Safford, with a company of some fifty miners, has gone on a prospecting trip to the mineral districts of the Pinal country in eastern Arizona, carrying the war into the heart of the Apache country. Potatoes have been selling at twenty cents per pound in Prescott; flour, $8.50 to $10 per hundred.

Cruelty at Sea.

Almost incredible statements are published in the New York papers of the cruelty practiced on board the ship Sardis, Captain Cunningham, of Boston, from San Francisco, for Liverpool, with wheat, on December 8th. Another sickening tale is told of the ship Mary Brune, Captain Arthur, from San Francisco for Hongkong. The Sardis carried a crew of sixteen, shipped in San Francisco for the round trip; five of them arrived on the ship Prussiana on Tuesday last, and are at the new Sailors' Home on Pearl street. One of the number, Charles H. Swords, says that during the first thirty days out, the crew were treated with humanity by the captain, who seemed to spare no pains to make them comfortable; but after this Cunningham began his brutalities by knocking one of the crew in the head with the butt of his revolver. The men were put in irons, fed on sea biscuit and salt water, and not allowed to remove their clothing. Oliver Johnson, John Henning and Tourny Williams, were placed in double-irons, their hands tied behind their backs, and thus they were triced up for twelve hours. When taken down they were unable to stand, and their shoulders were out of joint, but the captain with a billet of wood beat them to compel them to rise. Finding that they were unable to do so, he jerked them up by the assistance of the boatswain, hammered their shoulders into their proper positions, and compelled them to man the pumps. He stood over them with a ratan, laying it on their bare backs whenever they slackened their speed. They were kept at this until they fell to the deck senseless. Swords and the cook interfered, backed by three or four of the crew; whereupon the captain drew his revolver and threatened to shoot them down for mutiny if they did not go forward. This they refused to do until they had taken care of the men who had been so shockingly maltreated. The captain called his mates and put the whole watch in irons, and shut them up in the hold. After this, as each watch was called, the watch below was put in irons. At first they were put on short allowance and then bread and water, and finally, before reaching Liverpool, they were given nothing but raw wheat to eat. They were compelled to work and lie in irons each alternate four hours during the remainder of the voyage. The crew of the Mary Brune numbered eighteen. They arrived at Hongkong about April 1st. From the 6th of June, when they got out of sight of land, the captain opened on the crew. A. Jackson, was one of those who deserted the ship at Hongkong, arrived in this port about a week ago from San Francisco, and is also at the new Sailors' Home. A reporter saw him yesterday and obtained the following story: Captain Arthur beat every man on the ship before they had been out three days; and then began a reign of terror. The men were beaten miscellaneously with belaying pins, capstan bars and clubs. On the 1st of January the captain gouged out Alfred Nelson's eyes and threw them overboard. Next day he tied the cook by the feet, head down, and left him there till dead. He then threw him overboard. George Harmon said that he should sweat for that when he reached port. Procuring a red-hot iron, the captain scorched Harmon's tongue and burned him on the face until he was unable to articulate. Harmon was then tied up by one wrist clear of the deck, and kept in that position until his hand turned black. Silas Wilson was forced to jump overboard from the bow of the ship at the instance of the captain, who gave him the choice between having his brains blown out and drowning. Another man named Jackson was taken sick, and the captain forced him to commit suicide by taking arsenic, threatening, as the alternative, that he should have his throat cut. He took arsenic and died.

From Winnemucca.

These items are dated Winnemucca, Nevada, August 12:

The skeleton of a human being was found about a mile and a half above this place yesterday, in an advanced state of decomposition. It is supposed to be the remains of a man who disappeared suddenly about ten months ago. Nothing was found at or near the remains that would indicate the cause of death or lead to identification.

A giant bird, the largest creature ever seen in this country with wings, and it is believed unknown to American ornithology, suddenly appeared in town at an early hour this morning, and remained several minutes quietly perched on a house-top to be gazed at by the astonished multitude.

An Indian known here as Capt. Jim, who can speak good English, says that the Piute chiefs have held a council and decided to make war against the Shoshone tribe. As the law prohibits the sale of firearms to Indians in this State, they propose sending one of their number to California in hopes to get guns and ammunition there. The immediate cause of the trouble is a dispute as to the locality of a boundary line between the two tribes.

A Noteworthy Curiosity.

Our State Mineralogist, Henry W. Whitehill, promises to give us, occasionally, a scrap from his notes of travel from Los Angeles up through the country lying below Pioche. Many strange and curious freaks of nature, and indications of art are to be observed. Here we mention a remarkable discovery, which has never yet, that we are aware, been noticed in print: Near Ivanpah, Clarke District, which lies in the southwestern portion of this State, close to the line of California, about forty miles from the Colorado river, and 250 from Los Angeles, can be seen this wonderful curiosity. On the eastern slope of Clarke mountain, near its summit, there is a perpendicular cliff 350 feet in height. At about 100 feet from the base of this cliff, on its front, are engraven the characters † I L D. The cross and letters are of immense size, being fully 60 feet in height and cut into the cliff 2½ feet deep, so that they can be plainly seen at a distance of at least five miles. By whom this strange workmanship was done, is unknown. The fact, however, that the letters are the Roman characters, and are preceded by the figure of a cross, would make it appear probable that it was done by the Jesuit missionaries, who are known to have been in this region many years ago. The Indians know nothing of its authors, nor have they any tradition concerning its origin.—*White Pine News.*

The Mocking-Bird.

A Nashville paper relates the following anecdote of a mocking-bird owned by a lady of Scottsville, Kentucky. The paper says: The sister of officer Harry Mansfield, of this city, had raised a mocking-bird, which she taught to go and come at her call, and which, in return for all the kindness bestowed upon it, exhibited a peculiar fondness for her. Last Monday week Miss Mansfield was taken ill, and to while away the tedium of the sick room, she had her little pet brought to her bedside, and day and night it cheered her with its sweet carols, bringing to mind many happy thoughts of field and meadow, sunshine and song. As her illness grew more alarming, and day after day brought no relief from suffering, the warbling of the little songster rather served to annoy than to please her, and so, turning wearily on her pillow, she said to him, "Birdie, hush, you worry me." Strange to say, the words seem to be understood, for immediately the song was hushed, and the bird retired within himself as it were. On the next day the lady died, leaving, it would seem, a command of silence upon the bird, which will never be broken, for although several days have elapsed since, and every effort has been made to induce him to sing, he refuses to respond with song to any lips but those of his once loved mistress.

BORN.

At Camp Independence, August 11th, to the wife of John Lutz, a daughter.

Near Camp Independence, Cal., August 18th, to the wife of A. N. Bell, a daughter.

Near Camp Independence, August 25th, to the wife of Jacob Vagt, a son.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND CONCERT.

HENRY EILERT,

The Celebrated

Violinist,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO the citizens of Independence and vicinity that he will give a grand entertainment of

MUSIC, LEGERDEMAIN

—AND—

VENTRILOQUISM,

—AT—

INDEPENDENCE.

—ON—

Saturday Evening, Aug. 26, 1871

Admission, $1. Children, 25 cts.

au26tf

C. & M. Cohn,

OPPOSITION STORE,

LONE PINE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

au26.61tf

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. McNAMARA AND MRS. POMEISLER would respectfully announce to the ladies of Independence and vicinity that they have opened a Dressmaking and fancy

SEWING EMPORIUM,

In the building next door to Mr. John Lentell's drug store—where they will be happy to receive the ladies and their orders. Charges moderate.

au26.61m3

PIONEER SALOON,

LONE PINE, CAL.,

C. D. BECOLE, - - - Proprietor.

HAVING THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND refitted this popular place of resort, the proprietor calls attention to the fact that he has now on hand the largest and best stock of

THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,

Ever brought to the county which he will dispense over the bar at the usual rates. 1.61m3

PIONEER & GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

—AT—

Independence & Lone Pine.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THESE ESTABLISHMENTS respectfully notify the public that they are still in the field, and engaged in making a superior quality of

"Bully Lager Beer,"

Which they will deliver, at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine, Independence and vicinity, at the most reasonable rates.

MUNZINGER, FEENBACH & LUBELNS

au26.61tf Proprietors

I. O. O. F.

ALL THE SOJOURNING BRETHREN OF THE I. O. O. F. in the vicinity of Independence, who feel interested in organizing a Lodge, are requested to meet at the Inyo House on ASHLEY EVENING, AUGUST 26TH, 1871

au19-1tf MANY ODDFELLOWS.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Sacramento, August 1, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A GENERAL election will be held throughout the State on

Wednesday, the Sixth Day of September, A. D. 1871,

At which time the following officers are to be elected:

Three Members of Congress,
A Governor,
A Lieutenant Governor,
A Secretary of State,
A State Controller,
A State Treasurer,
An Attorney General,
A Surveyor General,
A Clerk of the Supreme Court,
A State Printer,
A State Harbor Commissioner,

Also, State Senators as follows:

First District—Composed of the counties of San Diego and San Bernardino—one Senator.

Fifth District—Composed of the counties of Mariposa, Merced and Stanislaus—one Senator.

Sixth District—Composed of the counties of Santa Cruz and Monterey—one Senator.

Eighth District—Composed of the counties of San Francisco and San Mateo—three Senators, two of whom shall be elected in San Francisco, and one by San Francisco and San Mateo together.

Tenth District—Composed of the counties of Contra Costa and Marin—one Senator.

Eleventh District—Composed of the county of San Joaquin—one Senator.

Twelfth District—Composed of the counties of Tuolumne, Mono and Inyo—one Senator.

Thirteenth District—Composed of the county of Calaveras—one Senator.

Fifteenth District—Composed of the county of El Dorado—one Senator.

Sixteenth District—Composed of the county of Sacramento—one Senator.

Eighteenth District—Composed of the counties of Napa, Lake and Mendocino—one Senator.

Nineteenth District—Composed of the county of Sonoma—one Senator, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Senator Burnett.

Twentieth District—Composed of the county of Placer—one Senator.

Twenty first District—Composed of the county of Nevada—one Senator.

Twenty-third District—Composed of the counties of Yuba and Sutter—one Senator, to be elected by the county of Yuba.

Twenty-fourth District—Composed of the counties of Butte, Plumas and Lassen—one Senator.

Twenty fifth District—Composed of the counties of Tehama and Colusa—one Senator.

Twenty-sixth District—Composed of the counties of Shasta and Trinity—one Senator.

Twenty seventh District—Composed of the counties of Humboldt, Klamath and Del Norte—one Senator.

Also, Members of the Assembly, as follows:

San Diego county—One Member.
San Bernardino county—One Member.
Los Angeles county—Two Members.
Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo counties—One Member.
Tulare and Kern counties—One Member.
Fresno county—One Member.
Mariposa County—One Member.
Merced and Stanislaus counties—One Member.
Santa Cruz county—One Member.
Monterey county—One Member.
Santa Clara county—Three Members.
San Francisco county—Twelve Members.
San Mateo county—One Member.
Alameda county—Two Members.
Contra Costa county—One Member.
Marin county—One Member.
San Joaquin county—Two Members.
Tuolumne, Mono and Inyo counties—Three Members.
Calaveras county—Three Members.
Amador and Alpine counties—Two Members.
El Dorado county—Four Members.
Sacramento county—Five Members.
Solano county—One Member.
Yolo county—One Member.
Napa and Lake counties—One Member.
Mendocino county—One Member.
Sonoma county—Three Members.
Placer county—Three Members.
Nevada county—Four Members.
Sierra county—Two Members.
Yuba county—Three Members.
Sutter county—One Member.
Butte county—Two Members.
Plumas and Lassen counties—One Member.
Tehama and Colusa counties—One Member.
Shasta county—One Member.
Trinity county—One Member.
Humboldt county—One Member.
Klamath and Del Norte counties—One Member.
Siskiyou county—Two Members.

The following Amendment to the Constitution of the State will also be submitted to the people for their ratification or rejection: "Article One, Sect on Twenty-two—The Legislature shall have no power to make an appropriation of money for any purpose whatever for a longer period than two years."

Those who are in favor of ratifying such Amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots: For Amendment to Article One of the Constitution—Yes.

Those who are in favor of rejecting such Amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots: For Amendment to Article One of the Constitution—No.

There will also be submitted to the people for their ratification or rejection "An Act entitled an Act to provide for the payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to contract a Funded Debt for that purpose," approved April 2, 1870.

Those who are in favor of ratifying such Act shall have written or printed on their ballots: Refund the Debt—Yes.

Those who are in favor of rejecting such Act shall have written or printed on their ballots: Refund the Debt—No.

The attention of Boards of Supervisors of the several counties is directed to an Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled an Act to provide for the registration of the citizens of this State, and for the enrollment of all the legal voters thereof, and for the prevention and punishment of frauds affecting the elective franchise," approved March 19, 1866; approved March 30, 1868 (see Statutes 1867-68, page 647); also to "An Act supplementary to and amendatory of the various Acts regulating Elections, and to repeal certain laws on the subject," approved March 31, 1866 (see Statutes 1865-66 page 509); also to "An Act to amend section thirty-eight of an Act regulating Elections," passed March 23, 1850, approved March 30, 1868 (Statutes 1867-68, page 680).

{L. S.} In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of State to be affixed, at Sacramento, this first day of August, A. D. 1871.

H. H. HAIGHT, Governor.

Attest: H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

PURSUANT TO A PROCLAMATION OF THE Governor of the State of California, notice is hereby given by the Board of Supervisors of the County of Inyo, that a general election will be held throughout said county on WEDNESDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, between the hours of 8 o'clock A. M., and sunset of that day, at which election the electors of said county are to vote for and elect the following officers, viz:

One Member of Congress,
A Governor,
A Lieutenant Governor,
A Secretary of State,
A State Controller,
A State Treasurer,
An Attorney General,
A Surveyor General,
A Clerk of the Supreme Court,
A State Printer,
A State Harbor Commissioner,
Also, one Senator and three Members of Assembly,
A Sheriff,
A County Clerk,
A District Attorney,
A Treasurer,
An Assessor,
A Coroner,
A County Surveyor,
A Superintendent of Common Schools,
Two Constables in Bishop Creek Township,
Two Constables in Fish Springs Township,
Two Constables in Independence Township,
Two Constables in Lone Pine Township,
Two Constables in Cerro Gordo Township,
One Supervisor in Supervisor District No. 2,
One Supervisor in Supervisor District No. 3,
One Road Master in each Road District,
One Clerk and two Judges of Elections in each Election District.

Polls to be held at the place, and the Election to be conducted by the officers hereinafter named:

First District—Polls at Fish Spring—Clerk, J. W. McMurtry—Judges, W. M. Sunett, G. H. Sutton.

Second District—Polls at School House, Independence—Clerk, J. B. Wick—Judges, J. P. M. Perkins, Thomas May.

Third District—Polls at Lone Pine—Clerk, I. W. Hunt—Judges, A. M. Loomis, John Spurgeon.

Fourth District—Polls at Cerro Gordo—Clerk, Taswell Dodd—Judges, M. W. Bishaw, P. Harrington.

Fifth District—Polls at S. G. Sneden's—Clerk, I. P. Yager—Judges, M. S. Clark, A. G. Boley.

Sixth District—Polls at Round Valley—Clerk, G. P. Baker—Judges, David Gates, Richard Hilton.

Seventh District—Polls at C. Dechwendler's, Swansea—Clerk, F. P. Bell—Judges, C. Dechwendler, Thomas Boland.

Eighth District—Polls at Albert Wayland's, Deep Spring Valley—Clerk, T. A. Cutter—Judges, A. Wayland, L. R. Wick.

By order of the Board.

S. P. MOFFAT,
Clerk.

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 6.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, August 16th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN R. WINTERS, Superintendent of the Kearsarge Mining Company, on behalf of said company, has this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under act of Congress approved July 26, 1866 for one thousand, eight hundred feet in length of the "KEARSARGE LODE," with a surface width of fifty feet on each side of the lode. Said lode supposed to be one hundred feet in width, which belongs to the Kearsarge Mining Company, a corporation; adjoining on the East end the extension claims of James R. Wall, J. R. Hughes and G. W. Brady, and on the West end the extension claims of R. M. Shuey, J. B. Rowley and John Clarke, adjunct, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining district, County of Inyo, State of California. Notice is further given that they intend to apply for and have embraced in the said patent together and in connection with the "Kearsarge Lode," the land on which the Kearsarge mill is erected, together with a sufficient space of and around said mill for the convenient use of said mill; also the Water Right of said Kearsarge Mining Company on Little Pine Creek. The property sought to be patented together with the said "Kearsarge Lode" is known as the "Kearsarge Mill Site and Water claim on Little Pine Creek," and is described as follows, to wit: Commencing at a stump, it being the N. E. corner of what is known as McCormick, Kittleson, Cornell and Hill's cabin, 24 links from Pine Creek, from which a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears N. ½ deg. E. distant 62 links, also a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears S. 58½ deg. E. distant 64 links, thence N. 25½ deg. E. distant 4 chains to a tree blazed and marked as follows: Blazed on three sides and notched toward the creek and marked "Heart of the Kearsarge Mining Company's Ditch," thence N. 62½ deg. W. to the foot of the main mountain, thence N. 27½ deg. E. distant 91 rods, thence S. 62½ deg. E. to a stone mound on the opposite side of the creek, thence S. 27½ deg. W. along the East side of Pine Creek to a point opposite to and to place of beginning. And also all the water, water rights and privileges found upon or in any manner belonging to said tract of land—situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. All of which is more particularly described by the diagram and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

au26.61m3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, August 26,..... 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Mono County Nominations.

A correspondent furnishes us with the following as the nominations for county officers in our neighboring county of Mono: Republican—For Sheriff, J. J. Welch, of Bridgeport; for Clerk,—Mack, of Antelope; for Treasurer, A. H. Allen, of Bridgeport; for Assessor, G. W. Cross, of Hot Springs; for District Attorney, A. H. Crocker, of Bridgeport; for Superintendent of Public Instruction, —— Kerkindall, of Antelope; for Coroner, J. A. Barnes, of Bridgeport. On the Democratic side there seems to be but a partial ticket in the field, as follows: For Clerk, Z. B. Tinkum, of Bridgeport; for Assessor, Barney Peeler, of Bridgeport; for District Attorney, A. H. Griswold, of Castle Peak; for Assemblyman D. B. Curtis, of Inyo county. Our correspondent designates Welch, Kirkendall, Barnes, Tinkum, Peeler, Griswold and Curtis as the men who will be elected for their various positions.

Sudden Death.

Last Wednesday a man named Henry Grimm, a German, who has been working at Kearsarge and Swansea, died suddenly under the following circumstances: He was stopping at Lone Pine, where he had been drinking heavily for two or three days, and got on the Cerro Gordo stage for the purpose of going to that point. At Sweney's Ranch, on the River, he became offended at something and refused to travel further. Being left behind, he went into the house and threw himself down upon some blankets. An hour afterward a man went to call him and found him dead. Coroner Lank held an inquest over the remains on the following day, and the verdict was, we believe, that he had died of excessive intemperance.

The Lecture.

The lecture by Mr. F. J. Mette, which was advertised to take place at the Court House on Thursday evening last, was attended by—exactly six persons. Mr. Mette's lectures elsewhere have been received as highly interesting entertainments wherever delivered and have always resulted in quite a financial benefit to whatever object the proceeds were to be applied to. The gentleman gives this place the honor of being the first to refuse to be entertained or benefitted in a similar manner. The lecture did not come off, and will not.

Cerro Gordo.

Our Lokleitems has been to Cerro Gordo he has. By the never failing courtesy of the mine owners there, he was shown through endless labyrinths of tunnels, shafts, inclines, winzes stopes, shutes and "adits"—and comes away bewildered with the enormous amount of work done in the principal mines, and the vast wealth which has been extracted therefrom. He has a note book full of facts and figures, which he proposes to make use of when the cussed election and its absorbing work is over.

Patent Application.

The Kearsarge Company's notice of application for a United States patent appears this week. The property of this company, taken altogether, is one of the finest on the coast, according to our way of thinking. It includes a grand series of ledges in all 100 feet in width, the ore tramway, the mill and its site, with a most magnificent water power and an inexhaustible supply of timber within convenient distance.

The Breweries.

Our old friends Louey, Joe and John, of the Pioneer and Germania Breweries, located at this place and Lone Pine, this week appear in a new business card. The boys come as near knowing how to make good beer as any men in America, and they do it. Saloon men and consumers should never loose sight of the importance of patronizing home manufactures, and endeavor to keep both institutions running up to their full capacity.

Pioneer Saloon.

Charley Begole, at Lone Pine, has opened out generally in his refitted and renovated establishment. He has a cellar full of the finest cask and case liquors, and the consumptive Billy Neil and the fat Charley himself propose to dispense with the drinkables.

A New Business House.

Messrs. C. & M. Cohn have established in Lone Pine a popular business stand, which they designate as the "Opposition Store." Although new comers, they are one of the heaviest firms in the valley; their goods are all new and comprise a very large stock.

Still Running

The three furnaces engaged in reducing the Cerro Gordo ores are now in full blast, having been in operation for the past three weeks. Beaudry's stopped for three days to repair the boiler during the past week.

Election Proclamation.

We to-day publish the Governor's proclamation ordering the election, now close at hand. Owing to our remoteness from the Capitol, or the forgetfulness of some official, this matter has been delayed several weeks longer than it should have been.

Concert.

By reference to an advertisement elsewhere, it will be seen that Mr. Henry Eilert will give an entertainment of music, legerdermain, etc, at this place to-night, at the Masonic Hall.

Dressmaking.

Attention of our lady friends is invited to the card of Mesdames McNamara and Bomeisler, who have established a millinery and dressmaking establishment in town.

Insured.

At the last meeting of the Board of Supervisors, that body took out a fire insurance on the Court House, for $4,000. The Pacific, represented by Messrs. Harris & Rhine, got the business.

Improvement.

The old stable, nearly opposite Harris & Rhine's store, long an eye-sore on our principal street, is being torn down to make room for a business stand.

Odd Fellows' Meeting.

The Odd Fellows are to meet to-night at the Inyo House for the purpose organizing a Lodge.

FROM PIOCHE.

We find these items in The Record of August 12th.

On Thursday no little stir was created in Pioche by the discovery of gold in an old location south of Gleason's Boarding House. The shaft is about ten feet deep, exposing a narrow ream of red decomposed quartz, which will assay in gold over $50,000 to the ton. Mr. Egan, Superintendant of the Meadow Valley Extension Company, washed out over $5 in pure gold from two hands full of dirt. Several tons of this ore can be obtained to a certainty. To what extent the ore will hold out no one knows, but should it prove to be an extensive deposit, equal in richness to that in sight, all other "big things" will necessarily take a back seat.

Ed. Matthews, who arrived in town on Thursday last, brings some very favorable reports of matters and things in Star district. The camp is situated 15 miles northwest of Minersville, and is distant from Pioche 124 miles by stage road. He and others have located a very rich deposit of chloride, nine feet in width, called the Hidden Treasure, for which they have been offered $12,000. Messrs. Matthews, Raymond, Glassford and the Sears Brothers have several very good claims which they are now endeavoring to sell. Several sales of good mines have recently been made, among them one by Messrs. Cullen, O'Neil and Taylor, for $12,000.

On Thursday, August 10th, L. B. St James was arrested for the murder of John J. Monahan, who came to his death at the hands of parties unknown on the 4th of July last. St. James waived an examination and was held to bail in the sum of $6,000, which he gave and was discharged from custody. The following are his bondsmen: P. McCannon, $2,000; J. Lynch, $500; F. Wheeler, $1,000; Dave James, $500; John Hughs, $500; John Dowell $1,000.

EASTERN NEWS.

A Washington special says there is little doubt that the President has appointed ex-Governor Ashley, of Montana, as Minister to Brazil. It is said the President told Ashley he was now convinced of the falsity of the reports against him, and of the dishonest means used by politicians to secure his removal from the Governorship of Montana.

The Tribune says the personal views of Horace Greeley on the renomination of Grant are these: He favors one term principle, and believes that another Republican candidate for President can be selected who will encounter less opposition and win more support than General Grant, and he therefore advocates such selection; but, should his views be overruled and Grant nominated he holds his election infinitely preferable to that of any candidate the Democrats may nominate. His personal views impel him to deprecate a Democratic national triumph as one of the gravest national calamities and this is his main reason for wishing the election of a Republican candidate for President who will be more certain of success than Grant.

The Fenian Brotherhood and Irish Confederation have unanimously ratified articles of union and consolidation.

Louisa Muhlbach, the German authoress, will visit the United States during the present year and give public readings in the principal cities.

Another coal mine catastrophe has occurred at Pittston, Pennsylvania. A "black damp" explosion took place in one of the coal pits at that place, and some twenty poor miners were wafted in by it to suffocate. Everything that was possible was done to reach them, and on Tuesday they had all been recovered dead.

A New York dispatch of August 15th, says:

A Democratic meeting last night denounced the Chamber of Commerce for its refusal to examine the city accounts and condemned The Times for slanderous attacks on the Mayor and Controller declaring these gentlemen should be heard before condemned. Another meeting declared Hoffman responsible for the bloodshed on the 12th of July, and resolved to oppose him for any office.

Mrs. Vallandigham died at Cumberland, Md., August 13.

The coroner's jury on the Westfield explosion return a verdict that it was caused by a defective boiler and a careless engineer, and that the ferry company are responsible for both. On this verdict warrants have been issued for the arrest of the President, Director and Superintendent of the company who will probably be indicted and tried for manslaughter.

From Los Angeles.

A Los Angeles dispatch of August 18, says:

Some little excitement is arising relative to placer mining in San Gabriel canyon. Two companies have purchased old claims worked by Mexicans, and are commencing the development of very rich diggings. New claims are being taken up through the canyon. It is reported that as rich dirt as can be found in the State is being washed.

A dispatch from Los Flores this evening gives the following relative to a quarrel among San Luis Rey Indians on the 14th at Pola: Indians about 100 strong, under Manuellago and Olegardo, attempted to capture and depose the chief, Manuellilo, who with his family and a few relations escaped, except one, who was taken prisoner, tied to a tree, and so cruelly treated that he died soon after. Another was captured, but escaped. Olegardo, the new captain, and party are still in pursuit of Manuellilo. As both parties are armed, serious results may follow.

Ludicrous Mistake.

Lawyer B., of Sacramento, some months since invited a widowed sister of his wife to resume in his family while he was engaged in settling her late husband's estate. The wife and sister are in appearance so much alike that one is often mistaken for the other. One hot day in July, a friend of the lawyer, whom he had invited home to dinner with him, called at his office and found him engaged in a referee case, the close room crowded with the contending parties and their friends. The time for adjournment was half an hour ahead yet, and the heat being so oppressive, the lawyer asked his visitor to go to his house and wait for him. He did so, and the widowed sister of Mrs. B. received him. The parlor window had been open all the morning, and the hot air filled the room. "Oh, Mr. Smith," exclaimed the lady, "how dreadfully hot it is here!" "Yes, Madame," replied Smith, "pretty warm, but not half as hot as the place where your husband is."

Stage Robbery Near Gilroy.

The San Jose Patriot of August 12th has these particulars in regard to this affair:

Sheriff Harris to-day received a letter from Deputy Sheriff Harry Woodruff at Gilroy, giving some particulars of the robbery of the Visalia stage at Soap Lake, eight miles from that city. The robbers were three in number, all young men, well dressed, and finely mounted. They broke down a fence and compelled the driver to take his stage through into a field, out of sight from the road. The passengers were then required to deliver their valuables. Subsequently the robbers stopped a traveler and robbed him, and, still later, served a teamster in the same manner. They then took to the mountains. This morning's Associated Press dispatch states that the robbers relieved O. Simmons, canal agent, of $105, two other gentleman of $155, and the stage driver of $25. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express box was saved through the coolness of Miss Murphy of San Joaquin Valley, she having pushed the box under the seat and concealed it from view with her dress.

Fire Devastation in Fresno County

The Expositor of August 9th has the annexed:

The fire of which we made mention as existing in the grass and timber about the Fresno and Chowchilla rivers, is still raging with unabated fury, and is devastating the country over which it is raging. The settlers are fighting energetically, and are in hopes of subduing it. Thus far the only damage of consequence done to the improvements of any of the settlers is to E. Zaber, who resides on Crab Gulch, one of the tributaries of Fresno River. The entire fence around his land was destroyed.

Man Shot in Idaho.

On Tuesday, August 2, a man named Jacob Drake, shot and it is thought mortally wounded another man named Kingsbury, while the latter was at work threshing grain in the field. The difficulty was about money matters.

The Idaho Statesman says there is a singular fatality connected with that little patch of land. Last year Wethered killed Richards on the same ranch, and that paper is informed that altogether there have been nine other men shot on the same ranch, or right close by it. Instead of Dry Creek, it ought to be called Bloody Run.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself," people will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, June 29, 1871. j14:n52tf

Bishop Creek

CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS

AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC, ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal. August 20, 1870. n7:1tf

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notions,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20 n47tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Great Bargains!

GREAT SACRIFICE

—OF—

Property!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS entire stock of goods at

Less Than San Francisco Cost

Prices!

Bacon,..... 20 cts ℔ lb
Hams..... 22 cts ℔ lb
Crushed Sugar, ℔ barrel, 20 cts.
do do 4½ lbs $1
Brown Sugar... ½ barrel $16
do do 5½ lbs $1
Candles, by the box, $5
do 9 for 50 cts
Ground Coffee, by the case, 36 cts.
do do 37½ cts ℔ lb
Green Coffee... by the sack, 23 cts
do do 25 cts ℔ lb
Lard..... by the case, 24 cts
do .....10 pound can, $2 50
do ..... 5 " " " 1 25
Best Japan Tea, 75 cts by the case
do 80 cts ℔ lb
Dried Apples.....5½ lbs for $1
Dried Grapes.....5½ lbs for $1

CANNED STUFFS.

Tomatoes.....50 cts ℔ can
Oysters.....50 do
Salmon.....62½ do
Lobster.....62½ do
Jellies.....62½ do
Spiced Oysters.....75 do

All other articles, too numerous to mention, in the same proportion. Orders from the Valley will be promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by cheapest conveyance.

20,000 Dollars Worth of New Stock of Goods,

To arrive immediately, comprising an assortment of

General Merchandise,

Which will be sold at same reduction in prices without reserve.

Still Larger Sacrifices

In all articles of Clothing & Dry Goods.

TERMS — CASH ON DELIVERY.

Cerro Gordo, July 12, 1871. V. BEAUDRY. j15:n55tf

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE-ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

Wines and Liquors,

Dry-Goods,

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

HARDWARE,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

—AND—

EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.

Fish Springs, July 22, 1871. n56m3

R. J. MORRISON

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries,

HARDWARE,

Crockery and Glass Ware,

PAINTS, OILS,

Varnish and Window Glass

Also, a fine assortment of the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a well assorted

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

of 500 volumes.

School Books, Blank Books and Stationery.

TO THE ABOVE STOCK THE UNDERSIGNED would most respectfully beg leave to call your attention, especially to the quality and

Greatly Reduced Prices!

TERMS---STRICTLY CASH.

R. J. MORRISON,
Proprietor.

Postmaster, Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.; also, agent for the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., July 29, 1871. n57m3*

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON,
J. P. M. PERHAM,
Independence, Cal.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD,
San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old motto of

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THEIR GENEROUS patronage of the past, we believe to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES

Dry Goods.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN,
STOVES,
HARDWARE,
CARPETING, WALL
PAPER AND HOUSE
LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND
SHEETINGS, FURNITURE
BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND
CURLED HAIR
MATTRESSES
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY
AND
GLASSWARE,
PAINTS,
OILS
AND WINDOWS;
STEEL, POWDER AND
FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS,
AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY
PIPES AND CUTLERY,
ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELLS NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, August 26,..... 1871.

—A venerable woman, eighty-two years of age and very poor, who lives in Oxford county, Maine, has for four years been working hard for twenty-five cents a day, and now she has given her wages for four years toward building a church,—Exchange.

This is very creditable to the old lady and in the next world she will obtain her reward. The man who took the poor old thing's money will also obtain his reward; but we doubt if it be of such a character that he will be in a hurry to claim it.

—"Sally Jones, have you done that sum I set you?"

"No, thir; I can't do it."

"Can't do it! I'm ashamed of you. Why at your age I could do any sum that was set me. I hate that word *can't!* for there is no sum that can't be done, I tell you."

"I think, thir, that I know a thum you can't thifer out."

"Ha! well, Sally, let's hear it."

"It ith thith, thir:—If one apple cauthed the ruin of the whole human rath, how many thuch will it take to make a barrel of thider, thir?"

"Miss Sally Jones, you may return to parsing lesson."—"Yeth thir."

—An Irishman, who was standing on London bridge, accosted a youth standing beside him, saying:

"Faith and I think I know yees; what's yer name?"

"My name is Jones," replied the youth.

"Jones, Jones," said the Irishman, "and I know two old maids by that name in Doublin, was either of them yer mother?"

—When a Bristol girl is kissed, she says she is taking chloroform, and remains insensible as long as the operation lasts.

—Experience in Eastern Oregon shows that sage-brush land, when irrigated, always produces good crops of hay, grain, etc.

—A Baltimore poet, taking up an old theme, gives the end of Cleopatra in this style:

"She got a little p'ison snake,
And hid it in her gown;
It gave its little tail a shake
And did her job up brown.

She tumbled down upon her bed,
Where she was wont to lie,
Removed her chignon from her head
And followed Antony."

—An Irishman being called on for a toast, responded as follows:

All hail to the American eagle!
Proud bird of freedom, all hail!
The fowl that no one can invagle,
Or put salt on his beautiful tail!

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER, SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, June 17, 1871. n54m6

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32-6m*

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

je10n50tf

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore free for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

For Sale.

I WILL SELL MY BLACK HORSES "EBONY" and "Sheep Driver," also one iron axle wagon, 1¼ inch spindles, nearly new, and suitable for two heavy or four light horses; also, one set of Concord wheel harness, one sulky and sulky harness. 1.68tf PAUL W. BENNETT.

DRUGS, ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tftc

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

--Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITOR
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.

ap29n44m4

TINSMITH.

INYO PIONEER

TIN SHOP,

Of INDEPENDENCE.

WELCH & STEVENS,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.

STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.

HAVING PURCHASED H. C. MORSE'S BLACK SMITH shop, adjoining our tin shop, and obtained the services of a

NUMBER ONE WORKMAN,

We Propose to do **BLACKSMITHING** in all its **Branches,** as Cheap and in a style NOT EXCELLED by any shop in the County. Satisfaction guaranteed. Please give us a call, at our shops on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store. WELCH & STEVENS.

jy8 54t

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NEWTON BOOTH.....of Sacramento

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
ROMUALDO PACHECO.....of San Luis Obispo

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
DRURY MELONE.....of San Francisco

FOR CONTOLLER,
JAMES J. GREEN.....of Marin

FOR STATE TREASURER,
FERDINAND BAEHR.....of San Francisco

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
ROBERT GARDNER.....of Humboldt

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JOHN L. LOVE.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT,
GRANT I. TAGGART.....of Shasta

FOR STATE PRINTER,
THOMAS A. SPRINGER.....of Amador

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER,
JOHN A. McGLYNN.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESSMAN—FIRST DISTRICT,
S. O. HOUGHTON.....of San Jose

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
A. C. NILES.....of Nevada
[For the Short Term.]
A. L. RHODES.....of Santa Clara
[For the Full Term]

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
H. M. BOLANDER.....of San Francisco

REPUBLICAN County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR,
M. C. ANDROSS.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN,
P. B. BACON.....of Tuolumne
WM. G. LONG.....of Tuolumne
DUNCAN CAMPBELL.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE,
DAVID LOVE.....of Fish Springs

FOR SHERIFF,
SETH G. SNEDEN.....of Bishop Creek

FOR CLERK,
M. W. HAMMARSTRAND.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
F. K. MILLER.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR TREASURER,
J. B. ROWLEY.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR,
J. R. WESTERVILLE.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER AND PUB. ADMINISTRATOR,
G. W. TODD.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
J. W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
LYMAN TUTTLE.....of Lone Pine

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
J. Earl.....Chairman
P. W. Bennett.....Secretary
J. L. Garrettson.....Bishop Creek
A. M. Loomis.....Lone Pine
Geo. Shedd.....Fish Springs
A. J. Gould.....Cerro Gordo
P. A. Chalfant.....Independence

DEMOCRATIC State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR:
H. H. HAIGHT.....of Alameda

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
E. J. LEWIS.....of Tehama

FOR JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT:
JACKSON TEMPLE.....of Sonoma
[For the Short Term]
S. S. WRIGHT.....of San Francisco
[For the Full Term]

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
W. B. C. BROWN.....of Sacramento

FOR CONTROLLER:
R. O. DEWITT.....of Siskiyou

FOR STATE TREASURER:
A. F. CORONEL.....of Los Angeles

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
JO HAMILTON.....of Placer

FOR SURVEYOR-GENERAL:
JOHN W. BOST.....of Merced

FOR STATE PRINTER:
JOHN T. BARRY.....of San Francisco

FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
O. P. FITZGERALD.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF SUPREME COURT:
THOS. LASPEYRE.....of Kern

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER:
JOHN ROSENFELD.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT:
LAWRENCE ARCHER.....of Santa Clara

First Congressional District Democratic Central Committee.

PRESIDENT—JAMES M. ALLEN.....San Francisco
SECRETARY—JAMES O'NEILL.....San Francisco
EXECUTIVE COM.—DAN'L McNEILL...San Francisco; JAS. M. ALLEN...San Francisco; JAS. O'NEILL.....San Francisco

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE:

John H. Moore	Santa Clara Co.
John Darby	Fresno Co.
G. J. Slocumb	San Francisco.
W. W. Hudson	Kern Co.
J. H. Lawrence	Mariposa Co.
S. F. Geil	Monterey Co.
I. W. Somers	Mono Co.
P. D. Wigginton	Merced Co.
A. J. King	Los Angeles Co.
S. A. Sheppard	Tulare Co.
J. D. Spencer	Stanislaus Co.
John W. Saterwhite	San Bernardino Co.
J. Wolfskill	San Diego Co.
Russell Heath	Santa Barbara Co.
D. W. James	San Luis Obispo Co.
C. Cappilman	Santa Cruz Co.
J. J. Hill	San Mateo Co.
J. M. Allen	San Francisco
Daniel McNeill	San Francisco
James O'Neil	San Francisco

DEMOCRATIC County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR:
W. A. EAKIN.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN:
GEO. A. WHITING.....of Tuolumne
W. C. CONNELLY.....of Tuolumne
D. B. CURTIS.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE:
JOHN A. HANNAH.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR SHERIFF:
CYRUS MULKY.....of Lone Pine

FOR CLERK:
I. P. YANEY.....of Bishop Creek

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
E. H. VAN DECAR.....of Independence

FOR TREASURER:
HENRY M. ISAACS.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR:
J. F. DILLON.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER & PUB. ADMINISTRATOR:
JOHN A. LANK.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS:
JOHN W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR SURVEYOR:
.....

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
A. N. Bell.....Chairman
H. M. Isaacs.....Secretary
I. S. Freeborn.....Lone Pine
J. L. Porter.....Cerro Gordo
T. K. Hutchison.....Bishop Creek
John Laird.....Round Valley
S. P. Moffat.....Independence
J. E. Parker.....Independence
W. P. George.....Independence

LEGAL.

REPORT OF COUNTY TREASURER.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
INDEPENDENCE, Inyo Co., Cal., August 1, 1871.

TO THE HON. BOARD OF SUPERVISORS of Inyo Co.:

GENTLEMEN: Herewith please find Statement of County Financial Affairs from December 19, 1870, (date of last Report), to July 31, 1871, inclusive:

Cash *Dr.*

To Cash on hand December 19, 1870, date of last Report	$10,064 42	
To Cash received from all sources from December 19, 1870, till July 31, 1871	6,798 41	
Total		$16,862 83

Cash *Cr.*

By Cash paid to State Treasurer, as per settlement, December 31, 1870	$4,543 47	
" " " June 30, 1871	494 49	
Warrants redeemed on Building Fund	526 94	
" " " Contingent "	234 00	
" County General "	3,054 25	
" " " " Hospital "	1,325 50	
" " " " Road "	599 44	
" Bonds and Coupons " " Mono Debt "	1,834 18	
" Cash paid over to General School "	2,403 50	
" Cash on hand	1,847 06	
		$16,862 83

AMOUNT OF CASH ON HAND.....$1,847 06

Credited to the different Funds as follows:

To County Contingent Fund	$ 217 56
" " Building "	231 63
" " Hospital "	16 53
" " Sinking "	72 43
" " Road "	137 07
" " General "	158 93
" " Mono Debt "	184 70
	$1,018 85

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

School District of Independence	$ 45 43
" " Milton	20 92
" " Union	22 21
" " Bishop Creek	363 88
" " Lone Pine	153 16
" " Round Valley	117 80
	$1,742 25

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL LIBRARY FUNDS.

School Library Fund, Independence	$21 79
School Library Fund, Milton	29 74
" " " Union	12 99
" " " Lone Pine	16 54
" " " Bishop Creek	15 00
" " " Round valley	8 75
	$ 1,847 06

AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING WARRANTS.

On the County General Fund	$15,273 44
" " Road "	4,345 66
" " Contingent "	259 00
" " Building "	6 032 00
" Mono Debt "	10,965 64
	$36,875 74

Amount of cash on hand	$ 1,847 06	
" set aside for school purposes	828 21	
" on hand toward liquidating County debt	1,018 85	
" County indebtedness to date, interest not included	35,856 89	
		$36,875 74

I. HARRIS, County Treasurer,
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

Approved August 7, A. D. 1871.
J. H. SHEDD, President.
Filed August 7, A. D. 1871.
n59.4t S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF INYO, State of California:

In the matter of the Estate of John A. Mallon, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN A LANK, Public Administrator, has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition, praying for Letters of Administration of the Estate of John A. Mallon, deceased, and that Monday, the 4th day of September, A. D., 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., being a day of a regular term of said Court, to wit.: of the September term, A. D., 1871, at the Court Room in the town of Independence, in the County of Inyo, State of California, has been fixed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition, when and where, any person interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted. S. P. MOFFAT,
Aug. 10, 1871. Clerk.
n59t4.

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF INYO, State of California:

In the matter of the Estate of John A. Mallon, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT P. HARRINGTON has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition, praying for Letters of Administration of the Estate of John A. Mallon, deceased, and that Monday, the 4th day of September, A. D., 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, being a day of a regular term of said Court, to wit.: of the September term, A. D., 1871, at the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, State of California, has been fixed as the time and place for hearing said petition, when and where, any person interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted.
S. P. MOFFAT,
August 1, 1871. Clerk.
n59t4

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
August 14, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING WARRANTS on the County General Fund will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date:

No.	Drawn in favor of	Amount.
211	W. L. Moore	$109 00
214	C. D. Begole	75 00
230	W. A. Greenley	100 00
231	W. A. Greenley	200 00
232	W. A. Greenley	300 00

I. HARRIS.
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
au19n60t4

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

☞ Store in Post Office Building, ☜

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

LEGAL.

AN ACT

To Provide for the Payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to Contract a Funded Debt for that Purpose.

[APPROVED APRIL 2, 1870.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of liquidating and providing for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the State of California hereinafter specified, and to lessen the burden of taxation, the Governor of the State, the Controller of State and the Treasurer of State, and their successors in office, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, to be styled the Loan Commissioners of the State of California, and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the duties hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said State, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually, in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of State. The principal of said bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the State affixed thereto; and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Coupons for the interest shall be attached to each bond so that they may be removed without injury or mutilation to the bond; said coupons, consecutively numbered, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the State.

SEC. 4. Before the sale of any of said bonds the said Loan Commissioners shall cause notices of such sale to be published, for the space of one month, in three daily newspapers published in English, one in the City of New York, one in the City of London, in England, and one in the Capital of the State; in and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in French, in the city of Paris, in France, and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in German, in the City of Frankfort-on-the-Main, in Germany. Such notice shall specify the amount of bonds to be sold, the rate of interest they shall bear, the day and hour of sale, the place of sale, which shall be at the State Capital, and that sealed proposals will be received by the said Loan Commissioners for the purchase of such bonds. Within one month from the expiration of such publication, and on the day and hour named in said notice, the said Loan Commissioners shall open all sealed proposals received by them, and shall award the purchase of said bonds to such bidders as will, in their opinion, make the most advantageous bid for the State; *provided*, that said Loan Commissioners may reject any or all bids, if they deem it to the advantage of the State; and *provided* further, that they may refuse to make any award unless sufficient security shall be furnished by the bidders for the compliance with the terms of their bids; and *provided* further, that said bonds shall not be sold at less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, in gold coin, par value.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer and Controller of State each to keep a separate record of all bonds sold under the provisions of this Act, showing the number, date, amount and rate of interest of each bond, and to whom the same was issued.

SEC. 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for the payment of the expense that may be incurred by the Loan Commissioners in having such bonds prepared and said notices published.

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury; and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding soldiers' relief bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

SEC. 8. All persons having any of the bonds specified in section seven of this Act shall, upon presentation of such bonds to the said Loan Commissioners, be entitled to exchange them at their par value for bonds authorized to be issued under this Act, at the rate of ninety-three cents on the dollar, par value, but no bond shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars, but the said Loan Commissioners may issue certificates of such fractional parts not bonded, which said certificate shall be transferable, and entitled to be paid out of the proceeds of the sales of any bonds provided for in section seven of this Act. The Loan Commissioners shall cancel each bond so exchanged, and shall indorse on such bond the date on which they received the same, and from whom, the number and amount of the bond issued in exchange therefor, and shall file such bond in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 9. Whenever there shall be in the State treasury, from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued under this Act, a sum of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, printed in English, one in New York and one in the Capital of the State, for two months, which advertisement shall state the amount of money in the treasury applicable to the redemption of bonds, and the number of bonds, numbering thereon the order of their issuance, which are redeemable; and three months from the date of the expiration of such advertisement, such bonds, unless sooner paid, shall cease to draw interest, but the money for the redemption of such bonds shall remain in the treasury to pay such bonds whenever presented.

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this Act, such rate of tax on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the State, to be computed by the Controller of State on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceeding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next ten years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties, in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year, and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the State treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

SEC. 11. Whenever, on the third day of January or July, in any year, after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of any bonds under this Act, there remains, after the payment of the interest, as provided in the preceding section, a surplus of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, for the space of one month, in one daily newspaper, published in English, in the City of New York, and for one month in one daily newspaper, published in English, at the State Capital, for sealed proposals, to be opened one month after the expiration of such publication by the Treasurer, in presence of the Governor or Controller, at the State Capitol, for the surrender of bonds issued under this Act, which advertisement shall state the amount of money he has on hand for the purpose of redemption; and they shall accept the lowest proposals, at rates not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest amount of bonds, until the amount of cash on hand for the redemption is exhausted; *provided*, however, in case a sufficient amount of such bonds shall not be offered, as aforesaid, to exhaust the Sinking Fund to a less amount than ten thousand dollars, then it is hereby made the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, one in New York and one at the Capital of this State, for three months, which advertisement shall state the amount in the Sinking Fund, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which such fund is set apart to pay and discharge; and if such bonds so numbered in such advertisements shall not be presented for payment and cancellation at the expiration of such publications, then such funds shall remain in the treasury to discharge such bonds whenever presented, but they shall draw no interest after the expiration of such publication; before any of said bonds shall be paid, they shall be presented to the Controller, who shall indorse on each bond the amount due thereon, and shall write across the face of each bond the date of its surrender and the name of the person surrendering.

SEC. 12. The Treasurer of State shall keep a full and particular account and record of all his proceedings under this Act, and of the bonds redeemed and surrendered, and he shall transmit to the Governor an abstract of all his proceedings under this Act, with his annual report, to be by the Governor laid before the Legislature; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this Act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the Governor or the Attorney General, or a committee of either branch of the Legislature, or a joint committee of both.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to pay the interest on said bonds, when the same falls due, out of said interest Fund, if sufficient; and if said fund be not sufficient, then to pay the deficiency out of the General Fund; *provided*, that the Controller of State shall first draw his warrant on the Treasurer, payable to the order of said Treasurer, for the amount of interest money about to become due, which said interest warrant shall be drawn at least one month previous to the maturing of the interest.

SEC. 14. This Act shall take effect sixty days after the next general election, as to all its provisions, except those relating to and necessary for its submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing and proclaiming the votes, which shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This Act shall be submitted to the people of the State for their ratification, at the next general election, and the qualified electors of this State shall, at said election, on their ballots for State officers, vote for or against this Act; those voting for the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—Yes," and those voting against the same, shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—No."

SEC. 16. The votes cast for and against this Act shall be counted, returned and cancelled, and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for the Treasurer of State, and if it appears that a majority of all the votes so cast are for or against this law, as aforesaid, are in favor of this Act, then the same shall have effect as hereinbefore provided, and shall be irrepealable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the Governor shall make proclamation hereof; but if a majority of the votes so cast are against this Act, then the same shall become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this Act published in one newspaper in each judicial district of this State, for three months next preceeding the next general election, for which publication no greater allowance shall be made than the rates allowed by law to the State Printer.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full, and correct copy of Chapter Four Hundred and Eighty-four, Statutes of California, Eighteenth Session, approved April 2, 1870, now on file in my office.

WITNESS my hand and the great seal of State, at office, in Sacramento, California, the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1871.

(SEAL.)

H. L. NICHOLS,
Secretary of State.

je10n50m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 4.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 25th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have this day filed in this office a diagram, and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the "LAMB" lode, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of Range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Silver Sprout" lode on the northeasterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is five feet wide—all of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim. WILSON BUTLER,
jy29n57m3 Register.

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 5.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the SILVER SPROUT Lode, with a surface width of one hundred lineal feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Lamb" lode on the southwesterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is four feet wide. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim. WILSON BUTLER,
jy29n57m3 Register.

Application for Patent.

(NOTICE NO. 3.)

U. S. REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 1st, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. L. AND J. L. GREENLEY have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for four thousand feet of the LAKE CHANCE LODE, situated in Esmeralda Mining District, Esmeralda County, Nevada, and particularly described as follows:

Commencing at a post, the point of notice near the east end of the town of Aurora, about 5 chains north-easterly from the Monroe House, and about six chains north-easterly from the Wide West mill, running thence along the lode line

1. N. 54 deg. E. 4 chains.
2. N. 69 deg. 20 min. E. 2 71 chains.
3. N. 70 deg. 10 min. E. 7 23 chains.
4. S. 23 deg. 19 min. E. 8.50 chains.
5. N. 86 deg. 59 min. E. 6 02 chains.

Thence to the Westerly boundary of the Juanita lode claim, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line; also the mill site of the Wide West mill, described as follows:

Commencing at a post from which the South Westerly corner of the Wide West mill bears N. 54 deg. 20 min. E. distant 3.41 chains, and running

1. N. 11 deg. 28 min. E. 4.50 chains.
2. S. 78 deg. 32 min. E. 7.50 chains.
3. S. 11 deg. 28 min. W. 4.50 chains.
4. N. 78 deg. 32 min. W. 7.50 chains.

All of which is more particularly described by the diagram posted in this office and on the claim.

Bearings from the magnetic meridian.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.
jy8n54m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a south-easterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
[illegible]

STATE LIBRARY

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 2. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1871. NUMBER 62.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

SAM. H. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 2,..... 1871.

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Havilah, Kern Co., Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the Sixteenth Judicial District. au19:1

P. REDDY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law.

AURORA, NEVADA.

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law.

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no8ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [ly9tf]

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

AND GENERAL

Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.

Have all goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles

WM. M. OSBORN.

jy15n55m3

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE

SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

PAINTING, ETC.

PAINTING,

Wagon & Carriage Making,

PAPER HANGING, ETC.

J. G. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP, and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. jn10n50tf

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.

LEWIS SCHNEIDER.

At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.

jy15n55m3

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s

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HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

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my20n47tf

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INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

OFFICE—At Earle & Rhine's store. n29n5m6

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC

Insurance Company

Of San Francisco

Fire and Marine.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Paid Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.

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A. S. RALPHS, Secretary.

HARRIS & RHINE,

AGENTS AT INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms. my20n47m3

THE MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.

Organized 1842.

Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.

F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.

Assets July, 1870, $41,000,000 Cash

THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD

Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents for Independence and vicinity

my20n47tf

LIVERY STABLES.

HUNT'S

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n5-6m

THE PIONEER

LIVERY, SALE

—AND—

FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and best commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.

Independence, July 13, 1871. jy15n55m3

HOTELS.

ORLEANS HOTEL,

LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.

D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a

Bar Attached,

Which has constantly on hand the choicest of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.

Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. jy17:1

FRENCH RESTAURANT

—AND—

ONE BIT SALOON.

PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edwards street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—drinks, 12½ cents.

au19m*

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15:13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BOERY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

SALOONS.

PIONEER SALOON,

LONE PINE, CAL.,

C. D. BEGOLE, - - - Proprietor.

HAVING THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND refitted this popular place of resort, the proprietor calls attention to the fact that he has now on hand the largest and best stock of

THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,

Ever brought to the county, which he will dispose of over the bar at the usual rates. 61m3

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

A DULTERATION BY WATER HERE IS NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

au10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

EXCELSIOR SALOON.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on cash customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.

B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.

Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29:57m6

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8:29:3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

fe4:32tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE.

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n8:m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

TRAVELING.

TELEGRAPH

STAGE LINE,

BETWEEN

Independence, Lone Pine, Havilah, Visalia, Gilroy & San Francisco,

Carrying United States Mail

AND

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

ROBERTS & GEORGE, Proprietors.

ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 1st, 1871, THE above Passenger and Express Line will run as follows: Leave San Francisco on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, on first train of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Returning, leave Independence and Lone Pine on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Passengers have the privilege of laying over at any point.

ROBERTS & GEORGE.

P. P. Dow, Agent at Independence.

C. D. BEGOLE, Agent at Lone Pine. au19m3

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

☞ND CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29 1y E. F. HEWITT, Superintendent.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

TINSMITH.

INYO PIONEER

TIN SHOP,

Of INDEPENDENCE.

WELCH & STEVENS,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.

STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps. Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.

HAVING PURCHASED H. C. MORSE'S BLACKSMITH shop, adjoining our tin shop, and obtained the services of a

NUMBER ONE WORKMAN,

We Propose to do BLACKSMITHING in all its Branches, as cheap and in a style NOT EXCELLED by any shop in the County. Satisfaction guaranteed. Please give us a call, at our shop on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store. WELCH & STEVENS.

jy8 54 f

BREWERIES.

PIONEER & GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

—AT—

Independence & Lone Pine.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THESE ESTABLISHMENTS respectfully notify the public that they are still in the field, and engaged in making a superior quality of

"Bully Lager Beer,"

Which they will deliver, at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine, Independence and vicinity, at the most reasonable rates.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS

au26 61tf Proprietors.

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46m3

DRUGS ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tfc

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK

SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,

Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $45 per thousand feet.

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet.

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32 6m*

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK

Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. n51m6

A Determined Indian Fighter.

A correspondent of The Chicago Tribune gives a graphic description of an Indian fighter. He says:

At Fort Davy Russel, near Cheyenne—which is no fort at all, but merely a beautiful village of barracks, officers' quarters, cottages, and a long green lawn, where a band of music plays every evening—I heard an account of an officer celebrated for Indian prowess. The subject was the war in Arizona and Crook's substitution for Stoneman. "Oh, Indian hunting is Crook's speciality," says one. "The fact is, Crook is nothing but an Indian anyway. I mean that his mind, physiognomy and education are all Indian. Look at his face—and high cheek bones the contour of his skull; and his manners—stolid, separate, averse to talk. He can take his gun and cross the desert, subsisting on the way where you or I would starve. Perfectly self-reliant for any venture, delighted with lonely travel and and personal hazard, carrying nothing but his arms, he will walk after a trail all day and when night comes, no matter how cold, he wraps himself in an Indian blanket, humped up, Indian fashion, and pitches himself into a sage brush, there to be perfectly easy till morning. He will follow an antelope for three days. He requires nothing to drink or smoke, and very little to eat. Abstemious, singular utterly ignorant of fear, and yet stealthy as a cat, shy of women and strangers; and when he was a cadet he had all the same traits. The other day he departed for Arizona with one soldier, his rifle and two clean shirts—the latter he took only to be presentable on the steamer. His style is to hunt continuous hiding places by day for his command, and move them upon the Indians by night, and he can outwit the keenest Indians in the country. When he was in command in Oregon, his wife, who had taken the responsibility of following him, although herself gently reared, shared his quarters out in the wilderness. Crook did not have ten dollars worth of furniture in his quarters. Sometimes he would remark: "Well I'm going off." And he would be gone a week, perhaps, scouting, and return when he liked, his wife saying nothing. If Crook don't get killed he'll clean out the Apaches, providing the politicians let him alone. He ought to be kept in command there in Arizona until the Apache question is ended."

Work during Morning Hours.

The author of "Piccadilly Papers," in London Society, says—"I know a remarkably able and fertile reviewer, who tells me that, though over his midnight oil he can lubricate articles with a certain sharpness and force, yet for quietly looking at a subject all round, and doing justice to all its belongings, wanted the quiet, morning hours. Lancelot Andrews says he is no true scholar who goes out of his house before 12 o'clock. Similarly an editor once told me that though his town contributors sent him brightest papers, he always detected a peculiar mellowness and finish about the men who wrote in the country. I knew an important crown official whose hours were from 10 to 3. He had to sign his name to papers, and as a great deal depended upon his signature, he was very cautious and chary how he gave it. After 3 o'clock, no beseeching powers of suitors nor solicitors could induce him to do a stroke of work. He would not contaminate the quality of his work by doing too much of it. He would not impair his rest by continuing his work. And so he fulfilled the duties of his office for exactly fifty years, before he retired on full pay from the services of the country. And when impatient people blame lawyers for being slow, and offices for closing punctually, and shops for shutting early, and, generally speaking, the wider adaptation of our duty to periods of holiday and rest, they should recollect that these things are the lessons of experience and the philosophy of society and life."

The Fortune-Teller's Almanac.

To dream of a millstone about your neck is a sign of what you may expect if you marry an extravagant wife.

It is very lucky to dream that you pay for a thing twice over; since afterwards, you will probably take care to have all your bills receipted.

For a person in unembarrassed circumstances to dream that he is arrested is very fortunate; for it is a warning to him on no account to accept a bill.

To dream of a fire is a sign that—if you are wise—you will see that all the lights in your house are out before you go to bed.

To dream that your nose is red at the tip, is an intimation that you had better leave off brandy and water.

To dream of having a great number of servants is—madness.

To dream of a bear, fortokens mischief, which your vision shows you is a bruin.

When a fashionable young lady dreams of a filbert, it is a sign that her thoughts are running upon the colonel.

If you dream of clothes, it is a warning not to go to law; for, by the rule of contraries, you will be sure of a nonsuit.

When a young lady dreams of a coffin, it betokens that she should instantly discontinue tight stays, and always go warmly and thickly shod in wet weather.

Mistakes.

The following are a few of the mistakes which suggest themselves to the publisher of a newspaper:

It is a mistake to suppose that the subscription paid for a paper is clear gain to the publisher.

It is a mistake to suppose that he obtains his white paper for nothing.

It is a mistake to suppose that printers can live bodily by faith.

It is a mistake to suppose that it is easy to please everybody.

It is a mistake to suppose that money due the paper would be as good to us in a year as it is now.

It is a mistake to suppose that we would not be thankful for what is due as well as new subscribers.

Quite a Nice Time.

At a Missouri picnic Mr. Whicher stabbed Mr. Reeves, and the remainder of the pleasure party hanged Mr. Whicher.

—The New England Medical Gazette says: "An old lady followed up an Episcopal Bishop, as he traveled over his diocese, and was confirmed several times before she was detected. She wished the ordinance repeated because she had 'understood it was good for the rheumatism.'"

—In St. Louis a "moonlight excursion" was advertised for August 18th, but a St Louis paper very pertinently inquired whether special arrangements had been made with Mrs. Moon to appear on the occasion, as she had on that day an engagement elsewhere.

—A bare-headed, bare-footed little boy astonished a worshipping congregation in a Massachusetts town, on a recent Sunday, by rushing into church and exclaiming: "Where's my papa? the pigs are out!"

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. H. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 2,..... 1871.

THE CALIFORNIA LABOR EXCHANGE.

We are in receipt of a letter from the Secretary of the California Labor and Employment Exchange asking for information in regard to the chances for Laborers to obtain employment "in the mining, agricultural and manufacturing pursuits" of our county.

In answer to these inquiries we can only say that, in our belief, the present supply of common laborers is so nearly equal to the demand as to offer but little inducement to new comers; the same may be said of skilled laborers, unless possessed of sufficient means to go into business on their own account. The industrial interests of our county are progressing in the most satisfactory and encouraging manner. Almost every day a new demand is created for labor, and though we appear to have no idlers among us, the new requirements are soon filled. Therefore, as above stated, we would be scarcely justified in encouraging the influx of needy applicants, however worthy or competent. To miners, farmers and manufacturers, of almost every kind able to commence business on their own account, we can offer the most encouraging inducements. Our resources in all three of these pursuits are virtually unlimited, and we again say to all those, situated as above named, to come on; there is abundance of room and inducements.

To another question, embodied in the same letter, in regard to the cheapest route hither, we answer; by the George & Roberts stage connection at Visalia passengers from San Francisco can reach this place in four days time; fare through $50, stage running tri-weekly. By Gollister's stage connection at Havilah the trip is made in the same time, fare $45, trips tri-weekly. By Robinson's line, running weekly to Los Angeles, the time and fare from that place are respectively six days and $20.

Most, if not all, our readers here are more or less acquainted with the workings of this benevolent and highly commendable institution; but, notwithstanding, we subjoin the following in the hope that it may prove both useful and interesting to many.

The California Labor and Employment Exchange is located at 637 Clay street, San Francisco. It is free of charge to all employers and applycants, and was organized for the purpose of providing employment for labor, and forwarding reliable information for all classes of immigrants. A legislative appropriation was made for its benefit in April 1870. We append these two notes signed by the Secretary.

Employers are requested, when sending their orders, to be as particular as possible in stating wages offered, the duties to be performed, the proper route to destination, the cost of fare, etc., and for female help, the number in family.

For places in the country, one or two days are required to find suitable and reliable applicants. It is customary to send the amount of fare for female help ordered from the Exchange.

Arizona News.

The Arizona Miner of August 12 gives the following news from Prescott and vicinity:

On Saturday, August 5, Sergeant-Major Harrington, of the Third Cavalry, and a man named Whisker were killed by Indians in ambush on the last high divide overlooking Camp Verde. An ambulance and three men, for which the savages were lying in wait, came up and had half an hour's fight with the Indians. One man was wounded. The party escaped to Camp Verde. Captain Monihan and sixty men were sent in pursuit, and found the bodies of Harrington and Whisker horribly mutilated. The same band, numbering some 200 warriors, had before made a successful cattle raid within eighteen miles of Prescott.

Summer rains have fallen generally throughout the Territory, extending to New Mexico.

A man who lately perished on the desert below Wickenburg has been identified as Gaspar Cole, formerly of San Francisco.

A letter from Sunset Crossing, Little Colorado River, dated August 1, says the Arizona division of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, lying between the Rio Grande and the Big Colorado, is now being surveyed. Two parties are in the field, the Eighth United States Cavalry escorting. The party working between the Little and Big Colorado, under R. J. Lawrence, Division Engineer, is soon expected to arrive at Prescott.

Prospecting parties arriving at Florence had, up to the 6th, numbered in all some 250 men, who will prospect the Pinal country, Eastern Arizona.

The Appleton Journal Correspondent.

Fred. W. Loring, author of the serial story entitled "Two College Friends," recently published in Old and New, a young man barely twenty-two, and a graduate of Harvard of 1870, is at present with an exploring party in Nevada, whence he writes to a literary friend that he has nearly completed a new story, by which he hopes to establish his reputation as a writer.—*Exchange.*

Loring was in Eureka for several days with Lieutenant Wheeler's expedition. He was a delicate looking young man of prepossessing appearance, who manifested the general characteristics of "the Boston Lorings." He seemed to take kindly to camp life, and was anxious to see as much of mines and miner's life, and the peculiararities of the sage brush State, as he could. He was anxious to attend church or Sunday school, or any other place where the people could be seen and character studied. He found what he was looking for. He has the ability and perserverance to succeed in his chosen vocation, and is much such a man as the author of John Brent. He will be heard from.—*Eureka Sentinel.*

—A New York paper says: A Chicago man dreamed his child would be scalded to death. He took every precaution against such a catastrophe, but precisely five weeks and two days after the dream, the litte boy was run over by a dog-cart, and escaped uninjured.

—An Ohio murderer being asked by the Judge if he had anything to say, replied naively, "I have, sir; I have a very bad cold, your Honor."

WANTED.

If we are to place any reliance in certain cards to be found in our advertising columns, the so-called "Independent" party is very much at sea, by reason of a scarcity of candidates. One only remains, and he graciously permits the use of his name for the openly avowed purpose of "busting out Hammarstrand." The perverseness of the balance of the ticket, in refusing to run, shows a somewhat singular state of affairs, when we consider the great avidity with which such positions have hitherto been snapped up. Heretofore the great trouble has been to select from the abundant material at hand (see No. 1 of The Lancet) a suitable person for the position. Now the places go begging, though promised every support from the transcendental and excessively popular editor of The Inyo Lancet. This great dearth of candidates is possibly owing to this fear, that the chief support and reliance in time of need and distress may desert them at the first intimation of an independent will or lack of appreciation of his great abilities and political sagacity. This conclusion, however, may be wrong, since he clearly does not at this time or in the future expect to aspire to any political consideration. His aspirations sank forever with the evening sun of the fifteenth of July. A set of corruptionists, in convention assembled, then and there decreed that their candidates must present *some* other claim for a nomination than avowed threats of secession. This singular convention differed in this particular from the one of a few years ago, which was frightened into compliance by this would-be Mogul. Here he sustained a defeat, that to a limited extent excited his ire. *Revenge!* Revenge was possible; a new party, based upon the broad principles of individual pique and disappointment was to be the power, and personal villification and false assumption the means. As before stated, our advertising columns show the result. Some men are very obdurate, not to say obtuse. Some have honors thrust upon them, and others seek it in vain during their natural lives; here are honors offered and refused, all because these men are fastidious enough to decline to represent a faction without a single political principle for its platform—that is, if we except the one grand pervading and actuating animus upon which this "movement" is based. It is not strange that a party should go begging for standard bearers when its only chance of consideration rests upon base endeavors to drag down men whose lives, both public and private, have hitherto been above reproach—a party whose corner stone is personal malice and private revenge, born of a sore-head, nurtured by personal abuse and destined to its present premature death.

Now in view of the present aspect of things, is it any wonder that The Lancet man—the prime mover and head and tail of the whole thing—should strike out wildly at everything that comes within reach, like a blind mule in a band of mustangs?

Indeed, this Lancet is likely to puncture a bag of vanity not intended in its original conception; it will prove a veritable boomerang in the hands of a novice.

THE "INDEPENDENT MOVEMENT."

THE INDEPENDENT has been charged with a want of proper interest in the people's welfare, because it did not use its columns in opposition to certain nominees of the two parties, who, it is charged, are intriguers and corruptionists—in other words, because it did not advocate the nomination of the head, body and tail of this so called "Independent movement."

Let us inform this great political leader that in the first place it is no part of our business, aims or intentions to control or influence the political opinions of any one. In the second place, we consider the whole series of "charges" brought to bear against the prominent candidates baseless, and perfectly false in the spirit, if not wholly to the letter. Their falsity, so far as it affects one of them, Mr. Mulkey, is abundantly shown by the card which that gentleman publishes, though it did not require even that. Mr. Sneden has not deemed it of sufficient importance to offer any vindication whatever, nor is it necessary. For years he has been well known, both officially and in private life, and until this present moment he has never, in any capacity, been impeached in word or deed. His well known business ability, integrity and personal popularity secured him the nomination for Sheriff, as fairly and squarely, in our honest belief, as any candidate that ever received the vote of a Convention in Inyo county. We offer this much in Mr. Sneden's vindication as we happen to know for a positive certainty that, whatever his desires for the nomination may have been, it was proposed to him before he ever uttered one word of solicitation for it. Mr. Mulkey has already spoken for himself, on the one hand, and thereby put himself on his true merits before the people. We speak for Mr. Sneden, because we do not like to see any honorable man placed in a false position, merely for the gratification of private vindictiveness, envy, supposed patriotism or whatever term may be applied to designate these attacks; and here in regard to this movement we have one word more to say and then we do not design to allude to it any thing connected therewith hereafter, unless something unforeseen should arise to make it necessary. We hold that the existence of at least two organized parties an essential to the welfare of the body politic. A third or fourth party, based on any principle except mere blind opposition, may be just as worthy of support as either of the others, and are often productive of good. We have no word of objection to urge against independent parties of that kind, but for a mere schism or faction having no distinctive feature or principle for its base except personal animosity and revenge we have not an iota of sympathy or respect. Our present "Independent party" is in our humble opinion, precisely of this character.

It is the merest bosh for interested men of any party to contend that party lines should not be drawn in county elections. The political principles involved in county affairs hold the same relation to those of the State that those of the latter do to the entire Union.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

A San Francisco dispatch of August 22d is to this effect:

Straight Republicans, or soreheads, are making extensive efforts for a large meeting to night for the nomination of a municipal ticket. They have among other devices a large truck covered with canvas, bearing Booth's portrait and various inscriptions, and inclosing a large church bell, on which a fire alarm is continually sounded, which is being driven through the streets to-day, attracting a crowd wherever it goes by the novelty of the affair. In case of there being any lack of numbers or enthusiasm at the meeting the Democracy express themselves willing to lend their generous assistance to-night.

Brick Pomeroy, who was to lecture at Oakland last night, was informed in the afternoon that Gen. La Grange was in town and greatly incensed at something reflecting on his domestic relations, which recently appeared in The La Crosse Democrat, and would shoot him on sight. He paid no attention to the threat, but his friends, thinking seriously of it, gathered around him at the hotel in the evening before the lecture. Before starting for the hall Gen. La Grange came to the room where Pomeroy, his wife and several lady and gentlemen friends were, and attempted to force his way in, saying he was bound to see Pomeroy in person, but was grappled by Col. John Scott, of The Transcript, and a fist fight ensued, which, after a free exchange of blows, was interrupted by friends. The Sheriff, fearing bloodshed, went to Brayton Hall, where Pomeroy was to lecture, and forbid its being opened. The friends of Pomeroy then secured New Market Hall and forming a procession marched there. The lecture was listened to by a large audience. It was purely humorous, making no allusion to the difficulty. Pomeroy says the article was written in his absence and knows or cares nothing about it, but at the proper time is ready to afford La Grange all the satisfaction he wants.

The race between the ships Frolic and Ringleader, from New York, which has been the subject of numerous bets, in both New York and San Francisco, is likely to be decided in favor of the Ringleader. The Ringleader was reported, August 22, inside the Farallones, but, as the weather was foggy, it was thought the Frolic might be close outside unreported. Both sailed from New York, March 25.

The owners of the steamer William Taber announce that as soon as the extensive repairs she is now undergoing are completed she will resume her trips as an opposition boat to San Diego.

The Fair at San Francisco is being largely attended by persons from the interior of the State.

There are more persons applying for naturalization papers now in San Francisco than at any time in the last ten years.

Harry Meiggs is procuring ties for his Peruvian railroads from this State.

Olegario and his band of Indians have driven off the regular chief of the Indian tribes in the far southern part of the State. Soldiers from Drum Barracks will probably quell the revolt among the Indians to-day or to-morrow. No whites have so far been molested. Manuelito, the expelled chief, has gone to San Bernardino.

Butte mill smelting works, eleven miles east of Oreana, were destroyed by fire on Sunday evening; loss $40,000; insured.

The Democracy were to hold a grand barbecue at Los Nietos, Los Angelos county, August 25.

LETTER FROM DEEP SPRING

DEEP SPRING VALLEY, August 29.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—If you will allow me I will tell you and your readers what I saw on a trip in the mountains. The

LEAD MINES,

in Fish Lake Valley, do not show sufficient galena for smelting and too much for milling ore, but they are large and well defined ledges, and might, on being prospected, be of some value. The

TRAIL

to Silver Peak is rather rough and dry. Arriving at a sulphur spring near the upper end of the Great Salt Basin or Silver Peak Valley, we find many large ledges cropping out, upon which very little work has been done, if any. We passed down the valley some ten miles to the works of the Silver Peak and Red Mountain Co. This is called a valley, but it is one of those that will not produce sage or rabbit brush, is fifteen miles long, and ten miles wide. Thermometer standing at 110 deg., and salt water to drink. There is no fresh water nearer than ten miles. In the lower end of this valley, and near the company's works, is a salt marsh, five or six miles across either way, which is covered with salt, and reflects a light similar to that of frozen snow. On the north side and near the salt marsh a mound or mountain raises about one hundred feet above the marsh, which has a crater and an outlet to the eastward, where the lava run out and down the side of the mountain, and for the distance of one mile into the valley. This channel, or outlet, is of sufficient width to drive a team and buggy up, and into the crater, where there is plenty of room to turn around with your team and drive out again. On the southwest side of the marsh

THE NEW YORK COMPANY

Commenced to build a mill. Battery room is 40 by 60 feet. Boiler room 30 by 35 feet. Foundation for pan room is 60 by 100 feet. Some of the walls are thirty feet high, and most substantially built of rock, and the work is said to have cost $30,000. This mill was built for the accommodation of a mine the company bought at a cost of $90,000, in what is known as Quartz Mountain, ten miles distant, but it proved to be only a boulder of from six to ten tons. Finding this to be a failure, and being determined to get even on the country they bought another mine for $3,000 and found that to be a small slide from another mine, out of which they got 5 tons of ore. This work was done in 1866. They next moved to Palmetto where their fine mill is now standing idle.

So much for the management of New York capital, $200,000 of which was paid or spent at Silver Peak by this company, for which they have in return nothing.

We next saw Mr. Lyons, keeper of the Silver Peak and Red Mountain Company's property, which consists of a 30-stamp mill well provided with pans, concentrators and in fact with all kinds of machinery for saving gold; they have an assay office, stables, shops, grain house, hash-house and many other houses for the convenience of these, gives this place the appearance of a town. The company's works are also situated on the salt marsh near a great salt spring from which they take water for the mill by pumping it up some 50 feet on the side of a hill. This mill was built in 1867, and in three years only lost eighty-three shifts. The smallest amount produced for any one month during that time was $25,000 and the largest, $75,000. Here we saw the wagon built by J. W. Coffin of Washoe, and is the largest freight wagon in the world (axle 4 inches). They have a dozen large wagons with which they hauled ore and wood for their mill. The mines are ten miles distant, wood six miles. This company have also a 10-stamp mill that was built for the purpose of prospecting, and when the new or 30-stamp mill was built this was allowed to go to ruin.

THE MINES

Are situated in Silver Peak and Quartz mountain. The principal ledge owned by this company is of gold ore, and is from six to thrty feet in width, quartz decomposed. The Drinkwater is twelve feet wide, the Crowing Glory thirty feet wide, the Last Chance eight feet wide, Pocatella four feet wide, all of gold ore; the Western Soldier six feet wide, the Assistant six feet wide, of silver, with ore averaging $300 per ton. Vanderbilt four feet wide, Grandmother four feet wide, also of silver. Monongahela three feet wide, gold and silver—very rich. Grey Eagle a mountain of ore of a low grade ranging from $50 to $80 per ton. The company have out of their several dumps at those mines from 75,000 to 80,000 tons of low grade ore worth $14 per ton, yet they are not running. It is not on account of a scarcity of first class ore, but I judge they are either having a little game of draw or freeze; but it is to be hoped that they will soon start up their works, and when they do therewill be lively times. Ten tons of ore taken to Columbus from White Mountains for reduction, yielded $8,000. How is this for high? Twenty four miles south of Silver Peak some parties discovered a three foot ledge of silver, took two tons to Columbus for reduction and realized $500 per ton for their ore. It is reported that there is plenty of good ledges in this country and still farther south, but water is scarce. It seems that nature did not distribute the good ores, and facilities for working them in the same mountains. I will make a trip through the mountains south of Death Valley soon.

PROSPECTOR.

EASTERN NEWS.

NEW YORK, August 21.

A special from Washington says that Boutwell has quite recently declared himself in favor of Grant's renomination. Of course one of the conditions of this newly-sworn allegiance is that Boutwell shall not only retain his portfolio for the rest of Grant's present term, but also for another four years, in case Grant is re-elected,

LONG BRANCH, August 21.

This morning about 9 o'clock Dr. H. T. Helmbold, of New York, engaged a hack at the Arcade Hotel, and borrowing a double-barreled shotgun from the proprietors, told the driver to go along the beach, as he wished to shoot some sand-snipe. After going about a mile from the Branch he stepped of a short distance and placed the butt of the gun on the ground and the muzzle under his chin. Being a very short man he had to stretch to reach the trigger, and in doing this the muzzle of the gun was thrown to one side and the charge passed along the side of his face, merely singeing it. The driver immediately ran toward the Doctor, but before he could reach him he had emptied the second barrel in the same manner, not being injured. He then got him into the carriage and drove back to the Arcade, where the Doctor washed the powder from his face and drove home. There is a rumor that the Doctor attempted to shoot himself with a pistol after reaching home. This is altogether unfounded.

WASHINGTON, August 21.

The special order recently issued from the War Department, retiring Col. George Stoneman, with the rank of Major General, is by direction of the President revoked, and Colonel Stoneman is retired on his rank as Colonel. The original order was made under a misapprehension by the Board, in belief that his incapacity resulted from wounds received in battle, which was not the case.

The President has appointed Frederick Drew Collector at Puget Sound.

NEW YORK, August 21.

Late foreign journals, just received, give interesting details of the trial of the Commune prisoners at Versailles. In the examination of Assy the following colloquy took place:

The President to Assy—"You gave the order for the assassination of Generals Lecompte and Thomas on the 18th of March?"

"It is false," replied Assy.

"Were you not chief Commune against the Government?"

"Yes; you attacked us, and we accepted the struggle.

"And you voted for the massacre of hostages?"

"Yes," again was the firm reply: "because when at war it is necessary to resort to retaliation."

[Murmers of indignation arose among the audience, but Assy smiled disdainfully.]

The President asked: "Why did you purchase sulphur and coal? You wished to burn down Paris?"

The accused retorted by observing that the troops had done their worst by firing explosive shells into the city.

"It is an infamous lie!" cried the public prosecutor greatly moved. "You made requisitions for petroleum?"

"It was unnecessary to do so," replied Assy. "The forts were full of it." Assy, in answer to the question of the President, did not seek to deny his affiliation with the International Society. He admitted he was a member of the Central Committee; is a Freemason; was at the Central Committee on the 10th of March; was not at the Rue de Rositres; knew nothing of the executions of Generals Thomas and Lecompte. Assy went on to say that he had not opposed the law or hostages, but should not himself have executed them; had said the only way to save their brethern at Versailles was to make reprisals—"an eye for an eye"—was his maxim.

Gavean exclaimed, "You take three eyes for one!"

He had signed the decree for pulling down the Vendome column. Other decrees imputed to him he had not signed, but he admitted he had not protested, and never thought of resigning on account of them. Horrible details were brought to light at the trials, and created the profoundest indignation.

PITTSTON, (PA.) August 19.

The verdict of the Coroner's jury in the case of the mine explosion was rendered this morning. The jury find that the men were suffocated by noxious gasses caused by the explosion or caving of the roof, and believe the accident could have been averted by strict compliance with the requirements of the ventilation laws.

The relations of the Staten Island ferry-boat victims have brought forty suits for damages against that company.

Another steamboat explosion has taken place at New York, in the tug Starbuck. It was clearly the fault of the Government Inspector and the engineer, and they have been held for manslaughter.

Greeley, in September, will make an agricultural fair tour in the Western States.

—Spurgeon, the famous English minister, having been offered $10,000 in gold to write a life of Christ, sent word that as good a life of Christ as could be written was to be found in the New Testament.

BORN.

At Camp Independence, Cal., August 28, to the wife of Dr. C. B. White, U. S. A., a daughter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in Postoffice at Independence, September 1, 1871.

Albert, Fred	Brower, H S 3
Cooks, Henry	Caldwell, D
Crabb, S	Coates, C B
Dickenson, H M	Engler, Mick
Fagan, Rich	Foster, I
Gallardo, F F 4	Hughes, Wm
Hughes, L W	Knowles, J S
Long, James	Marcho, J
McBride, T V	McEvoy, J
McDermott, Thos	McCay, Mason
McDonough, T	Mott, S C
Park, E M	Patsen, Wm
Piper, S	Rankin, W
Rankin, Wm B	Smalley, Geo.
Stecker, Aug	Quinlan, Wm
Williams, James	

J. B. ROWLEY, P. M.

A CARD!

TO THE PUBLIC: The placing of my name on the "Independent Ticket" for County Treasurer—as published in The Lancet of the 27th ult.—was done without my authority, knowledge or consent.

Respectfully,
HENRY M. ISAACS.

September 2, 1871. 1t

CARD.

I hereby give notice that I have withdrawn from any connection with The Lancet newspaper. My reasons for so doing are on account of the attacks made in that paper against the Grand Jury, one of which Jury I was, and also on account of the attack upon Mr. Mulkey, in reference to the bulling thieves. I think these attacks entirely uncalled for, and in justice to my fellow jurymen and Mr. Mulkey, I can not longer have any connection with a paper that thus wantonly and groundlessly has made the attacks.

1t T. W. HILL.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

I HEREBY respectfully announce myself as an Independent Candidate for the Clerk's office of this county. As it has been reported that I have withdrawn, I take this method of informing my friends and the public that such is not the case.

CHAS. L. JACKSON

A CARD.

TO THE PUBLIC.—In justice to the nomination that I have received from the Republicans and Democrats, I will state that my name was placed upon the Independent ticket without my knowledge or consent.

J. W. SYMMES.

Independence, Sept. 1, 1871.

A CARD.

FELLOW CITIZENS OF INYO COUNTY: I trust you will pardon the notice herein taken of the emanations of a slanderous and scandalous sheet, published under the auspices of a self-constituted censor of public morals, private virtue and political honesty.

I should have treated these effusions with that silent contempt which they deserved, had I been satisfied that the general public knew as well as the undersigned that they were "the mere sickly abortions of a swearing Jack and one-half lunatic."

However, I deem it incumbent upon me, asking as I do a responsible position at the hands of the citizens of Inyo county, to meet and refute all slanders, inuendoes and reflections upon my private character, whether they originate with a valitudinary cock-sparrow or trumped up by parties who are ashamed to be caught in such company in open daylight.

First as to the charge of being a carpet-bagger: I was a citizen of the Pacific coast and the State of California, had a permanent home therein, and had taken an active and honorable part in its conquest and settlement long before the dirt slinger of The Lancet had advanced far enough in his geography to be aware of the fact that there was any such country as California in or on the face of the globe. Carpet-bagger indeed! The oldest residents and most worthy pioneers, from Tehama to Los Angeles, all unanimously testify that from the year '47 down to this present writing, that in each and every exigency to which his fortune called him, Cy Mulkey bore himself like a MAN.

Will the gutter snipe of The Lancet make good any charges against Cy Mulkey such as lack of open-handed charity, want of unbounded hospitality, or any dereliction in keeping, obeying and honestly endeavoring to help execute the laws about which he prates so lordly? And if so, Mulkey will give up this contest—and here I invite the gutter snipe, and all others inimical to my election, to the most rigid examination of my public and private acts, and should there be anything found therein obnoxious to honor and probity let me be set aside, but until such judgment be honestly found, I trust a fair and generous public will pay no attention to the bold assertions, low slanders and malevolent innuendoes, which could alone proceed from a disappointed and rancorous renegade.

Charge second, that I was "one of those who sometime last Winter forced a party of prisoners from the custody of the Sheriff, and after subjecting them to a strangulating process, sought to obtain information which would thereby lead to the discovery of some hidden treasure." To this old and stale charge some notoriety was sought to be given at the time of the occurrence, but the parties on whom the outrage had been inflicted being then present in the county, no one durst, not even the snipe, breathe the vile slander above his putrifying breath.

However, through a friend I heard that some such rumor had found its way into the Sheriff's office at Independence, of which said office the snipe was, at that time, a *worthy* member. I did nothing more or less than to immediately go to the principal prisoner (then at liberty) who had figured in the strangling scene, and forthwith went with him to Sheriff Elder's office and then and there requested him to lay any charge or make any statement to the Sheriff whereby a charge could be made against me; and what was the result? Let Sheriff Elder answer:

"This is to certify that Mr. C. Mulkey came to my office in company with Manuel Marujo, one of the parties who had been taken from Deputy Sheriff Talcott and maltreated by some parties unknown; and the said Manuel Marujo fully, freely and voluntarily exhonerated Mr. Mulkey from any participation in said transaction.

"A. B. ELDER,
"Sheriff of Inyo county.

"Lone Pine, August 29, 1871."

What more could I have done to satisfy even the fastidious, law-abiding snipe? I go directly to the Sheriff's office, I take the principal witness with me; am acquitted of all complicity in his grievances; and yet the snipe inveighs against the grand juries of the county for being derelict in the discharge their duties. In what, I would ask? Why, truly, because they failed to find some criminal bill or other against me, upon the testimony of simply nobody. And now, fellow citizens, what weight, what credence, what faith will you give to the villifications of this calumniator, whose every word stinks worse than a stranded mackerel by moonlight.

I come now to charge third, viz: the "Rubottom Raid." Now, fellow citizens, although a man of but little vanity, I had actually taken some little glory to myself for the manner in which that said "raid" was carried out; and I believe I express the universal sentiments of the citizens of Lone Pine and vicinity, irrespective of party, who were cognizant of the facts, when I say that the conduct of all the parties who participated in that "raid" met their universal approval.

Let us see how easy it is for a plain, unvarnished statement to put down this villifier: It is well known that Rubottom, Deputy Sheriff of Los Angeles county, followed certain horse thieves up the country and overhauled them near the town of Lone Pine. It is also well known that he succeeded in capturing some nine head of horses from the thieves and brought them to my livery stable, and placed them with me for safe keeping and attention; it is also well known that he failed to capture the thieves.

Now, When Mr. Rubottom came to my stable and stated these facts to me, and asked me if I would assist him in an attempt to arrest these felons; told him I would. Rubottom then said he thought the thieves had headed for the Coso mines, gave me his reasons for so thinking, etc. In these I concurred; mounted upon my own horse and at my own proper expense, leaving my business, without any reward, hope or promise thereof etc; this too when our own Sheriff and his deputies might have been more properly called into action, I accompanied the deputy Sheriff from Los Angeles to the Coso mines on a four days "raid," as the snipe sneeringly calls an honest effort to assist an officer in the legitimate discharge of his duties. After scouring the country in and around the Coso mines we became (Rubottom and myself) satisfied that we had missed our game and so returned to Lone Pine. Upon our arrival in that village we learned that the men we wanted were encamped or had been seen back of the Alabama District, high up in the foot-hills. A party was soon organized to go out upon this "raid," and who, let me ask, composed it? Why, the very leader of the "raid" was none other than the then official master of this delectable sore head—Sheriff Elder, himself. Elder and one Mr Childs took one route, Rubottom, a Mr. I. Moffit and myself took another. The party to which I belonged had the good or bad fortune, as you please to term it, to come first in sight of the robbers. Of course we all three started off in hot pursuit. The chase was a long one, possibly some ten miles. Being better mounted probably than my companions, I outstripped them in the race, and just as the Mexicans were crossing George's Creek I came up close enough to let fly with my gun at the leader as he was raising the opposite bank. This shot was doubtless without effect, as the thief made no halt. I observed, however in the meantime, that his comrade was aiming to cross the creek some distance higher up the stream; but I did not observe him raise the opposite bank. I immediately wheeled my horse up stream, and riding rapidly along the edge of the bank I soon discovered his horse in the gulch without a rider. I dismounted and attempted to track the rogue, but from the fact he had taken to the water I was unable to find his trail. I was thus engaged when Mr. Moffit came up; he joined me in trying to discover in which way the thief had escaped us, and whilst we were industriously laboring for this end Mr. Elder and his party joined us. We all then began a wider and more extensive search. This we kept up for some two or three hours, but all was of no avail, the thief had made good his escape. Rubottom in the meantime had continued the pursuit of the other Mexican, the one at whom I had fired my gun, but was unable to overtake him, so they both got off.

In a few days Rubottom left for the lower country, taking with him the captured stock, I retaining the horse abandoned by the Mexican, sending, however, a full description of him by Rubottom to any and all parties concerned. Subsequently I received a letter from one Mr. Chim. Phillips, who lives in San Jose valley, 30 miles east of Los Angeles city, making inquiries as to how the whole thing had been conducted, asking for a description of the stock etc., all of which I sent him with the minutest particularity, and which I presume was satisfactory, as I have heard nothing from Mr. Phillips since, and this is all about the Rubottom "raid." Very pretty, isn't it, fellow-citizens, and as to what secret slander or base inuendo is sought to be conveyed by this dirt slinger I am at a loss to conjecture, when he speaks of this "Rubottom raid" as being the prolific womb of some fearful imps to whom he proposes to play midwife.

Fourth—I am charged with having sold out all my interests in the county, sent off my family, have my carpet-bag ready and am only waiting the termination of the present contest to follow in their wake if defeated. I will say this to the snipe by way of advice, if he stuck his own bill half as deep into his own private affairs as he does into those of his neighbors, he would not now be picking around the unenviable soubriquet of the LUNCH FIEND. In point of fact I knew a man in Pike who amassed quite a fortune by attending strictly to his own business. To you, fellow-citizens, I will say this is simply a rowback, cut out of whole cloth, and that my interest to-day in our county is as great as it ever was; that all I have or expect to have is and will be identified with the fortunes of Inyo county. My wife and people live in Oregon. She has not seen them for some eight or ten years; is now paying them a visit; first, to recover a little health, which I can assure she greatly needs, and second, to take a first and final leave of those who in the course of nature must soon start on a journey to that "bourne from whence no traveler returns." Of course, the snipe can understand nothing of this. My wife and children will be with me in Lone Pine in November next, if alive.

And now, fellow-citizens, having fully and fairly answered each and every of the slanders and calumnies as put forward by the gutter snipe I confidently leave my character and reputation in your hands, satisfied with whatever judgment you, in your wisdom, may pass upon them.

I now ask your attention for a moment to the defeated, disappointed and sorehead editors of the Lancet.

And first I would ask have we a Warwick among us? Who is this mighty man of Goth that would set up whomsoever he will, or pull down those whom he won't pull down? By what authority does he forge at the head of his villi-sheet, and fling to the breeze the names of honorable gentlemen as candidates for office? Will this vaunting, strutting peacock, this concentrated embodiment of both political parts tell his readers from whence he derives authority to bedraggle the good name and fame of gentlemen by the remotest allusion to them and their surroundings?

Mr. Frank Hatchinson has been made to appear as a prominent candidate for the office of Sheriff by the feeble simpering, and here I give Mr. H's letter to the public:

Independence, August 30, 1871.

Mr. C. Mulkey, Esq.—Dear Sir:—You are at liberty to say to any and all that I am not a candidate on the Independent ticket or any other ticket for the office of Sheriff or any office at all. That at present I ask nothing of the people of Inyo county.

Respectfully,
J. F. HATCHINSON.

Now what excuse, what startling hole, what subterfuge will the Lunch Fiend resort to to hide himself from this open and apparent shame?

Again Mr. Henry Isaacs is made to figure as a candidate for the office of Treasurer by this autocrat of the political fortunes of Inyo county. The indignations of this gentleman may be imagined when he found his name dragged through the slush and slum in which the editor deals, by reading his letter. Here it is:

Independence, August 27, 1871.

Cyrus Mulky, Esq.—Dear Sir:—You are at liberty to contradict any complicity on my part as regards my name appearing as a candidate on the Independent ticket as published in the last issue of the Lancet:

Respectfully,
HENRY M. ISAACS.

Mr. Jackson, whose name appears in the Lancet as an independent candidate for the office of County Clerk, assured the undersigned in presence of witnesses that the use of his name in this connection was wholly unwarranted and entirely gratuitous.

I have no desire, fellow-citizens, to ventilate the snipe. He is not in this race, but if such were my wish I know I could drive a six horse team through his reputation without rubbing a hub against a good action, or a worthy trait in his character.

In conclusion, fellow citizens, should you honor me with the gift of the office to which I aspire I give you my word of honor that the office shall be conducted in the most economical manner possible, and for the best interests of the county. That my deputies shall be appointed from the best qualified and most honorable men amongst us, and in all things pertaining to the office I shall do my utmost endeavor to repay the confidence reposed in me.

Respectfully,
C. MULKEY.

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS well known and long established

LIVERY BUSINESS,

Situated in Lone Pine, together with the following stock:

One Buggy and Team.
Four Saddle and Work Horses,
Two New Saddles and One Side Saddle,
One Sett Lead Harness,

All of which will be sold cheap for cash, as the proprietor intends going East.

n62tf I. W. HUNT.

PIONEER PASSENGER & EXPRESS LINE TO LOS ANGELES.

H. W. ROBINSON & CO. BEG LEAVE TO inform the citizens of Owens Valley that they have established a

WEEKLY STAGE LINE

To Los Angeles, and having stocked the line with six changes of horses, good time will be made. This is 90 miles shorter than by any other route, and over a safer and by far the best road. We will connect with the steamers and coast line of stages to San Francisco, making this the cheapest route to that point. Will also connect with the stage to San Bernardino and Arizona.

Special attention paid to fast freight and express packages.

☞Collections and commissions promptly attended to.☜

The above line of stages will leave Lone Pine and Los Angeles every Monday morning, returning to arrive at Lone Pine and Los Angeles every Thursday.

Fare, - - - - - $20.

Agent at Lone Pine—DAN CANTY, at Orleans Hotel, to whom all applications must be made for tickets and freight. my20:47n3*

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 2,.....1871

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ NOTICE.—All political notices of whatever nature MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. This rule is ABSOLUTE. All Job Work executed at this Office must be settled for on delivery, unless for those having standing advertising accounts.☜

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

A Goak.

The story runneth thus: A gentleman sporting the name of Dr. Brower was circulating around Visalia, and represented to parties there that he had to come on to Camp Independence to get a company of *cavalry*, (!) and take them to some other point mentioned. Sending his trunk around by the stage, he received the use of a magnificent $200 horse to ride across the mountains. A couple of weeks ago the trunk arrived, but the soldier-doctor appeareth not, and while the Tulare officers were over here the baggage was examined and proved to contain exactly one stove-pipe-hat and two old coats. A company of cavalry! It is evidently a case of good-bye horse with somebody.

Stages.

There are two daily lines now running from Lone Pine to Cerro Gordo, and both go full. John Collister has been awarded a contract for carrying the mail from Los Angeles to Havilah, running three times a week and connecting with Roberts & Georges' line for this place. A new line from this place to Aurora, to run tri-weekly, is being strongly talked of. As the matter now stands both regular lines refuse to carry packages outside of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s box—all for the enormous sum of $50 per month—rendering fast freight enormously high, and making opposition lines a thing most devoutly to be wished for.

Captured.

A letter from the Sheriff of Kern county informs Sheriff Elder that the authorities there have arrested and now have in custody one Wm. Brown, who, it will be remembered, escaped from Mr. Elder while being taken to the State Prison, on a sentence of four years for highway robbery, in taking a horse from an Indian. He was taken on the 23d ultimo, and acknowledges himself to be the identical Brown. Our Sheriff will go after him in a few days.

The Great Register.

The printed Great Register appeared last week from the presses of this office. It contains the names of 579 voters. There is a supplementary list to be supplied to the various polls containing about 170 more names, making 749 altogether. We shall perhaps examine into some of its curiosities next week.

To Whom it May Concern.

We hereby give public notice that the next ill-mannered cuss who comes into our establishment and takes occasion to examine any copy or manuscript on any compositor's case or any copy hook, will receive a peremptory invitation to take a spin. The practice is intolerable and will not be put up with.

Grand Jury.

A Grand Jury will be selected from a venire of thirty on Wednesday next, to examine into the charge against Manuel Rojas for an assault with intent to kill, the particulars of which we gave a week or two since.

Melons.

THE INDEPENDENT concern, from the senior to the devil, acknowledge the generosity of Mr. Seth Carrier in supplying it with luscious melons.

New Driver.

The Lone Pine stage came up in charge of a new driver—name Begole. He done so well that they discharged him on his return.

Selling Out.

Mr. I. W. Hunt of Lone Pine announces that he will sell his livery stock of horses, buggies, harness, saddles etc., at very low rates. See notice.

Raised.

The Board of Equalization are busily engaged in raising the assessments of many of our heavy tax-payers, which proceeding is productive of considerable growling.

Political.

Politics are hot. The Inyo Syringe is nitty. May the devil take the hindmost!

LETTER FROM CERRO GORDO.

(Correspondence of the Inyo Independent.)

CERRO GORDO, August 31, 1871.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Once more I find a few moment time to devote to your columns. There is nothing new in the mining circle. Everything in that respect being prosperous as usual, without any material change, though you may look for some new developments before long.

SMELTING.

Both Mr. Belshaw's and Mr. Beaudry's are shut down for the present. The former for repairs, and the latter awaiting the arrival of new machinery.

IMPROVEMENTS.

Mr. Beaudry is constructing a new and large roasting furnace, the present one being insufficient in capacity. Our old and enterprising citizen will soon have his new building, opposite the American Hotel, under way, the lumber having already arrived at Swansea. The Cosmopolitan Saloon is being refitted and promises to rival anything of the kind ever attempted in the county.

POLITICAL.

Talk is cheap and therefore indulged in but little by our people since we are fastidious, and deign to indulge in nothing but luxuries. The election day will find our votes cast for one or the other of the regular nominees of the respective parties.

FREE ROAD.

Our citizens have at last aroused from their phlegmatic slumbers and resolved to have a public free road to Cerro Gordo to the valley. All theories in regard to the subject have been exploded, and practical common sense backed by determined physical energy substituted instead. The road is being constructed by subscription, the list being headed by J. L. Darrah and O. B. J. Meirrs of Swansea with $250. Already $700 have been subscribed and about $300 more promised by responsible men, besides many who are unable to pay. Many are willing to pay in work. The undertaking is one of the utmost importance to the traveling public, and should receive substantial encouragement from the whole county. All classes are interested, no matter what their calling. The road is being constructed over the route lately surveyed and marked out by John Simpson, Esq., and already ten good able bodied men are employed in pushing the work to completion. The grade is an excellent one, upon which heavily loaded teams can travel with comparative ease. The road starts from the lower end of the town of Cerro Gordo at a point near the old furnace lot of C. F. Duval and follows around the side of the mountain north of the canyon for some distance, and then cutting back drops gradually back into the old and original natural route marked out and established by the pioneers of Cerro Gordo.

The citizens of the valley, especially the farmers, teamsters and stage men will undoubtedly be called upon to contribute, and we doubt not but that they will deem it a compliment paid to their generosity to have the privilege of doing so.

CITIZEN.

The Visalia Stage Robbery.

The San Jose Patriot of August 18th gives these particulars connected with the above stage robbery:

From Sheriff Harris who has just returned from an unsuccessful pursuit of the Visalia stage robbers, we learn further details of the road agent transaction of last Thursday. It appears that the robbers were Bartola Supulveda, Tiburcio Vasques and Crocopolo Mauriata, who, with two other out-laws, named Pancho Galindo and John Doe Bacinos, are an organization, lacking only charmed lives and a certificate of incorporation to be capable of perpetual succession, like any other monopoly. The pictures of at least two of them grace the "Rogue's Gallery" in the Sheriff's office. The two last named of the gang were not present at the Soap lake robbery. The operations of the three robbers were boldly planned and resolutely executed, being in a thickly settled neighborhood. The first thing they did was to capture a gentleman named Moore, a delegate to the late Democratic County Convention. He was riding in a buggy. They took him aside privily, near the road in the field, tied and blindfolded him, and robbed him of $55. By this time the two-horse stage came along. The robbers then fell upon it, and ordered the driver to go through an opening they made in the fence. The stage was stopped at the point where our "unterrified" Democratic ex-delegate lay hors-de-combat. The passengers were four men and a woman. The men were compelled to alight, and keep their eyes on the ground, while each was securely bound, searched and blindfolded. One of the robbers asked the woman, "which is your husband?" She pointed to Simmons, Canal Superintendent, who sat on the back seat with her. "All right," said the robber, and Simmons was searched and bound, but the lady was not molested. The robbers secured something over $500 from the stage company, and a gold watch or so.

The subsequent proceedings were as cool as ice, "Don't make a move till we come back, or we'll murder every one of you!" said the road agents, as, leaving the people bound and the lady sitting in the stage, they rode off. In a short time they returned with a picket teamster, whom they bound and searched and left with the stage party. They then departed again with the same threat, but were seen no more. For an hour and a half the captives lay there in the field, bound and fearful to move. By-and-by the driver got anxious to go, and asked the woman to come and untie them. She refused for a while, fearing the return of the robbers; but presently released the driver, and he the other, and they got into Gilroy all right, except the plunder of their property.

After the second departure, the robbers overhauled an old man named Grewell on the road and robbed him of $5, looked at his silver watch and gave it back, and let him go. He soon procured a party named Billy Brown, and they gave pursuit, Billy with a Kentucky rifle and Grewell with a Henry carbine. They overhauled the robbers who flourished their pistols and rode away at full speed. Brown fired but missed. Grewell snapped the carbine about fifty times, but afterwards discovered that he had forgotten to load, and was trying to fire with no cartridge! And the robbers made good their escape into the mountains. Harris left Gilroy with a strong party, and got wind of the outlaws being in the same locality where Harry Morse killed the outlaw Juan Syto. He searched for them in the chapparel region between Quien Sabe valley and Ana Peak, and then struck over to the Gavilan range, where he learned the same robbers had cleaned out a sheep-herder named Patterson. They got here $2 50, and overlooked $100 in Patterson's boot-leg. This was now Sunday night, and the Sheriff discovered that his birds were far in the start of him. They are believed to have made for the mines in Los Angeles or the Lone Pine country.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Times says further loans will have to be obtained before the city of Paris can be restored to its condition before the war.

The ravages of the cholera are steadily increasing at Koenigsberg. The disease has already shown itself at Dantzig, but no cases have yet occurred in Stettin and Southern Prussia.

Potato blight has made its appearance in Ireland. It is feared the crop is ruined, in which case a partial famine will be inevitable.

A dreadful calamity occurred on the small island of Tagalanda, in the Malay groupe. An outburst of a volcano was accompanied by a convulsion of the sea, and a wave forty yards high swept all the human beings, cattle and horses from the island; 400 persons perished.

From Virginia City, Nevada.

AUGUST 20

About 3 o'clock this morning a fire broke out at No. 24 D street, which spread so rapidly as to get beyond control, until it had swept everything on the east side of D, from Union half to Sutton Avenue, both sides of E and the west side of F for the same distance, and causing considerable damage on the west side of D; loss estimated at $150,000, on which there was some insurance, but the amount cannot be ascertained to-day. About fifty buildings were destroyed, all of them wooden. A large portion of the same ground has now been burnt over for the second and a large portion for the third time within six months. The fire is supposed to have been incendiary, and a young man named Heilshorn has been arrested as the guilty party.

A shooting affray occurred about noon to-day at Gold Hill between Andy Graham and a man, name unknown, by which an innocent party, a young man named Henry Leflower, was shot through the fleshy part of the thigh.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon two men named Trainor and Malone had a fight on the Divide, in which the former cut the latter with a knife across the abdomen, causing the intestines to protrude.

Wynema.

The shipment of grain at this place has commenced. The Kalorama will take up from there to-day about 5,000 sacks of barley and 500 of potatoes. The wharf is about completed, and is considered one of the best structures of the kind on the coast. T. R. Bard is now erecting a large warehouse at the front end of the wharf. It is to be 60x200 feet. For these items we are indebted to R. G. Surdam.—*Ventura Signal, August* 19.

Won't Work.

The Labor Exchange of San Francisco, in consequence of erroneous reports as to the demand for female labor in California, states that 5,000 girls are wanted to do general housework in the country towns. In the hotels and private houses of San Francisco, it is asserted, thousands of Chinamen are taking the positions of white women, simply because the latter class refuse situations, in consequence of the romantic notion of securing husbands.

—A Kentucky journal on the day after the election in that State appeared with head lines reading: "Riots at Frankfort, Lexington, and Paris—Several Persons Killed and Wounded—A Gorious Day's Work." Kentucky's idea of "glorious work" seems to be peculiar.

—An Indiana man claims to have succeeded in playing a thorough confidence game upon the potatoe bugs. He planted a grain of corn in each potatoe hill, and as the corn came up first the bugs thought it was a corn field and started for other scenes.

—The New York Tablet, a Catholic journal, says that those who participated in the New York riots were, if Catholics at all, what Protestants call "enlightened Catholics," grown too wise to listen to their pastors.

—An ignoramus had been sick, and, on recovering, was told by the doctor that he might take a little animal food. "No, sir," said he; "I took your gruel very well, but hang me if I can eat your hay and oats."

—A man in Kansas, on whose shoulder a lady laid a lash, didn't sue for damages, because it was an eyelash.

—A time to run—when you are in a hurry.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, June 20, 1871. jc14n52tf

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

CROCERIES,
Provisions,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS.
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,
HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloth Piece Goods,
Clothing, Hardware,
Crockery and Glassware,
TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,
POWDER AND SHOT
Flasks and Pouches.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
Manufactured to order.
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS
AND STATIONERY.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
PAINTS AND OILS
Wall Paper,
CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

C. & M. Cohn, OPPOSITION STORE,

LONE PINE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

au26n61tf

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. McNAMARA AND MRS. BOMEISLER would respectfully announce to the ladies of Independence and vicinity that they have opened a Dressmaking and fancy

SEWING EMPORIUM,

In the building next door to Mr. John Lentell's drug store—where they will be happy to recieve the ladies and their orders. Charges moderate.

au26n61m3

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,
Provisions, Liquors,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,
Dry Goods, Clothing,
BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,
Wagon & Carriage Stock,
HARDWOOD,
Hardware,
IRON AND STEEL,
MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,
—AND—
Farming Implements
Tin-Ware,
Wooden and Willow Ware,
CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,
GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,
Giant Powder.
FUSE AND SHOT,
GUNS AND PISTOLS,
Saddlery,
Leather & Shoe Findings,
Drugs & Medicines
PAINTS & OILS,
WINDOW GLASS,
Doors, Sashes & Blinds,
Wall Paper,
CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,
Stationery & Blank Books,
Cutlery and Notio ,
arine and Cottage
CLOCKS,
AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20-n47tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Great Bargains!

GREAT SACRIFICE

—OF—

Property!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS entire stock of goods at

Less Than San Francisco Cost

Prices!

Bacon	20 cts ℔ lb
Hams	22 cts ℔ lb
Crushed Sugar	℔ barrel, 20 cts.
do do	4½ lbs $1
Brown Sugar	½ barrel $16
do do	5½ lbs $1
Candles, by the box, $5	
do	9 for 50 cts
Ground Coffee, by the case, 36 cts.	
do do	37½ cts ℔ lb
Green Coffee...by the sack, 23 cts	
do do	25 cts ℔ lb
Lard.....by the case, 24 cts	
do .....10 pound can, $2 50	
do .....5 " " 1 25	
Best Japan Tea, 75 cts by the case	
do	80 cts ℔ lb
Dried Apples	5½ lbs for $1
Dried Grapes	5½ lbs for $1
CANNED STUFFS.	
Tomatoes	50 cts ℔ can
Oysters	50 do
Salmon	62½ do
Lobster	62½ do
Jellies	62½ do
Spiced Oysters	75 do

All other articles, too numerous to mention, in the same proportion. Orders from the Valley will be promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by cheapest conveyance.

20,000 Dollars Worth of New Stock of Goods,

To arrive immediately, comprising an assortment of

General Merchandise.

Which will be sold at same reduction in prices without reserve.

Still Larger Sacrifices

In all articles of Clothing & Dry Goods.

TERMS — CASH ON DELIVERY.

Cerro Gordo, July 12, 1871. V. BEAUDRY. jy15n55tf

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

CROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
Wines and Liquors,
Dry-Goods,
CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods,
HARDWARE,
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
—AND—
EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.

Fish Springs, July 22, 1871. n56m3

R. J. MORRISON

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Dry Goods, Clothing,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Groceries,
HARDWARE,
Crockery and Glass Ware
PAINTS, OILS,
Varnish and Window Glass

Also, a fine assortment of the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,
Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a well-assorted

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

of 500 volumes.

School Books, Blank Books and Stationery.

TO THE ABOVE STOCK THE UNDERSIGNED would most respectfully beg leave to call your attention, especially to the quality and

Greatly Reduced Prices!

TERMS---STRICTLY CASH.

R. J. MORRISON,
Proprietor.

Postmaster, Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.; also, agent for the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., July 29, 1881. n57m3

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

I. DAVISON,
J. P. M. PERHAM,
Independence, Cal.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD,
San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,
NEW GOODS,
—AND—
NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old mottos of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES
Dry Goods.
READY MADE CLOTHING,
FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN,
STOVES,
HARDWARE,
CARPETING, WALL
PAPER AND HOUSE
LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND
SHEETINGS, FURNITURE
BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND
CURLED HAIR
MATTRESSES
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY
AND
GLASSWARE,
PAINTS,
OILS
AND WINDOWS;
STEEL, POWDER AND
FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS,
AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY
PIPES AND CUTLERY,
ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes.

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 2,.....1871.

Arizona.

Correspondence from more remote parts of Arizona Territory show the present summer to be the driest and hottest ever known in Arizona. In Pine Grove district there is not water enough to work arastras. Gov. Safford, with a company of some fifty miners, has gone on a prospecting trip to the mineral districts of the Pinal country in eastern Arizona, carrying the war into the heart of the Apache country. Potatoes have been selling at twenty cents per pound in Prescott; flour, $8 50 to $10 per hundred.

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORECNE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITOR
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.
ap29n44m4

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods.

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

je10n50tf

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6n45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

For Sale.

I WILL SELL MY BLACK HORSE "EBONY" and "Sheep Driver," also one iron axle wagon, 1¾ inch spindles, nearly new, and suitable for two heavy or four light horses; also, one set of Concord wheel harness, one sulky and sulky harness. n58tf PAUL W. BENNETT.

LEGAL.

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 6.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, August 16th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN B. WINTER, Superintendent of the Kearsarge Mining Company, on behalf of said company, has this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for one thousand, eight hundred feet in length of the "KEARSARGE LODE," with a surface width of fifty feet on each side of the lode. Said lode supposed to be one hundred feet in width, which belongs to the Kearsarge Mining Company, a corporation; adjoining on the East end the extension claims of James R. Wall, J. R. Hughes and G. W. Brady, and on the West end the extension claims of R. M. Shuey, J. E. Rowley and John Clarke, situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. Notice is further given that they intend to apply for and have embraced in the said patent together and in connection with the "Kearsarge Lode," the land on which the Kearsarge mill is erected, together with a sufficient space of land around said mill for the convenient use of said mill; also the Water Right of said Kearsarge Mining Company on Little Pine Creek. The property sought to be patented together with the said "Kearsarge Lode" is known as the "Kearsarge Mill Site and Water Claim on Little Pine Creek," and is described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a stump, it being the N. E. corner of what is known as McCormick, Kittleson, Cornell and Hill's cabin, 24 links from Pine Creek, from which a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears N. ½ deg. E. distant 62 links, also a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears S. 58½ deg. E. distant 64 links, thence N. 25½ deg. E. distant 4 chains to a tree blazed and marked as follows: Blazed on three sides and notched toward the creek and marked "Head of the Kearsarge Mining Company's Ditch" thence N. 62½ deg. W. to the foot of the main mountain, thence N. 27½ deg. E. distant 91 rods, thence S. 62½ deg. E. to a stone mound on the opposite side of the creek, thence S. 27½ deg. W. along the East side of Pine Creek to a point opposite to and to place of beginning. And also all the water, water rights and privileges found upon or in any manner belonging to said tract of land—situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

au26n61m3

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NEWTON BOOTH.....of Sacramento

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
ROMUALDO PACHECO.....of San Luis Obispo

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
DRURY MELONE.....of San Francisco

FOR CONTOLLER,
JAMES J. GREEN.....of Marin

FOR STATE TREASURER,
FERDINAND BAEHR.....of San Francisco

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
ROBERT GARDNER.....of Humboldt

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JOHN L LOVE.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT,
GRANT I. TAGGART.....of Shasta

FOR STATE PRINTER,
THOMAS A. SPRINGER.....of Amador

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER,
JOHN A. McGLYNN.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESSMAN—FIRST DISTRICT,
S. O. HOUGHTON.....of San Jose

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
A. C. NILES.....of Nevada
[For the Short Term.]
A. L. RHODES.....of Santa Clara
[For the Full Term.]

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
H. M BOLANDER.....of San Francisco

REPUBLICAN County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR,
M. C. ANDROSS.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN,
P. B. BACON.....of Tuolumne
WM. G. LONG.....of Tuolumne
DUNCAN CAMPBELL.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE,
DAVID LOVE.....of Fish Springs

FOR SHERIFF,
SETH G. SNEDEN.....of Bishop Creek

FOR CLERK,
M. W. HAMMARSTRAND.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
F. K. MILLER.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR TREASURER,
J. B. ROWLEY.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR,
J. R. WESTERVILLE.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER AND PUB. ADMINISTRATOR,
G. W. TODD.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
J. W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
LYMAN TUTTLE.....of Lone Pine

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
J. Earl.....Chairman
P. W. Bennett.....Secretary
J. L. Garrettson.....Bishop Creek
A. M. Loomis.....Lone Pine
Geo. Shedd.....Fish Springs
A. J. Gould.....Cerro Gordo
P. A. Chalfant.....Independence

DEMOCRATIC State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR:
H. H. HAIGHT.....of Alameda

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
E. J. LEWIS.....of Tehama

FOR JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT:
JACKSON TEMPLE.....of Sonoma
[For the Short Term.]
S. S. WRIGHT.....of San Francisco
[For the Full Term.]

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
W. B. C. BROWN.....of Sacramento

FOR CONTROLLER:
R. O. DEWITT.....of Siskiyou

FOR STATE TREASURER:
A. S. CORONEL.....of Los Angeles

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
JO HAMILTON.....of Placer

FOR SURVEYOR-GENERAL:
JOHN W. BOST.....of Merced

FOR STATE PRINTER:
JOHN T. BARRY.....of San Francisco

FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
O. P. FITZGERALD.....of San Francisco

FOR CLERK OF SUPREME COURT:
THOS. LASPEYRE.....of Kern

FOR HARBOR COMMISSIONER:
JOHN ROSENFELD.....of San Francisco

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT:
LAWRENCE ARCHER.....of Santa Clara

First Congressional District Democratic Central Committee.

PRESIDENT—JAMES M. ALLEN.....San Francisco
SECRETARY—JAMES O'NEILL.....San Francisco
EXECUTIVE COM.—DAN'L MCNEILL...San Francisco; JAS. M. ALLEN...San Francisco; JAS. O'NEILL.....San Francisco

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
John H. Moore.....Santa Clara Co
John Darby.....Fresno Co.
G. J. Slocumb.....San Francisco.
W. W. Hudson.....Kern Co.
J. H. Lawrence.....Mariposa Co.
S. F. Geil.....Monterey Co.
J. W. Somers.....Mono Co
P. D. Wigginton.....Merced Co.
A J King.....Los Angeles Co.
S. A. Shepperd.....Tulare Co.
J. D. Spencer.....Stanislaus Co.
John W. Sisterwhite.....San Bernardino Co.
J. Wolfskill.....San Diego Co.
Russell Heath.....Santa Barbara Co.
D. W. James.....San Luis Obispo Co.
C. Campiliman.....Santa Cruz Co.
J. J. Hill.....San Mateo Co.
J. M. Allen.....San Francisco
Daniel McNeill.....San Francisco
James O'Neil.....San Francisco

DEMOCRATIC County Nominations.

FOR SENATOR:
W. A. LAKIN.....of Tuolumne

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN:
GEO. A. WHITING.....of Tuolumne
W. C. CONNELLY.....of Tuolumne
D. B. CURTIS.....of Inyo

FOR COUNTY JUDGE:
JOHN A. HANNAH.....of Cerro Gordo

FOR SHERIFF:
CYRUS HULKY.....of Lone Pine

FOR CLERK:
I. P. YANEY.....of Bishop Creek

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
E. H. VAN DUZAR.....of Independence

FOR TREASURER:
HENRY M. ISAACS.....of Independence

FOR ASSESSOR:
J. F DILLON.....of Fish Springs

FOR CORONER & PUB. ADMINISTRATOR:
JOHN A. LANK.....of Independence

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS:
JOHN W. SYMMES.....of Independence

FOR SURVEYOR:
.....

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:
A. N. Bell.....Chairman
H. M. Isaacs.....Secretary
I. S. Freeborn.....Lone Pine
J. L. Porter.....Cerro Gordo
T. K. Hutchison.....Bishop Creek
John Laird.....Round Valley
S. P. Moffat.....Independence
J. E. Parker.....Independence
W. P. George.....Independence

POLITICAL.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, Sacramento, August 1, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A GENERAL election will be held throughout the State on

Wednesday, the Sixth Day of September, A. D. 1871,

At which time the following officers are to be elected:

Three Members of Congress,
A Governor,
A Lieutenant Governor,
A Secretary of State,
A State Controller,
A State Treasurer,
An Attorney General,
A Surveyor General,
A Clerk of the Supreme Court.
A State Printer,
A State Harbor Commissioner,
Also, State Senators as follows:

First District—Composed of the counties of San Diego and San Bernardino—one Senator.

Fifth District—Composed of the counties of Mariposa, Merced and Stanislaus—one Senator.

Sixth District—Composed of the counties of Santa Cruz and Monterey—one Senator.

Eighth District—Composed of the counties of San Francisco and San Mateo—three Senators, two of whom shall be elected in San Francisco, and one by San Francisco and San Mateo together.

Tenth District—Composed of the counties of Contra Costa and Marin—one Senator.

Eleventh District—Composed of the county of San Joaquin—one Senator.

Twelfth District—Composed of the counties of Tuolumne, Mono and Inyo—one Senator.

Thirteenth District—Composed of the county of Calaveras—one Senator.

Fifteenth District—Composed of the county of El Dorado—one Senator.

Sixteenth District—Composed of the county of Sacramento—one Senator.

Eighteenth District—Composed of the counties of Napa, Lake and Mendocino—one Senator.

Nineteenth District—Composed of the county of Sonoma—one Senator, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Senator Burnett.

Twentieth District—Composed of the county of Placer—one Senator.

Twenty first District—Composed of the county of Nevada—one Senator.

Twenty-third District—Composed of the counties of Yuba and Sutter—one Senator, to be elected by the county of Yuba.

Twenty-fourth District—Composed of the counties of Butte, Plumas and Lassen—one Senator.

Twenty fifth District—Composed of the counties of Tehama and Colusa—one Senator.

Twenty-sixth District—Composed of the counties of Shasta and Trinity—one Senator.

Twenty seventh District—Composed of the counties of Humboldt, Klamath and Del Norte—one Senator.

Also, Members of the Assembly, as follows:

San Diego county—One Member.
San Bernardino county—One Member.
Los Angeles county—Two Members.
Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo counties—One Member.
Tulare and Kern counties—One Member.
Fresno county—One Member.
Mariposa County—One Member.
Merced and Stanislaus counties—One Member.
Santa Cruz county—One Member.
Monterey county—One Member.
Santa Clara county—Three Members.
San Francisco county—Twelve Members.
San Mateo county—One Member.
Alameda county—Two Members.
Contra Costa county—One Member.
Marin county—one Member.
San Joaquin county—Two Members.
Tuolumne, Mono and Inyo counties—Three Members.
Calaveras county—Three Members.
Amador and Alpine counties—Two Members.
El Dorado county—Four Members.
Sacramento county—Five Members.
Solano county—One Member.
Yolo county—One Member.
Napa and Lake counties—One Member.
Mendocino county—One Member.
Sonoma county—Three Members.
Placer county—Three Members.
Nevada county—Four Members.
Sierra county—Two Members.
Yuba county—Three Members.
Sutter county—One Member.
Butte county—Two Members.
Plumas and Lassen counties—One Member.
Tehama and Colusa counties—One Member.
Shasta county—One Member.
Trinity county—One Member.
Humboldt county—One Member.
Klamath and Del Norte counties—One Member.
Siskiyou county—Two Members.

The following Amendment to the Constitution of the State will also be submitted to the people for their ratification or rejection: "Article One, Sect on Twenty-two—The Legislature shall have n power to make an appropriation of money for any purpose whatever for a longer period than two years."

Those who are in favor of ratifying such Amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots: For Amendment to Article One of the Constitution—Yes.

Those who are in favor of rejecting such Amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots: For Amendment to Article One of the Constitution—No.

There will also be submitted to the people for their ratification or rejection "An Act entitled an Act to provide for the payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to contract a Funded Debt for that purpose," approved April 2, 1870.

Those who are in favor of ratifying such Act shall have written or printed on their ballots: Refund the Debt—Yes.

Those who are in favor of rejecting such Act shall have written or printed on their ballots: Refund the Debt—No.

The attention of Boards of Supervisors of the several counties is directed to an Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled an Act to provide for the registration of the citizens of this State, and for the enrollment of all the legal voters thereof, and for the prevention and punishment of frauds affecting the elective franchise," approved March 19, 1866; approved March 30, 1868 (see Statutes 1867-68, page 647); also to "An Act supplementary to and amendatory of the various Acts regulating Elections, and to repeal certain laws on the subject," approved March 31, 1866 (see Statutes 1865-66 page 509); also to "An Act to amend Section thirty-eight of an Act regulating Elections," passed March 23 1850, approved March 30, 1868 (statutes 1867-68 page 650).

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of State to be affixed, at Sacramento, this first day of August: A. D. 1871.

(L. S.)

H. H. HAIGHT, Governor,

Attest: H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

PURSUANT TO A PROCLAMATION OF THE Governor of the State of California, notice is hereby given by the Board of Supervisors of the county of Inyo, that a general election will be held throughout said county on WEDNESDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, between the hours of 8 o'clock A. M., and sunset of that day, at which election the electors of said county are to vote for and elect the following officers, viz:

One Member of Congress,
A Governor,
A Lieutenant Governor,
A Secretary of State,
A State Controller,
A State Treasurer,
An Attorney General,
A Surveyor General,
A Clerk of the Supreme Court,
A State Printer,
A State Harbor Commissioner,
Also, one Senator and three Members of Assembly,
A Sheriff,
A County Clerk,
A District Attorney,
A Treasurer,
An Assessor,
A Coroner,
A County Surveyor,
A Superintendent of Common Schools,
Two Constables in Bishop Creek Township,
Two Constables in Fish Spring Township,
Two Constables in Independence Township,
Two Constables in Lone Pine Township,
Two Constables in Cerro Gordo Township,
One Supervisor in Supervisor District No. 2,
One Supervisor in Supervisor District No. 3,
One Road Master in each Road District.
One Clerk and two Judges of Elections in each Election District.

Polls to be held at the place, and the Election to be conducted by the Officers hereinafter named.

First District—Polls at Fish Spring—Clerk, J. W. McMurry—Judges, W. M. Stuart, G. H. Shedd.

Second District—Polls at School House, Independence—Clerk, J. B. Whitt—Judges, J. P. M. Perham, Thomas May.

Third District—Polls at Lone Pine—Clerk, I. W. Hunt—Judges, A. M. Loomis, John Shepherd.

Fourth District—Polls at Cerro Gordo—Clerk, Taswell Dodd—Judges, M. W. Belshaw, P. Harrington.

Fifth District—Polls at S. G. Sneden's—Clerk, I. P. Yaney—Judges, M. S. Clark, A. G. Boley.

Sixth District—Polls at Round Valley—Clerk, E. P. Baker—Judges, David Olds, Richard Hilton.

Seventh District—Polls at C. Dechweiler's, Swansea—Clerk, F. P. Ball—Judges, C. Dechweiler, Thomas Boland.

Eighth District—Polls at Albert Wayland's, Deep Spring Valley—Clerk, T. A. Cutter—Judges, A. Wayland, L. R. Wick.

By order of the Board.

S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

LEGAL.

REPORT OF COUNTY TREASURER.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER, INDEPENDENCE, Inyo Co., Cal., August 1, 1871.

TO THE HON. BOARD OF SUPERVISORS of Inyo Co.:

GENTLEMEN: Herewith please find Statement of County Financial Affairs from December 19, 1870, (date of last Report), to July 31, 1871, inclusive:

Cash	*Dr.*
To Cash on hand December 19, 1870, date of last Report,	$10,06[illegible] 42
To Cash received from all sources from December 19, 1870, till July 31, 1871,	6,798 41
Total	$16,862 83

Cash	*Cr.*	
By Cash paid to State Treasurer, as per settlement, December 31, 1870,	$4,543 47	
" " " June 30, 1871.	494 49	
Warrants redeemed on Building Fund,	526 94	
" " Contingent "	234 00	
" County General "	3,064 25	
" " " " Hospital "	1,325 50	
" " " " Road "	559 44	
" Bonds and Coupons " " Mono Debt	1,634 18	
" Cash paid over to General School "	2,403 50	
" Cash on hand	1,547 06	
		$16,862 83

AMOUNT OF CASH ON HAND.....$1,847 06

Credited to the different Funds as follows:

To County Contingent Fund	$ 217 56
" " Building "	241 63
" " Hospital "	16 58
" " Sinking "	72 43
" " Road "	137 07
" " General "	158 93
" " Mono Debt "	184 70
	$1,013 87

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

School District of Independence,	$ 45 43
" " Milton,	20 92
" " Union,	22 21
" " Bishop Creek,	363 83
" " Lone Pine,	153 16
" " Round Valley,	117 80
	$1,742 35

CASH ON HAND FOR THE DIFFERENT SCHOOL LIBRARY FUNDS.

School Library Fund, Independence,	$21 79
School Library Fund Milton,	29 74
" " " Union,	12 99
" " " Lone Pine,	16 54
" " " Bishop Creek,	15 00
" " " Round Valley,	8 70
	$ 1,847 06

AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING WARRANTS.

On the County General Fund,	$15,273 64	
" " Road "	4,345 66	
" " Contingent "	259 00	
" " Building "	6,032 00	
" Mono Debt "	10,965 64	
		$36,875 74
Amount of cash on hand	$ 1,847 06	
" set aside for school purposes	828 21	
" on hand toward liquidating County debt	1,018 85	
" County indebtedness to date, interest not included	35,856 62	
		$36,875 74

I. HARRIS, County Treasurer,
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

Approved August 7, A. D. 1871
J. H. SHEDD, President.
Filed August 7, A. D. 1871.
n59 4t S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF INYO, State of California:

In the matter of the Estate of John A. Mallon, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN A. LANK, Public Administrator, has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition, praying for Letters of Administration of the Estate of John A. Mallon, deceased, and that Monday, the 4th day of September, A. D., 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., being a day of a regular term of said Court, to wit: of the September term, A. D., 1871, at the Court Room in the town of Independence, in the County of Inyo, State of California, has been fixed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted.

S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

Aug. 10, 1871. n59 4.

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF INYO, State of California:

In the matter of the Estate of John A. Mallon, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT P. H. BIRKINGTON has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition, praying for Letters of Administration of the Estate of John A. Mallon, deceased, and that Monday, the 4th day of September, A. D., 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, being a day of a regular term of said Court, to wit: of the September term, A. D., 1871, at the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, State of California, has been fixed as the time and place for hearing said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted.

S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

August 1, 1871. n59 4

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER, Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. August 14, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING WARRANTS on the County General Fund will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date:

No.	Drawn in favor of.	Amount.
211	W. L. Moore	$109 00
214	C. D. Begole	75 00
230	W. A. Greenley	100 00
231	W. A. Greenley	200 00
232	W. A. Greenley	300 00

I. HARRIS
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
au19n60t4

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for **County Scrip.**

jy22n56m3 J. B. ROWLEY.

LEGAL.

AN ACT

To Provide for the Payment of the Funded Indebtedness of the State of California, and to Contract a Funded Debt for that Purpose.

[APPROVED APRIL 2, 1870.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of liquidating and providing for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the State of California hereinafter specified, and to lessen the burden of taxation, the Governor of the State, the Controller of State and the Treasurer of State, and their successors in office, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, to be styled the Loan Commissioners of the State of California, and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the duties hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The said Loan Commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and sell not exceeding three millions seven hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of said state, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually, in gold coin, on the second days in January and July in each year, at the office of the Treasurer of State. The principal of said bonds shall be made payable in gold coin within twenty years after the date of their issue, and shall be of such denominations as the said Loan Commissioners shall direct, but not less than five hundred dollars; shall bear the date of their issue, and shall be signed by the said Loan Commissioners, and shall have the seal of the State affixed thereto; and the faith of the State of California is hereby pledged for the payment of said bonds and the interest accruing thereon as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Coupons for the interest shall be attached to each bond so that they may be removed without injury or mutilation to the bond; said coupons, consecutively numbered, shall be signed by the Treasurer of the State.

SEC. 4. Before the sale of any of said bonds the said Loan Commissioners shall cause notices of such sale to be published, for the space of one month, in three daily newspapers published in English, one in the City of New York, one in the City of London, in England, and one in the Capital of the State; in and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in French, in the city of Paris in France, and for the space of one month in a daily newspaper published in German, in the City of Frankfort on the Main, in Germany. Such notice shall specify the amount of bonds to be sold, the rate of interest they shall bear, the day and hour of sale, the place of sale, which shall be at the State Capital, and that sealed proposals will be received by the said Loan Commissioners for the purchase of such bonds. Within one month from the expiration of such publication, and on the day and hour named in said notice, the said Loan Commissioners shall open all sealed proposals received by them, and shall award the purchase of said bonds to such bidders as will, in their opinion, make the most advantageous bid for the State; *provided*, that said Loan Commissioners may reject any or all bids, if they deem it to the advantage of the State; and *provided* further, that they may refuse to make any award unless satisfactory security shall be furnished by the bidders for the compliance with the terms of their bids; and *provided* further, that said bonds shall not be sold at less than ninety-one cents on the dollar, in gold coin, par value.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer and Controller of State each to keep a separate record of said bonds sold under the provisions of this act, showing the number, date, amount and rate of interest of each bond, and to whom the same was issued.

SEC. 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for the payment of the expense that may be incurred by the Loan Commissioners in having such bonds prepared and said notices published.

SEC. 7. The proceeds of such bonds shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied to the payment of the following bonds, in the order of their issuance:

First—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act entitled an Act to provide for certain equitable claims against the State of California, and to contract a limited debt for that purpose, approved April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Second—The outstanding bonds issued under the Act of eight en hundred and sixty.

Third—The outstanding school warrant bonds.

Fourth—The outstanding soldiers' bounty bonds.

SEC. 8. All persons having any of the bonds specified in sections seven of this Act shall, upon presentation of such bonds to the said Loan Commissioners, be entitled to exchange them at their par value for bonds authorized to be issued under this Act, at the rate of ninety-three cents on the dollar, par value, but no bond shall be issued for a less sum than five hundred dollars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars, but the said Loan Commissioners may issue certificates of such fractional parts not bonded, which said certificates shall be transferable, and entitled to be paid out of the proceeds of the sales of any bonds provided for in section seven of this Act. The Loan Commissioners shall cancel such bonds so exchanged, and shall indorse on such bond the date on which they received the same, and from whom, the number and amount of the bond issued to exchange therefor, and shall file such bond in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 9. Whenever there shall be in the state treasury, from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued under this Act, a sum of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, printed in English, one in New York and one in the Capital of the state, for two months, which advertisement shall state the amount of money in the treasury applicable to the redemption of bonds, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which are redeemable; and three months from the date of the first insertion of such advertisement, such bonds and interest shall cease to draw interest, but ample money for the redemption of such bonds shall remain in the treasury to pay such bonds whenever presented.

SEC. 10. For the payment within twenty years of the principal and interest of the bonds issued under this Act, there shall be and is hereby levied annually, after any bonds have been issued under this Act, such rate of tax on each one hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal property in the State, to be computed by the Controller of State on the basis of the assessed value of such property for the preceding year, as shall produce annually for the first five years seven per centum of the amount of such bonds issued; for the next five years thereafter, twelve per centum of the amount of such bonds issued, and thereafter, until all the bonds are issued under this Act are paid, fifteen per centum of the amount of such bonds issued. The Controller shall certify the rate of tax thus computed by him to the several County Auditors, and the said Auditors are hereby directed and required to enter such rate on the assessment rolls of their respective counties, in the same manner and with the same effect as is provided by law in relation to other State taxes. Every tax levied under the provisions or authority of this Act is hereby made a lien against the property assessed, which lien shall attach on the first Monday in March in each year and shall not be satisfied or removed until such tax has been paid. All moneys derived from taxes authorized by the provisions of this section shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be applied—

First—To the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the provisions of this Act.

Second—To the payment of the principal of such bonds.

Provided, that all moneys remaining in the State treasury on the third day of January, in each year, for the first five years after the issuance of any bonds under this Act, after all the interest on such bonds then due has been paid, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the General Fund.

SEC. 11. Whenever, on the third day of January or July, in any year, after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of any bonds under this Act, there remains, after the payment of the interest, as provided in the preceding section, a surplus of ten thousand dollars or more, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to advertise, for the space of one month, in one daily newspaper, published in English, in the City of New York, and for one month in one daily newspaper, published in English, at the State Capital, for sealed proposals, to be opened one month after the expiration of such publication by the Treasurer, in presence of the Governor or Controller, at the State Capitol, for the surrender of bonds issued under this Act, which advertisement shall state the amount of money he has on hand for the purpose of redemption; and they shall accept the lowest proposals at rates not exceeding par value, as may redeem the greatest amount of bonds, until the amount of cash on hand for the redemption is exhausted; *provided*, however, in case a sufficient amount of such bonds shall not be offered, as aforesaid, to exhaust the Sinking Fund to a less amount than ten thousand dollars, then it is hereby made the duty of the Treasurer to advertise in two newspapers, one in New York and one at the Capital of this State, for three months, which advertisement shall state the amount in the Sinking Fund, and the number of bonds, numbering them in the order of their issuance, which such fund is set apart to pay and discharge; and if such bonds so numbered in such advertisements shall not be presented for payment and cancellation at the expiration of such publications, then such funds shall remain in the treasury to discharge such bonds whenever presented, but they shall draw no interest after the expiration of such publication; before any of said bonds shall be paid, they shall be presented to the Controller, who shall indorse on each bond the amount due thereon, and shall write across the face of each bond the date of its surrender and the name of the person surrendering.

SEC. 12. The Treasurer of State shall keep a full and particular account and record of all his proceedings under this Act, and of the bonds redeemed and surrendered, and he shall transmit to the Governor an abstract of all his proceedings under this Act, with his annual report, to be by the Governor laid before the Legislature; and all books and papers pertaining to the matter provided for in this act shall at all times be open to the inspection of any party interested, or the Governor or the Attorney General, or a committee of either branch of the Legislature, or a joint committee of both.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to pay the interest on said bonds, when the same falls due, out of said interest Fund, if sufficient; and if said fund be not sufficient, then to pay the deficiency out of the General Fund; *provided*, that the Controller of State shall first draw his warrant on the Treasurer, payable to the order of said Treasurer, for the amount of interest money about to become due, which said interest warrant shall be drawn at least one month previous to the maturing of the interest.

SEC. 14. This Act shall take effect sixty days after the next general election, as to all its provisions, except those relating to and necessary for its submission to the people, and for returning, canvassing and proclaiming the votes, which shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 15. This Act shall be submitted to the people of the State for their ratification, at the next general election, and the qualified electors of this State shall, at said election, on their ballots for State officers, vote for or against this Act; those voting for the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—Yes," and those voting against the same shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Refund the Debt—No."

SEC. 16. The votes cast for and against this Act shall be counted, returned and canceled, and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for the Treasurer of State, and if it appears that a majority of all the votes so cast are for or against this law, as aforesaid, are in favor of this act, then the same shall have effect as herein before provided, and shall be irreplicable until the principal and interest of the liabilities herein created shall be paid and discharged, and the Governor shall make proclamation hereof; but if a majority of the votes so cast are against this Act, then the same shall become void.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this Act published in one newspaper in each judicial district of this State, for three months next preceding the next general election, for which publication no more than the rate allowed by law to the State Printer.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, H. L. Nichols, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full, and correct copy of Chapter Four hundred and Eighty-four, Statutes of California, Eighteenth Session, approved April 2, 1870, now on file in my office.

Witness my hand and the great seal of said State, at office, in Sacramento, California, the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1871.

(SEAL.)

H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State.

j10n50m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO 4.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and F. H. Wingard have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the "LAMB" lode, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of Range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Silver Sprout" lode on the northerly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is five feet wide. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

j29 57m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 5.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and F. H. Wingard have filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the SILVER SPRUT lode, with a surface width of one hundred lineal feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of Range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Lamb" lode on the southwest side and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is four feet wide. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

j29 57m3

Application for Patent.

(NOTICE NO. 3.)

U. S. REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 1st, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. L. AND J. L. GROEL Y have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26th 1866, for four thousand feet of the LAST CHANCE LODE, situated in Esmeralda Mining District, Esmeralda County, Nevada, and particularly described as follows:

Commencing at a post, the point of notice near the east end of the town of Aurora, about 8 chains north-easterly from the Monroe House, and about six chains north easterly from the Wide West mill, running thence along the lode line

1. N. 54 deg. E. 4 chains.
2. N. 69 deg. 20 min. E. 2 71 chains.
3. N. 10 deg. 10 min. E. 7 23 chains.
4. S. 23 deg. 19 min. E. 8 50 chains.
5. N. 86 deg. 50 min. E. 6 02 chains.

Thence to the Westerly boundary of the Juniata lode claim, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line; also the mill site of the Wide West mill, described as follows: Commencing at a post from which the South Westerly corner of the Wide West mill bears N. 54 deg. 20 min. E. distant 3.41 chains, and running

1. N. 11 deg. 28 min. E. 4 50 chains.
2. S. 78 deg. 32 min. E. 7 50 chains.
3. S. 11 deg. 28 min. W. 4 50 chains.
4. N. 78 deg. 32 min. W. 7 50 chains.

All which is more particularly described by the diagram posted in this office and on the claim.

Bearings from the magnetic meridian.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

j 8 54m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STAT

STATE LIB

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 2. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1871. NUMBER 63.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 9,..... 1871.

TERMS:

One Year, by Mail or Express	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
Three Months	1 75
One Month	50
Single Copies	25

LEGAL ADVERTISING

Will be charged for as follows, invariably in advance:

Per Square, First Insertion	$1 50
Per Square, Second Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Third Insertion	1 00
Per Square, Fourth Insertion	1 00
Per Square, each subsequent Insertion	50

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING

Will be charged for at the following rates, in advance:

One Square (10 lines or less)	1 Month	$5 00
" " "	2 "	8 00
" " "	3 "	10 00

REGULAR ADVERTISERS

Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

AN APOLOGY.

Of all the difficulties and exasperating circumstances under which THE INYO INDEPENDENT is run, that of its isolated position is the worst. Nearly three months ago we ordered some eight hundred quires of printing paper, and up to this time not a sheet of it has reached us, a though it is reported as being "on the road." The extraordinary demand created by the election—including the publication of two papers—has consumed our supply, and this week we are compelled to ask the indulgence of our advertisers and print a half-sheet on brown paper. It is next to no paper at all, but possibly better than none. A supply ordered by *express* will certainly be here in time for the issue of next week, and the present exigency will not recur again, if keeping on hand a year's supply of paper will prevent it.

A FOOLISH INDIAN POLICY.

The recent appointment of Gen. Crook to the military command in Arizona, caused much rejoicing to the people of that Indian cursed Territory. He went there with a record which of itself carried an assurance that he could and would accomplish the object which so many before him had attempted and failed—the subjugation of the Apache Indians. His well known fitness for the duties assigned him, coupled with the fact that he had received a *carte blanche* as to the method and means he was to employ, was the first tangible prelude to the last act in the bloody drama. Hope took the place of black despair in the hearts of the people, all the varied industries of the country would once more spring into active life, and the desert, created by a merciless savage war, be made to "blossom as the rose." The midnight barking of a dog would no more be portentious of a lurking foe, of desolated homes, of every conceivable outrage. Years of hope deferred, of sleepless dread and anxiety, such as can only be realized by those who have experienced it, were soon to end. The brave but almost helpless pioneers had good cause for rejoicing, though it was for something yet unrealized. The treacherous Bedouins of the desert would be made to cease from troubling by the only method yet found to be effective and reliable—mere force of arms.

But a new reign of terror has been inaugurated in Arizona. This time through the false and foolish philanthrophy of the Quaker method of dealing with Indians. Vincent Colyer, chief of the philanthropists, accompanied by a strong cavalry escort, (a wise precaution) now goes to Arizona bearing orders to Gen. Crook to cease hostilities while he experiments a few years upon Cachise, by gentle words, good feed and Reservations; to tame these hyenas by gentle words who have never yet been made to feel that there existed a power superior to their own. The people of Arizona feel utterly depressed and discouraged at this new order, knowing as they do in their own hearts, its perfect futility.

We feel that this untimely interference on the part of Colyer and his colleagues to be a great misfortune, if not a positive outrage, upon the people of Arizona. We are not in the least blood-thirsty, we would no sooner harm a peaceful Indian in his proper place than any other human being, but there is an "irrepressible conflict" going on between them and the white race, which can never have a permanent ending until they (the Indians) are made to feel their inferiority. When this is an accomplished fact, and not till then, will moral suasion be effective. Any other idea is simply preposterous, at least to the minds of the pioneers of this coast, and as it is they and not those Eastern philanthrophists who have to undergo the tests and that too against their own honest convictions it is no wonder the people of Arizona feel desperate and outraged. They know, supposing Colyer succeeds in getting the Indians on Reservations, that on the least provocation and at the first opportunity his pets will steal out and murder the lonely settler or traveler, if they do not precipitate a general massacre. Nothing has ever taken place to impress them with a wholesome fear of consequences or in the least repress their overbearing insolence which is morally certain to provoke an outbreak sooner or later.

The Arizona Miner predicts and threatens not only other Camp Grant massacres, but a collision of the settlers with the military. Colyer himself will need a cavalry protection against other than Indian dangers. Altogether we prophecy some very evil results from this ill-advised, ill-timed order, and would be pleased to know that Mr. Colyer and his colleagues were made to leave the country until a proper time had arrived for his services; which will never occur until Cachise has received a good drubbing; and this again will never take place while thieving Indian agents are allowed to dictate the Government Indian policy.

Another Cure for Cancer.

A physician writes to The New York Herald to commend the virtues of tea made from red clover tops as an infallible remedy for cancer. While he concedes that the new remedy, "cundurango," has its merits, he claims that clover is superior and never fails. The latter is used simply as a tea to be drank by the patient, with outward applications to the cancer itself. This is good news to the afflicted, if true.

The Wheeler Party.

We find this item in last Saturday's Sacramento Union: It is said that the Wheeler party, now on its way, *via* Death Valley, for the Colorado river, has discovered valuable silver lodes 120 miles from Cerro Gordo.

—Put six cents worth of clean and fresh hops in your pillow-case, and you must be ill, or sorely conscience-stricken, if you do not sleep, or find a soothing inclination thereto, gently stealing over the senses.

—An old lady from the rural districts astonished a clerk in one of the stores, a few days ago, by inquiring if he had any "yaller developments, such as they did up letters in?"

—"Spray" is the popular drink in the oil regions. It is said to be so mild and gentle in its influence that "Let us pray" is the usual remark when friends meet.

—"I'll give that girl a piece of my mind" said a young fellow, speaking of one who had jilted him. "I wouldn't," replied a bystander "you've none to spare."

—A couple of New York men are erecting a henery of 5,000 fowl power at Aurora, Illinois. They claim that there is more money in hens than in wheat or corn.

—Experiments in the army bakery at Washington have shown that eight hundred and two one-pound loaves of bread can be made from a barrel of flour.

—The census has developed a family in Wood county, Ohio, in which there are eighteen children, among them four pairs of twins.

—Great Britain last year consumed forty-two million pounds of tobacco, or a pound and a half for each one of the population.

—The editor of the London Spectator declares that no toil fatigues like reading manuscript.

—Woman's-rights women may yet aspire to positions in the navy; Lot's wife was an old salt.

—It is a little curious that a grocer always gives things a weigh before he sells them.

EASTERN NEWS.

Eastern dates to Sept. 2, contain the following:

A frightful accident occurred August 16, on the Eastern Railroad at Revere, seven miles from Boston. The accommodation train started behind time, and while stopping at the station at Revere the Portland lightning express overtook it and telescoped it, killing twenty-two passengers outright, of whom three were women, wounding forty or fifty more. The cars took fire and two or three were consumed. Most of the wounded were scalded and had limbs fractured. The killed and wounded belonged mostly at Lynn and Salem.

Mayor Hall has declared his intention to sell The Times for the past six years' rent of the ground on which The Times building stands.

On the same day of the Revere railroad accident, August 26, another one occurred on the Philadelphia and Erie road under very similar circumstances, but not so distressing in its results. Three persons were dangerously wounded, and a dozen others more or less injured. On the same fateful day an excursion steamer near Mobile, Alabama, blew up, killing and wounding some two hundred persons.

Yellow fever has made its appearance in Charleston, South Carolina. Six deaths and three new cases were reported for the week ending August 30.

Quarantine regulations against cholera and yellow fever are being rigidly enforced in New York and other eastern ports.

In December, 1863, the United iron-clad Weehawken was sunk in Charleston Harbor. The bodies of the Third Assistant Engineers, McGowan, Moyan, Mitchell and Shonberg, have just been recovered from the vessel. Like the Roman sentinels at Pompeii, they were all found at their posts of duty.

Indian Troubles.

The following dispatch relative to Indian affairs in Arizona and about San Diego is dated Los Angeles, Sept. 1:

The Arizona Miner says the Summer rains of Arizona have been abundant.

Townsend's scouting party returned to Camp Verde August 24. They killed no Indians but destroyed several villages and fields of grain.

A valuable silver lode was found three miles from town. Rich ledges were discovered at Pine Grove, Turkey creek.

Since the first issue of the Arizona Miner, September 21, 1867, over one hundred of its subscribers have been killed by Indians. The Miner condemns the peace policy of the Government in dealing with the Apaches, it tending to retard immigration to the Territory.

General Wharton arrived from Drum barracks this afternoon. He has established communication between the camp at Pala Mission and Las Flores. On the receipt of dispatches at San Juan Capistrano last night, apprehending an immediate attack by Indians on San Luis Rey, Pala Mission and the neighboring ranches, the citizens at once organized a company, and proceeded during the night to their support. A detachment was left at Las Flores, and the remainder moved toward Santa Margita.

Authentic reports received at Las Flores this evening say that a large number of Indians are gathering near San Jacinto, forty miles north of Pala, with the intention to move on the settlements below as soon as all their forces are collected. Olegario is with them and has been very active since the interview with Capt. Brown at Pala. He seems determined to resist the lawful authority of Manuelito Olegario. Persons are secretly moving their families from Paia. Settlers in San Jose valley and living in the vicinity of Pala are moving their families and valuables to the mountains. Capt. Brown and Manuelito, with a few reliable citizens who are properly armed, and a small body of regulars, remain at Pala, waiting for the arrival of more troops, ammunition, arms and rations. The people in that vicinity are greatly excited. Definite information respecting Olegario's present movements is rendered almost impossible, owing to the intense fear prevailing among citizens as well as friendly Indians to venture on an expedition in their direction. Report says that Olegario is receiving aid from Indians as far as Yuma, including the Yumas, but the latter is not fully credited. The prevalent belief is that a general outbreak is near at hand; that Olegario will not submit until compelled to do so by force, and it is not unreasonable to expect that fighting will certainly be done before the trouble is settled. The settlers have moved their families from the upper part to the lower part of San Luis Rey valley, and have organized as militia. Families are also moving from Mont Serat.

LATEST.—Twenty citizens have gone from San Luis Rey to join Captain Brown. Olegario and his warriors are said to have withdrawn from San Jacinto and concentrated in the mountains near Pala.

Efforts are being made here (San Diego) to form a company of volunteers to go to San Luis Rey to suppress the Indian troubles.

A copy of the Great Register of this county has just been printed and contains 1,750 names.

—Louis Napoleon died in Illinois, recently. He was a horse.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

The Carson Register of August 27, relates this singular accident: Dr. Robert B. Sharp, of this city, met with a painful accident on Friday. He was chasing a turkey among the vines, flowers and trees of his prolific garden, and in running under a tree threw up his hand to turn a branch aside, but made a miscue, and the sharp point of a dead twig entered his right ear, tearing through the drum and breaking off in the tympanitic cavity, where a portion of it (it is thought) still remains.

A fire at Jackson on Sunday morning, August 27, burned the Amador Ledger office and three other buildings. The Ledger belonged to T. A. Springer. A portion of the printing material was saved.

The assessment roll of Los Angeles county shows an increase this year over last of $700,000.

A general war with the Indians is said to be imminent at San Luis Rey.

Fire in the woods near Emigrant Gap last week has destroyed the timber for a mile and a half each side of the Central Pacific Railroad.

Parties are fitting up the mill in Castle Peak, Mono County, and are going to work the Dunderberg mine, when it is expected they will be more successful than the previous working and a favorable report made from there, as the mine is a large one and the rock said to be rich.

The report that Gen. Crook was killed by the Indians is unfounded.

The Mexican Government has declared the Lower California Company's claim to confirmation of the Lease grant invalid, they having wholly failed to comply with the terms of their contract for establishing a colony at Magdalena bay.

Price of grapes in Los Angeles—two cents per pound.

Rich quartz has been found in the foothills east of Visalia.

The telegraph poles are within two miles of Pioche, Nevada.

The moist lands of Kern county are over crowded with cattle.

The Southern Pacific Railroad engineers are at work near Posey creek, Kern county.

The San Diego Indian chief Olegario has now 500 warriors in arms and ready for fighting.

The Bell-Ringer faction, have nominated nearly a full legislative ticket. Frank Soule declines the nomination for State Senator, and it is supposed that two colored candidates for the Assembly will do the same thing.

A shock of earthquake was felt at Gilroy, August 30, lasting nearly a minute, but the motion was light and noticed by but few.

An Excommunicating Bull.

We find the subjoined in the Reese River Reveille of August 24:

The following notice was served upon Breckinridge last night at his camp on the hill. The Captain "sabes" English some, but this document was "too many" for him, and he was obliged to take it to Judge Logan to be translated into Piute. We give the notice *verbatim et literatim:*

"Austen Aug the 23 1871

Piute Wee Want yone toe leve This plase as Wee have saw Truble enuff Withe yone On the surenevadu mountain And owens river and all other Plases Whare youre rang runs Now I feel it my dutey As well as most of the sitisons of auston toe Warn yone Toe leve this plase As I doe not feel safe In my office nights Withe such sawages at all Owers of the night And Wee Will give youe untul thursday Evening toe leave In

The sitisons of Auston."

We would suggest that a detachment of "Hoodlums" be immediately detailed to guard the "office" of "The sitisons of Auston," as the "sitisons" appears to entertain fears for his personal safety.

The result of the above notice is given in another part of the same paper as follows:

PIUTES LEAVING.—We learn that Breckinridge with his band of Piutes will leave for Mammoth district to-night. The notice published in another column was too much for the primitive child of the forest, and he chose to leave rather than suffer the infliction of such execrable specimens of orthography.

The writer of the notice alluded to should be sent to Arizona at once and allowed to try his hand upon Cachise, the Apache chief. He would do more good than Vincent Colyer, the Peace Commission humbug.

—The latest slang expression is, "he always was."—*Ex.*

Yes and he would be!

A COAL-FIELD IN ALASKA.

[Made in Appleton's Journal.]

In the summer of 1868, the commander of the steamer Saginaw, cruising on the coast of Alaska, learned from the Indians of the existence of coal of a superior quality at Kootznahoo, on Admiralty Island. He visited the place, verified the reports of the existence of a coal resembling cannel and brought away considerable quantity. No survey was made, however, and, in the meantime, the vessel was ordered back to San Francisco, and the officers and crew changed. In the winter of the same year the Saginaw was again ordered to Alaska, and, upon her arrival at Sitka, found her stock of fuel reduced to twenty-six tons, while the Government supply usually kept at Sitka was utterly exhausted. To cruise in these waters in a paddle-wheel steamer without coal was impossible, and the Jews of Sitka, taking advantage of the necessities of the Government, raised the price of their coal to thirty dollars per ton, when the commander of the vessel very promptly refused to purchase. A trip to Kootznahoo was determined upon, though there was no one on board who had any knowledge of the route, and it was considered at any time a hazardous experiment, as the channel to the mine was represented to be full of sunken rocks and rapids; while, should the Saginaw run short of fuel while there, and get none to replace what she burned in getting there, she would be in rather an unpleasant predicament.

Nevertheless, a large scow to contain coal was borrowed from the quartermaster of the post, and the Saginaw left Sitka, January 13, 1869, and, after a short run of sixty miles, anchored behind a small island, known to the Indians as Kumsnow, and within two miles of the Indian village of Kootznahoo.

A few days were necessarily spent in holding a "pow-wow" with the Indians, procuring a guide, and exploring the channel leading to the coal mines by means of the boats. The only chart in the vessel represented what is now called Kootznahoo Archipelago by a sprawling figure—a mere outline without even a name.

The 17th day of January was the day selected to make the trip to the mine. Slack water was chosen, and the voyage successfully accomplished through an exceedingly dangerous channel. At dusk, which in January in this latitude (57° 29′ N.) occurs about 3 P. M., the vessel was safely anchored in a beautiful bay in the interior of the island, which, in memory of the first American officer who visited this strange region, received the name of Mitchell's Bay. An idea may be formed of the wonderful mildness of the climate, by stating that the Fahrenheit thermometer registered 41°.

The next day proved a busy one. The lighter was towed to the mine, all the boats sent off to explore the country, and a large gang of Indians hired to dig coal and cut wood. Very soon this wildernness seemed alive with bustle and activity, and the sharp rifle crack of the sportsmen mingled with the sound of the axe and the dull thud of the pick. The surrounding country showed coal-croppings in almost every direction, though the veins seemed better in the vicinity of the lowland and on the margin of the bayous, which seemed to ramify in endless directions.

The weather being clear and mild, and the Indians working most amicably with the sailors from the vessel, so well was the labor rewarded that, in a few days, enough coal and wood was taken on board to enable the steamer to cruise some weeks; while the actual cost of obtaining fuel proved so trifling, that the vessel was subsequently run, at a speed averaging seven knots, for the very insignificant cost of twelve dollars per day.

The Kootznahoo coal is of a recent geological formation, and resembles somewhat the cannel. The surface-coal is filled with strata of pure resin, clear as amber; some of the blocks were beautiful specimens, and it is highly inflammable, burning with a clear flame in the light of a candle.

These coal-fields seem to lie in an extensive valley between two ranges of lofty mountains. This valley is a basin, as it were, filled with innumerable islands, and its extent seems to be about fifteen miles north northwest and south-southeast, with an average width of about five miles. The islands are small, low, and, near their borders, somewhat marshy. The entire valley is doubtless a vast coal field.

There are two routes from Sitka to the coal-region: one by the way of Peril Straits, a narrow arm of the sea, separating Baranoff Island (upon which Sitka stands) from Tchitchagoff Island, a large island to the north; and the second out seaward, and to the southward round Cape Ommaney, and so through Chatham Straits, north again to the coal-region. This latter is preferable for large vessels, as Peril Straits are dangerous for any but steamers under fifteen feet draught, owing to the rapidity of the currents, and the numberless rocks in the channel.

—A naughty little boy, blubbering because his mother wouldn't let him go down to the river on the Sabbath, on being admonished, said: "I didn't want to go a swimmin' with 'em, I only wanted to go down and see the bad little boy drown for going a swimmin' on Sunday."

—Hay is the name of the patentee of a new kind of straw paper in Scotland.

CALIFORNIA.

[The following beautiful poem went the round of the press some fifteen years ago, and at this time the authorship is unknown. It is handed us by a friend with request to publish. We do so; starting it out again on the waves of the literary sea.]

A LAND OF BEAUTY—The land of the West:
Where the pine trees wave on the mountain's crest;
Overhanging the gorge where the eagle floats
And song birds warble their tuneful notes;
With its cloudless sky, and its pure sweet air,
In all the world no land so fair;
Where the wanderer, stretched on the velvet sod,
Can look up through nature to nature's God.

A LAND OF WEALTH—For its waters flow
Over golden ores hidden far below,
And down to the depths of the mountain steep,
The veins of silver lie hidden deep;
Till the hand of man, in his thirst for gold,
Shall earth's long kept secrets to light unfold.

A LAND OF NATIONS—For some are here
From every clime on the rolling sphere;
Each white sained ship bears a living freight
As she slowly glides through the "Golden Gate,"
From the eastern land, on whose desert sod,
The pilgrim fathers in silence trod.
From Britain's isle, where the cliffs of snow
Look down on the ocean that foams below:
Where in clustering hamlets and leafy dells
Re-echo the "soft, sweet, evening bells;"
From sunny Spain, where the purple vine
Gives promise rich of the sparkling wine;
Where the fire-flies glitter the trees among
While the gay cachuca is danced and sung;
From the classic shores, where in days gone by,
The "seven hilled city" stood firm on high,
Ere the crumbling Forum, and the ruined tower
Were the sole relics of Cæsar's power;
In search of wealth over the seas they roam,
And the cry is ever "they come, they come!"

A LAND OF TOIL—For the gold they seek
In deep ravine, or in rippling creek,
Must be gained by the work of the live-long day,
Ere their limbs grow weak, and their locks are gray;
And down in the depths of the secret mine,
Where the pale blue streaks of the silver shine,
Weary and wet in Cimmerian gloom,
They toil for aye in a living tomb.

A LAND OF REST—When the work is o'er
And life's fitful fever" disturbs no more,
For many a one there are hearts to yearn,
And long and pray for his swift return;
Little they dream that their love-lost one lies
Lost to this earth, beath the western skies,
In a land of rest for the quiet dead,
With a rock to pillow the lifeless head;
And they wait and hope, till all hope is o'er,
For him they shall see upon earth no more
Patience sick hearts! In yon starry sky,
Where the river of Life murmurs gently by,
And the white robed angels in my winds wait,
You shall meet once more by the Golden Gate.

Antioch Railroad.

The Antioch Ledger says: The New York Company who have purchased the Marsh Grant, and working the coal mine thereon, have this week commenced the survey of a railroad from the old Marsh Landing above Antioch, to run to the Brentwood mine; thence to Ellis Station, connecting with the Western Pacific. The Company have recently purchased two miles of water front on the San Joaquin River, at the Marsh Landing, and, report says, grading of the road will commence within sixty days, and the rolling stock will be built in New York City and placed upon the road within six months. It is said the Company contemplate the erection of a machine shop, foundry and warehouse at the Landing, the latter with the intention of dealing extensively in grain.

Our Most Difficult Duty.

Our great and most difficult duty, as social beings, is to derive constant aid from society without taking its yoke; to open our minds to the thoughts, reasonings and persuasions of others, and yet to hold fast the sacred right of private judgement; to receive impulses from our fellow beings, and yet determine our own feelings; to act with others, and yet to follow our own consciences; to unite social deference and self-dominion; to join moral self-subsistence with social dependence; to respect others without losing self-respect; to love our friends, and reverence our superiors, whilst our supreme homage is given to that moral perfection which no friend and no superior has realized, and which, if faithfully pursued, will often demand separation from all around us.

On their Travels.

A late number of The Sacramento Union has this item: Two of the Salt Lake tribe of Snake or Shoshone Indians arrived here on the freight train from the eastward yesterday. They were camped on top of a box freight car and had occupied that elevated position all the way from Ogden. One of them, who speaks good English, said he had heard so much of California he was bound to see things here for himself. They have a friend in Benica whom they intend visiting, and hope will show them around. They passed along with the night freight train.

Mining Stock Board.

A proposition has been made by interested and influential gentlemen, for the organization of a mining stock board in this city, which is deemed necessary by the rapidly growing mining interests in this region. Utah mines are now figuring in the San Francisco, New York and London markets, and their stock will daily become a subject of great importance.—*Salt Lake Herald.*

—Punch has the following on "Wallflowers:" Since it has become the fashion for gentlemen to dance with married ladies only, wallflowers have much improved in appearance, but still they are not happy!

Wallflower No. 1. "I should like to waltz so! But I suppose there's no chance for poor me, till mamma's been thoroughly danced off her legs!"

Wallflower No. 2. "I should be content with an ice, if I could only get one! Fancy! mamma's been taken down for refreshments three times, and I not once!"

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 9,.....1871

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

The Election.

Contrary to general expectation, the election seems to have passed of quietly, if we except the fights mentioned elsewhere, which occurred sometime after the closing of the polls. On the county tickets "scratching" was the rule, and things were so much "mixed" as to be intensely disgusting to strict party men. Our table presents the returns from the different precincts, and although not official, are about correct, as far as they go, but not complete. They indicate that Haight has received a majority of 40, while the entire Democratic county ticket has been elected, with the exception of Yaney for Clerk, who is defeated by Hammarstrand. As usual in this county, the vote on Sheriff is very close, in spite of the heavy splitting of tickets, leaving the most distant and smallest precinct to decide the contest. We shall present the entire vote, as officially canvassed, in our next issue. Of the way the State has gone we confidently expect to learn in the course of a couple of months—or at least in the course of human events

The Exhibition.

Messrs. Culberson & Crayton gave their first exhibition of Panoramic and Sterescopic views at a hall in town, Wednesday evening last. Owing to the interest attending the election many persons failed to attend who otherwise would have done so, though there was a very fair attendance notwithstanding. Some forty odd views were presented, some of them very beautiful and interesting. When we take into consideration the fact that this was the first appearance of the boys on any stage, the exhibition may be pronounced a success. Their machinery which has just been procured from New York at a heavy expense is first class, and altogether with a little additional experience in the manner of presentation and explanation the display is well worthy of patronage, which we hope it will receive. It is both instructive and amusing, and when presented with a lecture and a running fire of small talk will be a most interesting entertainment.

Affray at Lone Pine.

Some two or three weeks since a man named McClelland, formerly in the police force at Stockton, came to Lone Pine, and secured a place as an assistant bar-keeper at Charley Begole's saloon, representing that he was broke, etc. It seems that he was left in charge of the saloon at a late hour on Wednesday night and, on making change, found that he had not sufficient money left in the drawer for the purpose. Taking his pistol, he closed the saloon, and started down the street to find Begole, whom he met coming up. Beginning a tirade of abuse, Begole struck him in the face, when the man struck him on the head with his six-shooter, cutting a bad gash on the temples. As Begole was falling he received another blow on the side of the head, cutting it for over an inch. "No arrests."

Desperate.

A rather rough but fortunately a bloodless affray occurred at a saloon in Cerro Gordo on the night of the election, between a man named Snow and one whose name we did not learn. The parties were engaged in a bitter political discussion, which terminated in the following manner: One drew a six-shooter and pointed it at the head of the other, who struck it with his arm, the ball entering the ceiling. At the same moment he drew a bowie and struck it furiously across the abdomen of the shooter, but the sheath had remained on the knife and prevented injury. Both pistol and knife were again ready, when outsiders separated the desperate fightists by main force.

Celebration.

The Mexican and Chileno population of Lone Pine are making extensive and thorough preparations for the celebraiion of the anniversaries of their respective independence days—the 16th and 18th instants. Two large halls have been hurried to completion for use on the occasions, and the other arrangements are of the completest character. Their proceedings are watched with great interest, and the attendance of "Americanos" will be large.

Dissolution.

Mr. I. Davison, one of the partners of well known firm of J. S. Rothschilds & Co., has severed his connection with that house, as will be seen by details elsewhere. "Dave's" many friends will be glad to hear that he does not propose to seek other parts, but will remain in business in the county, conducting the affairs of the Cosmopolitan saloon in Cerro Gordo.

Small Vote.

About one-fifth of the voters on the Great Register failed to put in an appearance at their various precincts on election day, besides a great many who were not registered.

Religious Services.

There will be preaching at the school house in this place to-morrow, (Sunday), at 11 A. M. Sunday school immediately after church.

To Canvass.

The Board of Supervisors meet on Monday next to make official count of the votes cast in the county.

County Court.

Court met Monday September 4. The bill against Frank Rojas (charged with an assault to do great bodily injury) was ignored by the special Grand Jury called to investigate the matter.

Mrs. Wilson, former wife of Jim Haun *alias* Wilson, sued out a writ of *habeas corpus* against the present Mrs. Wilson, to compel the latter to produce a little child claimed by the first Mrs. Wilson or Haun as her own. For several years past this child has been living with the other here in Lone Pine. The child (a little girl some eight or nine years old) was spirited away so that the writ was returned unsatisfied. In the course of these proceedings one w. p. jorge committed a gross contempt of court, and was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and to serve five days in the County Jail. After a short confinement the latter part of the sentence was remitted.

Thanks.

We are under real obligation to somebody in Roberts & George's stage office in Visalia for a box of fine fruit, consisting of apples, peaches and pears received last week too late for acknowledgment. Except a slight wilting of the peaches the fruit came in fine order.

Bullion Shipments.

There were shipped from the Kearsarge mine, August 16, per Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 3 bars of bullion, weighing 252 lbs., and valued at $1,262; from the same mine, September 4, 4 bars weighing 393½ lbs., valued at $2,200.

Probate Court.

Letters of administration upon the estate of John A. Mallon, deceased, were granted to J. A. Lank, Public Administrator.

ARIZONA NEWS.

The Tucson (Arizona) Citizen, dated August 24th, has the following: General Crook's expedition reached Camp Apache on the 20th instant. This morning most important news of the Indian situation here and in New Mexico has come to hand. The news is authorative and can be relied upon. It is in substance this: As the expedition was moving towards Apache it was rumored that Indian agents in New Mexico had runners in Arizona, under pay, gathering up Cochises families and taking them on the reservation. The New Mexican press denied this, but now there is official evidence of its truth. While General Crook was at Camp Apache a Justice of the Peace of Mexican extraction and six Indians came there with credentials from Indian Agent Piper and other official instructions; in effect that their mission was for Cochises; other Indians go to the Quasi reserve at Canada Almos. The leader of this delegation acknowledges he had received $1,000 for taking 150 Cochises—old, infirm men, women and children—to Canada Almos. At that same time the Cochises were on the war path in Arizona. General Crook's guides and scouts recognized among their paid runners a few of the worst members of the Cochises band. They also boasted this was Cochise's tactics to have his force of disabled men go on a reservation and be fed by the Government while the active ones waged war. When hard pushed Cochise would himself seek Government protection and food. They made no secret of this. They also got $1,000 for making presents. Each was to get $3,000 more on success in bringing in Cochises. For these reasons General Crook's expedition has been unable to find Indians. Their mountain homes are deserted and all their homes abandoned. Able warriors move with great ease and quietness over the plains and mountains. The Indian Bureau, unintentionally no doubt, is aiding them to avoid the most vigilant efforts of the enthusiastic military.

A Department order, dated August 14, states that Camp Apache constitutes the troops of Captain Moore and Stanwood's Third cavalry, the command to operate against hostile Indians independent. All posts are to get supplies wherever it is most convenient. The expedition is commanded by Captain Guy V. Henry. Troops are now scouring the country between Camps Apache and McDowell. General Crook with the remainder of his original command is on the way to Prescott *via* Verdi. Before leaving Apache the General tested the sincerity of Miguel's large band near that post. He gave Miguel eight days to furnish fifty warriors to fight on our side. They were furnished. Miguel professed peace and now gives the proof of it. An order has gone to recruit up every horse and mule, and have all pack gearing perfect. There is no thought of a cessation of hostilities entertained. The troops and everybody have confidence that the country will be thoroughly scoured the coming winter, if no adverse War Department order interferes. The change in the General's programme will have a peace in Arizona that can be trusted.

Nothing has been heard from Governor Safford's great prospecting party since it entered the Pinal mountains, August 16.

—A Toledo German, who has been keeping a saloon for the accommodation of printers, has been obliged to suspend. On his books were found the following named members of the craft: "Der Laim Brinter," "Der Leettle," "Der Pen Putler Brinter," "Der Tivel," "Der Brinter mit der red hair," "Der Brinter mit hair not shoost so red."

—At a juvenile party in Lowell, one little fellow rejoicing in the splendor of his new clothes, sidled up to another with the triumphant remark, "You ain't dressed as well as I am." "Well," retorted the other, "I can lick you anyhow."

—Artemus Ward said: "Yu ma differ as much as yu pleze abont the style of a young lady's figger, but I tell yu confidenshally, if she has forty thousand pounds, the figger is about as near right as you will got it."

Election Returns of Inyo County, Sept. 6, 1871.

CANDIDATES.	Deep Spring Valley	Round Valley	Bishop Creek	Fish Springs	Independence	Lone Pine	Swansea	Cerro Gordo	Map[illegible]
GOVERNOR.									
H. H. Haight	..	10	40	30	67	48	21	77	.....
Newton Booth	..	30	52	27	51	47	8	47	..
LIEUT. GOVERNOR.									
E. J. Lewis	..	10	40	30	68	48	..	76	..
Romualdo Pacheco	..	30	52	27	52	46	..	48	..
SECRETARY OF STATE.									
W. B. Brown	..	10	40	30	68	48	..	76	..
Drury Melone	..	30	52	27	53	47	..	48	..
CONTROLLER.									
R. O DeWitt	..	10	40	30	68	47	..	76	..
James J. Green	..	30	52	27	53	48	..	48	..
STATE TREASURER.									
A. F. Coronel	..	10	40	30	68	47	..	76	..
Ferdinand Bachr	..	30	52	27	53	47	..	48	..
ATTORNEY GENERAL.									
Jo Hamilton	..	10	30	28	68	48	..	76	..
John L. Love	..	30	27	29	53	46	..	48	..
SURVEYOR GENERAL									
John W. Bost	..	10	40	30	63	48	..	76	..
Robert Gardner	..	30	27	53	47	48	..	48	..
STATE PRINTER.									
John T. Bury	..	10	40	28	67	46	..	75	..
Thomas Springer	..	30	52	29	53	50	..	48	..
CLERK SUPREME COURT									
Thomas Laspeyre	..	10	40	30	69	48	..	77	..
G. I. Tangart	..	30	52	27	52	46	..	47	..
BARROM COMMISSIONER.									
John Rosenfeld	..	10	40	28	67	48	..	75	..
J. A. McGlynn	..	30	52	29	53	47	..	49	..
CONGRESSMAN.									
Lawrence Archer	..	11	40	30	68	47	..	48	..
S. C. Houghton	..	29	52	27	53	47	..	48	..
Constitutional Amendment—Yes	..	30	52	27	53	47	..	48	..
" " —No	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Refund the Debt—Yes	..	30	52	27	53	47	..	48	..
" " —No	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
SENATOR.	..						..	..	..
W. A. Fakin	..	12	43	29	68	49	..	77	..
M. C. Andrews	..	28	50	28	50	48	..	47	..
ASSEMBLYMEN.	..								
Geo. A. Whiting	..	11	39	29	68	48	..	76	..
W. C. Connelly	..	11	39	29	68	48	..	77	..
D. B. Curtis	..	16	43	33	69	49	..	77	..
P. B. Bacon	..	29	54	27	49	48	..	47	..
Wm. G. Long	..	27	54	28	50	44	..	47	..
Duncan Campbell	..	25	50	27	52	45	..	47	..
SHERIFF.									
C. Mulkey	..	8	25	29	65	67	23	52	..
S. G Sneath	..	32	69	24	54	27	6	65	..
CLERK.									
L. P. Yaney	..	18	51	23	50	34	6	21	..
M. W. Hammarstrand	..	9	34	14	21	27	23	101	..
C. L. Jackson*	..	13	9	15	48	34	..	0001	..
DISTRICT ATTORNEY.									
E. H. Van Dusar	..	11	43	29	72	46	..	50	..
F. K. Miller	..	29	49	22	39	40	..	73	..
TREASURER.									
H. M. Isaacs	..	21	44	37	80	59	..	64	..
J. B. Rowley	..	19	49	19	38	37	..	60	..
ASSESSOR.									
J. F. Dillon	..	12	41	33	70	57	..	73	..
J. R. Westerville	..	28	51	19	47	41	..	49	..
CORONER.									
J. A. Lank	..	11	36	27	60	45	..	61	..
G. W. Tidd	..	14	58	21	36	34	..	60	..
A. Parker*	..	5	9	5	..	16	..	..	..
COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.									
J. W. Symmes	..	40	..	48	118	88	..	121	..
SURVEYOR.									
Lyman Tuttle	..	40	..	57	118	88	..	...	..
SUPERVISOR DIST. NO. 2									
A. N. Bell				..					
J. N. Rose				..					
SUPERVISOR DIST. NO. 3.									
John Simpson						46	..	50	..
W. M. Barrows						..	..	..	

NOTE.—Democrats in Roman; Republicans in *Italic*; Doubtful with an asterisk. (*)

FOREIGN NEWS.

Late foreign papers contain accounts of the cholera in Russia, by which it appears there is a heavy mortality from the disease in that country in proportion to the population. In St. Petersburg, from the first appearance of the cholera on the 29th of August, 1870, there had been 6,797 cases, and 2,797 deaths. In some remote villages, where medical assistance is hard to obtain, it has committed fearful ravages. The cases remaining are 523; new cases, 69; deaths, 33. Since the 13th of March, there have been 3,568 cases in Moscow, and 1,633 deaths. The cholera appeared in several parts of the Government of Vladimir, but in proportion the fatal cases were small. At Cronstadt, up to the 29th of July, there were 439 cases, and 211 deaths. At Rega, there were 109 cases in two days. At Wilna, 1,136 cases and 512 deaths. At Tamboff, 2,054 cases up to the 21st of July, and 1,242 deaths. At Ribinsk, a very important depot on the Voiga, half of the cases proved fatal; many of the inhabitants are leaving.

Papers received give the proceedings of Parliament on the Ballot Bill. In the discussion advocating the passage of the bill in the House of Lords on the 10th inst. Lord Ripon spoke of the election in the District of Columbia, which he witnessed while in this country. He said though the contest was one of race—white *versus* black—yet the election was conducted with tranquility. He added that was evidence that the ballot conduces in a remarkable degree to tranquility.

The Emperors of Germany and Austria were to have another meeting at Gastein on the 7th of September, when there is to be a treaty concluded between them, including Italy.

The Archbishop of Madrid orders his clergy to deny the sacrament to all those who are married by the civil authorities, and directs them to treat such marital relations as concubinage.

Thiers orders the prefects of departments in France to use all legal power to prevent the celebration of the revolution of the 4th of September, 1870, which overthrew the Bonaparte regency and caused the organization of the Republic.

Dissensions between Thiers and the National Assembly cause the Germans to lose confidence in the ability of the French to keep their treaty engagements.

A Republican movement is noticed in Brazil which may call the Emperor home.

DUBLIN, Sept. 2.

An amnesty meeting is to be held at Phœnix Park to-morrow, (Sunday), and from present indications it will be a monster demonstration of the people of Dublin in favor of the imprisoned Fenians.

MADRID, Sept. 2.

Advices from the French frontier state that the Carlists are ordered to report to their leaders on the 8th inst., to be ready to rise against King Amadeus' government on the 10th.

BERLIN, Sept. 2.

The anniversary of the surrender of Napoleon and the French army at Sedan, is celebrated in Germany to-day.

LONDON, Sept. 2.

A boiler exploded on a steamer at Cardiff yesterday. The Captain and engineer were blown overboard and drowned.

The Anna, bound for Copenhagen, is wrecked, and all hands lost.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., Sept. 2.

The Taylor-Winship crew have offered to make a match with the Paris crew for £500 a side, to be rowed at Springfield, Mass., in October, provided the St. John men pay the Englishmen $500 and expenses. The St. John Crew are willing to accept, but won't pay their opponent's expenses.

BORN.

Near Independence, September 1, to the wife of R. O. Par[illegible], a son.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE SOLD my interest in the firm heretofore existing under the name of J. S. Rothchild & Co., (where J. S. Rothchild, I. Davidson and J. P. M. Perham were the co-partners), has this day by mutual consent withdrawn from the business. All the liabilities of the late firm whether to notes, accounts or due bills, must be presented within 30 days from this date to J. S. Rothchild and J. P. M. Perham, hereafter carrying on business under the firm name and style of J. S. Rothchild & Co., who will pay the same.

Either partner of the old firm is authorized to receive and receipt for all debts and demands due at this day and date.

J. S. ROTHCHILD,
I. DAVIDSON,
J. P. M. PERHAM.

Independence, August 28, 1871.

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS well known and long established

LIVERY BUSINESS,

Situated in Lone Pine, together with the following stock:

One Buggy and Team,
Four Saddle and Work Horses,
Two New Saddles and One Side Saddle,
One Set Lead Harness.

All of which will be sold cheap for cash, as the proprietor intends going East.

L. W. HUNT.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. McNAMARA AND MRS. TOMLESLER would respectfully announce to the ladies of Independence and vicinity that they have opened a Dressmaking and fancy

SEWING EMPORIUM,

In the building next door to Mr. John Lentell's drug store—where they will be happy to receive the ladies and their orders. Charges moderate.

C. & M. Cohn,

OPPOSITION STORE,

LONE PINE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly.

For Sale.

I WILL SELL MY BLACK HORSES "EBONY" and "Sheep Driver," also one iron axle wagon, 1¾ inch spindles, nearly new, and suitable for two heavy or four light horses; also, one set of Concord wheel harness, one silky and silk harness.

PAUL W. BENNETT.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

R. J. MORRISON

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries,

HARDWARE,

Crockery and Glass Ware,

PAINTS, OILS,

Varnish and Window Glass.

Also, a fine assortment of the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a well-assorted

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

of 500 volumes.

School Books, Blank Books and Stationery.

TO THE ABOVE STOCK THE UNDERSIGNED would most respectfully beg leave to call your attention, especially to the quality and

Greatly Reduced Prices!

TERMS---STRICTLY CASH.

R. J. MORRISON,
Proprietor.

Postmaster, Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.; also, agent for the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., July 29, 1871. n57m3*

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE-ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

Wines and Liquors,

Dry-Goods,

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

HARDWARE,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

—AND—

EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the best houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.

Fish Springs, July 22, 1871. n56t3

Great Bargains!

GREAT SACRIFICE

—IN—

Property!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS entire stock of goods at

Less Than San Francisco Cost

Prices!

Bacon,..... 20 cts ℔ lb.
Hams..... 22 cts ℔ lb.
Crushed Sugar. ⅌ barrel, 20 cts.
do do 9½ lbs $1
Brown Sugar... ½ bbl for $16
do do 5½ lbs $1
Candles, by the box, $5
do ⅌ one 50 cts
Ground Coffee, by the case, 36 cts.
do do 37½ cts ⅌ lb
Green Coffee...by the sack, 23 cts
do do 25 cts ⅌ lb
Lard.....by the case, 24 cts
do .....10 pound can, $2 50
do .....5 " " 1 25
Best Japan Tea, 75 cts by the case
do 80 cts ⅌ lb.
Dried Apples.....5½ lbs for $1
Dried Grapes.....5½ lbs for $1

CANNED STUFFS.

Tomatoes.....50 cts ⅌ can
Oysters.....50 do
Salmon.....62½ do
Lobster.....62½ do
Jellies.....62½ do
Spiced Oysters.....75 do

All other articles, too numerous to mention, in the same proportion. Orders from the Valley will be promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by cheapest conveyance.

20,000 Dollars Worth of New Stock of Goods,

To arrive immediately, comprising an assortment of

General Merchandise,

Which will be sold at same reduction in prices, without reserve.

Still Larger Sacrifices

In all articles of **Clothing & Dry Goods.**

TERMS — CASH ON DELIVERY.

Cerro Gordo, July 12, 1871. V. BEAUDRY. jl15.53tf

LEGAL.

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 6.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, August 16th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN B. WINTERS, Superintendent of the Kearsarge Mining Company, on behalf of said company, has this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866 for one thousand, eight hundred feet in length of the "KEARSARGE LODE," with a surface width of fifty feet on each side of the lode. Said lode supposed to be one hundred feet in width, which belongs to the Kearsarge Mining Company, a corporation; adjoining on the East end the extension claims of James R. Wall, J. R. Hughes and G. W. Brady, and on the West end the extension claims of R. M. Sibley, J. B. Rowley and John Clarke, situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. Notice is further given that they intend to apply for and have embraced in the said patent together and in connection with the "Kearsarge Lode," the land on which the Kearsarge mill is erected, together with a sufficient space of land around said mill for the convenient use of said mill; also the Water Rights of said Kearsarge Mining Company on Little Pine Creek. The property sought to be patented together with the said "Kearsarge lode" is known as the "Kearsarge Mill Site and Water Claim on Little Pine Creek," and is described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a stump, it being the N. E. corner of what is known as McCormick, Kittleson, Cornell and Hill's cabin, 24 links from Pine Creek, from which a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears N. ¾ deg. E. distant 82 links, also a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears S. 58½ deg. E. distant 64 links, thence N. 25½ deg. E. distant 7 chains to a tree blazed and marked as follows: Blazed on three sides and notched toward the creek and marked "Head of the Kearsarge Mining Company's Ditch" thence N. 62¼ deg. W. to the foot of the main mountain, thence N. 27½ deg. E. distant 91 rods, thence S. 62½ deg. E. to a stone mound on the opposite side of the creek, thence S. 27½ deg. W. along the East side of Pine Creek to a point opposite to and to place of beginning. And also all the water, water rights and privileges found upon or in any manner belonging to said tract of land—situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

ao26-61m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 4.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 29th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred linear feet of the "LAMB" lode, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirty, south of Range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Silver Sprout" lode on the northwesterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, lying about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is five feet wide—all of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

jy29-57m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 5.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 29th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHAN E. Page and T. B. Wingard have filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent in the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for two thousand one hundred linear feet of the SILVER SPROUT LODE, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirty, south of Range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Lamb" lode on the southwesterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, lying about one half mile westerly from the mills now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is four feet wide—all of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

jy29-57m3

Application for Patent.

(NOTICE NO. 3.)

U. S. REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 1st, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. D. AND J. J. GRIFFIN have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for four thousand feet of the LAST CHANCE LODE, situated in Esmeralda Mining District, Esmeralda County, Nevada, and particularly described as follows:

Commencing at a post, the point of notice near the east end of the town of Aurora, about 8 chains northeasterly from the Monroe House, and about six chains northeasterly from the Wide West mill, running thence along the lode line

1. N. 54 deg. E. 4 chains.
2. N. 60 deg. 20 min. E. 2 71 chains.
3. N. 70 deg. 10 min. E. 7 23 chains.
4. S. 23 deg. 15 min. E. 8 50 chains.
5. N. 56 deg. 55 min. E. 6 02 chains.

Thence to the Westerly boundary of the Juniata lode claim, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line; also the mill site of the Wide West mill, described as follows:

Commencing at a post from which the South Westerly corner of the Wide West mill bears N. 54 deg. 20 min. E. distant 343 chains, and running

1. N. 11 deg. 28 min. E. 4 50 chains.
2. S. 78 deg. 32 min. E. 7 50 chains.
3. S. 11 deg. 28 min. W. 4 50 chains.
4. N. 78 deg. 32 min. W. 7 50 chains.

All of which is more particularly described by the diagram posted in this office and on the claim.

Bearings from the magnetic meridian.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

jy8-54m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Ross Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode of minerals on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a southeasterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode line same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the college extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
Register.

je17 n51m3

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
August 14, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING WARRANTS on the County General Fund will please present the same for payment. Interest will cease from date:

No.	Drawn in favor of.	Amount.
211	W. L. Moore	$109 00
214	C. D. Begole	75 00
230	W. A. Greenley	100 00
231	W. A. Greenley	200 00
232	W. A. Greenley	200 00

L. HARRIS
County Treasurer.
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
au19-60t4

STATE LIBRARY

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

VOLUME 2. INDEPENDENCE, INYO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1871. NUMBER 64.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, September 16,.....1871

TERMS:

One Year, by Mail or Express	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
Three Months	1 75
One Month	50
Single Copies	25

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Will be charged for as follows, invariably in advance:

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" " "	2 "		8 00
" " "	3 "		10 00

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ATTORNEYS.

A. C. LAWRENCE,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Havilah, Kern Co., Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the Sixteenth Judicial District. au19y1

P. REDDY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

J. G. McCLINTON,

Attorney at Law,

AURORA, NEVADA.

WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,

Attorney and Counselor at Law.

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District, and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no5ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

AND GENERAL

Commission Agency.

WM M OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.

Have all goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.

WM. M. OSBORN.

jy15n55m3

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE

SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.

LEWIS SCHNEIDER.

At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence. je15n55m3

PAINTING, ETC.

PAINTING,

Wagon & Carriage Making,

PAPER HANGING, ETC.

J. G. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP, and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. je10n50tf

HOTELS.

ORLEANS HOTEL,

LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.

D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a

Bar Attached,

Which has constantly on hand the choicest of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.

Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. jc17y1

FRENCH RESTAURANT

—AND—

ONE BIT SALOON.

PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edward's street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—drinks, 12½ cents. au196m*

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15y13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

SALOONS.

PIONEER SALOON,

LONE PINE, CAL.,

C. D. BEGOLE, - - - Proprietor.

HAVING THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND refitted this popular place of resort, the proprietor calls attention to the fact that he has now on hand the largest and best stock of

THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,

Ever brought to the county, which he will dispose of over the bar at the usual rates. n61m3

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

ADULTERATION BY WATER BEING NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

au10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8y29 3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

fe4o32tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

EXCELSIOR SALOON,

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on cash customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.

B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.

Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand.

TRIAL OF ALLANSON GARDNER.

A Horrible Story.

We find the following in The Los Angeles Star of September 2. It is the direct testimony of Henry Bowen in the above famous case; want of space compels us to forego much more of the same kind equally interesting. At last accounts the trial was not yet ended:

The trial of Allanson Gardner, indicted for the murder of Henry Bilderbeck, was resumed yesterday morning in the District Court.

Henry Bowen was called, who, after being sworn, testified that he went to Tejunga Canyon, to the house of the accused, for the purpose of taking a hunt, and after detailing circumstances at some length, concerning his stay at Gardner's house, a bee hunt, a deer hunt, etc., went on to say that one afternoon, during the month of January last, while he and Buckskin, George Goodhue, and several women were at Gardner's house; Gardner came home from town, bringing a man named Tennessee with him, and a demijohn of whisky; Al Henry, Buckskin, George Goodhue, Buckskin's squaw, Gardner, his woman, and I were there; they drank there after supper; Goodhue went home; Buckskin and Al. Henry stayed all night; next morning Goodhue came up to breakfast; afterwards I walked out; Gardner and Al. Henry were hitching up a team in front of the house; Gardner called me by name: he had my gun in his hand, and said to me, "tell Tennessee I have gone down to the canyon for a load of wood, and will be back in half an hour;" he turned and got on to his wagon, Al was on the seat; they drove off; I looked down the road after the wagon, and saw Buckskin ride out from behind the kitchen; he rode across the road some thirty yards behind Gardner's wagon; he had his gun before him; he rode off toward his canyon; I staid at the corral about 20 minutes, and returned to the house; had been there half an hour when I went to the door, and saw Goodhue sitting on a wood pile; I walked out there, and asked why he was not at work; while we were sitting on the wood pile, I heard five shots down the canyon; shortly after I heard the shots we went back in the house; found Tennessee in there; in about two hours Gardner, Al. Henry, and Buckskin came home together; Buckskin brought his horses with him; they entered the house; Gardner got the demijohn and they all took a drink; this was two hours after the firing; I walked out; Gardner followed me, and asked me if I had heard the shooting down the canyon; I told him I had heard five shots distinctly; he hesitated a little and then said "Henry, well, we have killed the Bilderbeck boys, now you must tell this to nobody;" I looked him in the face; he looked so bad he scared me; the man was drunk; I told him I would not tell nothing; I said, "Gardner, if you have done such a thing, don't tell me about it, I don't want to hear of you killing anybody, or of anybody being killed;" I left him and returned to the house; I found my gun close to the corner of the house, against some bushes; picked it up and took it into the house; hung it up or set it in the corner; Buckskin and Al. were in the house; soon after Buckskin and Gardner went down to the corral; after dinner, Goodhue took a piece of meat and went down the canyon; Buckskin fixed up and left, with his squaw and horses, about the same time; Gardner got an axe and said to Al., "come, let us go;" I asked Gardner where he was going; he told me he was going to where he left the wagon to top off a load of wood, the wagon was going to town; about 4 o'clock in the evening I went to the ditch; it was about 1 o'clock when they went to top off the wood. Tennessee came to me, and we got up and walked down the road together; Gardner and Al. Henry came back about sun down; Tennesee came into the house next morning; I told Gardner I was going home, he wanted to know what caused my hurry; I told him I had been absent a good while, and left my folks with but little money; he told me he did not want me to go home, to stop a day or two longer, help him hitch up his team; he handed me the reins, and I went over the hill with him. When we got the team hitched up, Tennessee came up; G. told Al. to drive on, Tennessee would catch up; Al. drove off; Gardner and Tennessee commenced talking; I took the road to return to the house; Gardner caught up with me when I was about 600 yards from the house, we went together at the foot of the hill, Buckskin was standing with a horse on the inside of a fence, close to the road; he bade us good morning; I went on to the house; Gardner stopped with Buckskin; I entered the house and sat down; Gardner and Buckskin passed the house and went to the corral; I heard them laughing loud, and got up and went to the door; they had harnessed Buckskin's mare; I went back, and sat down again; I heard Buckskin say, "I will be back this evening after my mare;" I looked up and he stood, with his back to me, close by the door, had on his six shooter and bowie knife; Gardner told him he only wanted the mare for an hour or two; Buckskin went off, down the canyon, Gardner soon after entered the house, and asked me to help him plow, as the mare was wild and he was not much of a plowman; I told him I did not feel like walking on plowed ground, I was not well; I took my gun and went out; Gardner asked me why I took the gun; I replied I might see a rabbit, and went to the field; Gardner said, "Henry, I am sorry this thing happened while you were out here;" I told him yes, it was my bad luck, that he was not half so sorry as I was: he said that the Bilderbeck boys owed him five dollars; that he asked the boys if they would cut him two cords of wood for these five dollars; they said they would; he spoke to Al., and asked him if he was willing for the boys to cut the wood in his canyon, that Al. was willing if it was for Gardner; said the boys went in there, cut the wood and kept on cutting for themselves; Al. had asked him how it was that he should send the boys into his canyon to chop wood and take no steps to stop them; he then said that Buckskin was a friend of his and went with him; says he, "we went down yesterday to where the boys were chopping; I loaded up the wagon; after that I hitched my team; Buckskin took my gun, Al. took Buckskin's gun, and I took Tennessee's big pistol; went right down to where they were chopping; we walked up close to them; I said to the oldest Bilderbeck: "Don't you know that you are doing wrong?" he said: "I don't know as I am;" I (Gardner) said: "I will let you know that you are." We came right up and fired, all at once; the youngest one fell; the other one ran down the canyon like a deer; Buckskin jumped on his horse and went after him; I went down the canyon as fast as I could go; met Buckskin coming back; he told me he had killed him; we buried them right where he killed him.' I told Gardner I was tired; he unhitched the mare, and we went back into the house; I laid down and rested an hour or so, then half-soled my moccasins.

A little before sundown Buckskin came up to the corral; Gardner went out there; they were there a little bit; Buckskin took his mare, and he and Gardner went off down the canyon; while he was gone Gardner's woman [checked here by counsel]; Gardner returned about dusk. Next morning it rained; I waited until about 9 o'clock, because I didn't want to start home in the rain, and let Gardner's girl have my mare to go after her sister; Gardner took his Indian and went up to sow some alfalfa; I staid at the house; Gardner came home at about 12 o'clock; eat, and left the house; came back with a roan horse; took up a pair of blankets; I asked him where he he was going; he said he was going to the Cienaga for a pig; he rode off; was gone about an hour and a half; failed to get a pig; about 4 o'clock Al. Henry came from town with the wagon; it was clearing off; had quit raining; about supper time the girls came home; after supper Gardner came up to the house with a pick and shovel; I asked him where he was a going; he told me he was going down the canyon to turn the river, that it was washing away the bank where he had to go up the canyon; Gardner and Al. Henry went down the canyon together; they returned about 8 o'clock that night; next morning, before breakfast, Gardner told me that he and Al. Henry had gone down the canyon and buried them fellows; that he buried them in the road; said Buckskin was going away, and that he was going to take Goodhue with him; said he was going to let Goodhue have his white horse to ride; Al. was going to go to work for him; said he, "I am going to get my white horse up after breakfast, and I want you to ask me what I am going to do with him before my folks"; I told him I would; after breakfast he brought the horse to the door, came in, and was getting up some sacks; I asked him what he was going to do with the horse; he replied, "going to loan him to the Bilderbeck boys"; that they were going off hog hunting to kill some wild hogs; he went down the canyon in the direction of the Bilderbecks' house, leading the horse; told me to be sure not to start home until he came back; about 10 o'clock Gardner came riding up to the house on the white horse; says he to me, "Henry Bildedbeck sent me over to see if you would loan him your six-shooter"; this was in the presence of the girls; I told him no; told Gardner that I had loaned my pistol some three months before, if he had got through with it I would take it home with me; he said that was all right; he rode off to a brush house where I had a couple of deer hanging up, and called me; I went; he dismounted, and told me Goodhue had run away from Buckskin's camp last night; he saw his track and expected to find him here; he remounted and rode down the canyon again; about 12 o'clock he came home with a wagon; Al. Henry had taken the wagon down the canyon that morning; he unhitched the team; I went down to where he was and inquired where Al. Henry was; he told me Al. Henry and Buckskin had left; "now," said he, "I must find George Goodhue"; I then told him I did not believe him, I believed that Buckskin had killed Goodhue, and that I was to be killed; I got up; I was crying; I told Gardner I was going home, and started after my mare; Gardner followed and called me; when he got up close he said "Henry, you won't be hurt, Buckskin is a friend of yours, he told me so"; told me to get my mare and come here; "Don't go home until I come back, I am going to look for Goodhue." I gave him no answer, I went after my mare; was gone about three quarters of an hour; when I got back Gardner was gone; I saddled my mare and sat down; soon Gardner came and said to me, "Get on your mare and go home, look for George Goodhue hunt him up if you can;" I told Gardner I wasn't going home, that I wasn't afraid of his killing me with his own hands, I was afraid of Buckskin, that I believed he (Gardner) had gone to Buckskin's camp, and sent him to cut me off on the road; he told me I was a fool; he went and took the saddle off my mare, threw it down, and went off down the canyon again; he was gone about an hour when he returned; he returned on the road on which I had to go to Los Angeles; I asked him what he was doing on that road; he told me he went look for Goodhue's tracks, and then asked me if I would not go down the canyon and help look; I told him no, that I was going to stop at the house; he then went down the canyon by himself; when he came back he went to fixing up his fence; when the sun was about an hour high he came up from work; I told him that if he would send and get my mare I would go home; he sent one of his girls after the mare; I saddled up, took my gun, and mounted; Gardner asked me if I would look for Goodhue when I got to town; told him I would; I rode fast left the road at the foot of the hill, followed the chemisal five or six miles, and got home here about 9 o'clock at night; in about four days Gardner came to my house about 8 o'clock in the morning, and asked me to loan him ten dollars, said he saw George Goodhue; that he had agreed to leave town; he (Gardner) was going to send him out of town; Gardner went off down town; I followed, got ten dollars, and gave it to a man named Allan to give to Gardner; about 11 o'clock Gardner came up to me and pointed out Goodhue, and said he wanted to see me; we walked up to Goodhue, who asked me for money, and said he was going to leave town; asked me to buy him a pair of boots; told him no; Gardner and Goodhue left; while taking a walk that evening I met Allan and Gardner; the latter told me he had sent Goodhue out of town; Allan said he had taken him to a railroad station four miles from town; I had a talk with Gardner afterwards at Bowman's corral; he told me he was going to make a statement of the affair to the District Attorney or to Under Sheriff Wiley.

This closed the direct testimony of this witness, who had been on the stand for two hours and a half, he was then cross-examined by Col. J. G. Howard, for the defense.

The "Deep Snow"

The following graphic account of the "deep snow," an event so often referred to by the old residents of Illinois, is from an address delivered by President Sturtevant, of Illinois College, before a reunion of the old settlers of Morgan, Cass and Scott counties, at Jacksonville, August 10th:

The constitution of your society defines an old settler. He is old settler who resided here before the deep snow. The thought has occurred to me that it might be interesting to many in this audience to be informed what we mean by the deep snow. We shall have no difficulty in making ourselves understood on that subject. In the interval between Christmas, 1830, and New Years, 1831, of course forty years ago last New Year, snow fell over all central Illinois to a depth of fully three feet on a level. Then came a rain, with weather so cold that it froze as it fell, forming a crust of ice over this three feet of snow, nearly, if not quite, strong enough to bear a man, and finally, over this crust of ice, there was a few inches of very light snow. The clouds passed away and the wind came down upon us from the northwest with extraordinary ferocity. For weeks, certainly for not less than two weeks, the mercury in the thermometer tube was not, on any one morning, higher than twelve degrees below zero. The wind was a steady, fierce gale from the northwest, day and night. The air was filled with flying snow, which blinded the eyes and almost stopped the breath of any one who attempted to face it. No man could, for any considerable length of time, make his way on foot against it.

The story of such a Winter as this may be pleasant enough to hear, to one who hopes never to experience it; but the situation of the inhabitants of this country was certainly rather alarming. The people were almost wholly from regions more southern than this, and knew nothing by experience of dealing with such a depth of snow and such cold. Indeed, I had then some experience of New England Winters, and have had some since, but I have to this day never seen any other which bore any comparison to this. Jacksonville had then about 400 people. We were dependent chiefly for keeping warm on having plenty of wood, for our houses were certainly far enough from being warmly built; and yet our supply of fuel for the Winter was not, as is more commonly the case now, piled at our doors before the beginning of Winter. It was in the forest and must be brought us through that snow, and by people who were quite unaccustomed to it. Could it be done? It was at first not quite apparent that it could. Our corn was in the fields over which this covering of snow was spread, and to a great extent the wheat for our bread was in sacks in like condition. Snow-paths could not be broken in the New England fashion. There a few hours of wind blows all the snow from exposed places, and deposits it in valleys and behind hills where the wind can not reach it.

A little energy with ox-teams and sleds will break out a road and there will be no more trouble until the next snowstorm. There is no truer picture than that given by Whittier in his "Snow Bound" of the frolic of breaking the roads after a great snowstorm. But nothing of this sort would have been of much use in our case. In this level country there is no end to the drifting as long as the snow lasts and the wind blows. There are no covered places to which the snow can be driven, consequently the path would fill behind a team, or any number of teams, in a few minutes so that its track could not be seen. The only way in which snow paths were finally made was by going as nearly as we could in the same place till the snow was finally trodden hard and rounded up like a turnpike. This snowfall produced constant sleighing for nine weeks, and when at last warm rains and sunshine prevailed, about the 1st of March, melting the snow from the fields and untrodden places, the roads remained as lines of ice, which disappeared but gradually. The New Englander has scarcely any such experience of Winter as this, certainly not unless it be quite in northern New England. We had no railways then, nor indeed any dream of having them. But our mail communication with the rest of the world was quite interrupted for several weeks continuously. We, in those days, had only one mail a week, and that on horseback from Springfield, and to bring that through that snow required more energy than mail boys in those days were masters of. I say we had no railways in those days. But how little good they would have done us if we had had them. I am free to confess that my memory of the deep snow produces in my mind to this day an unconquerable aversion to long journeys by railway in the Winter. Should such a Winter as that of 1830-'31 occur again in central Illinois, our railroads would be as useless to us for five or six weeks together as though they were buried a thousand feet in the earth. The cuts would all be filled, and they would fill again in half an hour behind any train that might dig its way through. It is a consolation that such a Winter has never occurred but once in the memory of man. But what has happened once may happen again. If it does we shall get a very definite idea how important our railroads are to us, and we shall be very glad that the snow is not over the telegraph wire.

I can not say, after all, that in town there was any very serious amount of suffering—we did get food and fuel, and a good deal of fun and frolic out of the deep snow; though at the expense of not a few frozen ears, noses and faces. But the loss to the farms in stock and crops was very considerable. Some varieties of wild game were nearly exterminated. Deer were entirely unable to protect themselves from the dogs and the huntsmen.

I think, then, my audience will agree with me that the line drawn by this association to define an old settler is a very definite and palpable one.

Changed Hands.

The stage line running between Carson city, Empire, Silver City, Gold Hill and Virginia, changed hands recently, W. F. Wilson having sold to John Ulrich and Harry Wright. The Carson Register, commenting on the transfer, says: Billy Wilson put the line on eleven years ago, and has made the round trip daily (and part of the time semi-daily) ever since, making something like 4,105 trips, or 131,360 miles, counting the round trip at 32 miles. Part of the time (when he was poor) Billy drove his teams himself, performing the duties of proprietor, agent, driver and hostler. When affluence rewarded his industry and perseverance, he extended his business to Genoa, Pine Grove and Aurora, and "took it easy." He still owns the line to Aurora.

Charles Bonner Dead.

Charles Bonner, formerly so well known as Superintendent of the Gould & Curry, Savage, and other mines of this section, died at San Francisco this morning, after a few weeks illness, caused by paralysis. Mr. Bonner was prominently connected with the early development of the Comstock ledge, and has a large circle of friends here as well as elsewhere to mourn his loss. He was about 42 years of age, and a native of England. The flags on all the principal mining works of Virginia and Gold Hill were at half-mast to-day in token of the sad news.—*Gold Hill News, August 31.*

—Children are inquisitive bodies—for instance: "What does cleave mean, father?" "It means to unite together." "Does John unite wood when he cleaves it?" "Hem, well it means to separate." "Well, father, does a man separate from his wife when he cleaves to her?" "Hem, hem, don't ask so many foolish questions."

—The narrow-guage railroad in Colorado is successful. Though but three miles and a half are in operation, heavy trains pass over with ease at the rate of thirty miles an hour.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, September 16,.....1871

MAGNIFICENTLY MIXED.

Heads I Win, Tails You Lose.

From the indefinite and very unsatisfactory returns from the different counties, we glean the information that "old Tuolumne" has given Haight 190 majority, but that a Republican Senator and two Republican Representatives are elected. The total vote of that county is probably not far from 1,400, and is Democratic on Governor to the extent above indicated. From reports we are to conclude that the Democrats scratched their Legislative ticket—Eakin, Whiting, Connelly and Curtis—sufficiently to elect at least Androes, Bacon and Long. It is extremely probable that the scratching was more against Curtis than their own men, with the chance of a few Republicans throwing off Campbell, and that one or the other of their Democratic nominees is but slightly behind the Republicans. In this event, we are led to the conclusion that of the six Representative candidates, Bacon, Long and Whiting have received the highest number of votes, and are consequently elected, which is about the way the matter will pan out. If there is anything in the world more admirable than another, it is a hogging game of politcis, and poor Inyo and Mono might as well swallow the present dose as a permanent cure for sucking eggs. Of all abominations, the most outrageous one is that which hitches this and Mono county to Tuolumne for legislative purposes, with whose interests we are identified to about the same extent as with San Diego or Syskiyou. But let us wait until they have heard from Deep Spring

THE RESULT.

The smoke of the late political fight has sufficiently cleared away to enable us to see the following results: Booth is elected by not less than 5,600 majority—his majority in the State may reach 6,000. There can be but little doubt that the entire Republican State ticke is also elected, though we have not as yet received any positive statements to that effect. Booth's majority in San Francisco is estimated at 2,500. Sargent and Coghlan for Congress in the 2d and 3d Districts are both elected by large majorities. The Sacramento Union claims the election of Houghton over Archer in this District, but it may require an official count to determine this question. The Republicans will have something near twenty majority in the Assembly in the next Legislature. The Senate will either be tied or the Republicans will have a majority of two. Scratching seems to have been pretty generally indulged in in almost every county in the State so far as heard from, and has produced some curious results. In some counties large majorities were given for the State ticket of one party, and at the same time a majority for the candidates for local offices on the opposing ticket. Owing to the fact that we are now, and shall probably remain for a week to come in profound darkness as to who will be our representative from this county, or whether we are to have a local representation at all. The probabilities are that the residents of Calcutta will know all about this matter before we receive an intimation. However, the result will not materialy affect the interests of the Calcutta people, no matter if they do find out first which of our candidates is to go to Sacramento, so that in that particular the advantage is with us.

San Buenaventura Route.

The Los Angeles Star, of September 2, gives the following, under the head of "Important Item:"

Mr. Wm. Osborn, who is engaged in freighting between this city and the Owens river country, received a dispatch yesterday from Mr. Brady, agent of the Owens Lake Silver and Lead Mining Company, who own the Swansea Smelting Works. The dispatch was dated at San Buenaventura, and desired Mr. Osborn to come to that place to make arrangements for taking the base bullion of the Owens river country to San Buenaventura, instead of to Los Angeles, where it now comes.

Bachelor's Toast.

"Woman—The morning star of infancy, the day star of manhood, the evening star of age. Bless our stars, and may they always be kept at telescopic distances.

—Two scavengers were quarrelling as to their respective working abilities, when one, meaning to silence his mate, said: "Well, Bill, you can sweep up the middle of the street, but you can't do an ornamental piece of work, like sweeping round a lamp post."

CURIOSITIES OF THE GREAT REGISTER.

The Great Register, as printed, of Inyo county contains 579 names. On the supplemental list there are 160 others, making a total of 730. It is estimated that there are at least two hundred citizens in the county who failed to register, and to these again may be added two hundred more of various nationalities who are not now and probably never will become citizens. This would give a total masculine working force, exclusive of Indians, of nearly 1,300 men. Of this number 575 or a little over 44 per cent. exercised their right of suffrage at the late election, which shows that over one half of our male population are willing to delegate the political destinies of the country to the hands of the few. This shows an alarming degree of indifference, but one that should encourage our female fellow-citizens in the pursuit of their rights, since the manifest indifference of the male citizens to such important matters of State may lead to the destruction of everybody's rights.

In the printed register we find that every letter of the alphabet except X is represented in the beginning of surnames. First on the list we find a greater requisition upon the letter M in this connection than any other, though S is but two or three behind, and H being equal to S. G and Y have but three representatives each, while Z has but two of the 579 names presented. There are nearly 400 different names. For a wonder the "Smiths," "Browns," and "Jones," are outnumbered by others generally considered much less common if no prettier; the "Hitchcocks" and "Johnsons" both outnumbering them, while they are equaled by a number of others. In the way of distinguishing given names we have, compound and simple, 76 Johns, but close on their heels come the Williams' and James'. John Smith, who is supposed to have a local residence in every county, not to say police record, in the United States, finds no place in this list. The letter A shows the only complete list of native born, unless we except two from Missouri. Seventy-five per cent. of all on the printed register, or 437 were born in the United States; about one fifth of this number are from New York, though every State in the Union has one or more representatives.

Of the foreign born 35 hail from Ireland and 37 from the German States leaving 77 of various other nationalities. Of the Irish names we find none commencing with any of the following letters: A, E, F, G, H, I, J, N, Q, R, T, U, V, or Y. The letters D and M are oftener used than any other, these two representing six each. Neither A, J, L, M, N, Q, R, T, or Y are used in the commencement of German names; the letter S is used oftener than any other. We have on this register representatives of nearly every known occupation, including one "Man of Leisure;" we have for the principal interest of the county but 151 miners. The farming interest is represented by 220 individuals, the various other callings being divided among 208 persons.

DEEP SPRING.

Were it not for the fact that the people of the State of California have yet to hear from Deep Spring, we should conclude that Booth is elected by 5,000 majority. Telegraph communication with that State has of late been somewhat interrupted, and the officials of that locality were in the deepest mire of doubt as to the exact day upon which the election was to be held. Wavering in dire uncertainty, and hesitating between the opinions of The Tribune Almanac and that of various county candidates, they at once arranged for a grand *coup de main*, and were about proceeding to hold an election all week. The undaunted citizens of that place were doubtless equal to the emergency, but on the 5th instant the arrival of a foot-weary messenger lifted the clouds, and they voted on the right day, deciding the fate of nearly all our county candidates.

Again, let us hold on until the State has heard from Deep Spring.

How it is Taken.

The San Francisco Examiner of September 7, speaks of the result of the late election as follows:

The election of yesterday is the talk. From all accounts we conclude that an election so orderly and well conducted has never before been held in the State. There were but few instances of fraud being attempted, and there is little fear of being compelled to wait long for returns. It seems to be generally conceded that the Rads have gotten away with us. We are sorry for it, and we are an ill-used community.

—The Boston Post has a rumor that a diplomatic rupture has taken place between the United States and Hayti, growing out of the favor shown by the Haytien Government to Cabral and the opponents of Gen. Grant's friend Baez in San Domingo.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

In San Francisco September 4, Sidney Flag, alias Smith, shot and killed a rival boatman named Richard Harley, alias Mickey Free. Flag claims to have acted in self-defense.

The steamer Enterprise is being fitted up for an opposition freight and passenger boat between San Francisco and Sacramento.

Following are two dispatches dated Los Angeles, September 3:

At half past 7 o'clock this evening, in a quarrel on the sidewalk in front of Higby's saloon, El Tabo Olivera was shot through the heart by Ysidro Altirano, and in a few minutes he expired. A crowd filling the street for a block soon collected. The shooting is said to have been a cold-blooded murder; Altirano was immediately arrested.

Gen. Wheaton held an interview at the Pico House this afternoon with Olegario and his chiefs, who disclaim any intention of making any war. He leaves in the morning for Pala, to be present at the Grand Counsel of all the Indians.

The body of a man named J. H. Henry was found in the willows below Reno, Nevada, some days ago; subsequently a bottle of strychnine was picked up near the place, indicating a case of suicide.

On the 7th instant, Judge Livingston, of Virginia City, Nevada, committed suicide by taking an overdose of laudanum. Financial difficulties caused the rash act.

Four thousand two hundred pounds of amalgam were retorted at the Manhattan mill, Austin, one day last week.

The Piute Mining Company, to operate in Elko county, capital $1,000,000, was incorporated in San Francisco on the 22d ult.

Several of the largest mills on the Carson river have been compelled to close for want of water to run them.

The Eureka Sentinel, and the Pioche Record, are confident of a great rush to their respective mining districts early next season.

The Silver State says 80,000 head of sheep have reached Oreana on their way to the eastern part of the State for pasturage.

Mrs. Sarah P. Bull, wife of Alpheus Bull, aged 55 years, committed suicide by hanging herself in the attic after rising on the morning of the 7th instant. She had been ill for months and her mind had become affected from great physical prostration. No other cause is assigned.

The United States Consul at Panama demands the immediate prosecution of General Herrera and others as pirates, for seizing the American merchant steamer Montijo for revolutionary purposes.

Dr. R. K. Ashe, after a lingering illness of over two years, died at his residence in San Francisco, on the 6th instant. The deceased was one of the pioneer citizens of California, and was elected Sheriff of San Joaquin county in 1851. In 1853 he was Naval Agent for the port of San Francisco, having been appointed to that position by President Pierce. He married a sister of Admiral Farragut, who survives him with five children.

Mrs. Laura DeForce Gordon, the woman's candidate for the Senate from San Joaquin county, received just 101 votes. Considering the short time she was in the field, she accomplished much.

Food Medicine.

Dr Hall relates the case of a man who was cured of biliousness by going without his supper and drinking freely of lemonade. Every morning, says the doctor, this patient rose with a wonderful sense of rest and refreshment, and a feeling as though the blood had been literally washed, cleansed and cooled by the lemonade and the fast. His theory is that food will be used as a remedy for many diseases successfully. As an example, he cures cases of spitting blood by the use of salt; epilepsy and yellow fever by watermelon; kidney affections, by celery; poison, olive and sweet oil; erysipelas, pounded cranberries applied to the parts affected; hydrophobia, onions etc. So the way to keep in good health is really to know what to eat, not what medicine to take.

EASTERN NEWS.

An election was held in Wyoming Territory September 4 which seems to have resulted favorably to the Republicans. A similar result is claimed for a municipal election that took place on the same day at Wilmington, Deleware.

Leslie was inaugurated Governor of Kentucky on the 4th instant. Chief Justice Robertson administered the oath of office to the Governor, and then resigned his own office as Chief Justice. He is over eighty years old.

Some New York city Republicans have resolved in favor of Horace Greeley as their choice for the next President.

—The way a young lover warbled "I'm lonely to-night, love, without thee," under his dulcena's window the other evening in Boston, was very affecting, until the old gentlemen let loose the two dogs in the back yard. The sentimental youth had no occasion to complain of loneliness after that.

Queen Victoria is so much indisposed as to be unable to appear in public.

Election Returns of Inyo County, Sept. 6, 1871.

CANDIDATES.	Deep Spring Valley	Round Valley	Bishop Creek	Flat Spring	Independence	Lone Pine	Swansea	Cerro Gordo	Majorities
GOVERNOR.									
H. H. Haight	16	10	40	30	69	48	21	77	47
Newton Booth	2	30	52	27	51	47	8	49	
LIEUT. GOVERNOR.									
E. J. Lewis	16	12	40	30	68	48	21	76	46
Romualdo Pacheco	2	28	52	27	52	46	8	48	
SECRETARY OF STATE.									
W. B. Brown	16	11	39	30	68	48	21	76	42
Drury Melone	2	29	53	27	53	47	8	48	
CONTROLLER.									
R. O DeWitt	16	11	39	30	68	47	21	76	40
James J. Green	2	29	53	27	53	48	8	48	
STATE TREASURER.									
A. F. Coronel	16	11	39	30	68	48	21	76	42
Ferdinand Bachr	2	29	53	27	53	47	8	48	
ATTORNEY GENERAL.									
Jo Hamilton	16	11	39	30	68	48	21	76	43
John L. Love	2	29	53	27	53	46	8	48	
SURVEYOR GENERAL									
John W. Bost	16	11	39	30	68	48	21	76	42
Robert Gardner	2	29	53	27	53	47	8	48	
STATE PRINTER.									
John T. Barry	14	11	39	28	67	46	21	75	10
Thomas Springer	8	29	53	27	53	50	8	48	
CLERK SUPREME COURT									
Thomas Laspeyre	16	11	39	30	62	48	21	77	47
G. I. Taggart	2	29	53	27	53	46	7	47	
HARBOR COMMISSIONER.									
John Rosenfeld	16	13	39	28	67	48	21	75	39
J. A. McGlynn	2	27	53	29	53	47	8	49	
CONGRESSMAN.									
Lawrence Archer	16	11	39	30	68	47	21	76	41
S. O. Houghton	2	29	53	27	53	47	8	48	
Constitutional Amendment—Yes	16	26	73	32	75	59	..	59	336
" " —No	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	
Refund the Debt—Yes	16	29	75	25	76	41	..	51	274
" " —No	..	..	..	11	..	17	..	9	
SENATOR.									
W. A. Eakin	15	12	43	29	68	48	21	77	54
M. C. Androes	3	28	50	28	50	48	8	47	
ASSEMBLYMEN.									
Geo. A. Whiting	16	11	39	29	68	48	21	76	44
W. C. Connelly	16	11	39	29	68	48	21	77	48
D. B. Curtis	16	16	43	33	69	49	21	77	70
P. B. Bacon	2	29	54	27	49	48	8	47	
Wm. G. Long	2	27	54	26	50	48	7	47	
Duncan Campbell	2	25	50	27	52	45	6	47	
SHERIFF.									
C. Mackey	17	8	25	27	65	67	23	52	6
S. G Snæelen	1	32	69	24	54	27	6	65	
CLERK.									
I. P. Yancy	15	18	51	28	50	34	8	21	
M. W. Hammarstrand	3	9	34	14	21	27	20	101	4
C. L. Jackson*	..	13	9	12	48	34	..	1	
DISTRICT ATTORNEY.									
E. H. Van Bucar	17	11	40	29	72	46	12	50	7
F. K. Miller	1	27	52	22	39	40	16	73	
TREASURER.									
H. M. Isaacs	16	21	44	27	80	59	13	64	94
J. B. Rowley	2	19	49	19	38	37	16	60	
ASSESSOR.									
J. F. Dillon	14	12	41	33	70	51	22	72	71
J. R. Westerville	2	23	51	19	47	41	7	49	
CORONER.									
J. A. Lank	16	11	36	27	60	45	23	61	55
G. W. Tedd	2	20	48	21	33	34	6	60	
A. Parker*	..	9	9	7	22	16	..	1	
COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.									
J. W. Symmes	18	40	90	57	118	88	28	124	553
SURVEYOR.									
Lyman Tuttle	2	48	54	28	69	46	8	61	296
SUPERVISOR DIST. NO. 2									
A. N. Bell				2	66				18
J. N. Rose				2	48				
SUPERVISOR DIST. NO. 3.									
John Simpson						46	13	50	3
W. M. Barrows						45	..	61	
TOTALS	18	40	92	57	121	96	29	125	578

NOTE.—Democrats in Roman; Republicans in *Italic*; Bolters with an asterisk. (*)

STATE ELECTION RETURNS.

Following are the returns as telegraphed to The Sacramento Union of the 9th instant:

STANISLAUS.

Knight's Ferry gives Haight 37 majority. Other Democrats get 41.

ALAMEDA.

This county gives the Republican State ticket 900 majority sure.

EL DORADO

The Republican State Ticket carried by from 25 to 40 majority. Republican Senator and three Assemblymen elected by small majorities. Democrats admit their defeat on county ticket.

TUOLUMNE.

Haight carries the county by 175 majority. But Republican Senator and two Representatives elected.

SANTA CRUZ.

The Republicans carried this county by 437 majority. The county ticket badly scratched, but all elected except Supervisor in the Santa Cruz district. Dr. Flint is elected Senator in the district composed of this county and Monterey. Republican Assemblyman elected.

ALPINE.

Alpine gives Booth 50 majority.

SAN MATEO.

Full returns give Booth and the Republican ticket 300 majority. County ticket all elected except Tate, Democratic County Clerk, who has 3 majority.

KERN.

Returns meager; Havilah gives Haight 59, Booth 28. Walker's Basin gives Haight 15 majority.

COLUSA.

Eight Democratic precincts to be heard from. Haight's majority estimated 400, and may reach 500.

BUTTE.

Booth received 84 majority in Chico. County goes 25 for Haight.

CONTRA COSTA

Has gone 300 for the Republicans as far as heard from. No returns from two precincts, which will add 50 majority. All the Republican ticket elected except Surveyor.

SOLANO.

Booth has 1,363 majority in Vallejo, and Coghlan 1,438. Booth has 41 majority in Benicia.

SANTA CLARA.

Houghton has a majority in the county of 547. No doubt that the whole Republican ticket is carried by a large majority.

SISKIYOU.

Twelve precincts give Haight 119 majority, to be increased to 250 when returns are all in. DeWitt will have 500 majority.

TULARE.

Democratic State ticket will average 175 majority. All precincts in but two small ones. Some Republicans elected. Official count required to decide.

SAN DIEGO.

Returns from eleven out of seventeen precincts in the county cover a vote of 1,126. The total vote cast not exceeding 1,400. Booth, 567; Haight, 559; Houghton, 574; Archer, 502. The Republicans elect nearly the whole county ticket. Horton, Senator, is probably elected. Two hundred majority was conceded the Democrats before the election.

KERN.

Bakersfield gives Haight 65, Booth 55.

FRESNO.

Two precincts give Booth 35 majority.

LOS ANGELES.

Returns not all in. Democrats have a majority, as far as returns are in, of 631, to be increased to 500 probably.

TEHAMA.

Tehama precinct gives Haight 11 majority.

SONOMA.

Returns indefinite. Petaluma gives 119 and Bloomfield 15 majority for Booth. Probable majority for Haight in county 450. Democrats claim 500

SAN JOAQUIN.

Returns complete. Republican State ticket gets 217 majority in the county. All Republicans elected but County Clerk.

SIERRA.

The majority for Booth is 550 at a low estimate.

LASSEN.

Eighty majority for Booth, Coghlan and Boucher.

AMADOR.

Our returns gives this county to the Republicans by 64 majority. Republican county ticket elected, except Assessor and Superintendent of Schools. Colman, Rep., and Eagan, Ind., are elected to the Assembly.

SANTA BARBARA.

The county goes Republican by 50 majority.

SUTTER.

Haight carries the county by 37 majority.

NAPA.

Napa county gives 178 majority. Elects the entire Republican county ticket, with the exception of Recorder and Treasurer. Stillwagor, Rep., beats Mansfield for the Assembly about 600 votes. Chances favor the election of Ford, Rep., to the Senate, over Pendegast, as four precincts in Lake county only give the latter 99 majority.

CALAVERAS.

Haight gets 100 majority; but report says the Republican Senator and two Assemblymen are elected.

YOLO.

It is conceded that Yolo has gone Republican, and most of their county ticket elected, including Freeman for the Assembly.

YUBA.

This county gives Booth 175 majority, and elects all the Republicans, except Sheriff.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Returns to San Francisco are nearly complete. Enough is known to assure the defeat of Badham, candidate for Assessor on Taxpayers' ticket, and the election of Hynes, Recorder, and Pennie, Justice of the Peace—both on Democratic ticket.

TUOLUMNE.

Haight carries the county by 190 majority. But Republican Senator and Representatives elected.

SANTA CLARA.

Houghton has a majority in the county of 500. Booth's majority 350. No doubt that the whole Republican ticket is carried by a large majority.

MERCED.

One precinct gives Haight 135, Booth 67. Balance of State ticket about the same.

SAN BERNARDINO.

Only 393 votes counted, giving Haight 123 majority. The county will probably give Haight 350 majority.

MONTEREY.

Democratic by small majority on State ticket. Republican county ticket elected except Assessor. Large Republican gains in the county.

MARIN.

Two precincts give Booth 80, Haight 53; Coghlan 81, Pearce 70.

DEEP SPRING.

Supposed to have gone for Mulkey.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A monster demonstration was held in Dublin on the 3d of the present month; 100,000 people were present. The object of the meeting was to demand the release of the Fenian prisoners. As the people were returning the police attempted some arrests, when a terrible riot took place, which continued through the night and the next day, the police being repulsed in every attempt to quell the disturbance. Half the police are injured—even the women fought against them.

From Rome we have the news that the primates of the church are becoming reconciled to the political situation of Italy.

Report accuses the executive committee of the London International Society of having recently resolved upon the extreme measure of assassinating Thiers and the Kings of Italy, Spain, Portugal and Belgium, because they stand as obstacles in the way of the success of the Internationals' scheme of social and political reform.

The French Assembly are debating a motion to move to Paris.

The Viceroy of Egypt has dismissed all the Americans employed in the civil and military service of that country, because the Turks are jealous of them.

Six female communes (petroleum incendiaries) stood trial in Paris; four of them have been executed.

A correspondent of The London Times, speaking of the abolition of the National Guard in France, says that the news had been received at Lyons, Marseilles and other large towns that the Guard in these cities declare they will keep their arms, and will not be dissolved as a body. They will even resist to the end, civil war and the regular troops rather than give up their arms.

The anniversary of the occupation of the Roman States will be celebrated in Rome on the 28th instant, by the passage of the National Guards through the city and theatricals.

A committee of Confederate cotton bond holders are about to publish a report and correspondence.

There are 60,000 troops in the city of Paris, and a constant patrol is kept up.

The North German Bishops have just commenced a series of secret conferences at Fulda to consider the question of the dogma of infallibility. At these meetings it has been decided to omit the customary morning Cathedral high mass. From their earnest manner since they have commenced to conduct their sittings it is evident they mean business.

Cholera is abating in the Baltic provinces of Prussia, and all fear of it as an epidemic this year in Berlin has vanished.

Bavaria recalls her ultramontane Minister at Rome and substitutes a partisan of the Dollinger movement. The change causes discontent in Rome and exultation among the new German church party.

Mahmoud Pasha has been appointed Grand Vizier of Turkey.

The French Assembly are considering proposals from the Magdalena Bay Company to colonize Commune prisoners in Lower California.

Rossel has been convicted of crimes by the French court-martial, and sentenced to death.

It was voted in the French Assembly not to remove the seat of Government from Versailles to Paris.

The Grand Vizier of Turkey died September 6.

DIED

At Camp Independence, Cal., September 10, the infant daughter of Lt. C. P. White, U. S. A., aged 15 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

For County Judge.

CHARLES WHIPPLE

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS an Independent Candidate for the office of County Judge of Inyo County. tf

PROBATE NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN PURSUANCE of the order of the Probate Court of the County of Los Angeles, State of California, made August 17th, 1871, in the matter of the estate of H. J. Yarrow, deceased, the undersigned, Administrator of said estate, will sell at private sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the real of land first described in one parcel and the mining interests either in one parcel or in subdivisions, and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on TUESDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Glassell, Chapman & Smith, attorneys at law, in the city of Los Angeles, County and State aforesaid, all the right, title and interest that the said deceased had at the time of his death, or that his estate has by operation of law or otherwise acquired since his death, in and to the following described real estate, to-wit:

1. That certain lot of land situate in the city and county of Los Angeles, State of California, north of the Catholic church in said city, bounded north by the tile roofed house and lot of land formerly belonging to Juan Sanchez, deceased, east by Main street, south by the house of Macedonio Aguilar and the lot formerly belonging to Juan Apablaza, and on the west by New High street.

The following mining interests in Lone Pine mining district, Inyo county, State of California, to wit:

1. The interest of the deceased in the mines, claims, lodes, privileges and mining claims, land, mill and all other real estate belonging to the Wolfskill & Cervantes Mining Company:
2. 40 feet in the "Casta" or "Bandera" lode.
3. 85 feet in the "Albertina" lode.
4. 304½ feet in the "Queen City" lode.
5. 25 feet in the "Gran Poder" lode.

Being all the right, title and interest of said deceased in said lodes.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE—Cash in United States gold coin; ten per cent of the purchase money payable on the day of sale; balance on confirmation of sale by said Probate Court.

Bids or offers shall be in writing, and may be left at the offices of Glassell, Chapman & Smith aforesaid, or may be delivered personally to the undersigned, at his place of business in the city of Los Angeles, or may be filed in the office of the Clerk of said Probate Court, at any time after the first publication of this notice and before the making of said sale.

Deed at expense of purchaser.

B. COHN,
Administrator of the Estate of H. J. Yarrow, deceased.

Los Angeles, August 22, 1871. n64:3

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS well known and long established

LIVERY BUSINESS,

Situated in Lone Pine, together with the following stock:

One Buggy and Team.
Four Saddle and Work Horses.
Two New Saddles and One Side Saddle.
One Set Lead Harness.

All of which will be sold cheap for cash, as the proprietor intends going East.

n6:3f I. W. HUNT.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 16,.....1871

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

The Complete Returns!

On our editorial page will be found the complete vote as polled at the various precincts in the county. The table is correct, and may be examined with interest, showing as it does, on the local candidates, some curious facts. Following are the names and respective votes of the candidates for the different districts: Cerro Gordo—for Constables, W. T. Grant, 2; E. Randolph, 1. For Judge of Election, John Simpson, 1. For Roadmaster, Thomas McDonough, 71. At Lone Pine the votes stood promiscuous, thusly: For Constables—A. C. Harvey, 28; W. J. Covington, 41; J. P. Rittgers, 8; James Allan, 5; C. D. Begole, 1. For Roadmaster, Charles Whipple, 52; N. F. Coburn, 17. For Judges of Election, A. M. Loomis, 18; Charles Whipple, 4; Albert Johnson, 1; John Lucas, 2; P. Pearson, 2. For Clerk of Election, J. H. Stratton, 17; R. Van Dyke, R. Loomis and Wm. L. Moore, 1 each. (Dad worked hard for himself) At Independence, the following is the vote: For Constables—W. J. Lake, 61; R. D. Parker, 21; La Fayette Gill, 7; E. Kane, 12; B. C. Stauff, 1; and John Wallace, 1.(!) For Roadmaster—J. H. Cook, 66; P. P. Dow, 9; A. N. Bell, 1. For Judges of Election—Thomas May, 27; James Philo Waldo Perham, 27; Henry M. Isaacs, 2; P. Reddy, 3; Joseph Fernbach, 3; J. S. Broder, 1. For Inspector—John B. White, 47. (The unmitigated "check" of White, May and Perham, in thus re-electing themselves is appalling, unequalled even by that rascally School Board.) For Bonepicker, Mr. Blank received 1. Further up, at Fish Springs, the vote stood: For Constable—Robert Hogan, 27; James Tobasco, 1; H. G. Sharpless, 14; J. S. Bodles, 9; A. J. Jones, 1; Paul Houard, 3; John Bell, 1. For Roadmaster—Hugh Mann, 20; John Cocroft, 13; D. Naylor, 9; E. Goodale, 1. For Judges of Election—W. A. Baker, 18; G. H. Shedd, 3; W. M. Stewart, 12. For Inspector—J. W. McMurray, 14; Patrick Sheridan, 4; and Duncan Campbell, 1. Bishop Creek went light, and voted thiswise: For Constables—Barney Peeler, 38; James Brown, 34. For Roadmaster—James Shaw, 40. Round Valley goes head on the number of candidates, as follows: For Constables—C. L. Howard, 15; John Crough, 11; Joseph Hilton, 1; Barney Peeler, 1; John Brown, 3; James Landes Cathcart (&c.) Sherwin, 4. For Roadmaster—D. Olds, 19; A. Goodridge, 3. For Judges of Election—R. Hilton, 14; W. W. Vaugn, 3; J. G. Bircham, 2; J. L. C. Sherwin, 4; D. Olds, 4; E. P. Baker, 1; John Laird, 2. For Inspector—E. P. Baker, 10; John Laird, 3; Skimmerhorn, 1. Returns from Deep Spring are awaited with the greatest anxiety.

Fishing.

Just across the big range, or at least on the other side of the first summit, is, from all accounts, a paradise for hunters and Waltonians—game of all description being plenty and of the finest varieties. A great many parties have been out during the summer, and all represent themselves as surfeited with sport. We believe that Mr. Mulky, Dr. Lessene, and others of Lone Pine are over there, (who, by the way, propose making the ascent of the daddy of all American mountains — Whitney), and a party from the Kearsarge mill have just returned. The latter were a healthy crowd of ducks—consisting of Charley Van Gorder, E. Harris, Harry Clauson and A. Montgomery. According to Montgomery, they captured just one thousand and one trout, a mess of which found their way to our sanctum. The whole party are fishists, while Harris is one of the best shots in the State—and they all have our permission to go again if they want to.

Unknown Man Drowned.

The remains of a man were on the 5th instant, found floating upon the river at a place nearly opposite the point of the Alabama range. The facts were reported to Coroner Lank, who, immediately repaired to the place to make an examination, but the body had floated away. Two or three days were spent in active search, resulting in the discovery of the remains some two miles below. A jury was summoned, who found a verdict to the effect that the remains were those of a man unknown to them, and that he had met his death by drowning. There were no marks of violence, and the body was covered with no clothing save a woolen shirt. It had been in the water some fifteen or sixteen days.

Dr. C. Billings.

We observe by an advertisement in The Alpine Miner that the above named gentleman, who at one time held forth in this locality, is practising dentistry at Monitor, Alpine county. We hope the Dr. is doing well, but we wish to submit this question to his consideration: Did not he forget something when he left here? Seems to us he did.

Obligations.

We are under obligations to Dr. Brower for a little old hat, which that gentleman has forwarded us. It is probably the same plug which the Tulare officers discovered in the trunk of this valiant cavalry officer. But we deprecate his lack of judgment: he should have sent it to Visalia.

Election Bets.

Several healthy stacks of ducats changed hands on the result of the election, State and County, here in town. Those who play must pay.

THE SILVER SPROUT.

As the future prosperity of this locality depends in a great measure upon the working results of our neighboring mines, we propose to devote a little space to the description and prospects of the one which probably above any other, will, sooner or later, have the most to do with our material interest. This is the mine, or series of mines rather, known as the Silver Sprout. In company with two mining experts, Mr. D. P. Pearce and Mr. Martin Mee, foreman of the Kearsarge mine, and also Mr. Wingard, of the Silver Sprout Company, we last Wednesday devoted several hours in examining the various openings, shafts and tunnels that are to be found upon this mine. For several months past Mr. Wingard has been very industriously engaged in prospecting the mines in every part. Added to those already made, there are some twenty shafts and tunnels, the deepest and longest of which are about 75 feet. From the exposures made in each and all of them, an approximate idea of the great value of this mine can be arrived at. The openings are all embraced within an area of say 500 by 2,000 feet, being pretty evenly distributed over this space, all showing a surprising uniformity in the breadth of the different ledges, and the quantity and quality of the ore exposed. The tunnels are all from 4 to 5½ feet in width, every inch of which is vein matter, exposing on either side a smooth, perfectly defined granite casing; affording conclusive evidence that they are true fissure veins. In the area above mentioned there are not less than thirty different ledges, together forming the most perfect labyrinth or net work of quartz veins that we have ever seen in so small a space. The two principal ones, called the "Lamb" and "Silver Sprout" are about 300 feet apart. They run parallel to each other, and also to the crest of the mountains upon which they are located. Their direction is about northeast and southwest. They cut through and across three spurs or ridges, and corresponding ravines, which extend down the side of the mountain. This gives the best possible position for prospecting at varying hights. Both of these ledges have been opened at various places, from 50 to 300 feet apart, covering in all some 1,500 feet. The Lamb Lode is the lowest down upon the precipitous mountain side. Between the two main ledges several cross leads have been prospected, all of which carry about the same character and quality of ore that is found in the main lodes. From the upper side there are a dozen or more well defined leads or feeders which center upon the Silver Sprout, all at an acute angle. Several of them have been prospected, each presenting the same general characteristics of the main, or Silver Sprout, lode. It is the expressed opinion of those best posted in such matters, that at no great depth these numerous leads must all merge into one grand, mother vein. Should this prove to be the case, the probabilities are this mine would have no superior in the world. This possible chance, however, should have nothing to do with the present value of the mine, because already above the level of the lowest workings there is certainly enough good ore exposed to keep a 20-stamp mill running a life time, at least that is our candid belief; and we most assuredly have no desire or intention to give this or any other mine a fictitious value; since every mining failure, no matter how brought about, reacts upon every interest of the county. There is no need, however, for any one to mislead in regard to this mine, or series of mines rather, for the truth of every assumption can very easily be verified by actual observation and tests. In order to determine the future course in regard to the management of the mine, Mr. Wingard has selected for shipment and reduction in San Francisco, about 3,000 pounds of fair, average ore, a portion from the several different openings of the mine. This will probably determine the actual value per ton of the ore. Should this prove satisfactory, and we have no doubt it will, the exposures already made are sufficient to form a fair estimate of the probable quantity that could each day be produced ready for reduction. We have already hazarded an opinion on this point, and will not repeat it. The mine is in such a shape that very little preparation, other than preparing dumps, will be necessary in order to extract the ore in quantities. But little dead work will ever be required, so far can be judged from present indications. The location of the mine, considered in relation to the facilities for getting out and reducing the ore may be considered as good as could be desired. The altitude is very great, probably not less than 10,000 feet above the sea. It is about three miles distant from, but fully 3,000 feet higher, than the famous Kearsarge mine, and on the same mountain. It is, however, an entirely distinct series of mines, though there is a great similarity in the nature and appearance of the ores of the two mines. Both carry a small percentage of base metals, but scarcely enough to be considered "rebellious;" at least we are so informed by those who have tested both. The mine is situated upon the southern face of the mountain in such a manner that the snows or storms cannot materially affect the transportation of the ore by tramway, which is the only cheap method practicable. In the late workings a fine stream or well of water has been struck, a matter of no small importance when it is understood that previous to this lucky strike all the water used about the mine and for household purposes had to be packed from the creek, which is a long distance below, and at an expense of $18 per week for a meagre supply for six men. The mill now owned by this company is down the canyon nearly five miles from the mines. All the ore to this mill will have to be packed on mules at a very great expense, and during the winter months this cannot be done at all. The proper place for the mill is immediately below and about one mile distant from the mine. Here there is an abundance of timber and water, a wide flat or valley free from all dangers of snow slides, and where, by means of a tramway, ore can at all seasons of the year be shipped directly from the mine to the batteries. The whole cost of mining, transportation and reduction of the ore from the mine, with the proper and practicable facilities, need not exceed $10 per ton. The Silver Sprout is unquestionably a very valuable mine, and with the proper management can not fail to remunerate its owners and at the same time prove of great benefit to this section generally.

A Chance.

A brother of the proprietors of this paper, writing from Iowa, very anxiously inquires if there is a place for him on some County Central Committee in case he should come to Inyo. Relying upon our influence with the editor of The Lancet, we reply that there is. The Independent party need some one at Cerro Gordo. Deep Spring not heard from.

For County Judge.

Elsewhere will be seen the official announcement that Charles Whipple, Esq., will be a candidate for County Judge at the ensuing Judicial election. Col. Whipple has been admitted to the bar, and is a well qualified, popular man. The candidates stand: John A. Hannah, Dem.; David Love, Rep.; D. D. Gunnison and Col. Whipple, Independents.

Died.

Many friends of Mr. Robinson, formerly blacksmithing with H. C. Morse in this place, will sincerely regret to learn of his death, which occurred on Greenhorn mountain, about two weeks ago. Deceased had been ill a long time, and was traveling in hopes of improving his health. He was a good man.

Wants It.

We have received an express package containing a twenty-five cent shinplaster from a gentleman residing at Silver Peak, Nevada. In return he desires The Independent containing the election returns from Deep Spring, in order to decide a $40,000 bet on the Governor.

On the Mountain.

Fires on the summit of Mount Whitney have announced to observing Lone Piners that Mulkey and party have reached that lofty altitude, and are telegraphing the question "How is this for High?" Even Mulkey has not yet heard from Deep Spring.

Better.

We are glad to announce that favorable reports are being received concerning the condition of C. D. Begole, of Lone Pine, who was so badly pounded with a six-shooter. Erysipelas set in, and for a time his recovery was doubtful.

Petition.

A petition is being circulated praying for the establishment of a daily mail from Aurora through to Cerro Gordo. Everybody sign the petition, and then pray that Dexter is not awarded the contract.

Religious Notice.

There will be preaching at the school house to-morrow, at 11 o'clock, by Rev. J. Tamblyn; Sunday school at 12 o'clock.

BREWERIES.

PIONEER & GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

—AT—

Independence & Lone Pine.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THESE ESTABLISHMENTS respectfully notify the public that they are still in the field, and engaged in making a superior quality of

"Bully Lager Beer,"

Which they will deliver, at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine, Independence and vicinity, at the most reasonable rates.

MUNZINGER, FEENBACH & LUBKENS
au26n61tf Proprietors.

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART.

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly,

je10n50tf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for County Scrip.
jy22n56m3 J. B. ROWLEY.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46m3

TRAVELING.

PIONEER

PASSENGER & EXPRESS

LINE

TO LOS ANGELES.

H. W. ROBINSON & CO. BEG LEAVE TO inform the citizens of Owens Valley that they have established a

WEEKLY STAGE LINE

To Los Angeles, and having stocked the line with six changes of horses, good time will be made. This is 90 miles shorter than by any other route, and over a safer and by far the best road. We will connect with the steamers and coast line of stages to San Francisco, making this the cheapest route to that point. Will also connect with the stage to San Bernardino and Arizona.

Special attention paid to fast freight and express packages.

☞ Collections and commissions promptly attended to.☜

The above line of stages will leave Lone Pine and Los Angeles every Monday morning, returning to arrive at Lone Pine and Los Angeles every Thursday.

Fare, - - - - - - $10.

Agent at Lone Pine—DAN CANTY, at Orleans Hotel, to whom all applications must be made for tickets and freight. my20n47m3*

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

TELEGRAPH

STAGE LINE,

BETWEEN

Independence, Lone Pine, Havilah, Visalia, Gilroy & San Francisco,

Carrying United States Mail

AND

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

ROBERTS & GEORGE, Proprietors.

ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 1st, 1871, THE above Passenger and Express Line will run as follows: Leave San Francisco on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, on first train of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Returning, leave Independence and Lone Pine on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Passengers have the privilege of laying over at any point.

ROBERTS & GEORGE.

P. P. Dow, Agent at Independence.
C. D. Brooks, Agent at Lone Pine. au19m3

DRUGS ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tfte

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL

For Sale.

I WILL SELL MY BLACK HORSES "EBONY" and "Sheep Driver," also one iron axle wagon, 1¼ inch spindles, nearly new, and suitable for two heavy or four light horses; also, one set of Concord wheel harness, one silky and silks harness. n38tf PAUL W. BENNETT.

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes,
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20 n47tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek

CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS.

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS

AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, June 20, 1871. je14n52tf

C. & M. Cohn,

OPPOSITION STORE,

LONE PINE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

au26n61tf

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, sample and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my4n49tf HICKEY & WALKER.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 16,.....1871

Experiments With Onions.

J. B. Wolf, M. D., of Washington, lately forwarded to the Farmers' Club, N. Y., the following communication: On shipboard at New Orleans, in the year 1849, in charge of one hundred marines, with cholera among them, I observed that those who ate freely of onions, supposing them to be healthy, were attacked certainly and fatally. Onions and salt cured the bite of a rattlesnake bite on my son, and are considered a specific in all snake bites. I have found four separate witnesses of phenomena connected with small pox and fevers.

1. Onions in rooms with small pox rot rapidly.
2. Blisters rise in them.
3. They retain and communicate the virus many weeks after the epidemic has subsided.
4. Applied to the feet of fever patients they rapidly turn black.
5. They prevent the spread of small pox in thickly populated tenements by absorbing the virus.
6. A man with hydrophobia, in his frenzy, ate voraciously of them and recovered.

From all these facts may be deduced:

1. That onions should not be eaten when there is a prevailing epidemic.
2. That onions sliced and frequently changed are good disinfectants.
3. That experiments should be made to test their usefulness. For many years I have opposed vaccination, as ordinarily done, and hence hail with satisfaction any means of mitigating the virus of this distemper.

Warm Bathing.

The warm bath is a grand remedy, and will often prevent the most virulent of diseases. A person who may be in fear of having received infection of any kind, should speedily plunge into a warm bath, suffer perspiration to ensue, and then rub dry, and dress securely to guard against taking cold. If the system has imbibed any infectious matter, it will certainly be removed by this process if it be resorted to before the infection has time to spread over the system; and even if some time has elapsed, the drenching perspiration that may be induced in a hot bath will be pretty sure to remove it.—*Family Herald.*

Laying Down Cucumbers.

The best way to lay down cucumbers is to sprinkle salt over them, and let them form their own brine. A board and a stone should be laid over them, in order to keep them under the brine. If in three days there is not enough brine formed to cover the cucumbers, there is not salt enough on them and more should be added. They should never be allowed to protrude above the brine, as a white mold will form and they will soon soften. In cutting the cucumbers from the vine, leave a stem on the pickles. They keep better and appear better on the table.

To do up Shirt Bosoms.

Take two ounces of fine white gum arabic powder, put it into a pitcher and pour on a pint of water and then having covered it, let it stand all night. In the morning pour it carefully from the dregs into a clean bottle, cork it and keep it for use. A tablespoonful of gum water poured in a pint of starch made in the usual manner, will give to lawn, either white or printed, a look of newness when nothing else can restore them after they have been washed.

How to Make Seidlitz Powder.

Seidlitz powders are an excellent corrective for acidity of the stomach; and every farmer can make them for himself. Mix twelve drams of powdered Epsom salts with twelve scruples of powder carbonate of soda, and divide into six parts in blue papers. Divide also in six parts, in white papers, four drams of Tartaric acid in six powders. Every time you take the powders, mix one of each paper in two glasses.

To Clean Blankets.

A lady recommends the following mode of cleaning blankets: Put two large tablespoonfuls of borax and a pint bowl of soft soap into a cup of cold water. When dissolved, place in a suitable vessel, put in a pair of blankets, and let them remain over night. Next day rub and drain them out, and rinse thoroughly in two waters, and hang them out to dry. Do not wring them.

Care of the Hair.

Frequent brushing and washing once a week with a teaspoonful of liquid ammonia in a bowlful of warm water, is said to be the best treatment possible for the hair. If any stimulant is required, half an ounce of dry ammonia, rubbed into a pint of olive oil, is the finest dressing to be made, and prevents hair from turning gray, if anything will, and urges its growth.

Eating Before Retiring.

It is very injurious to eat just before retiring. The desire for it is simply the result of habit or of a morbid craving—and should be at once overcome.

—Children are great realists, interpreting things in the most literal sense. To the infantile mind that beautiful metaphor of the Lord walking in the garden in the cool of the day, conveys the idea of tangible presence.

"I know," said a little boy to whom the passage was read, "just as papa does, with his hands behind him, and an old coat on."

—Every boy and girl should be taught some useful employment, such as shall make them self supporting.

—There are eleven million horses in the United States.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old mottos of

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise,

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES

Dry Goods.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s EXPRESS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

MUTUAL Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

GERMAN POSTOFFICE MONEY ORDERS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

my20n47tf

Die Unterzeichneten

sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.

Harris & Rhine, Agenten.

my20n47tf

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. a29n5m6

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC Insurance Company

Of San Francisco.

Fire and Marine.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.

J. HUNT, President.

A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.

HARRIS & RHINE,

AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms my20n47m3

LIVERY STABLES.

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. n05-6m

THE PIONEER LIVERY, SALE —AND— FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.

Independence, July 13, 1871, jy15n55m3

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. n51m6

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

R. J. MORRISON,

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries,

HARDWARE,

Crockery and Glass Ware,

PAINTS, OILS,

Varnish and Window Glass.

Also, a fine assortment of the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a well-assorted

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

of 500 volumes.

School Books, Blank Books and Stationery.

TO THE ABOVE STOCK THE UNDERSIGNED would most respectfully beg leave to call your attention, especially to the quality and

Greatly Reduced Prices!

TERMS---STRICTLY CASH.

R. J. MORRISON, Proprietor.

Postmaster, Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.; also, agent for the **Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.**

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., July 29, 1881. n57m3*

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

Wines and Liquors,

Dry-Goods,

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

HARDWARE,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

—AND—

EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.

Fish Springs, July 22, 1871. n56m3

Great Bargains!

GREAT SACRIFICE

—OF—

Property!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS entire stock of goods at

Less Than San Francisco Cost Prices!

Bacon.....	20 cts ℔ lb
Hams.....	22 cts ℔ lb
Crushed Sugar.	℔ barrel, 20 cts.
do do	4½ lbs $1
Brown Sugar...	½ barrel $16
do do	5½ lbs $1
Candles, by the box, $5	
do	9 for 50 cts
Ground Coffee, by the case, 36 cts.	
do do	37½ cts ℔ lb
Green Coffee...	by the sack, 23 cts
do do	25 cts ℔ lb
Lard.....	by the case, 24 cts
do	10 pound can, $2 50
do	5 " " 1 25
Best Japan Tea, 75 cts by the case	
do	80 cts ℔ lb
Dried Apples.....	5½ lbs for $1
Dried Grapes.....	5½ lbs for $1

CANNED STUFFS.

Tomatoes.....	50 cts ℔ can
Oysters.....	50 do
Salmon.....	62½ do
Lobster.....	62½ do
Jellies.....	62½ do
Spiced Oysters.....	75 do

All other articles, too numerous to mention, in the same proportion. Orders from the Valley will be promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by cheapest conveyance.

20,000 Dollars Worth of New Stock of Goods,

To arrive immediately, comprising an assortment of

General Merchandise,

Which will be sold at same reduction in prices, without reserve.

Still Larger Sacrifices

In all articles of **Clothing & Dry Goods.**

TERMS — CASH ON DELIVERY.

V. BEAUDRY.

Cerro Gordo, July 12, 1871. jy16n55tf

TINSMITH.

INYO PIONEER

TIN SHOP,

Of INDEPENDENCE.

WELCH & STEVENS,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.

STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.

HAVING PURCHASED H. C. MORSE'S BLACK SMITH shop, adjoining our tin shop, and obtained the services of a

NUMBER ONE WORKMAN,

We Propose to do **BLACKSMITHING** in all its **Branches,** as Cheap and in a style NOT EXCELLED by any shop in the County. Satisfaction guaranteed. Please give us a call, at our shop on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store. WELCH & STEVENS.

jy8n54tf

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Store in Post Office Building,

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for family use because it so seldom gets out of order. It there is one no working well in

CALIFORNIA, OREGON, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, NEVADA, IDAHO, ALASKA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, MEXICO, JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South, Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.

ap29n44m4

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE, Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fc4n32-6m*

LEGAL.

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 6.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, August 16th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN H. WINTERS, Superintendent of the Kearsarge Mining Company, on behalf of said company, has this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for one thousand, eight hundred feet in length of the "KEARSARGE LODE," with a surface width of fifty feet on each side of the lode. Said lode supposed to be one hundred feet in width, which belongs to the Kearsarge Mining Company, a corporation; adjoining on the East end the extension claims of James R. Wall, J. R. Hughes and G. W. Brady, and on the West end the extension claims of R. M. Shuey, J. B. Rowley and John Clarke, situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. Notice is further given that they intend to apply for and have embraced in the said patent together and in connetcion with the "Kearsarge Lode," the land on which the Kearsarge mill is erected, together with a sufficient space of land around said mill for the convenient use of said mill; also the Water Right of said Kearsarge Mining Company on Little Pine Creek. The property sought to be patented together with the said "Kearsarge Lode" is known as the "Kearsarge Mill Site and Water Claim on Little Pine Creek," and is described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a stump, it being the N. E. corner of what is known as McCormick, Kittleson, Cornell and Hill's cabin, 24 links from Pine Creek, from which a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears N. ¼ deg. E. distant 62 links, also a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears S. 58½ deg. E. distant 64 links, thence N. 25½ deg. E. distant 4 chains to a tree blazed and marked as follows: Blazed on three sides and notched toward the creek and marked "Head of the Kearsarge Mining Company's Ditch," thence N. 62½ deg. W. to the foot of the main mountain, thence N. 27½ deg. E. distant 91 rods, thence S. 62½ deg. E. to a stone mound on the opposite side of the creek, thence S. 27½ deg. W. along the East side of Pine Creek to a point opposite to and to place of beginning. And also all the water, water rights and privileges found upon or in any manner belonging to said tract of land—situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

au26n61m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 4.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have this day filed in this office a diagram, and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the "LAMB" Lode, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of Range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Silver Sprout" Lode on the northeasterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is five feet wide—all of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

jy29n57m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 5.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the SILVER SPROUT Lode, with a surface width of one hundred lineal feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Lamb" lode on the southwesterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is four feet wide. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

jy29n57m3

Application for Patent.

(NOTICE NO. 3.)

U. S. REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 1st, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. L. AND J. L. GREELEY have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for four thousand feet of the LAST CHANCE LODE, situated in Esmeralda Mining District, Esmeralda County, Nevada, and particularly described as follows:

Commencing at a post, the point of notice near the east end of the town of Aurora, about 5 chains north-easterly from the Monroe House, and about six chains north-easterly from the Wide West mill, running thence along the lode line

1. N. 54 deg. E. 4 chains.
2. N. 60 deg. 20 min. E. 2 71 chains.
3. N. 70 deg. 10 min. E. 7 23 chains.
4. S. 23 deg. 19 min. E. 8.50 chains.
5. N. 86 deg. 59 min. E. 6 02 chains.

Thence to the Westerly boundary of the Juniata lode claim, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line; also the mill site of the Wide West mill, described as follows:

Commencing at a post from which the South Westerly corner of the Wide West mill bears N. 54 deg. 20 min. E. distant 3.41 chains, and running

1. N. 11 deg. 28 min. E. 4 50 chains.
2. S. 78 deg. 32 min. E. 7.50 chains.
3. S. 11 deg. 28 min. W. 4 50 chains.
4. N. 78 deg. 32 min. W. 7 50 chains.

All of which is more particularly described by the diagram posted in this office and on the claim.

Bearings from the magnetic meridian.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

jy8n54m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a south-easterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

je17 n51m3

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I. DAVIDSON, a co-partner in the firm heretofore existing under the name of J. S. Rothchild & Co., (where J. S. Rothchild, I. Davidson and J. P. M. Perham were the co-partners), has this day by mutual consent withdrawn from the business. All the liabilities of the late firm whether in notes, acceptances or due bills, must be presented within 30 days from this date to J. S. Rothchild and J. P. M. Perham, hereafter carrying on business under the firm, name and style of J. S. Rothchild & Co., who will pay the same.

Either partner of the old firm is authorized to receive and receipt for all debts and demands due us this day and date.

J. S. ROTHCHILD, I. DAVISON, J. P. M. PERHAM.

Independence, August 25, 1871. a30n63tf

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Volume II. INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA: SEPTEMBER 23, 1871. Number 65.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, September 23, 1761.

TERMS:

One Year, by Mail or Express	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
Three Months	1 75
One Month	50
Single Copies	25

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Will be charged for as follows, invariably in advance:

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One Square (10 lines or less)	1 Month	$5 00
" " "	2 "	8 00
" " "	3 "	10 00

REGULAR ADVERTISERS

Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

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Attorney and Counselor At Law,

Havilah, Kern Co., Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the Sixteenth Judicial District. au19-1

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WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. 9281

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WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

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Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no5ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. jly9tf

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

AND GENERAL

Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.

Have all goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.

WM. M. OSBORN.

jy15n55m3

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE

SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. jc10n50m6

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.

LEWIS SCHNEIDER.

At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.

jy15n55m3

PAINTING, ETC.

PAINTING,

Wagon & Carriage Making,

PAPER HANGING, ETC.

J. G. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP, and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,

for cash. jo10n50tf

HOTELS.

ORLEANS HOTEL,

LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.

D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a

Bar Attached,

Which has constantly on hand the choicest of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.

Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. jc17y1

FRENCH RESTAURANT

—AND—

ONE BIT SALOON.

PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edwards street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—drinks, 12½ cents.

au19m*

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BIGBY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n42v6m

SALOONS.

PIONEER SALOON,

LONE PINE, CAL.,

C. D. BEGOLE, - - - Proprietor.

HAVING THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND refitted this popular place of resort, the proprietor calls attention to the fact that he has now on hand the largest and best stock of

THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,

Ever brought to the county, which he will dispense of over the bar at the usual rates. n61m3

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

A CLTERATION BY WATER BEING NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

au10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8429-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

in the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

fc4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

EXCELSIOR SALOON,

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on **cash** customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.

B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.

Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand.

MY NATIVE HOME.

[The following exquisite lines were published in the Golden Era several years ago, from the pen of "Hugh Humphrey:"]

Valleys of green under cloudless skies,
Where the tall, dark forms of pine trees rise,
Where the hunter lies 'neath the cooling shade
Of a branching beach, in a lovly glade,
Where the silver glow of the moonlight pale
Shimmers the sea and the dewy vale,
Where the wild deer bounds to the cooling lake
To dash through its foam, or his thirst to slake—
I've a truant been, and I love to roam,
But yet, I've a love for my native home.

Ye mountains and hills of my native land,
Ye rivers, that flow to the rocky strand;
Ye forests that stretch over valleys and hills,
Ye meadows, made glad by the music of rills—
Cottages dear where the loved ones dwell,
(The tears will fall and the heart will swell,
As I think of the time when I said farewell.)
Under the chime of the sweet Sabbath bell—
I'm a truant still and I love to roam,
Though I love to think of my native home.

There are golden isles on the Summer seas,
Where the low winds sweep through the orange trees;
There are plains where the plume-like palm trees rise;
Under the glowing tropical skies;
There are lands that boast of their wealth of gold
And the mighty deeds of their warriors bold,
The honor, the wealth and the world-wide fame
Of foreign lands may I never claim,
There is still one spot, though I long may roam,
That is dear to me; 'tis my native home.

Trial of Alanson Gardner—Fourth Day—The Prisoner's Story.

[From The Los Angeles News, September 9.]

The Gardner case was resumed at 10 A. M., yesterday. Henry Bowen was recalled by defense, and admitted that he had been a sportsman; that when his health permitted he dealt cards.

Daniel Burchard, recalled, testified that about a month before the killing, he had had a conversation with the witness, Bowen, in the course of which Bowen had said that "he'd be d—d if he didn't get even with the Bilderbecks." When Henry and Goodhue took up the canyon witness had told them that the Bilderbecks claimed it. Al. Henry had said that he would cut wood out of that canyon or be packed out of it.

The accused was then sworn in his own behalf and proceeded to give a long and circumstantial narrative, repeating conversations and going into minute details. His coolness while giving his version of the horrible affair, to which he was privy, amounted almost to nonchalance. We give the prisoner's statement in full:

Questioned by the Court—I was born in Massachusetts; have been in this country since '61; believe in a hereafter; have lived lived constantly in California since '61; first came to San Francisco; came to Los Angeles county in 1864; freighted to Owens River, thence to Lone Pine; am not a man of family; lived awhile in Tehechepi Valley; got hurt in '65; went to Little Lake; kept station there in '65 or '66; went thence to Lone Pine; kept saloon there; came from there some two years ago.

Questioned by Col. Howard—State what you know in regard to the opposing claims of Al. Henry and the Bilderbeck boys about that canyon.

Al. Henry and George Goodhue went from this place to the canyon with me, to chop wood for me; I put them in the canyon where I had a wood claim, to chop there some fifteen cords of wood; they said the wood was very rough timber, that they could go in the adjoining canyon and take it up and cut wood for themselves if I would allow them three dollars a cord for their wood; told them I'd do it; they went there, chopped several days before they commenced a road; during that time Al. Henry came to me and said the Bilderbeck boys had been in that canyon and notified him to quit; that part of it where the road would go was their claim. I said to him: they will not object to the road's going down there, will they? He said it wouldn't make any odds if they did, he should put the road in and chop the wood. I told him that was all right with me. He says, "you'll not go back on us after we chop the wood and pile it." I told him I would pay him for the wood they chopped after they got the road in. He said they intended to cut the wood unless the Bilderbecks proved to be better men than they were. That was all that was said or transacted at that time. They got the road in; I commenced hauling out wood; hauled some 10 or 12 cords out of there. They were still in dispute about the canyon—Henry and the Bilderbecks. The Bilderbecks came to me and said—they were both together; at this time there was only one—Herschel—come to me and asked me if I had paid that account at Caswell's of them. I told him I had. He said, then we must be in your debt. I told him, yes. He said, "we are going into that canyon where Henry and Goodhue is to chop wood. He says," we'll chop the amount of what we owe you. Also, I will chop 11 cords for that horse, (for a horse that he wanted to buy from me). I told him that I had nothing to do with that canyon whatever. He said it didn't make any odds, they were going in there to chop, (questioned by the Court—I refer to Al. Henry's and George Goodhue's canyon), and if I was afraid or didn't want to take wood out of that canyon that they chopped, they would give me wood out of their own. I told him if they chopped the wood that I would rather take it from there, on account of their canyon's being bad to go into with a team. They went there, commenced chopping; chopped some 10 days. I received one cord of wood from them during that time. That was some two weeks before they were killed that they went in there. Alfred Henry was sick during this time; was not at work George Goodhue was still chopping in the same canyon where the boys were. Al. Henry and Henry Bowen was a hunting around together. During the two weeks most of the time they were stopping at my house. The week before this killing, Al. Henry and Bowen left my place, went up Tejunga canyon on a hunt; was gone some five days I think. I left my place on Saturday before the killing; Bowen and Henry was still up the canyon when I left; had not returned. I came to town with a load of wood to sell. Saturday night I saw a man here in town by the name of Appell; he had just come from Owens River. He says, "I think I will go home with you to-morrow to see the folks. I will meet you at Higby's at 6 o'clock in the morning." I met him there Sunday morning. He says, "I'm going out with you." I told him I was already to hitch up my team. He said "I will go and get my breakfast while you get your team, you meet me at Higby's corner." I drove my team up there and hitched it. In a few minutes he came along with a demijohn. He said, "I can't go out there without some whisky." I says, "I'm already to go." He says, "let's take a drink before we start." We stepped into Higby's and drank. I says, "now let's go.' He says, "wait until I go and load my pistol;" took it out; says, "its partly discharged." I says, "never mind, I will load it for you when we get there.' We started; drove to my house; got there about 3 o'clock in the afternoon; found there (this was Sunday. Sunday afternoon about 3 o'clock; (questioned about Appell—that was his right name, he always went by the name of "Tennessee.") I found there Al. Henry, Buckskin Frank, Henry Bowen and George Goodhue, at my house. Al. Henry came out when I drove up—helped me to unhitch my team. Just as we unhitched the team, Bowen came out. I said, "what kind of luck did you have on your hunt?" Bowen says, "we killed two deer." (Questioned by the Court concerning his acquaintance with Bowen—I seen the man in '65 or 6 here; was not acquainted with him at that time. I got acquainted with him about two years ago; he was accustomed to go out to my house to hunt—not very often—was in Tejunga canyon while I lived there about three times; only a passing acquaintance—that was all). He said they killed two deer. I then got into my wagon, passed out some things. He took some of them and carried them into the house. Henry stood there—Al. Henry—and laid the balance of the stuff on the ground, that I passed out. As I got out of the wagon he said to me, "Them boys is still chopping over there." I told him they were. He says, "I am able to go to work now, and I am going to put them out of the canyon the first thing I do." Al. Henry told me that he could get Henry Bowen's rifle to defend himself with if I would be responsible for the rifle; that Bowen said it cost him $40. I said that was all right. At that time I was called away to the house by Appell ("Tennessee,") saying, "come, we'll drink that whisky all up." We then went to the house, took a drink, set there a short time. I said to Buckskin, "Come, I will go and show you a different place to chop, the place that I was speaking to you about a few days ago." I told Buckskin to get onto his horse and we'd go. I also got onto mine. We rode perhaps a quarter of a mile up the main canyon—Tejunga canyon—above my house. He says to me, "There's no use to go up there," that I had made arrangements with Al. Henry to go into his canyon and chop with him, and he said—Buckskin Frank said that they had already made up their minds to go over there to Henry's canyon and put them fellows out, and if they objected to it, they would kill them or they should them. I also told him (Buckskin) that there was just as good timber where I was going to put him. I told Buckskin we had as good go back. We rode back to the house, hitched our horses and went in. I sat there a few minutes, got up and went out to the corrall. I'd been there but a few minutes around a couple of horses, when Henry Bowen came out. Henry Bowen said to me, "Is Buckskin going up the Tejunga to chop?" I said, "no, he's not; he says—Buckskin says—he is going with Henry into his canyon." Henry Bowen said that he understood by Al. Henry that Buckskin had agreed to go with him into the canyon. I said, "yes, that Al. Henry said that you said he could have the rifle." He says, "They can have the rifle but I will hold you responsible for it."—(Here Court took a recess for 20 minutes).

I told him I would be responsible for the rifle if anything happened. At this time Alfred came out to where we were standing, we went back to the house—Bowen and I and Alfred. Nothing more that day that I recollect concerning this. The men all stayed at my house that night with the exception of George Goodhue. George Goodhue went away sometime in the evening unbeknown to me, he had agreed to plough for me next day. Next morning he came there before breakfast; said he got lost going over to camp and laid down there all night—in the Tejunga canyon. We eat our breakfast (this was Monday morning) I told George Goodhue after breakfast that there was a pair of horses in the corral for him to plough with. He said he didn't feel well, I told him he might work an hour or two I thought: it wouldn't take him long to do what I wanted him to do. He said he didn't want to take those horses; that he was afraid of them. Buckskin and I and Alfred commenced hitching up my team. We got the team hitched, Al Henry was holding them. I started around the wagon toward the house, met Bowen with his rifle; said there was 15 rounds. He says "I will load it;" he threw a load in (a Henry rifle) and went to snap the cock down onto it—the cartridge. It accidentally went off. He threw in another cartridge and pressed the cock down on it. Said it was sure fire as it is, and passed it to me. I got into the wagon and passed it to Al. Henry; took the lines and drove to the canyon. Buckskin Frank rode along behind the wagon on his horse (or mare) had his rifle and six-shooter with him, I also had my six-shooter with me. We got to the mouth of the canyon where we went up the main Tejunga to Al. Henry's canyon and started up it, got about 100 yards up the canyon Buckskin said to Henry, "Come here, I want to speak to you." I stopped the team till he jumped off. After he got off I drove along. He walked up the canyon behind the wagon talking to Buckskin. When we got within 50 yards of where the Bilderbecks were chopping, Al. Henry jumped into the wagon. As we came up to the Bilderbeck boys we passed the time of day—I did. They said, "What are you going to load with to-day?" I said, I was going to load with that dead wood that George Goodhue chopped, and then drove along. When I got up abreast of the pile of wood Henry jumped off. I drove up about 200 yards to turn, came back abreast of the wood pile. Al Henry, and Buckskin stood there by it when I stopped my team. We throwed about half a cord of wood on the wagon. When it was on I got up on the seat. Buckskin picked up his rifle, Henry says "you must let me have that rifle for I am a good shot with that rifle." Buckskin says "all right, I can shoot anything if it's necessary. They started down the canyon. I started along after them with my wagon. Buckskin was leading his mare. As they went around the point in the canyon—a little bend—it brought them in sight of the Bilderbecks. They stopped within about 15 or 20 yards of where the Bilderbeck boys were standing. They were talking. I stopped my team and got down; went to the leaders while they were heading right against Buckskin's mare. As I got there Buckskin passed me his rope. I took the rope. I then said to the Bilderbacks "if I was you I would leave the canyon." By the time I had said this—the words hadn't more than got out of my mouth—they (Henry and Buckskin) raised their guns and fired. Henry Bilderbeck fell. (I was standing within 15 or 20 yards of the Bilderbecks. I didn't fire; was holding Buckskin's horse and my own). Herschel Bilderbeck run down the canyon. Buckskin took the rope from me of his mare, jumped onto her, and started down the canyon. First before he started he throwed the cartridge out of the gun, before he took the rope from me; threw in another cartridge, jumped onto the mare and started down the canyon. I turned round and walked to my wagon; got on and drove down past where the shooting was, to a ravine where there was some wood piled, and hitched my team. Started up on the side of the hill. Seen Buckskin going down the mouth of the canyon to the main Tejunga canyon. I then came back to the wagon. Met Henry also at the wagon. He says, "did that gun go that Buckskin shot, or did it snap?" I told him I didn't think it went. He said "he must have made a d——d poor shot if it went." By this time Buckskin came back up the canyon on his mare; he says, "I killed the s— of a b——, but he dodged terribly around a big sycamore tree." Said that the gun when he caught him, snapped once—didn't go—snapped. Then he dodged around the tree he fired five shots—five times Went on and described the bunch of sycamores where he caught him. He says "you wait here till I go to my camp and get a pick and shovel." We set there till he returned. He says "come on let's cover him up." I says, "I'll finish loading the wagon while you're doing it." Buckshin said, "all right." I finished loading the wagon, went up where they were at work. They had the body put into a hole they'd lug right in the wagon rut—the body of Henry Bilderback—partly covered up. I stood there a few minutes, Buckskin says, "go and get some water." I went up to the camp which was above there about 100 yards—Al. Henry's and George Goodhue's camp. Brought the water to them. They had it all leveled up when I got there—were brushing the road; the dirt was smoothed off. We walked down to the wagon—Buckskin and I and Henry. Sat down behind it where the rifles were laying. Buckskin says, "I want to see what I can do with this gun." He took and fired two shots at a sycamore tree standing about 60 or 70 yards from where he stood. Henry went to see if he hit it, said he hadn't hit it. As he came back, he picked up Buckskin's pistol, laying by the rifle. Said, "I can beat that with this;" fired at the same time. Says, "I guess it's no use for me to look, for I'm satisfied I didn't hit it that distance." I got onto my wagon and Henry also got onto the wagon. Buckskin throwed the pick and shovel on the wagon. Started down the canyon. Buckskin rode alongside the wagon. Says to me "all we ask of you now is to never let this go any further than it is————"

At this juncture the Court adjourned, after considerable discussion between the counsel. The District Attorney protested against such action. The trial of the case will be resumed at 10 A. M. on Monday.

Who Are Entitled to Bounty Lands.

The Commissioner of Pensions will soon issue instructions and new regulations for procuring bounty land warrants through that office. The following instructions will be of interest to many:

The acts of Congress now in force granting bounty land, entitle each of the surviving persons in the following classes to a certificate or warrant for auch quantity of land as shall make, in the whole, with what he may have heretofore received 160 acres, provided he shall have served a period of not less than fourteen days, to wit:

I. Commissioned and non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, whether of the regulars, volunteers, rangers or militia, who were regularly mustered into the service of the United States in any of the wars in which this country has been engaged since 1790 and prior to March 3, 1865, to-wit:

II. Commissioned and non-comissioned officers, seamen, ordinary seamen, flotillamen, marines, clerks, and landsmen in the navy of any of said wars.

III. Militia, volunteers, and State troops of any State or Territory called into military service, and regularly mustered therein, and whose services have been paid by the United States.

IV. Wagonmasters and teamsters who have been employed under the direction of competent authority in time of war, in the transportation of military stores and supplies.

V. Officers and soldiers of the Revolutionary war, and marines, seamen, and other persons in the naval service of the United States during that war.

VI. Chaplains who served with the army in the several wars of the country.

VII. Volunteers who served with the armed forces of the United States in any of the wars mentioned, subject to military orders, whether regularly mustered into the service of the United States or not.

Each of the surviving persons in the following classes are entitled to a like certificate for a like quantity of land, without regard to the length of service (provided he was regularly mustered into service) to-wit:

1. Officers and soldiers who have been actually engaged in any battle in any of the wars in which this country has been engaged prior to the war of the rebellion.

2. Those volunteers who served at the invasion of Plattsburg, in September, 1814.

3. The volunteers who served at the battle of King's Mountain, in the Revolutionary war.

4. The volunteers who served at the battle of Nickojack against the confederate savages of the South.

5. The volunteers who served at the attack on Lewiston, in Delaware, by the British fleet in the war of 1812.

In addition to these classes these acts also extend to all Indians who served the United States in any of their wars prior to the war of the rebellion, the provisions of this and all the bounty land laws heretofore passed, in the same manner and to the same extent as if the Inians had been white men.

Where the service has been rendered by a substitute, he is the person entitled to the benefit of these acts, and not his employer.

In the event of the death of any person who, if living, would be entitled to a certificate or warrant as aforesaid, leaving a widow, or, if no widow, such minor child or children, is entitled to a certificate or warrant for the same quantity of land such deceased persons would be entitled to receive under the provisions of said acts if now living.

A subsequent marriage will not impair the right of any such widow to such warrant if she be a widow at the time of her application. Persons within the age of 21 years on the 3d day of March, 1855, are deemed minors within the intent and meaning of said acts.

Confidence of Birds.

The wife of the Rev. John Keble, author of "The Christian Year," was a woman of remarkable gentleness, as the subjoined anecdote, from Miss Yonge's "Musings over the Christian Year," gives good evidence: "One day, sitting on the lawn at Fairford, she espied a nest with four unfledged nestlings in it, which had been blown down from a neighboring tree; a friend who was with her picked it up and set it on her knee, then went to fetch the gardner, that he might replace it on its bough. No sooner was Mrs. Keble alone, than the parent-birds, which had been hovering round, took heart of grace, and actually brought food to their young ones, alighting on her knee to feed them, flying off again, and returning regularly and frequently with a fresh store. She observed (by-the-way) that, while they fed three of the callow creatures in regular order, they invariably omitted to feed the fourth! Another day, when she was sitting out of doors, a wren was attracted by a pattern of small berries on her muslin gown. It pecked at them, and, seemingly disappointed in its hope of something good to eat, it made its way under the muslin flounce and pecked at the tantalizing berries from within.'

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 23, 1871.

WHITE MAN MIGHTY UNSARTIN!

THE RESULT.

NOBLE OLD TUOLUMNE!

Only one Senator and three Representatives! This is all that poor Tuolume can have in the next semi annual Legislature of the State of California. To be sure she has only cast 1,970 votes, but with her representation she can doubtless secure five or six more under the new apportionment. And the entire portion of the State lying east of the Sierra Nevada mountains mountains doesn't need any. Our interests are able to speak for themselves.

Following we give the complete returns on our legislative ticket. It will be seen that for Senator M. C. Andross (of Tuolumne) is elected by 14 majority, and that for Representatives Whiting (*of Tuolumne*), W. C. Connelly (OF TUOLUMNE) and P. B. Bacon (OF TUOLUMNE) have received the highest number of votes, and are consequently elected. Thus:

NAMES.	COUNTIES. Tuolumne.	Inyo.	Mono.	TOTALS.
SENATOR.				
W. A. Fakin	966	313	91	1370
M. C. Andross	1012	262	110	1384
ASSEMBLYMEN.				
Geo. A. Whiting	998	308	85	1391
W. C. Connelly	1022	309	80	1411
D. B. Curtis	923	324	88	1335
P. B. Bacon	1062	264	111	1437
Wm. G. Long	980	261	121	1362
Duncan Campbell	962	254	112	1328

Democrats in Roman; Republicans in *Italic*.

THE NEXT ELECTION.

The next election in this State comes off October 18, three weeks and four days from to-day. Then two Judges of the Supreme Court, a State Superintendent of Instruction, County Judges and Justices of the Peace are to be chosen. Will our County Central Committees wake up?

A Type Composing Machine.

A Type Composing Machine, by means of which types of any size may be composed at the rate 12,000 an hour, has recently been described by The London Bookseller. This machine, like all previous inventions, is constructed on the plan of a piano. The operator touches a key, and liberates a single type, which falls into a channel, and with other letters forms words and sentences in a long continuos line, which is subsequently "spaced out" and "justified" into lines, paragraphs and pages by the the compositor, in the usual way. In the new machine the the principle of distributing the types is quite different from all other machines. Instead of the operator himself directing the outward flow of the type by striking keys and pedals, the action of the machine is purely automical, and is governed by a strip of paper perforated like the cards used in the Jacquard loom to govern and adjust the threads, according to a desired pattern. This method, although apparently complex, it is stated, is admirably simple in its operation, and has been in use some time in setting up The Warrington Guardian, England, and portions of The Graphic newspaper are composed by its means.

The New State Government.

A good many people, mislead by an error in Hittel's copy of the Constitution of California, as the same appears in his Digest, are confused as to when the new State Government comes into power. Section 2, Art. IV., in the Digest, reads that "the sessions of the Legislature shall be biennial, and shall commence on the first Monday of January next ensuing the election of its members unless the Governor of the State shall in the interim convene Legislature by proclamation." The error in this is in printing January instead of December. The amendment ratified September 3, 1862, read "the first Monday in December," and that is the day on which the Legislature is to meet. By Section 2, Art. V., it is also provided by amendment, ratified the same day with the above, that "the Governor shall hold his office four years from and after the first Monday in December subsequent to his election."—*Sacramento Union, September* 11.

Godey's Lady's Book

For October has, in addition to its fine fashion plates, music for the piano, beautiful steel and wood engravings and well selected miscellany, several interesting, well written original stories, which, as literary productions, we consider of the first order. Were anything lacking to prove this favorite magazine a work of real value it will be found in the many useful household recipes which it contains.

ABOUT A NEW BREED OF MEN.

Earnest, honest workers in the cause of woman's elevation, and the cause itself strictly speaking, have hitherto commanded respect, even from many of those who would never willingly accord them the main object in view—the right to the ballot. The advocates of this cause have undoubtedly gained in numbers, but many of these are of that class of dead weights that are a curse to any party or cause. Some of the most prominent actors or leaders of the woman suffragists are becoming so outspoken in their free love doctrines as to disgust all those who claim any ordinary degree of self respect or shame, and to presage certain defeat to their cause. Chief among these we note Victoria Woodhull, alias Blood. She it is who announces herself as the woman's candidate for President of the United States. She it is who aspires to be, if she is not already the leader of the woman party. She it is who pronounces in favor of inaugurating experiments to produce a "new breed of men," to be brought about just in the same manner that the breed of dogs and other species of the lower animals are improved. She it is who proposes to "elevate" her sex by placing them on a level with the brute, gifted with reasoning powers sufficient to select by certain specified rules the sires of their offspring, one after another, if necessary, until a certain degree of perfection is attained. Altogether it's a lovely plan, though it is the reverse of Brother Brigham's. We subjoin the following outline of the new order as set forth in a late number of the organ, Woodhull & Claflin's Weekly:

A woman feels drawn in love to a particular man. That proves nothing, or next to nothing with regard to his inherent quality or his adaptation to her in respect to the best result in the production of off-pring. It is no more than the fondness of a child for particular kind of food, which may be the worst, physilogically, for it. Reason, judgment, systematized knowledge, the reported experiments of others; race, blood, temperament; a thousand considerations never, or almost never, taken into to the account, have all now got to be consulted. A new profession of experts in this scientific speciality must spring up. It must be understood that the woman experimenting on the improvement of progeny is conducting a grand scientific process, of more consequence and value than anything in chemistry, or any of the inferior sciences; and that she is entitled to the aid of all who know specially anything on the subject.

This kind of aid will be forthcoming sufficient to satisfy all reasonable requirements; there any number of brutes of men who are well posted in these things, if not in chemistry and other inferior arts, so that in this particular Victoria's new science need not languish.

In this manner alone this natural function of woman will be elevated in the respect [did you ever!] of mankind; elevated in the rank of estimation and effects, and one of the conditions of instituting the *new breed of men* will have been secured.

Victoria speaks by the card; but poor Woodhull had better attend strictly to business or he will share the fate of Col. Blood, et. al.

But the first condition of this, even, is freedom. The woman who, in the pursuit of her aim, of giving to the race better specimens of womanhood and manhood, shall breed from half a dozen different sires, must be as much respected in society as she who adheres, from mere habit it may be, or from the absence of any high ambition, to one; to the dull monotony of the ordinary household.

It *is* rather monotonous with only one husband about the house, but two or more are apt to make it a little too lively at times, unless they should happen to be unusually docile, like Blood and Woodhull. The scientific part of the business would be to select a deck of husbands according to the docility of their natures. The selections would necessarily be limited, we opine, at least until the new breed could be made available.

But all this involves other changes in our social habits [not much, so far as you are concerned, Vic.] and opinions. The true way of receiving children at birth [is to drown the runts] into the community; of providing for, training and educating them; and of utilizing their varied talents to the utmost—all these things have now to be considered and ascertained.

LATER CONCERNING THE OUTBREAK.

We are indebted to the thoughtful consideration of Col. Youngs and Register Butler, of Aurora, for the extra containing the account of the Nevada State Prison emeute, and a note with two days' later news, as follows:

"The telegraph, this Tuesday evening, says one prisoner has been captured, and six more were making their way in the direction of Walker Lake. They met a four horse team, tied the driver, took his four horses and rode on. Chief Downey and company were in pursuit and only a few hours behind.

A later telegram, this evening, states that a fire broke out in a planing mill on D street, Virginia City, and is now burning on five streets."

The Gardner Case.

It seems from the following, which we take from The Los Angeles News, that, owing to the fact that the judicial affairs of Los Angeles county are managed by a set of *very* Smart Alecs, the gallows are likely to be cheated of their dues. The tax-payers of that county must be excessively proud of the brilliant genius who dispenses justice in their District Court, as shown in the management of this case:

As the rather lame and impotent conclusion of the late trial of this case has been made the subject of general comment, the following outlines of the proceedings derived from the minutes of the District Court, may interest our readers.

Allanson Gardner was arraigned on the 4th of May, and given until Monday, May 15 to plead. On that and the following day no Court was held. On May 17th further time was granted until Saturday the 20th, and Court adjourned until Monday, 22d, when one day further was granted. On Tuesday, May 23 a plea of "not guilty" was finally entered, and a venire for 48 jurors ordered returnable Friday, May 26. On that day the counsel for the defense moved a continuance for the term on the extrordinary ground of the absence of Buckskin and Henry, accomplices in the murder and at that time fugitives from justice. The motion was granted and the venire discharged. On Thursday, August 8 the case was again called and set for Thursday, August 24, a venire of 70 being ordered returnable on that day. The day came, but 24 jurors answered, "of whom a number being excused for valid cause, the remainder were considered inadequate to justify the Court to proceed." An additional venire of 50 was therefore ordered, and the prisoner remanded until August 29 on which day a jury was empanelled, and the trial proceeded during two days On the 21st Court adjourned over until Saturday, September 2, and on that day closed its sitting at 1:45 P.M., adjourning until Monday, September 4, when it was discovered that the term had ended at midnight of Saturday. The case will be tried anew at the November term when, it is to be hoped, it may be commenced in time to admit of its being something more than a farce.

As the whole number of Jurors ordered on the different venires is 168, the fees of the different officers for serving papers must amount to a neat sum of itself, besides the other expenses. The cost to the County of the mis-trial last week is estimated at over $200.

A Pitiful Business.

The managers of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, who now control all the railroads in the State, have prohibited the sale of The Sacramento Union upon any of their trains. This is a very small business for such a Company, and though it may not result in their financial ruin it will certainly add nothing to their profits or influence, in the end. It will make but little difference in a pecuniary point of view to The Union, while it will be an every day reminder to railroad passengers of the meanness of the Company which thus denies them the right to purchase and read any paper that may be offered. It is proof sufficient that these whilom railroad beggars would strangle out of existence the dearest rights of the people, the moment they conflicted in any manner with the interests of the railroad crew. Independent of the poweful influence of The Union itself, this order will awaken and keep awake a watchful opposition to every encroachment of the railroad ring, and for that reason it is a fortunate thing that even in this little matter they have shown what they would do were the means and opportunity given them. Blessings can be turned into curses, and it behooves the people of this State to see that our railroad blessing does not become a never ending curse.

LATEST EASTERN NEWS.

The counsel for the people of New York finished their argument in the case of the ring thieves, on the 15th instant, when Judge Barnard delivered an opinion reflecting with much severity on the conduct of the Controller, and awarded the injunction prayed for by the citizens as plaintiffs in this suit. It restrains the issuance of another dollar in bonds or the payment of any more money from the city and county treasury of New York, until there is a change in the Board of Supervisors, and in the Auditor of Accounts. The Judge several times characterized the conduct of the city officials as little better than highway robbery, and as virtual confiscation of the property of the citizens. These remarks were always applauded by the audience present, and at the conclusion of his judgment there was "frantic applause."

In consequence of this decision it is said Controllor Connolly will resign and the position be tendered to Gen. McClellan, who will probably accept it,

Delegate from New Mexico.

Gallegos (Democrat) is elected delegate to Congress from New Mexico by probably 500 majority over Chuvez, Republican. There was a Repulican bolter in the field, which divided the vote of that party.

EASTERN NEWS.

A boiler in Curtis' hat factory, Newbury, Massachusetts, exploded, September 11, and killed five men outright. Several others are wounded and missing.

Controller Connelly, of New York, alleges that his office was recently entered by burglars who stole and carried away the official vouchers of many bills allowed in 1870. This is probably a dodge of the ring to baffle the courts in detecting the enormous thefts. The investigations now going on relative to these swindles, have developed a quarrel among the thieves themselves. The Mayor and his organ, The World, are down on Connelly, and he is told that if he don't resign it will be made to hot for New York to hold him. Meanwhile Connelly's wife is making over his cash and bonds to her son-in-law. She has already disposed of half a million State bonds in this way. The unofficial members of the "ring" are not willing to face the storm of public indignation leveled against then, so Ingersoll, one of the thieves, has decamped with a large amount of his ill-gotten gains. Tweed has put in a simple denial of the main charges of the plaintiffs. Counsel for the plaintiffs insisted on the vouchers and books as the only admissible defense.

Sydney Perham, present Governor of Maine, was re-elected by an increased majority. The Democrats made some gains in the Legislature.

Major Hodge, United States Army Deputy Paymaster at Washington, is a defaulter in $700,000. He has been put in close confinement. Stock gambling was his ruin.

Twelve thousand eight-hour men paraded the streets of New York on the 13th instant, with cannon inscribed, "Eight hours—peaceably if we can; forcibly if we must."

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

T. W. Alexander, Deputy County Recorder of Sacramento county, committed suicide, in Sacramento City, September 11, by taking laudanum. Cause, disappointment in love.

Twenty-one car loads of tea, and eight of coffee, passed Sacramento for the East, one day last week. About the same time, to the shame of our California hens, a car load of eggs arrived there from one of the western states.

A Japanese company, with a capital of $1,000,000, have gone into business in San Francisco, in the sale of such goods and wares as they had on exhibition at the late Mechanics' Fair.

Fires are raging in the woods in every direction around Portland, Oregon. Farmers can do but little else than fight fire. Gold has been discovered in wells being dug in the southern part of Portland.

A late Salt Lake dispatch states that an unknown man was killed and entirely eaten up by bears, on the divide between Little Cottowood and Parley's Park. A gold watch, some coin, gold dust and a pistol were found.

At the last pay day at the Mare Island navy yard, $120,000 were paid to the workman; this is the "largest pay day" since the war when 2,000 men were employed on the yard.

A band of Apache Indians, just from Sonora, recently stole some cattle and horses from an army guard at Camp Crittenden, Arizona. The guard were infantry and unable to pursue the Indians who were mounted. General Crook immediately dispatched two troops of cavalry in pursuit.

The tricksters of both political parties in Los Angeles are accused of corrupt practices in buying and selling votes openly and shamelessly at the late election. County Judge Sepulveda has very properly charged the Grand Jury to indict them.

Some time since a man named Hiram Clifford, who owns a milk ranch near San Francisco, set a gun loaded with shot so that when the sack with which it was masked should be lifted the gun would be discharged. A small boy named Daniel Roberts disturbed the sack from some cause and received the charge in his face, putting out both eyes and otherwise maiming him for life. His guardian now brings suit for $20,000 damages against Clifford for setting the gun.

Solomon Rosenthal, a dry goods dealer, Kearny street, San Francisco, hung himself on the 13th. Just as he swung himself off, to make sure work of it, he shot himself with a pistol.

All the votes cast in the late election in San Francisco are being recounted, but with no results worth the trouble. With the exception of a number of votes from which the name of Alexander Badlam was erased by the nitrate of silver dodge, no evidence of fraud and few errors have yet been discovered.

Official returns of Los Angeles county give a total vote for Governor of 3,498. Haight's majority is 656.

STATE PRISON EMUETE!

A Desperat Outbreak of Prisoners at the Nevada State Prison—Governor Denver and Four Guards Badly Wounded—Charles Jones, formerly of Bishop Creek, Kills Matt. Piley—29 Desperate Villains at Large!

[From The Carson Register Extra, September 18.]

At 6 o'clock last evening, when the wind was blowing a gale and the whole valley was filled with a blinding dust, a desperate break was made by the convicts in the State Prison, which terminating in the death of Matt. Pixley, of the Warm Springs Hotel, the wounding of nearly all the officers of the State Prison and several of the prisoners, and the escape of twenty-nine as desperate villains as ever trod the earth.

At the hour named, all the prisoners being in the cell-room, Volney E. Rollins, Captain of the Guard, entered the room as usual for the purpose of locking the convicts in their respective cells for the night. Just as he stepped inside the door, a prisoner struck him on top of the head with a bottle, cutting a gash three and a half inches long, and almost at the same instant another struck him with a slung-shot over the left eye, cutting to the bone. He fell bleeding but not senseless; and as he sank, half a dozen convicts rushed at him to deal the death blow, when Pat. Hurley gathered Rollins by the body and threw him into an adjacent cell and closed the door, thus saving his life. All this took place without alarming the guard outside. The prisoners then climbed to the top of the upper tier of cells, and proceeded to cut a hole large enough to admit the passage of a man's body through the wall into one of the rooms occupied by the family of the Lieutenant Governor. Each prisoner had provided himself with a slung-shot, and some of them had knives of their own manufacture.

Rushing into the room occupied by Mrs. Denver, her mother and daughter, the break of the prisoners was first discovered. Instantly they were met by Lieutenant Governor Denver, who commenced firing at them. The break appeared to be under the lead of Frank Clifford, a 10-year horse thief from White Pine, and at him the Warden directed his fire. The Lieutenant Governor had been followed up stairs by Robert Dechman (or Deadman), a young man in for life, who was acting as servant in the officers' quarters. Denver shot Clifford near the navel and stunned him, but the tide poured on, and soon Denver was struck in the back of the head by some sharp pointed instrument that penetrated the skull, and on the forehead above the eye by a slung-shot which opened the scalp to the skull for a distance of three inches and a half. This felled him to the floor, when the convicts rushed upon him, seized his pistol and fired at him. As the officer fell, Bob Deadman seized a chair and fought like a tiger, knocking down no less than five of the prisoners, one of whom he knocked over the balustrading and down the stairs. His heroic conduct doubtless saved Denver's life, and was the theme of universal praise in this city as soon as it became known. Deadman was knocked down senseless and left for dead—but we are glad to know that he is only slightly injured. Wounded as he was, Clifford made his way down stairs, followed by the crowd, who at once seized the armory of the prison, office, ammunition etc. It being Sunday and the prisoners under lock and key, no guards were on the outer wall, and but few of the officers under arms, most of them being outside the building and unable to get at the armory after the alarm was given. F. M. Isaacs, a guard from Gold Hill, was in the yard and had a six-shooter. With this he confronted the prisoners as they emerged from the main building, and the fire became general. Isaacs stood like a stone column, firing steadily into the crowd and receiving volley after volley with the coolest indifference. A ball broke his right knee. Standing on one leg he continued to fire, until the crowd were in striking distance, steadily firing at him with six-shooters, finally, with another shot in the hip, sending him to earth. The prisoners seized his pistol, but out of sheer admiration of his heroic courage, spared his life.

While this was going on, John Newhouse, another guard from Gold Hill, was coming to the rescue with all speed, regardless of danger. He rushed in at close range and opened on the convicts with a six-shooter, his first shot taking effect on the body of E. B. Parsons, one of the Verdi car robbers. Newhouse, the next instant, received two wounds almost simultaneously, one in the back of the head and the other in the back, rendering him senseless.

By this time Perasich (a Slavonian) an unarmed guard who was outside of the prison yard, had run into the hotel and got a five-shooter. With this he returned to the yard and commenced firing. Three of his shots took effect, as he saw as many men squirm and stagger as he fired. He soon received a ball in the left hip, which passed forwarded and downward and lodged between the femoral artery and the bone.

Matt. Pixley, one of the proprietors of the Warm Springs Hotel, and one of the noblest young men of the country, hearing the firing and imagining the cause, seized a six shooter and rushed into the prison yard to assist the officers. The convicts were still inside the guard room, firing through the main door of the building at Isaacs, Newhouse and Perasich. Pixley rushed up to the window and commenced firing at the prisoners inside, when Charles Jones a ten year young man from White Pine, fired at him through the window. The ball, probably from a Henry rifle, carried away two panes of glass and struck Pixley just below the left eye, passing entirely through his head. He fell upon the stone porch in front of the prison—dead. R. W. Bergerser, a bar-keeper for Pixley, also rushed into the fray, and met with some hair-breadth escapes. A ball shaved close by each ear, and a third struck his pantaloons in the front of the crotch and tore away the whole seat of both pants and drawers. Another guard a little Frenchman (whose name, we regret to say, we have been unable to learn) fought heroically to the last, and escaped without a scratch. He fired a number of shots—all he had—and then rushed into the crowd and dealt mand telling blows. [Here follow other particulars, giving in detail the direction taken by the escapes, their names, efforts made to catch them etc., all of which for want of space we are compelled to omit.—EDS. INDEPENDENT.]

BORN.

In Lone Pine, September 12th, to the wife of Dr. P. G. Golcich, a daughter

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STILL AHEAD!

Further Reductions.

A 1 Crushed Sugar Four and One-Half Pounds for

ONE DOLLAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar Five and One-Half Pounds for

ONE DOLLAR!

Chemical Olive Soap Eight Bars for

ONE DOLLAR!

The most complete stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Ever offered in the Valley, at prices to defy competition, at

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO'S.

LONE PINE.

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, Sept. 23 1871. 1.65*tm6m

JUST ARRIVED.

A HEAVY STOCK OF THE VERY BEST OF

BACON!

Has just been received at

1.65tf J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO'S.

FOUND.

A NOTE FROM JOSEPH CALDWELL TO JOHN N. LWISO, for $170 has been found on the street in Independence. The owner can have the same by calling at this office and paying for this notice.

WAGON FOR SALE.

A THOROUGH-BRACE, TWO SEATED EXPRESS Wagon, with set of harness. Will also sell span of horses if desired.

Inquire of B. L. Brown, at Pioneer Stable, or

COL. LUTNEY,

n6512* Independence.

TAX NOTICE.

LIST OF PROPERTY RAISED (THE OWNERS of which were not present) by the Board of Equalization at a meeting of said Board held on the 1st day of September, A.D 1871, to-wit:

Duncan Campbell, Improvements raised		$	400 00
Phœnix G. & S. M. Co., Mill		"	1000 00
V. Beaudry, Bullion		"	22000 00
" Mdse		"	4000 00
" Ores		"	6000 00
" Coal		"	2000 00
" Wood		"	2500 00
" 70 feet in Belmont mine		"	210 00
M. W. Belshaw, Furnace Building		"	2000 00
"	Cerro Gordo toll road	"	3000 00
"	Wood	"	3000 00
"	Coal	"	4000 00
"	Ores and Bullion	"	12500 00

S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

se23n6514

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF Inyo, State of California. Estate of John A. Malion, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrator of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers within ten months from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at his residence near Independence, Inyo County, California.

JOHN A. LANK, Administrator.

Independence, September 18th, 1871. se23n6513

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of Justice Wm. Barrows' Court, Fifth Township, County of Inyo and State of California, in the suit of J. Woods & Co., against Jacob Jacobson, duly attested the 18th day of September, A. D., 1871, I have levied upon the following described real estate, to-wit: All the right, title and interest of the said Jacob Jacobson in and to one certain lot of land lying and being in the town of Cerro Gordo, County of Inyo, State of California, and more particularly described as being about half-way between the Upper and Lower Town of Cerro Gordo, and directly opposite the place where the new Citizens-Road comes into the canyon. Also, the buildings on the above described lot, consisting of one cabin, one corrall and stable and one blacksmith or carpenter shop, with saw pit attached. Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE SIXTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House in the County of Inyo, I will sell the above described real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to cover the amount of said execution of Forty-one and 58 100 dollars, together with one hundred and sixty-five and 20-100 costs and accruing costs, to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, U. S. gold coin.

A. B. FILDER, Sheriff.

By R. L. Ferguson, Deputy.

September 18th, 1871. se23n6513

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 23, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

The Man Identified

On the 31st day of August last James White left this place for the Eclipse mine, (being perfectly sober at the time) going ahead of his partner, Mr. C. L. Jackson, whom he somehow missed upon starting. White went on and stopped at Bradley's ranch, where he left a note instructing parties there to send over some things to the mine, as has since transpired. But Jackson having arrived at the mine and found White not there, concluded that he had gone to Cerro Gordo, where he had contracted to work the Crowning Glory mine. Four or five days afterward the remains of a man were discovered in the river, the finding of which, including the Coroner's inquest, etc., we published at the time. However, there was no suspicion as to the identity of the man until letters arrived from Cerro Gordo wanting White to come up. Mr. Jackson and others immediately began to investigate the matter; and on the 19th instant went to the place where the unknown man had been interred and exhumed the remains for examination. The only garment on the body was the shirt spoken of, which is a heavy, brown cashmere, postively asserted by those familiar with the facts to be the one which White wore. The height—5 feet 9 inches—of the remains are the same. Slight traces were found in the decaying flesh of tattoo marks known to be upon White's arm, and the goatee, the only whisker worn by White, was recognized. Satisfied as to the facts, they then made a thorough search of the river for his clothing and his horse, which was found on the plains without saddle or bridle. It is surmised that the deceased undertook to cross the river at a ford—or swimming place—near Bradley's ranch, in order to save five or six miles of travel to the bridge; and divested himself of all clothing but the shirt. But mistaking the ford he got in where the treacherous stream is very deep and swift, with banks too precipitous for the animal to get out. It is probable that he got hurt, as some claim that they what they knew him to be a good swimmer. In all events, the conclusion is irresistible that he was unable to get out and was overcome by the water, and that the "unknown drowned man" is none other than he. James White was a native of England, where his parents reside; and was 29 years of age at the time of his death. He was a miner of long experience, being formerly foreman of the Justice, on the Comstock, and for a year or two occupied that position at the Kearsarge. Lately he was one of the contractors of the Eclipse ditch, and had just taken a contract to work the Crowning Glory mine for the O. L. S. L. Co. White was a noble-hearted fellow, much liked by his acquaintances, who greatly regret the sad circumstances attending his death. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity. He leaves no relatives—a sister in New Jersey and a brother in Shasta county, to whom letters have been written.

Shooting.

Among certain parties considerable feeling has been engendered by the various merits and demerits of the respective claims to a little girl residing with the present wife of James Haun, *alias* Wilson. It will be remembered that Mr. Lyman Tuttle was arrested on charge of abducting the child and taking her across the mountains, after an order had been issued bringing her before the court. It appears also that Dr. W. C. Columber has been in active sympathy with Mrs. Haun No. 1 in her efforts to obtain possession of the child. The matter has become so warm between the two that on Monday last, the 18th instant, a collision took place, and the wonder is that one or both were not killed. Columber was sitting in a saloon talking when Tuttle entered. He noticed that he had a six-shooter on, and it cocked. Columber claims to have seen this and sat still, while Tuttle came up and commenced abusing him. Columber inquired if he would be allowed to rise from the chair, to which Tuttle replied "certainly." As he arose he commenced unbuttoning his coat and suddenly drew a six-shooter, presented and attempted to cock it, but the cylinder would not revolve. At the same instant Tuttle placed his to Columber's breast, who caught it and shoved it downward just as it was discharged. Columber then held on to the pistol and commenced plying his own over the head of his antagonist. Finally Tuttle got hold of the Doctor's pistol, and they were separated. An examination showed that the ball had passed into and through Columber's left leg, near the hip, not touching the bone and making but a flesh wound. An examination of Tuttle was held before Justice Pearson on Wednesday last, but we have not learned the result.

Returned.

On Sunday evening last, our well-known townsman P. Reddy arrived home from a short sojourn in the land where they pry up the sun. His appearance would indicate that Yankee diet agrees with him. Also John Broder, Esq., is among the returned—accompanied by his niece, who has been on a visit Eastward. We welcome all hands back.

The Fruit Question.

Apples, peaches and grapes and some other fruits are becoming comparatively quite plentiful in this county, and generally of a good quality. In the way of peaches Mr. W. A. Baker, of Big Pine, produces the *ne plus ultra* not only of the county but, as we are willing to maintain, of the State. We have never seen anywhere peaches superior, in point of size and flavor, to those raised by Mr. Baker, some of which can be seen at Mr. Lentell's. We are under obligations to Mr. Baker for his kind remembrance of this office, and altogether we think he is a model subscriber. In this connection we might as well state that we have constituted ourselves a committee on fruits, and herewith award a first premium to Mr. Vagt, for grapes. And second premium on peaches and other *ectas* to Mr. Earl. Our field of observation, however, has been somewhat limited, so it is possible these awards are not perfectly just, but for the first year there is no appeal.

Gold Discoveries.

Mr. Anderson a week or two since accidentally discovered a ledge of gold ore, on Big Pine creek, about five miles above Naylor's store. Subsequently other parties located what is probably an extension, and now work is going on in two places. So far as developed, it is extraordinarily rich, about four feet in width, and every indication of permanency. If the new discovery is as represented, it is certainly a huge thing. Placer mining has been carried on near this point to a considerable extent for several years.

Another Reduction.

The Messrs. Loomis Bros., of Lone Pine, this week announce a still greater reduction in the price of staple groceries, with corresponding low rates for everything else. The Messrs. Loomis are live men, and know a thing or two about letting people know what they are doing.

Being Arranged.

We understand that the subject of Fall races, is being agitated by sporting men of the Valley, who are anxious to try the speed of their respective horses. We will endeavor to give some particulars next week.

A Daily Line.

We are pleased to announce that Mr. Earl has put on a daily stage to run from this place to Lone Pine and Cerro Gordo. Until further notice stages will leave Independence at 5 o'clock and Cerro Gordo at 9 o'clock every morning, Sundays excepted.

Real Estate.

P. Reddy, Esq., has purchased the well-known ranch of J. G. Payne, adjoining Independence, paying therefore the low figure of $1,000.

Bacon.

Messrs. Rothschilds & Co. have just received a heavy stock of Bacon. See advertisement.

Church Directory.

FIRST SUNDAY IN EACH MONTH.—George's Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching 11 A. M. Independence—7½ P. M.; Sunday School 2 P. M.; class and prayer meeting at the parsonage every Saturday evening. All are invited to attend. Round Valley—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 11 A. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 4 P. M.; Sunday School 11 A. M. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at the church; all are invited to attend. Eclipse Mill—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching 7 P. M.; class meeting, 9 A. M. Deep Spring—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Tuesdays following first Sundays, at 7½ P. M.

SECOND SUNDAY IN THE MONTH.—Independence—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 11 A. M.; Sunday School 2 P. M.; prayer and class meeting at the parsonage every Saturday evening; all are invited to attend. Eclipse Mill—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 7 P. M.; class meeting, 9 A. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching 4 P. M.; Sunday School 11 A. M.; prayer meeting every Thursday evening at the church; all are invited to attend. George's Creek—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching 1 P. M. Cerro Gordo—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching Fridays following second Sabbaths, at 7½ P. M.

THIRD SUNDAYS IN THE MONTH.—Independence—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching 11 A. M.; Sabbath School 2 P. M.; prayer and class meeting every Saturday evening at the parsonage; all are invited to attend. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching 4 P. M.; Sunday school 11 A. M.; prayer meeting at the church every Thursday evening; all are invited to attend. Lone Pine—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 3 P. M. Eclipse Mill—S. W. Blasdel; services 7 P. M. George's Creek—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 3 P. M.

FOURTH SUNDAY IN EACH MONTH.—Independence—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 11 A. M.; Sunday School 2 P. M.; class and prayer meeting every Saturday evening at the parsonage; all are invited to attend. Eclipse Mill—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 7 P. M.; class meeting 9 A. M. Lone Pine—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching 11 A. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching 4 P. M.; Sunday School 11 A. M.; prayer meeting every Thursday evening at the Church; all are invited to attend. Big Pine—Rev. A. Clark, Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at Mr. Newland's on Friday evenings after the fourth Sunday 7½ P. M. George's Creek—S. W. Blasdel; Services 1 P. M.

—"It is a popular fiction," says Miss E. Stuart Phelps, "that men leave sewing to women because it is light, healthful and easy. It is an unpopular fact that it is so exhausting to the nervous force, and so unique in its demands upon the patience, that men will not touch it." But men do touch it, to a great extent. The masculine tailors in New York number thousands, and they do the best sewing, especially of that heavy kind necessary in coats and other articles of men's apparel.

—A visitor at the White Hills says New Hampshire wou'd be as large as Illinois were it only flat; but it is drawn up into all manner of folds, and creases and plats, and made a perfect tumble of, and then is tucked away in one corner where nobody would think of looking for it.

—"Mother," said a little girl who was engaged in making her doll an apron, "I believe I will be a duchess when I grow up." "How do you ever expect to become a duchess, my daughter?" her mother asked. "Why, by marrying a Dutchman, to be sure," replied the girl.

For County Judge.

CHARLES WHIPPLE

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS an Independent Candidate for the office of County Judge of Inyo County. 1,*

FOREIGN NEWS.

London dates of September 11 state that:

The Times, censuring the importation of foreign workmen supports the strikes in the nine hour movement on moral and sanitary grounds.

The potatoe disease is in Lancashire.

Queen Victoria has recovered from her recent illness.

The Aldershot maneuvers look favorable. Gen. Benard and Major Sumner of the American army are attending.

A Madrid letter contains information that an imprisoned Republican named Lopez has hinted in a handbill which has been placarded throughout the city, that the assassination of Gen. Prim was effected by the Duke of Montpensier, who is charged with being a party to the negotiations had with Sallis and a company of desperadoes called a secret society, and whose object was understood to be the putting of Prim out of the way and Montpensier on the throne of Spain. A short time subsequent to the killing of Prim one of the men connected with the society, Jouruga, complained to Montpensier that all the society agreed to do was done, but what his aid-de-camp had agreed to do was not done.

King Amadeus, of Spain, is indisposed, and his journey through the provinces has been temporarily stopped.

The evacuation by the German troops of the four departments contigious to Paris was to be completed on the 13th instant. Negotiations have been commenced in relation to the evacuation of the whole of France.

A foreign paper says Gen. De Wimpffen, who succeeded Marshal MacMahon in command of the French army of rescue on the day it capitulated at Sedan, is strongly of opinion that the army might, by a bold and sustained effort, have broken through the bands that encircled it at Sedan. He gives the following as the text of the famous letter he addressed to Emperor Napoleon:

"Sire: Rather than be imprisoned at Sedan I have decided to force the line extended before the positions occupied by Gen. Lebrun and Gen. Ducrot. Let your Majesty place yourself in the middle of your troops. They will hold in an honor to open a passage for you." He adds that while he was preparing for the combat he suddenly discovered a flag of truce over Sedan. Had the Emperor followed his counsel a large portion of the army might have broken through. He states that when, by the Emperor's order, he opened negotiations with Prince Bismarck; the latter demanded, as the terms of peace, idemnity of four milliards and the cession of Alsace and Lorraine.

The press of Frankfort deny negotiations for peace between Germany and France are transferred to Versailles, and assert that Count Von Arnim and other negotiators will soon return to Frankfort and resume the conferences, now that certain questions of principle are settled.

The Emperor Francis Joseph has written a letter expressing disapproval of the attitude of the Episcopacy in the promulgation of the decree of papal infallibility. Bishop Jekelfalusy has accordingly announced his submission to his sovereign.

The Portugese Ministry has resigned. Efforts are making to form a new Cabinet.

France is buying 550,000 Chassepots from Germany. These guns were captured by the Germans from the French.

Napoleon has arrived at Torquay England.

There is a report that the daughter of Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia is soon to marry the Grand Duke Alexis of Russia.

Insurrection threatens Lyons and other cities in the south of France, because of the coming dissolution of the National Guard.

In Kewa, town of Prussia, the cholera is sweeping off 150 persons per day.

BREWERIES.

PIONEER & GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

—AT—

Independence & Lone Pine.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THESE ESTABLISHMENTS respectfully notify the public that they are still in the field, and engaged in making a superior quality of

"Bully Lager Beer,"

Which they will deliver, at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine, Independence and vicinity, at the most reasonable rates.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKINS, Proprietors. au26 61tf

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS well known and long established

LIVERY BUSINESS,

Situated in Lone Pine, together with the following stock:

One Buggy and Team.
Four Saddle and Work Horses,
Two New Saddles and One Side Saddle,
One Sett Lead Harness,

All of which will be sold cheap for cash, as the proprietor intends going East.

I. W. HUNT. 1:62tf

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, WISHING TO CLOSE their store in Lone Pine, offer to the public their large assortment of well selected goods,

AT COST!

DANERI & STEWART

☞ Those who are indebted to the above named firm will please settle promptly. jo10.50tf

TRAVELING.

PIONEER PASSENGER & EXPRESS LINE TO LOS ANGELES.

H. W. ROBINSON & CO. BEG LEAVE TO inform the citizens of Owens Valley that they have established a

WEEKLY STAGE LINE

To Los Angeles and having stocked the line with six changes of horses, good time will be made. This is 90 miles shorter than by any other route, and over a safer and by far the best road. We will connect with the steamers and coast line of stages to San Francisco, making this the cheapest route to that point. Will also connect with the stage to San Bernardino and Arizona.

Special attention paid to fast freight and express packages.

☞ Collections and commissions promptly attended to.☜

The above line of stages will leave Lone Pine and Los Angeles every Monday morning, returning to arrive at Lone Pine and Los Angeles every Thursday.

Fare, - - - - - - $20.

Agent at Lone Pine—DAN CANTY, at Orleans Hotel, to whom all applications must be made for tickets and freight. my20n47m3*

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly.☜

☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent. n29-1y

TELEGRAPH STAGE LINE,

BETWEEN

Independence, Lone Pine, Havilah, Visalia, Gilroy & San Francisco,

Carrying United States Mail

AND

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

ROBERTS & GEORGE, Proprietors.

ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 1st, 1871, THE above Passenger and Express Line will run as follows: Leave San Francisco on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, on first train of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Returning, leave Independence and Lone Pine on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Passengers have the privilege of laying over at any point.

ROBERTS & GEORGE.

P. P. Dow, Agent at Independence.
C. D. EMOLS, Agent at Lone Pine. au19m3

DRUGS ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tfc

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL

Notice to Prospectors.

THE DEEP SPRING VALLEY REDUCTION WORKS will, until further notice, crush, pan amalgamate and assay 500 pounds of ore or less for the sum of $5, and will buy all samples assaying more than $100 per ton.

my6-45tf HISKEY & WALKER.

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder,

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notions,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20-n47tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek

CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS.

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

C. & M. Cohn,

OPPOSITION STORE,

LONE PINE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

an26n61tf

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32-6m*

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for County Scrip.

J. 22n56m6 J. J. BOWLEY.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 23, 1871.

Mr. Allison on Mining.

We give place to the following, which we find in the Alpine Miner of a late date, because it contains good sound sense, as applicable to this locality as that for which it was written:

That large-hearted and deep-thinking gentleman and eloquent divine, Rev. Mr. Allison, who visited our town a few weeks since, has written a letter to the Daily Wisconsin, of Milwaukee, on "Mining in the West," from which we extract the following:

"As a large number of the people of this country of all classes are interested in the subject of mines, I have taken considerable pains to post myself on all that relates to the subject in the West, especially in Nevada and California. The following are some of the conclusions to which I have come:

First. There are, no doubt, vast quantities of the precious metals in the mountains of the Sierra Nevada.

Second. Well directed labor will generally meet with an adequate return in mining.

Third. Skill and scientific knowledge are requisite to successful mining.

Fourth. An essential requisite in mining is capital.

Twenty years ago luck was everything; to-day, skill and science have taken the place of chance, and although these may sometimes be baffled, yet in the long run they are sure to win.

The first gold discovered in California was by accident, and this circumstance for a long time led to promiscuous and blind prospecting. Now the experienced miner knows where to look for silver and gold, and he generally knows how much is to be found in a given locality. The difficulty is not so much to trace the metal as to extract and reduce the ore when found. Sometimes, it is true, tunneling is commenced in the wrong place, and expensive works must be abandoned, and money lost in fruitful operations, but generally patience and a judicious expenditure are rewarded with success.

Private individuals seldom undertake mining operations in these days. The work is done by companies, and if these companies keep their stock out of the gambling rings and use their funds faithfully, in tunneling, ditching and smelting, there is no difficulty in finding metal in the mountains. The chief enemies of mining are gambling operations in stock and rash investments. Let the stockholders, upon the formation of a company, satisfy themselves that the locality is good, and that the mine is bona fide property. Then let them elect good reliable business men to conduct their financial operations, and a good practical man to oversee the work, and then go ahead. If there be patience, in nine cases out of ten the stock will pay well, and in some cases it will pay amazingly.

History.

During the Crimean war there was a little scandal about Prince Menschikoff, in which a pink satin bonnet was concerned. After one of the Russian reverses, it was announced that the Prince's travelling carriage had fallen into the hands of the allies, and that inside the vehicle, among various articles appertaining to a lady's toilet, was found the interesting item in question. As pink satin bonnets are not usually taken to battle-fields without wearers, some obvious inferences were drawn from the discovery—as in the case of the white satin shoe found in the carriage of Napoleon I under similar circumstances—and Prince Menschikoff was classed among those "sad" men who do merry things. More than sixteen years have since elapsed, and the incident has found a permanent place in history. But in a work just published, called "Turkish Harems and Circassian Homes," we find an explanation of the affair, and history happens to be wrong in this as in more important instances. It appears that Mrs. Harvey, the writer of the book referred to, made the acquaintance while in the Crimea, of a Mdlle. M——, a very charming lady between sixty and seventy years of age and learned from her that she was the owner of both the carriage and the bonnet, with which Prince Menschikoff had nothing whatever to do. The vehicle, it seems, had been packed up to go to Simpheropol, but was found too heavy for the hurried flight that ensued, and so was abandoned to its fate. Here is another example of how history is written—on the foundation of special correspondence.

—A white man, running for office in South Carolina, sought to propitiate a colored voter with whisky. "Well, yes sah," said constituent. "I don't care ef I duz. 'Sides in dese times a white candidate is jest as good as a colored voter, specially when the colored voter is dry."

—A young gentleman of Chicago fell in love with a hotel waiter girl, but love fled from that once fond heart when he found the "sweet little thing" cutting her toe nails with a butter knife in the kitchen.

—A New York paper speaks of a popular steamship commander as a "working old salt," and The New Orleans Times wonders if he beats old "Epsom."

—New York and the New England States together have almost one-third of the cities in the United States.

—The late war and the Communist revolt have caused a great scarcity of skilled artisans in Paris.

—Professor Huxley has discovered that artists are the highest type of humanity.

—Starch and flour are made from horse-chestnuts in France.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE, NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old mottos of

☞ "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble sixpence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our improved facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise.

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. 135m3

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s EXPRESS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

MUTUAL Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

GERMAN POSTOFFICE MONEY ORDERS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
my20n47tf

Die Unterzeichneten

Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.

Harris & Rhine,
my20n47tf Agenten.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. n29n5m6

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC Insurance Company

Of San Francisco.

Fire and Marine.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.

J. HUNT, President.
A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.

HARRIS & RHINE.

AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms my20n47m3

LIVERY STABLES.

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.
Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5 6m

THE PIONEER LIVERY, SALE —AND— FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.
Independence, July 13, 1871, jy15n55m3

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.
Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. n51m6

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED to promptly. my13n49m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

R. J. MORRISON

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries,

HARDWARE,

Crockery and Glass Ware,

PAINTS, OILS,

Varnish and Window Glass.

Also, a fine assortment of the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a well-assorted

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

of 500 volumes.

School Books, Blank Books and Stationery.

TO THE ABOVE STOCK THE UNDERSIGNED would most respectfully beg leave to call your attention, especially to the quality and

Greatly Reduced Prices!

TERMS---STRICTLY CASH.

R. J. MORRISON, Proprietor.

Postmaster, Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.; also, agent for the **Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.**
Benton, Mono Co., Cal., July 29, 1881. n57m3*

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE-ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

Wines and Liquors,

Dry-Goods,

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

HARDWARE,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

—AND—

EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

Fish Springs, July 22, 1871. J. W. McMURRY. n56m3

Great Bargains!

GREAT SACRIFICE

—OF—

Property!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS entire stock of goods at

Less Than San Francisco Cost Prices!

Bacon	20 cts ℔ lb
Hams	22 cts ℔ lb
Crushed Sugar, ℔ barrel	20 cts.
do do	4½ lbs $1
Brown Sugar	½ barrel $16
do do	5½ lbs $1
Candles, by the box	$5
do	9 for 50 cts
Ground Coffee, by the case	36 cts.
do do	37½ cts ℔ lb
Green Coffee by the sack	23 cts
do do	25 cts ℔ lb
Lard by the case	24 cts
do 10 pound can	$2 50
do 5 " "	1 25
Best Japan Tea, 75 cts by the case	
do	80 cts ℔ lb
Dried Apples	5½ lbs for $1
Dried Grapes	5½ lbs for $1

CANNED STUFFS.

Tomatoes	50 cts ℔ can
Oysters	50 do
Salmon	62½ do
Lobster	62½ do
Jellies	62½ do
Spiced Oysters	75 do

All other articles, too numerous to mention, in the same proportion. Orders from the Valley will be promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by cheapest conveyance.

20,000 Dollars Worth of New Stock of Goods,

To arrive immediately, comprising an assortment of

General Merchandise,

Which will be sold at same reduction in prices, without reserve.

Still Larger Sacrifices

In all articles of **Clothing & Dry Goods.**

TERMS — **CASH ON DELIVERY.**

Cerro Gordo, July 12, 1871. V. BEAUDRY. jy15n55tf

TINSMITH.

INYO PIONEER

TIN SHOP,

Of INDEPENDENCE.

WELCH & STEVENS,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.

STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.

HAVING PURCHASED H. C. MORSE'S BLACKSMITH shop, adjoining our tin shop, and obtained the services of a

NUMBER ONE WORKMAN,

We Propose to do **BLACKSMITHING** in all its **Branches**, as Cheap and in a style NOT EXCELLED by any shop in the County. Satisfaction guaranteed. Please give us a call, at our shop on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store. WELCH & STEVENS.
jy8n54tf

STATIONERY.

☞ Aurora News Depot. ☜

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED FROM THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

☞ Store in Post Office Building. ☜

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. It there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

or CHINA, it informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South, Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.
ap29n44m3

LEGAL.

PROBATE NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN PURSUANCE of the order of the Probate Court of the County of Los Angeles, State of California, made August 17th, 1871, in the matter of the estate of H. J. Yarrow, deceased, the undersigned, Administrator of said estate, will sell at private sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the lot of land first described in one parcel and the mining interests either in one parcel or in subdivisions, and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on TUESDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Glassell, Chapman & Smith, attorneys at law, in the city of Los Angeles, County and State aforesaid, all the right, title and interest that the said deceased had at the time of his death, or that his estate has by operation of law or otherwise acquired since his death, in and to the following described real estate, to-wit:

1. That certain lot of land situate in the city and county of Los Angeles, State of California, north of the Catholic church in said city, bounded north by the tile roofed house and lot of land formerly belonging to Juan Sanchez, deceased, east by Main street, south by the house of Macedonio Aguilar and the lot formerly belonging to Juan Apolinaza, and on the west by New High street.

The following mining interests in Lone Pine mining district, Inyo county, State of California, to-wit:

1. The interest of the deceased in the mines, leads, lodes, privileges and mining claims, land, mill and all other real estate belonging to the Wolfskill & Servantes Mining Company:
2. 40 feet in the "Asia" or "Bandera" lode.
3. 85 feet in the "Albertina" lode.
4. 304½ feet in the "Queen City" lode.
5. 25 feet in the "Gran Poder" lode.

Being all the right, title and interest of said deceased in said lodes.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE—Cash in United States gold coin; ten per cent of the purchase money payable on the day of sale; balance on confirmation of sale by said Probate Court.

Bids or offers shall be in writing, and may be left at the offices of Glassell, Chapman & Smith aforesaid, or may be delivered personally to the undersigned, at his place of business in the city of Los Angeles, or may be filed in the office of the Clerk of said Probate Court, at any time after the first publication of this notice and before the making of said sale.

Deed at expense of purchaser.

B. COHN,
Administrator of the Estate of H. J. Yarrow, deceased.
Los Angeles, August 22, 1871. n64t8

LEGAL.

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 6.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, August 16th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN B. WINTERS, Superintendent of the Kearsarge Mining Company, on behalf of said company, has this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for one thousand, eight hundred feet in length of the "KEARSARGE LODE," with a surface width of fifty feet on each side of the lode. Said lode supposed to be nine hundred feet in width, which belongs to the Kearsarge Mining Company, a corporation; adjoining on the East end the extension claims of James R. Wall, J. R. Hughes and G. W. Brady, and on the West end the extension claims of R. M. Shaw, J. B. Rowley and John Clarke, situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. Notice is further given that they intend to apply for and have embraced in the said patent together and in connection with the "Kearsarge Lode," the land on which the Kearsarge mill is erected, together with a sufficient space of land around said mill for the convenient use of said mill; also the Water Rights of said Kearsarge Mining Company on Little Pine Creek. The property sought to be patented together with the said "Kearsarge Lode" is known as the "Kearsarge Mill Site and Water Claim on Little Pine Creek," and is described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a stump, it being the N. E. corner of what is known as McCormick, Kittleson, Cornell and Hill's cabin, 24 links from Pine Creek, from which a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears N. ½ deg. E. distant 62 links, also a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears S. 58½ deg. E. distant 64 links, thence N. 25½ deg. E. distant 4 chains to a tree blazed and marked as follows: Blazed on three sides and notched toward the creek and marked "Head of the Kearsarge Mining Company's Ditch," thence N. 62½ deg. W. to the foot of the main mountain, thence N. 27½ deg. E. distant 21 rods, thence S. 62½ deg. E. to a stone mound on the opposite side of the creek, thence S. 27½ deg. W. along the East side of Pine Creek to a point opposite to and to place of beginning. And also all the water, water rights and privileges found upon or in any manner belonging to said tract of land—situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.
au26n61m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 4.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have this day filed in this office a diagram, and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the "LAMB" lode, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of Range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Silver Sprout" lode on the northeasterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is five feet wide—all of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.
jy29n57m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 5.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the SILVER SPROUT LODE, with a surface width of one hundred lineal feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Lamb" lode on the southwesterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is four feet wide. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.
jy29n57m3

Application for Patent.

(NOTICE NO. 3.)

U. S. REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 1st, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. L. AND J. L. GRIGSLEY have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for four thousand feet of the LAST CHANCE LODE, situated in Esmeralda Mining District, Esmeralda County, Nevada, and particularly described as follows:

Commencing at a post, the point of notice near the east end of the town of Aurora, about 5 chains north-easterly from the Monroe House, and about six chains north-easterly from the Wide West mill, running thence along the lode line

1. N. 54 deg. E. 2 chains.
2. N. 60 deg. 20 min. E. 2 71 chains.
3. N. 70 deg. 10 min. E. 7 23 chains.
4. S. 23 deg. 10 min. E. 8 50 chains.
5. N. 86 deg. 59 min. E. 6 02 chains.

Thence to the Westerly boundary of the Juanita lode claim, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line; also the mill site of the Wide West mill, described as follows:

Commencing at a post from which the South Westerly corner of the Wide West mill bears N. 54 deg. 20 min. E. distant 3.41 chains, and running

1. N. 11 deg. 28 min. E. 4 50 chains.
2. S. 78 deg. 32 min. E. 7.50 chains.
3. S. 11 deg. 28 min. W. 4 50 chains.
4. N. 78 deg. 32 min. W. 7 50 chains.

All of which is more particularly described by the diagram posted in this office and on the claim.

Bearings from the magnetic meridian.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.
jy8n54m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Russ Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a southeasterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.
je17 n51m3

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I. DAVIDSON a co-partner in the firm heretofore existing under the name of J. S. Rothchild & Co., (where J. S. Rothchild, I. Davidson and J. P. M. Perham were the co-partners), has this day by mutual consent withdrawn from the business. All the liabilities of the late firm whether in notes, acceptances or due bills, must be presented within 30 days from this date to J. S. Rothchild and J. P. M. Perham, hereafter carrying on business under the firm, name and style of J. S. Rothchild & Co., who will pay the same.

Either partner of the old firm is authorized to receive and receipt for all debts and demands due us this day and date.

J. S. ROTHCHILD,
I. DAVISON,
J. P. M. PERHAM.

se9n63t4
Independence, August 28, 1871.

STATE LIBRARY

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Volume II. INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA: SEPTEMBER 30, 1871. Number 66.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 30, 1871.

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Havilah, Kern Co., Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the Sixteenth Judicial District. au19-1

P. REDDY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

J. G. McCLINTON,
Attorney at Law,
AURORA, NEVADA,
WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Independence, Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no5ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. jy9tf

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING
AND GENERAL
Commission Agency.
WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.
Have all goods plainly marked—
"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."
Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.
WM. M. OSBORN.
jy15n55m3

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE
SHAVING SALOON.
Shop one door South of the Court House.
WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.
THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as
BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON
at the lowest possible rates.
LEWIS SCHNEIDER.
At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.
jy15n55m3

PAINTING, ETC.

PAINTING,
Wagon & Carriage Making,
PAPER HANGING, ETC.
J. G. PAYNE HAS RE-OPENED HIS SHOP, and is now prepared to do Wagon and Carriage Work in the best manner, and will attend to House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Graining, Staining and Varnishing Furniture, etc., at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES,
for cash. jn10n50tf

HOTELS.

ORLEANS HOTEL,
LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.
D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.
THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a
Bar Attached,
Which has constantly on hand the choicest of
Wines, Liquors & Cigars.
Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

AMERICAN HOTEL,
Cerro Gordo,
Inyo County, - - - - Cal.
MR. AND MRS. JOHN SIMPSON, HAVING established themselves in their new hotel, are prepared to accommodate the public, and respectfully solicit its patronage.
Cerro Gordo, June 15, 1871. je17y1

FRENCH RESTAURANT
—AND—
ONE BIT SALOON.
PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.
THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edwards street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—drinks, 12½ cents.
au196m*

INYO HOTEL.
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.
W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.
THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.
October 17, 1870. n15v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.
Mrs. M. A. BAKRY, Proprietress.
Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12-6m

SALOONS.

PIONEER SALOON,
LONE PINE, CAL.,
C. D. BEGOLE, - - - Proprietor.
HAVING THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND refitted this popular place of resort, the proprietor calls attention to the fact that he has now on hand the largest and best stock of
THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,
Ever brought to the county, which he will dispose of over the bar at the usual rates. n61m3

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
A PULTERATION BY WATER BEING NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
au10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

INYO SALOON,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.
HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8a29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The
TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.
DAVISON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
fe4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON
CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE.
A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.
A Fine Billiard Table,
With fittings complete, in connection.
n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

EXCELSIOR SALOON,
Benton, Mono Co., Cal.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on cash customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of
WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS
On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.
B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.
Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

SAZARAC SALOON.
INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.
John Wallace, Proprietor.
Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek
CASH STORE.
SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of
GROCERIES,
Provisions,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,
HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloth Piece Goods,
Clothing, Hardware,
Crockery and Glassware,
TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,
POWDER AND SHOT
Flasks and Pouches.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
Manufactured to order.
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS
AND STATIONERY.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
PAINTS AND OILS
Wall Paper,
CANDIES, NUTS, ETC, ETC
All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.
SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

C. & M. Cohn,
OPPOSITION STORE,
LONE PINE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
au26n61tf

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,
—THE—
Pioneer Blacksmith
—OF—
OWENS VALLEY.
THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.
Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.
Of every description.
Wagon Work
Done in the best style at reasonable terms.
Agricultural Implements
Made and repaired.
UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.
A. PARKER.
Independence, Cal., April 15, 1871. n42m3

LUMBER.

BLACK ROCK
SAW MILL.
SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER,
SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,
SMITH & ENGLE.
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

FOUND.

A NOTE FROM JOSEPH CALDWELL TO JOHN N. EWING, for $170 has been found on the street in Independence. The owner can have the same by calling at this office and paying for this notice.

"MUCH IN LITTLE."

Of all the quartern loaf,
By eager flagers cleft,
The daily bread for which we pray,
But one small slice is left.

A morsel quite despised
By all the household throng,
And yet enough to bring back life,
Or make a weak heart strong.

A dozen tiny seeds
Lay scattered on the floor;
We never stoop to pick them up,
Because they are no more;

But some sweet mother bird
Will bear them to her young,
And then send forth her song of praise
With clear and silvery tongue.

Despise not God's least gifts,
Though light they seem to be;
A small beginning yet may bring
An ending great to thee!

Flying Fish.

[From Appleton's Journal.]

Flying is so much associated in our minds with the usual denizens of the air that the idea of flying fishes seems a contradiction. Nevertheless, some fishes possess that power, the fins being transformed into wings, with which they are enabled to rise for a few seconds. These wings, however, are neither long nor powerful, for it rather acts the part of a parachute than wings. The distinguishing character of the *Exocœtus*, or flying fish, are the pectoral fins, nearly the length of the body, the head flattened above and on the sides, the lower part of the body furnished with a longitudinal series of carinated scales on each side, the dorsal fin placed above the anal, the eyes large, and the jaws furnished with small, pointed teeth.

These flying fishes in their own element are harassed by attacks of other inhabitants of the ocean, and, when under the excitement of fear, they take to the air, they are equally exposed to the attacks of aquatic birds, especially the various species of gulls. We have said that, in their leap from the water, their fins sustain them rather as parachutes than wings, with which they beat the air. Mr. Bennett's description is very clear on this point. "I have never," he says, "been able to see any percussion of the pectoral fins during flight; and the greatest length of time I have seen this volatile fish on the fly has been thirty seconds by the watch, and the longest flight, mentioned by Captain Basil Hall, has been two hundred yards, but he thinks that subsequent observation has extended the space. The usual hight of their flight, as seen above the surface of the water, is from two to three feet, but I have known them to come on board at the hight of fourteen feet and upward. And they have been well ascertained to have come into the chains of a line-of-battle ship, which is considered to be upward of twenty feet. But it must not be supposed that they have the power of raising themselves into the air after having left their native element; for, on watching them, I have often seen them fall much below their elevation at which they first rose from the water; nor have I in any instance seen them rise from the hight to which they first sprang, for I conceive the elevation which they take depends wholly on the power of the first spring."

This fish is the common prey of the more voracious fishes, such as the shark, and the sea birds; its enemies abound in the air and in the water. If it succeeds in escaping the Charybdis of the water, the chances are in favor of its coming to grief in the Scylla of the atmosphere; if it escapes the jaws of the shark, it will probably fall to the share of the sea-gull. The dolphin is also a formidable enemy to the much-persecuted flying fish. Captain Basil Hall gives a very animated description of their mode of attack. He was in a prize, a low Spanish schooner, rising not above two feet and a half out of the water. "Two or three dolphins had ranged past the ship in all their beauty. The ship in her progress through the water had put up a shoal of these little things (flying fish), which took their flight to windward. A large dolphin which had been keeping company with us abreast of the weather gangway at the depth of two or three fathoms, and as usual glistening most beautifully in the sun, no sooner detected our poor dear friends take wing than he turned his head toward them, darted to the surface, and leaped from the water with a velocity little short, as it seemed to us, of a cannon ball. But though the impetus with which he shot himself into the air gave him an initial velocity greatly exceeding that of the flying fish, the start which his fated prey had got enabled them to keep ahead of him for a considerable time. The length of the dolphin's first spring could not be less than ten yards, and after he fell we could see him gliding like lightning through the water for a moment when he again rose and shot upward with considerable greater velocity than at first, and, of course, to a still greater distance. In this manner the merciless pursuer seemed to stride along the sea with fearful rapidity, while his brilliant coat sparkled and flashed in the sun quite splendidly. As he fell headlong in the water at the end of each leap, a series of circles were sent far over the surface, for the breeze, just enough to keep the royals and topgallant studding sails extended, was hardly felt as yet below. The group of wretched flying fishes, thus hotly pursued, at length dropped into the sea; but we were rejoiced to observe that they merely touched the top of the swell and instantly set off again in a fresh and even more vigorous flight. It was particulary interesting to observe that the direction they took now was quite different from the one in which they had set out, implying but too obviously that they had detected their enemy, who was following them with giant steps along the waves and was gaining rapidly upon them. His pace, indeed, was two or three times as fast as theirs, poor little things! and the greedy dolphin was fully as quick sighted; for, whenever they varied their flight in the smallest degree, he lost not the tenth part of a second in shaping his course so as to cut off the chase; while they, in a manner really not unlike that of the hare, doubled more than once upon the pursuer. But it was soon plainly to be seen that the confidence and strength of the flying-fish were fast ebbing; their flights became shorter and shorter, and their course more fluttering and uncertain, while the leaps of the dolphin seemed to grow more vigorous at each bound. Eventually this skillfull sea sportsman seemed to arrange his springs so as to fall just under the very spot on which the exhausted flying fish were about to drop. This catastrophe took place at too great a distance for us to see from the deck what had happened; but, on mounting high on the rigging, we may be said to have been in at the death; we then could discover that the unfortunate little creatures, one after another, either popped right into the dolphin's jaws as they lighted on the water, or were snapped up instantly after."

—A company in San Francisco with considerable capital is being organized to work some newly discovered coal mines in the Aleutian islands.

A Remarkable Ghost Story.

Lord Brougham, in his recently published auto-biography, gives an account of a trip he made to Norway, and relates how, on a cold day in Norway, he arrived at an hotel which had the unusual luxury of a bath room. He says: "Tired with the cold of yesterday, I was glad to take advantage of a hot bath before I turned in. And here a most remarkable thing happened to me—so remarkable I must tell the story from the beginning. After I left the high school, I went with G——, my most intimate friend, to attend the classes in the university. There was no divinity class, but we frequently in our walks speculated upon many grave subjects, among them, on the immortality of the soul, and a future state. This question, and the possibility, I will not say of ghosts walking, but of the dead appearing to the living, were subjects of much speculation; and we actually committed the folly of drawing up an agreement, *written in our blood*, that whichever of us died the first should appear to the other, and thus solve any doubts we had entertained of the 'life after death.' After we had finished our classes at the college, G——went to India, having got an appointment there in the civil service. He seldom wrote to me, and after the lapse of a few years I had almost forgotten him; moreover, his family having little connection with Edinburgh, I seldom saw or heard anything of them, or of him through them, so that all the school boy intimacy had died out, and I had nearly forgotten his existence. I had taken, as I have said, a warm bath; and while lying in it and enjoying the comfort of the heat, after the late freezing I had undergone, I turned my head around, looking toward the chair on which I had deposited my clothes, as I was about to get up out of the bath. On the chair sat G——, looking at me! How I got out of the bath I know not, but on recovering my senses I found myself sprawling on the floor. The apparition, or whatever it was that I had taken for the likeness of G——, had disappeared. This vision produced such a shock, that I had no inclination to talk about it, or to speak about it even to Stuart; but the impression was too vivid to be easily forgotten, and so strongly was I affected by it that I have here written down the whole history, with the date, 19th December, and all the particulars as they are now fresh before me. No doubt I had fallen asleep; and that the appearance presented so distinctly to my eyes was a dream, I can not for a moment doubt; yet for years I had had no communication with G——, nor had there been anything to recall him to my recollection; nothing had taken place during our Swedish travels either connected with G——, or with India, or with anything relating to him, or any member of his family. I recollected quickly enough our old discussion and the bargain we had made. I could not discharge from my mind the impression that G—— must have died, and that his appearance to me was to be received by me as proof of a future state; yet all the while I felt convinced the whole was a dream; and so painfully vivid and so unfading was the impression, that I could not bring myself to talk or make the slighest allusion to it. I finished dressing, and, as we had agreed to make an early start, I was ready by 6 o'clock, the hour of our early breakfast.

"BROUGHAM, October 16, 1862.—I have just been copying out from my journal the account of this strange dream: *Certissima mortis imago!* And now, to finish the story, begun above sixty years since: Soon after my return to Edinburgh there arrived a letter from India, announcing G——'s death, and stating that he had died on the 19th of December."

Letters of Reccommendation.

A gentleman advertised for a boy to assist him in his office, and nearly fifty applicants presented themselves to him. Out of the whole number, he in a short time selected one and dismissed the rest.

"I should like to know," said a friend, "on what ground you selected that boy, who had not a single reccommendation?"

You are mistaken," said the gentleman, "he had a great many. He wiped his feet when he came in, and closed the door after him, showing that he was careful. He gave up his seat instantly to that lame, old man, showing he was kind and thoughtful. He took off his cap when he came in, and answered my questions promptly and respectfully, showing he was polite and gentlemanly. He picked up the book which I had purposely laid upon the floor, and replaced it upon the table, while all the rest stepped over it or shoved it aside; and he waited quietly for his turn, instead of pushing and crowding, showing that he was honest and orderly. When I talked with him, I noticed that his clothes were carefully brushed, his hair in nice order, and his teeth as white as milk; and when he wrote his name, I noticed that his finger nails were clean, instead of being tipped with jet, like that handsome little fellow's in the blue jacket. Don't you call those letters of recommendation? I do, and I would give more for what I can tell about a boy by using my eyes ten minutes, than all the fine letters he can bring me."—*The Little Corporal.*

—Prince Bismarck's income is $190 000 a year.

Robert J. Walker's Duel.

In our chapter on duelling, in last Monday's Mosaic, we omitted an amusing incident, which occurred a good many years ago between two men in Mississippi, whose names have since become historical in the annals of their country. We refer to Robert J. Walker, and Dr. William M. Gwin, Duke of Sonora. An altercation occurred between them which led to a challenge from Mr. Walker. Mr. Walker was a man of remarkably diminutive size, while the Dr. towered like a giant, with the brawn and bone of a London porter. Walker was bent on fighting, but the doctor, who was naturally a jovial and kind-hearted soul, did not feel at all aggrieved towards his adversary.

Be that as it might, the doctor accepted the challenge, and chose the Indian war-tomahawk as his weapon. the terms were so arranged that on a given day the combatants were to be posted 150 yards apart, and, at a given signal, to run past each other, like knights in a tourney, flinging their tomahawks in their course.

The doctor caused it to be bruited abroad that he practised every day in Savannah, a few miles from the town where both resided. Piqued with curiosity, Mr. Walker allowed himself to be persuaded to visit the spot surreptitiously, and view the achievements of his antagonist. Not so surreptitiously, however, that Dr. Gwin was not aware whose prying eyes were fixed upon his movements.

Measuring off 150 paces from the solitary stump of a pine tree, the doctor bounded with a spring and a yell that would have delighted Chingachook, the venerable padre of the last of the Mohegans, a grin of demoniac ferocity lighting up his strongly marked features. As he approached the stump, he projected the missile with a powerful sweep of his arm, clean up to the handle in the soft pine, and panting came to a dead halt.

There was something so ludicrously savage in all of this that Mr. Walker and his companion burst involuntary into a fit of laughter from their ambush. The laugh betrayed them; a reconciliation took place, and up to the breakiug out of the Confederate war, and it may up to Mr. Walker's death, they were fast friends.—*N. O. Times.*

The Indians.

Excluding the Alaska tribes, the United States Government has now charge of 288,716 Indians, who are divided into 142 different tribes or nations, and subdivided into numerous independent branches or bands. These are all embraced within 75 agencies, under the control of fifteen superintendents and under the direction of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. The superintendencies arranged according to the Indians under their charge, are as follows: Southern, 45,430; Arizona, 32,052; Dakota, 27,921; California 21,697; New Mexico, 20,430; Montana, 19,335; Central, 18,572; Nevada, 16,220; Utah, 12,800; Washington, 12,794; Oregon, 10 975; Colorado, 7,300; Northern, 6,410; Idaho, 5,669, and Wyoming, 2,400. In addition, there are some hostile tribes, such as the Apaches and others of Arizona and New Mexico, numbering 6,000, and it is estimated that the Indians in Alaska amount to 75,000 souls. Taking all these figures, it appears that there are at least 375,000 Indians under the care of the United States. The management of these tribes has always been a source of great embarrassment and expense to the Government, and during the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1869, the cost amounted to $7,042,923. The new Indian policy, consisting in the appointment of Friendly Commissioners, and in other pacific measures, it is stated, is much less costly, the expense for the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1870, only amounting to $3,407,938.

An Episode in the Life of Harry Meiggs.

Mrs. Josslyn is a washerwoman, and works very hard for her living. In the palmy days of Harry Meiggs she deposited with him no less than $2,500, and when Meiggs and her money were gone, the time in which a woman could lay up so large a sum from the profits of her business was gone also. But she washed on and kept her head above water. Some two or three months ago, she read in The Overland Monthly, or some other publication, of how much money her old banker had made in South America by building railroads, and with a beautiful faith in human nature, which cannot be too highly commended, she embarked upon the Panama steamer and wended her way to the sultry South, where Meiggs now holds sway. She sought the millionaire in the gorgeous residence so graphically described in The Overland, and presented her bank book and told her tale. Meiggs listened, and when she had finished he handed her a check for the amount of the deposit and interest from its date to the time of payment. She departed a wealthier and happier woman, and returned by the last steamer to San Francisco; and if anybody wants to have a personal difficulty of a high character, they can secure that result in its most brilliant form by speaking unfavorably of Harry Meiggs in her presence.—*S. F. Chronicle.*

—In Richmond, Indiana, a Judge fined a woman, and she found his nose and pulled it.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday, September 30, 1871.

Information for Immigrants.

With a view to answering the frequent inquiries emanating from citizens of the various European nations respecting the quality and extent of the unoccupied lands belonging to the United States, and the manner of acquiring titles thereto, the Commissioner of the General Land Office has prepared and is about to issue a pamphlet in English, French, Swedish and German, giving in as simple a manner as practicable brief statements, first, of the form of Government of the United States; second, of our politicaf divisions; third, of the peculiarities of the soil and climate; fourth, of the the land system and manner of acquiring titles; fifth, of our naturalization laws or manner of acquiring titles; sixth, of our naturalization laws or manner of acquiring citizenship. In treating these subjects the leading features will alone be given, and each subject will be divested of all minor details and technical references, where not absolutely nesessary to a full understanding of the subject under consideration. The pamphlet is also intended to take the place of the translations of the annual reports heretofore used for distribution in Europe, which contained much matter not needed in foreign countries.

Missionaries Needed.

Missionaries are greatly needed in the town of Cadiz, Ohio. A young man stopping at a hotel there was taken with the small pox, whereupon, some of the citizens went to his room, sewed him in a blanket, and took him out through a back window, after which they placed him in a wagon and drew him to an old deserted house without roof or windows. Here they left him to the care of a negro, the rain pouring down on him the while. Of course the poor fellow died, and while his body was being thrust in a hole dug in an open field, some of the neighbors stood on the hills and shot at the men engaged in the proceeding. The negro nurse was then given his choice either to leave town or be shot; and so the people got rid of the man who was apparently the most decent inhabitant of the place.

The Road Steamer.

Thompson's Road Steamer, says The Stockton Independent of the 12th, appeared in a new *role* yesterday. Its appearance in our streets with two large omnibusses attached to it and filled with passengers for the race track, was novel to say the least. It proved a very speedy and effective method, however, of carrying people to the stock grounds. The speed of the machine will be tested on the race track.

Silver Brick Found.

A silver brick, worth two or three thousand dollars, was found under the ruins of Buckner & Ferrend's saloon, the day after the big fire in Virginia City. Major Ferrend, the finder, deposited it with Wells, Fargo & Co., where it awaits a claimant. Now, we have several times missed bricks of about that value but it is likely this is not one of them.

For Senator.

Hon. Cornelius Cole, present incumbent, Hon. Aaron A. Sargent, Hon. John B. Felton, Hon. David Belden and Hon. Henry Edgerton have thus far been announced as candidates for a seat in the United States Senate. So says The Spirit of the Times.

For Clerk.

Boruck, of The Spirit of the Times, and Owen, of The San Jose Mercury, are prominent candidates for Clerk of the Assembly. It is not worth our while to signify our choice between them, having delegated our vote to Tuolumne.

Bloody Affair.

Recently, at Visalia, Geo. Hall was waylaid and shot. The shooting is supposed to have been done by John Drauliard, in consequence of a difficulty over a game of cards. The wound is serious, if not fatal.

Short Stay.

Mose Black and John I. Jacks were among the prisoners that escaped from the State Prison at the recent break. They went through here in charge of Bob Stein, Sheriff of Nye county, about a week ago, on their way to Carson, having been sentenced to a term of seven years each for horse stealing. They were in jail less than a week.—*Reese River Reveille.*

AGRICULTURAL FAIR IN LOS ANGELES.

It will be seen from the following, which we take from The Los Angeles Star of the 16th, that our neighbors of Los Angeles are going to have a Fair of their own in the coming month. It will be seen that the five southern counties will be represented. Inyo is not one of the five southern counties—in fact, don't belong anywhere in particular, except as a sort of make-weight to Tuolumne for certain political purposes—but still, if we can claim any identification of interests, agriculturally or otherwise, with any county it must be with Los Angeles. It is to be hoped that somebody will represent us in this Fair in some suitable manner. Was it not that some of our best fruit will then be out of season we could compete well with them in that particular. If wheat of the present season equals some that was raised here last year it will certainly equal, if not excel, anything of the kind they will have there. Besides this and some other things we could name, if our miners are so disposed, our showing of minerals could be made to astonish them, and ultimately, be of much advantage to the mining interest. It is to be hoped this matter will receive the attention its importance demands:

Extensive preparations are being made for the agricultural fair and the races, which commence in this city on Tuesday, the last day of October, and continue for four days. At the grounds of the District Agricultural Society, twelve horses are already in training for the speed premiums. Forty stalls for horses, one hundred pens for cattle, and other necessary buildings are in course of construction, a grand stand with seats for twelve hundred persons is also being built; this will be a permanent affair, and is being put up in the strongest and most substantial manner under the superintendence of Mr. Babcock, the present Secretary of the Association. Wells are being dug in different parts of the grounds so as to insure an ample supply of water for stock. The estimated cost of the improvements now being made is $5,000, the expense attendant upon holding the fair will probably be over $10,000. This fair will be the first of its kind ever held in the district, and will, it is expected, be a grand success. The five southern counties will be represented.

OUR REPRESENTATION.

Some people are hard to please—always to be but never are blest. Because Tuolumne has so kindly relieved us of Legislative responsibilities, these dissatified people seem to think we—the counties of Inyo and Mono—are considered mere excrescences—warts—on the body politic, not known or recognized in State affairs. Now, this is a mistake; it's true, we were not allowed a candidate on either State ticket, nor a member in either branch of the Legislatnre, but let us be thankful for what representation we do have in a State institution—that at San Quentin. We don't claim that this institution is any more respetable than the other at Sacramento, nor that we are as well represented there as we ought to be, but we should be thankful for what we have, and console ourselves in the reflection that a full and proper delegation to San Quentin can not be much less profitable to the sage brush country than if similarly circumstanced in the other case. And here, too, let us pray that Tuolumne may receive a proportionate and merited representation in both institutions, for when that takes place we will have no trouble hereafter in running a joint election to suit ourselves. So mote it be.

The Pacific Encyclopedia.

Messrs. Bancroft & Co. are now engaged in compiling an encyclopedia of the Pacific coast which is designed to be a complete authority on all matters connected with the coast. The territory embraced within the plan extends from the Arctic Circle to the Isthmus of Panama, west of the Rocky Mountains. Besides general articles on historical, scientific, commercial and political subjects, the encyclopedia will give a full historical and descriptive sketch of every State, county, town, valley, mountain, river, etc., on the coast; and also biograpical sketches of all early settlers and prominent men. The object of this work is to transfix a mass of valuable material which is now fast fading away, and to preserve it in a suitable shape. It is a highly commendable undertaking; every person who can contribute anything in the way of facts and incidents appropriate in furtherance of this object should by all means do so. It will require years to complete the work, and as a pecuniary speculation is not expected to pay, though it will be of the geeatest value if not to this, at least to future generations. We shall refer to this work again, and often, perhaps.

Later.

Subsequent to the big fire in Virginia City, another attempt to fire the remainder was made. The timely discovery of the blazing petroleum-soaked rags prevented another conflagration.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Cochise, the great Apache chief, is reported as having died recently of wounds received in a fight in Sonora. General Crook is making a treaty with Maguil, a friendly Apache, chief of the Coyoteros, who will assist the white troops in carrying on the war in Arizona.

The day before the San Joaquin Valley Fair, at Stockton, closed, warrants were issued for the arrest of some sixty gamblers who had attended. The "blacklegs got wind of the officers' intentions and cleared out.

It is reported that H. H. Byrne, District Attorney in San Francisco, will resign and allow his successor, Murphy, to be appointed immediately, he being broken down in health and desirous of traveling in Europe.

Procopio, the Mexican bandit, who was reported killed a short time since, was lately seen near Los Angeles. Supposed to be trying to escape to Sonora.

The surveying party of the Southern Coast Railroad, narrow gauge main line, are surveying a road through Soledad Pass. Another party, under Major Watson, are camped at San Fernando and will run a line to Los Angeles, thence via Tejon Pass, leaving San Bernardino to the right. They will meet Robinson's party at Savins' Station, eighty miles from Los Angeles. Robinson's party will go on to Fort Mohave and take a steamer for Fort Yuma, and then run a line from there to San Diego. Watson's party will meet them at or near San Diego. The survey left San Francisco in April last and has been on the route about six months. The line has been determined upon as far as San Luis Obispo. Probably little if any change will be made from there to Los Angeles.

A slight shock of earthquake was felt in San Bernardino, September 17, between 9 and 10 o'clock A. M.

The grape crop in most of the vineyards in San Bernardino has been contracted for. Large contracts, embracing several thousand tons, have been made at one dollar per one hundred pounds.

Subscriptions are being raised in San Bernardino to aid in the construction of a narrow guage railroad to San Diego. Over five thousand dollars has been conditionally subscribed.

Chas. F. Reed, President of the State Agricultural Society, delivered the opening address at the Fair on the 19th. The address is quite interesting, but its length precludes publication in our columns, though we shall make some reference to it soon.

EASTERN NEWS.

Two cases of cholera were reported in Perth Amboy, New Jersey, on Tuesday of last week. They were German immigrants who had probably escaped quarantine.

Fernando Wood is also among the prophets. He says the "ring" overthrow will not hurt the Democratic party of New York; and he also says Tweed should get out of the leadership of Tammany. He probably hopes for a chance at the municipal teat himself.

Mayor Hall has not yet officially recognized the late changes made in the office of City Controller. Hall offered the Controllership to William E. Warren, a Republican, after General McClellan positively declined to have anything to do with it. Connolly's course now has the approval of the best men in New York, The Times even praising him for appointing so good and trusty a man as Green for his deputy, and in giving him full power to manage the affairs of the office. Hall has withdrawn his order directing the pay bureaus of the city not to recognize the official signature of Controller Connolly or his deputy, Green. The Committee of Seventy have urged Mayor Hall to order the corporation counsel to bring suit against the ring thieves, including himself, for the recovery of the moneys they have stolen from the city. As might be expected Hall looks at it in a different light, and pays no attention to the request.

Gen. Butler has 216 delegates favorable to his nomination for Governor of Massachusetts, out of the 573 elected to attend the Convention.

THE INYO INDEPENENT comes to us this week printed on brown paper and but half-a-sheet at that, indicating that even the brown article had about given out at Independence. But notwithstanding the difficulties the proprietors have to contend with in procuring stock for their paper, it loses nothing in interest, and we are pleased with its weekly visits to our sanctum. The issue of Saturday last reminds us of the good old times in the mines, when money was plenty and whisky flowed freely whenever the boys met to enjoy life, as it chronicles several pistol and bowie-knife fights as occurring on the evening of election day. We should think from the showing that the people of Inyo were quite a thriving community.—*San Joaquin Valley Argus.*

GREAT FIRE IN VIRGINIA CITY.

The most destructive fire ever witnessed in Virginia City, Nevada, some account of which we published last week, broke out on the afternoon of the 19th. The Gold Hill News, of the 20th, says of the burnt district:

Commencing at the Virginia Planing Mill on D street, the conflagration extended to E street as its eastern boundary, to Smith street on the south, Taylor street on the north, and sweeping across D, C and B streets, it passed to A street, destroying two or three houses on the west side of A street. In no place did it cross Taylor street, although the danger was very imminent in several points. The large brick buildings along that street, especially that of Black & Brothers, extending from C through to D street, formed a valuable barrier in that respect. The extent southward we have already indicated. Within the burnt district the only building of either wood, stone or brick left undestroyed is the one occupied by Kelly & Lowenstein.

This includes the larger portion of the business part of the city. The loss will foot but little if any less than $800,000. Wells, Fargo & Co's express office was on fire at one time, but was saved without material damage. There was no loss of life at this fire, though a number of the firemen were badly scorched.

Going On.

The work of impanneling a jury in the case of the State vs. Fox, charged with the murder of John J. Monahan, still goes on, and from present indications the entire list of jurors in the county will be exhausted without a jury being obtained. About 150 jurors have thus far been obtained and still the panel is not full, while three peremptory challenges remain to be exercised by counsel. From present appearances it is not impossible that a change of venue will have to be granted. Quite a little incident occurred during the examination of a witness yesterday. Judge Pitzer, for the prosecution, asked the juror whether he belonged to an organizanation here known as the "Citizen's Protective Association," to which he replied, "I do." The Judge then proceeded to ask him what the objects, etc., of the association were. These questions the witness flatly refused to answer, and he was then, of course, challenged by Judge Pitzer, which was objected to by Thornton and Perley, for the defense. The case was, after argument, submitted to the triers, one of whom, in order to refresh his memory, as he said, asked the juror what he had said was the name of the organization. The triers retired and returned with a verdict sustaining the challenge. Col. Thornton then made a motion to question the trier who had asked the juror the question, on the ground that he had shown partiality in rendering the verdict. The trier was questioned and stated his reasons for asking the question of the juror as above. The triers then tendered their resignations and insisted on them being accepted, on the ground that as the defense had impeached one for partiality shown, he had cast the reflection on all. The resignations were unwillingly accepted and they were discharged. Much interest is taken in the case by the public, and the Court room is crowded daily.—*Pioche Record, September 14th*

Terrible Explosion at Pioche, Nevada—Destructive Fire and Loss of Life.

Pioche City was almost entirely destroyed by fire on the night of September 15th. The Ely Record publishes an extra giving the following:

Last night, between 11 and 12 o'clock, a destructive fire broke out in the rear of Lagrue's restaurant, which destroyed nearly all of Pioche. It is impossible in this hastily gotten up report to give full particulars, but it is safe to estimate the loss at between $200,000 and $300,000, on which there is scarcely a dollar's worth of insurance. The fire was as nothing compared with the loss of the killed and wounded which followed in the wake of the fire fiend. Felsenthal & Co. had 300 kegs of powder in what was supposed to have been a fire-proof cellar, and about 2 o'clock the whole mass exploded, killing six and wounding thirty-one. Several lesser magazines in the rear of stores exploded at a later hour. It is impossible to describe the terror and consternation which prevailed during and after the explosion. Men, women and children rushed about in all directions seeking lost relatives and friends. Houses were thrown down and shattered, and the cries of the wounded and the dying were pitiful in the extreme. The following is a list of the wounded as obtained up to 8 o'clock this A. M: H. D. Beene, John Cullen, Harvey Rice, Jim Waters, Bartholomew Noonan, John Farley, Robert Watts, Archy Mulhern, John Daiken, Charley Williams, Miler Quellan, Wm. Ryan, H. G. Tabler, Robert Shannon, David Noonan, David Nagle, John Dauherty, Miss Gary, Mrs. Hanerhan, French Charley, Mike Fahey, Rosie Stein, A. Raney, Fred Haskin, Wm. Stevens, Phil Richards, Wm. H. King, Thomas Kendall, Chris. Schultz, W. S. Cotton and Dennis Sullivan, all of whom were either injured by falling rocks or jarred by the concussion or burned. Many of the wounded will die. There are more injured but we are unable at present to give particulars. The following persons were killed; Jeremiah Kirby, James Agnew, Ira Sand, Wm. Dodds, Mike Sheehan, and one other burned so that he cannot be recognized.

LATER—Six hundred thousand dollars is now stated as the loss by the late fire in Pioche, Nevada. Several more persons are added to the list of the wounded by the magazine explosion.

In the Wilderness.

Owens Valley, down in Inyo county, California, away down south from Gold Hill, at least 250 miles, where the rich Kearsarge and Silver Sprout mines are located, is a very isolated country—at least 150 miles from any telegraph lines, with a stage line once or perhaps twice a week. The editors of THE INDEPENDENT (who by the way have had the "yaller janders" in their paper for a whole month), are sorely vexed at not hearing the result of the late election in California, and especialy in their own Assembly District—Tuolumne and Inyo.—*Gold Hill News*

DIED.

At Monte Diablo canyon, September 23, ROBERT J. MORRISON, aged 33 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Merchants' Association.

MEMBERS OF THE MERCHANTS ASSOCIATION will please take notice that there will be a meeting held at the store of A. M. Loomis & Bro., at Lone Pine, WEDNESDAY, October 4, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and to transact such other business as may come before it. All members are requested to be present.

Lone Pine Sept., 27, 1871. v2n661t

THE BOOMERANG SALOON.

Swansea..... Cal.

B. P. TASKER, PROPRIETOR.

The "Boomerang" is now open for business. The best of drinkables, cigars and cheeters, always on hands for dispensation at the smallest possible remuneration.

Swansea, Cal., Sept. 30, 1871. v2n664

LOST.

ON SEPTEMBER 23d, ONE CHECK NO. 556 drawn by JAMES BRADY in favor of S. VAIN, for $91,; payment has been stopped. A reward of $10 will be paid by the undersigned for the recovery of said check.

JUAN D. YBASETA.

Lone Pine, Sept., 27, 1871 v2n663t

NEW STORE.

NEW GOODS!!

—THE FIRM OF—

WOOD & COHEN

Respectfully inform the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally, that they have commenced business in the ground floor of the

Masonic Hall Building

where they intend to keep constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS,

Furnishing Goods,

&c., &c., &c.

ATTACHED TO THE STORE IS ALSO A

Merchant Tailor's

ESTABLISHMENT,

where is kept the finest stock

OF

WOOLEN CLOTHS, FLANNELS,

etcetera,

ever brought to the county—and where you can have clothing

MADE TO ORDER!

Both members of the firm being

Practical Tailors.

All orders will be guaranteed.

"A stitch in time saves nine."

CLOTHING

Cleaned & Repaired

with neatness and dispatch at the most

REASONABLE RATES.

The public are cordially invited to give us a call.

WOOD & COHEN.

Independence, Sept. 30, 1871. v2n661y

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. John Collister is alone authorized to collect all debts due to, and pay all debts owed by the company up to date.

JOHN COLLISTER.
A. K. BRIGGS.

Lone Pine, Cal., September 26, 1871. n66t3

BABBITT METAL.

PARTIES DESIRING A QUANTITY OF BABBITT metal can be supplied at low rates on application at this office.

For County Judge.

CHARLES WHIPPLE

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS an Independent Candidate for the office of County Judge of Inyo County. td*

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Redsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Books and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE.

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20-n47tf

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 30, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

About Crops.

We paid a visit to Mr. Vagt's fine farm, just beyond Camp Independence, a few days since. We saw good crops of corn growing on ground from which a crop of hay had been previously cut the present season; also, a most luxuriant growth of alfalfa produced from low ground which, previous to plowing, was literally white with alkali efflorescence. Indeed, from the excess of alkali shown on this piece of ground we doubt whether any crop but alfalfa could be grown upon it at all. For this purpose it is equal to the best. A large number of hogs are alternatively pastured on two small fields of clover, a change from one to the other being made about once every two weeks. The two weeks undisturbed growth, after being pastured down, is sufficient to produce a good crop of hay; so that considering the great amount of pasturage it affords, its hardy growth, particularly upon otherwise worthless alkali soils, this grass is deserving general attention from farmers and dairymen. We may mention here, however, that *black alkali* lands are not fit for this clover, or perhaps any other crop. The essential conditions of farming here in this valley vary somewhat as do those of mining, different localities requiring different processes, or at least, similar methods do not produce similar results. The best results can only be attained by systematic experimenting, each farmer for himself, although, a general interchange of opinions, by means of a farmers' club, could not fail to be benificial to all. The peculiarities of soil, climate, means, methods and times of irrigating, and other things of this character common to farming in this valley, offer a field for profitable investigation, which is best done through an association. Mr. Vagt has a number of varieties of grapes, peaches and other fruits, all producing remarkably well. His grapes are as large and juicy as those of any other part of the State, but not so sweet. His peach trees were literally loaded with fruit of the best quality; and altogether, we know of no reason why this section may not be ranked as firstrate for fruit of all kinds, and also, as evinced by the number of chickens, ducks and hogs to be seen about Mr. Vagt's farm, no less for the production of these kinds of small deer.

Windy.

The weather has been unusually windy for the past week, and the nights are quite cool—at least we were so informed, early the other morning, by a shivering hombre, who had just arisen from his airy couch in front of this establishment, where he had passed the night, sans blankets, sans ceremonie, sans "kivering" of all kinds, save, as Mrs. Partington would say, the broad "canister" of heaven. Through chattering teeth he informed us that he had the evening before "got belated on his route home; didn't precisely know where his home had got to; didn't feel very well; thought he'd camp, and wait till it came around; awful cold, you bet."

New Store.

We have this advice to offer to all the gents who contemplate committing matrimony, as well as others who have no such ideas, but who like to make a respectable appearance: If you want either a medium, ordinary or tip top suit of clothes made to order, and warranted to fit ordinary forms, rotundities or angularities, call on Messrs Wood & Cohen. They have just opened a merchant tailoring, gents' furnishing and general dry goods store, in the Masonic building; these gentlemen are both practical workman, have an eye to a permanent business, therefore, satisfaction is guaranteed in all they undertake.

Departures.

As an offset to the numerous new arrivals we have to note the departure recently of several families from this place. H. C. Morse and family have started for Humboldt Bay, but expect to return. Frank Parker and family return to the State of Maine, out of considerations of health. J. G. Payne and family have gone to Los Angeles. Gen. Winters and family return to Virginia City. Altogether quite an exodus of families for our little town.

Improvements.

This town is making a very good showing in the way of substantial improvements. A number of new residences have been built, as well as additions to old ones. The Masonic Hall is now complete, except upholstering on the upper floor. Mr. Rowley, "wich is P. M.," has well under way a neat building, to be used as a store and postoffice, and close along side, Louis Schnieder is building a similar one, to be used as a business house.

The "Boomerang."

That accomplished bar keep, B. P. Tasker, has located at Swansea and opened out the "Boomerang" in first class style, purely for the accommodation of all dusty, weary and thirsty travelers and local residents. Give Tasker a call and he'll explain the whole thing

THE MURDERERS' BLOODY TRAIL.

As is usual with fleeing criminals, a number of the heinous murderers who escaped from the Nevada Prison, have made our isolated territory the line of their flight. We are fortunate in being able to present, out of the many rumors afloat, a pretty straight story of the actual facts connected with the movements of different pursuing parties and the details of the fatal affair in Monte Diablo Canyon. These details we have from the Junior of this paper, he being one of the party that went from this place, all but one of whom are yet in the field.

A letter from Aurora states that on Wednesday, the 20th instant, four of the convicts passed in sight of that place. It was soon ascertained that Billy Poor, the pony rider, had been captured by them and forced to accompany them. A party consisting of Deputy Sheriff Palmer, J. S. Mooney, P. Kelly, Ned Barker, Horace Poor, —— Lewis, John McCue and some half a dozen others whose names we did not ascertain, started in pursuit about 9 o'clock the same evening. After a long detour toward Mono Lake they eventually struck the trail of the fleeing convicts in or near Adobe Meadows. They soon found conclusive evidence that young Poor was yet alive, and making mute appeals for help destined never to reach him—his gloves were found at different points and, further on, his collar!

The following day an Indian informed them that the convicts were encamped in a canyon some five miles distant, near Dexters. It is stated, and no doubt was the case, that the pursuers were much fatigued and their animals worn out; but here seems to have been a bad break in not pushing out. Mr. Poor, the poor boy's brother, begged them, for God's sake, to make the effort, but none, save Mr. Mooney, were willing to go. Sheriff Palmer, of Esmeralda, then addressed a note, dated Adobe Meadows, September 22, to Deputy Sheriff Hightower, at Hot Springs, to the following effect:

"Four or five escaped convicts from the Nevada State Prison are now concealed in the hills back of this place, and they are undoubtedly striking for Long Valley. If you can raise a posse, and go there, you will surely intercept them. I think they will travel to-night. We have tracked them beyond a doubt to this place. They have, I think, four animals which must be nearly given out. They have taken with them Billy Poor, the pony rider, for their own protection; should you go, be careful not to injure him. My men are very much fatigued, and some taken sick, or I would be riding to-night. There is a reward of $500 for each, *dead or alive;* send me an answer immediately, as I expect to start early in the morning. If you think it more advisable to join me here, use your own discretion, but if you do anything not a moment is to be lost." Upon the reception of this note, Henry Devine and Mr. McLaughlin started almost immediately for Adobe Meadows, leaving Mr. Morrison and George Hightower to come on with their party in the morning, the first two taking all the available fire arms in the place. Upon finally gathering at Hightower's mill, the party consisted of Morrison, Hightower, Devine, J. C. Calhoun, B. B. Alonson, —— Moore, James Dougherty, George Dougherty, I. Nabors, —— Nesbitt, James Peregrine. After taking dinner the party waited two hours for the arrival of the Aurora party; finding that Charley Jones, one of the convicts, had been to this mill the day previous and obtained some bread, meat and salt.

About 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the party, mounted, went up the canyon about two miles, where they struck the trail. This they followed some 18 miles southward into Long Valley, where they caught sight of the men, Mr. Morrison himself being the first to see them. It now being night, the party went to the house of Mr. McGee, and remained till morning when they proceeded to the canyon, some six miles distant. Following the trail up the canyon about a mile they came upon the felons, and then quickly ensued a scene, the heartrending details of which we write with a sorrowful heart.

We give them in the exact words of one of the participants in the terrible affair: "Some hundred yards up the canyon a man was seen running down a hillside, and we immediately spurred forward our horses; suddenly we found ourselves directly in front of their camp, not more than forty feet distant—we directly in the canyon and they on the hillside, in a clear spot among the willows. They all three of them retreated to a large tree, and dodged behind it. At the same moment one of their number came down to them from a short distance above. Just as the first two had reached the tree they fired on us, while we shot almost simultaneously at the man going up. Their shots struck four of our horses, killing outright those ridden by Nabors and Calhoun, and wounding those of Nesbith and Alberson. Our party fell back to the willows for shelter, some of us directly under them and the rest a little down the canyon. For twenty minutes shots were exchanged; Morrison must have been shot at the first fire. However non of us know, as he was not seen to fall, and none of us know exactly where he was killed. I think he was first wounded at the begininig of the fight and attempted to go up the hill to get position, but then received the fatal wound. The convicts then passed up the canyon, shielded by the willows, to a point about 300 yards ahead when they stopped for a time.

In the meantime, our party took three of their horses, and followed them up. We saw them go up to our guide—brave "Mono Jim"—who was on a hillside holding Hightower's horse and his own, as he was directed to do. One of them went close up to him, and as he stepped forward fired two shots from a six-shooter, killing him instantly. The man took the two horses and went on up; as they were going up we heard some one above hollowing, and in a few moments afterwards heard two more shots fired. Being so totally unmatched in point of arms we had to return. The fight resulted, as is well known, in the death of Morrison and the Indian, and in Calhoun being shot through the hand, and in losing the horses. Nesbith had a shot through his clothes across the tomach."

The party repaired to the scene of the fight and found the remains of poor Morrison. He was shot through the side, just above the hip, the ball going entirely through the body. Another shot had entered the back of the head and passed out above the right eye. After burying the Indian, the party removed Morrison's remains to McGee's ranch; from thence they were the next day conveyed to Benton.

The day following the departure of the Benton party, the letter letter given above was dispatched by a man named Watson to S. G. Sneden, at Bishop Creek. But through some inevitable miscue it was not received until some hours after the arrival of the regular stage, at noon. Then a party headed by John Clarke and John Crough started out, going up Long Valley after the murderers. At this place was also realized the same scarcity of serviceable, long ranged-guns. At this hurried writing we can not detail the long and arduous pursuit given the villians by these men; but suffice it to say that they tracked them up into a rough precipitous canyon leading out of Round Valley into the Sierra Nevadas, and pressed them so hard that they were compelled to abandon and shoot one tired horse and lose another over a precipice. From Sunday morning to Tuesday night the plucky farmers were without a mouthful to eat; their faithful Indians were dispatched to Round Valley several times for supplies, but with no success worth speaking of.

Of the operations of a Round Valley party who were out, we have been unable to learn sufficient to report, but from them the word seems to have come about the citizens corralling five of the murderers in a unapproachable canyon, where their superior guns rendered successful approach impossible.

On this report, Mr. Yaney started at once for Camp Independence and this place. On the reception of the news, Major Egbert, with promptitude of an efficient officer and true gentleman as he is, immediately selected five of his company, and, taking command himself, started to the field. At the same time he proffered guns and equipments to any desiring to go and use them, and a party of six citizens started from this place—making the trip to Bishop Creek in seven hours, including stoppages.

At the present writing (Wednesday night) the summing up of the situation is about as follows: The four outlaws are still alive and uncaptured; two are being pursued in the Sierras west of Round Valley by Major Egbert and men; Burke and his partner are being trailed and hunted across Blind Spring valley by the party from this place, and Devine and party from Hot Springs.

THE LATEST.

On Wednesday night Sherwin, Hubbard, Armstadt and McCloud, with the assistance of a Mexican and Indians, succeeded in capturing two of the convicts, Morton and Black, in the sand hills, about five miles south east of Round Valley. On taking them, a few a few shots were exchanged, when the escapes left their arms and threw up their hands as if to surrender. An Indian mistook the motion and fired, the shot taking effect a little above the left temple of the man Black, breaking the skull and passing out on the other side of the head, but, strangely enough, not killing him. Upon being assured of protection from violence at the hands of the citizens, they surrendered and were taken to Bircham's place in Round Valley.

Visiting the place, our reporter found Morton to be a very intelligent, fair looking man, almost supernaturally calm, considering that he was in such imminent peril of being lynched. Black was in a hopeless condition, although able to speak, and is, in all probability, dead at this time. Morton is a 30 year man, in for mail robbery at Toana, but all conclude he is not as bad as the company he was in. His story, and we believe it true, completely upsets all ideas hitherto entertained concerning the affair. It is impossible for us this week to give more than the substance of the most important portions of his statement. He says when the party met Poor he was ahead, the bulk of the party just behind him and Jones way in the rear. He heard a rifle shot and after awhile, Jones came up and said he was "fixed," having supplied himself with clothes and the pony rider's rig; he gave Morton the boots taken, they being too small for him (Jones). Morton, with these boots, made what were supposed to be Poor's tracks. There were *six* men in the party but only *three* in the Monte Diablo canyon fight. Roberts killed Morrison. Morton says he himself killed the Indian. He states that Jones was the leader of the party, and had said that *no man should pass them* to carry tidings either way; that Jones claimed to have friends here by the names of Smith and Hutchison, and that he would take them through, "but," says Morton, "he run us into a hornet's nest. I prefer being shot rather than to be taken to Carson."

During the week we shall issue an extra containing the terrible story as related by this man, and an account of the lynching which the outraged community will doubtless enact, either at Round Valley or Benton.

On the statement of Morton action was deferred, and four resolute men started for the mountains where Morrison's murderer, Roberts, was left, wounded in the shoulder and foot; and doubtless he is now in Round Valley and probably dead.

Major Egbert and men, Steve Gregg, Duncan Campbell and two men, with some thirty Indians, are in pursuit of six more convicts, tracked to Coyote Valley, in the mountains west of Big Pine.

On the authority of the prisoner Morton, there were many more of the prison breakers coming this way, so let our citizens fairly "sleep on their arms."

Need Hanging.

If we are to place reliance in some well-founded reports, there are some parties residing around the scene of the tragedy in the upper end of the county, who need some attendance at the hands of an outraged community. They not only openly avowed sympathy with the escaped cut-throats, but, it appears from their operations, made efforts to assist them. A gent at Benton thought that the death of Mr. Morrison was a good lesson, and that he would give one Burke the best horse he ever straddled to get away with. Some are charged with lending actual assistance, while still others were so selfish as to refuse to lend guns for use by their pursuers. We would gently advise these parties to haul in their horns, or this climate may not prove altogether agreeable to their health.

Sad, Indeed.

The sad fate of Robert J. Morrison, who fell at the hands of the murderers from the Nevada State Prison, is being much talked of all over the valley. Morrison was one of the earliest pioneers of Owens River, having resided at various points for six or seven years, and no man in all this country commanded more friends or was held in more universal esteem. He was engaged to be married to a young lady of Benton, who is now absent on a visit to Los Angeles. The marriage was to take place upon her return. How very, very sad will be the terrible tidings! The deceased was born in the State of New York, where his relatives now reside. He was buried at Benton on Monday last, by the Masons, of which order he was a member—a large and grief stricken circle of friends attending the solemn ceremony.

The Kearsarge.

The supply of good ore has lately ran rather short in the Kearsarge mine. Some unforeseen difficulties have also been experienced in working ores of a high assay value, but notwithstanding all these troubles, our own confidence in this mine, as well as that of others perfectly posted regarding it, is not a whit shaken. The very best of mines have temporary failures, and so far as the Kearsarge mine itself is concerned there is not, in our belief, any real cause for alarm. A couple of months may be required to verify this opinion, but it will be verified sooner or later.

A Fruitless Search.

On the strength of a report that two of the Carson convicts had passed Lone Pine early Tuesday morning, Messrs Dodd, Grant, Moffat, W. L. Moore and Mulkey started in pursuit. After a thorough search down the country without finding any traces of the scoundrels they returned the third day.

A Visitation.

A strong southerly wind, a few days sinced, wafted millions of the small flies peculiar to Owens Lake into Lone Pine. It was a flying visit, too much extended to be agreeable, although everybody took "a fly in their'n."

For a Visit.

I. W. Hunt starts in a few days for a visit to the scenes of his youth, in the "State of Pike." In the years of absence he will find many a void in the old familiar circles, we fear.

Returned

Sheriff Elder, after finally succeeding in delivering his prisoner, Brown, at the State Prison, returned to Lone Pine, a day or two since.

Lost.

Mr. Ybaseta, of Lone Pine, in a card in this issue, gives notice to everybody not to negotiate for a certain check. See advertisement.

Merchants' Association.

We call the attention of all parties interested to a notice headed as above to be found in our advertising columns.

Real Estate Transfer.

D. D. Gunnison has purchased the Payne place from P. Reddy, Esq. The price paid was $1,800.

Church Directory.

FIRST SUNDAY IN EACH MONTH.—George's Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching 11 A. M. Independence—7½ P. M.; Sunday School 2 P. M.; class and prayer meeting at the parsonage every Saturday evening. All are invited to attend. Round Valley—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 11 A. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 4 P. M.; Sunday School 11 A. M. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at the church; all are invited to attend. Eclipse Mill—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching 7 P. M.; class meeting, 9 A. M. Deep Spring—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Tuesdays following first Sundays, at 7½ P. M.

SECOND SUNDAY IN THE MONTH.—Independence—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 11 A. M.; Sunday School 2 P. M.; prayer and class meeting at the parsonage every Saturday evening; all are invited to attend. Eclipse Mill—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 7 P. M.; class meeting, 9 A. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching 4 P. M.; Sunday School 11 A. M.; prayer meeting every Thursday evening at the church; all are invited to attend. George's Creek—Rev. J. Tamblyn: preaching 1 P. M. Cerro Gordo—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching Fridays following second Sabbaths, at 7½ P. M.

THIRD SUNDAYS IN THE MONTH.—Independence—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching 11 A. M; Sabbath School 2 P. M.; prayer and class meeting every Saturday evening at the parsonage; all are invited to attend. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching 4 P. M.; Sunday School 11 A. M.; prayer meeting at the church every Thursday evening; all are invited to attend. Lone Pine—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 3 P. M. Eclipse Mill—S. W. Blasdel; services 7 P. M. George's Creek—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 3 P. M.

FOURTH SUNDAY IN EACH MONTH.—Independence—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 11 A. M.; Sunday School 2 P. M.; class and prayer meeting every Saturday evening at the parsonage; all are invited to attend. Eclipse Mill—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 7 P. M.; class meeting 9 A. M. Lone Pine—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching 11 A. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching 4 P. M.; Sunday School 11 A. M.; prayer meeting every Thursday evening at the Church; all are invited to attend. Big Pine—Rev. A. Clark, Rev E. H. Orne; preaching at Mr. Newland's on Friday evenings after the fourth Sunday 7½ P. M. George's Creek—S. W. Blasdel; services 1 P. M.

TRAVELING.

PIONEER PASSENGER & EXPRESS LINE TO LOS ANGELES.

H. W. ROBINSON & CO. BEG LEAVE TO inform the citizens of Owens Valley that they have established a

WEEKLY STAGE LINE

To Los Angeles and having stocked the line with six changes of horses, good time will be made. This is 90 miles shorter than by any other route, and over a safer and by far the best road. We will connect with the steamers and coast line of stages to San Francisco, making this the cheapest route to that point. Will also connect with the stage to San Bernardino and Arizona.

Special attention paid to fast freight and express packages.

☞Collections and commissions promptly attended to.☜

The above line of stages will leave Lone Pine and Los Angeles every Monday morning, running to arrive at Lone Pine and Los Angeles every Thursday.

Fare, - - - - - - $20.

Agent at Lone Pine—DAN CANTY, at ORIENS Hotel, to whom all applications must be made for tickets and freight. my20n47m3*

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞First class passenger cars will run regularly.☜

☞NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.☜

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

TELEGRAPH STAGE LINE,

BETWEEN

Independence, Lone Pine, Havilah, Visalia, Gilroy & San Francisco,

Carrying United States Mail

AND

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

ROBERTS & GEORGE, Proprietors.

ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 1ST, 1871, THE above Passenger and Express Line will run as follows: Leave San Francisco on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, on first train of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Returning, leave Independence and Lone Pine on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Passengers have the privilege of laying over at any point.

ROBERTS & GEORGE.

P. P. Dow, Agent at Independence.
C. D. EGGIS, Agent at Lone Pine. au19m3

DRUGS ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, May 10, 1871. my13n46tfc

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines.

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

fe4n32-6m JOHN LENTELL

JUST ARRIVED.

A HEAVY STOCK OF THE VERY BEST OF

BACON!

Has just been received at

n65tf J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO'S

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

STILL AHEAD!

Further Reductions.

A 1 Crushed Sugar Four and One-Half Pounds for

ONE DOLLAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar Five and One-Half Pounds for

ONE DOLLAR!

Chemical Olive Soap Eight Bars for

ONE DOLLAR!

The most complete stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Ever offered in the Valley, at prices to defy competition, at

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO'S.

LONE PINE.

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, Sept. 23, 1871. n65*tn66

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of Justice Wm. Barrows' Court, Fifth Township, County of Inyo and State of California, in the suit of J. Woods & Co. against Jacob Jacobson, duly attested the 18th day of September, A. D., 1871, I have levied upon the following described real estate, to-wit: All the right, title and interest of the said Jacob Jacobson in and to one certain lot of land lying and being in the town of Cerro Gordo, County of Inyo, State of California, and more particularly described as being about half-way between the Upper and Lower Town of Cerro Gordo, and directly opposite the place where the new Citizens Road comes into the canyon. Also, the buildings on the above described lot, consisting of one cabin, one corrall and stable and one blacksmith or carpenter shop, with saw pit attached. Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE SIXTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House in the County of Inyo, I will sell the above described real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to cover the amount of said execution of Forty-one and 58 100 dollars, together with one hundred and sixty-five and 20 100 costs and accruing costs, to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, U. S. gold coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By R. L. PETERSON, Deputy.

September 18th 1871 se23n65t3

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF Inyo, State of California. Estate of John A. Mullen, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrator of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers within ten months from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at his residence near Independence, Inyo County, California.

JOHN A. LANK, Administrator.

Independence, September 18th, 1871. se23n65t3

TAX NOTICE.

LIST OF PROPERTY RAISED (THE OWNERS of which were not present) by the Board of Equalization at a meeting of said Board held on the 1st day of September, A. D. 1871, to-wit:

Duncan Campbell, Improvements raised	$	400 00
Phoenix G. & S. M. Co., Mill	"	1000 00
V. Beaudry, Bullion	"	22000 00
" M'dse	"	4000 00
" Ores	"	6000 00
" Coal	"	2000 00
" Wood	"	2500 00
" 70 feet in Belmont mine	"	210 00
M. W. Belshaw, Furnace Building	"	2000 00
" Cerro Gordo toll road	"	3000 00
" Wood	"	3000 00
" Coal	"	4000 00
" Ores and Bullion	"	12500 00

S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

se23 3t65t4

WAGON FOR SALE.

A THOROUGH-BRACE, TWO SEATED EXPRESS Wagon, with set of harness. Will also sell span of horses if desired.

Inquire of R. L. Brown, at Pioneer Stable, or

COL. TUTNEY,
n65t2* Independence.

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS well known and long established

LIVERY BUSINESS,

Situated in Lone Pine, together with the following stock:

One Buggy and Team.
Four Saddle and Work Horses,
Two New Saddles and One Side Saddle,
One Sett Lead Harness,

All of which will be sold cheap for cash, as the proprietor intends going East.

n62tf I. W. HUNT.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for County Scrip.

Jy22 36tf J. B. ROWLEY.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, September 30, 1871.

The Ancient Irish Soldier.

In the time of Gustavus Adolphus, a broad sheet appeared in Germany, containing pictures of some Irishmen who served in his army. From this we learn that the men wore long skirted coats reaching to the knee, a broad bonnet, a loose sleeved under coat, a girdle and full breeches; they carried arrows, swords and guns. Underneath the picture are some lines in German, bemoaning the troubles which the sins of the country had brought upon her. The Irish legionaries of the invader are described as "hardy and strong, dark colored like gypsies, short in stature, eager to fight, furnished with muskets, and skilful in the use of bows and arrows, ready to cut their way with long knives. Their clothes and caps have a barbarous appearance, almost all black; their shoes are chiefly made of, and tied on with bark of trees. They make shift with little food; if they have no bread, and are hungry, they dig roots out of the earth, with which they are easily appeased." An intelligible picture this, of rough-and-ready adventurers, always fighting, or prompt to fight.

It is Dark.

The following beautiful sentiments are from Meister Kart's sketch book, entitled "The Night of Heaven." It is full of touching tenderness: It is dark when the honest and honorable man sees the results of years swept cruelly away by the knavish and heartless adversary. It is dark when he feels the clouds of sorrow gathered around, and knows that the hopes and happiness of others are fading with his own. But in that hour the memory of past integrity will be a true consolation, and assure him even here on earth of gleams of light in Heaven. It is dark when the voice of that sweet child, once fondly loved, is no more heard in murmurs. Dark when some well known air recalls the strain once oft attuned to a childish voice now stilled in death. Darkness—but only the gloom which now heralds the dayspring of immortality, and the infinite light of Heaven.

Land in the North.

The Lassen Sage Brush reports that the surveying party who have just arrived from the country lying north of the Big Valley and the tributaries of Pitt River, say there are millions of acres of the finest lands in the world in that vicinity, and that there will be at least 2,000 people in that country this fall, all seeking permanent homes.

Filial Piety.

First collier (loquiter)—"There bin a foire (explosion) at Jackson's pits." Second collier—"Moy feyther works theere." First collier—"Oy and he's blowed a' to pieces." Second collier—"Boy gum! whoy; he'd got moy pocket knife wi' him."

—"General," said a United States Senator to a distinguished official at Washington, "why do you take two drinks before breakfast? wouldn't one tone you up enough?" To which the General replied, "Senator, the reason is this, when I take one drink it always makes me feel like another man, and then, you see, I am bound by common courtesy to treat that man and so I take a second."

—An intoxicated man saw two cars passing him, the other evening, with red and blue lights in the front and rear. His fuddled brain comprehended colored lights, and he was heard to say to himself, "Must be pretty sick—sick—sickly here; they are running drug stores around on whe—wheels."

—A country clergymen paid a visit to a churlish parishioner who was on his death-bed, and said. "Are you willing to go hence, my brother?" "Well. as I must go, I suppose I might as well be willing." "That is what all your friends say," mildly responded the clergymen.

—A trio, who luckily for their purse, did not travel by weight, recently alighted at the depot in Vincennes, Indiana. They were a mother and two children; she turned the scales at 585 pounds; a sixteen-year-old boy weighed 425, and his little sister 175 pounds.

—The compiler of Thomas Jefferson's private life relates of the great physical strength of Jefferson, that standing between two hogsheads of sugar, lying on their sides, he could at the same time raise both upon their heads.

—A wise gentleman, who knew all about it, on retiring from busines, gave the following advice to his son and successor: "Common sense, my son, is valuable in all kinds of business except love-making."

—"Are the pictures which you brought home from abroad all landscapes?" said an artist to Mrs. Shoddy one day. "Bless you, no," replied the indignant lady; "they're ile paintings!"

—It is stated that a young woman in a Missouri college has beaten all the male students in the mastery of the Greek language. Just as if one tongue wasn't enough for a woman.

—Josh Billings says: It is a statistical fact that the wicked work harder tew reach hell than the righteous do tew get tew heaven.

—The Count of Paris corresponds regularly with several American newspapers.

—There are in Berlin one thousand teachers of the Feench language.

—Gambetta has four brothers. Two of them, like himself, are blind in one eye.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

J. S. Rothschild & Co.,

J. P. M. PERHAM, Independence, Cal. | J. S. ROTHSCHILD, San Francisco.

Removed

From the Old Stand,

North-east Corner Edwards and Market Streets,

—TO OUR—

NEW STORE,

On West Side of Edwards Street, Near the Creek.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

—AND—

NEW TACTICS.

CASH ON DELIVERY Unless by special agreement.

We retain our old mottos of

☞"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

BELIEVING THE

"Nimble nine-pence preferable to the slow shilling!"

AND

"ONE PRICE FOR ALL"

Sure to meet public approval.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR THE GENEROUS patronage of the past, we beg leave to call attention to our increased facilities for doing business and our varied assortment of

General Merchandise.

Consisting in part of

GROCERIES

Dry Goods.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

TIN, STOVES, HARDWARE, CARPETING, WALL PAPER AND HOUSE LINING, DUCKS, DRILLS AND SHEETINGS, FURNITURE BLANKETS AND BEDDING, SPRING AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOWS; STEEL, POWDER AND FUSE; LIQUORS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCO, STATIONERY PIPES AND CUTLERY, ETC., ETC, ETC.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

BELL'S NUMBER 1,

—AND—

Boots and Shoes,

Both of San Francisco make and of Eastern pattern.

Call and Examine Our Stock! We Esteem it No Trouble to Show Goods.

BUSINESS OR COMMISSIONS ENTRUSTED TO us by parties in San Francisco or elsewhere will receive prompt attention.

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Independence, February 25, 1871. n35m3

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s EXPRESS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

MUTUAL Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

GERMAN POSTOFFICE MONEY ORDERS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

my20n47tf

Die Unterzeichneten

Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutsche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.

Harris & Rhine,
Agenten.

my20n47tf

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store. a29n5m6

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC Insurance Company

Of San Francisco.

Fire and Marine.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.

J. HUNT, President.
A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.

HARRIS & RHINE,

AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms my20n47m3

LIVERY STABLES.

HUNT'S LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

—LONE PINE, Cal.—

HORSES and Buggies and the best of Saddle Horses to let on reasonable terms. Horses boarded by the day or week, at the lowest possible rates. HAY by the Feed or Bale. BARLEY by the Sack or Ton.

I. W. HUNT, Proprietor.

Lone Pine, Aug. 1, 1870. no5-6m

THE PIONEER LIVERY, SALE

—AND—

FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.

Independence, July 13, 1871, jy15n55m3

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK Flouring Mills.

RUSSELL & CO., Proprietors.

THE BISHOP CREEK FLOUR MILL, HAVING undergone a thorough course of repairs, and been furnished with an additional pair of burrs, all work will be guaranteed.

Feed and Flour

Constantly on hand for sale. Also

FLOUR SACKS

At reasonable rates for Cash or Grain. If you want GOOD FLOUR, go to John Lentell's.

RUSSELL & CO.

Bishop Creek, June 17, 1871. n51m6

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. my13n46m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

R. J. MORRISON

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries,

HARDWARE,

Crockery and Glass Ware,

PAINTS, OILS,

Varnish and Window Glass.

Also, a fine assortment of the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a well-assorted

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

of 500 volumes.

School Books, Blank Books and Stationery.

TO THE ABOVE STOCK THE UNDERSIGNED would most respectfully beg leave to call your attention, especially to the quality and

Greatly Reduced Prices!

TERMS---STRICTLY CASH.

R. J. MORRISON, Proprietor.

Postmaster, Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.; also, agent for the **Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.**

Benton, Mono Co., Cal., July 29, 1881. n57m3*

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well selected stock of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

Wines and Liquors,

Dry-Goods,

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

HARDWARE,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

—AND—

EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.

Fish Springs, July 22, 1871. n56m3

Great Bargains!

GREAT SACRIFICE

—OF—

Property!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS entire stock of goods at

Less Than San Francisco Cost

Prices!

Bacon..... 20 cts ℔ lb
Hams..... 22 cts ℔ lb
Crushed Sugar. ℔ barrel, 20 cts.
do do 4½ lbs $1
Brown Sugar... ½ barrel $16
do do 5½ lbs $1
Candles, by the box, $5
do 9 for 50 cts
Ground Coffee, by the case, 36 cts.
do do 37½ cts ℔ lb
Green Coffee...by the sack, 23 cts
do do 25 cts ℔ lb
Lard.....by the case, 24 cts
do .....10 pound can, $2 50
do ..... 5 " " 1 25
Best Japan Tea, 75 cts by the case
do 80 cts ℔ lb
Dried Apples.....5½ lbs for $1
Dried Grapes.....5½ lbs for $1

CANNED STUFFS.

Tomatoes.....50 cts ℔ can
Oysters.....50 do
Salmon.....62½ do
Lobster.....62½ do
Jellies.....62½ do
Spiced Oysters.....75 do

All other articles, too numerous to mention, in the same proportion. Orders from the Valley will be promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by cheapest conveyance.

20,000 Dollars Worth of New Stock of Goods,

To arrive immediately, comprfsing an assortment of

General Merchandise,

Which will be sold at same reduction in prices, without reserve.

Still Larger Sacrifices

In all articles of **Clothing & Dry Goods.**

TERMS — **CASH ON DELIVERY.**

Cerro Gordo, July 12, 1871. V. BEAUDRY. jy15n55d

TINSMITH.

INYO PIONEER

TIN SHOP,

Of INDEPENDENCE.

WELCH & STEVENS,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.

STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.

HAVING PURCHASED H. C. MORSE'S BLACK SMITH shop, adjoining our tin shop, and obtained the services of a

NUMBER ONE WORKMAN,

We Propose to do **BLACKSMITHING** in all its **Branches,** as Cheap and in a style NOT EXCELLED by any shop in the County. Satisfaction guaranteed. Please give us a call, at our shop on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store. WELCH & STEVENS.

jy8n54tf

STATIONERY.

☞Aurora News Depot.☜

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

☞Store in Post Office Building,☜

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for family use because it so seldom gets out of order. It there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

OR CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.

ap29n44m4

LEGAL.

PROBATE NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN PURSUANCE of the order of the Probate Court of the County of Los Angeles, State of California, made August 17th, 1871, in the matter of the estate of H. J. Yarrow, deceased, the undersigned, Administrator of said estate, will sell at private sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the lot of land first described in one parcel and the mining interests either in one parcel or in subdivisions, and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on TUESDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Glassell, Chapman & Smith, attorneys at law, in the city of Los Angeles, County and State afo esaid, all the right, title and interest that the said deceased had at the time of his death, or that his estate has by operation of law or otherwise acquired since his death, in and to the following described real estate, to-wit:

1. That certain lot of land situate in the city and county of Los Angeles, State of California, north of the Catholic church in said city, bounded north by the tile roofed house and lot of land formerly belonging to Juan Sanchez, deceased, east by Main street, south by the house of Macedonio Aguilar and the lot formerly belonging to Juan Apablaza, and on the west by New High street.

The following mining interests in Lone Pine mining district, Inyo county, State of California, to-wit:

1. The interest of the deceased in the mines, leads, lodes, privileges and mining claims, land, mill and all other real estate belonging to the Wolfskill & Cervantes Mining Company:
2. 40 feet in the "Asta" or "Bandera" lode.
3. 85 feet in the "Albertina" lode.
4. 304½ feet in the "Queen City" lode.
5. 25 feet in the "Gran Poder" lode.

Being all the right, title and interest of said deceased in said lodes.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE—Cash in United States gold coin; ten per cent of the purchase money payable on the day of sale; balance on confirmation of sale by said Probate Court.

Bids or offers shall be in writing, and may be left at the offices of Glassell, Chapman & Smith aforesaid, or may be delivered personally to the undersigned, at his place of business in the city of Los Angeles, or may be filed in the office of the Clerk of said Probate Court, at any time after the first publication of this notice and before the making of said sale.

Deed at expense of purchaser.

B. COHN,
Administrator of the Estate of H. J. Yarrow, deceased.

Los Angeles, August 22, 1871. n64t3

LEGAL.

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 6.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, August 16th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN B. WINTERS, Superintendent of the Kearsarge Mining Company, on behalf of said company, has this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for one thousand, eight hundred feet in length of the "KEARSARGE LODE," with a surface width of fifty feet on each side of the lode. Said lode supposed to be one hundred feet in width, which belongs to the Kearsarge Mining Company, a corporation; adjoining on the East end the extension claims of James R. Wall, J. R. Hughes and G. W. Brady, and on the West end the extension claims of R. M. Shuey, J. B. Rowley and John Clarke, situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. Notice is further given that they intend to apply for and have embraced in the said patent together and in connection with the "Kearsarge Lode," the land on which the Kearsarge mill is erected, together with a sufficient space of land around said mill for the convenient use of said mill; also the Water Right of said Kearsarge Mining Company on Little Pine Creek. The property sought to be patented together with the said "Kearsarge Lode" is known as the "Kearsarge Mill Site and Water Claim on Little Pine Creek," and is described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a stump, it being the N. E. corner of what is known as McCormick, Kittleson, Cornell and Hill's cabin, 24 links from Pine Creek, from which a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears N. ½ deg. E. distant 62 links, also a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears S. 58½ deg. E. distant 64 links, thence N. 25½ deg. E. distant 4 chains to a tree blazed and marked as follows: Blazed on three sides and notched toward the creek and marked "Head of the Kearsarge Mining Company's Ditch," thence N. 62½ deg. W. to the foot of the main mountain, thence N. 27½ deg. E. distant 91 rods, thence S. 62½ deg. E. to a stone mound on the opposite side of the creek, thence S. 27½ deg. W. along the East side of Pine Creek to a point opposite to and to place of beginning. And also all the water, water rights and privileges found upon or in any manner belonging to said tract of land—situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

au26n61m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 4.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have this day filed in this office a diagram, and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the "LAMB" Lode, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of Range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Silver Sprout" lode on the northeasterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsargo Mining Company. The lode is five feet wide—all of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim. WILSON BUTLER,

jy29n57m3 Register.

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 5.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the SILVER SPROUT LODE, with a surface width of one hundred lineal feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Lamb" lode on the southwesterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is four feet wide. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim. WILSON BUTLER,

jy29n57m3 Register.

Application for Patent.

(NOTICE NO. 3.)

U. S. REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 1st, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. L. AND J. L. GREELEY have this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for four thousand feet of the LAST CHANCE LODE, situated in Esmeralda Mining District, Esmeralda County, Nevada, and particularly described as follows:

Commencing at a post, the point of notice near the east end of the town of Aurora, about 5 chains north-easterly from the Monroe House, and about six chains north-easterly from the Wide West mill, running thence along the lode line

1. N. 54 deg. E. 4 chains.
2. N. 60 deg. 20 min. E. 2 71 chains.
3. N. 70 deg. 10 min. E. 7 23 chains.
4. S. 23 deg. 19 min. E. 8.50 chains.
5. N. 86 deg. 59 min. E. 6 02 chains.

Thence to the Westerly boundary of the Juniata lode claim, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line; also the mill site of the Wide West mill, described as follows:

Commencing at a post from which the South Westerly corner of the Wide West mill bears N. 54 deg. 20 min. E. distant 3.41 chains, and running

1. N. 11 deg. 28 min. E. 4 50 chains.
2. S. 78 deg. 32 min. E. 7.50 chains.
3. S. 11 deg. 28 min. W. 4 50 chains.
4. N. 78 deg. 32 min. W. 7 50 chains.

All of which is more particularly described by the diagram posted in this office and on the claim.

Bearings from the magnetic meridian.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

jy8n54m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 2.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, June 8th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ISAAC FRIEDLANDER has this day filed in this office a diagram, together with a notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for eight thousand one hundred feet of the ECLIPSE LODE—being situated in the Ross Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: It is a rock claim or lode, the character of the vein exposed is gold, silver and lead ores, principally gold and silver. The lode claimed is on unsurveyed land, and extends from Black Canyon in a south-easterly direction eight thousand one hundred feet to Spring Canyon, with one hundred feet on each side of the lode. The same not being bounded by any adjoining end claims, except the Eclipse Extension South, taken up but afterwards abandoned, and the nearest claim being the "Express."

All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices, posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

je17n51m3

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I. DAVIDSON, a co-partner in the firm heretofore existing under the name of J. S. Rothchild & Co., (where J. S. Rothchild, I. Davidson and J. P. M. Perham were the co-partners), has this day by mutual consent withdrawn from the business. All the liabilities of the late firm whether in notes, acceptances or due bills, must be presented within 30 days from this date to J. S. Rothchild and J. P. M. Perham, hereafter carrying on business under the firm name and style of J. S. Rothchild & Co., who will pay the same.

Either partner of the old firm is authorized to receive and receipt for all debts and demands due us this day and date.

J. S. ROTHCHILD,
I. DAVIDSON,
J. P. M. PERHAM.

se9n63t4 Independence, August 28, 1871.

STATE LIBRARY

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Volume II. INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA: NOVEMBER 4, 1871. Number 71.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,.....November 4, 1871

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ATTORNEYS.

A. C. LAWRENCE,
Attorney and Counselor At Law,
Havilah, Kern Co., Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the Sixteenth Judicial District. au19-1

P. REDDY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

J. G. McCLINTON,
Attorney at Law,
AURORA, NEVADA.
WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Independence, Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no6ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [n9tf

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,
AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.
DEALER IN
Stationery,
BLANK BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,
MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,
CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,
And Everything in his Line Cheap.
ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.
Store in Post Office Building,
AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

TINSMITH.

INYO PIONEER
TIN SHOP,
Of INDEPENDENCE.
WELCH & STEVENS,
Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.
ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.
STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.
HAVING PURCHASED H. C. MORSE'S BLACK SMITH shop, adjoining our tin shop, and obtained the services of a
NUMBER ONE WORKMAN,
We Propose to do BLACKSMITHING in all its Branches, as cheap and in a style NOT EXCELLED by any shop in the County. Satisfaction guaranteed. Please give us a call, at our shop on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store. WELCH & STEVENS.
o25-70m3

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC
Insurance Company
Of San Francisco.
Fire and Marine.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.
J. HUNT, President.
A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.
HARRIS & RHINE,
AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms.
October 14, 1871. oc14n68m3

THE MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.
Of New York.
Organized 1842.
Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.
F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.
Assets July, 1870, $11,000,000 Cash
THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.
HARRIS & RHINE,
Agents for Independence and vicinity
o14n68m6

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s
EXPRESS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Pacific Insurance Co.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.
MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.,
OF NEW YORK.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.
GERMAN POSTOFFICE
MONEY ORDERS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Independence, Cal., October 14, 1871.
o14n68m6

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Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutsche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.
Harris & Rhine,
oc14n68tf Agenten.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S
EXPRESS.
Independence, Cal.
WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store.
o14n68m6

LUMBER.

$25
A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE
BIG PINE SAW MILL.
Great Inducements to the Public.
The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.
Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet
At Short Notice.
BELL & BRO.
Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32 6m*

BLACK ROCK
SAW MILL.
SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER,
SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,
SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

NEW STORE.
NEW GOODS.
—THE FIRM OF—
WOOD & COHEN
RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS OF Independence and of Inyo County generally, that they have commenced business in the ground floor of the
Masonic Hall Building,
Where they intend to keep constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS,
Furnishing Goods,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
Attached to the store is also a
Merchant Tailor's
ESTABLISHMENT,
Where is kept the finest stock of
Woolen Cloths, Flannels,
Etc., ever brought to the country.
You can have clothing
MADE TO ORDER,
Both members of the firm being
PRACTICAL TAILORS,
All orders will be guaranteed.
"A stitch in time saves nine."
CLOTHING
CLEANED and REPAIRED
With neatness and dispatch, at the
MOST REASONABLE RATES.
The public are cordially invited to give us a call.
WOOD & COHEN.
Independence, Sept. 30, 1871 v2n66ly.

Bishop Creek
CASH STORE.
SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of
GROCERIES,
Provisions,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,
HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloth Piece Goods,
Clothing, Hardware,
Crockery and Glassware,
TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,
POWDER AND SHOT
Flasks and Pouches.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
Manufactured to order.
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS
AND STATIONERY.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES
PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
PAINTS AND OILS
Wall Paper,
CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC
All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.
SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

TRAVELING.

PIONEER
PASSENGER & EXPRESS
LINE
TO LOS ANGELES.
H. W. ROBINSON & CO. BEG LEAVE TO inform the citizens of Owens Valley that they have established a
WEEKLY STAGE LINE
To Los Angeles, and having stocked the line with six changes of horses, good time will be made. This is 90 miles shorter than by any other route, and over a safer and by far the best road. We will connect with the steamers and coast line of stages to San Francisco, making this the cheapest route to that point. Will also connect with the stage to San Bernardino and Arizona.
Special attention paid to fast freight and express packages.
Collections and commissions promptly attended to.
The above line of stages will leave Lone Pine and Los Angeles every Monday morning, returning to arrive at Lone Pine and Los Angeles every Thursday.
Fare, - - - - - - $20.
Agent at Lone Pine—DAN CANTY, at Orleans Hotel, to whom all applications must be made for tickets and freight. o21n69m3

INDEPENDENCE
—AND—
CERRO GORDO STAGE LINE
Via. Lone Pine.
J. EARL & CO., - Proprietors.
ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE ABOVE well known line will make DAILY TRIPS, running as follows: Leave Independence every day at 5 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 8 A. M., Swansea at 12 M. and Cerro Gordo at 5 P. M. Also, leave Cerro Gordo at 7 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 12 M. Leaves Lone Pine at 2 P. M. and arrives at Independence at 5 P. M. Carries passengers, mail and express.
Agents—Independence, J. B. White; Lone Pine, Dan. Canty; Cerro Gordo, F. K. Miller.
October 14, 1871. o14n68m3

Los Angeles & San Pedro
RAILROAD.
ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.
Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
First class passenger cars will run regularly.
NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.
JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

TELEGRAPH
STAGE LINE,
BETWEEN
Independence, Lone Pine, Havilah, Visalia, Gilroy & San Francisco,
Carrying United States Mail
AND
Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.
ROBERTS & GEORGE, Proprietors.
ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 1ST, 1871, THE above Passenger and Express Line will run as follows: Leave San Francisco on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, on first train of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Returning, leave Independence and Lone Pine on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Passengers have the privilege of laying over at any point.
ROBERTS & GEORGE.
P. P. Dow, Agent at Independence.
C. D. BEGOLE, Agent at Lone Pine. au19m3

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING
AND GENERAL
Commission Agency.
WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.
Have all goods plainly marked—
"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."
Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.
WM. M. OSBORN.
jy15n55m3

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE
SHAVING SALOON.
Shop one door South of the Court House.
WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.
THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as
BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON
at the lowest possible rates.
LEWIS SCHNEIDER.
At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.
jy15n55m3

How Bank-note Paper is Made.

[From The Boston Transcript.]

My wanderings in Philadelphia and its vicinity took me to Glen Mills, and to the mill in which is made the peculiar paper for the United States legal tender notes, fractional currency, bonds, etc.

Glen Mills are situated on Chester Creek, a small stream which empties into the Delaware at Chester, I believe.

The Messrs. Wilcox, proprietors of the mills and contractors for furnishing the above named paper, are paper-makers by inheritance, being descendents of the fourth or fifth generation from Thomas Wilcox, one of the first if not the first, paper-maker in the country. In 1730 Thomas Wilcox settled at Ivy Mills, about three miles distant from Glen Mills, and where Mark Wilcox, the oldest of the present generation, still resides, and where is still standing the small, ivy-covered mill in which bank-note paper was for a long time made.

For three generations bank-note paper has been a speciality with the Wilcox family. The paper for a large part of the Continental issues was made at the Ivy mill; so, also, was the first paper used by the Bank of North America, of Philadelphia, the oldest banking institution in the country.

The old mill has been abandoned for some time, and the business has been transferred to Glen Mills.

An introduction to Mr. Bemis, the United States Superintendent, gained for me admission to the mill, and under guard I visited all parts of it.

My first visit was to the boiler-room, where, in a large rotary boiler, the stock of which the paper is made (new linen) is boiled for hours with lime to extract the color and glutin.

From the boiler room we proceeded to the engine room. Here the stock, after it has been sufficiently boiled under a steam pressure of sixty pounds, goes into the washing engine. It is then ground or beaten about twelve hours in the washing engine. At first water is let in at the bottom of the engine, and is taken out at the top by a revolving cylinder covered with a wire cloth which process goes on till the dirt and the color, as far as it can be done by linen and water, is removed. Other chemicals are then added, and the "half stuff," as the substance is then called, is thrown into vats, where it is allowed to drain and bleach.

From these vats it goes into the beating engine, where by a long process of grinding or beating it is reduced to a fine pulp or "stuff," as it is termed. Great care is taken, I am informed, that the fibre of linen is not cut short during the process of grinding, the object being to beat it into its finest parts rather than to cut it short, as is done with book and writing paper. It is that which gives to bank-note paper its peculiar strength and bladdery appearance.

At this stage of the process the "distributive fibre," is introduced. Through the whole body of the paper, a long and comparatively coarse red fibre may be discovered. It is a substance generally supposed to be silk—it is not silk—what it is, I was not informed. It is cut in lengths of about an inch, and weighed into the beating engine, a short time before the beating is completed. When the stuff is fine enough, it is let down by a valve at the bottom of the engine, to the stuff chest in the machine room.

The "localized fibre" is prepared in essentially the same way, and is usually of blue color—this is let down to a separate chest on the machine. The stuff, or pulp, containing the distributive fibre, passes on to the machine in the usual way, while that containing the localized fibre, by an ingenious contrivance, invented and patented by James M. Wilcox, is made to flow in continuous parallel lines, through the whole length of the continuous sheet. These lines are so contrived as to bring the localized fibre into a particular part of the bond or note, and the presence of this fibre in the bond or note is evidence of its genuineness. The paper, while on the machine, passes under calender rolls, and over steam rolls, till it is dry. It is then slit up lengthwise and passes through an animal size—after this it is cut up by machinery into sheets and goes into the "lay boy." After the paper has been sized it will not do to dry it by steam cylinders; it therefore goes to the drying loft, where it is hung on poles to dry.

From the drying loft the paper goes to the finishing room, where it is calendered and counted by the manufacturers, and thence it passes to the upper loft of the mill, which is really a branch of the Treasury Department. There the paper is trimmed, examined, counted, cased and sealed. Some twenty or more women are here employed in examining and counting; each package, containing one thousand sheets, is first examined, and all imperfect sheets are rejected; they are counted by one lady twice, and her count is verified by another lady. The name of the examiner, and of each counter are placed on the package, so that in case of miscount, or other carelessness, the responsibility may rest where it belongs. From the intedigent appearance of the counters, and the silence and order reigns in the room, I should judge that mistakes could be of very rare occurence.

From the upper story, we proceeded to the basement, in which are the storeroom and office. In the storeroom were piles of boxes bearing the Treasury seal, and marked with the different descriptions of paper. The superintendent called the other room in this basement the office. I presume it is an office, for there were desks, chairs, book-cases and a lady writing. It might also have been called an armory or an arsenal. A black walnut rack bristled with revolvers, and I noticed that the place was well provided with offensive and defensive weapons. A watch is maintained in the building day and night, and I had noticed a man, while our party was walking through the mill, and particularly while we were where any paper was lying about, who seemed to pay particular attention to any one who chanced to lag a little behind the rest of the party. On inquiring who he was, I was informed that he was an employe of the Treasury Department. What there was suspicious about a very inoffensive man and two spinsters, perhaps he can tell. I went with the intention, and had felt at liberty to get, all the information I could; but they gave us no opportunity, even if we had the inclination, to steal paper.

I have little reason to suppose that we were objects of peculiar suspicion. I do not blame them for keeping an eye on us, but it certainly is not very pleasent to feel that one is watched every moment. At the Philadelphia Mint we were subject in the same way to the argus eyes of the guardians of the dross; but then, if we could have possessed ourselves of it, we should have known what to do with the gold, as the paper would have made but poor curl papers for the ladies.

I inquired of the superintendent why it was necessary to be so very particular. He answered that on their caution rested, in a great measure, the protection of the Government, and the public, from counterfeits. If counterfeiters could get hold of the genuine paper, engraving would afford but a slight protection from counterfeit greenbacks. It would, he said, be hardly an object to keep four or five men armed with revolvers, and other warlike weapons, with watch clocks to keep them awake, and up to their duty in the mill all night, and then to allow visitors to roam around the building at pleasure during the daytime. The safety of the paper, he said, arose from the strict guard kept over what is made at this mill, and the fact that it requires a Fourdrinier machine, which is some seventy or eighty feet long, and an expensive and peculiar machinery, to apply the localized fibre. All these involve the necessity for a paper mill, with its attendents, water and water-power, and a large corps of operatives. The Fourdrinier machine is used only in mills making high grade paper, and no manufacturer owning such a mill would risk his property and reputation, even if his conscience was no check on him. The risk would be too great, for, as parties around the building informed us, a fine of five thousand dollars or fifteen years imprisonment, or both, is the penalty for making or having in one's possession any of such paper. A desire to pocket the informer's moiety, a revenge for some real or supposed wrong, would be a strong temptation for some one to inform.

So cautious are they that registers are placed on the machine which record every sheet made, and the superintendent can thus keep a guard on the manufacturer, while the man in charge of the register is at the same time a check on the superintendent.

To get the paper surreptitiously from the mill would require the concurrence of the superintendent, his clerk, the register clerk, the superintendent of of counters, on one side, and of the manufacturer and his clerk and foreman on the other side.

A report is made daily by the contractors to the Secretary of the Treasury of the quantity delivered to the superintendent, and one is also made by the superintendent of the quantity received and delivered by him. Occasionally, at such times as the Secretary may designate, the superintendent and printers are required to balance their accounts. The papers inform us that such an investigation was gone through with in June, and that of the sixty or seventy millions of sheets of paper made within the two years past, every sheet has been accounted for in a legal manner.

Thus each department is a check on all the others. Neither the Secretary of the Treasury, the United States Treasurer, the Bureau of Engineering and Printing, the bank-note companies, or the United States Superintendent can get a sheet excepting in a legal way, and they must account for it in the same manner. All paper mutilated in printing must be returned to the proper office at Washington.

Thinking that you or your readers might feel interested to learn how the paper was made, and the care that is taken of it, I made particular inquiries, and I flatter myself that I have used the proper technical terms, and made myself understood; if not, it is the effect of my own stupidity or forgetfulness. Mr. Bemis and his clerk, Miss Woster, freely answered all questions, and readily explained each process.

—Discretion is the better part of valor. Tom and Arthur had been rude to their mamma. Mamma has complained to papa, who is heard coming up stairs. Arthur—I say, Tom here comes papa; I shall pretend to be asleep. Tom—I shan't; I shall get up and put something on.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday,.....November 4, 1871

The Convicts.

Bill Russell, a six-year convict from Storey county, was recently captured in San Francisco, while seeking a vessel in which to depart for foreign parts. Pruitt, the gentleman of color, was also captured about the same time in Stockton. These two and Roberts are all back at their old quarters in the Nevada State Prison. Burke and Cockerell have been released by the United States authorities and turned over to those of the State.

It has been reported in the Nevada papers that Jones, the fiend incarnate, one the twelve yet at large, was chased into Death Valley, where he perished. There is no truth in this, we are sorry to say. He was not chased into Death Valley, and we are sorry to think he has not yet reached the valley of death. He is probably in the Sierra Nevadas, or has got over in the San Joaquin valley. This is mere surmise, however.

Too Many Sovreigns.

The Western Catholic is carrying on a lively controversy with The Chicago Post about a reported speech of the Pope, in which he claimed the right to depose sovereigns and release the people from allegiance. The Post wants to know whether The Catholic accepts this doctrine, and The Catholic answers by saying, first, that it doesn't believe the Pope said it; second, that if he did say it, he did not say it ex cathedra, and, therefore, it was "not a part of the Church's doctrine, but the Pope's private opinion, for which we don't propose to be responsible;" thirdly, that if he had said it ex cathedra, it would have no application to this country, so far as the sovereigns are concerned, for here every man is a sovereign, and, "in order to exercise his right in the United States, he would have to depose just 39,977,741 sovereigns, which would be too large a job, even for a Pope."

The Schell Creek Mines.

These mines are situated 128 miles in a southeasterly direction from Elko. They are creating quite an excitement which, however, will most likely soon subside. Deposits of rich chlorides have been discovered there in numerous places, but the owners generally are afraid to put in a blast fearing to blow it all out, and thus ruin their chances of a sale, for which they all appear to be anxiously waiting. Capitalist go, see and—leave again, and persistently refuse to invest. The regular games of bean poker begin to languish.

Suicide in Virginia.

Silas F. Brown, a lawyer of Virginia City, committed suicide on the 24th ultimo, at the International Hotel, by shooting himself through the head. Domestic troubles are said to have driven him to the commission of the awful deed. Deceased was a lawyer of fair acquirements, but being a man of ultra Southern views, refused to take the "iron-clad oath," and therefore had done but little in the practice of his profession since the beginning of the war. He was a native of Kentucky, a pioneer of California and Nevada and leaves a wife and two children in Storey county.

California Coal Oil.

Coal oil is being manufactured near San Buenaventura, Santa Barbara County, from crude oil collected near that place. Upwards of 1,000 gallons have already been distilled. The best of oil can be made, according to The Ventura Signal, for less money than it can be laid down there from New York.

From Mexico.

Mexico is in a state of revolution. The Revolutionsts have besieged Saltillo. The Juarist forces are marching in large numbers against the rebels. Two thousand Mexicans have crossed over into Texas to escape rebel proscription.

Completed.

A line of telegraph has recently been completed to Pioche, Nevada, connecting that place and Bullionville with the rest of the world.

Mrs. Fair.

The case of Mrs. Fair. has been up before the Supreme Court for a hearing. It is postponed until the 11th of this month.

—If all flesh is grass, is hay beef a la mowed?

SOME SUGGESTIONS.

By way of a suggestion we propose to note a few of our needs as a community which may be obviated by the introduction of labor-saving machinery for certain uses and manufacturing purposes. The use of such machinery has become an essential to real progress and prosperity. Our State owes to its almost universal use in agriculture her present pre-eminence as a grain producing and grain exporting country. It is a country peculiarly adapted to the general use of agricultural machinery; notwithstanding the productiveness of our lands, it would be impossible under the old system for the farmers of this State to raise and profitably export any part of the 20,000,000 centals of wheat which annually leave our shores for foreign countries. Gang plows and headers have reduced the cost of raising wheat in this State not less than fifty or seventy-five per cent, as compared to the cost when the best appliances in use was the single plow, grain cradle, or even the harvester, the only system yet in use in this valley. The introduction of improved farm machinery would prove quite as advantageous to our farmers here, as it has for those in other portions of the State. Where headers are used crops need not necessarily be cut until the grain begins to drop from the standing heads, so that one such machine, costing about $400 in San Francisco, would be sufficient for the entire valley. In using one of these machines the whole cost of delivering an acre of grain to the thresher would probably not exceed $2, whereas it now costs $5 or more. The advantage of replacing the plows in use by two-gangs would be quite as marked, since they can be used in preparing the ground for all kinds of crops.

There is room for a great advance in another direction. There is a good opening here for the establishment of several different manufactories. We can at this time only briefly notice a few of these. First probably in importance if not in virtue, would be the establishment of a distillery, which would produce a pure and cheaper article of brandy and whiskey to replace at least a portion of the immense quantities of high priced tarantula juice imported and sold under those names. Such enterprises, established in Idaho under circumstances very similar to such as are found here, have proved decided successes in every way, and would probably do as well here.

In Sonoma county there is a factory which annually turns out about 10,000 of the cheapest and most durable chairs in use. Similar ones can be cheaply and profitably manufactured here. There is an abundance of small oak and other timber growing on the sides of these mountains suitable for the purpose, and of course, the rawhide far the seats could be had in abundance.

It has been demonstrated that the crude material can be imported into this State and worked up into wagons of a better quality and cheaper than those turned out of the best fitted shops of the East and shipped here ready made. In one important particular, if no more, the same rule would hold good here in this county. Imported wagons will not long stand in this excessively dry atmosphere. It is just suited for the construction of the best vehicles in use. Their possible additional cost would be more than compensated in their being built especially adapted to our roads, and more lasting quality.

The production of broom corn, and the manufacture of brooms here could be made a paying enterprise.

There are first rate inducements for the establishmant of a planing mill and other wood working machinery. In connection many articles of furniture could be profitably manufactured.

The only conditions necessary to success in any or all of these and some other similar enterprises, are that they be undertaken by *working* men possessing the requsite capital, and on a scale suited to the wants of the country.

Intelligent Indian.

Casper, the soup-house man, has an Indian in his kitchen that beats lots of white folks in the way of *sabe*. It's fun to go there and hear Casper shoot that terrific Dutch language at the huge buck and see him rush from one piece of work to another. He understands German better than English, and his knowledge of the latter language will compare favorably with some white men that might be mentioned. Casper declares that his protege scares all Chinamen out of the house—they think the spirit of some of their dead ancestors are in the fellow and belching pure proverbs of Confucius at them. He certainly understands nearly every word of German that is spoken to him.—*Reese River Reveille.*

—Guilt, though it may attain temporal splendor, can never confer real happiness. The evil consequences of crime long survive its commission, and, like the ghosts of the murdered, forever haunt the steps of the malefactor. The paths of virtue, though very seldom those of worldly greatness, are always of pleasantness and peace.

EASTERN NEWS.

The people of Chicago are very indignant at the manner in which Col. Grosvenor came to his death. Grosvenor was about 12 o'clock at night on his way to his lodgings, when he was challenged by a young man named Treat, belonging to an organized regiment of patrols. Grosvenor refused to halt, when Treat fired, from the effect of which Grosvenor soon afterwards died. Treat was arrested but will probably be legally exonerated.

This is the fiery epoch. A great fire is raging in the counties of Monroe, Niagara, Orleans, Genesee, Wayne and Seneca, New York. A high wind creates the worst apprehensions. "The sun is darkened at noonday" in Rochester. Other fires are raging near Ronsdout, on the Hudson, and in Rensselaer county; also in Michigan.

The regular Democrats of New York city have nominated Judge Ledwith for Supreme Judge. It is almost certain that Tammany will indorse the nomination. The reform Democracy have nominated William M. Evarts Senator for the Fifteenth District.

The Chamber of Commerce in Chicago has decided to rebuild with stone their building, superior in every respect to the old one.

The Hartford Fire Insurance Company have decided on the re-erection of their building at once, to be completed in sixty days.

At a meeting of the Fourth Presbyterian church it was ascertained that over 800 members had lost their homes; in fact there is not a worshipper who is not rendered homeless. They also lost their church and mission houses.

Two wings of the court house have been examined and ascertained not to be so seriously injured but that the work of reconstruction can be commenced at once. The Supervisors have ordered this to be done and the roof to be put on immediately. The work on the interior is to progress all Winter.

At a meeting of Methodist preachers of Boston, a resolution was adopted pledging co-operation in raising $20,000 as New England's share of $200,000, to be raised for Chicago by the Methodists of the country.

The subscriptions in the District of Columbia for Chicago reach $56,600, and $25,000 of this sum will be appropriated to the sufferers in Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota.

The crew of the steamer Planter, going ashore near Bar-Mulatto Bayou was fired upon by unknown parties. Two were mortally and one seriously wounded.

The Grand Jury of New York has ignored a bill against Mayor Hall for malfeasance in office, but censures him for negligence in the discharge of his duties.

Tweed has been arrested. He has been busy the past few weeks in hiding his personal property and covering up his real estate. His fellow thieves have fled, leaving him to bear the brunt alone. He is under bonds of $1,000,000, Jay Gould and Commodore Garrison being his sureties.

The New York Tribune favors the election of reform Democrats to purchasable Republicans.

The accounts of fires in every direc- still continue.

Several military cadets at West Point have been dismissed for misconduct, and others deprived of their furloughs for the year and confined to the grounds.

Building in Chicago is going along with rapid strides, and the demand for mechanics is greater than the supply Banks are in first class condition, and insurance companies are paying up promptly.

Sumner has written a letter to the colored people of South Carolina, urging them to insist upon their full rights in public conveyances, hotels, schools, etc.

A perfect reign of terror seems to have been inaugurated in that portion of South Carolina declared by the President to be under martial law. Women and children are the chief sufferers, and hundreds of these are fleeing from their homes. It is not known whether the Kuklux or the United States troops came off victorious at Broad River.

Pumpkins for Inflammatory Rheumatism.

At a recent meeting of the New York Farmers' Club, a correspondent wrote of the virtues of the pumpkin, giving the following instance of its value for inflammatory rheumatism: A woman's arm was swelled to an enormous size and painfully inflamed. A poultice was made of stewed pumpkins, which was renewed every fifteen minutes, and in a short time produced a perfect cure. The fever drawn out by the poultices made them extremely offensive, as they were taken off. I knew a man cured of severe inflammation of the bowels by the same kind of application.

Riot in Los Angeles.

A terrible riot broke out in Los Angeles, October 28. A dispatch dated on the 24th says:

Officer Bilderain attempted to arrest a Chinaman for shooting another last night, and was resisted. The officer called Robert Thompson to assist him, when the Chinamen commenced firing on both sides of the street. Thompson shot through the breast and Bilderain through the shoulder. The Chinaman then jumped from him and escaped. A Spanish boy was shot through the leg. Thompson, who is dead, was a quiet, inoffensive citizen. The excitement is intense, and the citizens are rising. The Chinese quarter is now in a state of siege. A hundred men are armed with Henry rifles. One Chinaman was just captured and hung by the citizens; firing at intervals and regular volleys are heard, firing in to China houses at random and from house-tops. Two Chinamen are killed. The Sheriff and civil authorilies have given up trying to restrain the mob. The Chinese are well armed, and more blood will probably flow.

The following is under date of October 27:

The mob on Tuesday night did some wholesale pillaging on Negro Alley. It is variously reported that from $14,000 to $30,000 has been stolen from the Chinese quarters. In one of their stores a box containing $7,000 was broken open and the money extracted. One Chinamen was robbed of $450 on being taken to jail. All the Chinamen hanged were stripped of all their valuables while being dragged to the places of execution. Trunks and other depositories, having locks, in the various tenements occupied by the Chinese, have been broken open and ransacked, and everything of value carried off. Eighteen Chinamen were buried yesterday. They presented a most ghastly and horrible sight. Their clothing was torn, and in one or two cases the victims were almost nude. Their countenances were besmeared with blood, their heads and bodies pierced with gun-shot wounds, and some of them fearfully mutilated. The ropes by which they were hanged were still attached to their necks, and a number of them were shot previous to being hanged. One or two of the victims had their bodies riddled with bullets. The threatened repetition of the tragedy last night did not transpire, a strong guard being placed to prevent it, as it was rumored yesterday that they would make another haul in the evening on the other side of Negro Alley. The examination of witnesses at the coroner's inquest occupied the whole of yesterday afternoon, and was resumed at 9 this morning. It is now recess. Witnesses are very careful in giving their testimony, fearing to name individuals whom they know to have taken an active part in the lynching, lest they be similarly dealt with them selves. Sufficient evidence has already been adduced implicating two Irishmen, one having boasted of being instrumental in killing Chinese. The examination will certainly continue throughout the day, possibly it will not be concluded till to-morrow. It is now stated the old Vigilantes are the real instigators of the lynching, and that their declaration of determination to preserve the peace is merely a blind to throw off suspicion. Three or four Chinamen who are said to have done the shooting at citizens and officers are still at large; only one of those hanged is known to have been a party to the shooting. Information has just been received of the arrest of the Chinaman who shot Officer Bilderain on Tuesday night. He was given up by one of the Chinese companies, and now lies in jail.

Arrival of Roberts.

[From The Carson Register, October 29.]

At a late hour night before last R. I. Hubbard, and A. M. Nesmith, captors of the escaped convicts Morton, Black and Roberts, arrived at the Warm Springs Hotel with the last named prisoner. After being surrendered to Lieutenant Governor Denver, Roberts was turned over to James S. Slingerland, Deputy United States Marshal, and was by that officer brought up to the County Jail, where we interviewed the prisoner briefly. He was subsequently returned to the State Prison, subject to the order of the United States District Court. Roberts was eighteen years of age on the 29th of August last, and is as cheerful a young scoundrel as we ever saw in limbo. Nesmith and Hubbard were out exactly five weeks yesterday, pursuing, fighting, capturing and bringing in convicts. They captured Morton, Black and Roberts, and again started in pursuit of Jones, and would doubtless have retaken him if news had not reached them that the citizens were going to hang their prisoners. On hearing this they returned to Bishop Creek, only to find that two of their prisoners had been executed. They then took Roberts (as soon as his wounds would permit of his removal) and started for Carson, all on horseback. Two unsuccessful attempts were made by officers to take the prisoner from the custody of his captors; but Hubbard and Nesmith are not men to be wheedled into a surrender, and both are strangers to fear. Reaching the vicinity of Aurora just after dark, Nesmith took charge of the prisoner, while Hubbard rode quietely into town to see if the coast was clear. Learning from an officer that the citizens would probably attempt to hang Roberts if they should ascertain that he was in town, Hubbard returned to the place of concealment, all hands mounted, passed around the town and came on to Hot Springs that night. Entertaining similar fears of citizens in this vicinity, the the party left the Aurora road at or near Wellington's, came through Pine Nut, and crossed the Carson river near the Mexican dam. Roberts says it is not much of a job to get out of our State Prison, but that after getting out the trouble commences.

Palisade and Eureka Railroad.

We learn from our fellow townsman Mr. W. A. Edwards, that he starts tomorrow to survey the route between this point and Palisade, preliminary to the construction of the proposed narrow-gauge railroad. Mr. Edwards goes with a large and competent corps, expecting to complete the preliminary work in twenty days. The company could not have selected a more competent engineer, and as the stockholders in the enterprise are active, energetic men, we may reasonably expect that before many months our ears will be be gladdened with the shrill whistle of the iron horse as he comes gliding smoothly along up Diamond valley. We are assured that the projectors of the road mean business, and the Board of Directors have already such arrangements for such material aid as will warrant its early completion.—*Eureka Sentinel, October* 26.

The Railroad.

The railroad company is making good headway in the construction of the bridge across the Merced, and also in grading from that point toward Bear Creek. Within a couple of weeks we hope to be able to chronicle the completion of the structure and the passage of cars over the stream. The company will then have but little to do besides laying the ties and rails from there to Bear Creek, which is now the center of attraction, hundreds being anxious to commence erecting buildings there preparatory to entering into business. —*San Joaquin Argus, Oct.*, 24.

Stage Stopped.

The Battle Mountain stage was stopped last night a short distance this side of Silver Creek, and one of the passengers relieved of the sum of $400 in gold coin. The road agent upon this occasion was Deputy Constable Milo Taber, who was armed with a writ of snatch em-quick against the aforesaid passenger, who was leaving for other scenes without first having conformed to certain usages customary in well regulated financial circles.—*Reese River Reveille, October*, 25.

Suit Against The "Alta."

An action was commenced in the Fifteenth District Court October 1st, by Charles H. Ackerson against Frederick MacCrellish William A. Woodward, proprietors of The Alta, to recover the sum of $50,000 for the publication of an alleged libelous article in the colums of said newspaper. The article referred to, says The Chronicle, was published during the time that the plaintiff in this action held the position of Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, and, it is alleged, reflected upon his ability to perform the duties of that position.

Relief for San Joaquin Valley.

John Widney, one of the leading merchants of Santa Clara, has forwarded by rail to The San Joaquin Republican and Rev. C. V. Anthony of Stockton five barrels of flour to be distributed to the needy toilers of the soil, whose wives and children, according to reliable sources, are suffering for the actual necessities of life from the continued drouth and the loss of two years' crops in the San Joaquin valley.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in Postoffice at Independence, November 1, 1871.

Anderson, De Harry	Boentgen, T
Duncan, Andrew	Gillam, Lewis
Henshaw, G H	Howell, A L
Lee, J H 2	Lee, G W
Kelly, M	Marshall, John
McFeeters, A	Merrifield, Peter
Mott, N	M rphy, D
Roberts, John R 2	Sheehan, Jerry
Stoddard, Abigail Mrs	Traves, J T
Toll, W A	Wilkensen, W

J. B. ROWLEY, Postmaster.

WM. McBRIDE,

UNITED STATES MINERAL DEPUTY SURVEYOR for the Counties of Inyo and Mono, California. Office at Benton. no4n71y1

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE the property situated in the town of Independence formerly owned by H. C. Morse. The place consists of a house and two lots, the latter being well filled with fruit and ornamental trees, shrubbery, etc. Will be sold very low, for cash Inquire at this office or of

no4n71tf J. W. McMURRY.

CARD.

J. D. BLAIR,

Physician & Surgeon,

IS CONSULTED DAILY FOR ALL DISEASES incident to the female system, Prolapsus Uteri or falling of the womb; Flour Albus or whites, Suppression of the Menses, or other menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed. So invariable is the new mode of treatment that the most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted person rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Blair having made the diseases of women and children a specialty for eighteen years in California, has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of such diseases than any other physician on the Pacific coast. Can be consulted with at his drug store in Independence. no4n71tf

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY of Inyo, State of California. In the matter of the estate of Henry Grimm, deceased. Notice is hereby given that John A. Lank has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition praying for letters of administration of the estate of Henry Grimm, deceased, and that TUESDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1871, being a day of a regular term of this Court, to-wit: of the November Term, A. D. 1871, at the Court Room in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, has been set for hearing said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted.

S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

Dated November 3, 1871. no4n71t2

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY of Inyo, State of California. In the matter of the estate of James White, deceased. Notice is hereby given that John A. Lank has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition praying for letters of administration of the estate of James White, deceased, and that TUESDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1871—being a day of a regular term of this Court, to-wit: the November Term, A. D. 1871—at the Court Room in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, has been set for hearing said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted.

S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

Dated November 3, 1871. no3n71t1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FAILURE!

—

HEAVY FAILURE

—IN—

HIGH PRICES!

—

TAXES ARE DUE

—

COMMUNICATION HAS AT LAST BEEN REOPENED with Los Angeles, and

ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Have just received an

IMMENSE STOCK

—OF—

NEW GOODS.

—

COME AND SEE US!

no4n71tf

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,.....November 4, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

For Adjudication.

The following new cases are calendared for the ensuing term of the District Court, which begins next Monday, Hon. Theron Reed presiding: Rock Vercentilla vs. Mrs. M. A. Barry—foreclosure of mortgage; amount involved, $800; Reddy for plaintiff, Van Decar and Whipple for defendant. F. Brizzalari vs. A. Moutgomery—to recover $390, assumpsit; Reddy for plaintiff, Bennett for defendant. Rothschild & Co. vs. Kearsarge Mining Company—to recover the sum of $15,176 50, assumpsit; Reddy for plaintiff, Bennett for defendant. Harris & Rhine vs. Kearsarge Mining Company—recovery of $706 91, assumpsit; Bennett for defendant. George & Roberts vs. A. M. Loomis & Bro.—breach of contract, damages, $550; Reddy for defendants. H. W. & A. J. Gould vs. James Brady—ejectment and $10,000 damages for possession of Defiance lode; Reddy and Miller for plaintiffs, Bennett for defendant. P. W. Bennett vs. A. H. Dorr—breach of contract and value of certain ores taken from the Santa Maria mine; damages, $97,000; Bennett and Reddy for plaintiff, J. B. Harmon for defendant. F. Lopez vs. L. Lasky—trover, damages, $800; Van Decar for plaintiff. J. W. Allyn vs. A. B. Elder, Sheriff of Inyo county—conversion of certain negotiable prommissory notes; damages, $1,800; Van Decar for plaintiff, Reddy and Bennett for defendant. Chas. Walter vs. Kearsarge Mining Company—$550 for services rendered; Bennett for defendant.

Silver Peak.

The mines and mill in the rich district of Silver Peak, Nevada, still remain idle, though there is talk of work being resumed in the Spring. The company contemplate the completion of their railway between the Crowning Glory gold mine and their mill, so as to further reduce the expense of hauling ore. Mr. Ned. Eovanovich, of that place, who was wounded September 21, by the premature explosion of a log he was blasting open, arrived at Camp Independence on the 1st instant, to put himself under treatment. Both bones of the right leg (below the knee) were broken, and the large bone so bruised that, although the limb was set shortly after the injury, it would not knit together until some of the pieces of the dead bone should have been removed. We learn that he has borne the journey quite as well as could be expected. Mr. Sam Davis, formerly of Aurora but now of Columbus, came over with him.

Spud Extraordinary.

Dad Moore, of Lone Pine, last week forwarded to THE INDEPENDENT concern a remarkable specimen of *Convolculus Edulis*, or in plain English, sweet potatoe, which eclipses anything in the spud line yet heard from. It was raised on King's River, and labelled "Specimen of Red Sanderson's Strawberries." It was of the hard shell persuasion, about the size of a man's head, and weighed *nine pounds*. The quality was of the finest description, while in quantity it was sufficient to supply a good sized family for two or three meals.

Mineral Surveyor.

We have been favored with a call from Wm. McBride, Esq., U. S. Deputy Surveyor for this and Mono county. As will be seen by his card elsewhere, he makes Benton his headquarters, to which point letters should be addressed. He has been up to Cerro Gordo, under instructions from the Surveyor General to survey the old Santa Maria mine, in the interest of A. H. Dorr, but was not permitted to do so. We opine that Mr. Dorr has lost his claim on Buena Vista hill, in equity, at least. However, there promises to be warm work for the lawyers.

Real Estate Transfers.

During the past week the following real estate transactions have taken place: P. Reddy, Esq., sold his residence, corner of Market and Mary streets, to Thomas May; price paid, $1,000. Rothschild & Co. sold to P. Reddy that fine property north of town formerly owned by J. R. Hughes, residence and 20-acre lot; price, $3,000. I. Davison sold his farm, situated a mile north of town, to S. P. Moffat; consideration, $1,000. Ed. Bradley sold his place, three miles south of town, to J. A. Lank, for $800.

The Vote.

The Supervisors met last Monday as a Board of Canvassers, Messrs. Hutchison and Simpson being present. The vote of the entire county, at the Judicial Election, panned out as follows, as appears from the official count: Wright, 129; Temple, 132; Rhodes, 163; Niles, 163; Bolander, 172; Fitzgerald, 138; Love, 124, Hannah, 132; Whipple, 48. The following gentlemen were elected Justices of the Peace in the northern end of the county, whose names have not been before given: Round Valley, D. Olds; Bishop Creek, M. S. Clarke.

Fish Lake.

A piece of malicious mischief was done in Fish Lake Valley on the night of October 16. A hay stack on Jesse Davis' ranch, one mile from Fish Lake, was set fire to by some unknown person, and 45 tons of good hay burned up. Hay is quite scarce in that region—is now $30 per ton and steadily rising.

Struck It.

It is stated that the San Lucas mine, at Cerro Gordo, presents a most magnificent appearance, showing a very rich ledge eight feet in width. One-half of this is classed as smelting ore, while the other side is found to be milling rock. The Cervantes mill, at Lone Pine, is to be started up and run on the latter quality of ore.

Late.

By way of apology for our late appearance to-day, we will state the fact that THE INDEPENDENT was printed and ready for delivery at the usual hour this morning, but on *brown* paper. The arrival of paper this morning left us the option to print it over again, which we have done. Extra copies, done up in colors, can be had.

New Drug Store.

By reference to the card of Dr. J. D. Blair, which appears in this issue, it will be seen that he has commenced the practice of medicine, and is establishing a drug store. We understand that it is to be a first-class institution.

The New Board.

A. N. Bell and John Simpson Supervisors elect, last Monday took the oath of office. They met with T. K. Hutchison, hold-over member of the old Board, done a little canvassing and adjourned to meet on Monday next, for the transaction of general business.

Favors.

Surgeon C. A. White, U. S. A., has placed us under many obligations for favors extended.

KEARSARGE.

[COMMUNICATED.]

As the suspension of operations at the Kearsarge mine and mill, and the temporary embarrassment of the company, is calculated to lead the outside community to believe that the mine is a failure, and as such is not the case, I propose to give a true statement of what is the chief and only cause of their present trouble, as is conceded by every one who is posted in regard to the manner in which the mill has been worked during the past four or five months.

Last year the company demonstrated the fact beyond a doubt that they had a large quantity of ore that would pay "big," even counting the expense that they were at to get it to the mill and work it. At that time they were conveying the ore from the mine to the mill upon pack-animals, at an enormous expense. Their mill was driven by steam power, consuming an average of eight cords of wood per day of twenty-four hours. Last Spring the company constructed a tramway or incline track for the purpose of transporting ore, by which method the cost is less than one-fourth of what it was formerly. They also, at the same time, done away with the steam engine, substituting it its stead a "Leffel Turbine" water wheel, thereby reducing the actual expense of running the mill to about one-third the former cost.

Now the company had good reason to suppose that if they could make money with the old way of working that they certainly ought to do as well with the new improvements and cheaper way of working. But it would seem from the "record" that such is not the case.

Last season, from fifteen tons of ore worked (almost the last work done before the mill was closed down for repairs) they saved over $6,000. This year, from the same ore, assaying fully up to the average of last year, they did not save more than $6 per ton. The whole secret of this is that last year they had a man in charge of the mill who thoroughly understood working their ore, who saved a large portion of the silver and gold. And this year they have had a man in charge of the mill who knew nothing about working the ore, who saved but a very small portion of the silver and gold, but did succeed in saving a portion of the lead. Be the fault whose it may, incompetency in the head amalgamator is undoubtedly the cause of the present embarrassment of the Kearsarge Mining Company.

The mine and mill are now in better condition than they ever have been before. All that is now required is the men to do the work, and with the man who will take charge of the mill when it again starts, there is no fear but that it will be smooth sailing with this company.

W. J.

Nice Pets.

John R. Hughes, Esq., the old Cerro Gordo residenter, returned from a recent trip below last week, bringing along a couple of rabbits, for the purpose of acclimatizing them, we suppose. Rather rough way to treat them.

Proved Up.

The following parties have recently proved up pre-emptions: D. B. Curtis—claim near Fish Springs. Ernst Heilegendofer—claim near foot of Big Owens Lake. Ed. Bradley, claim three miles south of this place.

A Change.

Messrs. Barrows & Dodd have bought the store of V. Beaudry, Esq., and will join their own establishment to that well known Cerro Gordo institution.

Freight.

Yesterday some half-dozen big teams arrived in town from Los Angeles, some of them bringing freight eighty days out from San Francisco.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

A nugget of gold from Baker City, Oregon, is on exibition at Portland which weighs 176 ounces and is valued at $3,000.

The Fresno Expositor has been shown a pumpkin grown in that county that measures sixty-one inches in circumference.

Rumor has it that A. O. Thoms will put on a line of coaches from Bear creek, as soon as the railroad is completed to that point, to Visalia.

The tin mines near Ogden are pronounced extraordinary. Experienced Cornish miners assert that the discovery will revolutionize the tin trade of the world.

Land in Umpqua valley, Oregon, is rapidly advancing in value. The advance about Oakland has been about 100 per cent. in six months.

Among the important cases to come before the Supreme Court during the present term is one testing the constitutionality of the income tax.

Charles Claudle was accidentally killed in Baker county, Oregon, recently by a gun set in a window in a neighbor's cabin so that it would go off in case any one tried to enter.

Horse thieves are operating about San Gabriel, Los Angeles county.

Matthew Smith's house, near Yreka, recently burned up. Before Smith could escape he was so burned that he soon afterwards died.

A desperate shooting affray took place in W. Hays Store, Lake City, Siskiyon county, between two men named Powley and Disable on one side and B. W. King, on the other. The firing commenced in the store. Nathan Dry and another specator were badly wounded. Powley and Disable were both wounded, the latter mortally. Joseph Mark a clerk in the store also took part inthe scrimage, but escaped uninjured.

By the heavy fire which raged in the mountains south of Carson 12,000 cords of wood belonging to a man named Chamberlain, were burned up.

The east-bound train of the Central Pacific Railroad ran off the track near the bridge below Stockton, October 26th. Five cars were more or less damaged. About 100 persons were on the train, several of whom were injured, but none killed outright.

Hawkins, one of Brigham Young's chums, has been found guilty of adultery, and the saints are in a dangerous state of fermentation. The women seem to be most excited.

Copious rains have fallen at San Francisco, Visalia, in Shasta and in Virginia City.

A Runaway Road-roller.

A singular accident happened the other day in the streets of London. It appears that a huge steam-roller was in Pall Mall on its way to St. James Park, to be used on some paving-work. At 12 o'clock, the driver of the engine concluded to go and get his dinner. He therefore shut off steam, and left the engine standing near a statue in front of the Pall Mall Restaurant. A crowd of people soon gathered round, including some mischievous boys, one one of whom got on the engine and managed to start it. This done, the lad ran awy. The locomotive, to the dismay of the bystanders, started off, at first slowly, but continually increasing its speed, and presently spread consternation all around. Its first direction was for the statue, which it would probably have overthrown if not demolished; but, when close up to it, the engine turned capriciously almost at a right angle, went straight across the street, and into the shop of Mr. Thompson, a photographic colorist. Its entrance was effected by the window, which was totally smashed, and not only this, but the heavy stone facade underneath the glass was also shattered to fragments. Several ladies standing in front of the window were slightly hurt, and one gentleman seriously.

From Aurora, Nevada.

A correspondent of The Union, at Aurora, Nevada, under date of October 22d, gives this intelligence: In your tabular statement of the population of California, published in The Union, the total for Mono county is put down as 430. There were 217 votes polled in the county at the election in September, which evidently shows a gross error in taking the census. It also gives only 2 Indians, and the citizens say there are over 500 Indians in the county. It also says no colored, when there is the well-known colored voter in Bodie, and how many more in the county I know not.

No polls were held in Bodie for the judicial election on Wednesday last. The excuse was that the County Clerk sent them no notice of the election.

Wells, Fargo & Co. have closed their offices in Pine Grove, Silver Peak and other outside places, and last week opened an office in Columbus with W. English as agent, which speaks favorably for that district. The three mills there are running successfully, and making liberal shipments weekly.

R. A. Chase, Deputy United States Surveyor, has made a survey of two or three mines in this district, for which applications for patents from the United States have been made, and when obtained it is understood that the mines will be worked extensively. Last week he returned from Silver Peak, having made a survey of the mines there for a similar purpose.

I am informed by J. Burns, the stage driver, that Inyo county gave Bolander a majority, and the Democratic Judges not more than five majority. In Benton, Mono county, the Republicans had seven majority. They had to write their tickets on brown paper. The tickets were sent by a teamster and did not get here until Wednesday, the day of election, and consequently were not sent to Benton.

A Terrible Scene.

The New York Sun gives a lengthy account of the execution, on the 14th inst. at Hartford, Conn., of David Kently, alias James Wilson, for the murder of William Willard, the prison warden. The cause of the murder was the extreme cruelty practiced on Wilson by the officers of the prison, and the unfortunate man maintained to the last minute that the brutalities he had endured were sufficient cause to justify the killing of the warden. On the night preceding his execution he drove a piece of wire three and a half inches long into his body which the subsequent dissection of the body showed had penetrated the left ventricle of the heart, where it was firmly embedded. Thus mortally wounded and suffering intense agony he was led to the scaffold and executed at 1 o'clock P.M. He displayed an immense amount of courage and bequeathed his body to the Medical College at New Haven, on condition that the said Medical College shall agree to pay competent counsel to solicit the next General Assembly to pass laws correcting the abuses in the State Prison, protecting prisoners from excessive cruelty, etc.

How the Humbug Pays.

A certain Rev. advertises to send free, out of pure kindness, a valuable receipt for the cure of consumption to all who forward to his address a postage stamp. This looks fair, but the readers of a thousand journals wonder how he can afford to pay, year after year, for so many advertisements. The mystery is unravelled when a cunning circular is returned with the receipt, saying the only safety in procuring the wonderful South American remedy is by sending $3. 50 to the "grateful" scoundrel "snatched from the borders of the grave" who employs the title of Rev. to steal more successfully from "gulls" who are silly enough to notice advertisements that promise to give "something for nothing." This is our answer to those who wish to make our advertising columns accessory to their despicable schemes.—*Scientific Press.*

—The Internal Revenue Bureau estimates that the Chicago fire will reduce revenue receipts to the amount of four millions.

A Terrible Scene.

A local paper speaks as follows concerning the terrible scenes attending the fire in Michigan: We say we can not describe the scenes; we can not. Infants clasped in mothers' arms, fathers, brothers, sisters, stiff in their last embrace; actual lines of dead from the once happy farm-house to the adjoining creek; charred groups, blackened corpses, crumbling bones, lacerated and torn members; the smiling babyhood a few hours past, the adolescent, the old, in one horrid heap of death, is all that is left of the country traveled over. The roadsides are strewn with dead horses, oxen, cows, swine and fowl. Even the untamed of the forest flew towards civilization for relief, but only to find death in their flight. Deer, bears, rabbits, were discovered in profusion burned to a crisp. And all this within a few miles of our city. From the few left to tell the tale there can be yet little obtained in their half crazed situation. We ourselves saw the father consign to their last resting place all that was left of a family of six. We cared little about questioning, and he seemed to care as little about speaking. Having given him a few morsels of bread for necessary subsistence, we passed on, and saw the babe in its mother's arms, the boy, the girl, in nakedness, the young woman, the mother, the father, in one sad group of death. Again, a family, apparently, for there was nothing left but the bones, and hardly bones at that. Yes, there was one of that family of which there was a little left. It was the baby. The poor mother, forgetful of herself, clung to her innocent offspring, and her last effort must have been to save her young one's life. The mother's hand, or the charred remains thereof, was on the babe's head, as if engaged in pressing it to the ground, face downward, to save it from suffocation; the little face, that was all that was uninjured. A prominent young man was found with his throat cut and his knife lying alongside him. He must have been crazed by tortures, or preferred immediate death to lingering agony. Hundreds of such cases could we cite, but to what use? Let us merely take, if possible, into the mind's eye a tract of desolation, suffering, death, poverty, want and loneliness, ruined homes, burned corpses—perhaps happier than the living—and may the always wise Providence have mercy upon their souls. It is the duty of us, who are yet safe, to fly with everything in our possession to the aid of our fellow beings. A moment should not be lost, and no one should wait to be called upon. The smallest shred will cover its size of nakedness; the smallest morsel will, for a time, support life. It will be easy to deposit anywhere what we have to give. Anything left at our office will be reported to those charitable ladies and gentlemen who are so actively interesting themselves in this noble work of kindness.

Shameless Robbery.

A Chico correspondent of The Butte Record writes that while R. H. Lee, who lived on the Chico and Susanville road, was lying on his death-bed in Chico some thieves entered his house by means of false keys, and plunderec it of everything valuable—even leaving their old clothing and appropriating that belonging to Lee.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., October 21, 1871. n69tf.

LIVERY STABLES.

THE PIONEER

LIVERY, SALE

—AND—

FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.

Independence, October 28, 1871. o28n70m6

C. A. GRANNIS'

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

(Hunt's Old Stand)

Lone Pine, - - - - Cal.

BEST OF SADDLE HORSES AND BUGGY teams always on hand. o7m6*

BABBITT METAL.

PARTIES DESIRING A QUANTITY OF BABBITT metal can be supplied at low rates on application at this office.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OPPOSITION STORE.

C. & M. COHN,

Lone Pine,

HAVE THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes. Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

....We will....

SELL CHEAPER

Than any other house in Lone Pine.

We Have On Hand

150 cases of Boots and Shoes—the best assortment ever brought to Lone Pine.

NEW GOODS RECEIVING EVERY WEEK

o14n68m3

EARL & HARRIS,

Camp Independence,

....Dealers in....

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries,

HARDWARE,

Crockery and Glass Ware,

PAINTS, OILS,

Varnish and Window Glass.

And a fine assortment of the best brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a full supply of

Standard School Books

Of the latest adoption.

WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, miners and the public generally to the above stock of goods, and our

Greatly Reduced Prices!

Our business system will prove specially advantageous to interests of Farmers, as

Grain and Produce

of all kind is received in exchange for goods.

EARL & HARRIS.

Camp Independence, Cal., October 10. o14n68m3

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

Wines and Liquors,

Dry-Goods,

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

HARDWARE,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

—AND—

EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.

Fish Springs, October 25, 1871. o28n70m2

BREWERIES.

PIONEER & GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

—AT—

Independence & Lone Pine.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THESE ESTABLISHMENTS respectfully notify the public that they are still in the field, and engaged in making a superior quality of

"Bully Lager Beer,"

Which they will deliver, at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine, Independence and vicinity, at the most reasonable rates.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS

au26n61tf Proprietors

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. Is prepared to attend to the repairing of Guns and Pistols. Jewrely manufactured to order. n70tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

STILL AHEAD!

Further Reductions.

A 1 Crushed Sugar Four and One-Half Pounds for

ONE DOLLAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar Five and One-Half Pounds for

ONE DOLLAR!

Chemical Olive Soap Eight Bars for

ONE DOLLAR!

The most complete stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Ever offered in the Valley, at prices to defy competition, at

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO'S.

LONE PINE.

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, Sept. 23, 1871. n65*tn66

Great Bargains!

GREAT SACRIFICE

—OF—

Property!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS entire stock of goods at

Less Than San Francisco Cost

Prices!

Bacon,	20 cts ℔ lb	
Hams	22 cts ℔ lb	
Crushed Sugar.	℔ barrel, 20 cts.	
do do	4½ lbs $1	
Brown Sugar	¼ barrel $16	
do do	5½ lbs $1	
Candles, by the box, $5		
do	9 for 50 cts	
Ground Coffee, by the case, 36 cts.		
do do	37½ cts ℔ lb	
Green Coffee...by the sack, 23 cts		
do do	25 cts ℔ lb	
Lard.....by the case, 24 cts		
do .....10 pound can, $2 50		
do .....5 " " 1 25		
Best Japan Tea, 75 cts by the case		
do	80 cts ℔ lb	
Dried Apples.....5½ lbs for $1		
Dried Grapes.....5½ lbs for $1		

CANNED STUFFS.

Tomatoes	50 cts ℔ can	
Oysters	50	do
Salmon	62½	do
Lobster	62½	do
Jellies	62½	do
Spiced Oysters	75	do

All other articles, too numerous to mention, in the same proportion. Orders from the Valley will be promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by cheapest conveyance.

20,000 Dollars Worth of New Stock of Goods,

To arrive immediately, comprfsing an assortment of

General Merchandise,

Which will be sold at same reduction in prices, without reserve.

Still Larger Sacrifices

In all articles of Clothing & Dry Goods.

TERMS — CASH ON DELIVERY.

V. BEAUDRY.

Cerro Gordo, July 12, 1871. jy15n55tf

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK

FLOURING MILLS.

ORDERS FOR GRINDING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. Flour and Feed constantly on hand. Also, our favorite brand of

XXX FAMILY FLOUR.

Flour sacks for sale at lowest cash prices. No credit for grinding, and positively

No Business Done on Sunday.

H. RUSSELL.

o21n69m6

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:
Saturday,.....November 4, 1871.

DR. DARWIN—A LONDON BALLAD.

Oh, Doctor Darwin, he's the man
To tell us how the world began;
You may believe him if you can,
Sing, oh for Doctor Darwin.
Now, peers, to Herald's college throng,
To learn to whom they all belong,
For all their quartering are wrong,
According to Doctor Darwin.

Hokey, pokey, monkey fun,
Wonders never will have done,
Huxley and Lubbock, and every one
Supporting Doctor Darwin.

Some trace their pedigree so far,
With Garter, Coronet and Star,
Yet no one knows how old they are,
According to Doctor Darwin.
The Howards and Gowers, and all that lot,
Were born to be, I know not what;
But whence they came, at last we've got,
According to Doctor Darwin.

It's true that all these aristocrats
May bill and coo like ava-de-vats,
And yet they come from water-rats,
According to Doctor Darwin.
The flesh in shore and out to sea
Related are to you and me—
Think of that when you've shrimps for tea,
According to Doctor Darwin.

To think a baby that has gone
Through every phase before it was born
Should end in becoming the Marquis of Lorne,
According to Doctor Darwin.
If ever since the world began
We rise by preconcerted plan,
Why call it to the descent of man?
According to Doctor Darwin.

And as the races intermix
You can't be certain about the chicks;
What can't you graft on briar sticks,
According to Doctor Darwin?
If marriage be arranged above,
And crow be wedded to a dove,
It shows how we get crossed in love,
According to Doctor Darwin

SQUIBLETS.

—A Vein pursuit—Mining.

—The cattle plague—Gnats.

—An exchange says that a Vermont deacon is being disciplined for saying "Oh, sugar."

—"Union is not strength," as the sailor said when he saw the bar-keeper mixing his rum with water.

—The last instance of modesty is that of a lady who refused to wear a watch in her bosom because it had hands.

—"Woman, wake up!" exclaims "The Revolution;" and an indolent rural editor adds: "Yes, turn out and make a fire and put the tea-kettle on."

—Cure for ear-ache: Put a little black pepper in some cotton, dip in sweet oil and insert in the ear. This is one of the quickest remedies known.

—Customer—"Do you call that veal outlet, waiter? Why, it is an insult to every true calf in the country." Waiter—"I didn't mean to insult you, sir."

—Harry—"Your dawg is very thin, William." William—"He is werry bad—but when he dies I am going to stuff him." Harry—(insinuatingly) "Hadn't you better stuff him before he dies?"

—Out in Iowa kisses are sold at fairs by the fair. A man pays a certain sum to the general fund, then selects the girl or woman he desires to kiss.

—A music dealer has in his window a sentimental song thus marked: "Thou hast loved me and left me, for twenty-five cents."

—A Janesville, Wis., editor has discovered that many of the young ladies of that city wear their corsets in bed with the strings tightly laced. The editor neglects to say how he came to know so much.

—One college genius said that "hypothesis" was something to raise water with, but his chum knew better; it was what happened to a man after death.

—The water is so low in the Upper Mississippi that cows invade the channel, and steamboat captains are having cow-catchers put on their boats.

—What is the difference between an auction and sea-sickness? One is the sale of effects, and the other effects of a sail.

—An Irishman, who was recently run over by a whole train of cars, got up and asked for his cap, and said he "would not run another such risk as that for tin dollars."

—A cat licked the face of a young lady in New York, and died in a few minutes thereafter from the effect of the paint it had gathered on the rosy cheek. Let all young men take warning by this sad catastrophy.

—A Milwaukee woman, whose husband had been persecuted to death by a creditor, married the creditor and persecuted him to death in less than six months. Time sets all things even.

—"Do you keep matches?" asked a wag of a grocer. "Oh, yes, all kinds," was the reply. "Well, I'll take a trotting match," said the wag. The grocer immediately handed him a box of pills.

—The Ward brothers, the American oarsmen, are said to have made five seconds to the mile faster time, in their race at Saratoga recently when they beat the English crew in a four-oared race. than can be found on record in England.

—The meanest man in the State of Indiana has been discovered in the person of W. G. English. He is the weathiest citizen of the State, and has subscribed the sum of one dollar to the starving sufferers.

—"Mr. Speaker," said a member of the Jamaica Legislature, discussing a bill for the reguation of the timber trade, "I know these lumbermen to be most egregious rascals—I was in the lumber line myself twelve years."

—An Irish lawyer insisted on speaking after the learned judge had cautioned him to desist, till at last his irritated lordship cried:

"Sir, 'tis no use speaking; what you say to me goes in one ear and out of the other."

The advocate would not be silenced.

"My lord," he said, "'tis no wonder, when there's nothing between 'em to stop it."

HOTELS.

AMERICAN HOTEL,
Cerro Gordo,
Inyo County, - - - - Cal.
JOSEPH SEELY, Proprietor.

THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN HOTEL, HAVING changed hands, the proprietor would respectfully announce that the house will be carried on in first-class style.
October 1, 1871. o7n67m6

ORLEANS HOTEL,
LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.
D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a
Bar Attached,
Which has constantly on hand the choicest of
Wines, Liquors & Cigars.
Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

FRENCH RESTAURANT
—AND—
ONE BIT SALOON.
PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edwards street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—drinks, 12½ cents.
au196m*

INYO HOTEL.
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.
W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.
October 17, 1870. u15v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.
MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.
Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12-6m

SALOONS.

THE BOOM RANG SALOON.
Swansea, - - - - - - Cal.
B. P. TASKER, Proprietor.

The "Boomerang" is now open for business. The best of drinkables, cigars and etceteras, always on hands for dispensation at the smallest possible remuneration.
Swansea, Cal., Sept. 30, 1871. v2n66tf

PIONEER SALOON,
LONE PINE, CAL.,
C. D. BECOLE, - - - Proprietor.

HAVING THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND refitted this popular place of re ort, the proprietor calls attention to the fact that he has now on hand the largest and best stock of
THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,
Ever brought to the county, which he will dispose of over the bar at the usual rates. n61m3

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON
Cerro Gordo, Cal.

ADULTERATION BY WATER BEING NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
au10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

INYO SALOON,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8a29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,
Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The
TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.
DAVISON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
fe4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS
INDEPENDENCE,

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.
A Fine Billiard Table,
With fittings complete, in connection.
n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

EXCELSIOR SALOON,
Benton, Mono Co., Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on cash customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of
WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS
On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.
B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.
Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

SAZARAC SALOON.
INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.
John Wallace, Proprietor.
Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for County Scrip.
jy22n56m3 J. B. ROWLEY.

PRINTING.

To Business Men.

PATRONISE
HOME INDUSTRY,
....AND....
KEEP YOUR MONEY
AT HOME!

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INYO INDEPENDENT printing establishment would respectfully ask the attention of the public to their great and unexcelled facilities for the prompt execution of every description of plain and ornamental printing.

Our stock of paper comprises the following styles and sizes, selected with special reference to the wants of the business men of this and adjoining counties: News, Book, Colored, Tissue and Wrapping Paper; Flat Cap, Bill Head, Statement, Demy, Double Cap, Medium and Imperial; Commercial Note, Letter, Packet, Foolscap, etc., with envelopes, cards, etc., in every variety of size, color and texture, from dainty white to legal, and the finest Bristol Board and Satin Enamelled to heavy Railroad.

Our establishment contains over two hundred varieties of type, including many of the very latest and most approved styles and designs. Having every color and quality of ink and bronzes, with a splendid assortment of cuts, rules, borders and flourishes, we are enabled to turn out work pleasing the taste of the most fastidious.

Our presses are of the best patterns, rapid running and capable of doing every description of job-work, in all its endless variety.

For prices, special attention is directed to the illuminated Price List, which will shortly be issued and forwarded to the business men of Inyo County.

Meanwhile, send in your orders; we guarantee satisfaction in every instance.

se23n65tf

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,
—SUCCESSORS TO—
D. COHN & CO.,
INDEPENDENCE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
GROCERIES,
Provisions, Liquors,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,
Dry Goods, Clothing,
BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,
Wagon & Carriage Stock,
HARDWOOD,
Hardware,
IRON AND STEEL,
MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,
—AND—
Farming Implements
Tin-Ware,
Wooden and Willow Ware,
CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,
GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,
Giant Powder.
FUSE AND SHOT,
GUNS AND PISTOLS,
Saddlery,
Leather & Shoe Findings,
Drugs & Medicines
PAINTS & OILS,
WINDOW GLASS,
Doors, Sashes & Blinds,
Wall Paper,
CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,
Stationery & Blank Books,
Cutlery and Notio ,
Marine and Cottage
CLOCKS,
AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at tha lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE
SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20 n47tf

DRUGS, ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,
—SUCCESSOR TO—
A. A. CREEN,
—Wholesale and Retail—
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,
AURORA, NEVADA.
DEALER IN
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL,
ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS,
QUICKSILVER; GENUINE
PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY,
And a splendid assortment of
TOILET ARTICLES.
Brushes of Every Description.
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,
For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, October 10, 1871.
o14n68m3

JOHN LENTELL,
Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,
—Dealer in—
Drugs & Medicines
CHEMICALS,
Patent Medicines,
For Man and Beast,
FINE PERFUMERY,
SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,
Hair Restoratives & Dyes.
SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,
STATIONERY,
AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of
Tobacco & Cigars.
CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.
o14n68 n6 JOHN LENTELL.
Independence, October 14

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in
CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,
Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,
No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,
Grand Hotel Building,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,
Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.
ap29n44m4

LEGAL.

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF THOMAS MASON, deceased.—It appearing by the petition of George Smith, Administrator of said estate, that it is necessary to sell all the real estate. It is therefore ordered that all persons interested in the said estate appear before the Probate Court of the county of Inyo, on MONDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Court House, Independence, county of Inyo and State of California, to show cause why an order should not be granted to sell the real estate belonging to said estate. And that a copy of this order be published four successive weeks in THE INYO INDEPENDENT, a newspaper printed in said county.
[Signed] A. C. HANSON,
Probate Judge.
Dated at Independence, this 13th day of October, A. D. 1871. o14n6814

NOTICE.

THE ASSESSMENT ROLL FOR THE YEAR 1871 having been received by me according to law, I will be at the following places for the purpose of receiving Taxes therein, on the following days, to-wit:
At Sneden's store, Bishop Creek, on Wednesday, November 8th, 1871.
At Naylor's store, Big Pine, on Thursday, November 9th, 1871.
At Loomis' store, Lone Pine, on Saturday, November 11, 1871.
At Beaudry's store, Cerro Gordo, on Monday, November 13th, 1871.
At my office, Independence, from November 15th to November 20th, inclusive.
All tax-payers are reminded that after the said 20th Of NOVEMBER, taxes are to be paid with costs.
A. B. ELDER,
Sheriff and Ex-Officio Tax Collector,
By L. A. TALBOTT, Deputy.
o14n6814

MINING NOTICES.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE SILVER SPROUT MINING Company, 318 California Street, San Francisco, October 18, 1871.—Notice is hereby given that from and after this date, and until further notice, MR. A. WINGARD is the only authorized agent in Inyo County, of the above named Company.
NATHANIEL PAGE, President.
T. B. WINGARD, Secretary. o28n70t4

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

KEARSARGE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of Works—Kearsarge District, Inyo County, California.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company, held on the Twenty-first day of October, A. D. 1871, an assessment of Five ($5) Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said Company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, Room No. 10 Express Building, northeast corner of California and Montgomery Streets, San Francisco, California. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on MONDAY THE (27th) TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on TUESDAY, THE (26th) TWENTY-SIXTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.
JOS. L. KING, Secretary.
Office—Room No. 10 Express Building, northeast corner of California and Montgomery Streets, San Francisco, California. o28n7015

COMPANY MEETING.

OFFICE OF THE KEARSARGE MINING COMPANY, Room No. 10 Express Building, northeast corner of California and Montgomery streets, San Francisco, California.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Kearsarge Mining Company will be held at the office of the company, in this city, on THURSDAY, THE NINTH (9th) DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day, for the purpose of electing Trustees to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the meeting.
JOS. L. KING, Secretary.
o21n6913

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SILVER SPROUT MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of Works and Mines—Kearsarge District, Inyo county, State of California.—Notice is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the 20th day of September, 1871, an assessment of Twenty-five (25) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary at the office of the company, No. 318 California street, San Francisco.
Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 13th day of November, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on MONDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.
T. B. WINGARD, Secretary.
Office No. 318 California street, San Francisco, Rooms No. 1 and 2, second floor. o14n68t4

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 6.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, August 16th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN B. WINTERS, superintendent of the Kearsarge Mining Company, on behalf of said company, has this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under act of Congress approved July 26, 1866 for one thousand, eight hundred feet in length of the "KEARSARGE LODE," with a surface width of fifty feet on each side of the lode. Said lode supposed to be one hundred feet in width, which belongs to the Kearsarge Mining Company, a corporation; adjoining on the East end the extension claims of James R. Wall, J. R. Hughes and G. W. Brady, and on the West end the extension claims of R. M. Sluey, J. R. Rowley and J. Ira Clarke, situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. Notice is further given that they intend to apply for and have embraced in the said patent together and in connection with the "Kearsarge Lode," the land on which the Kearsarge mill is erected, together with a sufficient space of land around said mill for the convenient use of said mill; also the Water Right of said Kearsarge Mining Company on Little Pine Creek. The property sought to be patented together with the said "Kearsarge Lode" is known as the "Kearsarge Mill Site and Water Claim on Little Pine Creek," and is described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a stump, it being the N. E. corner of what is known as McCormick, Kittleson, Cornell and Hill's cabin, 24 links from Pine Creek, from which a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears N. ½ deg. E. distant 62 links, also a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears S. 58½ deg. E. distant 64 links, thence N. 25½ deg. E. distant 4 chains to a tree blazed and marked as follows: Blazed on three sides and notched toward the creek and marked "Head of the Kearsarge Mining Company's Ditch," thence N. 62½ deg. W. to the foot of the main mountain, thence N. 27½ deg. E. distant 91 rods, thence S. 62½ deg. E. to a stone mound on the opposite side of the creek, thence S. 27½ deg. W. along the East side of Pine Creek to a point opposite to and to place of beginning. And also all the water, water rights and privileges found upon or in any manner belonging to said tract of land—situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.
WILSON BUTLER,
au26n61m3 Register.

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 4.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have this day filed in this office a diagram, and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 25th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the "LAMB" Lode, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of Range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Silver Sprout" Lode on the northeasterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is five feet wide—all of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.
WILSON BUTLER,
jy29n57m3 Register.

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 5.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the SILVER SPROUT Lode, with a surface width of one hundred lineal feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Lamb" lode on the southwesterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is four feet wide. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.
WILSON BUTLER,
jy29n57m3 Register.

NOW RECEIVING.

AT STORE OF J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO., A fine stock of
NEW GOODS.
See announcement next week.
o21n6913

STATE LIBRARY

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Volume II. INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA: NOVEMBER 18, 1871. Number 73.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday,...November 18, 1871.

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Havilah, Kern Co., Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the Sixteenth Judicial District. au19n1

P. REDDY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

J. G. McCLINTON,
Attorney at Law.
AURORA, NEVADA.
WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Independence, Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no51y

PAUL W. BENNETT,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. jy9tf

SURVEYOR.

WM. McBRIDE,
UNITED STATES MINERAL DEPUTY SURVEYOR for the Counties of Inyo and Mono, California. Office at Benton. n04n71y1

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,
AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.
DEALER IN
Stationery.
BLANK BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,
MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,
CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,
And Everything in his Line Cheap.
ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.
Store in Post Office Building,
AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

BREWERIES.

PIONEER & GERMANIA
BREWERIES,
—AT—
Independence & Lone Pine.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THESE ESTABLISHMENTS respectfully notify the public that they are still in the field, and engaged in making a superior quality of
"Bully Lager Beer,"
Which they will deliver, at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine, Independence and vicinity, at the most reasonable rates.
MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS
au26n61tf Proprietors

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC
Insurance Company
Of San Francisco.
Fire and Marine.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.
J. HUNT, President.
A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.
HARRIS & RHINE,
AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms.
October 14, 1871. oc14n68m3

THE MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.
Of New York.
Organized 1842.
Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.
F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.
Assets July, 1870, $11,000,000 Cash
THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.
HARRIS & RHINE,
Agents for Independence and vicinity
o14n68m6

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s
EXPRESS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Pacific Insurance Co.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.
MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.,
OF NEW YORK.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.
GERMAN POSTOFFICE
MONEY ORDERS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Independence, Cal., October 14, 1871.
o14n68m6

Die Unterzeichneten
Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutsche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.
Harris & Rhine,
oc14n68tf Agenten.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S
EXPRESS.
Independence, Cal.
WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store.
o14n68m6

LUMBER.

$25
A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE
BIG PINE SAW MILL.
Great Inducements to the Public.
The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.
Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet
At Short Notice.
BELL & BRO.
Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32-6m*

BLACK ROCK
SAW MILL.
SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER,
SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,
SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

SALOONS.

THE BOOMERANG
SALOON.
Swansea, - - - - - - Cal.
B. P. TASKER, Proprietor.
The "Boomerang" is now open for business. The best of drinkables, cigars and etceteras, always on hands for dispensation at the smallest possible remuneration.
Swansea, Cal., Sept. 30, 1871. v2n66tf

PIONEER SALOON,
LONE PINE, CAL.,
C. D. BECOLE, - - - Proprietor.
HAVING THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND refitted this popular place of resort, the proprietor calls attention to the fact that he has now on hand the largest and best stock of
THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,
Ever brought to the county, which he will dispense of over the bar at the usual rates. n61m3

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
ADULTERATION BY WATER BEING NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
au10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

INYO SALOON,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.
HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8n29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The
TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.
DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
fe4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON
CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,
A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.
A Fine Billiard Table,
With fittings complete, in connection.
n38m5* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

EXCELSIOR SALOON.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on cash customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of
WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS
On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.
B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.
Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

SAZARAC SALOON.
INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.
John Wallace, Proprietor.
Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

TINSMITH.

INYO PIONEER
TIN SHOP,
Of INDEPENDENCE.
WELCH & STEVENS,
Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers
ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.
STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.
HAVING PURCHASED H. C. MORSE'S BLACK SMITH shop, adjoining our tin shop, and obtained the services of a
NUMBER ONE WORKMAN,
We Propose to do BLACKSMITHING in all its Branches, as Cheap and in a style NOT EXCELLED by any shop in the County. Satisfaction guaranteed. Please give us a call, at our shop on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store. WELCH & STEVENS.
o28n70m3

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.
THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as
BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON
at the lowest possible rates.
LEWIS SCHNEIDER.
At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.
jy15n55m3

NOTICE.
THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for County Scrip.
jy22n56m3 J. E. ROWLEY.

TRAVELING.

INDEPENDENCE
—AND—
CERRO GORDO STAGE LINE
Via. Lone Pine.
J. EARL & CO., - Proprietors.
ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE ABOVE well known line will make DAILY TRIPS, running as follows: Leave Independence every day at 5 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 8 A. M., Swansea at 12 M. and Cerro Gordo at 5 P. M. Also, leave Cerro Gordo at 7 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 12 M. Leaves Lone Pine at 2 P. M. and arrives at Independence at 5 P. M. Carries passengers, mail and express.
Agents—Independence, J. B. White; Lone Pine, Dan. Canty; Cerro Gordo, F. K. Miller.
October 14, 1871. o14n68m3

Los Angeles & San Pedro
RAILROAD.
ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.
Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
First class passenger cars will run regularly.
NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.
JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

TELEGRAPH
STAGE LINE,
BETWEEN
Independence, Lone Pine, Havilah, Visalia, Gilroy & San Francisco,
Carrying United States Mail
AND
Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.
ROBERTS & GEORGE, Proprietors.
ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 1st, 1871, THE above Passenger and Express Line will run as follows: Leave San Francisco on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, on first train of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Returning, leave Independence and Lone Pine on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Passengers have the privilege of laying over at any point.
ROBERTS & GEORGE.
P. P. Dow, Agent at Independence.
C. D. BECOLE, Agent at Lone Pine. au19n3

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING
AND GENERAL
Commission Agency.
WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.
Have all goods plainly marked—
"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."
Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.
WM. M. OSBORN.
jy15n55m3

LIVERY STABLES.

THE PIONEER
LIVERY, SALE
—AND—
FEED STABLES,
Edwards Street,
Independence, - - - Cal.
B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.
HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a
GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.
The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.
B. L. BROWN & CO.
Independence, October 28, 1871. o28n70m6

C. A. GRANNIS'
LIVERY & FEED STABLE,
(Hunt's Old Stand)
Lone Pine, - - - - Cal.
BEST OF SADDLE HORSES AND BUGGY teams always on hand. o7m6*

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK
FLOURING MILLS.
ORDERS FOR GRINDING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. Flour and Feed constantly on hand. Also, our favorite brand of
XXX FAMILY FLOUR.
Flour sacks for sale at lowest cash prices. No credit for grinding, and positively
No Business Done on Sunday.
H. RUSSELL.
o21n69m6

THE WESTERN SHORE.

[From The West.]

All hail! thou bountous golden land
Of never ceasing spring!
Where birds, and flowers, and sweet perfume,
The constant seasons bring!

The great Pacific's fruitful shore!
The Master's chosen land!
Where beauty sits aloft enthroned,
Beside the western strand.

Here Winter's frost, and whiter snow,
Of ruder northern clime,
Ascend the lofty mountain peaks,
And sit in scenes sublime.

While far beneath in sunny vale,
Where lilies ever grow,
More humble flowers lift their heads,
In ceaseless, fervent glow.

And limpid waters, pure and bright,
Descend the mountain's side—
Refresh the land—then pass along,
To join the mighty tide.

In Beauty's branch of evergreen,
Of orange and of lime,
Are richest and abundant fruits
Of semi-tropic clime.

The Golden Gate—expanding bay
With spreading arms—are seen;
While fertile lands, and richer mines,
Crown San Francisco, Queen.

Like hasty clouds before the storm,
The nation's ships appear;
And gather at the Golden Gate;
To make their entry here.

The iron-horse, with mighty tread,
Comes from the eastern shore;
Proclaims the greatness of our land,
And tarries at our door.

With voice of praise, and joyous hearts,
We reverence and adore
The Great Creator, who hath made
This glorious Western Shore.

An Adventure of the Forest Fires—A Veteran Who Staid to See it Out.

A man named Allison Weaver, who reached Detroit from Port Huron October 18th, had a narrow and curious escape from being roasted alive in the north woods. His story is told in The Detroit Free Press of October 19th:

Weaver is a single man, about fifty years old, and served all through the war in an Ohio regiment of infantry. Up to two weeks ago he was at work for a man named Bright, ten miles from Forestville, as foreman of a shingle mill. Two or three days before the approach of the flames, which eventually destroyed that section, Bright and his family left for Forestville, and the next day all the men employed about the place followed his example or made haste to reach their homes. On leaving Bright informed his men that the fire would sweep that way, and warned them to lose no time in making their escape. Having no property to loose, or family to take care of, Weaver determined, as he says, "to stay and see the circus out," meaning that he intended saving the mill if possible. He has a stubborn sort of a spirt, and the fact that everybody else went induced him to stay.

As soon as the men left he set to work and buried all the provisions left in the house, and during the day, buried the knives, belts and other light machinery of the mill, as well as a stove and a lot of cookery ware. There was plenty of water in the vicinity of the mill, and he filled several barrels full, besides wetting down house, mill, stock and everything which would burn, scattering several hundred pailfols of water on the ground around the buildings.

When night came and the fire had not appeared he began to jeer his absent comrades. About 10 o'clock the heavens were so light that he could see the smallest objects around him, and there was a roaring in the forests which sounded like waves beating against rocks on the shore. He began to suspect that he would soon receive the visit predicted, and accordingly made preparations for it. In leveling up the ground around the shingle mill, earth had been obtained by digging here and there, and Weaver went to work and dug one of those pits deep enough for him to stand up in.

He then filled it nearly full of water, and took care to saturate the ground around it for a distance of several rods. Going to the mill, he dragged out a four-inch plank, sawed it in two, and saw that the parts tightly covered the mouth of the little well. "I kalkerlated it would be tech and go" said he "but it was the best I could do." At midnight he had everything arranged, and the roaring then was awful to hear. The clearing was ten or twelve acres in extent, and Weaver says that for hours before the fire reached him there was a constant flight across the ground of small animals. As he rested a moment from giving the house another wetting down, a horse dashed into the opening at full speed and made for the house, where he stopped and turned toward the fire. Weaver could see him trembling and shaking in his excitement and terror, and felt a pity for him. After a moment the animal gave utterance to a snort of dismay, ran two or three times around the house, and then shot off into the woods like a rocket.

Not long after this the fire came. Weaver by his well, ready for the emergency, yet curious to see the breaking in of the flames. The roaring increased in volume, the air became oppressive, a cloud of dust and cinders came showering down and he could see the flame through the trees. It did not run along the ground nor leap from tree to tree, but it came like a tornado, a sheet of flame reaching from the earth to the top of the trees. As it struck the clearing he jumped into his well and closed over the planks. He could no longer see, but he could hear. He says the flames made no halt whatever, nor ceased their roaring for an instant, but he had hardly got the opening closed before the house and mill were burned like tinder, and both were down in five minutes. The smoke came down to him powerfully, and his den was so hot that he could hardly breathe.

He knew that the planks above him were on fire, but, remembering their thickness, he waited till the roaring of the flames had died away, and then with his head and hands turned them over and put out the fire by dashing up water with his hands. Although it was a cold night and the water had at first chilled him, the heat gradually warmed it up until he says that he felt very comfortable. He remained in his den until daylight; frequently turning over the planks and putting out the fire, and then the worst had passed. The earth around was on fire in spots, house and mill were gone, leaves, brush and logs were swept clean away as if shaved off and swept with a broom, and nothing but soot and ashes were to be seen.

After the fire had somewhat cooled off, Weaver made an investigation of his caches, and found that considerable of the property buried had been saved, although he lost all his provisions except a piece of dried beef which the fire had cooked as in an oven without spoiling it. He had no other resource than to run around the place that day, during the night, and the greater part of the next day, when the ground had cooled enough so that he could pick his way to the site of the burned village. He was nearly twelve hours going the twelve miles, as trees were falling, logs were burning, and the fallen timber had in some places heaped up a breastwork, over which no one could climb.

Metallurgical Works at Vallejo.

The Vallejo Land and Improvement Association propose putting up in this vicinity early next year extensive metallurgical works, on a scale to excel any similar reduction works on the American continent. This location is extremely favorable for receiving ores from the mines of Nevada and Utah by rail, while wood and coal can be obtained at reasonable distances and at minimum prices. The copper mines of Mariposa and Copperopolis are to be opened again, and it is highly probable that ores can be profitably smelted in California. The managers of this enterprise contemplate putting up crushing mills, roasting, smelting and refining furnaces for gold and silver ores. The very latest and most economical processes will be employed, with all of the most approved devices for separating the metals from their bases and turning them out as a refined article. The capacity of these works will be greater than the Selby metallurgical works at San Francisco, which cost $450,000. Not less than $500,000 will be expended to get them in shape, after which they will be extended with the increase of the business. One thousand men are directly or indirectly employed at the Selby works, which will give a pretty fair idea of the field of employment that will be opened up by the Vallejo metallurgical works, which will possess many opportunities for economizing in time, labor and expense not enjoyed at San Francisco. A day's travel by rail will be saved, no water transportation will be required, no second or third handling of ores be rendered necessary from bad location of works, while the Mt. Diablo coal mines and the Napa and Sonoma woodlands, will supply charcoal and firewood equal to all reasonable requirements. The industrial classes will be largely benefited by the establishment of works of this character in our midst, which will be a nucleus around which other manufactories will inevitably spring up.—*Vallejo Chronicle, Oct. 27.*

Latest Story from Oildom.

The Titusville Herald, describing a new oil well near that city, says that for nine hours it "flowed a stream of beautiful amber and rose-tinted oil, of sixteen degrees gravity, as large as a stove-pipe, at the rate of 437 barrels per hour. The oil is so heavy that it formed a perpendicular column of six inches in diameter that would push its way up several hundred feet into the air, when becoming partially melted by the sun's rays and overcome by its weight, it would break off near the ground and fall over like an immense tallow candle struck with a club. A cloud of gas hovered over the derrick larger than a Butler county barn, and the ground was so slippery for half a mile around that the workman were obliged to crawl around on their hands and knees to collect the oil, while the noise of escaping gas could be heard by the 'short interest' in Pittsburg. The owners of this new well are very calm, and, instead of getting drunk, went right off last evening and procured several 'corn-cutters,' and stationed themselves near the mouth of the well, and as fast as the oil forced itself up, cut it off in three foot lengths, in sizes suitable for stove wood."

A Tight Place.

One of the New York millionares has the reputation of being a little close. When it was proposed to erect an equestrian monument to Washington in Union Square, General Strong called upon him for his subsbription. The old man shook his head.

"I need no monument of George Washington; I have him here," touching his heart.

General Strong smiled, and said, as he retired:

"I guess you're the first man that ever got George *in such a tight place.*"

—Young ladies at needle work are not always what they appear. They are sometimes seaming.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday,...November 18, 1871.

ARTESIAN WELLS.

As the surface water in this valley is insufficient for irrigating purposes, we hear frequent inquiries made in regard to artesian wells as a remedy. This method of obtaining water is not always successful, but it rarely or never fails in valleys surrounded, as this is, by lofty mountains. It is the opinion of all those with whom we have conversed on the subject, some of whom are quite well posted, that overflowing wells can be obtained anywhere in the valley by boring to a depth not exceeding one hundred feet. Of course, this is mere speculation, but based on good reasons sufficient to justify the attempt.

If an unfailing supply of water can be obtained from wells not over one hundred feet deep, it will be cheaper and better than training long ditches for the purpose as is now often done, put an end to controversies relating to water-rights, besides rendering it possible to cultivate much good land that is now and will always remain worthless without it. The cost of such wells, with piping, is about $1 per foot for the first hundred feet, each additional foot costing a sum greater proportionate to the depth. The amount of water afforded by such wells ranges, of course, according to the hight of the overflow, but in general terms may be set down as about 60 inches, miner's measure; some will afford double this amount, while others may do nothing more than produce a running stream. It is matter to be decided only by actual trial, but if successful at any one point in the valley, it may be considered a perfectly safe undertaking in any other portion. If this supposition is accepted as a fact, the cheapest and probably the only available method of testing the feasability of obtaining water by artesian wells, will be for two or three interested parties to guarantee work enough to pay for the necessary tools and implements, in which case there are parties here, well acquainted with the business, who will willingly inaugurate the work and put it through. The persons to whom we refer, as we are told, have not the means of their own sufficient for the purpose, and, as there is a possibility of failure, it is necessary and right the chances of loss should be divided somewhat in the manner above mentioned.

As it is a gravel or granite boulder formation that has to be penetrated, it will require the best kind of tools, the first cost of which, ready for operation will probably be about $400. If the first attempts should be successful, we have reason to believe that at least one sett of tools could be kept continually employed. Hundreds of such wells are needed, some of which can be contracted for at once, if any reliable party will take the matter in hand. Any communications, private or for publication addressed to us on the subject will receive attention.

GOVERNOR PALMER'S LETTER.

Judge Williams, in his charge to the Chicago Grand Jury, tells that body to pay no attention to Governor Palmer's letter, where he advises an indictment against Gen. Sheridan and the Mayor as accessories to the killing of Col. Grosvenor. This action on the part of the Judge must meet the approbation of all right thinking persons, Had it not been for the prompt action of the Mayor and Gen. Sheridan in the organization of that regiment and other similiar measures of protection, murder and pillage without stint would have been the order of the day. The fact is indisputable that the State of Illinois was *not* in a condition to protect her citizens at the moment. The death of Col. Grosvenor, however much to be regretted, was due to his own obstinacy and should not be laid at the door of men who in view of the appalling exigencies of the time, were doing all within their power for the safety and protection of just such as he. The Governor's ingratitude deserves and doubtless will receive the condemnation it deserves, when the attending facts become fairly understood and appreciated.

Our Thanks

Are due The Tulare Times for favors. Hope to reciprocate some time, gents.

THE RAILROAD SYSTEM OF THE PACIFIC COAST.

We are in receipt of a pamphlet bearing the above title which gives a comprehensive view of the railroad system of the coast, showing that the natural and inevitable termini of all the railroads of the coast must be at Oakland. Considerable space is devoted in arguing the fallacy of the much-talked-of bridge across the Bay from Oakland to San Francisco. The writer shows quite conclusively that, though the scheme is not mechanically impracticable, its completion can neither shorten the time nor render transportation any cheaper between the two points—in short, that it is a scheme instigated by outside property holders by which they hope to benefit themselves at the expense of the tax-payers of San Francisco directly, but indirectly the millions necessary for the purpose must come from the State at large. In this view of the case, which no doubt is the correct one, it becomes a matter of more than local interest. Four different plans of bridging are presented, the estimated cost of which range respectively from a little less than $2,000,000 to upwards of $16,000,000. A high bridge would require extended approaches, so that the consequent slow rate of speed necessary to safety, and the distance, would render the time of transit considerably more than it now is, a result that would scarcely justify the expenditure of such a vast sum. A low bridge on piles would cut off navigation, to a great extent, on some ninety-two square miles of the bay, besides the danger of creating bars and currents injurious to the harbor generaly. It is claimed, apparently on good grounds, that even this comparatively short bridge could not materially shorten the time over the present system, and such being the case there would be nothing gained. Altogether, San Francisco will have to conclude that two or three miles on fast ferry boats is not so very objectionable, after all. She will have to reduce her port charges, and do some other things of like character, perhaps, to prevent Oakland from eventually taking away a goodly portion of her trade. The desired end is better accomplished that way than by impoverishing herself by such a grand bridge scheme.

Among the prospective railroads mapped out in this pamphlet, we find one having its northern terminus at Reno, to run thence just east of the California State line to Fort Mohave, on the Colorado, where it is supposed to connect with the Atlantic and Pacific overland road. As map makers do not build railroads nor always determine their routes, we need not worry to any great extent on the choice of the latter in this instance. Whenever a railroad is built to connect those two points there is no fear but that it will run through the rich mining region and fertile valleys lying along the foot of the Sierras, instead of the desert route, as marked out, east of the Inyo range.

"The West."

We have had occasion recently to note the advent of a number of new candidates, in the newspaper line, for public favor, and now comes another, called "The West," a large monthly, price $1 per annum, by John H. Carmany & Co., San Francisco. In accordance with its motto—"Devoted to the intersts of the Pacific coast"—The West affords a large amount of valuable information relating to the resources of the western slope, interesting alike to readers at home or abroad. It is worth sending "home."

This paper, in a brief notice of the resources of each county in this State, credits Inyo with the possession of a number of argentiferous galena mines. It might truthfully have gone much further and credited us with not only the most productive galena mines in the State, if not on the coast, but with a vast number of mines of gold and silver and iron, salt, sulphur and almost every other namable mineral—with a very extensive area of first-rate land suited for successful tillage, regardless alike of wet or dry seasons. To these may be added a climate equal to the best, the highest point, Mount Whitney, and the lowest, Death Valley, not covered by water on the continent. Of these, the first is 15,000 feet above, and the last 150 feet feet below the level of the sea. Where is the county that can "high-low" us in any of these? On a proper showing the "game" is ours, too, though in accordance with the September returns, we are compelled to accord the "knave" to Tuolumne

Narrow-Guage.

The Colusa Sun advocates the construction of a narrow-guage railroad between that place and Marysville. It thinks the road can be built for $8,000 per mile, including the running stock.

PACIFIC COAST READAGRAMS.

The Arizona Miner, October 28, publishes a letter from King S. Woolsey, from the lower Gila. The river is literally alive with Mexican bandits, plundering settlers, robbing passing trains and escaping with their booty to Sonora. The settlers are arming and pursuing them into Mexico.

Great excitement exists at Prescott over the discovery of very rich silver ledges, discovered about eight miles northeast of Prescott. From the Hammerstake ledge the rock yielded $1 25 per pound. Twenty claims were taken up the first day.

Brigham Young at last accounts was at St. George, on the southern borders of Utah, headed south and escorted by twelve men of the Nauvoo Legion. It is supposed that he has bade Salt Lake City and Judge McKean, if not his numerous grass widows, a final farewell, whereat the whangdoodle mourneth, and the Latter Day Saints are terribly agitated.

There is a great rush among the gentiles for Bingham canyon, in consequence of the discovery there of very rich gold quartz.

The Moses Taylor, steamer from Honolulu to San Francisco, brings news of a terrible disaster to the whaling fleet. Thirty-three vessels had been caught in the ice in the Arctic ocean, and had to be abandoned. Their crews, twelve hundred men in all, escaped without loss of life to vessels outside, and have since mostly reached the Sandwich Islands. Some of the captains came thence in the Moses Taylor. Though some of these vessels were not crushed at once, vessels and cargoes of oil and bone, are considered a total loss, in the aggregate near $1,500,000. This will be a heavy blow to New Bedford, from which port most of these vessels hail. The same steamer fell in with, and rescued the captain, the only survivor of passengers or crew of the brig Shelekoff. She had been in a waterlogged condition one hundred and nine days, during which time, all on board perished except the captain, who could not have lived but a few hours longer. Among the passengers was Ashley Crane, son of Judge Crane of Alameda county, who was going to Callao to superintend a sugar plantation.

The arrival of the first overland through train at Vallejo one day last week, was the cause of much rejoicing among the people of that burg.

Between $39,900 and $40,000 was found in the vaults of John Sime & Co., on opening the same. It is thought the depositers may ultimately be secured to their full amounts, because of the withdrawal of a partner from the firm without notice, said partner being worth $1,000,000. It is claimed that in law he is responsible for the debts of the concern.

It is reported that between 30,000 and 40,000 sheep perished in the late sand storm that prevailed in the vicinity of Tehachepe pass.

The official returns of the late general election in California show Newton Booth's majority to be 5,019.

Sepulveda, County Judge of Los Angeles, November 4th, charged the Grand Jury very strongly to indict the late assassins of the Chinese. The charge is universally commended in that county.

A fire in Vallejo November 7th, consumed a block of buildings. Loss, $50,000.

The celebration of the opening of the Virginia and Truckee Railroad was observed Novembr 7th, with eating, drinking and speechmaking at Reno, by ladies and gentlemen from Virginia City, Gold Hill and other Nevada towns.

A company has been organized in San Francisco to furnish relief to the farmers in San Joaquin valley by loaning small amounts at a nominal interest to supply their necessities.

County Government.

The Code Commission have just had printed and will at once circulate for public criticism, a pamphlet containing their work on that part of the political code, perhaps the most important—except the proposed new revenue system—of their work. It concerns "Supervisors, or the Government of Counties." Many changes are made, chief among them being the increase of the jurisdiction and responsibility of the Board. By the adoption of the proposed law, it is designed to relieve the Legislature of much local and special legislation, and to hold to personal accountability the members of every Board of Supervisors for official acts—each and all of them, under the system proposed, being required, as are many other officers, to give an official bond for good conduct and faithful discharge of duty. The work merits careful consideration, and suggestions of amendements will be welcomed by the Commission.—*Sacramento Union.*

—Col. Strong, of Merced, will seed three thousand acres in cotton, this season.

—A short cut to the heart is frequently through the stomach.

Tulare and Inyo.

[From The Tulare Times, November 11.]

From E. P. Hart, Esq., who returned a few days since from the Owens River country, we learn that the mining, as well as the agricultural, interests are prospering to a very great extent, particularly the former. He reports, also, the road to that section lined with with teams from Los Angeles hauling freights into the valley, returning with large amounts of valuable ores. Mr Hart further says, many of the leading business men of that region favor the shipping through this valley, as soon as the railroad shortens the distance. And while referring to this subject, we will state the progress the Visalia and Owens Road Company are making. We conversed with one of its charter members, from whom we learn that a survey of the route was made, early last Summer—which we noticed at the time—and an estimate of the cost of constructing the road. An elaborate report, by their Engineer, is filed in the office of the Company, giving the facts and figures. The cost of the road, according to the above, will not exceed $150,000, and the distance will be less than one hundred miles. The Company, at this time, being in no position, financially, deferred the further prosecution of the work for the time, which we very much regret. Work of such magnitude is not supposed to be performed by a few individuals alone. In our opinion the entire community should be consulted—or rather solicited to aid in its construction. We regard a road from this place, on the proposed route, to Owens river of incalculable value to Tulare county and to the public generally, and not only should the citizens of the county aid in its completion, but capitalists and the people of San Francisco, engaged in developing mines and opening up lands in that section, should be asked to substitute stock to the enterprise; and the Government, by reason of its having a military post at its terminus, should, at least, be asked to give liberally of its lands along the route of said road. The time has arrived when propositions of this nature should be carefully considered. We regard it as one of the most important moves that, as a community, we are asked to consider. The early completion of the railroad to Bear Creek will cause more traffic through our county for the country south, than many have any idea of. Los Angeles, because of its enterprising citizens, has reaped an immense trade which our valley might at least have had a portion. Now, as we shal be the nearest point to a railroad it is within ourselves to take advantage of the situation to promote our own welfare, and we should like to see the people move at once in that direction The Legislature will soon convene and, if required, special legislation may be had. We should call a public meeting, enterchange views relative thereto, that our Representatives may be posted on questions pertaining to this and perhaps other local interests of the county. We hope our suggestion may be duly considered and acted upon, as in a week or so our Representatives take their departure for Sacramento.

EASTERN ELECTIONS.

Latest election news from New York shows that the Tammany Democrats were routed in the city, while the Republicans carry the State by 25,000, and will have over a two-thirds majority in both houses of the Legislature. New Jersey elects a Democratic Governor and Republican Legislature, and Illinois gives 20,000 Republican majority. Tweed is elected to the Senate in New York, but will probably be expelled if he takes his seat. The reports from Virginia are contradictory; but the Republicans will be strongly represented in the Legislature, though the Conservatives may have a majority.

Some strong Democratic counties in the State of New York, as Richmond and Rockland, this year elect Republican Assemblymen.

Brooklyn, N. Y., elects a full Democratic ticket—the Mayor having 10,000 clear majority over both opponents. Horatio Seymour was defeated for the New York Assembly by 877 in Utica district. Samuel J. Tilden (anti-Tammany) has 3,500 majority. The Senate stands 24 Republicans and 8 Democrats. The House has 52 Republican majority.

The Republicans elected Snapp to Congress in the sixth Illinois District, where there was a vacancy caused by the resignation of Cook. Snapp's majority is estimated at 4,000. The Union ticket headed by Medill carried Chicago by 12,000.

It is estimated that Minnesota gives a Republican majority of 10,000.

Maryland continues Democratic by a majority of 9,000 to 12,000.

Virginia gives the Conservative ticket 20,000 majority.

The New Wonder Land.

Mr. Elliott, in a letter to Professor Henry, of the Smithsonian Institute, descriptive of the wonders of the Yellowstone region, gives the following description of the "Geysers of the fire-hole Basin:"

"I have stood by a crater, and have seen a column of hot (boiling) water six feet in diameter, ascend with a single bound, vertically, to a hight of two hundred feet, pause there for an instant, and fall to its silicified basin in a thousand watery streams, and a million prismatic drops. This was repeated ten or fifteen minutes, then all would be quiet; the water of the cistern became as still as that of a mill-pond, and apparently as inactive. This geyser, which is one of many, we named the Grand. It plays at irregular intervals of 24 to 30 hours, for from ten to twenty minutes. Another, named by Doan 'Old Faithful,' plays at intervals of only an hour apart, throwing up an immense steady column to an elevation of 150 feet."

There are fifty geysers and over a thousand boiling springs, according to this authority, within 50 miles of each other.

Railroad Progress in San Joaquin Valley.

The following interesting statements we take from The Bulletin of November 10:

The San Joaquin Valley branch of the Central Pacific road is being constructed at the rate of half a mile a day, southerly toward Bear Creek, which is within 90 miles of Visalia The completion of the road to Bear Creek, will change the current of both passenger and freight traffic between San Francisco and the southern and southeastern counties of the State. Passengers for Visalia, Bakersfield and intermediate points in the San Joaquin Valley, and mining districts in the mountains, now take stage at Gilroy, from which town to Visalia is a distance of 140 miles. The Pacheco mountain is crossed by this route and the road over it is very rough, dangerous, steep and very exhaustive to horse flesh. The distance over the mountain is 20 miles. When the road to Bear Creek is finished passengers will be carried to that town, and there connect with stages for Visalia and other points. Fifty miles in distance will then be saved, and a perfectly level stage road will be had. The stages and stock of the stage line, *via* Gilroy, have been purchased and will be used on the new route *via* Bear Creek.

Freight to and from Kern county and the mining districts of Owens river, Lone Pine, Kernville, Havilah, Sageland and Kelso, has heretofore gone by sea to Los Angeles, and been carried thence by teams, over several ranges of mountains, to Bakersfield and other points. The distance from Los Angeles to Bakesfield is 150 miles; from Bear Creek to Bakersfied 160 miles. There are three mountains to cross by the former route, and high tolls are paid, while by the latter the road is free and runs over a dead level country. The importance of the mining districts named is little understood here. One fact, however, will give the public an idea of its extent. A Frenchman in Los Angeles owns 1,200 mules, which he keeps constantly engaged in carrying goods in, and bullion or ores out of the Owens river country. In fact, one of the main sources of the prosperity of Los Angeles has lain in its being the shipping point for the majority of these mining districts.

There are now 34 families here who are going down to settle on Govercment land in Kern river valley. The owner of the stage line between Visalia and Bakersfield has for their benefit reduced the fare from $10 to $2 each, and an effort is now being made to have the railroad and stage company between this city and Visalia display equal liberality. The extension of railroads, the settlement of Government lands, the building of irrigating canals, and the passage of a no-fence law, will revolutionize the face of nature in the San Joaquin Valley, which is yet destined, and that quickly, too, to be one of the richest and most reliable agricultural sections of the entire State.

The Undeveloped Wealth of the West.

The editor of The Milwaukee Sentinel, in "A Few Notes on a Visit to California," says: "I speak what I have deliberately considered, when I say that the great mining interests, the real wealth of the Western States and Territories, as immense as it has been estimated, lies untouched and unexplored to this day. Every day new mines are being discovered in localities that are supposed to be barren of the precious metals, and every day some new or less expensive method of extracting them is being found out. Since the completion of the Pacific railroad, quartz mills can be taken to localities that were inaccessible before, and the same great thoroughfare is carrying coal for steam mills into destitute mining regions at a reasonable cost. There are millions on millions of gold dust that lies near the earth's surface in California and other gold producing States which cannot be had for the lack of water, but will soon be obtained by associated effort turning the mountain streams to their legitimate uses. So far, the individual miner has paddled his own canoe, washed his own dirt, and dug his own ditches; but in the mining operations of the future, skill, experience, capital and business capacity are to aid in robbing the earth of its long hidden treasure.

Valuable Quarry.

Not far from the coal mines, and sixteen miles from Anaheim in an easterly direction, is a quarry of calcareous stone, very compact, and susceptible of the highest polish. It is almost milk-white in color, of the finest texture, very hard, without being brittle and compares most favorable with any marble found in the United States. Again, not far from this quarry lies a bed of sulphate of lime, apparently inexhaustible in its quantity. This gypsum is of the transparent variety, called selenite, and when calcined forms the plaster of paris so extensively used for casts, moldings, etc, and which commands a very high figure in the market. The time will come, and that before long, when our facilities for transportation will be such that many resources of this country, now lying dormant, will spring into life, and add wealth and commerce to our community.—*Anaheim Gazette.*

Don't Complain.

The people of the Owens river country don't like having to wait a month or two to get their freight from San Francisco, via. Los Angeles. Well, when there is a way to save a week's time and a large percentage on the cost of freight, and if you won't travel over it you deserve no sympathy. Say, tell us out there: When you send a grist to mill don't you put the grain in one end of the bag and a stone in the other to balance it?—*Ventura Signal.*

Yes, that's about the way of it, only we always use two of the latter to effect a good balance.

The Wilmington Breakwater.

The construction of the breakwater at Wilmington, says The Los Angeles News, is reported to be favorably progressing. Fifteen or sixteen men are at work, and about sixty feet of it has already been completed. Besides this, the work of pile-driving has been carried out for the distance of about one hundred feet farther. The piles are driven with comparative ease to the required depth—some fourteen or fifteen feet—without sharpening the ends. It is presumed that the piles will have a greater power of resistance, when once in place, with square butts than with pointed ones. In deep water, stout piles are driven in a slanting position and braced up to the upright ones to support them against the influence of the tides. As was anticipated by its projectors, the action of the waves and tides upon the sand-bank along which the breakwater is being constructed, is such as to cause the sand to accumulate in a body around the piles, affording additional strength to the entire structure. On that part already finished as much as three feet of sand has thus accumulated. In deeper water, however, it is proposed to pack it with rock, which will insure its permanency and security. This rock will have to be obtained from Catalina Island. When the breakwater has been extended to Deadman's Island, it is expected that the current of the river will then be able to clear out its own channel, effectually removing the sand-bar at its mouth, which has heretofore been the obstacle in the way of ocean going vessels getting to a safe and convenient place for loading and discharging their cargoes.

Arctic Expeditions.

The open Polar Sea reported by the Atlantic cable as having been discovered by one of the German exploring expeditions, has directed attention to the different companies of scientific men now employed in the arduous work of reaching the highest parallel of north latitude. It appears that at the present time there are seven expeditions engaged in Arctic research—two from Germany, under the command of Roenthal and Payer respectively; one from Sweden, consisting of two Government vessels of war; one from Scotland, under Lamont; one from England, under Leigh Smith; one from France, fitted out by Octave Pavy, and the United States expedition, under Captain Hall. The discovery of the open Polar Sea by the German expedition brings to recollection the second Arctic exploration of Dr. E. K. Kane, and his perilous overland journey to a point from which he saw, in the inaccessible distance, the unfrozen waters of the circumpolar ocean. This discovery of Dr. Kane, although credited by many persons, was not accepted as an incontrovertible fact. The accuracy of his observation has, however, been established by the recent report from the German expedition

Born in the Stage.

The Pioche Record of October 26, is responsible for the annexed: An extremely rare incident occurred on the last stage from Hamilton to Pioche, which arrived on Friday evening last. Shortly after leaving Hamilton, a lady passenger gave birth to a fine, healthy boy. The event was as unexpected and surprising to the mother as to the balance of the passengers. On the examination of the way bill, Wes. Travers, one of the owners of the line, found only sixteen passengers were booked, but learned from a passenger that seventeen had come through. In high dudgeon he sought the agent, L. A. LaGrange, and inquired how this had occurred, and wanted to know who the "dead head" was. After the matter was fully explained, Wes. could be seen slipping off down the street without saying a word to any one. When anybody now asks Wes about "that other passenger," all he has to say is "nominate your poison gentlemen; it's my treat."

—As Pat Hogan, an American immigrant, sat enjoying his connubial bliss upon the banks of southern creek, he espied a turtle emerging from the stream. "Oh honey!" he exclaimed solemnly, "that iver I should come to America to see a snuff-box walk!"

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

INYO DRUG STORE.

Pioneer Establishment of this Kind in Lone Pine

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES

....AND....

PATENT MEDICINES

NEWLY ARRIVED.

ALSO, AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF Perfumes, Soaps, Cosmetics, Fine Essences for the Handkerchief, Pure Cologne and Florida Water, Bay Rum and Yankee Soap for barbers, Brushes and a number of other Toilet Articles, both for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Prescriptions,

and all orders by mail or express carefully and promptly filled, and forwarded immediately.

Especial attention paid to

Leaded Sufferers,

with wonderfully quick cure and sure preventative, AT VERY MODERATE CHARGES. Scores of living testimony speak in favor of the treatment. Consultations to the afflicted, in all civilized languages—English, Spanish, French, Italian, Slavonian and Russian—

Free of Charge,

and correspondence kept with the most delicate discretion.

Do You Wish to Purify Your Blood?

Then take a bottle of my own COMPOUND DECOTIONS for Spring and Fall. Six days' treatment with these Decotions will act as a Preventative against the attacks of Catarrhs, Coughs, Rheumatism, etc., that are always produced by the impurities of humors during the inclemency of the Winter Season; and in Summer against Fevers, Colics, Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Liver Complaint and other diseases peculiar to that season. Miners, laborers, farmers and all classes of persons, of both sexes, are respectfully solicited to try a bottle of my Decotion; while taking it they can attend to their work or business without any inconvenience. Directions and instructions accompany each bottle, and full information given free by mail to any address.

P. G. GELCICH,

Druggist & Practitioner,

no18.73:5 Lone Pine.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,...November 18, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

"Old Moll" Dead.

We are grieved to announce the death of a pioneer of this county, Old Moll, the sleek and well-behaved old Maltese cat. She died full of years and feline honors, but we are pained to add, not quietly and peacefully, but in violence at the hands, or fangs, of the natural enemies of her race—curs, despicable cur dogs. (Tom May says "it took more than one of 'em to do it; one alone darsn't tackle her.") We append a few brief biographical notes: Old Molly was a lineal and thoroughbred descendant of the Knights of Malta—that is, of some cats belonging to that ancient and honorable order. In company with John Hughes, now of Cerro Gordo, she immigrated early in 1864 to Bend City, which then flourished just across the river, now *non est*. She took in the situation at a glance, and at once inaugurated an unrelenting warfare against the swarms of small rodents then in possession of the country. Alone she couldn't faze 'em; one dead, ten would come to the funeral. Recruits must be had, and Molly took the contract, and with a little outside assistance she has never failed to produce twenty per annum, which in the aggregate would now, if all were living, amount to at least seventy-five thousand cats! But many thousands of these in the seven years of Molly's usefulness, came, saw and made the nights *mewsical* with sweet caterwauls and discussions of family affairs, been kicked, cussed, dogged, had boot jacks and things flung at them, gave up the contest and died. But they didn't all suffer, as mentioned in the last clause—not by some hundreds, but of these we can not speak now—they are abundantly able to that for themselves. On the decadence of the city across the river, Molly came, honestly it is said, into the possession of Thomas May, Esq., of this place. Here in the quiet confidence of her nature she has sat upon the counter, and listened to the nifty remark, "here's luck, old fel," and "the same to you," 53,069 times, and came through unscathed! scarcely a hair ruffled. But it affected her mental constitution—this never ending refrain—until she became reckless; she cared nothing for curs of high or low degree, and hence this cat-astrophe. Rest quiet, Molly in peace or pieces as the case may be. Chorious, Thomas!

Strike in the "Sprout."

Mr. A. Wingard, Superintendent of the Silver Sprout mines, has shown us a quantity of ore which is pronounced by competent, experienced judges to be the finest ever produced in this county—which is saying a great deal. It is appears to be a singular combination of some of the richest characters of silver ore—chloride and black sulphurets, while particles of the white, native silver are seen, with now and then good "colors" of gold. The shaft is now 56 feet in depth, the ledge 7 and the ore 5 feet in thickness. Its average value will hardly be less than $1,000 per ton, and probably more. The walls are nearly perpendicular, smooth and perfect, and the two-foot "gouge" is being rapidly crowded out by the "pay," which grows richer from top to bottom. A short time ago one-half the Sprout stock was offered at $12 50 per share; this, however, was withdrawn and $15 refused, and now $25 would hardly buy it. A quantity of the rock is to be shipped to San Francisco, when we will be able to give its exact value.

East of the Inyo Range.

Mr. D. E. Hunter, who recently returned from a trip east of the Inyo range, gives us the following items: At Gold Mountain district, north end of Death Valley, Shaw & Co. were working ore from the "State Line" lode by means of a horse power arastra and making about $10 per day. This is said to be a large and extensive lodge of gold bearing quartz. A lot of the ore worked at Belmont yielded $170 per ton. Parties from Austin were about to purchase this mine. Several men were running rockers, and making fair wages, on some placer diggings about eight miles southeast of Palmetto. Chaquette's steam thresher was, without difficulty, taken over the Inyo range to thresh the grain in Fish Lake Valley. About ninety tons of small grain were raised on Piper's ranch, and crops generally were quite up to the average of this valley.

Bought It.

A lot of Kearsarge property, sold last Wednesday under attachment, was bought by parties representing A. M. Edgerton, of Virginia. This indicates that the California Bank is taking hold of the concern, which augurs well for it and promises a different management. No sane man, conversant with the facts in the case, can for a moment doubt that immense profits will accrue from a correct working of this famous property.

Billiards.

There appears to be quite a revival in town of this favorite game. We notice that Harris is cutting down his ancient expanse of green cloth to a more modern size, while Wallace promises that, in a short time, he will have a new, first-class table in position. On May's table a chap in town has demonstrated that a man *can* make himself conspicuous by constantly punching spurious ivory. He never lets upon "two chances."

Medical

Attention is called to the advertisement of Dr. P. G. Gelcich, Druggist and Practitioner, of Lone Pine, which sets forth matters of interest to all. His stock of drugs are new, fresh and pure. The gentleman is a great student, and his notable successes indicate the thoroughness of his studies. Think of it—he holds consultations in all civilized languages!

Heavy Damages.

In the District Court, in the session of Tuesday last, P. W. Bennett got judgment against A. H. Dorr in the sum of $97,000, on a breach of contract connected with a former sale of the Santa Maria mine. We presume the case will go to the Supreme Court, but the probabilities are the judgment will be affirmed.

The Court Proceedings.

Our lazy reporter confesses his inability to decipher from the interminable reports what was done with any case during the past week, and proposes to forego publishing proceedings until the next issue. In the case of Gould vs. Brady a lot of jurors and witnesses were in attendance yesterday. The trial will probably continue until Monday next, when the Court will adjourn for the term.

Church Directory.

THIRD SUNDAYS IN THE MONTH.—Independence—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching 11 A. M; Sabbath School 2 P. M.; prayer and class meeting every Saturday evening at the parsonage; all are invited to attend. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching 4 P. M.; Sunday School 11 A. M.; prayer meeting at the church every Thursday evening; all are invited to attend. Lone Pine—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 7 P. M. Eclipse Mill—S. W. Blasdel; services 7 P. M. George's Creek—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching 1 P. M.

Wheeler and His Guides—Where is Egan?

For the following information concerning Wheeler and his habit of losing guides, we are indebted to Mr. Peter Monto, who last week reported the finding of Hahn's effects at Gold Mountain. Monto joined the expedition at Eureka, in the capacity of blacksmith to the outfit. From that point he accompanied it through Hot Creek, Belmont, Reveille, Silver Canyon, Summit Spring, White Rock Spring, Ossa Valley, Grape Vine Spring, Gold Mountain, Piper's and Big Pine, to the rendezvous near Camp Independence. At Grape Vine Wheeler sent forward party No. 2, under Lyle, leaving No. 1 under Cochrane, the parties taking diverging routes from that place. Hahn joined at Belmont, bringing party No. 2 to this place. From here Lyle started out with a small detachment to succor the other party, meeting them on the Armagoza River. As is well known, Hahn accompanied them as guide, and, although it was understood that he did not go through, nothing definite ever reached us as to the manner in which he left the party. Lyle gave our informant to understand that Hahn deserted, and that, had he time, he would have returned to hunt and shoot him. But it is far more probable that Hahn was disabled while out of camp and left to perish, for it was his pride to escort a company, and could have no motive in abandoning it. His saddle, blanket, shirts, saddle blankets, the buckle of his army belt, with letters and papers, were found at Gold Mountain, near the head of Death Valley, in a canyon which has no outlet, as it juts up against an immense wall of rocks at its head. So it is evident that poor Hahn perished, as did his animal.

William Egan, a universally esteemed gentleman, well known throughout Nevada and this country, was employed to guide Wheeler and his party from Swansea to and perhaps through Death Valley. They had proceeded as far as Telescope, some 70 miles from this place, where a three days' camp was made. Wheeler and Koehler were out about 25 miles, in the Telescope Mountains, when Sullivan and Price were sent out to meet Wheeler and take photographic views of a certain canyon, Egan going as guide. On the return of these two Sullivan said that "They came back, but Egan went on." Wheeler came in the next day, and Monto says that Egan never did return, and *no inquiries were ever made concerning him*. His pack animal and prospecting outfit were, some three or four weeks afterwards, appraised by the officers and thereafter used as Government property. It is pertinent to add, however, that the Telescope country was Egan's own stamping ground, and that he *may* turn up all right yet. But Monto says that Wheeler made some locations there, and hints of a possible collision between the two. Some time since Mr. James Brady instituted inquiries about Egan, and says that the letters which he received in reply from Wheeler's secretary—Loring—are of the vaguest and most unsatisfactory description—saying something about Eagan's starting from one side party to another, in a locality entirely different, implying an uncertainty as to whether he reached his destination or not.

We are glad to chronicle the fact that Monto is to take a party, outfitted by Mr. Brady, to Telescope, in search of tidings of Mr. Egan; and we further understand that Major Egbert will send to Gold Mountain to investigate the finding of Hahn's effects. John Beveridge, with one or two other of Hahn's Cerro Gordo friends, are already *en route* for the latter point. If the appearance of things has not belied Lieutenant Wheeler, that gent will yet have occasion to regret his operations.

As incidents illustrating the character of the man placed in command of this expedition, we will relate two or three of his noteworthy operations, not forgetting to mention, incidentally, that all his civilian employees were induced to give him a power of attorney, conveying to him the right to represent them in anything which might be found. Did the Government fit out a private prospecting expedition?

Near Belmont the packers lost a mule, probably by allowing it to stray, as they were not very closely herded. A boy was found herding cattle, who was taken to camp and, by Wheeler's order, tied by the thumbs to an elevated wagon tongue, to make him tell the whereabouts of the lost animal. It is almost needless to add that the boy's tormentor succeeded in eliciting nothing but protestations of ignorance.

At Ash Meadows, some 60 miles beyond Death Valley, the party laid in camp five or six days. Wheeler had occasion to get an order for some mules to his brother, who had went across from Hiko, and was in camp at Stump Springs, 70 miles from Wheeler. The Indians had been very friendly, trading, etc., and Weeeler tried to get one to take the note. For this the Indian wanted a shirt, pair of pants and $5. Being refused, the Indian left, and the next morning returned to camp with four others. The impetuous young commandant ordered them all tied to the ground, the Indians protesting that they would "find the horses," seeming to think that some had been lost and that that was what was the matter. They untied themselves, however, and one started to run. A dozen shots were fired at him, three of which took effect, and the Indian subsequently died. The rest of them afterwards started out with the note, Corporal Magill and a private going along. In an hour they returned, saying that the Indians had escaped, with 18 shots flying after them. It is probable that they had no desire to keep the Indians, being afraid of being run into a *rancherie*. In this dilemma Wheeler concluded to go himself, so, taking an orderly, he sailed forth. On the trip he was surrounded by and placed completely in the power of twelve Indians, and only escaped with his life through an "Indian Charley," from Salt Lake, to whom extensive rations and goods were afterwards issued.

Boss Tweed.

Fortune plays strange pranks sometimes. Amid the wrecks of Tammany Boss Tweed stands a ghastly monument. While his associates in crime have been overthrown, he seems to have won a sort of satiric triumph infinitely more humilating than defeat. His election has something grimly farcical to it. Death, which is said to "seek a shining mark," made a bad shot, or else purposely fired wide of the mark. So the great King of the New York thieves—the Fagin of the rascally gang—is reserved for a future and more dreadful fate. He goes to the Senate to be kicked out of that body with unceremonious haste; for it is not to be presumed he will be permitted to defile that body by his presence. He has no right to claim to sit among men who bring their credentials from an honest constituency. Besides, if the legal proceedings commenced against him bring forth the proper fruit, he may be elected to sorjourn in a public institution much nearer home, where the qualifications for membership are not so rigid. But wherever he goes—whether to Albany or Sing Sing—he will be a proscribed and branded felon. He has forfeited all claim to recognition among gentlemen. He has descended to the lowest depths of malefactien—vulgarly nd meanly sinned in a way to make highway robbers, who live up to the code of their trade, blush for him.—*San Francisco Bulletin.*

EASTERN NEWS.

It appears that by the intrigues of railway and other plundering scoundrels, the State of South Carolina has been brought to hopeless insolvency by the issue of State bonds; $20,000,000 of these bonds have been recently printed in New York.

The total number of registered votes in New York city is 152,592—or 9,626 over last year.

Ledwith, the man nominated by the influence of Tammany for Supreme Judge in New York, was a member of the Committee of Seventy, and it is said he sold out to the thief ring for a moneyed consideration.

Govenor Palmer of Illinois writes a letter against the persons who virtually subjected Chicago to the operation of military law after the late fire in that city. He asks for a legal investigation and the punishment of those who did the wrong against the civil law of the State. He says Illinois is capable of protecting its own citizens and enforcing its own laws with proper dignity and through its own officers.

New York Democrats are now urging Charles O'Connor as their candidate for the next Presidency.

General Robert Anderson's remains will be brought to the United States by the war vessel Guerriere.

The London Chicago relief fund reached $235,500 on the night of the 7th instant.

General Schofield is to take charge of the Arizona Indians, bring them all upon reservations, protect them while there, and punish them if they leave and go on the war-path.

The people of Portland, Oregon, are moving to procure aid from Congress to construct a railroad from Portland *via* Snake river to Salt Lake.

The small-pox has suddenly appeared in all parts of New York city.

The insurance companies of the United States have lost $82,821,122 by the Chicago fire. Besides this foreign companies lose $5,813,000.

FOREIGN NEWS.

In Austria there is now a political war on foot similar to that which for years agitated the United States. The local Diets claim the power of sovereign legislation, which is disputed by the Central Government at Vienna. The Bohemians are admonished by an imperial rescript that their Diet can't be allowed to change the laws enacted by the Imperial Parliament, and that they must not persist in such an attempt. It is threatened to dissolve the Diets of Bohemia, Carniola and upper Austria. The Diets are aiming at decentralization and separate governments; the Vienna Cabinet is intent upon preserving the autonomy and central powers of the Empire.

The Queen prorogues the British Parliament to December 27th.

Lit by Electricity.

An experiment in the matter of lighting the gas jets in the dome of the Capital by electricity was made Saturday evening and proved eminently successful, all of the sixty four burners in the upper section being lit in less than a minute by the process. The battery to which the wires are attached is located on the same floor as the Senate and Assembly chambers, and an indicator shows when the battery is on or off, and how many burners have been lit. This system of lighting the gas in dome has been rendered necessary by the fact that the burners will be altogether out of reach after the scaffolding now in use shall have been removed.—*Sacramento Union, November 6.*

If the said battery could be brought to bear so as to light up the intellects of some of the members it would be a complete and valuable arrangement.

PAINTING.

PAINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW PREPARED TO do all kinds of

SIGN, ORNAMENTAL

....AND....

PLAIN PAINTING,

In the best style. Picture frames made to order, varnishing, etc. Shop on Edwards street. Orders left at THE INDEPENDENT office will be promptly attended to.

no11n72m3 T. A. GARDNER

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE the property situated in the town of Independence formerly owned by H. C. Morse. The place consists of a house and two lots, the latter being well filled with fruit and ornamental trees, shrubbery, etc. Will be sold very low, for cash. Inquire at this office or of

no4n71tf J. W. McMURRY.

WOOD FOR SALE.

100 TO 300 CORDS OF CHOICE PINYON Wood, dry, ready for delivery in lots of one cord or by the whole.

no11n72t4 J. LENTELL.

MEDICAL.

CARD.

J. D. BLAIR,

Physician & Surgeon,

IS CONSULTED DAILY FOR ALL DISEASES incident to the female system, Prolapsus Uteri or falling of the womb, Flour Albus or whites, Suppression of the Menses, or other menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed. So invariable is the new mode of treatment that the most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted person rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Blair having made the diseases of women and children a specialty for eighteen years in California, has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of such diseases than any other physician on the Pacific coast. Can be consulted with at his drug store in Independence. no4n71tf

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

ANTONIO VALLA,
FRANCISCO BRIZZOLARA

Lone Pine, Cal., October 25, 1871. no11n72t4

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

Marino and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20-n47tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OPPOSITION STORE.

C. & M. COHN,

Lone Pine,

HAVE THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

....We will....

SELL CHEAPER

Than any other house in Lone Pine.

We Have On Hand

150 cases of Boots and Shoes—the best assortment ever brought to Lone Pine.

NEW GOODS RECEIVING EVERY WEEK

o14n68m3

EARL & HARRIS,

Camp Independence,

....Dealers in....

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries,

HARDWARE,

Crockery and Glass Ware,

PAINTS, OILS,

Varnish and Window Glass.

And a fine assortment of the best brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a full supply of

Standard School Books

Of the latest adoption.

WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, miners and the public generally to the above stock of goods, and our

Greatly Reduced Prices!

Our business system will prove specially advantageous to interests of Farmers, as

Grain and Produce

of all kind is received in exchange for goods.

EARL & HARRIS.

Camp Independence, Cal., October 10. o14n68m3

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

Wines and Liquors,

Dry-Goods,

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

HARDWARE,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

—AND—

EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.

Fish Springs, October 25, 1871. o28n70m2

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., October 21, 1871. n69tf.

BABBITT METAL.

PARTIES DESIRING A QUANTITY OF BABBITT metal can be supplied at low rates on application at this office.

HOTELS.

NEW RESTAURANT.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the public that he has just opened a restaurant, on

Edwards Street, opposite Harris & Rhine's Store,

where he holds himself in readiness to furnish meals in the best style the market can afford, at all hours of the day or night. Travelers by the morning stages can always obtain an early breakfast by leaving notice on the previous evening.

no11n72m6 J. G. BONDS.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

JOSEPH SEELY, Proprietor.

THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN HOTEL, HAVING changed hands, the proprietor would respectfully announce that the house will be carried on in first-class style.

October 1, 1871. o7n67m6

ORLEANS HOTEL,

LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.

D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a

Bar Attached,

Which has constantly on hand the choicest of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

FRENCH RESTAURANT

—AND—

ONE BIT SALOON.

PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edwards street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—drinks, 12½ cents.

au196m*

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. o15v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12-6m

DRUGS, ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 10, 1871. o14n68m3

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY,

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

Independence, October 14 JOHN LENTELL.

o14n68m6

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. Is prepared to attend to the repairing of Guns and Pistols. Jewrely manufactured to order. n70tf

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:
Saturday,...November 18, 1871.

SQUIBLETS.

—Impressions of Greece— Candle-droppings on the carpet.

—A joint affair with but a single party to it—Rheumatism.

—A lad of an inquiring turn of mind wants to know whether the horseman who scoured the plain used soap.

—Among the last things out in pathetic song are "My Darling's Shoes." They are out at the toes.

—The "proud cathartic State" is what her loving sons call the Common of Kansas. It all comes from the cultivation of castor beans.

—"I wish I could get things into the right train," as the unprotected female said to herself when she saw her luggage going away from her in all directions.

—A Chinaman's account of the Chicago calamity is as follows: Melican-Ilish boy take kelosine lamp and milk cow; cow kick over lamp; up go Chicago."

—The Cincinnati Enquirer's Deutsch poet is shocked at the nude small boy on the Davidson fountain He says:

Der schmall boy stands on der fountain,
Und he don't got on any close,
Und dem young girls all plush and say,
"Vat he mean by such conduct as dose?"

—An Iowa woman put starch in her husband's beer, thinking it was arsenic, and was surprised because it didn't stiffen him.

—It is said that Alexander H. Stephens never stops writing an editorial article until his newspaper office runs out of type.

—At a Memphis show two bruisers appeared in a set-to between the scenes of the panorama, "A Journey to the Holy Land."

—The recipe for "stunting pet poodles" is given by The Boston Post: Feed them with laudanum and keep them in warm ovens.

—A young lady at Racine, Wis., swooned in church recently, and the doctors pronounced her defunct. She was about being buried alive, when she "rose to explain."

—"Is your brother-in-law really such a lazy man?" asked one gentleman of another. "Lazy," was the reply, "why he's so lazy that he has an artist employed by the month to draw his breath with a crayon."

The wines of Stuttgard are noted for their bad and acrid quality. There is a proverbial saying there of two of the sourest of them—to wit: that one is like a cat going down your throat; and the other, the same cat being drawn back again by the tail.

—A gentleman who had gained a handsome fortune, by unremitting industry, was once accosted with, "I say, John, why don't you have a coat of arms on your carriage?" "Oh!" said the gentleman, "I want no coat of arms; when I first came into L——, I wore a coat without arms"

Bible Measurements.

For the benefit of those who are not very well posted in Biblical affairs, we print the following parapraphs in relation to Bible measurements:

A day's journey is thirty-three and one-fifth miles.
A Sabbath day's journey was about an English mile.
A cubit is twenty-two inches.
Ezekiel's reed was seven feet.
A hand's breadth is equal to three and five-eighths inches.
A shekel of gold was $8 09.
A talent of silver was $538 32.
A talent of gold was $3,800.
A piece of silver, or a penny, was thirteen cents.
A farthing was three cents.
A garah was a cent.
A mite was a cent.
An ephah, or bath, contains seven gallons and five pints.
A bin was one gallon and two pints.
A firkin was seven pints.
An omer was six pints.
A cab was three pints.

An All-fired Wedding.

The most extravagant and awe-inspiring wedding ever indulged in, came off recently in West Tennessee. There was a brilliant assemblage, innumerable diamonds, princely presents, a sumptuous spread of stomachic goodies, a gorgeous wedding wardrobe, etc., all in the palatial mansion of the bride's father. Just as the interesting ceremony was about to commence the house was shaken by an earthquake, accompanied by a most terrific explosion and lurid light. The palatial residence collapsed, women fainted, men swore, and the general effect was grand. After things had settled it was ascertained that a rejected lover of the bride had contributed the pyrotechnics; had filled the smoke-house with torpedoes, bomb-shells and nitro-glycerine, which, when exploded, not only added a new feature to the wedding, but scattered large quantities of smoked meat among the neighbors for miles around.

Man-Eater.

While visiting Mountain City last week, Allen Fisher presented us with a skin of this singular animal—called Man Eater from his singular proclivity for human flesh. They are quite small, compactly made, with a bull-dog shaped head, coarse hair, resembling somewhat in color the brown bear of the Pacific coast. They travel in large bands in the Winter season, and any unfortunate traveler who chances to be caught out by storms, is liable to be attacked and torn to pieces by them. The skin presented us is unlike that of any other animal we have ever seen. It is on exibition at Mose Haines' saloon.—*Elko Independent.*

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES, Provisions, LIQUORS, CIGARS AND TOBACCO. DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS, HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES

Cloth Piece Goods, Clothing, Hardware, Crockery and Glassware, TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE, POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS, Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS Wall Paper, CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

NEW STORE. NEW GOODS.

—THE FIRM OF—

WOOD & COHEN

RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS OF Independence and of Inyo County generally, that they have commenced business in the ground floor of the

Masonic Hall Building,

Where they intend to keep constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING BOOTS & SHOES, HATS, Furnishing Goods, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Attached to the store is also a

Merchant Tailor's ESTABLISHMENT,

Where is kept the finest stock of

Woolen Cloths, Flannels, Etc., ever brought to the country.

You can have clothing

MADE TO ORDER,

Both members of the firm being

PRACTICAL TAILORS,

All orders will be guaranteed.

"A stitch in time saves nine."

CLOTHING CLEANED and REPAIRED

With neatness and dispatch, at the

MOST REASONABLE RATES

The public are cordially invited to give us a call.

WOOD & COHEN.
Independence, Sept. 30, 1871 v2n66ly.

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. jc10n50m6

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

FAILURE!

HEAVY FAILURE -IN- HIGH PRICES!

TAXES ARE DUE

COMMUNICATION HAS AT LAST BEEN REOPENED with Los Angeles, and

ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Have just received an

IMMENSE STOCK -OF- NEW GOODS.

COME AND SEE US!

no4n71tf

PRINTING.

To Business Men.

PATRONISE HOME INDUSTRY, ...AND.... KEEP YOUR MONEY AT HOME!

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INYO INDEPENDENT printing establishment would respectfully ask the attention of the public to their great and unexcelled facilities for the prompt execution of every description of plain and ornamental printing.

Our stock of paper comprises the following styles and sizes, selected with special reference to the wants of the business men of this and adjoining counties: News, Book, Colored, Tissue and Wrapping Paper; Flat Cap, Bill Head, Statement, Demy, Double Cap, Medium and Imperial; Commercial Note, Letter, Packet, Foolscap, etc., with envelopes, cards, etc., in every variety of size, color and texture, from dainty white to legal, and the finest Bristol Board and Satin Enamelled to heavy Railroad.

Our establishment contains over two hundred varieties of type, including many of the very latest and most approved styles and designs. Having every color and quality of ink and bronzes, with a splendid assortment of cuts, rules, borders and flourishes, we are enabled to turn out work pleasing the taste of the most fastidious.

Our presses are of the best patterns, rapid running and capable of doing every description of job-work, in all its endless variety.

For prices, special attention is directed to the illuminated Price List, which will shortly be issued and forwarded to the business men of Inyo County.

Meanwhile, send in your orders; we guarantee satisfaction in every instance.

se23n65tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

STILL AHEAD!

Further Reductions.

A 1 Crushed Sugar Four and One-Half Pounds for ONE DOLLAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar Five and One-Half Pounds for ONE DOLLAR!

Chemical Olive Soap Eight Bars for ONE DOLLAR!

The most complete stock of BOOTS AND SHOES Ever offered in the Valley, at prices to defy competition, at

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO'S. LONE PINE.

A. M. Loomis & Bro., —OF— Lone Pine, ARE Constantly Receiving Additions To one of the LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE Assortments of General Merchandise To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, On the most reasonable terms

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
Lone Pine, Sept. 23, 1871. n65*tn66

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA, OREGON, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, NEVADA, IDAHO, ALASKA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, MEXICO, JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,
No. 19 Montgomery Street, South, Grand Hotel Building, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place. ap29n44m4

LEGAL.

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY of Inyo, State of California. In the matter of the estate of Henry Grimm, deceased. Notice is hereby given that John A. Lank has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition praying for letters of administration of the estate of Henry Grimm, deceased, and that TUESDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1871, being a day of a regular term of this Court, to-wit: of the November Term, A. D. 1871, at the Court Room in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, has been set for hearing said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted.

S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.
Dated November 3, 1871. no4n71t2

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY of Inyo, State of California. In the matter of the estate of James White, deceased. Notice is hereby given that John A. Lank has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition praying for letters of administration of the estate of James White, deceased, and that TUESDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1871—being a day of a regular term of this Court, to-wit: the November Term, A. D. 1871—at the Court Room in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, has been set for hearing said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted.

S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.
Dated November 3, 1871. no3n71td

MINING NOTICES.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE SILVER SPROUT MINING Company, 318 California Street, San Francisco, October 18, 1871.—Notice is hereby given that from and after this date, and until further notice, Mr. A. WINGARD is the only authorized agent in Inyo County, of the above named Company.

NATHANIEL PAGE, President.
T. B. WINGARD, Secretary. o28n70t4

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

KEARSARGE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of Works—Kearsarge District, Inyo County, California.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company, held on the Twenty-first day of October, A. D. 1871, an assessment of Five ($5) Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said Company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, Room No. 10 Express Building, northeast corner of California and Montgomery Streets, San Francisco, California. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on MONDAY THE (27th) TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on TUESDAY, THE (26th) TWENTY-SIXTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

JOS. L. KING, Secretary.
Office—Room No. 10 Express Building, northeast corner of California and Montgomery streets, San Francisco, California. o28n70t5

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SILVER SPROUT MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of Works and Mines—Kearsarge District, Inyo county, State of California.—Notice is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the 30th day of September, 1871, an assessment of Twenty-five (25) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary at the office of the company, No. 318 California street, San Francisco.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 6th day of November, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on MONDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

T. B. WINGARD, Secretary.
Office No. 318 California street, San Francisco, Rooms No. 1 and 2, second floor. o14n68t4

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 6.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, August 16th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN E. WINTERS, Superintendent of the Kearsarge Mining Company, on behalf of said company, has this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for one thousand, eight hundred feet in length of the "KEARSARGE LODE," with a surface width of fifty feet on each side of the lode. Said lode supposed to be one hundred feet in width, which belongs to the Kearsarge Mining Company, a corporation; adjoining on the East end the extension claims of James R. Wall, J. R. Hughes and G. W. Brady, and on the West end the extension claims of R. M. Shuey, J. B. Rowley and John Clarke, situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. Notice is further given that they intend to apply for and have embraced in the said patent together and in connection with the "Kearsarge Lode," the land on which the Kearsarge mill is erected, together with a sufficient space of land around said mill for the convenient use of said mill; also the Water Right of said Kearsarge Mining Company on Little Pine Creek. The property sought to be patented together with the said "Kearsarge Lode" is known as the "Kearsarge Mill Site and Water claim on Little Pine Creek," and is described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a stump, it being the N. E. corner of what is known as McCormick, Kittleson, Cornell and Hill's cabin, 24 links from Pine Creek, from which a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears N. ¼ deg. E. distant 62 links, also a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears S. 58¼ deg. E. distant 64 links, thence N. 25½ deg. E. distant 4 chains to a tree blazed and marked as follows: Blazed on three sides and notched toward the creek and marked "Head of the Kearsarge Mining Company's Ditch," thence N. 62½ deg. W. to the foot of the main mountain, thence N. 27½ deg. E. distant 91 rods, thence S. 52½ deg. E. to a stone mound on the opposite side of the creek, thence S. 27½ deg. W. along the East side of Pine Creek to a point opposite to and to place of beginning. And also all the water, water rights and privileges found upon or in any manner belonging to said tract of land—situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.
au26n61m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 4.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have this day filed in this office a diagram, and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the "LAMB" Lode, with a surface width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of Range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Silver Sprout" Lode on the northeasterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is five feet wide—all of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.
jy29n57m3

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 5.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, July 20th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NATHANIEL Page and T. B. Wingard have filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26th, 1866, for two thousand one hundred lineal feet of the SILVER SPROUT Lode with a surface width of one hundred lineal feet on each side of the lode line, situated in the Kearsarge Mining District, Inyo County, State of California, and more particularly described as follows: The lode claimed is in Township number thirteen, south of range number thirty three, east base and meridian of Mount Diablo, (unsurveyed), adjoining the "Lamb" lode on the southwesterly and bounded on all other sides by public land, being about one half mile westerly from the mines now worked by the Kearsarge Mining Company. The lode is four feet wide. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.
jy29n57m3

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT, Watch Maker and Jeweler, Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. Is prepared to attend to the repairing of Guns and Pistols. Jewrely manufactured to order. n70tf

NOW RECEIVING.

AT STORE OF J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO., A fine stock of NEW GOODS. See announcement next week. o21n69tf

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Volume II. INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA: NOVEMBER 25, 1871. Number 74.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. B. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,...November 25, 1871.

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WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the Sixteenth Judicial District. au19o1

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Attorney and Counselor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

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WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

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Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Independence, Cal.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no5 ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf

SURVEYOR.

WM. McBRIDE,

UNITED STATES MINERAL DEPUTY SURVEYOR for the Counties of Inyo and Mono, California. Office at Benton. no4n71y1

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery.

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Store in Post Office Building,

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

BREWERIES.

PIONEER & GERMANIA

BREWERIES,

—AT—

Independence & Lone Pine.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THESE ESTABLISHMENTS respectfully notify the public that they are still in the field, and engaged in making a superior quality of

"Bully Lager Beer,"

Which they will deliver, at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine, Independence and vicinity, at the most reasonable rates.

MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS

au26o6tf Proprietors

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC

Insurance Company

Of San Francisco.

Fire and Marine.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.

J. HUNT, President.

A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.

HARRIS & RHINE,

AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms.

October 14, 1871. oc14n68m3

THE MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.

Of New York.

Organized 1842.

Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.

F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.

Assets July, 1870, $41,000,000 Cash

THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents for Independence and vicinity

o14n68m6

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s

EXPRESS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents

GERMAN POSTOFFICE

MONEY ORDERS.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Cal., October 14, 1871.

o14n68m6

Die Unterzeichneten

Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.

Harris & Rhine,

oc14n68tf Agenten.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S

EXPRESS.

Independence, Cal.

WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store.

o14n68m6

LUMBER.

$25

A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE

BIG PINE SAW MILL.

Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.

Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.

BELL & BRO.

Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32 6m*

BLACK ROCK

SAW MILL.

SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,

Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of

LUMBER, TIMBER,

SHINGLES, Etc.

Call on or address,

SMITH & ENGLE,

Black Rock Saw Mill.

Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

SALOONS.

THE BOOMERANG

SALOON.

Swansea, - - - - - Cal.

B. P. TASKER, Proprietor.

The "Boomerang" is now open for business. The best of drinkables, cigars and etceteras, always on hands for dispensation at the smallest possible remuneration.

Swansea, Cal., Sept. 30, 1871. v2n66tf

PIONEER SALOON,

LONE PINE, CAL.,

C. D. BEGOLE, - - - Proprietor.

HAVING THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND refitted this popular place of resort, the proprietor calls attention to the fact that he has now on hand the largest and best stock of

THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,

Ever brought to the county, which he will dispose of over the bar at the usual rates. n61m3

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

ADULTERATION BY WATER BEING NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

au10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8a29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

fe4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE.

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

EXCELSIOR SALOON,

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on cash customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.

B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.

Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

TINSMITH.

INYO PIONEER

TIN SHOP,

Of INDEPENDENCE.

WELCH & STEVENS,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all.

STOVES of all kinds Furnished. Force and Lift Pumps. Lead and Iron Pipes. Tin and Zinc Bath Tubs Made to Order.

HAVING PURCHASED H. C. MORSE'S BLACK SMITH shop, adjoining our tin shop, and obtained the services of a

NUMBER ONE WORKMAN,

We Propose to do BLACKSMITHING in all its Branches, as Cheap and in a style NOT EXCELLED by any shop in the County. Satisfaction guaranteed. Please give us a call, at our shop on Edwards street, next door to Harris & Rhine's store. WELCH & STEVENS.

o28n70m3

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.

LEWIS SCHNEIDER.

At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.

jy15n55m3

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for County Scrip.

jy22n56m3 J. B. ROWLEY.

BEN FISHER.

Ben Fisher had finished his hard day's work,
And he sat at the cottage door;
His good wife Kate sat by his side,
And the moonlight danced on the floor.
The moonlight danced on the cottage floor;
Her beams were as clear and bright
As when he and Kate, twelve years before,
Talked love in her mellow light.

Ben Fisher had never a pipe of clay;
And never a dram drank he,
But loved at home with his wife to stay,
When from daily labor free.
A cherub rogue, with a rosy smile,
On his fatherly knee found rest,
And merrily chatted they on, the while
Kate's babe slept on her breast.

Ben told how fast his potatoes grew,
And the corn in the lower field;
That the wheat on the hill had yellow turned,
And promised a glorious yield,
A glorious yield in the harvest time;
And his orchard was doing fair,
His sheep and his stock were in their prime,
His farm in good repair.

Kate said her farm looked beautiful;
The fowls and the calves were fat;
The butter Tommy this morning churned
Would buy him a Sunday hat;
That Jenny for papa a shirt had made—
'Twas made too by "the rule"—
That Neddy the garden could nicely spade,
And Annie was "the head" at school.

Ben slowly passed his toil-worn hand
Through his locks of gray and brown;
"I tell you, Kate, what I think," said he,
"We'er the happiest folks in town."
"I know," said Kate, "that we all work hard;
Work and health are friends I've found;
There's Mrs Bell does not work at all,
And she's sick the whole year round.

"They're worth their thousands, so people say;
I ne'er saw them happy yet;
'Twould not be me that would take their wealth,
And live in a constant fret.
My humble home has a light within
Mrs. Bell's gold could not buy;
Six healthy children, a merry heart,
And a husband's love-lit eye."

I fancied a tear was in Ben's blue eye—
The moon shone out still clearer—
I could not tell why the man should cry.
But he drew to Kate yet nearer;
He leaned his head on her shoulder there,
And took her hand in his;
I guess—though I looked at the moon just then,—
He left on her lips a kiss.

The Story of a Ring—One of the Romances of the War.

[From The Kansas City Times.]

In the year 1861, a young man, then living a few miles from this city, went into the Missouri State Guard as a soldier. At Springfield and on the re-organization of the army, he took service as a Confederate. Afterwards he joined a company in Col. Up Hays' regiment, and participated in the battle of Lone Jack.

Before leaving home, however, his mother gave him an old fashioned gold ring, which had a heart upon it and the letters "R. S." engraved upon this heart. She placed it upon her son's hand with a wish, or rather a prayer, that he might go through the war safely, and get safely back to his home again.

It is not known that either the ring or the prayer acted as a charm, but the young man went unharmed through many bloody fights, being hit in but one of them, too wound then proving to be only a mere scratch.

In 1864, the young man was very sick of a fever at Clarksville, Texas. During the delirum attendant upon it, and while he was tossing to and fro, the ring slipped from his finger and was lost. The closest search failed to find it, and it was given up for good. There waited upon the young man, however, a very pretty and amiable girl, who seemed to be sorry when he got well enough to join his command. When he left he laughingly told her that if she would find his ring and he lived, he would come back and marry her. If this promise was made with any degree of sincerity, it was soon forgotten in the excitement and care of a soldier's life, and only at rare intervals, perhaps, did he recall the sick room and the ministering angel.

When the war was over, the young man returned to his father's farm in Jackson county, and went to work in good earnest. Two years ago his mother died, and once more the loss of the ring came back to him with redoubled sorrow. He determined to write to the lady who had nursed him, and to inquire of her whether she was married or not, and whether she had ever seen or heard anything of the present his mother had made him.

The letter was in August, 1869, and in March, 1870, what was his surprise to receive an answer from the identical girl he had left in 1864, and to whom he had made the light promise of marriage. She was still single, she said, and waiting for him. And what was stranger still, only five days before she wrote she had found the lost ring The manner of finding it was as follows: The father of the young lady had determined to make some repairs in his house, which necessitated the taking up of the floor of the room in which the soldier had been sick. After doing this, and while digging away some rubbish beneath, the workmen came upon the ring. It had slipped through a crack in the floor, and had been lying there safe and sound for nearly five long years. The lady took possession of it at once, and wrote immediately to its owner, as we have stated above. Perhaps she looked upon its recovery as an omen, and perhaps it was. At any rate it was a little romantic with all its attending circumstances.

The correspondence thus commenced, or rather renewed, was continued with ever increasing ardor on the part of the gentleman, until in the end he made a new and impetuous offer of marriage. Without that the story would be incomplete. Last week, with money in his pocket, a good home in Jackson county, and a great happiness in his heart, this young soldier—now somewhat older and more settled and sedate—started for Clarksville, Texas, the home of his betrothed.

Alfalfa.

[From The Kern County Courier.]

The experience of a number of farmers in this vicinity, who have small fields of this herbage plant now in a state of maturity or full bearing, warrants the belief that, of all the valuable products to which this soil and climate is adapted, none promises to be of more importance. This plant is probably the same as is known by the English name of Lucerne, but which has never gained for itself the reputation of being a valuable or even a desirable crop, in any country where the ground freezes, or the Winters make any approach to severity. In fact, it is native to warm and dry climates, and only there does it show its good qualities and develop its amazing productiveness. From the earliest ages it has been looked upon, in many of the warmer regions of Asia and Southern Europe, as an invaluable crop, and to be deprived of it would strip the inhabitants of a most prized and important resource. In South America, on the coasts of Bolivia and Peru, where the climate is hot and dry, it flourishes in the highest perfection, is an indispensable crop, and a boon beyond estimation. The first seed imported into California was brought from Peru, we think, in '51. It met with a ready sale at large prices, under the name of Peruvian grass seed, but none of it at that time, that we learned of, was successfully cultivated. Farmers were under the belief that it was one of the hardiest of grasses, as it in fact is, after it has arrived at maturity at the age of three or four years, and treated it accordingly; whereas during the first year of its growth, it requires the tenderest care. The young plants are feeble and delicate, requiring to be kept free of weeds and the ground moist on the surface; but, under these conditions, it grows with astonishing rapidity, and, after the first Summer, is generally able to take care of itself.

It was highly prized by the ancient Romans, and is mentioned in the works of some of their agricultural writers, which have come down to us, very much in the manner we hear it spoken of by the farmers of Kern island. Columella estimated it at as the choicest of all fodder, because it lasted many years and bore being cut four, five or six times a year; because it enriches the land on which it grows, fattens the domestic animals fed on it, and is often a remedy for sick cattle. About three quarters of an acre of it is, he thinks, sufficient to feed three horses during the whole year.

A warm and dry climate is not the only requisite to the proper growth of alfalfa. There are certain conditions of soil equally indispensable. It will not flourish in a shallow soil, overlaying an impenetrable subsoil. Of all the herbaceous plants, its roots penetrate the deepest, and search the most extensively for the nutritive elements the plant requires; and to the great size and penetration of its roots, its capacity to stand drouth is probably owing. Many of these roots are as large as carrots, and their ramifications have been found at a depth of twenty feet; hence, its great value as a fertilizer.

The soil most favorable to its growth is a dry, friable alluvium, with a good subsoil. When we speak of a dry soil we mean one which frees itself readily from water, and does not indurate, like an adobe, when dry. We believe the climate and soil of the great valley of this county is better adapted to it than any other part of the State. At least we have good authority for the statement that it can not be shown in the same perfection of growth anywhere else.

It should be sown early in the Fall on well prepared ground, in connection with a thin sowing of wheat or barley, which is found to be a necessary protection in its young state. Care should be taken in the selection of seed, as after it is two years old, it does not germinate readily. After the grain is removed, the plants are yet small and feeble, with very little penetration to the roots. Hence, it is very easily dried up and exterminated by the heat of the sun, though the soil might be moist a few inches below the surface, and this accounts for the general failure of the experiments in its cultivation at an early day. The surface moisture now requires to be kept up by irrigation, until able to take care of itself, which is generally the second year, when it makes a fine growth. After that its growth is vigorous and its vitality so great that no other plant or weed can contend with it; every other species of vegetation is compelled to give place, and it takes absolute possession of the soil.

—The Rev. Moses Champlit, an eccentric preacher, was holding forth at Santa Clara. A young man rose to go out, when the preacher said: "Young man, if you'd sooner go to the devil than hear me preach, you may." The sinner stopped, reflected a moment, and then saying, "Well, I believe I would," walked out.

—A good deacon was mildly rebuking a "hard case" for profanity. "O, deacon, never mind; for your praying and my swearing are just alike." "How is that?" said the deacon. "O," said the other, "neither of us mean anything by it."

—Schoolmistress—"Johnny, I am ashamed of you! When I was your age I could read as well as I do now." Johnny—"Aw, but you had a different teacher to what we'em got!"

Phenomena of the Northern Fire.

[From The Green Bay Advocate.]

There are some phases of the great calamity which fell upon this region last week worthy of scientific investigation. The testimony of the cooler-headed survivors of the fires at Peshtigo and Sugar Bush and Williamonville is united as to one phenomena. They say that the fire did not come upon them gradually from burning trees and other objects to the windward, but the first notice they had of it was a whirlwind of flame, in great clouds, from above the tops of the trees, which fell upon and enveloped everything. The atmosphere seemed one of fire. The poor people inhaled it, or the intensely hot air, and fell down dead. This is verified by the appearance of many of the corpses. They were found dead in the roads and open spaces where there were no visible marks of fire near by, with not a trace of burning upon their bodies or clothing. At the Sugar Bush, which is an extended clearing, in some places four miles in width, corpses were found in the open road, between fences which were only slightly burned. No mark of fire was upon them, but they laid there as if asleep. The phenomena seems to explain the fact that so many were killed in compact masses. They seemed to have huddled together in what were evidently regarded at the moment as the safest places, away from buildings, trees, or other inflamable material, and there to have died together. Fences around cleared fields were burned in spots of only a few rods in length, and elsewhere not touched. Fish were killed in the streams—as at Peshtigo. We hear the universal testimony that the prevailing idea among the terror-stricken people of those places was that the last day had come. They needed not to be terror-stricken for such imaginings. What other explanation could be given to that imminent time, when there was an ominous warning and sound coming from the distance: when the sky, so dark just before, burst into great clouds of fire, the beasts of the forest came running for succor into the midst of the settlements, and a great, red, consuming, roaring hell of fire fell upon all around. The dreadful scene lacked nothing but the sounding of the last trump—and indeed the approach of the awful roaring, and the premonitions from the distance, supplied even that to the appalled imaginings of the people. The Epsy theory, we think it is, that continued and wide spread fires will bring on rain, seems to be exploded in this instance. These fires had lasted nearly or quite four weeks, ravaging forests over a great area, and still not a drop of rain. The rain only came with a change of wind to the northward, and several days after the worst burnings were over with.

"Poor Bill is Gone"

"Poor Bill is gone." This was the greeting from every person we met on Wednesday morning, announcing the sad tidings of the departure from earth of our friend "Bill Grant," or "Missouri Bill," by which name he was better known among all who have for years past had occasion to travel on Fisher's stages between this place and Stockton. Bill was an old and experienced stage driver, with the quick, keen eye, steady nerve, fearlessness and presence of mind in danger, so characteristic of a class of men whose occupation is fast fading away. Like others of his kind, he had a keen appreciation of a joke—could tell a good story and enjoy the relation of one, took a pride in his calling, and was honest and faithful. In his last hours, and when delirious, his mind was on the box, with his horses, and handling the ribbons. "Give me hold of the lines," was among the last of his exclamations. Poor Bill! It was too late. His team was running away on a down grade, and Death, with a stronger and steadier hand than his, "held the lines." He has left us and is a few trips ahead, bound for that station where all earth's passengers will land at last.—*Mariposa Gazette, November 3.*

Attacked by Indians.

A dispatch, dated at Los Angeles, November 11th, says: We have seen The San Bernardino Guardian, from which we gather the following: From Hank Brown and passengers from Thornburg we get particulars of an attack by Indians upon the Wickenburg and La Paz stage on Monday morning, at 9 o'clock A. M. The stage left Wickenberg early in the morning, with seven passengers for San Bernardino. When ten miles out from Wickenberg, it was attacked by about thirty Apaches and Mojaves. At the first fire the two passengers on the outside of the coach, with the driver, John Letz—better known as Dutch John—were shot through the head and instantly killed. Inside the coach were five passengers; three of them were killed. William Kruger of Prescott and Miss Molle Sheppard were wounded and escaped to the brush, Kruger defended himself and Miss Sheppard with his six-shooter. The Indians did not follow them. They succeeded in escaping and reaching Wickenberg, though both were severely wounded. The following are the passengers killed: Fred Shoboln, F. W. Loring, W. G. Solomon, P. M. Hammel, C. S. Adams and the driver, John Letz. The body of Adams was found fifty yards from the stage, scalped. The news was carried to Wickenberg by the driver of the buck board, who carried the mail to Wickenberg.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday,...November 25, 1871.

WHEELER.

In our local columns will be found a communication from Major H. C. Fgbert, Commandant at Camp Independence, in relation to our account of Lieut Wheeler's operations, which will be found of interest. While awaiting further developments, we will say that the article in question only reflected the deep undercurrent of feeling which now pervades the community in regard to the fate of Egan and Hahn.

The Southern District Fair.

The first fair ever held in the southern part of the State closed on the 10th instant. It is claimed to have been a success, but in view of the adverse circumstances under which it was undertaken, we should infer that it was not any "great shakes," as compared to others held under more favorable auspices in other parts of the State.

The Southern District, in favorable seasons the fairest of the fair, this year did not have a fair show for a fair, but we are glad it showed as fair as it did, and fairly hope its next fair will be held under fairer circumstances, and that home exhibitors may fare as well as those from afar, as it appears was not the case in the late fair. It was no fair way to treat home folks on whom the duty fairly devolves of sustaining their fair, and if the next fair is expected to fare well let it be fairly understood that in fairness the preference fairly belongs to those who do the most in getting up and and sustaining the fair. Hoping that we have, in a spirit of fairness, fairly expressed our views in relation to this particular fair, if not of fairs in general, we bid it and the subject a farewell, believing we have done the fair thing in not making any allusion to the fair attendants of the Los Angeles fair, many of whom are not at all fair—to speak of.

Thanksgiving.

Governor Haight has appointed Thursday the 30th instant as a day o Thanksgiving throughout this Statef This is the same day named for the National Thanksgiving by the President. The Governor makes use of the following sensible language as part of his proclamation:

Aside from the causes of thankfulness enumerated in the proclamation of the President, the people of this State have special cause for gratitude for exemption from the calamities which have befallen some of our sister States east of the mountains. The history of nations and the suggestions of reason and of religious faith teach us that no people need expect permanent prosperity without a recognition of the goodness of Divine Providence, and a sense of dependence upon His favor.

Window Panes of Salt.

In Lincoln county, Nevada. there is a huge mountain of rock salt, so completely transparent that, so it is asserted, the Mormons of St. George and other settlements, in Utah, use it for window panes. The formation is such that it can be split out in flakes of almost any desired thickness, and when placed in windows, the light reflected is similar to that from the ordinary frosted glass. Owing to the fact that but little rain falls in that section, this chrystalized salt is found to be an excellent substitute for glass.

Continued Calamities.

The seat of current misfortunes is transferred from the West and North to the East. The fires of the forests and of Chicago, and the destruction of the Arctic whaling fleet, are succeeded by the small pox, the cholera and terrific storms at New York and along the Atlantic sea-board; these again by the reported earthquakes in Peru. Another chapter, this, to be added to the horrors that have so far marked the history of the year 1871.

For the Senate.

Cornelius Cole, Henry Edgerton, T. G. Phelps, M. M. Estee, John B. Felton, Gen. Miller, John B. Frisbie, John P. Hale and Wm. Higby, Republicans, are mentioned as aspirants for the United States Senatorship.

An Eye to Business.

A number of prominent railroad officials, with ex-Governor Stanford at the head, were lately engaged in spying out the land about the Tulare country. They gave no intimation as to what they are going to do about it.

Baptists.

There are 45,000 persons belonging to the Baptist denomination in East Tennessee, a number more than all other denominations, the Catholics included.

A LOBBY MEMBER.

We are reminded through notices in some of our exchanges of the departure of the members elect from the outlying counties that our State Legislature is soon to convene. We are also reminded that two of these outlying counties, Inyo and Mono, have no member elect for that body. At no session of the Legislature since these two counties have been organized has there been a greater need for them to have a voice in Legislative affairs than at this very time. It is true that nominally we, in these two counties, have a representation, but under existing circumstances it would be far better if we had none at all. It is clear to every one that there can be nothing in common between Tuolumne and these two counties that would entitle a man from that county to the claim of being a proper representative of our interests in any case, while it is equally clear that issues may arise wherein such a representation can and will only be used to our injury. We mean no injust reflection upon the integrity or good-will of any of the gentlemen from Tuolumne. On the contrary, we have not the slightest reason to believe or expect anything else than that they each and all will do all they can for us, with their necessarily limited knowledge of our wants and interests, in all cases when there is no direct issue between the interest of that county and our own. But when such should be the case we can expect nothing else than that they should look to their interests first. In that way in the nominal representation with which we are credited can and will only be used to our injury. Of course we have no means or power to change the existing status of representation, but in view of one or two important issues certain to be acted upon in the coming Legislature, it is a matter of real importance that we should take some steps to secure a direct voice in these affairs hereafter, or for the next decade we will be utterly out in the cold.

Under the new apportionment that is to be made at this session, this legislative district will be cut down to *one member*. In other words, and in fact, these two counties for the next ten years will have no voice in Legislative affairs, whatever, unless indeed Tuolumne should be magnanimous enough to forego her majority rights and allow us at some time or other to name the man. This probability, however, is both improbable and unsatisfactory. These two counties, geographically set off as it were from all the rest of the State, are entitled and by rights ought to have a distinct representation of their own in every legislature. Their industrial interests hold the same relation, and are just as important to the State of California as are those of the latter to the rest of the Union. Though our returned property and population statistics are but small, we speak advisedly when we say that if allowed a member in the Legislature not one there from any part of the State will represent a larger amount of intrinsic, available values than would he. It is, *par excellence*, the mineral region of this State, and though special legislation may never be required it undoubtedly is entitled to be considered as the representative mineral interest of the State and, as such should have at least one voice in its legislation.

This is not all: there are other matters connected with the revision of the code that concerns us to a considerable extent which need looking after, but of this it is not necessary to speak at present.

Now, the point is this: We ought by all means to send down some competent person to see to these things Otherwise we shall surely be loser, not only in the manner hinted at above but in other ways that we can point out. We have interchanged ideas with no one on this matter and do not know what the views of others may be, nor have we at this time any person in view to represent us in the way mentioned. This is not a question affecting alone the interests of a few, but in certain proportions those alike of every man, woman and child in the county.

Rather Late.

The citizens of Pioche, Nevada, after the horse is stolen, are preparing to resist fire by the organization of a fire company. A meeting was recently held and $2,321 subscribed for the outfitting of a Hook & Ladder company. Pioche has many old and experienced firemen in whom to intrust her fate.

The Next Session.

Congress meets again on the 4th of December. There will be a large amount of business adjourned over from the last session to encounter at the commencement of this.

ANOTHER MASSACRE.

In another column will be found some account of the latest massacre by the Arizona Apaches, in which six white men lost their lives. Murders by Indians in that "dark and bloody ground" have become so common as to excite little more than a passing notice, and this would doubtless share the fate of the rest were it not for the fact that among the killed were at least two persons whose loss under such circumstances will be noted and regretted throughout the whole country. These two unfortunates, Fred. W. Loring and P. W. Hamel, were or had been both officially attached to the famous Wheeler Expedition. This fact alone would give this flagrant outrage more than usual prominence, and thereby call just attention to wrongs inflicted upon the people of Arizona by the wicked Collyer Indian policy, and in connection with attending facts it will do more than merely excite remark. The error and futility of that policy, will be brought directly home to the hearts of those who have always most strongly advocated it. In the untimely death of Fred. W. Loring, his native city, Boston, has sustained an irreparable loss. Nor will regret at his loss be limited to that city alone. Though but fairly entered upon the estate of manhood he had already achieved a reputation as a writer of force and ability that extended beyond his own shores. Already he was considered by numbers as the most promising young writer in the United States, and thus in some degree his loss becomes national. In addition to these facts he was also a member of a prominent family of the East. From investigations certain to follow through these circumstances the eastern people and the Government will see that his death, under Providence, is directly due to the miserable interference of Vincent Collyer. Had it not been for his interference with military operations these Indians would never have had the time nor opportunity to step out from their secure Reservation and commit such a wholesale murder within a few miles of one of the principal towns of the Territory.

The murder of young Loring and his companions will do more towards enlightening the public mind in regard to the true policy of dealing with these treacherous Apaches than the five hundred similar murders together previously committed by them has done. But the interests of the people of that Territory would have been far better subserved had Loring been permitted to live and carry out his design. He was bitterly opposed to the Collyer policy, of which he was so soon to become a victim, and was then *en route* for the East to fulfil his declared intention of bringing the matter squarely before the eastern public, by his pen and through a course of lectures based on personal observation. During his short sojourn in this place we met with, and was much preposessed in favor of young Loring, and therefore feel his loss to be something more than that of a stranger of note even. Of the others we have no personal knowledge, but they too will have many sincere mourners for their tragic end, and who thereby will attain a realizing sense of the folly which brought about their loss. The sequel will show, however much on personal grounds the death of these men is to be regretted, that they have not died in vain.

Bullion Stolen.

Between 11 o'clock last night, and daylight this morning, three bars of bullion each weighing 95 pounds, and worth about $1,100 each, were stolen from the melting room of the Manhattan Company's mill in this city. The bars had been run the evening before and had not been assayed or stamped. No positive clue has been obtained of the perpetrators. The agent of the company, Mr. Curtis, publishes in to-day's paper, an offer of a liberal reward as follows: $1,800 for the robbers and bullion; $500 for each bar without the thieves, or $300 for each bar and "no questions asked." Here is a chance for experrs to do good and get well paid.—*Reese River Reveille, Nov. 10.*

Road from Kern and Inyo.

The Kern river and Inyo mining regions must have a better and more direct outlet for the vast mineral wealth of that section, and it is supposed that a road can be opened through to Santa Barbara. It is our intention to examine this route over the mountains next week and report. In our opinion, a narrow-gauge railroad can be constructed across these mountains at less expense than is imagined by most persons. —*Santa Barbara Press, Nov. 14.*

Important Matter.

The subject of a road from the Owens River Valley to this place is now receiving much attention from our citizens. The trade of that locality is and will continue to be, an important one, and if it could be made tributary to Visalia it would tend greatly to the prosperity of our town and section, besides furnishing an additional incentive for the speedy completion of the San Joaquin Valley Railroad to this point.—*Visalia Delta.*

—A head wind—a sneeze.

PACIFIC COAST READAGRAMS.

J. Neely Johnson, formerly Governor of California, was recently admitted to the practice of the law in the Supreme Court of Utah at Salt Lake.

Snows already begin to block some of the roads leading from Salt Lake to the mines.

On the last week of October the Pimo Indians killed thirty-one Apaches near Camp Apache and took eight children prisoners. Collyer will have to bring the military to bear on these rantankerous Pimos.

Two attempts were made on the night of the 15th instant to burn Virginia City. The fires, which were started on opposite sides of the town at about the same moment, were discovered in time to prevent damage. Certain insurance companies have combined together and offer a standing reward of $500 for the apprehension of each and every incendiary caught in an attempt to fire any town on the coast. Should any be caught in Virginia City we fancy no reward will be demanded.

The Visalia stage was stopped, November 14, when about thirty miles from Gilroy by three highwaymen who took the express box containing $500, but did not "go through" any of the passengers.

The Cloverdale, Sonoma county, stage has been stopped by the same gang of robbers no less than four times in the last month or two. During one of these attacks one passenger was killed. It had become a little monotonous, so much robbing of one stage all the time, so the authorities there got Steve Venard to go and get these robbers, and he went and brought in the five composing this gang.

The Chinese of San Bernardino have sent a lawyer to Los Angeles to investigate affairs connected the late shameful riot in that place. It's a dangerous mission.

EASTERN NEWS.

A severe storm traversed the Atlantic coast, November 14, and tales of many shipwrecks are anticipated. In New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City a heavy fall of rain occurred, which flooded considerable portions of the two latter named cities.

One Field (colored) being ejected from a Baltimore street car on account of his color, brought suit for damages in the United States District Court and recovered $40. All the street car companies of that city have now resolved to admit negro passengers in consequence of this decision.

The colored members of the South Carolina Legislature have just declared against making any appropriations at the coming session for the payment of the State debt, and in favor of complete repudiation.

Four hundred Chinese have been engaged to work in the Raritan Woolen mills, New Jersey.

Minnesota gives a republican majority of 13,000, with 101 Republicans to 46 Democrats on joint ballot in the Legislature.

Illinois will elect the Republican Congress-mam at large by a greatly reduced majority. In fifty-three counties the majority foots up less than 6,000.

It is alleged that 15,000 illegal votes were polled at the late election in New York city, and that thirty-six "repeaters" are to be tried for the offense.

Charles O'Conor says Tweed is making preparations to run away to foreign parts, and that he will get off without molestation. He also thinks Horatio Seymour will obtain the Assemblyship claimed by Tom Field in the Nineteenth District, as Field's election was procured by fraud.

The habeas corpus has been suspended in Union county, South Carolina, by Presidential proclamation, affecting only persons arrested by the United States Marshal or his deputies, for Ku Klux offenses. The proclamation was issued on the 10th instant.

Ninety-eight Republicans to thirty Democrats is the latest reported status of the New York Assembly. The Missis-ippi House stands: Republicans, 61; Democrats, 53; Independents, 2. In the Senate the Republicans have a two-thirds majority. The election shows large Democratic gains.

Jay Gould has withdrawn from Tweed's bail bonds. His withdrawal is due to his unwillingness to be examined as to his sufficiency by counsel for the prosecution, which was to have been demanded. It was their intention to prove that legal claims against Gould would probably have counterbalanced the amount for which he was pledged. Three friends of Tweed's were substituted for Gould. These are Jacob Vanderpool, no occupation, Charles G. Cornell, Register, and Charles Devlin, contractor.

His Chances.

Our prospectors and miners are again "red hot" over some rich discoveries that have been recently made in Groom's Basin, and on the divide between said Basin and Upper Lynx Creek. The fever is raging, and every citizen of this vicinity is more or less afflicted with it. We, ourself, have a peculiar desire to secure "feet" in some of the new and rich discoveries, but fear our desire will not be gratified, owing to the great greed of those who have rushed headlong to gobble up everything of value. But, that is neither here nor there. A newspaper man has no right to expect anything in this world, save hard work and abuse, but. Lord, won't we enjoy many a "fat take" in the next!—*Arizona Miner.*

Another Railroad Extension to the Pacific.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is looming up as one of the greatest railroad powers of the country. It has already secured the control in one way or another of connecting lines as far as the Mississippi river. And the operations of the Union Pacific Railroa l are believed to be shaped in its interests. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has now undertaken to complete the Cairo and Fulton Railroad. This road is to extend from the Missouri State line across the State of Arkansas, by the way of Little Rock, to the Texas State line—a distance of about 300 miles. It is aided by a land grant of 2,000,000 acres. At the Texas State line it connects with the Texas Pacific Railroad which extends along the thirty-second parallel to San Diego. It would seem therefore, that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is actually seeking to control a railway across the continent, commencing at New York and terminating on the Pacific Coast. It has recently supplied a missing link by bringing the New Jersey railroad under its control. The Pennsylvania Company already control a network of railroads in the Northwest; and if a connection should be made with the Texas Pacific in the valley of the Rio Grand, it would probably control the latter road. Scott, the chief manager of this gigantic corporation, seems to aim at absolute railroad dominion. We hear no complaints of injustice. The effort appears to be directed towards obtaining such a consolidation of interests and such an increase of facilities for transportation that the business of all the connecting lines will be greatly increased. If Scott, or any other man, choose to come to San Francisco by way of the thirty-second parallel, the way is open; and in these times, money and brains will accomplish all possible things.—*San Francisco Bulletin.*

—A preacher in Lexington, Ky., used the word "churchianity," and defined it to be an outward bull of the profession of religion, without the inward kernel of piety.

The diamonds found by the Pinal prospectors prove to be quartz crystals.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ATTENTION, CITIZENS!

ALL PROPERTY OWNERS AND CITIZENS of Independence and vicinity are requested to meet at the Court House on SUNDAY (TOMORROW) EVENING, NOVEMBER 26, 1871, at 7 o'clock, to consider propositions for procuring water to supply the town and protect it from fire. Let there be a full attendance.

n7401 PROPERTY OWNERS.

COMMITTEE MEETING.

THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE will meet on WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 29TH 1871, at 7½ o'clock, at the office of the County Clerk, for the transaction of important business.

A N BELL, Chairman.
H M ISAACS, Secretary. n7401

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THE WATER COURSE BELONGING to Camp Independence, Cal., has been repeatedly obstructed by parties without authority, notice is hereby given that offenders will in future be prosecuted for so doing.

HARRY C. EGBERT,
Captain 12th Infantry, Commanding Post.
Camp Independence, Nov. 19th, 1871.
no25n7413

WOOD WANTED.

500 CORDS OF WOOD WANTED AT THE Eclipse Mill. For particulars inquire of HENRY TREGELLES, Manager.

WANTED

AT THE BIG PINE SAW MILL A MAN THAT can saw shingles on one of Huntington's Shingle Machines. By

BELL & BRO.

Also, an ox-teamster to drive about the farm.
no25n7413

Boot and Shoemaker.

MR. FRED. FISHER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Inyo that he has established a Boot and Shoe Shop, at the old stand

IN LENTELL'S BUILDING,

Where he is prepared to do any kind of work in his line, with neatness and dispatch. The best of French and other stocks constantly on hand. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

no25n74m3 FRED. FISHER.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of P. W. Bennett, plaintiff, against A. H. Dorr, defendant, duly attested the Sixteenth day of November, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described real property, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of the said defendant A. H. Dorr in and to three thousand lineal feet in that certain quartz vein or lode commonly known as the "Santa Maria" vein or lode, situate, lying and being in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California; also, all the right, title and interest the said defendant A. H. Dorr may have acquired by virtue of a conveyance from John Simpson et. als. of eight hundred undivided lineal feet in and to a certain location made on said "Santa Maria" vein or lode, and commonly known as the "Frieburg No. 1," said "Frieburg No. 1" situate, lying and being in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine Mining District, County and State aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE EIGHTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, I will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.
By L. A. Talcott, Under Sheriff.
November 25, 1871. no25n7413

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of J. H. Muller vs. the Kearsarge Mining Company, a corporation doing business in the County of Inyo, duly attested the Sixteenth day of November, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described real property, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of the said defendant in and to a certain quartz mill and appurtenances commonly known as the Kearsarge Mill, situate, lying and being in the County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE EIGHTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 1 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, County of Inyo, I will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.
By L. A. Talcott, Under Sheriff.
November 23, 1871. no25n7413

OYEZ! ATTENTION HO! HEAR YE, HEAR YE!

WE WISH YOU WARMLY CLAD,

WELL FED,

AND NOT THIRSTY!

WE HOPE YOU

ARE HAPPY!

IN THE EVENT

OF WANTING ANY

OF THE NUMEROUS

ARTICLES COMPRISING

THE SUM TOTAL OF

HUMAN DESIRES

JUST STEP IN TO THE

WORLD RENOWNED

EMPORIUM OF

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.,

WHERE WE KEEP

SO MANY THINGS

TO SELL,

BUT NOTHING TO

GIVE AWAY!

AND SUPPLY

YOURSELVES.

WE WANT

THE PROFITS.

no25n7413

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, November 25, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

DISTRICT COURT.

Hon. Theron Reed, JUDGE.

The following cases have been disposed of in this Court since Monday, the 14th instant:

Vincettilli vs. Barry—leave of forty days granted to amend complaint.

Bennett vs. Dorr—judgment for plaintiff in the full amount—$97,000.

Schulte vs. Woodworth et. als—continued for the term.

Gould vs. Brady—This case has occupied the attention of the Court since Friday the 17th instant. A large number of witnesses have been examined; pleadins were closed and the case passed to the Jury yesterday. Verdict for defendant.

COUNTY COURT.

A. C. Hanson, JUDGE.

Thursday, November 14, prisoners Jose Silvas and Francis Miller were brought up for sentence, Silvas receiving three years and Miller two years and a half at hard labor in the State Prison.

In Probate Court letters of administration upon the estates of Henry Grimm and James White, deceased, were granted Public Administrator J. A. Lank.

Court adjourned to meet November 27.

Fire.

As every city, town, village and timber lot in the world, so far as heard from, has had its little fire lately, so now comes our burg to add something to the list. Last Sunday night just after dark a small dwelling or office attached to Tom Hamilton's stable yards caught fire and was soon past redemption. Not a breath of air was stirring to warp the beautiful blaze from its perpendiclar so the fire ended where it begun. During its progress a can of powder exploded, creating a little stir thereabouts, and soon after a loaded revolver in the burning building began to go off and so did the crowd standing around. One ball struck Mr. D. R. Curtis on the arm, but without damage except to the coat sleeve. The fire originated from the careless use of a miner's candlestick—an absolutely infallible method of raising a smoke. The loss consists of the building, about $200, and some personal property belonging to Judge Van Dozar and Tom Hamilton of the value of $200 more. The fate of the entire town was decided by the clerk of the weather this time. And, allow us to remark, that a fire company consisting of a few of our small property owners, is in complete organization, awaiting a concerted movement of our citizens to procure them a fire apparatus. Will you do it now, or wait and wake up some night and find the place in ashes, then to curse the apathy that left us no means to conquer the dread fiend. And at this particular crisis in the affairs of underwriters your insurance policies are worth but little more than the paper they are written on.

Benton Items.

A correspondent at Benton, the flourishing mining camp of our neighboring county, furnishes us the following acceptable items concerning the mines in that district: Two and a half miles on the road leading to the principal mines is situate Camp Enterprise, and about quarter of a mile up the gulch is the Silver Sprout. Their tunnel is in 200 feet. They employ three men, and a few weeks ago they sent 2 tons of their best ore to the Stedtefett furnace at Reno, which yielded $1,100 per ton. The next above is the Comanche, owned by James Powring and Albert Mack. On this is sunk a shaft 300 feet in depth, which, for the last 120 feet, is in ore averaging $400 per ton, and two feet wide. At the 300-foot level they have commenced drifting, and have a splendid vein of ore from the start. After shipping ore to pay necessary expenses, they have at present over $30,000 worth of milling ore on the dump. Undoubtedly this is one of the best mines, though there are a number of other very rich ones in the district. Further above are the Diana, Lyford and Hale & Peterson, employing 6, 15 and 6 men respectively. There are several other claims now being worked, employing two or three men each. Creaser's teams take out about 25 tons of "shipping ore" per months, which works from $500 to $1,000 per ton. Most of the mines yield large quantities of good milling rock, which has to remain on the dumps, as there are no facilities for working it.

The Verdict.

Throughout the past week public attention has centered upon the mining case of Gould et. al. against Brady, in the District Court, for damages in the sum of $10,000, alleged to have been sustained by the plaintiffs from the extraction of ores from he Defiance mine, which case terminated yesterday in a verdict for the defendant. After the taking of a volume of testimony the pleadings were given, the jury retired at 11½ o'clock; at 2½ they reported as being agreed. The mining point established seems to be that the Front and Santa Maria are but one ledge, which leads to still further complications. We have a very decided opinion as to which of these claims is the "boss," but it is not at all necessary to express it.

Fires.

Besides the little fire mentioned elsewhere, which destroyed the office of Tom Hamilon's stables, several other incipient conflagrations have recently occurred, but were fortunately nipped in the bud. A barrel of shavings was discovered on fire at a point between Harris & Rhine's store and Welch & Stevens' tin shop, which bid fair for a time to make things warm. The residence of P. W. Bennett, Esq., narrowly escaped destruction from fire that caught in the mantel piece. Last Wednesday night the Eclipse boarding house near the mine caught fire and was totally destroyed, together with all the personal effects of the miners residing there.

Bullion Shipment.

After years of labor and the expenditure of enormous sums of money, the Eclipse Company may be said to have started up work. Last week the first bullion shipment was made by Wells, Fargo & Co., and consisted of 13½ pounds of gold bullion, valued at $2,500, the partial proceeds of 100 tons of ore. Regular shipments will follow, and of still more comfortable figures. We are constrained to award great credit to the superior energy and management of the present Superintendent, Mr. Henry Tregelles.

Boot Shop.

Fred. Fisher has opened a boot and shoe shop next door to Lentell's store. He can and will do all kinds of work in his line as quick, neat and cheap as any body.

THE CHARGES AGAINST LIEUT. WHEELER DISCREDITED.

Letter from Major Egbert.

CAMP INDEPENDENCE, Cal., November 23, 1871.

MESSRS. EDITORS INDEPENDENT:—An article in your last issue, grounded on statements of Mr. Peter Monto, reflects very injuriously and I believe injustly on the character and ability of Lieut. Wheeler. If you will turn to an issue of your own paper some few weeks back you will find a lorg extract from The Ely Record, in which Chas. King, Lieut. Wheeler's guide, describes the expedition as an entire success, and says that Lieut. Wheeler's conduct has been in every respect excellent, and praises him as an officer of zeal, enterprise and ability, careful of, and kind to, his subordinates, and the fitting leader of an arduous expedition. Mr. King is well known in the community as a reliable, truth-telling man: I have no hesitation in believeing him before Mr. Monto, and in this opinion I have no doubt the community will agree. You state that Mr. Monto, referring to Egan's supposed loss, "says that Wheeler made some locations there, and hints of a possible collision between the two." In plain English, that Lieut. Wheeler betrayed Mr. Egan into a desert and deserted him—that is, practically murdered him. If there is any man in our community mean-spirited enough to believe such a malicious fabrication, I pity him. Lieut. Lyle, when at the Post, told me that he sent Hahn and Koehler, another civilian employee, ahead of his party for some purpose which I have forgotten, that when a long distance out Hahn separated from Koehler, that the latter keeping on performed his mission, and returned to the party, but that he never saw Hahn again. He particularly stated that search was made for Hahn's trail, but without success, as Koehler could not identify the spot where the two separated. I think they were looking for water. In reference to Mr. Egan I will give you an extract from a letter received by me from Lieut. Wheeler, from Cottonwood, Nevada, quite a long time ago: "I am afraid that we have lost another guide, as up to the present time we have heard nothing from Mr. Egan, who left us at a place called Rose Springs on the western slope of the mountains west of Death Valley, for the purpose of finding a small party in Cottonwood Canyon, in company with the Photographer and one packer, who backed out and returned. We sent out as far as we dared to go for him, and are afraid that he may have been lost, although in his worst extremity he had more chances of getting through than any one of our party had to find him. My party have not yet reported from Cottonwood Canyon, and Mr. Egan may have reported there. In case you get any information from either Messrs. Hahn or Egan will you not do me the favor to communicate it? I feel very anxious about them; I have a mule on my hands which belongs to Mr. Egan. I shall write to Mr. Brady, his friend, and ask instructions." I wrote to Lieut. Wheeler, asking him to send me any further news he might have of Egan, as every one here was very anxious, and we hoped to hear of his safety and wished all particulars about the locality in which he was lost. Intelligence just received from Sheriff Elder gives us reason for believing that Egan was alive and well in Clarke District. I will forward the article to Lieut. Wheeler and hope that he will furnish all particulars about the missing guides, as well as a reason for Mr. Monto's attack upon him.

I believe I am correct in thinking that the article will be injurious to our section of country, to a small extent possibly. It is exceedingly difficult to obtain appropriations from Congress to survey and examine countries supposed to be desert, and I believe the last grant was obtained largely through Lieut. Wheeler's exertions with the committees. It seems to me that your account, if copied into The Sacramento Union and other principal Pacific coast papers as your articles often are, will be enough to prevent the granting of an appropriation on the one hand, or the Engineer Office from asking it on the other.

Yours, very respectfully,
HARRY C. EGBERT.
Captain 12th U. S. Infantry, Com'd'g Post.

For the Holidays.

Messrs. Wood & Cohen, Masonic Building, have procured a splendid assortment of toys, notions, knick-knacks, etc., etc., suitable for holiday presents. These gentlemen are building up a first-class reputation for square, honorable dealing, and parties examining their excellent stock can not help buying.

Why He Didn't

Two gents of this place got into a bit of a muss the other day, resulting in one of them getting knocked *hors du combat*. He explained this result by saying the only reason why he didn't whip the other man was because he "was deficient in physical ability." Quite likely.

Hear Ye!

Public attention is directed to the advertisement of Messrs. J. S. Rothschild & Co.; read it, and then figure out what you want and go and buy it, according to the ad, They keep everything necessary to health and happiness.

Let It Alone.

Major Egbert gives notice that all interference with the stream of water flowing through Camp Independence will be prosecuted.

Wake Up.

We would direct the attention of our citizens to the call for a meeting next Sunday night, by a principal property owner.

Wanted.

Messrs. Bell & Bro. desire to employ a shingle cutter; also, a man to drive the farm about.

Chance for Contractors.

Parties having wood to sell are referred to Captain Tregelles' advertisement.

A Beautiful Thought.

When the summer of youth is slowly wasting away in the nightfall of age, and the past becomes deeper, and life wears to its close, it is pleasant to look into the vista of time upon the sorrows and felicities of our earlier years. If we have a home to shelter, and hearts to rejoice with us, and friends have been gathered together around our firesides, then the rough places of wayfaring will have been worn and smoothed away; in the twilight of life, while many dark spots we passed through grow brighter and more beautiful. Happy are those whose intercourse with the world has changed the tone of their holier feelings, or broken those musical chords of the heart, whose vibrations are so melodious, so tender and touching in the evening of life.

—Among the Chicago contributions was a parasol by a lady.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

First Sunday in the Month.

George's Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 11 A. M. Independence—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 7 P. M.; Sabbath School at 2 P. M.; prayer meeting at the parsonage on Saturday at 7 P. M. Bridge, near Bend City—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 2 P. M. Eclipse Mine—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 7 P. M. Round Valley—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 11 A. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 7 P. M.; Sunday School at 11 A. M.; prayer meeting on Thursday at 7 P. M.

Second Sunday in the Month.

Independence—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 11 A. M.; Sunday School at 2 P. M.; prayer meeting at the parsonage on Saturday at 7 P. M. George's Creek—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 1 P. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 7 P. M.; Sunday School at 11 A. M.; prayer meeting on Thursday at 7 P. M. Eclipse Mine—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 7 P. M.; class meeting at 9 A. M.

Third Sunday in the Month.

Independence—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 11 A. M.; Sunday school at 2 P. M.; class meeting at the parsonage on Saturday at 7 P. M. Round Valley—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 11 A. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 7 P. M. Sunday School at 11 A. M.; prayer meeting on Thursday at 7 P. M. Eclipse Mine—Rev. S. W. Blaisdell; preaching at 7 P. M.; class meeting at 9 A. M. George's Creek—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 1 P. M. Lone Pine—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 7½ P. M. Swansea—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Monday following at 7½ P. M. Cerro Gordo—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Tuesday following at 7½ P. M. Belmont—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Wednesday at 7 P. M.

Fourth Sunday in the Month.

Independence—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 11 P. M.; Sunday School at 2 P. M.; class meeting at the parsonage on Saturday at 7 P. M. George's Creek—Rev. S. W. Blaisdell; preaching at 1 P. M. Eclipse Mine—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 7 P. M.; class meeting at 9 A. M. Lone Pine—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 7 P. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 7½ P. M.; Sunday School at 11 A. M.; prayer meeting on Thursday at 7 P. M. Fish Springs—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Thursday before 1st Sunday, at 7 P. M. Big Pine—Rev. Orne and Clark; preaching on Friday before 1st Sunday, at 7 P. M.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Thiers' police have unearthed a Bonapartist conspiracy, headed by Fleury, to arrest the President, overthrow the republic and proclaim the empire. The conspiracy is defeated and the conspirators under arrest. A few days ago it was announced that this Fleury was appointed Minister to Washington.

Famine continues to afflict the Persians without abatement. Young children are lying about the streets in a starving condition.

Cholera is spreading in Constantinople and the death rate daily increases.

The Sultan of Turkey has ordered a general system of internal improvements, and railways to connect with the railway system of Europe.

A £300 pension has been granted by the English Government to the children of Dr. Livingstone, the African explorer.

A Paris report says the Pope has resolved to quit Rome, that he is inexorable in his purpose to take up permanent residence in France, and that Thiers has assigend him the Castle of Pau, in the Pyrenees, as his residence.

On the 5th of October there was a very destructive earthquake in the region of Iquiqui, Peru. Several towns were laid in ruins and much damage was done to the principal buildings in others. On the 4th and 10th earthquakes were felt at Arequipa, and on the 25th of September, at Paja, Chile.

Godey's Lady's Book.

As this is the proper time to commence making up clubs to this superior magazine, we will remind cash subscribers to THE INDEPENDENT that in a club with this paper Godey's can be had for $2 25 per annum. The December number presents the following attractions, all got up in the highest style of the art: Embellishments—The Jumping Jack—a fine steel plate; Steel-plate title page—a tableau picture; Colored Fashion plate—containing six elegant figures; Fancy Christmas Doll—printed in colors; Dressed for the Christmas Party—a tinted picture; Colored plate of Lingerie; Children's Fashions—six designs; Preparing for Christmas—an allegorical picture; Fancy Dresses for Children—six designs. In addition to the above special embellishments will be found the usual later designs on the extension sheet, and useful designs in the Work Department.

The literary department is filled with interesting stories from the pens of Marion Harland, Mrs. Hopkinson, Miss Frost, Sue Chestnutwood, Louise Barton, and Belle S. Wilson. The poetry by Sue Murdock, Carre D. Beebee, John S. Reid, Clarence F. Buhler, and others. An array of magazine writers that stands foremost in the land.

In the receipt department will be found a variety of useful receipts suited to the festive season. And in the juvenile department amusements for the holidays.

Arizona Items.

The Prescott (Arizona) Miner of November 4th has the following:

The new silver mines recently discovered near Prescott are small ledges twelve to eighteen inches in thickness, but almost incredibly rich. The rock taken from any of the ledges is of a grayish-red color, with rock crystal interspersed, and presenting chloride and horn silver at every fracture. No assays shows less than a thousand dollars per ton.

The labors of the famous Wheeler expedition are now drawing to a close. Two of the four commands into which it was divided, under Lieutenant Lockwood and Dr. Cochrane, have arrived and are camped between Prescott and Fort Whipple, from where, when joined by the parties under Lieutenant Wheeler and Lieutenant Lyle, the whole expedition will move to Tucson and return East by way of California. Wheeler and Lyle's parties are expected daily. Dr. Cochrane's command suffered severely from cold, exposure and hunger in the mountains of northeastern Arizona and were several days on half rations.

LIVERY STABLES.

THE PIONEER
LIVERY, SALE
—AND—
FEED STABLES,
Edwards Street,
Independence, - - - Cal.
B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a
GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.
The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.
B. L. BROWN & CO.
Independence, October 28, 1871. o28n70m6

C. A. CRANNIS'
LIVERY & FEED STABLE,
(Hunt's Old Stand)
Lone Pine, - - - - Cal.
BEST OF SADDLE HORSES AND BUGGY teams always on hand. o7m6*

TRAVELING.

INDEPENDENCE
—AND—
CERRO GORDO STAGE LINE
Via. Lone Pine.
J. EARL & CO., - Proprietors.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE ABOVE well known line will make DAILY TRIPS, running as follows: Leave Independence every day at 5 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 8 A. M., Swansea at 12 M. and Cerro Gordo at 5 P. M. Also, leave Cerro Gordo at 7 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 12 M. Leaves Lone Pine at 2 P. M. and arrives at Independence at 5 P. M. Carries passengers, mail and express.
Agents—Independence, J. B. White; Lone Pine, Dan. Canty; Cerro Gordo, Barrows & Dodd.
October 14, 1871. o14n68m3

Los Angeles & San Pedro
RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.
Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜
☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE. ☜
JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29 1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING
AND GENERAL
Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.
Have all goods plainly marked—
"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."
Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.
WM. M. OSBORN.
jy15n55m3

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK
FLOURING MILLS.

ORDERS FOR GRINDING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. Flour and Feed constantly on hand. Also, our favorite brand of
XXX FAMILY FLOUR.
Flour sacks for sale at lowest cash prices. No credit for grinding, and positively
No Business Done on Sunday.
H. RUSSELL.
o21n69m6

PAINTING.

PAINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW PREPARED TO do all kinds of
SIGN, ORNAMENTAL
....AND....
PLAIN PAINTING,
In the best style. Picture frames made to order, varnishing, etc. Shop on Edwards street. Orders left at THE INDEPENDENT office will be promptly attended to.
no11n72m3 T. A. GARDNER

BREWERIES.

PIONEER & GERMANIA
BREWERIES,
—AT—
Independence & Lone Pine.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THESE ESTABLISHMENTS respectfully notify the public that they are still in the field, and engaged in making a superior quality of
"Bully Lager Beer,"
Which they will deliver, at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine, Independence and vicinity, at the most reasonable rates.
MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS
au26n61tf Proprietors

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OPPOSITION STORE.
C. & M. COHN,
Lone Pine,
HAVE THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF
Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes
Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.
....We will....
SELL CHEAPER
Than any other house in Lone Pine.
We Have On Hand
150 cases of Boots and Shoes—the best assortment ever brought to Lone Pine.
NEW GOODS RECEIVING EVERY WEEK
o14n68m3

EARL & HARRIS,
Camp Independence,
....Dealers in....
Dry Goods, Clothing,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Groceries,
HARDWARE,
Crockery and Glass Ware.
PAINTS, OILS,
Varnish and Window Glass.
And a fine assortment of the best brands of
WINES, LIQUORS,
Tobacco and Cigars.
Have also a full supply of
Standard School Books
Of the latest adoption.
WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, miners and the public generally to the above stock of goods, and our
Greatly Reduced Prices!
Our business system will prove specially advantageous to interests of Farmers, as
Grain and Produce
of all kind is received in exchange for goods.
EARL & HARRIS.
Camp Independence, Cal., October 10.
o14n68m3

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.
New Store, New Business
—AND A—
LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.
THE
Fish Springs Store,
J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,
HAS BEEN RE ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
Wines and Liquors,
Dry-Goods,
CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods,
HARDWARE,
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
—AND—
EVERYTHING ELSE
Usually kept in a first-class country store.
All goods will be sold at the very
LOWEST RATES
For Cash.
Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.
J. W. McMURRY.
Fish Springs, October 25, 1871. o28n70m2

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,
—THE—
Pioneer Blacksmith
—OF—
OWENS VALLEY.
THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.
Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.
Of every description.
Wagon Work
Done in the best style at reasonable terms.
Agricultural Implements
Made and repaired.
UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.
A. PARKER.
Independence, Cal., October 21, 1871. n69tf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for County Scrip.
jy22n56m3 J. B. ROWLEY.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

STILL AHEAD!
Further Reductions.
A 1 Crushed Sugar Four and One-Half Pounds for
ONE DOLLAR!
Best Quality Brown Sugar Five and One-Half Pounds for
ONE DOLLAR!
Chemical Olive Soap Eight Bars for
ONE DOLLAR!
The most complete stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES
Ever offered in the Valley, at prices to defy competition, at
A. M. LOOMIS & BRO'S.
LONE PINE.

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,
—OF—
Lone Pine,
ARE
Constantly Receiving Additions
To one of the
LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE
Assortments of
General Merchandise
To be found in the country.
OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
On the most reasonable terms
A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
Lone Pine, Sept. 23, 1871. n65*tn66

HOTELS.

NEW RESTAURANT.
THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the public that he has just opened a restaurant, on
Edwards Street, opposite Harris & Rhine's Store,
where he holds himself in readiness to furnish meals in the best style the market can afford, at all hours of the day or night. Travelers by the morning stages can always obtain an early breakfast by leaving notice on the previous evening.
n011n72m6 J. G. BONDS.

AMERICAN HOTEL,
Cerro Gordo,
Inyo County, - - - - Cal.
JOSEPH SEELY, Proprietor.
THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN HOTEL, HAVING changed hands, the proprietor would respectfully announce that the house will be carried on in first-class style.
October 1, 1871. o7n67m6

ORLEANS HOTEL,
LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.
D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.
THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a
Bar Attached,
Which has constantly on hand the choicest of
Wines, Liquors & Cigars.
Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

FRENCH RESTAURANT
—AND—
ONE BIT SALOON.
PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.
THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edwards street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—drinks, 12½ cents.
au196m*

INYO HOTEL.
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.
W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.
THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.
October 17, 1870. n15v13m6

Lone Pine Hotel.
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.
MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.
Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12-6m6

NOTICE.
THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
ANTONIO VALLA,
FRANCISCO BRIZZOLARA.
Lone Pine, Cal., October 25, 1871. no11n72m3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,...November 25, 1871.

SQUIBLETS.

—India has five thousand miles of railway.

—Among the Chicago contributions was a parasol by a lady.

—A volume that will bring tears to your eyes. A volume of smoke.

—In Colorado a bald person finds himself alluded to as "a man with his head above timber-line."

—A veteran merchant says that, although his clerks are very talkative during the day, they are always ready to shut up at night.

—The right of the British citizen to poison his neighbors' cats on his own premises has been legally decided at Birmingham.

—The total eclipse of the sun on December 12, will be visible from Hindostan, the Indian Ocean, Australia, New Zealand, and the Pacific Ocean.

—The largest number of men employed by one firm in England is fifty-six thousand. The employers are John Taylor & Sons, and the men are engaged in mining.

—The rent of unfurnished suites of rooms in the best apartment or family hotels in New York ranges from five to two thousand dollars a year, without gas, heat, or water. It is the highest form of house-rent.

—An inscription upon a church bell in Milwaukee reads: "In memory of Minnie J. Hodges—weight 724 pounds.'

—A sick man was told that his wife would probably marry again. "All right," said he, "for there will be one man to lament my death."

—A Boston school marm instructs her pupils that "a hundred elbs make a cute." She meant that 100 pounds make 1 cwt.

—A young lady translates C. O. D. on express packages into "Call on Dad."

—The streets in the burnt district of Chicago are lined with children, who have for sale relics of the great fire.

—Ladies are like violets; the more modest and retiring they appear, the better you love them.

—A Janesville lawyer attending court at Racine, had his mind considerably relieved by a telegram from home which read: "All right; it is a girl."

—The young ladies all affirm that they do not intend to go to any weddings or parties this Winter, but are resolved to spend all their spare time in working for the poor people of Chicago.

—A preacher in Lexington, Ky., used the word "churchianity," and defined it to be an outward bull of the profession of religion, without the inward kernel of piety.

—In response to an inquiry. "Whence come fleas?" a Western journal says it does not care a pickle, but it would like to know where in thunder they go when you go for them.

—"We know a girl," says some one, "so industrious, that when she has nothing else to do she sits and knits her brow."

—Suppose a feller what has nothin', marries a gal what has nothin', is her things his'n, or his'n hern'n, or is his'n and her'n his'n?

—"Now, then, children," said a parish schoolmistress, showing her pupils off on examination day, "Who loves all men?" "You, missus," was the unexpected answer.

—A lawyer once asked a Dutchman concerning a pig in court. "What ear-marks had he?" "Vell, ven I first become acquainted mit de hock, he had no ear-marks, except a very short tail."

—Mr. Theophilus Popp, of Poppville, in Popp county, fancying himself to be very popular with his lady love, popped the question to her under the poplar tree, she referred him to her poppy, who, when asked for his consent, laboring under the influence of ginger pop, popped him of the door to the tune of "Pop goes the weasel!"

—In a breach of promise case tried at New York recently, a letter from the perjured lover to the girl was put in evidence, in which he says: "Always remember this: thee see shall give up her waters, and in the midst thar shall grow a green tree at the our that I prove false to the gerl that loves me.'

—At a late concert, a testy old fellow, who had suffered much annoyance from the incessant coughing of his neighbor behind him, turned around with:

"Thats a very bad cold you've got, sir," which met with this gentle reply:

"I am sorry for it, sir, but it is the best I have."

Cramped But Not Starving.

The Modesto News of November 11th, is authority for the subjoined:

Within the past week we have met several well-informed gentlemen from the west side of the San Joaquin river who assure us that there is no destitution among the people, at least in our county. It is true there are many farmers who are cramped for money, and find it difficult to procure feed and seed for their next year's crop. They universally condemn the false report that they are starving or even suffering for the common necessaries of life. They are not of the kind of people who are likely to suffer for food in a State where there is plenty. Rather than be driven to that, they would be apt to remove their families to other localities. All they want is rain and seed for their lands. In fact, many of them have already seeded their fields, and we are assured that notwithstanding the drouth there will be this year a larger area sown to grain in that district than there was the past season.

DRUGS ETC.

INYO DRUG STORE.

Pioneer Establishment of this Kind in Lone Pine

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES

....AND...

PATENT MEDICINES

NEWLY ARRIVED.

ALSO, AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF Perfumes, Soaps, Cosmetics, Fine Essences for the Handkerchief, Pure Cologne and Florida Water, Bay Rum and Yankee Soap for barbers, Brushes and a number of other Toilet Articles, both for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Prescriptions,

and all orders by mail or express carefully and promptly filled, and forwarded immediately. Especial attention paid to

Leaded Sufferers,

with wonderfully quick cure and sure preventative, AT VERY MODERATE CHARGES. Scores of living testimony speak in favor of the treatment. Consultations to the afflicted, in all civilized languages—English, Spanish, French, Italian, Slavonian and Russian—

Free of Charge,

and correspondence kept with the most delicate discretion.

Do You Wish to Purify Your Blood!

Then take a bottle of my own COMPOUND DECOTIONS for Spring and Fall. Six days' treatment with these Decotions will act as a Preventative against the attacks of Catarrhs, Coughs, Rheumatism, etc., that are always produced by the impurities of humors during the inclemency of the Winter Season; and in Summer against Fevers, Colics, Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Liver Complaint and other diseases peculiar to that season. Miners, laborers, farmers and all classes of persons, of both sexes, are respectfully solicited to try a bottle of my Decotion; while taking it they can attend to their work or business without any inconvenience. Directions and instructions accompany each bottle, and full information given free by mail to any address.

P. G. GELCICH,
Druggist & Practitioner,
no18n73m3 Lone Pine

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, October 10, 1871.
o14n68m3

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY,

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.
Independence, October 14 JOHN LENTELL.
o14n68m6

MEDICAL.

CARD.

J. D. BLAIR,

Physician & Surgeon,

IS CONSULTED DAILY FOR ALL DISEASES incident to the female system, Prolapsus Uteri or falling of the womb, Flour Albus or whites, Suppression of the Menses, or other menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed. So invariable is the new mode of treatment that the most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted person rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Blair having made the diseases of women and children a specialty for eighteen years in California, has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of such diseases than any other physician on the Pacific coast. Can be consulted with at his drug store in Independence. no4n71tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE the property situated in the town of Independence formerly owned by H. C. Morse. The place consists of a house and two lots, the latter being well filled with fruit and ornamental trees, shrubbery, etc. Will be sold very low, for cash. Inquire at this office or of
no4n71tf J. W. McMURRY.

WOOD FOR SALE.

100 TO 300 CORDS OF CHOICE PINYON Wood, dry, ready for delivery in lots of one cord or by the whole.
no11n72tf J. LENTELL.

BABBITT METAL.

PARTIES DESIRING A QUANTITY OF BABBITT metal can be supplied at low rates on application at this office.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS

AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC, ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

NEW STORE.

NEW GOODS.

—THE FIRM OF—

WOOD & COHEN

RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS OF Independence and of Inyo County generally, that they have commenced business in the ground floor of the

Masonic Hall Building,

Where they intend to keep constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS,

Furnishing Goods,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

Attached to the store is also a

Merchant Tailor's

ESTABLISHMENT,

Where is kept the finest stock of

Woolen Cloths, Flannels,

Etc., ever brought to the country.

You can have clothing

MADE TO ORDER,

Both members of the firm being

PRACTICAL TAILORS,

All orders will be guaranteed.

"A stitch in time saves nine."

CLOTHING

CLEANED and REPAIRED

With neatness and dispatch, at the

MOST REASONABLE RATES

The public are cordially invited to give us a call.

WOOD & COHEN.
Independence, Sept. 30, 1871 y2n66ly.

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

Marino and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20n47tf

PRINTING.

To Business Men.

PATRONISE

HOME INDUSTRY,

....AND....

KEEP YOUR MONEY AT HOME!

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INYO INDEPENDENT printing establishment would respectfully ask the attention of the public to their great and unexcelled facilities for the prompt execution of every description of plain and ornamental printing.

Our stock of paper comprises the following styles and sizes, selected with special reference to the wants of the business men of this and adjoining counties: News, Book, Colored, Tissue and Wrapping Paper; Flat Cap, Bill Head, Statement, Demy, Double Cap, Medium and Imperial; Commercial Note, Letter, Packet, Foolscap, etc., with envelopes, cards, etc., in every variety of size, color and texture, from dainty white to legal, and the finest Bristol Board and Satin Enamelled to heavy Railroad.

Our establishment contains over two hundred varieties of type, including many of the very latest and most approved styles and designs. Having every color and quality of ink and bronzes, with a splendid assortment of cuts, rules, borders and flourishes, we are enabled to turn out work pleasing the taste of the most fastidious.

Our presses are of the best patterns, rapid running and capable of doing every description of job-work, in all its endless variety.

For prices, special attention is directed to the illuminated Price List, which will shortly be issued and forwarded to the business men of Inyo County.

Meanwhile, send in your orders; we guarantee satisfaction in every instance.

se23n65tf

MINING NOTICES.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE SILVER SPROUT MINING Company, 318 California Street, San Francisco, October 18, 1871.—Notice is hereby given that from and after this date, and until further notice, Mr. A. WINGARD is the only authorized agent in Inyo County, of the above named Company.

NATHANIEL PAGE, President.
T. B. WINGARD, Secretary. o28n70t4

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

KEARSARGE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of Works—Kearsarge District, Inyo County, California.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company, held on the Twenty-first day of October, A. D. 1871, an assessment of Five ($5) Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said Company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, Room No. 10 Express Building, northeast corner of California and Montgomery Streets, San Francisco, California. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on MONDAY THE (27th) TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on TUESDAY, THE (26th) TWENTY-SIXTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

JOS. L. KING, Secretary.
Office—Room No. 10 Express Building, northeast corner of California and Montgomery streets, San Francisco, California. o28n70t5

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SILVER SPROUT MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of Works and Mines—Kearsarge District, Inyo county, State of California.—Notice is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the 30th day of September, 1871, an assessment of Twenty-five (25) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary at the office of the company, No. 318 California street, San Francisco.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 13th day of November, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on MONDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

T. B. WINGARD, Secretary.
Office No. 318 California street, San Francisco, Rooms No. 1 and 2, second floor. o14n68t4

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 6.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Aurora, Nevada, August 16th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN B. WINTERS, Superintendent of the Kearsarge Mining Company, on behalf of said company, has this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under Act of Congress approved July 26, 1866, for one thousand, eight hundred feet in length of the "KEARSARGE LODE," with a surface width of fifty feet on each side of the lode. Said lode supposed to be one hundred feet in width, which belongs to the Kearsarge Mining Company, a corporation; adjoining on the East end the extension claims of James R. Wall, J. R. Hughes and G. W. Brady, and on the West end the extension claims of R. M. Sluey, J. B. Rowley and John Clarke, situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. Notice is further given that they intend to apply for and have embraced in the said patent together and in connection with the "Kearsarge Lode," the land on which the Kearsarge mill is erected, together with a sufficient space of land around said mill for the convenient use of said mill; also the Water Right of said Kearsarge Mining Company on Little Pine Creek. The property sought to be patented together with the said "Kearsarge Lode" is known as the "Kearsarge Mill Site and Water Claim on Little Pine Creek," and is described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a stump, it being the N. E. corner of what is known as McCormack, Kittleson, Cornell and Hill's cabin, 24 links from Pine Creek, from which a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears N. 4½ deg. E. distant 62 links, also a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears S. 58½ deg. E. distant 64 links, thence N. 25½ deg. E. distant 4 chains to a tree blazed and marked as follows: Blazed on three sides and notched toward the creek and marked "Head of the Kearsarge Mining Company's Ditch," thence N. 62½ deg. W. to the foot of the main mountain, thence N. 27½ deg. E. distant 91 rods, thence S. 62½ deg. E. to a stone mound on the opposite side of the creek, thence S. 27½ deg. W. along the East side of Pine Creek to a point opposite to and to place of beginning. And also all the water, water rights and privileges found upon or in any manner belonging to said tract of land—situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER,
au26n61m3 Register.

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HARRIS & RHINE,
Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.
ap29n44m4

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. Is prepared to attend to the repairing of Guns and Pistols. Jewrely manufactured to order. n7tf

STATE LIBRARY

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Volume II. INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA: DECEMBER 2, 1871. Number 75.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday,.....December 2, 1871.

TERMS:

One Year, by Mail or Express.	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
Three Months	1 75
One Month	50
Single Copies	25

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Will be charged for as follows, invariably in advance:

Per Square, First Insertion	$1 50
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Will be charged for at the following rates, in advance:

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" " " 2 "	8 00
" " " 3 "	10 00

REGULAR ADVERTISERS

Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

ATTORNEYS.

A. C. LAWRENCE,
Attorney and Counselor At Law,
Havilah, Kern Co., Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the Sixteenth Judicial District. an19-1

P. REDDY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

J. G. McCLINTON,
Attorney at Law,
AURORA, NEVADA,
WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Independence, Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. n05ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [jy9tf

SURVEYOR.

WM. McBRIDE,
UNITED STATES MINERAL DEPUTY SURVEYOR for the Counties of Inyo and Mono, California. Office at Benton. n04y71y1

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,
AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.
DEALER IN
Stationery.
BLANK BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,
MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,
CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,
And Everything in his Line Cheap.
ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.
Store in Post Office Building,
AURORA, - - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

BREWERIES.

PIONEER & GERMANIA
BREWERIES,
—AT—
Independence & Lone Pine.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THESE ESTABLISHMENTS respectfully notify the public that they are still in the field, and engaged in making a superior quality of
"Bully Lager Beer,"
Which they will deliver, at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine, Independence and vicinity, at the most reasonable rates.
MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LURKENS
an26-6tf Proprietors

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC
Insurance Company
Of San Francisco.
Fire and Marine.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.
J. HUNT, President.
A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.
HARRIS & RHINE,
AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms.
October 14, 1871. oc14n68m3

THE MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.
Of New York.
Organized 1842.
Office, 141 and 146 Broadway, New York.
F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.
Assets July, 1870, $11,000,000 Cash
THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.
HARRIS & RHINE,
Agents for Independence and vicinity
o14-68m6

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s
EXPRESS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Pacific Insurance Co.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.
MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.,
OF NEW YORK.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents
GERMAN POSTOFFICE
MONEY ORDERS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Independence, Cal., October 14, 1871.
o14n68m6

Die Unterzeichneten
Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.
Harris & Rhine,
o14-68tf Agenten.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S
EXPRESS.
Independence, Cal.
WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store.
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LUMBER.

$25
A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE
BIG PINE SAW MILL.
Great Inducements to the Public.
The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.
Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet.
At Short Notice.
BELL & BRO.
Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. f04-32 6m6

BLACK ROCK
SAW MILL.
SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER,
SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,
SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

SALOONS.

THE BOOMERANG
SALOON.
Swansea, - - - - - - Cal.
B. P. TASKER, Proprietor.
The "Boomerang" is now open for business. The best of drinkables, cigars and etceteras, always on hands for dispensation at the smallest possible remuneration.
Swansea, Cal., Sept. 30, 1871. v2-66tf

PIONEER SALOON,
LONE PINE, CAL.,
C. D. BECOLE, - - - Proprietor.
HAVING THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND refitted this popular place of resort, the proprietor calls attention to the fact that he has now on hand the largest and best stock of
THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,
Ever brought to the county, which he will dispose of over the bar at the usual rates. n61m3

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
ADULTERATION BY WATER BEING NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
an10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

INYO SALOON,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.
HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8y29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The
TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries
DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
f04-32tf

MAY'S SALOON
CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS, INDEPENDENCE.
A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.
A Fine Billiard Table,
With fittings complete, in connection.
n38m36 THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

EXCELSIOR SALOON.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on cash customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of
WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS
On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.
B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.
Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

SAZARAC SALOON.
INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.
John Wallace, Proprietor.
Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.
THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as
BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON
at the lowest possible rates.
LEWIS SCHNEIDER.
At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.
jy15n55m3

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Boot and Shoemaker.
MR. FRED. FISHER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Inyo that he has established a Boot and Shoe Shop, at the old stand
IN LENTELL'S BUILDING,
Where he is prepared to do any kind of work in his line, with neatness and dispatch. The best of French and other stocks constantly on hand. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
no25n74m3 FRED. FISHER.

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK
FLOURING MILLS.
ORDERS FOR GRINDING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. Flour and Feed constantly on hand. Also, our favorite brand of
XXX FAMILY FLOUR.
Flour sacks for sale at lowest cash prices. No credit for grinding, and positively
No Business Done on Sunday.
H. RUSSELL.
o21-69m6

The Mining and Grain Interests.

[From The S. F. Alta of Nov. 25.]

The stock market is much stronger this morning. Phœnix—The Jenny Lynch is still showing a fine body of ore. Raymond & Ely—The Superintendent writes, under date of November 12: "By some streak of fortune the winze was sunk just where the "horse" was at its widest part, our drifts show the ore of a fine quality—rapidly increasing in width as we go from it in both directions. I should not be surprised if 30 feet east from the east winze we will have the full width of the fissure in ore again at 217 feet from the surface." A dispatch of the 17th, five days later than the letter, says: "East drift from bottom of the east winze, 35 feet, is looking splendidly. The new 30-stamp mill will be in operation in sixty days. At the same rate of accumulation of ore as in the last thirty days there will then be on the dumps nearly 3,000 tons to work on, or a net value of $650,000." Meadow Valley—Six shipments on the November account aggregate, so far, $70,200. Pulp assays on the 15th and 16th, $166 per ton. The transactions at the Board to-day were considerable. Belcher rose $2, Crown Point $25—the developments on the 1,200-foot level improve. Gould & Curry rose $2. Raymond & Ely closed at the rates of yesterday, also Eureka Consolidated.

When the present harvest came to market it was generally admitted that the production had been very short, and that a very considerable reduction in the exportable surplus would necessarily present itself. This once admitted, it was a matter of course that the idea should be exaggerated, and some persons went so far as to predict a short home supply. Nevertheless, the leading grain house, with its great opportunities for forming a judgment by means of its affiliation throughout the State, expressed in its annual circular, under date of June 30, 1871, the conviction that there would be a surplus of [illegible] tons for export, say 2,225,000 sacks. This was not altogether accepted, notwithstanding the high respect to which the judgment of that house was entitled, and the doubts have caused some hesitation in selling. Up to this time, however, the events have more than justified the entire soundness of those views. The quantity already exported, less Oregon receipts, is 712,893 sacks, and the quantity now in the State, by actual inspection, is ascertained to be as follows:

In city and interior warehouse, tons	141,000
Required for consumption, tons	37,000
Required for distilling	10,000
Required for seed	10,000
	57,000
Net tons for sale	84,000

This, with the the 33,000 tons exported, fully meet the June estimates, and leaves a very considerable quantity yet to find a market. With an ordinary Winter a very large production is likely to result, as planting in many sections, even the Summer fallows of the San Joaquin, has made good progress. It is, therefore, not quite clear why the disposition to hold continues to prevail. The foreign markets are indeed such as to promise that prices may be sustained but not more. The Spring crops of all descriptions of food will come largely in substitution for dear wheat, and much less of that grain will be wanted. The stimulus of prices always produces such results, while the prospects of available freights here is not flattering. The prices for grain have indeed been drooping of late, but they are still far above what will permit in the present view of the English market extensive exports.

From the South.

D. P. Pierce, an old and efficient mill superintendent of Gold Hill and latterly of the Kearsarge mill, arrived in this city yesterday afternoon from Benton. He gives a glowing account of the mining outlook to the southward, and thinks that the mines of Inyo county, California, are destined to prove fully as rich and more extensive than those of any county in Nevada. This prediction has also been made by many gentlemen from that section whom we have conversed with of late. An Indian recently arrived at Benton and stated that he had met Charles Jones on the opposite side of the Sierra. The Indian offered to return with a single companion and capture the escaped convict, but could get no one to accompany him. Jones was living about, from one sheep ranch to another, on the upper waters of the San Joaquin river, the ranchers not knowing that he was an escaped convict. The Indian says he knew Jones well, had known him before he went to White Pine, and had frequently played cards with him when Jones was engaged in teaming about Bishop Creek.—*Carson Register.*

—Little Jessie had been doing something which her mamma had told her she mustn't do. She had been eating currants, and of course got her mouth all stained. That's the way she got found out. Her mother said: "You know you were forbidden to eat currants!" "But, mother, Satan tempted me!" "Why didn't you say get thee behind me, Satan?" "I did say get thee behind me, Satan; and he went and got behind me, and pushed me right into the currant bushes."

—Tea culture has been practiced with marked success in Martin county, Ky.

"Charcoal Jimmy."

[From The Eureka Sentinel.]

The Pennsylvania oil regions produced the world-renowned "Coal Oil Tommy," and White Pine had the honor of setting "Chloride Johnny" up in business. These names were characteristic of the respective sections and they served in a measure, to reflect something of the resources of the country from which each one of the fast young men hailed. "Coal Oil Tommy's" total disregard of the value of money impressed quiet spectators with the belief that fortunes were easily and speedily made in the "ile" business, and thousands of people were thus induced to invest liberally in Pennsylvania wells. In other words Tommy was a good advertisement for the country he represented. And in like manner did the stories about the success and extravagance of "Chloride Johnny" add to the White Pine excitement. People seemed to understand instinctively that chloride was the leading card of the district; all through the manner in which Johnny was billed. Here in Eureka charcoal is one of the leading industries, and hundreds of men are engaged in burning and hauling it from the surrounding hills to the furnaces in the vicinity of town. It is a paying business too, and many men have accumulated handsome figures while following it. The heavy mining companies frequently let contracts for coal for their reduction works which amount to thousands of dollars. In fact the woods are full of successful coal merchants. They usually come to town Saturday nights, and as a general thing they give their money a chance. There is one individual at least, a "high contracting party," who is doing well in his peculiar line, and when he puts in an appearance at the saloons, dance halls and other places of resort, Rome howls from that time till the peep o' day. He plays Coal Oil Tommy to perfection, and, as may well be imagined, he draws large and appreciative audiences. By common consent the boys have dubbed him "Charcoal Jimmy," and by that name he is almost universally known throughout Eureka district.

Who Burned Chicago?

[From The New York Sun, November 19.]

Elder Lindsley, of Salt Lake City, preached yesterday in the Mormon tabernacle, Williamsburgh. Speaking of the reported flight of Brigham, he said: Twenty years ago, when I was preaching the Gospel in England, I was told that he had run away from his people. To day the same is said. I've been in Salt Lake since the troubles began. The Saturday before I left, three weeks ago, I saw him in the Church of the Prophets. He, on speaking to us of the troubles, said: 'I feel as calm as the Summer morning.' He is possessed of great coolness. When the Marshall and the religious hypocrite of a Judge read the indictments against him he smiled and asked if that was all. Brigham has not run away. Every Winter he goes down to the rim of the basin about three hundred miles south of the city to his relatives. Do people think that Mormonism is about to die, and that the persecutions waged against it will blot it out? I tell you they will not. If it and the gospels are not of God it will die out of itself. When I left I was told that I would do a great deal of good while away. I think I will bring some back with me. Let you who are here in this resting place husband your means, and be prepared to seek your temporal and spiritual happiness among the mountains. We are God's chosen people. He is working. A few weeks ago Chicago was destroyed. This is but as a drop of water to what will soon happen. We were driven from that State, and God through his prophet said they should not live there.

Supposed Lost and Perished.

Four weeks ago H. L. Crowell, who lived near Shaw's Flat, went to Bell's meadows, where he had several head of cows, for the purpose of driving them out of the mountains. He remained at the meadows until the first day of this month, when he started in company with two men who were driving cattle to come home. The old man, who was suffering from a cold, was advised to go home, and was told that when the stock in the meadows were driven out, his animals should be separated from the band and driven down. Crowell started with a cow and calf. When getting on the ridge this side of the meadows the cow became refractory and ran off the road into the woods, he following, which was the last time he has been seen.—*Sonora Democrat, Nov 18.*

—In Chicago, from the Relief Committee, families of three persons receive daily a peck of potatoes, three pounds of pork, one pound of sugar, one pound of cheese, three loaves of bread, one pound of crackers, one bar of soap, one cabbage and two quarts of onions.

—A justice of the peace down in Kentucky sentenced a reporter who had severely criticised his decisions to be flogged, and imprisoned one week on bread and water.

—A weak mind sinks under prosperity as well as adversity. A strong and deep mind has two highest tides, when the moon is at the full, and when there is no moon.

Visalia and Owens River Road.

[From Correspondence of The Visalia Delta.]

For the past ten days our citizens have seemed to dwell on this topic with some degree of interest, and we are not in the least surprised that as a community we are awakened to that great and important movement. A road from Visalia to Owens Valley must prove a great benefit to our section. Geographically, we are near neighbors, and it only requires enterprise to make a direct wagon road, that will bring us within a few hours travel and enable us to have daily communication between this place and Independence. During the late visit of ex-Govenor Stanford, it was remarked by that sagacious gentleman that "the Eastern Slope is the great key of this valley." We, as a community hold it, without observing its great importance. Unlock the Eastern Slope and Tulare will receive immigrants direct from the line of the great Pacific Railroad, Reno, Ogden, and other points. Open a good wagon road and it will furnish passes through this Eastern Slope, by which a branch of the great Central Pacific will unite with the San Joaquin Valley Railroad, thus avoiding the great descent into the Sacramento Valley and lapping from the extreme north to the extreme south, winding its way through beautiful meadows into the great Tulare and San Joaquin valleys. To a great many this may seem impossible, so we will quote from the Engineer's report of Sept., 1870, in which he says: "Heretofore the construction of a wagon road from Visalia to Owens River *via* the middle fork of Tule River, has been considered practically impossible; engineering difficulties of the gravest character were said to exist, which could not be overcome by any reasonable application of skill and capital. I find however that these difficulties were more apparent than real; that no obstacles exist, other than those generally encountered in mountainous countries, and that a better, shorter, and cheaper road can be built on this route than upon any other point between Visalia and Owens River." To give a summary accompanied with the dry details working plans, would be of little interest at this time; and we will simply state that the distance from Visalia to the point where the road terminates on the east side of the summit, is 103 miles. After showing further facts and figures, the report concludes as follows: "That the road when completed, will pay a fair interest on the money invested, no one acquainted with the location and necessities of the region contiguous thereto, will not for an instant doubt; and that it is an enterprise worthy of public aid cannot be questioned." We have clipped a few essential points relative to this road, showing unmistakably the great advantage we shall derive, by co-operating in this great work, and beginning at an early day; there can be no question about the San Joaquin Valley Railroad, Southern Pacific, and Stockton and Visalia Railroad reaching us, and that at no distant day, and shall we overlook this great Eastern Gate, leaving it for some point over the Tehatchepie Pass to snatch the trade from us or shall we enrich this valley? To the calm and judicious observer, there is only one ready reply: a distance of one hundred and three or four miles, is indeed an advantage, largely in favor of this becoming one of the largest business towns in the State; the trade and traffic that await us, can scarcely be estimated; and it behooves us to move, and act speedily. As will be seen elsewhere, the charter members of said enterprise, have resolved to solicit San Francisco capital, in the shape of sales of stock. Citizens here should also subscribe, the town should ask for legislation by which some aid might be extended, and thus by a united effort we shall reap its benefits individually and collectively.

Strange, but True.

Tommy Atkinson well known to the people of Elko, has been engaged in the sheep business during the past Summer, about ten miles from Elko. In the month of June, 25 head disappeared mysteriously from his flock, and after scouring the country for weeks, he came to the conclusion that it not destroyed by wild animals, they had found their way into some butcher's stall, and, per consequence, lost to him forever. Last week his surprise was great to learn from a friend in Lamoille valley that his sheep had been corraled there under the following circumstances: John Walker, a resident of the valley, had noticed the appearance of a band of sheep on the hill several mornings near his farm, chaperoned by an animal that appeared larger than an ordinary buck, and he concluded to take his rifle and prospect the situation. After making a circuit of some distance he got close to them unobserved—about 150 yards—and discovered that the animal was a buck mountain sheep, of immense size, and taking deliberate aim at him over the backs of the ewes, brought him down at the first fire. The animal dressed 85 pounds; his horns were each nearly two feet long, and he stood nearly the hight of his body above the other sheep. The ewes proved to be, as above stated, the property of Tommy Atkinson, and lost last June. Seven bucks that went away with the band were run off by the wild buck, but were found a few days afterward in the foothills, and driven to Mr. Walker's farm.—*Elko Independent.*

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday,.....December 2, 1871.

The Gardner Case.

People vs. Gardner; motion by the defendant to test the Grand Jury finding of one of two indictments against him as being accessory to the murder of the Bilderbeck brothers, was denied, and exceptions taken to the rulings of the Court; motion to quash indictment on ground of former acquittal of the offence charged, was denied, there being no such acquittal of defendant in its jurisdiction; demurrer of defense overruled and defendent ordered to plead; defendant pleaded former acquittal and "not guilty." The same course was pursued in the case of the second indictment. The District Attorney elected to try defendent upon the indictment last found against him, to wit, as being accessory to the murder of Herschel, or as he was sometimes called, Oscar Bilderbeck, first, and the same was set for Monday, December 4th, at 10, A. M., and a drawn venire ordered for 75 men. The other indictments pending against defendant were passed informally.—*Los Angeles News, Nov. 25.*

The Pyramids Astonished.

Even Egypt responds to the progressive spirit of the age, and the Khedive enters upon the work of reform. He has established a female seminary for the education of the daughters of the leading people, and with the object of bringing to an end the custom of wearing the veil. The ladies of Egypt with bare faces under the jockey and jaunty hats of the period, would be such a sight as forty centuries looking down from the pyramids, have not seen. The old Turks, wedded to national habits, are bitterly opposed to this innovation. A recent decree also grants the right to elect their own officers to the various municipalities, and these officers will elect the Parliament. The telegraph is already pushed far up the Nile, and the railroad will soon penetrate to the first Cataract. The navigation of the Red Sea is being made safer by buoys and lights. On the whole, the march of improvement begins to pervade the land of the Pharaohs, and, as in their days, "There is corn in Egypt." This time it promises full and prolific crops.

Cleanse the Skin.

It is a curious fact illustrating the necessity of cleanliness, and of keeping the pores of the skin open, that if a coat of varnish or other substance impervious to moisture, be applied to the exterior of the body, death will ensue in about six hours. The experiment was once tried on a child in Florence. On the occasion of Pope Leo the Tenth's accession to the Papal chair, it was desired to have a living figure to represent the Golden Age, and so a child was gilded all over with varnish and gold leaf. The child died in a few hours. If the fur of a rabbit or the skin of a pig be covered with a solution of India rubber in naptha, the animal ceases to breathe in a couple of hours.

Yield of Precious Metals.

The gold and silver annually produced upon the Pacific Coast approximates $80,000,000; an amount that will be greatly increased within the next two or three years. It is but a little more than twenty years since mining began, during which time there has been extracted and put into circulation something over $1,200,000,000, to say nothing of the other forms of wealth created by the comparatively limited population of this region meantime. Never before, perhaps, have so small a uumber of people built up and established upon a permanent footing so broad and profitable a business in so short a time.

Bullion Tax Paid by Storey County.

The quarterly statement of the product of bullion in Storey county lays over us a "few" for the quarter ending September 30th, but on the product of Lincoln county during that period two dollars will be paid on account of bullion where Storey county pays one, showing very conclusively that the mines of Lincoln county are by far the better paying. Where mines have paid out $90,000 or more during the quarter more than five times that amount has been returned the owners of mines here. We have not yet received the quarterly statement for the last quarter, but are assured by the Assessor that the tax will be all of $16,000. That of Storey is $9,627 34.—*Ely Record.*

Turned State's Evidence.

We last night learned that John Haux, the leader of the gang of Cloverdale stage robbers, now confined in the County Jail at Santa Rosa, has turned upon his former friends and accomplices, and intends making a full confession. Fear of punishment has no doubt led to this. He says that the gang is composed of some twenty members in all, that one was killed, leaving nineteen, eight of which are now confined in jail. The officers are making vigorous efforts to capture the balance. —*Petaluma Crescent, November* 18.

Bullion Shipped.

Wells, Fargo & Co. shipped through their Agent, B. F. Sides, since November 12th, 35 bars of bullion, valued at $81,844 23. The shipping of this amount of bullion hardly occasions remark, and is looked upon as a matter of course. For half a week it is nevertheless a good average shipment. With one-fourth of the mills crushing the ores of Storey county we would show them how to ship bullion.—*Ely Record, Nov.* 16.

THE VISALIA ROAD.

The people of Tulare appear to be decidedly in earnest in trying to open direct communication with this county, and we very much hope their efforts, as outlined in The Delta, may be succesful. The Tule River and Visalia route undoubtedly affords the shortest and most direct means of communication between this county and the metropolis, though it is a question as to whether it will be the cheapest. That question would be determined mainly by the railroad company. If the railroad, after its completion to Visalia, would not charge more than 2½ cents a ton per mile, which is a little more than is charged in some other portions of the State, every pound of freight from this county would go that way. The present cost of shipping bullion to San Francisco is about $54 per ton, while return freights cost near as much more, say $90 per ton. If a good road—a poor one would only be money thrown away—on an easy grade, was completed from Lone Pine to Visalia, wagon freights either way between these two points need not exceed $40 per ton and the whole cost to San Francisco not more than $58. The saving of time would be a matter of even greater importance. It would require then but little more than as many days as it now does weeks to obtain an invoice of goods from the Bay. It would virtually add 50 per cent. to the capital now employed in trade here, and consequently would materially benefit consumers by reduction in the prices of every article, nearly, that is brought to this market. Under present arrangements it is an actual fact that goods for this section purchased on 60 and 90 days time frequently do not reach their destination until after the money is payable. Aside from the loss of profits it doubles the requisite capital necessary to carry on business, as compared to what would be required were this proposed road in operation.

As to the advantage that would accrue to Tulare county and Visalia particularly, it is hardly necessary to speak. It must be obvious to the people here, who give the matter a moment's thought, that their future prospects would be immensely improved through this road. The only practicable outlet and inlet for the freights of this section is now and always will be to the southward, except in the possible contingency of a railroad from the north. Of the several southern routes Visalia possesses the great advantage of being the shortest. There is no reason why it should not be the cheapest. In our communications with the outer world this anamalous state of affairs exists: Mails by one route, passengers by another, while freights traverse still another nearly double the distance of the others. This singular and unnatural arrangement is simply a question of roads.

Freight and passenger traffic would inevitably go together, and pursue the most direct route if it was a possible thing.

The business of Storey county, Nevada, required the construction and constant use of a number of very expensive roads across the mountains, any one of which cost quite as much as this to Visalia would. They were all paying enterprises. The business of Inyo does not equal that of the one above mentioned, but taking it as it is with it all concentrated upon one road, as would be the case, it would more than equal it, so far as that particular road was concerned. We will go further and say if developed according to actual merit, as it will be sooner or later, the business of this section would not be second to that of Storey in any particular. The condition first in importance necessary to produce this result may be summed up in two words—suitable communications. Nearly everything is contingent upon this. It don't matter to us by what route or means this may be effected, so we have that result; but it is a matter of no little importance to the people living on the several routes as to which shall secure our trade and business.

The one that offers the first tangible solution of the question, will be seconded and assisted by our people to the extent of their ability. If the Tule river road can be made as good as represented it would undoubtedly meet with general favor, since it would be an improvement on the present route to either of the Southern ports through which freights would continue to pass if no superior advantages were offered by the connecting railroad at Visalia.

We hope that one or both of the Visalia papers will publish as much of the Surveyor's report of the proposed road as may be necessary to convey a fair idea of the work in hand. It is a matter that would interest many on both sides of the mountains, and is necessary for intelligent action, if any thing is expected from the public at large in aid of the enterprise.

A CHANCE FOR CAPITALISTS.

We have hitherto referred to the great difficulty which seems to overshadow the future of Cerro Gordo, and renders present operations there very expensive and necessarily limited.

At the outset of smelting operations at that place, it was foreseen that the single spring in town wonld scarcely furnish sufficient water for even domestic purposes, to say nothing of supplying steam boilers, and some of the resident miners began casting about for a new source. At that time scarcely a dollar of capital had been legitimately expended in the district, but the brave miners clubbed together and jointly sunk a deep well, in the hopes to obtain "free water." This effort, in common with others, was fruitless, and the project was abandoned; from that time it was packed in a distance of five miles, from the Hahn spring. Subsequently the Cerro Gordo Water Company, at a cost of $15,000, led this supply to town through inch pipes, which, when operating at all, furnish about 500 gallons per diem. The deficiency is partly supplied by packers, who deliver water from the source mentioned and from the Duval spring, some three or four miles below the camp, at a cost to small consumers of 10 cents per gallon. The demand during the past season was not less than 5,000 gallons per day, although but 3,000 were consumed, for the reason that no more could be had. We are assured that even at the exhorbitant, prevailing rate of 10 cents, 5,000 gallons could have been sold per day, had the supply been equal to that demand.

Relief from this Sinbad load, retarding all new prospecting, miinng and reduction enterprises, is bound to come, and that at no distant day, for in a country producing such enormous values monthly, capital can hardly remain blind to the golden opportunity offered for profitable investment in water works. And, while pointing out the remedy and the manner of accomplishing it, we will take occasion to give the reason generally assigned why the monied men now operating at that point have not already surmounted the difficulty: which is simply, that the men owning the reduction works prefer the great extra expense under the present system than to encounter probable competition from other works in the purchase of ores. As it is, it would be idle for any new furnace to even start, much less to expect success, in or near Cerro Gordo.

Seven and one-half miles north of town, by the route surveyed, on the east side of the Inyo range, is situate a spring, or rather a series of springs, the water of which can be readily brought in pipes directly into Cerro Gordo. The supply ranges from four to six inches, miner's measurement, delivering from fifteen to twenty-eight thousand gallons per twenty-four hours, depending upon the number of springs brought into requisition. The route over which the pipes would pass does not present any great difficulties, save a distance of two miles where rocky bluffs are to be crossed; while the principal portion of the line is over loose surface formation, in good ground for covering or sinking the piping.

A proper estimate of the expense would include the probable fact that for $1,500 or $2,000 the water head could be tunneled for and tapped 400 or 500 feet above its present outlet, by which means about two miles of piping would be saved out of the distance mentioned, by reason of going over instead around a certain long hill, and also securing better ground to run over. With asphaltum or galvanized iron pipes, the cost of laying and protecting the right sized pipes would approximate $45,000, which estimate is rather high than otherwise. The water described is owned and has been surveyed by two or three men now residing in Cerro Gordo, from whom a company willing to take hold of the enterprise would find no difficulty in purchasing the necessary rights, privileges and ownership, for the men are financially unable to utilize the possession of it.

Without taking into count the absolutely certain increase of business, population and demand for water, consequent upon the new life sure to follow its introduction, and basing calculations only upon the present consumption, the gross receipts upon the enterprise would, with water at only 3 cents per gallon (instead of 10, which would forever bar the slight opposition possible) be $150 per day, $4,500 per month, and $54,000 a year—paying principal and interest of the investment the first year! And this makes no calculation upon the four fold increase certain to follow.

These figures are based upon facts conversant to every man familiar with Cerro Gordo, her resources and drawbacks. We candidly believe that no where on the Pacific coast is there an equal inducement for the investment of capital, where the returns are so enormous and certain, and we are satisfied that no man or company possessing the means will, after investigation, hesitate to employ it.

"HE HAS NOT COME BACK AND NEVER WILL."

Below we reproduce a remarkable document from the pen of Fred W. Loring, in Appleton's Journal, which, taken in connection with all the facts known in regard to the mysterious disappearance of Wheeler's guides, presents features of no ordinary interest.

The hand of the talented writer is now cold in death, and in ordinary cases criticism would be disarmed; but in this instance the allusions to the guide, Mr. Egan, who was the only one accompanying the expedition from Owens Lake, are so brazenly flagrant and outrageously false that comment can not be inhibited; and the chances are that Egan also sleeps in the valley of death, leaving matters somewhat equalized.

Loring was with the outfit as a necessary adjunct, to him being delegated the duty of "drawing the long bow" in the interest of sensationalism. As a matter of course, the old habit of burlesquing guides was to be expected, but in this how far from the mark! Egan was a gentleman in education, bearing and by birth, unassuming and commanding the friendship and respect of almost every citizen of Inyo county. In his zealous severity Mr. Loring made this guide father expressions which *might* have emanated from Hahn, but never from Egan. While Hahn's brusqe disposition may have inspired Wheeler's sophomores with dislike, his profound classical education and infinitely superior lingualistic attainments would quite possibly incite feelings of envy. Hahn was a fair representative of "that class of objectionable pioneers, mountaineers, bear-hunters and squatters," whose advantages fully equal and general acquirements greatly excel those who "do not like the class." From one of "the Boston Lorings," a production of New England's culture, better things might have been expected. But Shakspeare said:

> "O, what a world is this when what is comely
> Envenoms him that wears it!"

Wheeler himself, as also Lyle, took several occasions, both here and in in Cerro Gordo, to express their perfect independence of guides, yet we have not heard of their ever going out without one. An attache of Lyle's party, with which Hahn started out, on his return told a well known citizen of this valley, that he would never see Hahn again, for Koehler said he would go out with him to "*make him find the water or kill him.*" That the above was told as stated we can substantiate by affidavit. Had Loring been with *that* crowd he might also have sung of Hahn, whether to the delight of Indians or not—"*Il ne reviendra pas,*" HE WILL NOT COME!

As an incident illustrating the overbearing intolerance of Wheeler's military subordinates, we will state that Lyle forcibly took possession of and destroyed a hay field near the river, belonging to Joe Seely, turning therein all the stock of the outfit. When remonstrated with Lyle told the owner to "go to h—," and used language still more insulting. When the Government is compelled to pay a thousand dollars damages (the claim is now being pressed), Wheeler may begin to think that citizens *have* some rights which are entitled to respect.

Without devoting further space to this singular piece of business, we here introduce Mr. Loring's published journal, satisfied that our readers will readily note its many contradictory statements, so indiscriminately flourished:

"Into the Valley of Death."

[Extracts from Fred. W. Loring's Diary; from Appleton's Journal, November 18.]

MONDAY, August 14.—We left Owens Lake, thank Heaven, early this morning. The water is not salt, but alkaline, and rolls up breakers on its beach like an apology for a salt water cove. It covers about thirty square miles; and I sat and looked at it and tried to imagine myself at the seaside. The water is so saponaceous that it cleanses those who bathe in it very thoroughly, which is a blessing; but it is necessary to wash in some of the little pools around to prevent the skin from becoming inflamed. These pools are abundant, and full of sulphur water, which is all we have to drink, and is particularly nasty. Around the beach is a black band, a foot wide and two inches deep, composed of flies, which feed on the alkaline crust of the beach, and in course of time change to maggots. The Indians eat these, as they do every thing which has life.

TUESDAY, August 15.—We have a guide, an objectionable pioneer, miner, forty-niner, mountaineer, bear-hunter and squatter. I do not like the class. One of them took me for and old partner of his—another forty-niner, who narrowly escaped being lynched—which was flattering. Still, my beard has grown to such an extent that I am not astonished at the mistake. I told him that I was a forty-niner in the world, but a seventy-oner in California. He asked me to drink. Whiskey of the worst class, of course—in this locality, too, which might might be the wine-raising country of the world. My throat not being rawhide, I "petered out" after one swallow.

Our guide is a Nimrod or a Munchhausen—perhaps both. He is ubiquitous in camp, and has kept me actively engaged all day in moving my blankets away from reach of his saliva—the beast! I think I do not love the human race as I ought. He will tell bear stories, and roar in imitation of a grizzly while doing it, which is not pleasant. Also, he has been giving us a fabulous description of a water-spout. I have incensed him. He told me to-day of a friend of his, aged forty, who was married to a girl of eight. I said his friend was a brute, which was not wise, though true.

"Well," said he, "we develop early here in California. There air seven or eight children married in Owens Valley; and one gal of twelve has been divorced from her first husband, and married to her second." (Spit.) "We develop in California—we do."

I remarked that it was a disgrace to California, which was less wise. I hear now that he contemplates shooting me.

WEDNESDAY, August 16.—A lovely camp in a rocky canyon. It pays me for coming out here. A running stream through willow trees and waving grass, with rocky sides of volcanic rock, covered at their bases with tropical luxuriance of trailing, delicate vines. Then barren crags loom up nearly five hundred feet. The stream breaks in a cascade, sixteen feet high, which gives such a shower bath as I never dreamed of, and then rushes along a quarter of a mile, and falls in the most silvery thread over a precipice two hundred feet deep, while the sides of the canyon loom up higher and higher. This beautiful cascade has been named for our agreeable guide. I must not forget the willow tree under which I spread my blankets last night. It is old and big, and curves so that its branches support a perfect dome of foliage.

THURSDAY, August 17.—We are to be here in camp for several days, to rest animals and men, and send exploring parties out into the Death Valley. Every one I have met has described it to me, and the number of contradictory stories I have heard is astonishing. A party of immigrants were guided by a treacherous Mormon into it, where they perished miserably in nearly a dozen different places. Relics of them are found yearly by adventurous mountaineers. They died together in a variety of places, all the way from Belmont to San Diego. The Death Valley has no water, but is full of running springs. It is either four hundred and fifty, or one hundred and seventy-five feet below the level of the sea, or else it is not below the level of the sea at all. It extends from Belmont in a series of plateaus, so that it is either three hundred or sixty miles long. It is so hot that a man can not cross it at noon or in the Summer; but there are many hotter and inhabited places on the coast. Our guide goes away to-morrow. He is more and more of a nuisance every day.

FRIDAY, August 18.—Last night we had a water spout, sheet lightning, thunder, breaking of bowlders from the mountain side—all crash, and roar, and glare. I ran barefooted over the sharp flint stones of the mountain to drive back some frightened mules, and wondered whether any of my friends would believe my account of the scene. The guide did not exaggerate; it was stupendously terrific. The full force of the shock did not reach us. These spouts slice off mountains, open and block up canyons, and change the entire course of streams of water. Our guide is indignant that I was not more enthusiastic; but there are times when a person has not time to be enthusiastic.

SATURDAY, August 19.—Our guide left to-day with S——, to try some of the canyons on the west side of the Death Valley for water, so that we can cross easily over to Furnace Creek; and for a short time we shall have a respite from bear stories.

MONDAY, August 21.—S—— arrived in camp last night, with no guide. He was a fraud—such a fraud as only an old mountaineer who pretends to know the country can be. After leading them fairly into the Death Valley, he left them, as they found he had lost his way. He did not come back again, and never will come back. I sing like General Boum in "La Grand Duchess:"

> "Il ne reviendra pas"—

to the great delight of an Indian—"a heap good Indian," of course, who is stealing "muck-a-muck" from us daily. S—— and the two men with him suffered terribly, squeezing the water faom some mud they dug up on the second day, after nearly two days with no water.

TUESDAY, August 22.—We started over the mountains to the north, and from the summit of the range looked down over five thousand feet into the Death Valley, white and poisonous below—rocky cliffs on each side of the canyon, and below this a lifeless mass of still white soil.

THURSDAY, August 24.—The part which of all my eight months' experience in the deserts of the Southwest I have most dreaded is over at last, and the Death Valley is behind us. We are now in Furnace Creek—appropriately named, for the wind is hot and dry, the water tepid, and clothing becomes almost an impossibility. But, after yesterday, we are only two happy over it. I suppose the name made our hardships greater. The Death Valley "hath a goodly sound," and the glimpse we caught of it the day before yesterday from the mountain top gave us a frightful impression of it. We passed some six miles down the canyon before we reached the valley proper, and this was six miles of walking and climbing, not of riding. Then shale and pebbles, and then a flat plain, dead white in color, miry in some places, and whose soil consisted of a substance which, as it looked like salt and tasted like salt, I will call "pulverulent efflorescence." Our water, of course, gave out. Because it was the Death Valley, our thirst was greater than usual. I could see how bloodshot the mens' eyes grew. Then there were wonderful effects of mirage—lakes, trees and fields. In such cases, sometimes men grow perfectly crazy, and "babble of green fields." Luckily, we were spared this. The thermometer stood at one hundred and twenty degrees, and I just dismounted from my mule in time to avoid an attack of sun-stroke, such as prostrated three of my companions. There was a wretched little mesquite bush, which, with a judicious arrangement of my mule, who was quiet to an unprecedented extent, furnished me with a little shade, in which I lay until sundown, when I started for Furnace Creek. There can be little doubt that the Death Valley is at least three hundred feet below the level of the sea. Its heat is its greatest terror, for there is abundance of water in the canyons which open into its western side, so that thirst is to be feared more from the concealment than the scarcity of the springs. But its beauty is evil, and, though it is picturesque, it is frightful. I trust I may never have to pass through it again.

Chicago and Insurance.

It was only a few days before the great fire that the President of one of the heaviest of the English insurance companies (the Imperial of London) was in Chicago with a view of establishing an agency here, but was so impressed with the precariousness of our situation that he declined to yield to the temptation of high premiums and establish an agency here. "I can not do it," said he, "you have some fine buildings, but you have them surrounded by very bad ones. The first time circumstances combine against you your whole city will burn up." The experienced underwriter had hardly time to get out of the country before his prediction was terribly verified.—*Chicago Tribune.*

—"There are two ways of doing it," said Pat to himself, as he stood musing and waiting for a job on the street corner. "If I save me $4,000 I must lay me up $200 a year for twenty years, or I can put away $20 a year for two hundred years. Now, which way will I do it?"

—The King of Dahomey attended a grand feast the other day, wearing a quantity of druggists' labels as decorations.

EASTERN NEWS.

The Grand Duke Alexis, with all his fleet, arrived in New York November 20. His vessel was met in Lower Bay, by the yacht fleet, a number of steamers and government ships of war. The Grand Duke's fleet was much delayed by foul weather on the Atlantic, but now that the Duke has finally arrived, the snobs and Jenkinses are all right.

Horace Greeley, it is reported, is to be appointed one of the Park Commissioners of New York city.

General Howard will recommend the discontinuance of the Freedmen's Bureau in his forthcoming report.

Collector Murphy of New York has resigned his office. The President accepts it with some fine compliments to Murphy. Chester A. Arthur was appointed in his place.

It is announced that Controller Connolly of the city of New York has resigned, and that Mayor Hall has appointed Deputy Controller Green to fill the vacancy.

Charles O'Conor says that, owing to a flaw in the indictment, William M. Tweed will escape punishment on the criminal charges brought against him.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in Postoffice at Independence, December 1, 1871.

Coat, C B	Cocks, H
Chamberlain, J B	Cheeseman, N
Dickenson, H M	French, W P
Harn, Geo	Hays, James
Hicks, J D	Howell, A
Laumain, E	Kelly, Geo
Moore, M F	Masher, Poas
Smalley, G M	Salmon, J M
Skimer, F	Wallace, Luther

J. B. ROWLEY, Postmaster.

DIED.

At her residence in Independence, November 27, Mrs. MARGARET E. GEORGE, of acute inflammation of the liver, following parturition.

The deceased, better known as Mrs. Blaney, was an old and much respected resident of this valley, and her remains were followed to their last resting place by a large concourse of friends. She leaves a large family of children without a natural protector.

MARRIED.

In Independence, December 1, Mr. T. MCKEWIN to Mrs MARY HARLEY DEARCY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ATTENTION, ONES!

THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING OF Independence Engine Co. No. 1 will take place on MONDAY EVENING NEXT, December 4, 1871, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

By order, P. A. CHALFANT, President.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

MAKE THE LITTLE ONES HAPPY,

....AND....

BE LIBERAL ALL ROUND

—THE FIRM OF—

WOOD & COHEN

....AT....

Masonic Hall Building,

Have recently received a splendid stock of

Holiday Presents,

TOYS,

FANCY GOODS,

Etc., Etc.,

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE DISPOSED OF AT the most reasonable rates. Attention is also directed to their

NEW AND COMPLETE

—Stock of—

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS,

FURNISHING GOODS,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

Attached to the store is also a Merchant Tailoring Establishment, wherein is kept a large assortment of the finest

Woolen Cloths, Flannels,

Etc., ever brought to the country.

You can have clothing

MADE TO ORDER,

Both members of the firm being

PRACTICAL TAILORS,

All orders will be guaranteed.

"A stitch in time saves nine."

CLOTHING

CLEANED and REPAIRED

With neatness and dispatch, at the

MOST REASONABLE RATES

The public are cordially invited to give us a call.

WOOD & COHEN.

Independence, December 2, 1871. v2n66ly

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,.....December 2, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

, All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Fire Meeting—Water Works.

We chronicle with pleasure the fact that our citizens have not only awakened to the danger of the town being annihilated by fire, but are taking very decided steps in the right direction to prevent such a catastrophe. Pursuant to a call published by one of our heaviest property owners, a meeting of a majority of the prominent citizens was had last Sunday evening. Mr. J. P. M. Perham was called to the chair, and a gentleman of THE INDEPENDENT establishment chosen Secretary.

Mr. Rhine read a detailed statement of a survey made by himself, Perham and others, made with the view of determining the necessary length of pipe to convey water under suitable pressure from the creek into town. By this survey they ascertained that to obtain a pressure of 120 feet 3,340 feet of piping would be required. No estimates of the probable cost were submitted, other than in a general way during a discussion relating to the comparative advantages of undertaking this method of protection against fire, and that by means of fire engine and apparatus. As a decision upon these points was contingent upon a question of finance, it was resolved to open book for subcriptions, which were to be subject to either plan fixed upon hereafter. Mr. Nathan Rhine was delegated to confer with an eminent engineer of San Francisco, from whom a report giving costs in detail of the proposed system of works is to be obtained, and James E. Parker was selected to ascertain by correspondence or otherwise, all the essential particulars relating to a regular fire engine, both gentlemen to report at the next meeting. Quite a liberal sum was then subscribed by those present, and a committee consisting of Messrs. Rhine, Bennett and Perham were appointed to solicit additional subscriptions, a full list of which we will publish in due time. The meeting then adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

In due time, final reports will be submitted to the citizens concerning the cost and effectiveness of both systems, but we may be permitted to give, in advance, our ideas and estimates of the respective plans.

The plan of using cast iron pipes foots up about as follows:

The required length is 3,340 feet, which may be divided in three equal sections of piping varying in thickness corresponding with different degrees of pressure. Six-inch pipes are to be used. The first section may be of ⅜, the second of ¼ and the third of ⅛ inch iron. These would be the lightest allowable for cast iron. The average weight per foot of the three kinds, without flanges or joints, would be 34½ pounds; total weight, 115,230 pounds. With flanges the weight per foot would be about 41 pounds, or 136,920 in all. Possibly this iron might be delivered on the ground at a total cost of $13,920 (10 cents per pound.) As the cost of cast iron piping will preclude its use under present circumstances it is useless to make any estimates of the cost of putting it in place, etc.

Galvanized sheet iron makes a more favorable showing. This might be used in four equal sections varying in thickness as in the former case, to suit the different degrees of pressure. Supposing iron of the following Nos., viz. 22, 20, 16 and 14, to be used, we have an average weight per foot of 4¼ pounds, and a total of 13,030 pounds. First cost and freight would make this cost about 18 cents per pound, in all $2,705 40. The weights mentioned are for ordinary sheet iron, we having no data from which to determine the difference in weight between that and iron of the same No. prepared, as would be necessary, to resist corrosion. This preparation would add considerable to the weight and secondary expense, but need not be considered now. Rivets, making up and putting in place would probably cost $1,200 more, making a total cost of the pipe in place about $1 25 per foot. An extension of the main pipe of perhaps 500 feet through the main street, fire plugs, hose, (500 feet) pipes and nozzles, would amount to about $1,500 more. Tank to contain 50,000 gallons, work and material, $900, contingencies, $300; total, whole cost, about $7,000. The heaviest iron in this count is amply sufficient to sustain a pressure of 150 feet, or 64 pounds to the square inch. The pressure under 120 feet would be 51 pounds to the inch, giving the water through a suitable pipe a velocity of 85 feet per second, at which rate 1¼-inch pipe will discharge 23,000 gallons per hour.

The foregoing estimates are not offered as being *strictly* correct, but are near enough to convey a tolerably fair idea of costs and effects under this system. On actual trial the estimated total will be found too small to accomplish the desired object, but of this we will be better able to judge when the expected report from the engineer comes to hand.

On the other hand a perfect, serviceable fire engine of the Hunneman pattern (the favorite, on account of simplicity and durability) second class size, will cost, laid down here, $1,600. A hose cart, with 600 feet of "carbolized rubber," or single rivet leather hose, will cost about $975, making a total of $2,575, including pipes, nozzles and spanners complete. To this must be added say $200 for the construction of two small cisterns, supplied with running water—the whole making a very effective outfit.

Before passing this subject a word of caution may not be amiss. The primary cause of fully one half the fires is defective flues and stove-pipes, especially in wooden buildings. Stove pipes should never be put in position without the joints being securely *riveted* together, particularly that portion between ceiling and roof, which is liable to be disjointed by the wind. Pipe should never be placed nearer wood than eight inches, and in most cities, stove pipes are required by ordinance to extend at least four feet above the roof. No amount of care can be lost in attending to stove pipes. Rigorously exclude the miners' villainous candlesticks, take care about matches, pipes and lamps, tightly close all stoves upon retiring, and then trust to luck and the plucky firemen, who always receive more kicks than pennies.

Toys.

We would direct the attention of everybody, and that of crusty bachelors in particular, who have no little responsibilities of their own, to the announcement of Wood & Cohen, who propose furnishing holiday presents for a consideration, and suggest that said bachelors do the proper thing by the rising generation.

The San Felipe.

We notice Mr. M. A. Wheeler, of San Francisco, representing the San Felipe Company, in town fixing up matters pertaining to that corporation.

New Shop.

Mr. P. Harrington has opened a blacksmith shop in the building nearly opposite the Postoffice.

Snow.

The first regular snow of the season occurred during the past week, commencing on Tuesday night, and continuing on the mountains pretty steadily until yesterday. A few inches only fell upon the valley, which disappeared on the following day. At the Kearsarge mill it is reported as being two and one half or three feet deep, and at the Silver Sprout mine, still further up in the clouds, it is reported as four feet in depth.

Presentation.

We last week inadvertantly omitted to mention the presentation to Thomas May, Esq., of a fine plug hat, which affair was gotten up by Charleys Begole and Johnson of Lone Pine. It took Thomas somewhat by surprise but he gaily rallied, and the last we saw of the crowd there were several gents feeling gloriously salubrious over it.

Stoves.

Now that the cold weather has set in, the stove question becomes one of considerable importance. To those needing the article, Messrs. Welch & Stevens' new advertisement will be of interest.

Meeting.

Members of Independence Engine Co. No. 1 will notice that the regular monthly meeting takes place next Monday.

Water Wheel.

Yesterday was loaded on a Bishop Creek team a Leffel Turbine water wheel, for Tim Lewis' saw mill.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

First Sunday in the Month.

George's Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 11 A. M. Independence—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 7 P. M.; Sabbath School at 2 P. M.; prayer meeting at the parsonage on Saturday at 7 P. M. Bridge, near Bend City—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 2 P. M. Eclipse Mine—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 7 P. M. Round Valley—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 11 A. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 7 P. M.; Sunday School at 11 A. M.; prayer meeting on Thursday at 7 P. M.

Second Sunday in the Month.

Independence—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 11 A. M.; Sunday School at 2 P. M.; prayer meeting at the parsonage on Saturday at 7 P. M. George's Creek—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 1 P. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 7 P. M.; Sunday School at 11 A. M.; prayer meeting on Thursday at 7 P. M. Eclipse Mine—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 7 P. M.; class meeting at 9 A. M.

Third Sunday in the Month.

Independence—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 11 A. M.; Sunday school at 2 P. M.; class meeting at the parsonage on Saturday at 7 P. M. Round Valley—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 11 A. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 7 P. M. Sunday School at 11 A. M.; prayer meeting on Thursday at 7 P. M. Eclipse Mine—Rev. S. W. Blaisdell; preaching at 7 P. M.; class meeting at 9 A. M. George's Creek—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 1 P. M. Lone Pine—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 7½ P. M. Swansea—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Monday following at 7½ P. M. Cerro Gordo—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Tuesday following at 7½ P. M. Belmont—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Wednesday at 7 P. M.

Fourth Sunday in the Month.

Independence—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 11 P. M.; Sunday School at 2 P. M.; class meeting at the parsonage on Saturday at 7 P. M. George's Creek—Rev. S. W. Blaisdell; preaching at 1 P. M. Eclipse Mine—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 7 P. M.; class meeting at 9 A. M. Lone Pine—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 7 P. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 7½ P. M.; Sunday School at 11 A. M.; prayer meeting on Thursday at 7 P. M. Fish Springs—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Thursday before 1st Sunday, at 7 P. M. Big Pine—Rev. Orne and Clark; preaching on Friday before 1st Sunday, at 7 P. M.

PACIFIC COAST READAGRAMS.

Washington Territory owes a debt of $250,000, which she is anxious to pay off by a lottery; that is a very good way to do it, as the money won't be missed.

Report says the western terminus of the Northern Pacific Railroad is to be at Stellacoom. The Kalama paper denies the report.

Thomas H. Selby announces that he is not a candidate for the United States Senate.

Eighteen of the Carson prison breakers have been indicted by the Grand Jury for the murder of Isaacs and Pixley. The Reno Crescent says: The prisoners are in the custody of Sheriff Swift, in the county jail. The Sheriff finds no difficulty in managing them with his few efficient deputies. The prisoners were half starved when brought from the Prison, having been regaled with bread and water since their recapture. Mr. Swift is feeding them on good substantial grub, and they are getting to look sleek and hearty. They won't get away from the Sheriff, and they won't try to.

The southern part of the State was visited by another sand storm, November 24, of even greater severity than that which occurred a few weeks ago. Stages conveying mails were greatly delayed.

The Wrecked Whalers.

The bark D. C. Murray, from Honolulu, brings to San Francisco several more officers of the wrecked whaling fleet and some particulars of disasters to different vessels. Many of the sailors from the wrecked fleet have set to work on the sugar plantations, much to the relief of the planters, who were greatly in need of more laborers.

A new fleet was expected to be fitted out at New Bedford on receipt of the news of the disaster, and these sailors would join it at Honolulu.

Governor Palmer and Sheridan.

Governor Palmer's course in attacking Sheridan receives no greater condemnation than in Chicago, where the admirable services of the General during the direful days of her destruction are most keenly appreciated. The Post says: The State of Illinois is disgraced by the spectacle. Had John M. Palmer been in Horatio Seymour's place at the time of the New York riot of 1863, he would have urged the indictment of General Dix; and had he been in Andrew Johnson's place in the spring of 1865, he would, very likely, have ordered the arrest of Boston Corbett, on a charge of murder because he shot Wilkes Booth. He would most certainly have approved the refusal of the Lord Mayor of London to call in the aid of the military in arresting the flames of the great fire of 1666. Nothing in the line of red tape could be too absurd and disastrous to be in keeping with the Palmer idea of law and order, as defined in the Bushnell Red letters.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

INYO PIONEER

TIN SHOP,

Of INDEPENDENCE.

WELCH & STEVENS,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all. Have just received a fine lot of

PARLOR AND COOKING STOVES,

Which we offer

CHEAP, FOR CASH.

WELCH & STEVENS.

Independence, Dec. 2, 1871 n75tf

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF THOMAS MASON, deceased. It is hereby ordered that George Smith, Administrator of said estate, be and he is hereby authorized to sell at public auction all of the real estate belonging to the estate of Thomas Mason deceased; and that the THIRTIETH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 1 o'clock P. M., in front of Seth G. Sneden's store, on Bishop Creek, be the time and place for said sale. And it is further ordered that this notice be published in THE INYO INDEPENDENT, a newspaper published in Inyo County and State of California, for four weeks

A. C. HANSON,
County Judge and ex officio Probate Judge.
de2n75t4

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY of Inyo, State of California. In the matter of the estate of Margaret E. George, deceased. In the Probate Court of the County of Inyo. The People of the State of California send Greeting: In pursuance of an order of the Hon. A. C. Hanson, Probate Judge of the County aforesaid, duly made and entered on the 29th day of November, 1871, Notice is hereby given that WEDNESDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court Room at Court House, in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, has been appointed as the time and place for hearing the application of John Broder, P. Reddy and S. P. Moffat, praying that a document now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of Margaret E. George, deceased, be admitted to probate; and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to John Broder, P. Reddy and S. P. Moffat, who are named therein as Executors, at which time and place all persons interested may appear and contest the same.

It is further ordered by the Court that notice hereof be made by publication for at least ten days previously to said 13th day of December, 1871, in THE INYO INDEPENDENT, the Litigant Paper for said County.

Witness my hand and the Seal of said Probate Court hereunto affixed this 29th day of November, A. D. 1871.

[SEAL] S. P. MOFFATT, Clerk.
de2n75t4

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY of Inyo State of California. In the matter of the estate of John A. Mallon, deceased. Notice is hereby given that John A. Lank, Public Administrator, has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition praying for Letters of Administration of the estate of John A. Mallon, deceased, and that WEDNESDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M. being a day of a regular term of said Court, to wit: of the December term A. D. 1871, at the Court Room in the town of Independence, in the County of Inyo, State of California, has been fixed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why said petition should not be granted.

[SEAL] S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.
November 28, 1871. de2n75t2

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of P. W. Bennett, plaintiff, against A. H. Dorr, defendant, duly attested the Sixteenth day of November, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described real property, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of the said defendant A. H. Dorr in and to three thousand lineal feet in that certain quartz vein or lode commonly known as the "Santa Maria" vein or lode, situate, lying and being in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California; also, all the right, title and interest the said defendant A. H. Dorr may have acquired by virtue of a conveyance from John Simpson et. als. of eight hundred undivided lineal feet in and to a certain location made on said "Santa Maria" vein or lode, and commonly known as the "Frieburg No. 1," said "Frieburg No. 1" situate, lying and being in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine Mining District, County and State aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE EIGHTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, I will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
November 25, 1871. no25n74t3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of J. H. Muller vs. the Kearsarge Mining Company, a corporation doing business in the County of Inyo, duly attested the Sixteenth day of November, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described real proderty, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of the said defendant in and to a certain quartz mill and appurtenanes commonly known as the Kearsarge Mill, situate, lying and being in the County of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE EIGHTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 1 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, County of Inyo, I will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
November 23, 1871. no25n74t3.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THE WATER COURSE BELONGING to Camp Independence, Cal., has been repeatedly obstructed by parties without authority, notice is hereby given that offenders will in future be prosecuted for so doing.

HARRY C. EGBERT,
Captain 12th Infantry, Commanding Post.
Camp Independence, Nov. 19th, 1871.
no25n74t3

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

ANTONIO VALLA,
FRANCISCO BRIZZOLARA.
Lone Pine, Cal., October 25, 1871. no11n72t4

WOOD WANTED.

500 CORDS OF WOOD WANTED AT THE Eclipse Mill. For particulars inquire of HENRY TREGELLES, Manager.

WANTED

AT THE BIG PINE SAW MILL A MAN THAT can saw shingles on one of Huntington's Shingle Machines. By

BELL & BRO.

Also, an ox-teamster to drive about the farm.
no25n74t3

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for County Scrip.

jy22n56m3 J. B. ROWLEY.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OPPOSITION STORE.

C. & M. COHN,

Lone Pine,

HAVE THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

....We will....

SELL CHEAPER

Than any other house in Lone Pine.

We Have On Hand

150 cases of Boots and Shoes—the best assortment ever brought to Lone Pine.

NEW GOODS RECEIVING EVERY WEEK

o14n68m3

EARL & HARRIS,

Camp Independence,

....Dealers in....

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries,

HARDWARE,

Crockery and Glass Ware,

PAINTS, OILS,

Varnish and Window Glass.

And a fine assortment of the best brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a full supply of

Standard School Books

Of the latest adoption.

WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, miners and the public generally to the above stock of goods, and our

Greatly Reduced Prices!

Our business system will prove specially advantageous to interests of Farmers, as

Grain and Produce

of all kind is received in exchange for goods.

EARL & HARRIS.
Camp Independence, Cal., October 10.
o14n68m3

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

Wines and Liquors,

Dry-Goods,

CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

HARDWARE,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

—AND—

EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.
Fish Springs, October 25, 1871. o28n70m2

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery.

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Store in Post Office Building,

AURORA, - - - - - - - - - NEVADA

LIVERY STABLES.

THE PIONEER

LIVERY, SALE

—AND—

FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.
Independence, October 28, 1871. o28n70md

C. A. GRANNIS'

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

(Hunt's Old Stand)

Lone Pine, - - - - Cal.

BEST OF SADDLE HORSES AND BUGGY teams always on hand. o7m6*

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.
Independence, Cal., October 21, 1871. n69tf.

PAINTING.

PAINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW PREPARED TO do all kinds of

SIGN, ORNAMENTAL

....AND....

PLAIN PAINTING,

In the best style. Picture frames made to order, varnishing, etc. Shop on Edwards street. Orders left at THE INDEPENDENT office will be promptly attended to.

no11n72m3 T. A. GARDNER

TRAVELING.

INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

CERRO GORDO STAGE LINE

Via. Lone Pine.

J. EARL & CO., - Proprietors.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE ABOVE well known line will make DAILY TRIPS, running as follows: Leave Independence every day at 5 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 8 A. M., Swansea at 12 M. and Cerro Gordo at 5 P. M. Also, leave Cerro Gordo at 7 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 12 M. Leaves Lone Pine at 2 P. M. and arrives at Independence at 5 P. M. Carries passengers, mail and express.

Agents—Independence, J. B. White; Lone Pine, Dan. Canty; Cerro Gordo, Barrows & Dodd.

October 14, 1871. o14n68m3

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

AND GENERAL

Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.

Have all goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.

WM. M. OSBORN.
jy15n55m3

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE the property situated in the town of Independence formerly owned by H. C. Morse. The place consists of a house and two lots, the latter being well filled with fruit and ornamental trees, shrubbery, etc. Will be sold very low, for cash. Inquire at this office or of

no4n71tf J. W. McMURRY.

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

Marino and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20-n47tf

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,.....December 2, 1871.

SQUIBLETS.

—To authors—It is not wrong to write if you right wrong.

—Why is a clergyman like a locomotive? Because you are to look out for him when the bell rings.

—A speaker at the Pittsburgh Woman Suffrage Association meeting remarked that "man is only an imperfectly developed woman."

—Dr. Malcolm of Houston poisoned his two little sons and himself for fear he might die and leave his children to the world's cold charity.

—The Paris ultramontane organ L' Univers tells its readers that they had better subscribe for the relief of the Pope than for the Chicago sufferers.

—About two-thirds of the metal of the Chicago Court House bell has been cut off with cold chisels and converted into relics by the venerating inhabitants of that city.

—A Vermont girl, who sued a false lover for $40 for breach of promise, gave the Court this rule for reckoning the damages: Nine shillings per week for "setting up," plus the value of lights and fuel.

—In a pamphlet entitled "A Minister of War of twenty-four days" Gen. Count Palikao frankly admits that he was the originator of that fatal flank march to Sedan, which terminated in the surrender of McMahon and his army.

—Apothecaries in England, when they sell poisonous drugs, put them in peculiarly shaped bottles, so distinctive in shape that they cannot be mistaken in the mark, or their contents used by mistake. The use of such bottles is made general.

—A Kentucky conversation: "Hello, dar, you darkey, what you ax for dat old blind mule, hey?" "Well, I dunno guess I must take $35." "Thirty-five dollars! I'll give you five!" "Well, you may have him; I won't stand on $30—in a mule trade."

—A Racine (Wisconsin) girl wanted her lover to swear on the Bible that she was all the world to him, and when he would'n't she knocked him down with the sacred volume.

—A boot-maker in Petaluma has instituted a new phase in the way of business. He trusts a man a certain length of time, and then makes out his bill and places it on a playcard in the show-window of his shop.

—Catholics in Switzerland have held a general meeting and voted to renounce their connection with the Papacy. Papal Infallibility is rejected. congregations choose their own priest, and forced celibacy is abolished.

—The door of the Houghton county (Mich.) jail bears the following inscription:

"ADELIA LACLAIR
DETROIT MICH.
WHEN I GIT OUT OF THIS
PLACE I BET YOU DONT
GIT ME IN AGEN
VERY QUICK."

HOTELS.

NEW RESTAURANT.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the public that he has just opened a restaurant, on

Edwards Street, opposite Harris & Rhine's Store,

where he holds himself in readiness to furnish meals in the best style the market can afford, at all hours of the day or night. Travelers by the morning stages can always obtain an early breakfast by leaving notice on the previous evening.

no11n72m6 J. G. BONDS.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

JOSEPH SEELY, Proprietor.

THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN HOTEL, HAVING changed hands, the proprietor would respectfully announce that the house will be carried on in first-class style.

October 1, 1871. o7n67m6

ORLEANS HOTEL,

LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.

D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a

Bar Attached,

Which has constantly on hand the choicest of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

FRENCH RESTAURANT

—AND—

ONE BIT SALOON.

PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edwards street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—drinks, 12½ cents.

au196m6

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached.

October 17, 1870. n15v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

DRUGS ETC.

INYO DRUG STORE.

Pioneer Establishment of this Kind in Lone Pine

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES

....AND....

PATENT MEDICINES

NEWLY ARRIVED.

ALSO, AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF Perfumes, Soaps, Cosmetics, Fine Essences for the Handkerchief, Pure Cologne and Florida Water, Bay Rum and Yankee Soap for barbers, Brushes and a number of other Toilet Articles, both for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Prescriptions,

and all orders by mail or express carefully and promptly filled, and forwarded immediately. Especial attention paid to

Leaded Sufferers,

with wonderfully quick cure and sure preventative, AT VERY MODERATE CHARGES. Scores of living testimony speak in favor of the treatment. Consultations to the afflicted, in all civilized languages—English, Spanish, French, Italian, Slavonian and Russian—

Free of Charge,

and correspondence kept with the most delicate discretion.

Do You Wish to Purify Your Blood?

Then take a bottle of my own COMPOUND DECOTIONS for Spring and Fall. Six days' treatment with these Decotions will act as a Preventative against the attacks of Catarrhs, Coughs, Rheumatism, etc., that are always produced by the impurities of humors during the inclemency of the Winter Season; and in Summer against Fevers, Colics, Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Liver Complaint and other diseases peculiar to that season. Miners, laborers, farmers and all classes of persons, of both sexes, are respectfully solicited to try a bottle of my Decotion; while taking it they can attend to their work or business without any inconvenience. Directions and instructions accompany each bottle, and full information given free by mail to any address.

P. G. GELCICH,

Druggist & Practitioner,

no18n78m3 **Lone Pine.**

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 10, 1871. o14n68m3

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines

CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY,

SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,

Hair Restoratives & Dyes.

SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,

STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

Independence, October 14 JOHN LENTELL.

o14n68m6

MEDICAL.

CARD.

J. D. BLAIR,

Physician & Surgeon,

IS CONSULTED DAILY FOR ALL DISEASES incident to the female system, Prolapsus Uteri or falling of the womb, Flour Albus or whites, Suppression of the Menses, or other menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed. So invariable is the new mode of treatment that the most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted person rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Blair having made the diseases of women and children a specialty for eighteen years in California, has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of such diseases than any other physician on the Pacific coast. Can be consulted with at his drug store in Independence. no4n71tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE the property situated in the town of Independence formerly owned by H. C. Morse. The place consists of a house and two lots, the latter being well filled with fruit and ornamental trees, shrubbery, etc. Will be sold very low, for cash. Inquire at this office or of

no4n71tf J. W. McMURRY.

WOOD FOR SALE.

100 TO 300 CORDS OF CHOICE PINYON Wood, dry, ready for delivery in lots of one cord or by the whole.

no11n72t4 J. LENTELL.

BABBITT METAL.

PARTIES DESIRING A QUANTITY OF BABBITT metal can be supplied at low rates on application at this office.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OYEZ! ATTENTION HO! HEAR YE, HEAR YE!

WE WISH YOU WARMLY CLAD,

WELL FED,

AND NOT THIRSTY!

WE HOPE YOU

ARE HAPPY!

THE EVENT

OF WANTING ANY

OF THE NUMEROUS

ARTICLES COMPRISING

THE SUM TOTAL OF

HUMAN DESIRES

JUST STEP IN TO THE

WORLD RENOWNED

EMPORIUM OF

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.,

WHERE WE KEEP

SO MANY THINGS

TO SELL,

BUT NOTHING TO

GIVE AWAY!

AND SUPPLY

YOURSELVES.

WE WANT

THE PROFITS.

no25.74tf

STILL AHEAD!

Further Reductions.

A 1 Crushed Sugar Four and One-Half Pounds for

ONE DOLLAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar Five and One-Half Pounds for

ONE DOLLAR!

Chemical Olive Soap Eight Bars for

ONE DOLLAR!

The most complete stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Ever offered in the Valley, at prices to defy competition, at

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO'S.

LONE PINE.

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, Sept. 23, 1871. n65*tn66

Bishop Creek

CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

CROCERIES,

Provisions,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,

Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS.

HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES

Cloth Piece Goods,

Clothing, Hardware,

Crockery and Glassware,

TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,

POWDER AND SHOT

Flasks and Pouches.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

Manufactured to order.

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS

AND STATIONERY.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS

Wall Paper,

CANDIES, NUTS, ETC, ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.

Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. n7v1tf

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. jy10n50m6

PRINTING.

To Business Men.

PATRONISE

HOME INDUSTRY,

....AND....

KEEP YOUR MONEY AT HOME!

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INYO INDEPENDENT printing establishment would respectfully ask the attention of the public to their great and unexcelled facilities for the prompt execution of every description of plain and ornamental printing.

Our stock of paper comprises the following styles and sizes, selected with special reference to the wants of the business men of this and adjoining counties: News, Book, Colored, Tissue and Wrapping Paper; Flat Cap, Bill Head, Statement, Demy, Double Cap, Medium and Imperial; Commercial Note, Letter, Packet, Foolscap, etc., with envelopes, cards, etc., in every variety of size, color and texture, from dainty white to legal, and the finest Bristol Board and Satin Enamelled to heavy Railroad.

Our establishment contains over two hundred varieties of type, including many of the very latest and most approved styles and designs. Having every color and quality of ink and bronzes, with a splendid assortment of cuts, rules, borders and flourishes, we are enabled to turn out work pleasing the taste of the most fastidious.

Our presses are of the best patterns, rapid running and capable of doing every description of job-work, in all its endless variety.

For prices, special attention is directed to the illuminated Price List, which will shortly be issued and forwarded to the business men of Inyo County.

Meanwhile, send in your orders; we guarantee satisfaction in every instance.

n23..65tf

MINING NOTICES.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE SILVER SPROUT MINING Company, 318 California Street, San Francisco, October 18, 1871.—Notice is hereby given that from and after this date, and until further notice, Mr. A. WINGARD is the only authorized agent in Inyo County, of the above named Company.

NATHANIEL PAGE, President.

T. B. WINGARD, Secretary. o28n7tf4

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

KEARSARGE MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of Works—Kearsarge District, Inyo County, California.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company, held on the Twenty-first day of October, A. D. 1871, an assessment of Five ($5) Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said Company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, Room No. 10 Express Building, northeast corner of California and Montgomery Streets, San Francisco, California. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on MONDAY THE (27th) TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on TUESDAY, THE (26th) TWENTY-SIXTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

JOS. L. KING, Secretary.

Office—Room No. 10 Express Building, northeast corner of California and Montgomery streets, San Francisco, California. o28n7tf5

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SILVER SPROUT MINING COMPANY.—LOCATION of Works and Mines—Kearsarge District, Inyo county, State of California.—Notice is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the 20th day of September, 1871, an assessment of Twenty-five (25) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary at the office of the company, No. 318 California street, San Francisco.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 13th day of November, 1871, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on MONDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1871, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

T. B. WINGARD, Secretary.

Office No. 318 California street, San Francisco, Rooms No. 1 and 2, second floor. o14n68t4

Application for Patent.

NOTICE NO. 6.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REGISTER'S OFFICE, Aurora, Nevada, August 16th, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN B. WINTERS, Superintendent of the Kearsarge Mining Company, on behalf of said company, has this day filed in this office a diagram and notice of application for patent from the United States, under act of Congress approved July 26, 1866 for one thousand, eight hundred feet in length of the "KEARSARGE LODE," with a surface width of fifty feet on each side of the lode. Said lode supposed to be one hundred feet in width, which belongs to the Kearsarge Mining Company, a corporation; adjoining on the East end the extension claims of James R. Wall, J. B. Hughes and G. W. Brady, and on the West end the extension claims of R. M. Shuey, J. B. Rowley and John Clarke, situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. Notice is further given that they intend to apply for and have embraced in the said patent together and in connection with the "Kearsarge Lode," the land on which the Kearsarge mill is erected, together with a sufficient space of land around said mill for the convenient use of said mill; also the Water Right of said Kearsarge Mining Company on Little Pine Creek. The property sought to be patented together with the said "Kearsarge Lode" is known as the "Kearsarge Mill Site and Water Claim on Little Pine Creek," and is described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a stump, it being the N. E. corner of what is known as McCormick, Kathleson, Cornell and Hill's cabin, 24 links from Pine Creek, from which a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears S. 8 deg. E. distant 62 links, also a spruce tree 5 feet in diameter bears S. 58½ deg. E. distant 64 links, thence N. 25½ deg. E. distant 4 chains to a tree blazed and marked as follows: Blazed on three sides and notched toward the creek and marked "Head of the Kearsarge Mining Company's Ditch" thence N. 58½ deg. W. to the top of the main mountain, thence N. 27½ deg. E. distant 91 rods, thence S. 62½ deg. E. to a stone mound on the opposite side of the creek, thence S. 27½ deg. W. along the East side of Pine Creek to a point opposite to and to place of beginning. And also all the water, water rights and privileges found upon or in any manner belonging to said tract of land—situate, lying and being in the Kearsarge Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California. All of which is more particularly described by the diagrams and notices posted in this office and on the claim.

WILSON BUTLER, Register.

au26n61m3

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THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

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Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

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Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.

ap29n44m4

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ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. Is prepared to attend to the repairing of Guns and Pistols. Jewrely manufactured to order. n7tf

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Volume II. INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA: DECEMBER 9, 1871. Number 76.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,.....December 9, 1871.

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Attorney and Counselor at Law
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [y9tf

SURVEYOR.

WM. McBRIDE,
UNITED STATES MINERAL DEPUTY SURVEYOR for the Counties of Inyo and Mono, California. Office at Benton. no4n71y1

BREWERIES.

PIONEER & GERMANIA
BREWERIES,
—AT—
Independence & Lone Pine.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THESE ESTABLISHMENTS respectfully notify the public that they are still in the field, and engaged in making a superior quality of
"Bully Lager Beer,"
Which they will deliver, at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine, Independence and vicinity, at the most reasonable rates.
MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS
oc26-6m Proprietors

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BLANK BOOKS,
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MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,
CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, Etc., Etc.,
And Everything in his Line Cheap.
ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.
Store in Post Office Building,
AURORA, - - - - - - - - NEVADA

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC
Insurance Company
Of San Francisco.
Fire and Marine.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.
J. HUNT, President.
A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.
HARRIS & RHINE,
AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms.
October 14, 1871. oc14n68m3

THE MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.
Of New York.
Organized 1842.
Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.
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Assets July, 1870, $11,000,000 Cash
THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.
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Independence, Cal., October 14, 1871.
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A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE
BIG PINE SAW MILL.
Great Inducements to the Public.
The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.
Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of timber from 10 to 32 feet
At Short Notice.
BILL & BRO.
Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fc4n32 6m*

BLACK ROCK
SAW MILL.
SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER,
SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,
SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, June 17, 1871. 151m6

SALOONS.

THE BOOMERANG
SALOON.
Swansea, - - - - - Cal.
B. P. TASKER, Proprietor.
The "Boomerang" is now open for business. The best of drinkables, cigars and etceteras, always on hands for dispensation at the smallest possible remuneration.
Swansea, Cal., Sept. 30, 1871. y2n66tf

PIONEER SALOON,
LONE PINE, CAL.,
C. D. BEGOLE, - - - Proprietor.
HAVING THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND refitted this popular place of resort, the proprietor calls attention to the fact that he has now on hand the largest and best stock of
THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,
Ever brought to the county, which he will dispose of over the bar at the usual rates. n61m3

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
A DULTERATION BY WATER BEING NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
au10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

INYO SALOON,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.
HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8tf29-3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The
TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wines and groceries.
DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
b4-32tf

MAY'S SALOON
CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE.
A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY A very description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.
A Fine Billiard Table,
With fittings complete, in connection.
n8m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

EXCELSIOR SALOON,
Benton, Mono Co., Cal.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on cash customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. His the largest and finest stock of
WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS
On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.
R. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.
Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29.57m6

SAZARAC SALOON.
INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.
John Wallace, Proprietor.
Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand.

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.
THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as
BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON
at the lowest possible rates.
LEWIS SCHNEIDER.
At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.
jy15n55m3

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Boot and Shoemaker.
MR. FRED. FISHER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Inyo that he has established a Boot and Shoe Shop, at the old stand
IN LENTELL'S BUILDING,
Where he is prepared to do any kind of work in his line, with neatness and dispatch. The best of French and other stocks constantly on hand. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
no25.54m3 FRED. FISHER.

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BISHOP CREEK
FLOURING MILLS.
ORDERS FOR GRINDING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. Flour and Feed constantly on hand. Also, our favorite brand of
XXX FAMILY FLOUR.
Flour sacks for sale at lowest cash prices. No credit for grinding, and positively
No Business Done on Sunday.
H. RUSSELL.
o21.69.m6

THANKSGIVING IDYL.

[From The Carson Register.]

[Under the above heading the following lines were yesterday written and presented to Lieutenant Governor and State Prison Warden Frank Denver, by Andy Johnson, alias Vandeleur, alias Leydon, who was sent to the State Prison last spring, from Storey county, for ten years for robbing the stage on the Geiger Grade. Johnson is an Englishman by birth, about 48 years of age, an engineer and machinist by trade, and is one of the smoothest and most innocent-looking scoundrels in any prison, and is one of the most expert safe breakers and lock pickers living. The hint contained in the lines is one of the neatest we have ever seen, and Johnson ought to have a rousing turkey dinner.—*Editors Register.*]

The Autumn frosts have come again,
And browned each hill and valley;
While from the north off Winters train,
Their clans begin to rally.

Though September felt the frosty blast,
Which came down to disrobe her,
When Winter reached November past,
And shook hands with October.

The earth has yielded fruit and grain,
From her ten thousand portals—
Enough to raise a hearty strain
Of gratitude from mortals.

That turkey strutting in the yard,
In all his pride and beauty,
Will soon by culinary artists be prepared
To do Thanksgiving duty.

Oh, ye! who, sheltered from the blast
Of this year's bleak November,
With "lines in pleasant places cast,"
Less happy lots remember.

When ye around your board are brought,
To eat Thanksgiving dinners,
Amid your feasting have a thought
Of us less favored sinners.

And after ye shall richly feel,
Where worthy thanks are given,
Pray let one kind, substantial deed
Escort your thanks to Heaven!

House where Men Never Laugh.

How do you think you would like to live fearing every moment to be blown up; not daring to speak loud, to jar anything, for fear of starting an explosion that would send you in an instant to the other world?

You don't think it wou'd be very pleasant? Well, it isn't; yet hundreds of men live in just that state, work, receive pay, and live, year after year, in the very sight of death, as it were; all, that the world may have gunpowder.

You can easily guess that those men go about very quietly, and never laugh.

You know that gunpowder is very dangerous in a gun or near a fire, but perhaps you don't know that it is equally dangerous all through the process of making.

A powder mill is a fearful place to visit, and strangers are very seldom allowed to go into one. They are built far from any town, in the woods, and each branch of the work is done in a separate building.

These houses are quite a distance from each other, so that if one blows up it won't blow up the rest. Then the lower parts of the building are made very strong, while the roofs are very lightly set on. So that if it explodes, only the roof will suffer.

But, in spite of every care, sometimes whole settlements of the powder mills will go off almost in an instant, and every vestige of the work of years will be swept away in a few seconds.

But though you feel like holding your breath to look at it, it is really a very interesting process to see. It is made, perhaps you know, of charcoal, saltpeter and brimstone. Each of these articles is prepared in a house by itself; but the house where they are mixed is the first terrible one. In this building is an immense millstone, rolling round and round in an iron bed. In this bed, and under the stone, are put the three fearful ingredients of gunpowder. There they are throughly mixed and ground together.

This is a very dangerous operation, because if the stone comes in contact with its iron bed, it is very apt to strike fire, and the merest suspicion of a spark would set off the whole. The materials are spread three or four inches thick in the bed; the wheel, which goes by water power, is started, and every man leaves the place. The door is shut and the machinery is left to do its terrible work alone. When it has run long enough, the mill is stopped, and the men come back. This operation leaves the powder in hard lumps or cakes.

The next house is where these cakes are broken up into grains, and of course is quite as dangerous as the last one. But the men can't go way from this, they are obliged to attend to it every moment; and you may be sure no laugh or joke is ever heard within its walls. Every one who goes in has to take off his boots and put on rubbers, because one grain of powder crushed by the boot would explode the whole in an instant.

The floor of this house is covered with leather, and is made perfectly black by the dust of the gunpowder. It contains a set of sieves, each one smaller than the last, through which the powder is sifted, and an immense ground and laboring mill, where it is ground up, while men shovel it in with wooden shovels. The machinery makes a great deal of noise, but the men are silent, as in the other houses. The reckless crashing of the machinery even seems to give greater horror, and one is very glad to get out of that house.

The glazing house comes next. Glazing is done by mixing black lead with the powder to give it a black and shining look. The powder is put into barrels, which revolve for several hours. That polishes the grains by their rubbing together. The black lead is put with them and they revolve several hours more. Of course the dust flies from all these operations, and the workman, silent, like the rest, look like very black negroes, working in the blackest of powder, in a room whose walls and floors are blacker than the rest, if possible. It has a very singular look to a stranger, and, added to the horrible silence, makes one feel that the whole world had gone into mourning. Often, the gunpowder, revolving so rapidly in the barrels, gets very hot; so this, too, is a dangerous operation.

The stoving house is the next on the list, and there the gunpowder is heated on wooden trays. It is very hot and no workmen stay there. From there it goes to the packing house, and is put up in barrels, kegs and canisters.

Safely through all these houses, it goes at last to the storehouse. One feels like drawing a long breath to see the fearful stuff safely packed away, out of the hands of men, in this curious house.

You've heard of things being dry as a powder house, but you wouldn't think this house very dry. It is almost imbedded in water. The roof is one big tank kept full of water. Did you ever hear of a water roof before? Instead of steps to go in, there are shallow tanks of water, through which every one must walk to the door.

In none of these powder houses is any light ever allowed except sunlight. The wages are good, the day's work is short, ending always at three or four o'clock. Put the men have a serious look, that makes one think every moment of the danger, and glad to get away.

Though curiosity may take a man once to visit a powder mill, he has no desire to go a second time; and he feels all the rest of his life that for once he has been very near death.

The Stolen Pass.

An editor in Harrisburg, lost his pass on the railroad, and requested the officers of the road to secure the arrest of any man who should present it. The next day he found the pass in the pocket of his Sunday trowsers, and proceeded to take a trip upon it. As soon as he offered it to the conductor, that faithful officer knocked him in the head with his lantern, called in three brakemen and the baggage master, dragged him, despite his frantic struggles, into a baggage car, where a brakeman sat on him, while the conductor battered him up a lot to keep him quiet; and then they searched him to ascertain what other thefts he had been perpetrating. With the exception of a ticket to the circus, that man had upon his person nothing but railroad passes! He had passes over all the main roads, and branch lines, and feeders and sidings in the State of Pennsylvania. He had free tickets over all the railroads in the Eastern, Southern, Middle and Western States, and in four of the Territories. He had a pass over the railroad from Yeddo to to Yokohama, and another from Calcutta to Bengal. He had a letter promising him one on the new road which is proposed in Terra del Fuego, and a manuscript puff which he had written for a man who had assured him that he should have a pass over the road, which the man said he was going to run, under the Mediterranean from Africa to Italy, as soon as it was built. The conductor concluded that he had caught the greatest pass kleptomaniac that the world ever saw. But when he got back to Harrisburg the affair was explained. And now, if there is any one editor in the State who is completely sick of "gentlemanly conductors," that editor resides in the State capitol.

Coolness in Time of Danger.

The Utica Herald contains a thrilling account of how the attaches of a train of cars, by great coolness and presence of mind, united with experience, saved the lives entrusted to their charge:

Four freight cars, heavily laden with lumber and merchandise, had been brought to the junction near Cassville, by a coal train. The freight cars were carelessly uncoupled on a grade of 85 feet to the mile, and immediately began backing toward Utica. They gained momentum at a fearful rate, and all efforts to stop them by throwing rails and other obstructions upon the track were ineffective. A train had left Utica eight minutes before, and all knew that the heavy freight cars would in a few minutes go crashing into its rear. Fortunately the engine of the coal train stood on a switch, and Engineer Ferrel at once determined to give the flying cars a chase. All hands mount to the post of duty, the signal is given, and the fearful race is begun. There is awful danger ahead, for if the workmen should have the rails up, or the flying cars themselves should leave the track, every man would be in eternity in an instant. Mile after mile the chase is kept up, and the locomotive gains inch by inch. At last the fugitives are overtaken; the critical moment has come. A mistake, and all is over; the flying cars will only be hastened in their flight by the collision. But the fireman and the brakeman are reaching down from the rear of the fender, one with the draw-bar, and the other with the coupling-pin. The cars touch; the draw-bar skilfully guided enters the socket, and the pin drops to its place. The danger is over, the speed gradually checked, and in a few minutes the engine and the rescued cars are again climbing the grade to Cassville. The deed of the engineer and his faithful assistants was one of true heroism, and will long be remembered by those in the crowded passenger train, which was but a few hundred feet in advance of them, and whose lives they saved at the imminent risk of their own.

The Bed in Which the Martyred Lincoln Died for Sale.

[From The Washington Chronicle.]

When millions of souls on the free-soil of America and through the civilized world were shocked with the announcement of the assassination of President Lincoln on the eventful night of the 14th of April, 1865, strange to record, amid the agonizing excitement of the occasion one interesting incident connected with his death was passed by and almost entirely forgotten.

When the martyr President received the shot that cost his life and made a nation weep, his attendents removed to the residence nearest Ford's Theater, on Tenth street, directly opposite, occupied by Wm. Peterson. His body was laid on a bed in the room situated on the first floor, and the blood that gushed from his mortal wound stained the sheets and pillows that furnished it. When Lincoln died, and his corpse was removed for interment, the kind lady was thoughtful enough to store away in a place of safety the blood-stained pillows and the spread that had covered his body. He was wrapped in the blood stained sheets and removed to the undertaker's. The bureau which stood in the room at the time of his death remains there still, and bears the marks of a thousand penknives. For months after his death, persons who visited the room, desiring something as a memento, would chip it from this piece of furniture. The bedstead and mattress have been used by the family of Mrs. Peterson ever since.

The pillow-cases, pillow and bed-spread have been preserved until the present day in the condition they were in when taken from Mr. Lincoln's dying couch; and strange to say, indeed, these articles, valuable relics, too, were prized more highly by the wife and children of a foreigner than by a great Government.

Our readers will remember the published accounts of the sudden death of Petersen some months ago. His wife also died recently, leaving five orphan children, and the furniture of the house has been offered for sale.

One of Peterson's daughters, we learn, called upon a prominent official in the Interior Department three days ago, and informed that official that the relics were to be sold, and wished to know if the Government would not purchase them, as she disliked to expose the articles at public auction. The young lady was referred to Commissioner Leggett, that official assuring her that it might be proper for the Government to purchase them for exhibition in the museum of the Patent Office. Parties acquainted with the facts express some surprise that the Government has not obtained possession of these relics long ago.

Projected Railroad.

Our Salt Lake exchanges says that a railroad is projected from Denver City, Colorado, to that place, and that articles of incorporation have been filed. The Eureka Sentinel says the proposed route is from Denver along the course of the South Platt to the Middle Park; thence by the most feasible, direct and advantageous route to Salt Lake City. The road will open up the great timber district lying between the plains and the South Park, and will contribute immensely to the lumber supply of Denver. In the South Park it will traverse for fifty miles a district fabulously rich in placer deposits of gold, that only awaits cheaper transportation, supplies and labor, to be made to contribute millions of dollars to the products of Colorado. It will hasten there the development of the newly discovered silver mines that peremate the northern and western rim of the Park. Passing the crest of the snowy range, it will pierce for a hundred miles a region known to be rich in gold, silver, copper and the baser minerals, interspersed with charming and fertile valleys and vast forests of timber. It will open for settlement and render accessible to commerce, the great basin or valley of Northwestern Colorado, in which are the Green, Grand, White, Snake, and Bear rivers, bordered by millions of acres of the best agricultural and pastural lands in the world.

Returned.

Cap. Charley, Cap. Chim and Doby John, all holding high positions in the Piute Nation, have just returned from Camp McDermitt, where they have been for some days trying to get the Government Officials to agree to furnish the Indians with teams, necessary farming implements, seed, &c., with the view of going into an extensive farming business next Spring. Doby John informs us that they were in a measure successful; that the officers promised to furnish them every thing they may need in that line when the proper time comes. The whole party are going out next week to the mouth of Clear Creek, in Grass Valley, to locate ranches and get ready for the spring.—*Humboldt Register.*

—A dealer in fertilizers, down in Alabama, bragging of his guano, says that a farmer recently put a sample of it into his pocket, in which there happened to be a carpet tack, and started home, on horseback. Before reaching his house his steed broke down, and the farmer was at a loss to discover the cause until he found that the carpet tack had grown to be a long bar of railway iron.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,.....December 9, 1871.

THE RESERVATION SYSTEM.

In accordance with Collyer's Quaker policy, the Government, through Gen. Schofield, promulgates a new order for the management of the Arizona Indians, the text of which order will be fonnd in this issue. If this plan is faithfully executed the whites will have no occasion to find fault. It contemplates ample security for them from Indian depredations and so far so good, but what a mistaken mercy is this plan so far as the Indians themselves are concerned! The humane sensibilities of friend Collyer, as well as people generally, would be much shocked were these miserable Apaches, large and small, sentenced to a speedy death, yet virtually this new order will have precisely that result, except only that their wretched existence will be somewhat prolonged. The Reservation system has proved to be a swindle on the whites, and worse to the red man—to him it is a miserable existence or welcome death, even under the comparatively extended liberties heretofore allowed him. By far the larger portion of those who have tasted the bitterness so closely allied to a life on any of these Reservations, will brave privation and death in any form in order to escape such a horrible existence. Though not given to labor even an Indian can not exist in the apathetic idleness and aimless life such as is entailed upon him on these Reservations. To his active nature it is disease and utter destruction to his kind, even under the most favorable conditions: and now with additional restrictions that are to be imposed upon the wild Apache, who has never yet acknowledged a master, we have a plan marked out impossible to execute without inflicting miseries and cruelties far in excess of anything that would have been necessary had there been no interference with Gen. Crook's programme, which would have resulted in their total subjection, though at the loss of a few lives on both sides, when the survivors could and would have lived on their native wilds free and unmolested as those of this section as well as Idaho and of other localities, where they were originally as untamable as these of Arizona. But the idea that these Apaches that may accept this proffered boon will quietly walk up every twenty-four hours and give the required account of themselves, in appearance and in fact, like so many convicts, is too preposterous for even a philanthropist to entertain. Such a degrading existence, even for a race less proud than these unconquered Apaches, can end in but one way—escape and freedom, or death in the attempt. Will the families held as hostages be put to death in that case? Close confinement for them, where that is in effect already the rule, can afford no additional restraint on the escaped braves, nor prevent them from again taking the war-path. We believe the whole plan will prove a costly failure.

It is high time that the people of the East and elsewhere should disabuse themselves of the notion that the border settlers are naught but blood-thirsty ruffians whose priacipal delight is in death and destruction to "Lo, the poor Indian." Whatever "borderers" may have been in other days, now, as a class, they are inferior to none, neither in point of intelligence, energy, courage, humanity or any good attribute pertaining to an equal number of the highest civilization even of the East. Outrages upon defenseless Indians are sometime perpetrated by a few cowardly scoundrels of the same kind oftener committed by the same class on white people, in every community and are just as much countenanced by the majority in the one case as the other, and just as often punished. The border settler has every reason to desire peaceful relations with the red man, and asks nothing he is not willing to grant to maintain it—that is simply to be let alone. In point of fact and in the nature of existing circumstances there is no cause for war between the races, other than the determination of the red man not to allow the other on his territory, which, so far as the present instance goes can be occupied by both without let or hindrance to either. It rests with the red man as to the manner in which it may be done, so far as the settler is concerned.

Owing to some difference of opinion about a railroad subsidy, there is a proposition on foot to divide Los Angeles county.

AT ISSUE.

The pending question in affairs of State government of the most importance, if we excecpt matters connected with railroad monopolies, certain to come up for consideration in the next Legislature, is that of "fence" or "no fence" law. This question has been generally and extensively discussed not only in California but other States as well, and there be can no question but that the best interests of the country at large imperatively demand the adoption of a trespass or no fence law, for under the present system farming, the chief and most important of all the industries of the country, is subservient to one of only secondary interest. It is simply a relic of the feudal age, a law favoring the rich at the expense, and to the great detriment, of the poor. It necessitates a constant and never ending struggle on the part of the farmer, rich or poor, to provide the necessaries of life, because the profits of his labor are to the last dollar required to build and maintain fences that his neighbor's stock may run at large. To the same end thousands of acres of good land has to remain in idleness that would, under the proposed law, be occupied as homes by men possessing the trifling means needed simply for cultivation were fences not required.

Without attempting even a synopsis of the many arguments that may be adduced favorable to a trespass law, we may be permitted to point out some of the tangible disadvantages of the present system as it affects our own section.

Chiefly if not solely due to the extra expense attached to farming here consequent upon having to fence, many persons who otherwise would have been glad to engage in the business where there is so much good land that may be had free of present cost have been deterred from doing so, while many others already in the possession of partially fenced farms are for that reason compelled to limit the extent of their crops, and the consequence is there is a great deficiency of some farm products that has to be made good by extensive and expensive importations. Of corn alone some 500 tons are to be shipped in here the present Winter, a necessity chargable to the enormous expense of fencing.

Not a hundreth part of the good farming land in this county is now in cultivation, nor will it ever be so long as fences are a prerequsite. It is practicable to obtain an abundance of water to irrigate every foot of it, but it is not to obtain the lumber necessary to secure any respectable amount of it under lawful fence; even if the ordinary expense was no obstacle, the timber in quantities sufficient for the purpose does not exist here. Without a law as proposed there can be no material advance in the agricultural interests of this fertile valley, and every industry must suffer in like ratio.

But few if any of the stock men who have the interests of the country at heart will oppose the passage of a law of the kind spoken of, and as we have no legal representative in the ensuing Legislature it is of the first importance that the matter should be brought before that body through a petition, which should be circulated for signatures at once. The sooner it is attended to the better, and it will devolve upon some one specially interested to take the initiative or it will go by default. In this connection and for other equally important reasons we need a lobby representation. Who will take that matter in hand?

DEATH OF EX-GOVERNOR BIGLER.

The death of this prominent man took place after a lingering illness in Sacramento on the morning of November 27. Governor Bigler drove his team across the plains, accompanied by his wife and young child, in 1849, and located himself in the city where he has since lived and died. He was a man equal to the emergencies of his new life. Though well educated and a lawyer, by profession, he at once sought and obtained employment at any labor that would enable him to earn support for his young family, working for a time loading and unloading steamers and other similar employments.

His sterling qualities and fine talents were soon recognized and acknowledged by his election first to the State Legislature and twice as Governor of the State. Subsequently he was sent as Minister to the Republic of Chili, and in various other responsible positions he has been intimately and prominently identified with the history of our State.

Captured.

Two more of the Prison breakers, Blair and Forrest, have been recaptured. They were found in Downieville. Of the original twenty-nine there are yet nine at large, and quite likely to remain so.

THE NEW INDIAN POLICY.

We are indebted to Major H. C. Egbert, Camp Independence, for a copy of Major General Schofield's order relative to the government of the Arizona Indians. The order reads as follows:

In accordance with authority and orders received from the War Department the following instructions are issued for the government of Indians, subject to military control, in the Territory of Arizona:—

All roving bands of Indians, for which reservations have been set apart by the Indian Commissioner under authority of the President of the United States, will be required to go at once upon their reservations and not to leave them again upon any pretext whatever.

So long as they remain upon their reservations, in due subordination to the government, they will be fully protected and provided for; otherwise they will be regarded as hostile and punished accordingly.

The reservations heretofore set apart will be publicly declared in General Orders from Headquarters Department of Arizona, and an officer of the Army will designated by the Department Commander to act as Indian Agent for each reservation.

All male Indians (old enough to go upon the war-path) will be enrolled, and their names will be recorded in a book, kept for the purpose, with a full and accurate descriptive list of each person. Each Indian will be furnished with a copy of his descriptive list and will be required to carry it always with him.

The numbers of women and children belonging to each head of family will also be recorded opposite his name in the descriptive book.

The presence on the reservation of every male adult will be verified once a day, or oftener if found necessary, to prevent the possibility of any leaving the reservation and returning without the knowledge of the officer in charge. Care will be taken to inform the Indians that this precaution is intended to insure the protection of the innocent and punishment of the guilty, and that it is to their interest to assist in the detection of guilty individuals, so that the whole tribe may not suffer for the crimes of a few.

As far as possible the Indians will be held responsible only for their own individual acts. Punishment will not be inflicted on a tribe for the acts of individuals, unless they are guilty of complicity with the criminals by harboring them or otherwise. But when any enrolled Indian is found absent from his reservation, without permission, all his family will be arrested and held in close custody until he has been captured and panished according to his deserts.

Every Indian found off his reservation without permission, after a time to be fixed by the Department Commander, will be regarded and treated as hostile; and any Indian who shall so leave his reservation shall be presumed to have done so for hostile purposes and upon his return to the reservation shall be punished accordingly. No Indian will be given permission to leave his reservation except upon such conditions as the Department Commander may prescribe.

No persons, excepting those in the United States service, will be allowed upon any Indian reservation without the permission of the officer in charge.

Citizens desiring to enter or cross a reservation for any legitimate purpose will, when it is deemed practicable and proper, be permitted to do so, but will always be escorted by a sufficient detachment of troops to prevent any collision with the Indians.

The ration for issue to adult Indians will consist of one pound of meat and one pound of breadstuff, two quarts of salt to each one hundred rations, and four pounds of soap to each one hundred rations once a week. Rations in half of the above proportions will be issued to children under twelve years of age. Beef will be issued on hoof. An officer will always be present to witness and direct the slaughtering of beef, and the distribution of food among the separate bands and families, and will certify to the Commanding Officer that it is fairly done.

The utmost care will be taken to see that rations are issued only for the number of Indians actually present, and that no opportunity is afforded for the barter of provisions for arms, ammunition, whisky, or anything whatever.

Active operations will be kept up against the hostile Apaches of Arizona and pressed with all possible vigor until they submit to the authority of the government, cease from hostilities and remain upon their reservations. After a reasonable time has been given for all the Apaches to avail themselves of the liberal terms offered by the government, the Department Commander will, in his discretion, make use of the friendly Indians to hunt out and destroy those who remain obstinately hostile.

Full authority is conferred upon the Department Commander to adopt such measures as may be necessary to carry out these instructions, and to give full effect to the policy of the government.

From Visalia.

A dispatch dated at Visalia, November 23d, has these items:

Bacon, the discoverer of the supposed coal mine, brought specimens to town to-day which looked more favorable than the first discovery. It is claimed that the coal brought in to-day is inflamable. The discoverer is fitting out a party and procuring tools to sink on the strata at once. Much interest is manifested in the matter.

E. W. Willet, Secretary of the Visalia and Owens River Telegraph and Wagon Road, left for San Francisco to-day, to negotiate capital for building the road at once. Subscriptions to the stock will be opened here and in Inyo county early next month.

—Bill stickers—Flies.

Breyfogle.

A few days ago we made mention of the departure of a party in search of the great Breyfogle mine. There was but little said about the matter here, but we see the excitement has grown intense in Austin, Virginia City and other places toward sunset. The Reveille, Enterprise, Carson Register and other journals over that way have all devoted column leaders to the prospects of the expedition. We have something later from the front for the edification of our cotemporaries. The expedition has been heard from. A special messenger arrived yesterday. They've got it thicker than—the head of a "last ditch" Democrat. The ledge is 90 feet thick, with 18 carat gold from wall to wall. A winze sunk on a spur disclosed 30 huge cases of twenty dollar pieces, already labeled for San Francisco. The messenger, who has kept very close since reaching town, wears a fifty dollar slug on the heel of each boot. He is after forces. Three hundred men with Henry rifles are wanted, to guard the "pure stuff" until a railroad can be built to carry it to market. The returned Breyfogler is reticent and mysterious, but, through our superior suavity of manner, which has always been recognized as "child-like and bland," we managed to worm out the foregoing facts during the forenoon of yesterday. The account is not exaggerated in the least, and is, in fact, far short of our expectations. We told our readers last week that there was a Richmond in the field this time that would "fetch it." Guess we are no prophet, eh? A special reporter for The Reveille and Enterprise goes with the messenger on his return. He leaves the first dark night.—*Eureka Sentinel.*

Cotton.

Colonel Strong finished picking his crop of cotton on Wednesday last, and informs us that the result of the experiment sums up as follows: The field of cotton consisted of fifty-one acres—measured—from which he gathered seventy-four thousand four hundred and fifty pounds of seed cotton. Thirty acres of the field originally planted in cotton upon which he failed to get a stand, was plowed over and re planted with corn, which yielded nine hundred bushels—worth in the market about $1 50 per bushel. The cotton and corn crop gathered from the eighty acres will sum up about as follows: Cotton, 74,450 pounds at 6 cents per pound, $4,467; corn, nine hundred bushels at $1 50 per bushel, $1,350, making the gross proceeds amount to $5 817. It seems to us that this ought to convince all of the value of Col. Strong's experiment and to induce all who have suitable land to enter into the business of cultivating the staple upon a large scale. The cotton is of excellent quality, being remarkably white and clean, and totally free from stains of any kind. The lint is fine, silky and is sufficiently lengthy to bring it up to a high grade, ranking, perhaps, as "good middling." Col. Strong is busily engaged in making his arrangements for pitching a crop for the next year upon lands owned by Mrs. Stockard, near Hopeton.—*Snelling Argus, November 25.*

Not Guilty.

About 11 o'clock Sunday morning the jury in the case of the State vs. the State Prison convicts Ryan, Flynn, Pruitt, Parsons, McCue, Willis, Cockerell, Clifford, Bigelow, Roth, Squires, Chapman, Roberts, Burke, Carter and Russell, on trial for the murder of F. M. Isaacs, returned a verdict of "not guilty as charged in the indictment," as to all the defendants named. The prisoners were overjoyed, and, as they pinched, punched, nudged, shoved and struck each other, there was a kind of "Oh, no! it ain't us!" sort of expression on their countenances. They are still in the County Jail, and will be brought into Court at 10 o'clock this morning that some action may be taken in relation to the indictment against them for the murder of Matt Pixley. Certain it is, however, they will not be tried at this term of Court, as the term expires by limitation on Saturday next.—*Carson Register, Nov 27.*

Playful.

The eighteen convicts who have recently been on trial in the District Court at Carson, for the murder of F. M. Isaacs, were returned to the State Prison yesterday afternoon. The Register says they were taken down in two coaches, or rather mud-wagons. In one of the wagons were Clifford, Burke, Flynn, Ryan, and four or five others. They were all chained, and each had on a pair of handcuffs when they left the Sheriff's office, but on arriving at the prison Burke had on all the handcuffs, the others having their hands free. They returned to their old quarters reluctantly, but could not resist the temptation to indulge in a little playfulness on the road.—*Gold Hill News, Nov. 29.*

The Branch Mint.

Supervising Architect Mullet, at Washington, reports that the progress of the work on the Branch Mint at San Francisco, California, has been satisfactory, and it will, unless any unforseen obstacle occurs, be completed during the ensuing season. The estimates for this building, as well as for all others on the Pacific coast, will be prepared on the basis of disbursements in coin. The Department having, however, decided that all payments must be made in currency, the amount of the appropriation must be increased accordingly with the addition. The estimates will be found correct and the work be finished at an early day, and as soon as necessary machinery can be completed, for which an appropriation must be made.

—You can't get blood from a stone, but you can get money from a brick.

PACIFIC COAST READAGRAMS.

The weather has been extremely stormy in the Salt Lake mines, and on the plains east of the mountains. A number of persons have perished in the deep snows. The inhabitants of Alta, Utah, have to dig themselves in and out of their houses through snow ten feet deep. Snow slides are common.

It is said that Brigham Young is on his return to Salt Lake to stand his trial for "brighamy," which was to begin on the 4th instant.

The Central Pacific Company have purchased the Stockton and Copperopolis railroad. This gives them control of all the railroads in the State except the Los Angeles and San Pedro.

The Hawes contested will case has occupied the attention of newspaper reporters and the San Francisco public for about two weeks. The evidence goes to prove that Hawes was crazy, in which case the will will be broken.

Extensive preparations are being made to give the Grand "Juke" a fitting reception in San Francisco. A military reception, banquet and ball are spoken of.

In the election for State Senator to fill vacancy occasioned by Pacheco's resignation, Van Ness, Democrat, beats Brinkerhoff, Republican, by a small majority.

In Martinez, November 25th, the case of the people vs. Mrs. James Sullivan, indicted for the murder of her husband's brother at Bay Point, in Contra Costa county, on the 28th of October last, caused by an attempt on her virtue, having been on trial for two days, was ended by a verdict of "not guilty," the jury being out but five minutes.

Governor Safford, of Arizona, writes that a silver mine has been discovered in the Pinal mountains, the ore from which assays $10,000 per ton.

EASTERN NEWS.

Two hundred Kuklux were to be arraigned for trial at Raleigh, N. C., on the 27th instant. Some of them say Frank P. Blair is the head of the organization in the United States, and that General Forrest and Wade Hampton are high officers in it.

North Carolina, by the Governor's message just sent in to the Legislature, owes a debt of $34,800,000, most of which was voted to plundering railway corporations. There is a strong party in the State in favor of repudiation. A resolution to this effect has been offered in the lower house of the Legislature.

The corner stone of the Iowa State Capitol was laid at Des Moines November 23.

The weather is very cold all over the Western States; snow has fallen at St. Louis.

Connolly is still under arrest at the New York Hotel. The most strenuous efforts were made to procure bail, but without success.

A dispatch of The New York Herald from Washington professes to give the leading features of the President's message. It is said the message will recommend the abolition of all internal taxes except on spirits, malt liquors and tobacco, in every form. A general recommendation is made for a revision of the tariff. No material change in the Indian policy will be urged. There will be a brief reference to the Kuklux, but the details will be left to the Attorney-General. The results of the labors of the High Joint Commission will be the subject of congratulation.

It is the belief at Washington that General O. O. Howard, late of the Freedman's Bureau, will be called upon to succeed General Ord in command of the Pacific department.

DIED.

At Independence, Inyo County, California, on the morning of December 4, 1871, of excessive hemorrhage, Mrs. JANE C. SQUIRES, aged 32 years, 11 months and 26 days.

There are many dejected hearts throughout the length of our valley, plunged into the deepest sorrow, mourning the sad, untimely death recorded above. The deceased was one of the earliest of the brave-hearted lady pioneers of Inyo, and endured every privation and discomfiture incident to those days—ever cheerful and forbearing, endearing herself to all by her pure, intrinsic worth, and most loved by those who knew her best. Three little ones are left to do life's battle without the protecting care which so distinguished this exemplary wife and model mother. With these and the bereaved husband rests the profoundest sympathies of the entire community.

At the residence of Alexander Matlock, Bishop Creek, November 19, MICHAEL SHEER, a native of Germany; aged 85 years.

Coshocton and Knox county, Ohio, papers please copy.

BORN.

At Bishop Creek, November 29, to the wife of Frank Shaw, a daughter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against A. Peterson and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the said State and County known and described as possessory claim section 8, northwest quarter, situate, lying and being east of the possessory claim of John Clark, Bishop Creek, duly attested the Fourth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on SATURDAY, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 12 o'clock M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder for bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

December 9th, 1871. d9n76t3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FACTS
LITTLE KNOWN RELATIVE TO LIFE INSURANCE.

LOSSES PAID ON THE PACIFIC COAST UNDER the Massachusetts Law by the NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL Life Insurance Company, of Boston:

Name.	Residence.	Prem. Overdue at Time of Death.	Am't Paid.
A. C. E. Miller	Portland, Oregon	Six Months	$5,000
J. W. Jones	Colusa, Cal.	Four Months	10,000
J. B. Baldwin	Colusa, Cal.	Three Months	1,000
G. L. Potter	Virginia, Nev.	Ten Days	2,500
L. G. Peel	Walnut Creek, Cal.	Eleven Months	5,000
J. H. Calden	Princeton, Cal.	Four Months	3,000
J. Levison	Boise City, I. T.	Two Months	10,000
C. W. Salter	Horr's Ranch, Cal.	Two Months	5,000
C. O. Stevens	Danville, Cal.	One Month	5,000

The Main Points of the Law under which the above Claims were Paid:

No Insurance on Life shall be forfeited by non-payment of premium.

The net value of the Policy shall be ascertained at the time of the lapse of premium, and be considered a net single premium of temporary insurance.

If the death of the party occurs within the term of temporary insurance, the Company shall be bound to pay the whole Policy the same as if there had been no lapse of premium; provided, the Company shall have the right to deduct from the face of the Policy the amount of premiums due, with interest, at the date of death.

THE NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Was incorporated in 1835. It has accumulated assets of

$10,000,000 00.

The premiums of this Company are the same as those of Companies that compel the insured to forfeit what they have paid in case of non-payment of premium when due.

WALLACE EVERSON

GENERAL AGENT,

Office, Northeast Corner of California and Sansome Streets, San Francisco.

d9n76m1

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

HARRIS & RHINE,

Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.

d9n76m10

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.,
December 4, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY warrants will please present the same for ment. Interest will cease from date.

ON THE COUNTY GENERAL FUND

No.	Drawn in favor of	Amount.
234	W A Greenley	$500 00
223	A C Hanson	250 00
235	C D Begole	75 00
237	J R Hughes	75 00
238	D D Gunnison	19 00
243	J M Joslin	37 50
244	A C Hanson	250 00
245	W L Moore	55 00
246	S P Moffat	160 00
247	P W Bennett	125 00
248	C D Begole	75 00
249	John R Hughes	75 00
252	I. A Talcott	274 44
253	C M Joslin	37 50
168	T J Goodale	18 00
254	A C Hanson	250 00
261	W L Moore	243 00
256	S P Moffat	200 00

ON THE CONTINGENT FUND.

459	A B Elder	259 00
462	C Mulkey	121 75
526	S P Moffat	29 75
455	S P Moffat	94 50
517	I. Firestone	8 00
518	W G Squires	72 25
522	A B Elder	37 75
535	W T Grant	32 00
537	W T Grant	32 00
588	S P Moffat	180 00
591	J A Lank	60 00

ON THE BUILDING FUND.

305	John Broder	500 00
306	John Broder	500 00
307	John Broder	200 00

ON THE HOSPITAL FUND.

532	C B White	110 00
523	J J Rogers	142 00
524	H Marriott	15 00
596	C B White	155 00
597	J J Rogers	203 00

ON THE ROAD FUND

152	Alexander & Chaquette	100 00
153	Alexander & Chaquette	118 66
188	Robert Gourley	380 00

ON THE MONO DEBT FUND.

Amount on hand for liquidation of bonds and coupons 2 369 24

I. HARRIS.
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

d9n76t4

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,.....December 9, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Grand Cash.

County Treasurer Harris last Monday received from Deputy Tax Collector Talcott the largest sum ever paid into the treasury at one time, viz. $15,492 18—and the result is that the holders of a [illegible] county warrants will realize [illegible] as may be seen by the official list of "warrants payable," published elsewhere. The State gobbles a portion, and the schools get a lift. Following we give the apportionment to the different funds, per statement furnished us by Deputy Treasurer Isaacs:

Amount.....		$15,492 18
To County General Fund.....	2,860 66	
" Road "	763 11	
" General School "	1,855 59	
" Contingent "	763 11	
" Hospital "	763 11	
" Building "	1,271 85	
" Sinking "	610 49	
" State General "	4,493 59	
" Mono Debt	2,111 27	
		$15,492 18

It is a Fact worth Knowing

That there is a Life Insurance Company during business on this coast whose policies are guaranteed against forciture by the laws of the State in which it was incorporated. The great benefit of holding a life policy in this company has been plainly demonstrated by the number of claims it has paid on lapsed policies. All prudent persons desiring insurance should read the list of lapsed policies paid by the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Boston, to be found in another column of this paper. "A word to the wise is sufficient."

School Money.

We are indebted to County Superintendent Symmes for the following statement of the several amounts of cash apportioned to the different school districts:

Amount subject to apportionment.....$1,941 06

DISTRICTS	NO. CHILDREN.	AP'M'T
Bishop Creek.....	58.....	$444 99
Independence.....	28.....	214 82
Lone Pine.....	77.....	583 09
Milton.....	25.....	191 80
Round Valley.....	25.....	191 80
Union.....	41.....	314 56
Amounts.....	253.....	$1,941 06

Probable Loss of Cattle.

The early and very unexpected deep snow in the mountains causes a well-founded alarm for the safety of hundreds of cattle, which have been allowed to remain too long upon their Summer ranges. A report from Bishop Creek brings us word that the snow is six feet deep in Long Valley, while there are about 2,000 head of cattle remaining there. A road was being cut to them, but their recovery is a matter of serious doubt. It is also said that several men who are known to be with them are unheard of.

Good Strikes.

An extensive of rich ore is reported in the Whittekind, one of the leading mines on the other side of Buena Vista Hill, Cerro Gordo. The Belmont is also taking out more than usual quantities of good rock. In the Jefferson a good body of lead has just been opened, through the Buena Vista tunnel, and from the Omega tunnel about 20 tons of ore is coming from the newly developed cross ledge, daily.

Late Mail.

On account of the heavy snow, last week the usual Thursday night mail, from which we glean our compilation of Pacific Coast, Eastern and Foreign news, failed to arrive until Friday night, too late for the papers to come under the editorial scissors. At Aurora the snow reached the depth of four feet, and at Adobe Meadows about eighteen inches, while at Bishop Creek there was none to speak of.

Hay.

This commodity has lately advanced to a price almost unprecedented in this county—$50 per ton, at and below Lone Pine, with strong probabilities of soon reaching $60. This result has been brought about through a "corner" by opposition freighters, rather by an unusual scarcity of the article.

Get the Best.

Read the new advertisement of the Florence Sewing Machines, presented this week. Parties using them have never failed to proclaim their superiority over all others. Messrs. Harris & Rhine are the agents for this section of the country, from whom they may be purchased.

Wine.

We acknowledge the reception of several samples, in long-necked bottles, of native wine, from Charley Begole, of Lone Pine. We presume it is in commemoration of a wedding, but the donors failed to furnish us with the names of the matrimonial victims.

Base Ball.

If any ex-base ballists should feel like exercising their muscle, or desire a few fingers knocked out of joint, let them appear upon the street to-morrow afternoon, for a friendly toss. Can't we get up a club?

Special Meeting.

An adjourned meeting of Independence Engine Co. No. 1 will be held at the Sazarac Saloon next Monday night.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Second Sunday in the Month.

Independence—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 11 A. M.; Sunday School at 2 P. M.; prayer meeting at the parsonage on Saturday at 7 P. M. George's Creek—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 1 P. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 7 P. M.; Sunday School at 11 A. M.; prayer meeting on Thursday at 7 P. M. Eclipse Mine—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 7 P. M.; class meeting at 9 A. M.

Jeff on the Railroad.

"Look a heah boss, I warnt to ax you a question! I's a good ways from home and I warnt to know if I's on the right track?" "Where do you want to go, uncle?" we asked. "To Fort Gibson, way down in Arkansaw, sah. Now boss I's ignorant, an wants to know if I's on the right kear for Cincinnati?" We assured our sable friend he was all right for Cincinnati, when he broke loose as follows. "Look a heah, boss, I doesen't know nuthin' when I's away from home—clean fac sah; when I st rted out from Washington city I had a long string ob dese heah—exhibiting that portion of his through tickets which had not been taken up. Ebery now and den a gemmen comes round and tars off a little piece—tell you sah it's gittin mighty short. 'Fraid it ain't gwine to hold out till I gits through!"

FOREIGN NEWS.

At a mass meeting in Bristol, England, resolutions were passed against monarchy.

The Prince of Wales has been very ill, so much so that at one time it was thought he could not recover. He is now said to be convalescent.

Report says the Russian Grand Duke's visit to the United States has relation to an alliance in the event of a European war. Russia believes that with the aid of our privateer navy she could defy all Europe.

George P. Marsh, our Minister to Italy, has set up his establishment at Rome.

The Emperor of Germany accepts the position of arbiter between the United States and England on the question of boundary at Vancouver island.

There is great anxiety manifested in Paris to know the fate of some of the Communist prisoners.

A destructive fire occurred in Guatemala city on the 4th.

There is an uneasy state of public affairs in Peru. The press is under a censorship and a revolt is threatened.

The revolution has become general in Mexico, and Juarez has asked Congress for extraordinary power to meet possible emergencies.

The steamer New London was totally destroyed by fire in the river Thames. A portion of the passengers and crew were lost by throwing themselves into the river.

A Remarkable Well.

The Alemeda Encinal of November 25th relates this case of water seeking and its happy result:

Some time ago Mrs. William Taylor, fearing that the supply of water on her premises might run out, employed an artesian well-borer to sink a well on her premises, located on High street, and running down to San Leandro bay. After boring unsuccessfully in the neighborhood of 200 feet he became thoroughly discouraged, and determined to give it up as a bad job. Acting upon this resolve he proceeded to withdraw the shaft, and had drawn it up about fourteen feet, when lo! the sparkling water gushed forth in abundance, and the mystery was solved—he had penetrated beyond the water level. It is now some months since the stream of water commenced to flow, and the supply has ever been regular and constant. The water is pure, clear and soft. Mrs. Taylor has fashioned a neat diamond shaped lake, which is now kept constantly filled, and there is not the slightest indication of decrease in the supply of the aqueous fluid. We might take a text from this well and preach a sermon upon the necessity of sinking a similar one somewhere on Park street. But why preach? Every citizen and property-owner in town knows that in case of an excessive fire we are entirley at its mercy—that every dwelling-house and store-house in Alameda might be swept away in a night: and all for a lack of the easiest obtained preventive in the world—water, in abundance. Let some of our citizens visit the premises of Mrs. Taylor, and see for themselves how simple a thing it is to obtain a full supply of water, and considering the benefit, at what an inconsiderable cost it may be had. Speaking of Mrs. Taylor's grounds, we are reminded that the third crop of bearded barley is now standing on some of the land so bounteously irrigated by her artesian well.

Kern, Inyo and Santa Barbara Railroad.

Only a slight examination of the topography of the coast range of mountains, the only considerable obstacle between Santa Barbara and the Kern and Inyo mining regions, has led to surprising results. It is now evident that an outlet for this vast mining region can be opened through these mountains at an incredibly small outlay of capital, as the reader will perceive. On inquiring of hunters and others, we find that two intersecting canons divide the chain in such a way that no difficulty will be experienced in penetrating to the heart of the mountain at low altitude, where the range will be pierced by a short tunnel, which will reach a spur of the mountain extending into the plain on the north, affording a gradual descent on the plain which lies between this range and the mining regions named. On learning these things, our readers may imagine that we have become quite enthusiastic on the subject of a railroad from the magnificent harbor of Santa Barbara to the inexhaustible mining regions of Kern and Inyo. No one having the least geographical information need be told that Santa Barbara is the natural outlet for all this vast and invaluable region back of us. The only obstacle to be overcome is the coast range of mountains, and as intimated above, that now appears to be almost conquered by nature herself. It should have been stated in connection, that the point at which the tunnel will pierce the mountain, it is very thin and composed of soft sandstone which is easily excavated. It is well understood that capital outside of Santa Barbara will be immediately invested in this enterprise, if the project shall prove at all feasible. By another week we shall make personal examination of the route proposed. We now certainly expect to see a narrow-gauge railroad pierce these mountains and connect us with Kern and Inyo counties.—*Santa Barbara Press, Nov. 25.*

WOOD WANTED.

500 CORDS OF WOOD WANTED AT THE Eclipse Mill. For particulars inquire of HENRY TREGELLES, Manager.

WANTED

AT THE BIG PINE SAW MILL A MAN THAT can saw shingles on one of Huntington's Shingle Machines. By BELL & BRO.

Also, an ox-teamster to drive about the farm. no25n74t3

HOTELS.

NEW RESTAURANT.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the public that he has just opened a restaurant, on

Edwards Street, opposite Harris & Rhine's Store,

where he holds himself in readiness to furnish meals in the best style the market can afford, at all hours of the day or night. Travelers by the morning stages can always obtain an early breakfast by leaving notice on the previous evening. no11n72m6 J. G. BONDS.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

JOSEPH SEELY, Proprietor.

THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN HOTEL, HAVING changed hands, the proprietor would respectfully announce that the house will be carried on in first-class style. October 1, 1871. o7n67m6

INYO HOTEL.

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA.

W. G. SQUIRES, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. Stables attached. October 17, 1870. o15v13m

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress. Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

ORLEANS HOTEL,

LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.

D. J. CANTY, Proprietor

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a

Bar Attached,

Which has constantly on hand the choicest of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

FRENCH RESTAURANT

—AND—

ONE BIT SALOON.

PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edwards street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—drinks, 12½ cents. no196m*

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

MAKE THE LITTLE ONES HAPPY,

....AND....

BE LIBERAL ALL ROUND

—THE FIRM OF—

WOOD & COHEN

....AT....

Masonic Hall Building,

Have recently received a splendid stock of

Holiday Presents,

TOYS,

FANCY GOODS,

Etc., Etc.,

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE DISPOSED OF AT the most reasonable rates. Attention is also directed to their

NEW AND COMPLETE

—Stock of—

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS,

FURNISHING GOODS,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

Attached to the store is also a Merchant Tailoring Establishment, wherein is kept a large assortment of the finest

Woolen Cloths, Flannels,

Etc., ever brought to the country.

You can have clothing

MADE TO ORDER,

Both members of the firm being

PRACTICAL TAILORS,

All orders will be guaranteed.

"A stitch in time saves nine."

CLOTHING

CLEANED and REPAIRED

With neatness and dispatch, at the

MOST REASONABLE RATES

The public are cordially invited to give us a call.

WOOD & COHEN.

Independence, December 2, 1871. v2n66ly.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER. Independence, Cal., October 21, 1871. n69tf.

PAINTING.

PAINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW PREPARED TO do all kinds of

SIGN, ORNAMENTAL

....AND....

PLAIN PAINTING,

In the best style. Picture frames made to order, varnishing, etc. Shop on Edwards street. Orders left at THE INDEPENDENT office will be promptly attended to. no11n72m3 T. A. GARDNER

TRAVELING.

INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

CERRO GORDO STAGE LINE

Via. Lone Pine.

J. EARL & CO., - Proprietors.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE ABOVE well known line will make DAILY TRIPS, running as follows: Leave Independence every day at 5 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 8 A. M., Swansea at 12 M and Cerro Gordo at 5 P. M. Also, leave Cerro Gordo at 7 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 12 M. Leaves Lone Pine at 2 P. M. and arrives at Independence at 5 P. M. Carries passengers, mail and express.

Agents—Independence, J. B. White; Lone Pine, Dan. Canty; Cerro Gordo, Barrows & Dodd. October 14, 1871. o14 68m3

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870. Trains will run as follows, leaving WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M. LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

First class passenger cars will run regularly.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles. n29-1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

AND GENERAL

Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.

Have all goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.

WM. M. OSBORN. jy15-55n3

TIN SMITH.

INYO PIONEER

TIN SHOP,

OF INDEPENDENCE.

WELCH & STEVENS,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all. Have just received a fine lot of

PARLOR AND COOKING

STOVES,

Which we offer

CHEAP, FOR CASH.

WELCH & STEVENS. Independence, Dec. 2, 1871. n75 f

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. Is prepared to attend to the repairing of Guns and Pistols. Jewrely manufactured to order. n70tf

BABBITT METAL.

PARTIES DESIRING A QUANTITY OF BABBITT metal can be supplied at low rates on application at this office.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for County Scrip. jy22n66m3 J. B. ROWLEY.

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

arine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents. Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20-n47tf

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF Inyo, State of California. In the matter of the estate of Margaret E. George, deceased. In the Probate Court of the County of Inyo. The People of the State of California send Greeting: In pursuance of an order of the Hon. A. C. Hanson, Probate Judge of the County aforesaid, duly made and entered on the 29th day of November, 1871, Notice is hereby given that WEDNESDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court Room at Court House, in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, has been appointed as the time and place for hearing the application of John Broder, P. Reddy and S. P. Moffat, praying that a document now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of Margaret E. George, deceased, be admitted to probate; and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to John Broder, P. Reddy and S. P. Moffat, who are named therein as Executors, at which time and place all persons interested may appear and contest the same.

It is further ordered by the Court that notice hereof be made by publication for at least ten days previously to said 13th day of December, 1871, in THE INYO INDEPENDENT, the Litigant Paper for said County.

Witness my hand and the Seal of said Probate Court hereunto affixed this 29th day of November, A. D. 1871. [SEAL] de2n75t4 S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY of Inyo, State of California. In the matter of the estate of John A. Mallon, deceased. Notice is hereby given that John A. Lank, Public Administrator, has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition praying for Letters of Administration of the estate of John A. Mallon, deceased, and that WEDNESDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M. being a day of a regular term of said Court, to wit: of the December term, A. D. 1871, at the Court Room in the town of Independence, in the County of Inyo, State of California, has been fixed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why said petition should not be granted.

[SEAL] S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk. November 28, 1871. de2n75t2

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF THOMAS MASON, deceased. It is hereby ordered that George Smith, Administrator of said estate, be and he is hereby authorized to sell at public auction all of the real estate belonging to the estate of Thomas Mason, deceased; and that the THIRTIETH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 1 o'clock P. M., in front of Seth G. Sneden's store, on Bishop Creek, be the time and place for said sale. And it is further ordered that this notice be published in THE INYO INDEPENDENT, a newspaper published in Inyo County and State of California, for four weeks

A. C. HANSON, County Judge and ex officio Probate Judge. de2n75t4

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of P. W. Bennett, plaintiff, against A. H. Dorr, defendant, duly attested the Sixteenth day of November, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described real property, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of the said defendant A. H. Dorr in and to three thousand lineal feet in that certain quartz vein or lode commonly known as the "Santa Maria" vein or lode, situate, lying and being in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine Mining District, County of Inyo, State of California; also, all the right, title and interest the said defendant A. H. Dorr may have acquired by virtue of a conveyance from John Simpson et. als. of eight hundred undivided lineal feet in and to a certain location made on said "Santa Maria" vein or lode, and commonly known as the "Friedburg No. 1," said "Friedburg No. 1" situate, lying and being in the Upper Town of Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine Mining District, County and State aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE EIGHTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, I will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff. By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff. November 25, 1871. no25n74t3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of J. H. Muller vs. the Kearsarge Mining Company, a corporation doing business in the County of Inyo, duly attested the sixteenth day of November, A. D. 1871, I have levied upon the following described real property, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of the said defendant in and to a certain quartz mill and appurtenances commonly known as the Kearsarge Mill, situate, lying and being in the county of Inyo, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE EIGHTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 1 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, County of Inyo, I will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder or bidders for cash.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff. By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff. November 23, 1871. no25n74t3.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THE WATER COURSE BELONGING to Camp Independence, Cal., has been repeatedly obstructed by parties without authority, notice is hereby given that offenders will in future be prosecuted for so doing.

HARRY C. EGBERT, Captain 12th Infantry, Commanding Post. Camp Independence, Nov. 19th, 1871. no25n74t3

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Boot and Shoemaker.

MR. FRED. FISHER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Inyo that he has established a Boot and Shoe Shop, at the old stand

IN LENTELL'S BUILDING,

Where he is prepared to do any kind of work in his line, with neatness and dispatch. The best of French and other stocks constantly on hand. Orders from a distance promptly attended to. no25n74m3 FRED. FISHER.

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK

FLOURING MILLS.

ORDERS FOR GRINDING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. Flour and Feed constantly on hand. Also, our favorite brand of

XXX FAMILY FLOUR.

Flour sacks for sale at lowest cash prices. No credit for grinding, and positively

No Business Done on Sunday.

H. RUSSELL. o21n69m6

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates. LEWIS SCHNEIDER. At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence. jy15n55m3

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:
Saturday,.....December 9, 1871.

SQUIBLETS.

—Slip knots—Lovers' ties.

—Dark ages—Ladies ages.

—Switch tenders—Hair pins.

—A vein pursuit—Mining.

—A day of reckoning—Saturday.

—An universal want—Want of money.

—"Home rule"—Petticoat government.

—A cure for dissipation—Stay at homeopathy.

—A man ought to keep out of trade if he can't get tin.

—May a turkey be said to be a ghost when its a gobblin'?

—"A fool's revenge"—on wit—"Rather far-fetched, eh?"

—A warning for fashionable assemblies—Look out for paint.

—It does not follow that the man who bolts his food will have the lock-jaw.

—To make hens lay—Tie their legs together so they can't stand up.—*Greeley.*

—If a man can not learn by experience, why is he like a laurel?—Because he is an evergreen.

—Why is a shoeblack like a clever schoolmaster?—Because he polishes the understandings.

—"I want to be an angel" was played as an introduction to Ben Butler's Haverhill speech.

—An experienced dark nurse says "It isn't much trouble to take care o sick pussens; most on 'em don't want any thing, and if they do they can't get it."

—Why is a donkey that can not hold his head up, like next Monday?—Because its neck's week.

—Why is buttermilk like something which never happened?—Because it hasn't a curd (occurred).

—You can't get blood from a stone, but you can get money from a brick.

—A young lady whose feelings were "all worked up" has ordered a fresh supply.

—If the duck goes into the water for divers reasons, does he come on land for sun-dry purposes?

—A man who gave a bit of his mind to another has since been punished for a breach of the piece.

—Why is a brutal husband like a dissatisfied cabman?—Because he frequently abuses his fair.

—A drummer is the fastest time in the world; because time beats all men, and a drummer beats time.

—A Cincinnat horse doctor advertises to teach a horse to sing. But we have enough one horse singers already.

—Josh Billings says: "Never do any work before breakfast. If it is necessary to work before breakfast, have your breakfast first."

—An Irish soldier, who had been abroad, being asked if he met with much hospitality, replied, "Oh, yes, too much; I was in the hospital most all the time."

—Somebody wrote to Horace Greeley inquiring the best method of preserving farm tools. The philosopher advised the best loaf sugar, pound for pound, and boil one hour.

—An Irish doctor advertises that persons afflicted with deafness may hear of him in a house on Liffy street, where also blind persons may see him daily from 3 till 10 o'clock.

—A German advocate is said to have pleaded for his client in the following way: "He has killed his father and mother, and now he is an orphan. Poor fellow! We ought to protect him."

—The Indian who lassoed the locomotive and was thereby transported to the happy hunting ground, has lately had a rival in a brother red man, who, after a too free indulgence in "fire water," built his wigwam on the railroad near St. Paul, Minn., but had most disastrous luck in attempting to stop a freight train.

Josh Billings on Milk.

I want to say something.

I want to say something in reference to milk as a fertilizer.

There are various kinds ov milk—sweet milk, sour milk, skim milk, butter-milk, cow milk, and the milk of human kindness, but the mostest best milk iz the milk that hasn't the most water in it. Buttermilk izzent the best milk for butter.

Milk is spontaneous, and has done more to encourage the growth of human folks than other likwid.

Milk is lacteal; it is also aquatic while under the patronage of milk venders.

Milk iz mysterious. Cokernut has never been solved yet.

Milk iz also another name for human kindness.

Milk and bread is a pleasent mixture.

Sometimes, if milk is allowed to stand too long, a scum rises to the surface, which is apt to skare fokes that live in cities, but it duzzent follow that the milk iz nasty: this scum is called kreme by fokes who inhabit the country.

Kreme iz the parent of butter, and butter is 70 cents a pound!

The most common milk in use, without any doubt, is skim milk. Skim milk is made by skimming the milk, which iz considered sharp practiss.

Milk is obtained from cows, hogs, woodchux, rats, squirrels, and all other animals that have hair. Snaix and geese don't give milk.

I forgot to state, in conclusion, that cow's milk, if well watered, brings ten cents per quart.

DRUGS ETC.

INYO DRUG STORE.

Pioneer Establishment of this Kind in Lone Pine

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES
....AND....
PATENT MEDICINES
NEWLY ARRIVED.

ALSO, AN EXTENSIVE ASSOPTMENT OF Perfumes, Soaps, Cosmetics, Fine Essences for the Hankerchief, Pure Cologne and Florida Water, Bay Rum and Yankee Soap for barbers, Brushes and a number of other Toilet Articles, both for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Prescriptions,

and all orders by mail or express carefully and promptly filled, and forwarded immediately. Especial attention paid to

Leaded Sufferers,

with wonderfully quick cure and sure preventative, AT VERY MODERATE CHARGES. Scores of living testimony speak in favor of the treatment. Consultations to the afflicted, in all civilized languages—English, Spanish, French, Italian, Slavonian and Russian—

Free of Charge,

and correspondence kept with the most delicate discretion.

Do You Wish to Purify Your Blood!

Then take a bottle of my own COMPOUND DECOTIONS for Spring and Fall. Six days' treatment with these Decotions will act as a Preventative against the attacks of Catarrhs, Coughs, Rheumatism, etc., that are always produced by the impurities of humors during the inclemency of the Winter Season; and in Summer against Fevers, Colics, Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Liver Complaint and other diseases peculiar to that season. Miners, laborers, farmers and all classes of persons, of both sexes, are respectfully solicited to try a bottle of my Decotion; while taking it they can attend to their work or business without any inconvenience. Directions and instructions accompany each bottle, and full information given free by mail to any address.

P. G. GELCICH,
Druggist & Practitioner,
no18n73m3 **Lone Pine.**

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, October 10, 1871.
o14n68m3

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines
CHEMICALS,
Patent Medicines,
For Man and Beast,
FINE PERFUMERY,
SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,
Hair Restoratives & Dyes.
SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,
STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.
Independence, October 14 JOHN LENTELL.
o14n68m6

MEDICAL.

CARD.

J. D. BLAIR,

Physician & Surgeon,

IS CONSULTED DAILY FOR ALL DISEASES incident to the female system, Prolapsus Uteri or falling of the womb, Flour Albus or whites, Suppression of the Menses, or other menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed. So invariable is the new mode of treatment that the most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted person rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Blair having made the diseases of women and children a specialty for eighteen years in California, has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of such diseases than any other physician on the Pacific coast. Can be consulted with at his drug store in Independence. no4n71tf

---

FOR SALE.

WOOD FOR SALE.

100 TO 300 CORDS OF CHOICE PINYON Wood, dry, ready for delivery in lots of one cord or by the whole.
no11n72t4 J. LENTELL.

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE the property situated in the town of Independence formerly owned by H. C. Morse. The place consists of a house and two lots, the latter being well filled with fruit and ornamental trees, shrubbery, etc. Will be sold very low, for cash. Inquire at this office or of
no4n71tf J. W. McMURRY.

BABBITT METAL.

PARTIES DESIRING A QUANTITY OF BABBITT metal can be supplied at low rates on application at this office.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OYEZ! ATTENTION HO! HEAR YE, HEAR YE!

WE WISH YOU WARMLY CLAD,
WELL FED,
AND NOT THIRSTY!
WE HOPE YOU
ARE HAPPY!

THE EVENT
OF WANTING ANY
OF THE NUMEROUS
ARTICLES COMPRISING
THE SUM TOTAL OF
HUMAN DESIRES
JUST STEP IN TO THE
WORLD RENOWNED
EMPORIUM OF

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.,

WHERE WE KEEP
SO MANY THINGS
TO SELL,
BUT NOTHING TO
GIVE AWAY!
AND SUPPLY
YOURSELVES.
WE WANT
THE PROFITS.
no25n74tf

STILL AHEAD!

Further Reductions.

A 1 Crushed Sugar Four and One-Half Pounds for
ONE DOLLAR!
Best Quality Brown Sugar Five and One-Half Pounds for
ONE DOLLAR!
Chemical Olive Soap Eight Bars for
ONE DOLLAR!

The most complete stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Ever offered in the Valley, at prices to defy competition, at

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO'S.
LONE PINE.

A. M. Loomis & Bro.,

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
Lone Pine, Sept. 23, 1871. n65*tn66

Bishop Creek CASH STORE.

SETH G. SNEDEN HAVING RESUMED BUSINESS on his own account, has in store and is receiving from San Francisco, a choice and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,
Provisions,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
DOMESTIC & STAPLE GOODS,
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing GOODS,
HATS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES
Cloth Piece Goods,
Clothing, Hardware,
Crockery and Glassware,
TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE,
POWDER AND SHOT
Flasks and Pouches.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
Manufactured to order.
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES
PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
PAINTS AND OILS
Wall Paper,
CANDIES, NUTS, ETC., ETC

All of which is offered at greatly reduced rates, for cash only.

SETH G. SNEDEN.
Bishop Creek, Cal., August 20, 1870. o7v1tf

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

W. H. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OPPOSITION STORE.

C. & M. COHN,

Lone Pine,

HAVE THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

....We will....

SELL CHEAPER

Than any other house in Lone Pine.

We Have On Hand

150 cases of Boots and Shoes—the best assortment ever brought to Lone Pine.

NEW GOODS RECEIVING EVERY WEEK
o14n68m3

EARL & HARRIS,

Camp Independence,

....Dealers in....

Dry Goods, Clothing,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Groceries,
HARDWARE,
Crockery and Glass Ware,
PAINTS, OILS,
Varnish and Window Glass.

And a fine assortment of the best brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,
Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a full supply of

Standard School Books

Of the latest adoption.

WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, miners and the public generally to the above stock of goods, and our

Greatly Reduced Prices!

Our business system will prove specially advantageous to interests of Farmers, as

Grain and Produce

of all kind is received in exchange for goods.

EARL & HARRIS.
Camp Independence, Cal., October 10.
o14n68m3

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
Wines and Liquors,
Dry-Goods,
CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods,
HARDWARE,
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
—AND—
EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.
Fish Springs, October 25, 1871. o28n70m2

LIVERY STABLES.

THE PIONEER LIVERY, SALE —AND— FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO. Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.
Independence, October 28, 1871. o28n70m6

C. A. GRANNIS' LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

(Hunt's Old Stand)

Lone Pine, - - - - Cal.

BEST OF SADDLE HORSES AND BUGGY teams always on hand. o7m6*

PRINTING.

To Business Men.

PATRONISE
HOME INDUSTRY,
....AND....
KEEP YOUR MONEY AT HOME!

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INYO INDEPENDENT printing establishment would respectfully ask the attention of the public to their great and unexcelled facilities for the prompt execution of every description of plain and ornamental printing.

Our stock of paper comprises the following styles and sizes, selected with special reference to the wants of the business men of this and adjoining counties: News, Book, Colored, Tissue and Wrapping Paper; Flat Cap, Bill Head, Statement, Demy, Double Cap, Medium and Imperial; Commercial Note, Letter, Packet, Foolscap, etc., with envelopes, cards, etc., in every variety of size, color and texture, from dainty white to legal, and the finest Bristol Board and Satin Enamelled to heavy Railroad.

Our establishment contains over two hundred varieties of type, including many of the very latest and most approved styles and designs. Having every color and quality of ink and bronzes, with a splendid assortment of cuts, rules, borders and flourishes, we are enabled to turn out work pleasing the taste of the most fastidious.

Our presses are of the best patterns, rapid running and capable of doing every description of job-work, in all its endless variety.

For prices, special attention is directed to the illuminated Price List, which will shortly be issued and forwarded to the business men of Inyo County.

Meanwhile, send in your orders; we guarantee satisfaction in every instance.

n25n65tf

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Volume II. INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA: DECEMBER 16, 1871. Number 78.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday,...December 16, 1871.

TERMS:

One Year, by Mail or Express	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
Three Months	1 75
One Month	50
Single Copies	25

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Will be charged for as follows, invariably in advance:

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" " "	2 "	8 00
" " "	3 "	10 00

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Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

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Attorney and Counselor At Law,
Havilah, Kern Co., Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the Sixteenth Judicial District. an19 1

P. REDDY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

J. G. McCLINTON,
Attorney at Law.
AURORA, NEVADA,
WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

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Independence, Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27y

F. K. MILLER,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no5 1y

PAUL W. BENNETT,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. fjy9tf

SURVEYOR.

WM. McBRIDE,
UNITED STATES MINERAL DEPUTY SURVEYOR for the Counties of Inyo and Mono, California. Office at Benton. no4n71y1

BREWERIES.

PIONEER & GERMANIA
BREWERIES,
—AT—
Independence & Lone Pine.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THESE ESTABLISHMENTS respectfully notify the public that they are still in the field, and engaged in making a superior quality of
"Bully Lager Beer,"
Which they will deliver, at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine, Independence and vicinity, at the most reasonable rates.
MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS
an26 6tf Proprietors

STATIONERY.

Aurora News Depot.
J. M. MEREDITH,
AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.
DEALER IN
Stationery.
BLANK BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,
MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,
CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, Etc., Etc.,
And Everything in his Line Cheap.
ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for THE INYO INDEPENDENT.
Store in Post Office Building
AURORA, - - - - - NEVADA

INSURANCE.

PACIFIC
Insurance Company
Of San Francisco.
Fire and Marine.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Full Paid Assets, - - $1,750,000.
J. HUNT, President.
A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.
HARRIS & RHINE,
AGENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE AND VICINITY, are prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire on dwellings and all kinds of buildings, Machinery, Mills, Smelting Works, Merchandise, Household Furniture and other personal property on the most reasonable terms.
October 14, 1871. oc14n68m3

THE MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.
Of New York.
Organized 1842.
Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.
F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.
Assets July, 1870, $41,000,000 Cash
THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.
HARRIS & RHINE,
Agents for Independence and vicinity
o14n68m6

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s
EXPRESS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Pacific Insurance Co.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.
MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.,
OF NEW YORK.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.
GERMAN POSTOFFICE
MONEY ORDERS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Independence, Cal., October 14, 1871.
o14n68m6

Die Unterzeichneten
Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.
Harris & Rhine,
oc14n68tf Agenten.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S
EXPRESS.
Independence, Cal.
WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store.
o14n68m6

LUMBER.

$25
A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE
BIG PINE SAW MILL.
Great Inducements to the Public.
The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.
Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet
At Short Notice.
BELL & BRO.
Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32 6m*

BLACK ROCK
SAW MILL.
SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER,
SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,
SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, June 17, 1871. 1.51-n8

SALOONS.

THE BOOMERANG
SALOON.
Swansea, - - - - - Cal.
B. P. TASKER, Proprietor.
The "Boomerang" is now open for business. The best of drinkables, cigars and etceteras, always on hands for dispensation at the smallest possible remuneration.
Swansea, Cal., Sept. 30, 1871. v2n66tf

PIONEER SALOON,
LONE PINE, CAL.,
C. D. BEGOLE, - - - Proprietor.
HAVING THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND refitted this popular place of resort, the proprietor calls attention to the fact that he has now on hand the largest and best stock of
THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,
Ever brought to the county, which he will dispose of over the bar at the usual rates. n61m3

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
ADULTERATION BY WATER BEING NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
au10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

INYO SALOON,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.
HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8n29 3m

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The
TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.
DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
fe4.32tf

MAY'S SALOON
CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE.
A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar
A Fine Billiard Table,
With fittings complete, in connection.
n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

EXCELSIOR SALOON.
Benton, Mono Co., Cal.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on cash customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of
WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS
On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.
B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.
Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

SAZARAC SALOON.
INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.
John Wallace, Proprietor.
Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

WOOD WANTED.
500 CORDS OF WOOD WANTED AT THE Eclipse Mill. For particulars inquire of HENRY TREGELLES, Manager.

WANTED
AT THE BIG PINE SAW MILL A MAN THAT can saw shingles on one of Huntington's Shingle Machines. By
BELL & BRO.
Also, an ox-teamster to drive about the farm.
no25n74m3

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Boot and Shoemaker.
MR. FRED. FISHER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Inyo that he has established a Boot and Shoe Shop, at the old stand
IN LENTELL'S BUILDING,
Where he is prepared to do any kind of work in his line, with neatness and dispatch. The best of French and other stocks constantly on hand. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
no25n74m3 FRED. FISHER.

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK
FLOURING MILLS.
ORDERS FOR GRINDING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. Flour and Feed constantly on hand. Also, our favorite brand of
XXX FAMILY FLOUR.
Flour sacks for sale at lowest cash prices. No credit for grinding, and positively
No Business Done on Sunday.
H. RUSSELL.
o21n86m6

BEAUTY, WIT AND GOLD.

In a bower a widow dwelt,
At her feet three lovers knelt;
Each adored the widow much,
Each essayed her heart to touch;
One had wit, and one had gold,
One was cast in beauty's mold;
Guess which was it won the prize—
Tongue, or purse, or handsome eyes?

First began the handsome man,
Peeping proudly o'er her fan;
Red his lip, and white his skin,
Could such beauty fail to win?
Then stepped forth the man of gold,
Cash he counted, coin he told;
Wealth the burden of his tale,
Could such golden projects fail?

Then the man of wit and sense
Wooed her with his eloquence;
Now she heard him with a sigh,
Then she blushed, scarce knowing why;
Then she smiled at hear him speak,
Then a tear was on her cheek;
Beauty, vanish; gold, depart;
Wit hath won the widow's heart.

A REMINISCENCE.

Once, when I was a little boy,
I sat me down to cry,
Because my little brother had
"The biggest piece" of pie;
'Twas not but I had quite enough,
But then I couldn't see
The reason why a partial nurse
Should give him more than me.

They said I was a naughty boy,
But who has not seen men
Behave themselves so foolishly
As I behaved then?
Too often we are thankless for
Rich blessings, while we sigh
To think some luckier neighbor has
"A bigger piece" of pie.

The Press and the Mines.

There is plenty of truth and sense in the following, taken from The Reese River Reveille of November 21, which is applicable to other localities besides that for which it was written:

Our attention has been called to an article in The Engineering and Mining Journal, in which it is stated that English investors in American mining stocks are beginning to complain that they are not regularly informed, through the mining papers of the condition of their property at reasonably short intervals. To this The Journal replies that there are mines so scattered over the Western States and Territories, that it would be perfectly impossible for the proprietors of the paper to have visited and examined them at their own expense. We should think so. One such visit and examination would cost more than the subscription price of one hundred copies of the paper for one year, besides the loss of time.

Considering that all the English companies have an authorized agent, whose duty it is to report and keep the Directors posted in all that pertains to their property; and the above complaint is rather singular, and can only be explained by the supposition that the services of the press are needed only for notoriety and stock jobbing operations. Information, for information's sake, is not what is wanted.

It is of course the duty of a newspaper published in a mining locality to furnish all the intelligence obtainable on this very important subject, though this, in order to be reliable, is never obtained except at a good deal of trouble, even when the property to be described is in the immediate locality. But the duty is singularly exaggerated by some persons interested in mining. We have often been requested to visit distant mining districts in order to give account of the wonderful riches of some claim or other owned by Smith or Brown. The fact that this entailed an outlay of $15 or $20 for horse hire, besides traveling expenses and loss of time, and all that to help the said Smith or Brown to bring their claim into market or to assist them into getting credit from store-keepers, does not appear to be considered by them. We ought to be too happy to find a theme upon which to dilate and give "interest" to our paper. That's the view they take of the matter. Were they to approach a lawyer with a demand for legal services requiring the same amount of labor, they would cheerfully pay a good round sum; but an editor is supposed to be an individual whose time and services belong to the public, and that portion of it which contributes nothing towards the support of the paper is invariably the one entertaining the widest views on this question. Perhaps the press of the mining districts is somewhat to blame for this. Whenever a mining camp acquires sufficient importance to justify the establishment of a newspaper, the editor, in his zeal for the welfare of his new born section is too lavish of his notices; he puffs everything indiscriminately—good, bad or indifferent—until every owner of wildcat thinks he is wronged if half a column or so is not occasionally devoted to his benefit.

English companies, generally, are quite liberal with their experts and agents. We know of a case where they paid one of the latter $1,500 for a report which required no more than a couple or three days' labor, and yet they expect the local editor to perform the same thing for nothing. This is all the fault of newspaper men; they have acted so much under the mistaken idea that the extolling of private property was a matter of great public interest, that they are expected to do it as a matter of duty. This is all wrong; a man who has a horse or house for sale, and wishes to advertise it, pays the regular advertising rates; but one who has a mine which he expects to sell for $50,000 expects to have that mine minutely described, its advantages pointed out, and its drawbacks suppressed, and thinks he is conferring a favor on the printer for giving him an opportunity to do it. For our part, we have done our full share of this sort of foolery; if our opinion is asked we shall give it as it is, whether it be agreeable or not. We do not intend to be used as a cat's paw by any body.

The Diet of Worms.

Mr. Henry Ward Beecher is right. Why should there be any objection to healthy worms properly cooked as an article of diet? An eel, for example, is only a large worm; but its food is clean and healthful, and its flesh is second to that of the trout, or the trout's equal, the Spanish mackerel, or the sheep's head. A roasted grasshopper, whose only feed is the sweet fresh grass, or the smaller families who have devoured it before him, "done brown" with fresh butter or toast, Delmonico can not equal as a delicacy.

The chestnut-worm, as Mr. Beecher well observes, never ate an unclean thing in its life; he lived upon the best and richest; and tastefully prepared, carefully seasoned, and watched seduously while being *not* overdone, what could be more delicious? There really is a great mistake in the public mind, as it is called, about these things. What are the lively inhabitants of a rich cheese, for example, but a part—and the best selected part at that—of the goodly cheese itself? Who ever saw an Englishman evade the "settlement" in a well established Cheshire, or matured Stilton, or petrified Cheddar? Perhaps few persons.

No; nothing that habitually devours good food, with discretion and discrimination, is unworthy to be eaten. Even cannibals themselves, in their human preserves, finally lost their relish, from the variety of their games. A fat, well fed, and well tied missionary, lying on his back like a turtle, at the door of a Sandwich Island restaurant, with a label on his breast, setting forth that he was to be served up at 12 o'clock the next day, was a very different subject from a poorly fed common American sailor marked, perhaps, in different colored inks all over his body.

Mr. Beecher's theory is a benevolent one. He goes for the worm, though it has "wrought him much annoy." Worms have devoured his substance; destroyed his cherries, his apples, his pears and his plums. They have bored his trees even to a greater extent than he has bored the public in describing their depredation; and although they fill his ground, torment his radishes, perforate his potatoes and exasperate all kindred esculent roots and tubers, yet he bears them no malice. "Healthy worms!" is his only invocation; "eat, grow fat and be-cooked!"—*N. Y. Post.*

Protecting Roofs from Fire.

The Fireman's Journal, which ought to be good authority on such matters, says:

A wash, composed of lime, salt and fine sand, or wood ashes, put on in the ordinary way of whitewash, is said to render shingles fifty fold more safe against taking fire from falling cinders, or otherwise, in case of fire in the vicinity. It pays the expenses a hundred fold in its preserving influence against the effect of the weather. The older and more weather-beaten the shingles the more benefit is derived. Such shingles are more or less warped, rough and cracked. The application of this wash restores them to their original or first form, thereby closing the spaces between the shingles, and the lime and sand, by filling up the cracks, prevents warping.

Eastern Nevada Railroad.

Late dispatches from London, received by the Directors of the Eastern Nevada Railroad, are encouraging, and justify the expectation that before Christmas the requisite capital will be obtained to construct and furnish the road from Elko to Hamilton. The final papers were completed yesterday, and forwarded to the company's agent in London. Upon the receipt of these papers bonds of the company will be disposed of for a sufficient sum to insure the success of the enterprise.—*White Pine News.*

The Figure Five.

Any number of figures you may wish to multiply by 5 will give the same result if divided by 2, a much quicker operation; but you must remember to annex a cipher to the answer when there is no remainder; and when there is a remainder annex a 5 to the answer. Multiply 464 by 5, and the answer will be 2320; divide the same number by 2, and you have 232, and as there is no remainder you add a cipher. Now take 357 and multiply by 5 and the answer is 1785. On dividing 357 by 2 you have 178 and a remainder; you then place a 5 at the end of the result which gives 1785.

A good Rule.

A New York wholesale grocer, who had become rich in the business, has lately made the following revelation: He says his rule always was when he sold a bill of goods on credit to immediately subscribe for the local paper of his debtor. So long as his customer advertised liberally and vigorously he rested, but as soon as he began to contract his advertising space, he took the fact as evidence that there was trouble ahead, and he invariably went for his debt. "For," said he, "the man who feels too poor to make his business known, is too poor to do business." This withdrawing of an advertisement is an evidence of weakness that business men are not slow to take notice of.

The Best Welcome.

If American women would settle it in their minds that a happy face gives a better welcome than the finest china and damask; that a dinner of two courses, which could be well and easily cooked and served, is more satisfactory to the guests than an elaborate entertainment which has cost too much labor, and is given with too much evident effort; that what we can do easily and naturally is the best that can be possibly done for a friend whom chance or invitation has brought under our roof—a new era would dawn for both guests and entertainers. The company of our friends, instead of being had seldom and at the risk of weariness and impoverishment, would be continually sought, and for no unworthy ends of display, but for those higher motives which alone deserves to bring together men and women. Nor would there be less, but more, enjoyment of those luxuries which the rich can properly command; because the endeavor for, and the envy of them on the part of others would be discountenanced by a healthy tone of feeling, prescribing the noblest object of ambition, and a better classification than can depend upon the possession or want of wealth. Is such a state of things a Utopian dream, or shall the miseries of housekeeping on the present plan drive us to an effort, to which the contemplation of an ideal, however excellent might fail to incite us?

Interest.

Gen. Cruft, one of our prominent lawyers, was bailed, while passing Freeman's jewelry store, by the proprietor, with, "General, come in here a moment; we have something for you to solve. If a man brings his watch to be fixed, and costs me ten cents to do it, and I keep it a week and charge him six dollars, what per cent. do I make? We have been figuring, and make it nine hundred per cent., and have only got up to one dollar. How much do you say it will be at six dollars?" "Well," replied the General, "I do not wonder at your perplexity; for it is well known, and the celebrated Babbitt calculating machine has demonstrated, that at certain points in progressive numbers the law governing them changes. In this case the law would change, and long before it would reach the six dollars it would run out of per cent, and into what is known as larceny!"—*Exchange.*

A Damaged Piano.

"Sarah, have any of those mischevious children been playing with the piano while I have been out of town? Some of the keys won't sound at all." Sarah—"Please, mum, I don't know nothing about it—leastwise Master Tom said there was something wrong about it, which he was sure there was a mouse in it. So he got Joe to hold up the cover, while he put the dorg and cat in it; but instead of catchin' the mouse, mum, they took to fightin' and did make such a noise in among the wires—so, maybe, mum, the noise is in there still, mum."

Rough Old Conundrum.

Once upon a time when a collision between freight trains occurred at Clipper Gap, one of the passengers in a caboose car was thrown over a stove, and got mixed up with things generally. Regaining his feet, he went for the conductor hastily, and demanded: "What in h—l do you mean by stopping the train this way?" The conductor answered, "Give it up.",—*Sacramento Union.*

Pushing Ahead.

The Stockton Republican says: It is announced on the authority of President Sanford, that the valley road will be completed to a point twenty miles south of Visalia by the 20th of July next. The graders are already at work south of Bear creek. The regular passenger trains will commence running to the new town on Bear creek on or about the 20th of December.

Asphaltum-lined Pipes.

As showing the utility of asphaltum for preventing internal corrosion in iron water-pipes, The Scientific Press says:—"Sections of iron pipe laid by the Spring Valley Company for conveying water to San Francisco, which had been thus coated (by dipping in boiling asphaltum), have been found in excellent condition after lying in the ground ten years.

Snow on the Sierra.

As near as we can learn, the snow is about four feet deep at the summit of the Sierra Nevada. A gentleman who left Truckee yesterday afternoon tells us that the snow was two feet deep on a level at that place, and plenty more was sifting down.—*Gold Hill News, Nov. 27.*

Railroad to Inyo.

The Santa Barbara Press is very sanguine that a railroad can be constructed from Santa Barbara to the mining regions of Kern and Inyo. A single tunnel, it is claimed, is all that is necessary, connecting two canyons leading up the divide. The rock at this point is said to be soft sandstone, and easily pierced. The Press is enthusiastic for a narrow gague over the route at once. If they don't hurry up they may find one running into the Inyo country from this side of the mountains.—*Carson Register, Dec 5.*

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER. | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday,...December 16, 1871.

MEETING OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The California Legislature met Monday, December 4. In the Senate, Jas. F Farley was elected President, pro tempore.

In the Assembly Thomas B. Shannon was elected Speaker. P. F. Hopper was elected Speaker pro tempore. Marcus D. Boruck was elected clerk over Owen Thorn. Neither Dr. Harvey nor Owens, of The San Jose Mercury, The Union's candidates for the Speaker and Clerk respectively, were put in nomination.

The complete organization of both Houses was effected on the second day. Robt. Farrell being elected Secretary of the Senate. Soon after the organization of the Assembly was completed the first shot in the anticipated railroad war was fired by the introduction of a bill by Mr. Luttrell, to reduce freight rates from fifteen to three cents per mile per ton, and fares from ten to three cents. Subsequently bills were intoduced repealing the Montgomery avenue act, the litigant act, the State paper act, and five per cent railroad aid act; also providing for eight months school funds in Siskiyou.

Meeting of Congress.

The Forty-third Congress convened Monday, December 4. The Senate, after adopting a resolution calling for the correspondence in the Catacazy affair, adjourned. In the lower house, Saturday, there was discussion on the proposition in the President's message for the absorption of the lines of telegraph into the postal system. The resolution on the subject was referred to the Postal Committee. The following day T. W. Bennett, of Indiana, was put in nomination for Governor of Idaho, and Marsh Giddings of Michigan for Governor of New Mexico. George Bancroft is in nomination for Minister at the Court of the German Empire, and Thomas Biddwell, of Pennsylvania, for Minister at San Salvador. The new Congressional apportointment was under consideration. It calls for 281 members, and gives four for California, and one each to Oregon and Nevada. The Catacazy correspondence was laid before the Senate, showing that the late Russian Minister at Washington was an intriguing intermeddler in matters insulting to the dignity of the United States, and that he ought to have been dismissed long before he was.

The Texas School Law.

The public school of Texas, according to a recent Act of the Legislature of that State, are to be supported by the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and one-fourth of all the taxes raised are to be applied to the same object. The law also establishes the salaries of the teachers at the following rates of monthly compensation: Holders of third-class certificates are to receive $75; of second-class certificates, $90; and of first-class certificates, $110. Principals of schools are to receive from $125 to $150 per month. The law also compels all minors between the ages of 6 and 18 to attend school at least four months in the year, and imposes a fine for truancy. This clause it is, however, stated, will have to be modified by the Legislature, as there are in Texas, and especially in the newly settled districts, many youthful husbands and wives below the age of 18, and whom the cares of supporting a household prevent from going to school.

The President's Message.

In his third message the President asserts that it has not been his policy to inquire into the wisdom of the laws but to enforce them firmly. The National debt has been decreased over $86,000,000, and the interest $17,000,000. Our foreign relations are all of the most amicable character. Polygamy in Utah or any other violation of existing laws will not be permitted. The Indian peace policy is considered a success.

Governor Haight's Message.

The retiring Governor delivered his second biennial, and last, message to the Legislature on the 7th. It is of great length and gives a general review of the affairs of the State, and abounds in sound practical suggestions, and evinces an earnest solicitude for the public weal. It is considered an able document, but as the Governor is but a private citizen it will not receive the attention it deserves.

THE PERSONAL LIABILITY CLAUSE.

We are in receipt of a copy of a memorial from the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, to the California Legislature, strongly advocating the repeal of the personal liability clause, under which insurance and other corporations are required to do business.

This movement is due to the losses sustained by these corporations by the late disastrous fires. The loss is far in excess of the paid up capital in some hundreds of fire insurance companies in the East, and this is also the case with all those of this coast; of these the Pacific assured losers by the Chicago fire that all losses should be paid in full. This promise was based on an assessment of seventy-five per cent. on its capital stock, which assessment the stockholders declined to pay, and as a consequence this company will issue no more policies unless or until the Legislature shall repeal the personal liability clause. Subsequently to the above an offer of 40 cents on the dollar was made by the Pacific, and 20 cents by the Occidental, which offers were properly refused. If the stockholders are not held responsible for the deficiences in the capital stock the policies standing against these companies are of no value, whatever.

This personal liability was the thing of all others that the California companies kept before their customers most prominently. It was a great satisfaction to stockholders to point to the law of California that made them individually liable, while their companies were declaring dividends, but when the hour of misfortune comes, where are the long lists of wealthy men who were to make good any loss that might overtake them? The Legislature should pay no attention to this attempt to repeal the personal liability clause, unless some effectual stay can be put upon the operations of such corporations which will limit their business in accordance with their paid up capital. All such attempts heretofore have failed of its object, and will most likely do so hereafter, so that the best security the public can have is to allow the law to remain as it is.

Why should a corporate body be allowed the privilege of contracting liabilities, many times exceeding its capital, and yet have no responsibility beyond that capital? If insurance companies in California can not be conducted under the present requirements, it is difficult to see how they can be of certain benefit to those who may rely upon them in case of heavy losses at the time required. It will be better to have no insurance companies than to relieve them from personal responsibility.

Inauguration of Governor Booth—His Message.

Governor Booth was duly inaugurated December 8, with more enthusiasm than was ever before witnessed on a similar occasion in California. The city was full of soldiers and citizens. After the administration of the oath of office to the Governor and Lieutenant Governor by the Chief Justice, the Governor delivered his inaugural address, after which Governor Haight received a marching salute. Subsequently there was a banquet at the State Armory, and much speech making. The ceremonies passed off without accident or mishap.

The message is quite lengthy, dignified and to the point. Subsidies to railroads, rates of fares and freights, the litigant and State paper acts, the China immigration question, taxation, compulsory education and other matters of general interest, are discussed at length and in a spirit in accordance with his well known principles and antecedents. He advocates the use of uniform ballots in public elections, and in regard to the number of elections, holds the following sensible views:

Holding separate elections for judicial and political offices is productive of additional expense without corresponding benefit. The amendment to the Constitution now pending to remedy this meets the general approbation of the people, and will no doubt receive the favorable consideration of the Legislature. If by an additional amendment the time of holding elections for State and county officers should be changed from the odd to the even years, the general State election might be held on the same day as the Presidential, United States Senators would not as now be necessarily elected fourteen months before the beginning of their term of office, and there would be no vacancy, as there now is, in our accredited representation to the lower house of Congress from the 4th of March until the October election in the odd years.

Legislative Favors

Our thanks are due Assemblyman Whiting, of Tuolumne, for divers and sundry public documents, particularly for Part III of the proposed new code.

STATE TREASURER'S REPORT.

State Treasurer Coronel submits his biennial report, dated December, exhibiting the financial transactions of the State for the two fiscal years commencing July 1st 1869. The property tax for Inyo the first of these two years was $2,729.09; for the second $4,822.56, or an increase of 44 per cent., a much larger proportion than is shown by any other county in the State. In fact there are but twelve counties besides Inyo that show any increase at all. Of these Santa Barbara shows an increase of about 20 per cent., all the rest of the twelve ranging from less than half that rate to less than one per cent. Of our neighboring counties Mono and Tuolumne show a slight advance, while there is a falling off of about 30 per cent in Los Angeles county. The totals for the State are $2,606,214,69 for the 21st fiscal year and $2,380,362.17, for the 22d: total falling off of personal property tax $225,852.52.

The total amount of cash in the State Treasury is $464,949.39, and the total indebtedness of the State June 30, 1871, is $3,646,847.08.

EASTERN NEWS.

It is recommended by the Secretary of the Navy that the rank of Commodore shall become extinct in our navy, and that when it expires promotions be made from Captain to Rear Admiral.

Bowen, the Congressman convicted of bigamy and pardoned by the President, has taken a seat in the South Carolina Legislature, after some opposition.

General Dix, in behalf of citizens of New York, presented Admiral Farragut's portrait to Alexis, who thanked him for it and promised to present it to the Czar.

Three thousand five hundred white settlers are ordered to immediately quit the Osage Indian Reservation, on which they have settled, and the commandant at Fort Scott is to remove them.

Governor Brown of Missouri, in his message to the Legislature, makes a severe attack on the national administration because of its policy toward the Southern States.

Captain James F. Armstrong is ordered to duty as executive officer at Mare Island.

Gold at New York on the 6th, was selling at 109¾—the lowest sale since 1862.

A special dispatch received at New York from Matamoras, under date of December 5th, says the rebel General Trevino has taken Saltillo, with a heavy loss resulting on both sides. The Government troops still hold possession of French Fort, on the outskirts. As the rebels control two positions its surrender is hourly expected.

At a meeting of the regular Republican Central Committee in New York, December 5th, a resolution was adopted that no more propositions of affiliating be made to the Greeley wing.

At the annual convention of Methodists at Syracuse, December 5th, a determination was evinced that the reading of the Bible in public schools should be continued, and a resolution was unanimously passed urging the Legislature to pass a law forbidding the use of public money for sustaining sectarian schools or institutions.

Extremely cold weather has prevailed all over the Northwest.

The Virginia and Kentucky Legislatures convened December 6.

The Govenor of Kentucky favors receiving the testimony of negroes in the courts on a footing with other States and of setting apart the taxes paid by colored citizens for the education of the colored children.

SUMMARY OF THE DOINGS OF THE CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE.

[From The Daily Union, December 9.]

In the Senate the rules of the seventeenth session were adopted, including the one taking away from the Lieutenant-Governor the appointment of committees, and also the one requiring the appointments by the Governor to be acted on upon the same day on which they are announced. Pay and mileage were allowed to the old officers. New attaches were appointed. Messrs Perkins, Duffy and Compte were appointed a committee to act with a like committee from the Assembly on inaugural ceremonies, and the Senate, in executive session, confirmed a number of appointments made by Governor Haight during the last two years

In the Assembly, a joint convention was held to canvass the votes for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor. Booth and Pacheco were formally and officially declared elected. Standing rules of an unusually rigid character were adopted. Rev. Hiram Cummings, of Placer county, was elected Chaplain. Bills were introduced on railroad fares and freights, mortgage tax, San Francisco Board of Public Works court house and jail construction for Mendocino, etc.

In the Senate Larkin introduced a bill fixing railroad fares and freights at 5 cents per mile; also a bill relative to the loaning the credit of the State to railroads; Tompkins a bill covering the matter of additions to incorporated towns. The Senate adjourned to Monday at 2 o'clock P. M.

The Assembly passed a resolution providing for the per diem and mileage of members, and ordered the standing rules printed.

Brigham Young was at St. George, near the Arizona line, December 2.

PACIFIC COAST READAGRAMS.

The survey on the San Diego and San Bernardino Railroad has been commenced. Active operations were to begin in two weeks.

The Central Pacific Railway Company have taken possession of the Stockton and Copperopolis and Stockton and Visalia railway property. Sanford, Hopkins, Miller and Huntington are among the directors.

In Los Angeles the earlier qualities of oranges are already finding their way to market. The fruit in all the orange groves is well advanced, and an abundant crop will be obtained this year. In the same city there are thieves mean enough to steal half a hog at a time.

During the late storms snow fell to the depth of several inches at Mariposa, and November 29th lay upon the ground quite low down on the foothills.

An abundance of rain has fallen all through the San Joaquin Valley, and the green grass is showing itself every where.

In San Francisco, on the 6th, over four hundred soldiers were held in readiness all day waiting orders to go to Sacramento to attend the inauguration of the Govenor elect. No order came that day, but some of them went any how.

B. L. Williams, a young lawyer of San Buenaventura, went gunning, December 5th, and when a few miles from home he fired at a flock of geese flying over him. The gun was heavily charged, and both barrels were discharged, kicking with such force as to break his arm near the shoulder and injure his face.

The jury in the Turner-Ortiz $200,000 breach of promise and seduction case, returned a verdict, December 2, for $7,500 in United States gold coin, damages for plaintiff. The Court instructed them that judgment in gold coin was illegal, and with those words stricken out the verdict would be entered. It is expected defendent will pay the judgment in greenbacks, and the case will end. After paying counsel fees Miss Turner will probably have little left.

The Mexican authorities at Cape St. Lucas have sent an expedition to Magdalena to close that port, and compel the Lower California Company to stop operations.

Nothing has been heard from the bark Live Yankee, 25 days from Portland, and all hope of her safety is abandoned.

The stage running between Hamilton and Pioche was stopped by highwaymen on the 28th ultimo and robbed of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Treaure box, containing $1,000 in coin.

On Monday last Mayor Selby, of San Francisco, retired from office and Mayor Alvord and new members of the Board were duly installed in office.

Trains on the overland road were blockaded by snow for four days in the Rocky Mountains. The track has since been cleared and all the delayed trains were expected in Sacramento Saturday last.

A disgraceful affray occurred in San Francisco on the 1st instant, between Judge Delos Lake and Charles De Young, of The Chronicle. Lake was the aggressor, knocking De Young down and trying to shoot him. Instead of doing so, however, he accidently shot E. D. Wheeler, inflicting a dangerous wound in the thigh. Lake was arrested, and put under $1,000 bonds for his appearance for an examination before the Police Court. The act of Lake is strongly condemned by all. The cause of the assault was the appearance in The Chronicle of some strictures upon Judge Lake's course while presiding in a trial of libel in which De Young was defendant.

In the Hawes will case the jury brought in a verdict favorable to the contestants, and the property goes to his family. Mrs. Hawes has filed a petition asking that letters of administration be granted to her.

The Prince of Wales.

Dispatches to December 8, and the latest from England, preclude all hope of the recovery of the Prince of Wales, and his death was momentarily expected; congestion of the lungs had set in. The situation causes great consternation in political circles. The Queen was wild with grief, and likely herself to die or lose her reason; in either case there would have to be a regency, as the heir apparent is but seven years old.

The effect on business is depressing and stocks of all kinds snow a decline. Politically and financially the prospects are gloomy.

—Sayler, of Rutland, Vt., has sued Mr. Page for giving his family the small-pox. If we get the right hang of this, it is one of those cases where it is more blessed to give than to receive.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Saxony, through her King, declares unequivocle adhesion to the German Empire.

Germany demands apology and reparation from Brazil for insults and injuries recently received.

There comes a rumor from Madrid that the United States and Great Britain threaten immediate intervention in the affairs of Cuba.

It is announced that the Pope will soon issue an encyclical against the establishment of thd capital of Italy in Rome.

President Thiers refuses to allow the Orleans Princes to take seats in the French Assembly.

The President's message has stirred up quite an excitement in Cuba.

In Idaho

Bald headed people are called "midnight reflectors." If any body knows why this is thus they know more than we do.

DIED.

In Lone Pine, Cal., December 12, J. L. Wells, aged 28 years, a native of the town of Phillips, Maine, of billious typhoid fever.

Gold Hill, Virginia, Carson and Reno, Nevada, papers please copy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND

CHRISTMAS BALL,

—GIVEN BY—

MRS. M. A. BARRY,

(Of the Lone Pine Hotel)

At Grothey's Hall,

....ON....

Christmas Night, Dec. 25th

Committee of Invitation:

LONE PINE.

W. L. Moore, D. Canty,
F. Grothey, J. J. Moore,
C. D. Bigole, G. Spencer.

INDEPENDENCE.

T. May, J. A. Parker,
P. P. Pow, J. B. Brown.

SWANSEA

George Andrews, T. S. Friels.

BISHOP CREEK.

J. Spray, J. Crough.

CERRO GORDO.

J. Hughes, D. Williams.

Floor Managers:

A. C. Harvey, D. Williams,
J. A. Parker, H. Burroughs,
J. R. Moffat.

THE FINEST OF MUSIC HAS BEEN ENGAGED for the occasion, and no pains will be spared to render this affair the most enjoyable one of the season. d16:7812

HOLIDAY BALL

....AT THE....

Exchange Hotel, Independence,

....ON....

CHRISTMAS NIGHT

December 25, 1871.

Tickets, - - - $3.00.

EVERY EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO MAKE this ball a success, all arrangements being made to and of the best description. The dancing public are respectfully invited to attend

d16n7812 R. D. PARKER, Proprietor.

SPORT!

Chicken & Turkey Shooting

....AT....

INDEPENDENCE.

....ON....

CHRISTMAS DAY.

MESSRS. THOMAS MAY AND J. W. COFER have made all necessary arrangements for a general chicken and turkey

Shooting Match.

And respectfully invite everbody to participate.

d16n7812

TO CONTRACTORS.

WOOD, WOOD!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL LET A CONTRACT for

500 Cords of Wood,

To be delivered at the Eclipse Mill.

For full particulars inquire of

HENRY TREGELLES, Manager.

d16n7811

PACIFIC

Insurance Company

Messrs. HARRIS & RHINE

THE AGENTS OF THE ABOVE COMPANY AT this place have received the following announcement:

"This Company has transferred all its fire business and the good will thereof in the United States and Territories to the

Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.

All fire policies of the PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY are therefore now protected by the LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY and all losses will be paid by them. d16n78tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

INDEPENDENCE, - - CAL.

THIS OLD AND FAVORITE HOUSE IS AGAIN opened for public patronage. By diligent attention and unremitting effort, the present manager hopes to please.

d16n78m2 W. J. LAKE.

ASSAYING.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL MAKE ASSAYS of all descriptions of ore, with results guaranteed correct, at reasonable rates. Orders left with Messrs. HARRIS & RHINE, Independence, or addressed to the subscriber will receive prompt attention JOHN MORRIS, Assayer.

d16:98n3 Eclipse Mill.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS!

LARGE STOCK!

All Goods Sold for Cash

NO HIGH PRICES.

NO BIG PROFITS.

MEN'S WEAR,

PRINTS,

MUSLINS,

FLANNELS,

SHIRTINGS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

GROCERIES,

OF THE BEST QUALITY,

TOBACCO,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

HARDWARE,

WOODEN WARE, TIN WARE,

STOVES.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF ALL KINDS of goods, and special inducements offered to

CASH BUYERS.

Grain, Butter & Eggs

Taken in exchange for goods. Prices fixed solely with reference to

CASH PAYMENT.

SETH G. SNEDEN,

Bishop Creek.

d16:7718

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,...December 16, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

☞ All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Operations at the Eclipse Mill.

Superintendent Tregelles, of the Eclipse Company, is just beginning to get the new mill and things connected with the mine, generally, in working order. In his endeavors to accomplish this end, and obtain results sufficiently tangible and satisfactory to meet the expectations of anxious stockholders, Captain Tregelles has had many embarrassing obstacles to contend against. His obvious progress and success in the face of these difficulties can be no less encouraging and gratifying to the company he represents than to himself. This company are entitled to credit for their persistence, for in most cases the whole thing, in view of the extraordinary expense, would have been abandoned. Vast amounts of hard cash have been sunk in trying new fangled but utterly worthless machinery, all of which the present manager has had at great cost, to replace by the kind that has alone stood the test of experience.

THE MINE.

The saving clause, perhaps, against all the discouragements, of which but a mere hint has been given above, consists in the fact that the mine itself has ever presented the most encouraging aspect. For months past an immense body of ore, gold and argentiferous galena, has been uncovered in amount without further developments to insure an abundant supply for an indefinite number of years. No doubts have been or need be entertained on this point, nor of its value. The only question was as to the method and appliances to be used in saving the gold. In moderately pure gold ores, carrying little or no base metal, this is comparatively a simple matter, but in the ore from this mine there is a heavy percentage of base minerals, rendering its successful reduction a matter of scientific manipulation. We are told, and do not doubt the statement, that the whole of this ore together has an assay value of not less than $25 per ton. Of some being put through the batteries we observed during a recent visit considerable quantities that would certainly range into the hundreds, though much the larger portion was of low grade, and some again presenting to the eye no indication of value whatever. Every thing contained in the seven-foot ledge goes to the stamps unassorted. Hence the low average.

THE TRAMROAD

is now completed to a point within 2,500 yards of the lower dump. A large force, mostly Piutes, are engaged on the tramroad, and in a few days will have it finished, so that the teams now employed in carrying the ore from the dump to the cars can be dispensed with, thereby effecting a saving of $1 75 on the transportation of each ton of ore, besides the extra handling. Measures are in course of execution to procure

A LIGHT LOCOMOTIVE

for use on the tramroad, which was constructed with that object in view. There is no question but what the substitution of a locomotive in lieu of the horses now used as a motive power for the cars will be not only more economical in the first instance but a great deal more effective generally. When this is done and some improvements effected about the dump the whole cost of raising, transportation and reduction need not exceed

FIVE DOLLARS PER TON.

Fourteen cars and four horses are now engaged in transporting the ore, at the rate of about 48 tons per day. This amount does not equal the capacity of the mill, so that it will have to be shut down occasionally for want of ore.

THIRTY STAMPS

of the usual style are set up and running, and twenty more soon to be in place. The mill from necessity is located upon "made" ground, of unknown depth, and the foundation is not good. Though the heaviest timbers attainable have been placed under the batteries, the stamps can not be run on a full drop without risk of damage to some of the machinery. No serious trouble need be apprehended from this cause however. The mill is under the charge of Mr. John Morris, assayer and amalgamator, who seems to be well qualified for the responsible duties of his position. Much depends on his knowledge and judgment in the use of chemicals and the extensive appliances necessary for the amalgamation of gold accompanied by so much base metal. As he has already accomplished results that assures a most flattering success for the whole enterprise, we conclude he is the right man in the right place.

THE APPLIANCES FOR SAVING THE GOLD

have been previously described in our description of the old mill, but as some important additions are to be made to the apparatus we shall take a brief view of the present and intended process together. The pulp first passes through a No. 70 wire screen, then over copper plates into a vibrating table divided into four compartments, each of which contains about a tank of quicksilver. Were there no chemical reasons to prevent every particle of gold would be amalgamated before going further, but as it is much of it passes on to the blanket sluices or "frakes," which come next in order, and at present ends the process of amalgamating. As soon as possible, however, Captain Tregelles intends to add other machinery, the first being what is technically called a

BUDLE.

This is a machine extensively used in tin mining in England, and in the gold mines of this State, particularly in Grass Valley. The object of its use is simply to reduce the tailings for the usual pan grinding to a minimum quantity, say to five per cent. of the whole. This is done by concentration effected by the specific gravity of the gold contained in the tailings, somewhat as the gold is saved by sluice boxes in placer mining. The budle is a shallow pan 18 feet in diameter, with a wooden bottom. In the center of this bottom and cutting through it, is a cast iron drum, standing on end, and about thirty inches in hight and diameter. The bottom planks where they join the drum are fourteen inches lower than at their outer ends, thus making a sort of a wide funnel. Vertically through the center of the drum is a shaft from which a number of arms or iron troughs radiate, reaching to the rim of the budle. The pulp is received at the center and passing along these arms, which are slowly moving around, is deposited on the outer and high end of the bottom planks where the heavier portion is retained by its own gravity while the lighter and least valuable part is by the action of water moved towards the drum in the center; against the sides of which all of any special value lodges, and the lighter particles pass over the edge of the drum and down through it to a reservoir below, where they are deposited for future consideration. The drum can be raised and depressed by machinery. At the beginning of the process its upper edge is but an inch or two above the lowest part of the floor, and is designed to retain the same relative position to the surface of the inflowing pulp until the latter fills the budle. The whole operation is automatically effected by machinery capable of the nicest adjustment, the whole arrangement needing but little attention. The budle when full will contain fifty tons, which has yet to be subjected to the final pan grinding.

A WILLOW LINED MILL RACE.

In addition to many other contemplated improvements the long mill race is to be lined with growing willows to protect its banks and thereby increase its capacity. This sensible improvement will add one redeeming feature appreciable to the eye accustomed to gaze upon the desolate expanse through which the race has been constructed.

STEAM HOISTING WORKS

will, during next week, be put in place at the mine, and then as soon as the dump and tramroad connections are completed there will be no trouble in delivering ore enough to keep a hundred stamps constantly in motion.

FIFTY ADDITIONAL STAMPS

will be put in the mill as soon as the arrangements for delivering a sufficient quantity of ore are completed. The wheel now in use has a surplus power amply sufficient to drive the additional fifty stamps, or one hundred in all. Considerable quantities of rich smelting ores are extracted, from the mine, for the reduction of which

A SMELTING FURNACE

is in course of erection, and will soon be in running order. When finished the works of the Eclipse Mining Company will be the largest and most complete in necessary adjuncts of any in the county, and, so far as our knowledge extends, in the State. The work has been undertaken by this company as a legitimate enterprise, the profits being wholly contingent upon the money extracted from the mine itself. In other words it is not a stock jobbing operation, nor is the property for sale. For these reasons we heartily wish it a magnificent success, and confidently believe that it is and will continue to be. The administration of the company's affairs is in good hands. Superintendent Tregelles has the knowledge and experience to fit him for his responsible duties, and the judgment and energy to execute them and *he does it*.

Death of "Cosly" Wells.

We are again called upon to chronicle a notable and widely mourned death—this time the old King of Terrors taking off Job L. Wells, perhaps as widely and favorably known as any man in the county. Though young, he was an old member of the Masonic fraternity, and stood high in the order. He was buried by them with all honors possible to have been given a deceased brother under the circumstances, there being no regular Lodge yet organized. However, almost every Mason, including a large number of citizens, from the towns of Lone Pine, Cerro Gordo, Independence and Swansea were present at his burial, betokening the high esteem in which he was held. He leaves a young wife, child and brother to mourn his sad, early death.

Will Celebrate.

Both the senior and junior members of THE INDEPENDENT firm are happy to acknowledge the reception of invitations to attend a Christmas party gotten up at Cerro Gordo, under the auspices of the Cerro Gordo Social Union. We believe this is the first regular ball ever given at that place, but the affair will doubtless be a fine one and we would gladly send a delegate were it practicable. As it is, our onerous, incessant duties will compel us to remain in the office, just as though nothing had happened.

At Lone Pine.

Our readers will note the fact that "mine hostess" of the Lone Pine Hotel announces a Christmas reunion, on the night of the 25th. We learn that Fred Grothey has generously tendered the use of his fine large hall for the occasion, while the supper will be given at the hotel, under the immediate supervision of the able landlady, Mrs. Barry. A jolly good time will be had, with dancing till you can't rest. For committees, etc., see advertisement.

Their Action.

Independence Engine Company No. 1 met one evening last week, according to adjournment, to receive committee reports and determine whether or not to give a holiday ball. After some discussion it was decided not to give an entertainment. A resolution was passed tendering to Wm. G. Squires, a member, the condolence and sympathy of the company in his recent bereavement.

Assaying.

Mr. John Morris, foreman of the Eclipse mill, gives notice that he will receive ores for assay, which he is prepared to do on short notice. From personal inspection we know that Mr. Morris has a magnificent assaying apparatus, and as he thoroughly understands his business the correctness of his assays may be implicitly relied upon. His place of business is at the Eclipse mill.

Insurance.

Parties holding fire insurance policies in the Pacific Insurance Company will find an interesting and satisfactory notice in our advertising columns. The Pacific rightfully pays all losses and, by this arrangement, secures their patrons from future losses, even if they do not continue business.

Business.

The Eclipse Company offer a good business opportunity to some industrious man, in the way of a wood contract. There is almost inexhaustible supplies on both the mountain ranges, but roads and chutes are needed. Let somebody open the way to these woodlands, and secure a fortune by so doing.

Small Profits.

We commend to the consideration of everybody the new "ad." of Seth G. Sneden, Bishop Creek. He does a cash business, under which system only can goods be sold at reasonable rates. He has large and very fine stock of goods, which can not fail to include exactly what you want.

Re-opened.

The Exchange Hotel, which has been closed for some weeks past, has been re-opened under the management of W. J. Lake, who will shortly make it reach its old-time standard of popularity. See advertisement.

Christmas Dance.

Mr. R. D. Parker gives notice elsewhere that he will give a ball at the Exchange Hotel on Christmas night. We are assured that nothing has been left undone to make the affair one of general and thorough enjoyment.

Shooting Match.

As will be seen by the announcement, a shooting match for chickens and turkeys is on the tapis for Christmas. A match has also been arranged between two crack shots for some rifle target practice, and considerable cash will change hands on the result.

A Change.

Mr. Charles Parsons and lady have leased and are now conducting the Inyo House.

—The candy date is said to be the most common election fruit.

The Senatorship.

The Republican members of the Legislature held a caucus on the night of the 8th instant for the purpose of selecting a candidate for Senator, but adjourned for further action. It is believed by parties who claim to be well posted that Sargent is certain of receiving the Senatorial nomination. The strength of the respective candidates is thus stated: Sargent, 55; Cole, 9; Felton, 5; doubtful, 2; making 71 votes. Senator Tomkins, Independent, will not go into the Republican caucus Of Cole's 9 supporters, 3 are said to prefer Sargent to Felton. Of Felton's 5, 3 prefer Sargent to Cole. Of the 2 doubtful, one would probably vote for Phelps if he was in the fight with any show, and prefers Sargent to either Cole or Felton; the other is non-committal in every respect. Hale has no votes. Edgerton's name is no longer mentioned, and Phelps has retired.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Third Sunday in the Month.

Independence—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 11 A. M.; Sunday school at 2 P. M.; class meeting at the parsonage on Saturday at 7 P. M. Round Valley—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 11 A. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 7 P. M. Sunday School at 11 A. M.; prayer meeting on Thursday at 7 P. M. Eclipse Mine—Rev. S. W. Blasdell; preaching at 7 P. M.; class meeting at 9 A. M. George's Creek—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 1 P. M. Lone Pine—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 7½ P. M. Swansea—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Monday following at 7½ P. M. Cerro Gordo—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Tuesday following at 7½ P. M. Belmont—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Wednesday at 7 P. M.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

MAKE THE LITTLE ONES HAPPY,

....AND....

BE LIBERAL ALL ROUND

—THE FIRM OF—

WOOD & COHEN

....AT....

Masonic Hall Building,

Have recently received a splendid stock of

Holiday Presents,

TOYS,

FANCY GOODS,

Etc., Etc.,

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE DISPOSED OF AT the most reasonable rates. Attention is also directed to their

NEW AND COMPLETE

—Stock of—

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS,

FURNISHING GOODS,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

Attached to the store is also a Merchant Tailoring Establishment, wherein is kept a large assortment of the finest

Woolen Cloths, Flannels,

Etc., ever brought to the country.

You can have clothing

MADE TO ORDER,

Both members of the firm being

PRACTICAL TAILORS,

☞ All orders will be guaranteed. ☜

"A stitch in time saves nine."

CLOTHING

CLEANED and REPAIRED

With neatness and dispatch, at the

MOST REASONABLE RATES

The public are cordially invited to give us a call.

WOOD & COHEN.

Independence, December 2, 1871. v2:661y.

TINSMITH.

INYO PIONEER

TIN SHOP,

OF INDEPENDENCE.

WELCH & STEVENS,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all. Have just received a fine lot of

PARLOR AND COOKING

STOVES,

Which we offer

CHEAP, FOR CASH.

WELCH & STEVENS.

Independence, Dec. 2, 1871. n7tf

TRAVELING.

INDEPENDENCE

—AND—

CERRO GORDO STAGE LINE

Via. Lone Pine.

J. EARL & CO., - Proprietors.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE ABOVE well known line will make DAILY TRIPS, running as follows: Leave Independence every day at 5 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 8 A. M., Swansea at 12 M. and Cerro Gordo at 5 P. M. Also, leave Cerro Gordo at 7 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 12 M. Leaves Lone Pine at 2 P. M. and arrives at Independence at 5 P. M. Carries passengers, mail and express.

Agents—Independence, J. B. White; Lone Pine, Dan. Canty; Cerro Gordo, Barrows & Dodd.

October 14, 1871. o14:68m3

Los Angeles & San Pedro

RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving

WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.

LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.

Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.

Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.

☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜

☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.

n29:1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING

AND GENERAL

Commission Agency.

WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.

Have all goods plainly marked—

"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."

Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.

WM. M. OSBORN.

jy15n55m3

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., October 21, 1871. n69tf.

HOTELS.

NEW RESTAURANT.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the public that he has just opened a restaurant, on

Edwards Street, opposite Harris & Rhine's Store,

where he holds himself in readiness to furnish meals in the best style the market can afford, at all hours of the day or night. Travelers by the morning stages can always obtain an early breakfast by leaving notice on the previous evening.

n41n72m6 J. G. BONDS.

ORLEANS HOTEL,

LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.

D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a

Bar Attached,

Which has constantly on hand the choicest of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

FRENCH RESTAURANT

—AND—

ONE BIT SALOON.

PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edwards street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—drinks, 12½ cents.

au196m*

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Cerro Gordo,

Inyo County, - - - - Cal.

JOSEPH SEELY, Proprietor.

THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN HOTEL, HAVING changed hands, the proprietor would respectfully announce that the house will be carried on in first-class style.

October 1, 1871. o7n67m6

Lone Pine Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.

Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12-6m

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

arine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20-n47tf

LIFE INSURANCE.

FACTS

LITTLE KNOWN RELATIVE TO

LIFE INSURANCE.

LOSSES PAID ON THE PACIFIC COAST UNDER the Massachusetts Law by the NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL Life Insurance Company, of Boston:

Name.	Residence.	Term. Ov'rdue at Time of Death	Am't Paid.
A C E Miller	Portland, Oregon	Six Months	$5,000
J W Jones	Colusa Cal	Four Months	10,000
J B Baldwin	Colusa, Cal	Three Months	1,000
G L Foster	Virginia, Nev	Ten Days	2,500
I G Pool	Walnut Creek, Cal	Eleven Months	5,000
J H Calder	Princeton, Cal	Four Months	3,000
J Iverson	Red's City, I T	Two Months	10,000
C W Salter	Hop's Ranch, Cal	Two Months	5,000
C O Stevens	Danville, Cal	One Month	5,000

The Main Points of the Law under which the above Claims were Paid:

No Insurance on Life shall be forfeited by non-payment of premium.

The net value of the Policy shall be ascertained at the time of the lapse of premium, and be considered a net single premium of temporary insurance.

If the death of the party occurs within the term of temporary insurance, the Company shall be bound to pay the whole Policy the same as if there had been no lapse of premium; provided, the Company shall have the right to deduct from the face of the Policy the amount of premium due, with interest, at the date of death.

THE NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Was incorporated in 1835. It has accumulated assets of

$10,000,000 00.

The premiums of this Company are the same as those of Companies that compel the insured to forfeit what they have paid in case of non-payment of premium when due.

WALLACE EVERSON

GENERAL AGENT,

Office, Northeast Corner of California and Sansome streets, San Francisco.

d9:76m1

PAINTING.

PAINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW PREPARED TO do all kinds of

SIGN, ORNAMENTAL

....AND....

PLAIN PAINTING,

In the best style. Picture frames made to order, varnishing, etc. Shop on Edwards street. Orders left at THE INDEPENDENT office will be promptly attended to.

no11n72m3 T. A. GARDNER

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
December 4, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY warrants will please present the same for ment. Interest will cease from date:

No.	Drawn in favor of.	Amount.
ON THE COUNTY GENERAL FUND		
234	W A Greenley	$500 00
223	A C Hanson	250 00
235	C D Begole	75 00
237	J R Hughes	75 00
238	D D Gunnison	19 00
243	J M Joslin	37 50
244	A C Hanson	250 00
245	W L Moore	55 00
246	S P Moffat	160 00
247	P W Bennett	125 00
248	C D Begole	75 00
249	John R Hughes	75 00
252	L A Talcott	274 44
253	C M Joslin	37 50
168	T J Goodale	18 00
254	A C Hanson	250 00
261	W L Moore	243 00
256	S P Moffat	200 00
ON THE CONTINGENT FUND.		
459	A B Elder	259 00
462	C Mulkey	121 75
526	S P Moffat	29 75
455	S P Moffat	94 50
517	L Firestone	3 00
518	W G Squires	72 25
522	A B Elder	37 75
535	W T Grant	32 00
537	W T Grant	32 00
588	S P Moffat	180 00
591	J A Lunk	60 00
ON THE BUILDING FUND.		
505	John Broder	500 00
506	John Broder	500 00
507	John Broder	200 00
ON THE HOSPITAL FUND.		
532	C B White	110 00
523	J J Rogers	142 00
524	H Marriott	15 00
596	C B White	155 00
597	J J Rogers	203 00
ON THE ROAD FUND.		
152	Alexander & Chaquette	100 00
153	Alexander & Chaquette	118 66
188	Robert Gourley	380 00
ON THE MONO DEBT FUND.		
Amount on hand for liquidation of bonds and coupons		2,369 24

I. HARRIS,
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.
d0n7614

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against A. Peterson and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the said State and County known and described as possessory claim section 8, northwest quarter, situate, lying and being east of the possessory claim of John Clark, Bishop Creek, duly attested the Fourth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on SATURDAY, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 12 o'clock M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff.
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.
December 9th, 1871. d9:7613

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF THOMAS MASON, deceased. It is hereby ordered that George Smith, Administrator of said estate, be and he is hereby authorized to sell at public auction all of the real estate belonging to the estate of Thomas Mason, deceased; and that the THIRTIETH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 1 o'clock P. M., in front of Seth G. Sneden's store, on Bishop Creek, be the time and place for said sale. And it is further ordered that this notice be published in THE INYO INDEPENDENT, a newspaper published in Inyo County and State of California, for four weeks.

A. C. HANSON,
County Judge and ex-officio Probate Judge.
d6n7614

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:
Saturday,...December 16, 1871.

SQUIBLETS.

—Prudes are coquettes gone to seed.

—The first sunshade was an eclipse.

—Relative beauty—A pretty cousin.

—The woman question—What did she have on?

—One way to get a roaring trade is to buy a menagerie.

—Many mechanics are leaving San Francisco for Chicago.

—How long is the longest letter in the alphabet? It is an L (ell) long.

—General Court—Waiting on half a dozen girls at the same time.

—The candy date is said to be the most common election fruit.

—Farmers in the vicinity of Albany, Oregon, are paying boys $20 per month to keep wild geese away from their wheat fields.

—There have been 14,260,327 pounds of tea transported over the Union Pacific railway so far this year.

—A rough-and tumble fight by four young Missourians, in which, three were killed, is delicately styled a "duel" by the local editor who reported it.

—A recently published English pamphlet rapresents Queen Victoria as having hoarded $35,000,000.

—A Western editor represents money as "close," but not close enough to reach.

—A pedant being taken to task for saying that Cæsar founded Rome, retorted, "I tell you he did found it; *he found it in Italy!*"

—A brilliant young married lady wants to know if it is bigamy for a man to become wedded to his wife's opinions.

—A Miss Bain, of Montreal, has sued her lover for what she calls "extras." She says she will explain when the cash comes up for trial.

—A Missouri lady advertises for the person who is in the habit of serenading her, to stand nearer the house so that she can scald him.

—A victim of Horace Greeley's astonishing handwriting, says: "If Horace had written that inscription on the wall in Babylon, Belshazzar would have been a good deal more scared than he was."

—A south-western editor remarks: If in our school-days the rule of three is proverbially trying, how much harder in after life do we find the rule of one." He has been married only fourteen months.

—An Indiana lawyer, when a witness requested leave to go to her sick husband, answered, "No; if her husband died she could easily get another." The woman then slapped his face, and the verdict was that it served him right.

—A clerk writes home to his sweetheart; "Can't marry you this winter Our firm don't advertise; business is awful dull, and I will get my wages cut down, if the firm don't bust altogether. So let us postpone till '72."

—Sayler, of Rutland, Vt., has sued Mr. Page for giving his family the small-pox. If we get the right hang o this, it is one of those cases where it is more blessed to give than to receive.

—Horace Greeley says: "From one to ten boxes of pills is a dose for young fowls; the best way to give the remedy is to tickle the chicken under the wings until it laughs, when the pills can be shot down its throat with a horse pistol."

—Said Mr. Cantwell to his clergyman, who had a great disrelish for hypocrisy, "How can I best help to reform the world?" "By beginning with yourself!" was the conclusive reply.

—To take two letters from money and have but *one* left is considered a neat thing. But we have heard of a man who took money from letters so there wasn't any left.

—It is mentioned as something wonderful that some of the French ponds contain pike more than one hundred and fifty years old. That's nothing. There's pike in the armory of London Tower more than five hundred years old.

—An Alderman in Troy, New York, felt disgusted one night because a young man, visiting his daughter, stayed rather late; so he went in and turned off the gas, and then went to bed. Two hours later he stepped in to see how it was—and regrets having turned the gas off.

—An orator of the "Far West" proposes to "grasp a ray of light from the great orb of day, spin it into threads of gold, and with them weave a shroud in which to wrap the whirlwind which dies upon the bosom of our western prairies." We are afraid the machinery will break before that fabric gets through the loom.

—The following advertisement appeared in a recent London paper: "To Christians—A pious young man never having the blessing of the use of his limbs through being set on wet grass in childhood, earnestly solicits forty-two postage stamps, in return for which he will send, free, six best nickel silver tea-spoons to any part of London."

—An editor in Iowa pretends to speak for the sisterhood in his county as follows: "So far as we know, there is not a woman in Cass county who cares a straw about the female suffrage business, which seems to concern so many women elsewhere. The fact that the increase of children in the county in the last year was over 450 may explain the reason why they don't care to vote, being otherwise employed."

DRUGS ETC.

INYO DRUG STORE.

Pioneer Establishment of this Kind in Lone Pine.

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES
....AND....
PATENT MEDICINES
NEWLY ARRIVED.

ALSO, AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF Perfumes, Soaps, Cosmetics, Fine Essences for the Hankerchief, Pure Cologne and Florida Water, Bay Rum and Yankee Soap for barbers, Brushes and a number of other Toilet Articles, both for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Prescriptions,

and all orders by mail or express carefully and promptly filled, and forwarded immediately. Especial attention paid to

Leaded Sufferers,

with wonderfully quick cure and sure preventative, AT VERY MODERATE CHARGES. Scores of living testimony speak in favor of the treatment. Consultations to the afflicted, in all civilized languages—English, Spanish, French, Italian, Slavonian and Russian—

Free of Charge,

and correspondence kept with the most delicate discretion.

Do You Wish to Purify Your Blood?

Then take a bottle of my own COMPOUND DECOTIONS for Spring and Fall. Six days' treatment with these Decotions will act as a Preventative against the attacks of Catarrhs, Coughs, Rheumatism, etc., that are always produced by the impurities of humors during the inclemency of the Winter Season; and in Summer against Fevers, Colics, Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Liver Complaint and other diseases peculiar to that season. Miners, laborers, farmers and all classes of persons, of both sexes, are respectfully solicited to try a bottle of my Decotion; while taking it they can attend to their work or business without any inconvenience. Directions and instructions accompany each bottle, and full information given free by mail to any address.

P. G. GELCICH,
Druggist & Practitioner,
no18n73m3 **Lone Pine.**

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,

—SUCCESSOR TO—

A. A. GREEN,

—Wholesale and Retail—

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, October 10, 1871.
o14n68m3

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines
CHEMICALS,
Patent Medicines.

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY,
SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,
Hair Restoratives & Dyes.
SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,
STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.
Independence, October 14 JOHN LENTELL.
o14n68m6

MEDICAL.

CARD.

J. D. BLAIR,

Physician & Surgeon,

IS CONSULTED DAILY FOR ALL DISEASES incident to the female system, Prolapsus Uteri or falling of the womb, Flour Albus or whites, Suppression of the Menses, or other menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed. So invariable is the new mode of treatment that the most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted person rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Blair having made the diseases of women and children a specialty for eighteen years in California, has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of such diseases than any other physician on the Pacific coast. Can be consulted with at his drug store in Independence. no4n71tf

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE
SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

BABBITT METAL.

PARTIES DESIRING A QUANTITY OF BABBITT metal can be supplied at low rates on application at this office

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for **County Scrip.**
jy22n56m3 J. B. ROWLEY.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OYEZ! ATTENTION HO! HEAR YE, HEAR YE!

WE WISH YOU WARMLY CLAD,
WELL FED,
AND NOT THIRSTY!
WE HOPE YOU
ARE HAPPY!

IN THE EVENT
OF WANTING ANY
OF THE NUMEROUS
ARTICLES COMPRISING
THE SUM TOTAL OF
HUMAN DESIRES
JUST STEP IN TO THE
WORLD RENOWNED
EMPORIUM OF

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.,

WHERE WE KEEP
SO MANY THINGS
TO SELL,
BUT NOTHING TO
GIVE AWAY!
AND SUPPLY
YOURSELVES.
WE WANT
THE PROFITS.

no25.74tf

STILL AHEAD!

Further Reductions.

A 1 Crushed Sugar Four and One-Half Pounds for

ONE DOLLAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar Five and One-Half Pounds for

ONE DOLLAR!

Chemical Olive Soap Eight Bars for

ONE DOLLAR!

The most complete stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Ever offered in the Valley, at prices to defy competition, at

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO'S.
LONE PINE.

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

—OF—

Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
Lone Pine, Sept. 23, 1871. n65tf66

OPPOSITION STORE.

C. & M. COHN,
Lone Pine,

HAVE THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

....We will....

SELL CHEAPER

Than any other house in Lone Pine.

We Have On Hand

150 cases of Boots and Shoes—the best assortment ever brought to Lone Pine.

NEW GOODS RECEIVING EVERY WEEK
o14n68m3

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one no working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,
No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,
Grand Hotel Building,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

HARRIS & RHINE,
Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.
d9n76m10

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

EARL & HARRIS,

Camp Independence,

....Dealers in....

Dry Goods, Clothing,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Groceries,
HARDWARE,
Crockery and Glass Ware,
PAINTS, OILS,
Varnish and Window Glass.

And a fine assortment of the best brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,
Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a full supply of

Standard School Books

Of the latest adoption.

WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, miners and the public generally to the above stock of goods, and our

Greatly Reduced Prices!

Our business system will prove specially advantageous to interests of Farmers, as

Grain and Produce

of all kind is received in exchange for goods.

EARL & HARRIS.
Camp Independence, Cal., October 10.
o14n68m3

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE

Fish Springs Store,

J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
Wines and Liquors,
Dry-Goods,
CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods,
HARDWARE,
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
—AND—
EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.
Fish Springs, October 25, 1871. o28n70m2

LIVERY STABLES.

THE PIONEER
LIVERY, SALE
—AND—
FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.
Independence, October 28, 1871. o28n70m6

C. A. GRANNIS' LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

(Hunt's Old Stand)

Lone Pine, - - - - - Cal.

BEST OF SADDLE HORSES AND BUGGY teams always on hand. o7m6*

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.

LEWIS SCHNEIDER.
At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.
jy15n55m3

PRINTING.

To Business Men.

PATRONISE
HOME INDUSTRY,
....AND....
KEEP YOUR MONEY
AT HOME!

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INYO INDEPENDENT printing establishment would respectfully ask the attention of the public to their great and unexcelled facilities for the prompt execution of every description of plain and ornamental printing.

Our stock of paper comprises the following styles and sizes, selected with special reference to the wants of the business men of this and adjoining counties: News, Book, Colored, Tissue and Wrapping Paper; Flat Cap, Bill Head, Statement, Demy, Double Cap, Medium and Imperial; Commercial Note, Letter, Packet, Foolscap, etc., with envelopes, cards, etc., in every variety of size, color and texture, from dainty white to legal, and the finest Bristol Board and Satin Enamelled to heavy Railroad.

Our establishment contains over two hundred varieties of type, including many of the very latest and most approved styles and designs. Having every color and quality of ink and bronzes, with a splendid assortment of cuts, rules, borders and flourishes, we are enabled to turn out work pleasing the taste of the most fastidious.

Our presses are of the best patterns, rapid running and capable of doing every description of job-work, in all its endless variety.

For prices, special attention is directed to the illuminated Price List, which will shortly be issued and forwarded to the business men of Inyo County.

Meanwhile, send in your orders; we guarantee satisfaction in every instance.

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THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Volume II. INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA: DECEMBER 23, 1871. Number 79.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER

JAS. E. PARKER, | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday,...December 23, 1871.

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One Year, by Mail or Express	$5 00
Six Months	3 00
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Single Copies	25

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Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

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WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the Sixteenth Judicial District. au19tf

P. REDDY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

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AURORA, NEVADA.
WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Independence, Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no5ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. [n19tf

SURVEYOR.

WM. McBRIDE,
UNITED STATES MINERAL DEPUTY SURVEYOR for the Counties of Inyo and Mono, California. Office at Benton. no4n71y1

BREWERIES.

PIONEER & GERMANIA
BREWERIES,
—AT—
Independence & Lone Pine.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THESE ESTABLISHMENTS respectfully notify the public that they are still in the field, and engaged in making a superior quality of
"Bully Lager Beer,"
Which they will deliver, at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine, Independence and vicinity, at the most reasonable rates.
MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS
au26n61tf Proprietors.

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,
—THE—
Pioneer Blacksmith
—OF—
OWENS VALLEY.
THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.
Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.
Of every description.
Wagon Work
Done in the best style at reasonable terms.
Agricultural Implements
Made and repaired.
ENCLEABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.
A. PARKER.
Independence, Cal., October 21, 1871. n23tf

INSURANCE.

THE MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.
Of New York.
Organized 1842.
Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.
F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.
Assets July, 1870, $11,000,000 Cash
THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.
HARRIS & RHINE,
Agents for Independence and vicinity
o14n68m6

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s
EXPRESS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Pacific Insurance Co.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.
MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.,
OF NEW YORK.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.
GERMAN POSTOFFICE
MONEY ORDERS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Independence, Cal., October 14, 1871. o14n68m6

Die Unterzeichneten
Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Nordeutsche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.
Harris & Rhine,
oc14n68tf Agenten.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S
EXPRESS.
Independence, Cal.
WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents
Office—At Harris & Rhine's store.
o14n68m6

LUMBER.

$25
A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE
BIG PINE SAW MILL.
Great Inducements to the Public.
The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and only $25 per thousand feet.
Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of timber from 10 to 32 feet.
At Short Notice.
BELL & BRO.
Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. f4n32 6m*

BLACK ROCK
SAW MILL.
SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER,
SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,
SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK
FLOURING MILLS.
ORDERS FOR GRINDING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. Flour and Feed constantly on hand. Also, our favorite brand of
XXX FAMILY FLOUR.
Flour sacks for sale at lowest cash prices. No credit for grinding, and positively
No Business Done on Sunday.
H. RUSSELL.
o21n69m6

HOTELS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
INDEPENDENCE, - - CAL.
THIS OLD AND FAVORITE HOUSE IS AGAIN opened for public patronage. By diligent attention and unremitting effort, the present manager hopes to please.
d16n78m2 W. J. LAKE.

NEW RESTAURANT.
THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the public that he has just opened a restaurant, on
Edwards Street, opposite Harris & Rhine's Store,
where he holds himself in readiness to furnish meals in the best style the market can afford, at all hours of the day or night. Travelers by the morning stages can always obtain an early breakfast by leaving notice on the previous evening.
no11n72m6 J. G. BONDS.

ORLEANS HOTEL,
LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.
D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.
THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a
Bar Attached,
Which has constantly on hand the choicest of
Wines, Liquors & Cigars.
Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

FRENCH RESTAURANT
—AND—
ONE BIT SALOON.
PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.
THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edwards street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—drinks, 12½ cents.
au19 6m*

AMERICAN HOTEL,
Cerro Gordo,
Inyo County, - - - - Cal.
JOSEPH SELBY, Proprietor.
THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN HOTEL, HAVING changed hands, the proprietor would respectfully announce that the house will be carried on in first-class style.
October 1, 1871. o7n67m6

Lone Pine Hotel.
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.
Mrs. M. A. BAILEY, Proprietress.
Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

TRAVELING.

INDEPENDENCE
—AND—
CERRO GORDO STAGE LINE
Via. Lone Pine.
J. EARL & CO., - Proprietors.
ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE ABOVE well known line will make DAILY TRIPS, running as follows: Leave Independence every day at 5 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 8 A. M.; Swansea at 12 M. and Cerro Gordo at 5 P. M. Also, leave Cerro Gordo at 7 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 12 M. Leaves Lone Pine at 2 P. M. and arrives at Independence at 5 P. M. Carries passengers, mail and express.
Agents—Independence, J. B. White; Lone Pine, Dan. Canty; Cerro Gordo, Barrows & Dodd.
October 14, 1871. o14n68m3

Los Angeles & San Pedro
RAILROAD.
ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.
Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
☞ First class passenger cars will run regularly. ☜
☞ NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE. ☜
JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n20 1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING
AND GENERAL
Commission Agency.
WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.
Have all goods plainly marked—
"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."
Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.
WM. M. OSBORN.
jy15n55m3

BABBITT METAL.
PARTIES DESIRING A QUANTITY OF BABBITT metal can be supplied at low rates on application at this office.

Mrs. Jabez Baxter.—Fred W. Loring's Last Story.

[From The Irish Republic.]

[We print below, from The Independent, (N. Y.) what is pretty certainly the last article prepared for the press by Fred. Loring. With it, the editor received a note, dated "Somewhere in Arizona, October 14," and mailed October 30, in which the lamented young author says: "This lets me out until I get back to Boston. The child-wives of California are real, I am sorry to say. I think this sketch may help to limit them in the future. * * * I am in the Indian country, but from the accounts of the last papers I have seen, I judge I am safer than in the East. I am in splendid health, but very anxious to reach home again." A later note, dated "Fort Whipple, October 31," closed with the words: "In three days from now I start for San Francisco.']

I am shortly going to become an outcast. I have said that some miners were lawless and brutish; how can I live on the Pacific coast then? I have ridiculed one or two of what seemed to me little snobberies in my dear native city, Boston; and so what can I do in the States? New York seems unsafe to me, here among the Apaches, where rings do not exist, and I am puzzled a little about where to fly for refuge, when I start to leave the southwest. And yet, bad as matters are, I am about to make them worse by telling—

1. A story about a member of the Nevada Legislature.

2. A story about a member of the Massachusetts Legislature.

1. There was an orphan asylum in Virginia City, governed by Catholics and superintended by Sisters of Charity. This orphan asylum applied to the Legislature for aid, and there was, of course, an animated debate. One member suggested the propriety of "first getting your orphans before you help the asylum." Another replied that from the accounts of the Kewillogat and Pepoiekai papers, orphans were likely to abound in Nevada during the next few years. A third, in a "burst of spontaneous eloquence," said, warmly; "God bless the widows and orphans and them as makes them." Finally it was decided to send the member from Red Oak to investigate, as a special committee, the asylum in question. Sister Agatha, who was in charge, showed him the asylum and its contents, and the Red Oak statesman was deeply impressed. "Well, Miss Agatha," he said, "You are a high-toned woman, and I like your style. I shall make a favorable report; good by; shake hands, Miss Agatha, won't you?" Thereupon Sister Agatha explained that Sisters, as a rule, did not shake hands. The member from Red Oak was equal to the emergency. He repeated his words of commendation, and then—well, then he slapped "Miss Agatha" heartily on the back, and left her in a state of pleasure at his geniality. It was another member of the Nevada Legislature who told me this; so, of course, it must be true.

2. There was a member of the Massachusetts Legislature who had occasion to call on the Rev. Father O'Reilly on a matter of business. He knocked at the Father's door. Serving girl appeared. Was the Father in? No, not any. Where had he gone? The servant did not know. Would he be back soon? The servant thought not.

"It's really very annoying," said the member of the Massachusetts Legislature, thoughtfully, "for I wanted to see him on important business. Isn't Mrs. O'Reilly in?"

This second story is given to appease any possible or probable Californian who will thirst for my blood because of Mrs. Jabez Baxter. Having insulted Massachusetts, my own State, by asserting in the foregoing story that all members must logically be idiotic, how is it reasonable to suppose that I am not insulting California, and asserting that all her citizens are as great beasts as Mr. Jabez Baxter in the following romance. Let it pass, however. I accept the fact, new to me, that one swallow does not make a Summer, and proceed to my

ROMANCE.

[Founded upon fact.]

In the Summer of 1871 a weary traveler might have been seen riding through the verdurous lanes of Owens valley, California.

The scenery about him was unquestionably high-toned in the extreme. To the right the Sierra Nevada, with its snow-capped peaks and purple sides, stretched its slow length along like a needless Alexandrine. To the left willows were seen lining the fertile meadows; and the musical ripple of innumerable mountain streams, engaged in irrigating just as hard as they could, was heard.

The traveler could not be called handsome. His complexion was black and tan; his hair, short and spiky, was admirably calculated to defy the attempts of any Indians to secure his scalp, while his beard flowed in irregular but luxuriant masses over his chin and neck. In justice, however, to the rider, it should be remarked that his attire was not calculated to enhance any personal attractions he might otherwise be credited with. A blue, scarlet and green flannel shirt, much faded and shrunken, and entirely destitute of buttons, enfolded his thorax, and was itself partially covered by a tattered vest, whose lining floated behind him in the breeze. The brim of his hat had apparently suffered mastication, while the crown presented a crushed and sat upon aspect. One suspender held up his blue army trowsers, on the cerulean background of whose material stains and black thread could be discerned. Yet this man was a youth of promise, with a rising literary reputation and a liberal education. In his pocket was a pencil and note-book, and his brow a shadow which might have been care or which might have been contrariness.

"Come, get up, Evil Merodach," he cried, addressing his mule in an energetic manner, with forcible language, "for we have a long way to go before we reach camp. Hallo, there's a ranch. Perhaps I can get some milk there." He spurred his mule forward until he reached the gate. A small girl, apparently nine years of age, appeared at the door.

"Have any soldiers gone by here?" he asked.

"Yes," said the child, "and they're in camp about a mile below here."

"Then," said the stranger, dismounting, "I can wait a moment. Is your mother in?"

"No," said the child' "I don't have her around here, you bet."

"Well, is your father in?" asked the stranger, again.

"No, sir," said the small child. "This ranch ain't the old man's no way. It belongs to Baxter—Jabez Baxter, Esquire."

"Well, is Mr. Baxter in, then?"

"No, he ain't."

"Well, is his wife in, then?"

"Yes, sir. I am her."

"What!" said the stranger.

"I'm Mrs. Baxter," said the little girl.

"Mrs. Baxter," said the stranger "how old are you?"

"Going on ten," said Mrs. Jabez Baxter.

"And how old—Mrs. Baxter, do you read the newspapers?"

"Once in a while," said Mrs. Baxter.

"Baxter, then, I suppose, does not take one?"

"No, sir," said Mrs. Baxter, "but he borrys one sometimes."

"Well," said the inquisitive stranger, "I am going to interview you. Were you ever interviewed, Mrs. Baxter?"

"No," said Mrs. Baxter. "It don't hurt none, does it?"

"Not as a rule," said the inquisitive person, taking his note book out.

"Well, say," said Mrs. Baxter, "I ain't going to let you do it for nothing, you know."

"Certainly not," said the inquisitive person. "How much do you want?"

"Well about four bits would be right," said Mrs. Baxter.

"Give me a glass of milk," said the stranger, "and answer some questions, and you shall have your four bits."

"Go ahead," said Mrs. Baxter, conclusively.

"Tell me," said the inquisitive person, "how you came to marry Mr. Baxter?"

"Well," said Mrs. Baxter, "women is scarce round here, and Baxter wanted some help, and he won't have no Chinese around bossing when he's away. Me and him's both down on them fellows. So Baxter and dad, who was old partners, determined that I'd better marry him as I was the oldest. I've got a sister living; she's only seven. She wanted to get married, too; but marm said she wasn't going to have it, no way. No child of her'n should be married before she was eight years old."

"Your mother must be a nice woman," said the inquisitive stranger, writing. "I should like to know your mother."

"Oh, she'd just as lieves," said Mrs. Baxter. "She ain't a bit particular, she ain't."

"And—it's a delicate question—but are you in love with Mr. Baxter?" asked the rising journalist.

"I guess so," said Mrs. Baxter. "He treats me pretty well, and lets me go for them Chinese that he employs; and that's bully good fun, I can tell you. But I'll get divorced before long. I know a girl, she ain't only three years older'n me, and she's married to her second husband already."

"You're a rule, then, and not an exception," said the inquisitive person.

"Hey?" said Mrs. Baxter.

"Are there many other girls of your age around here who are married?"

"Three or four," said Mrs. Baxter. "You ask a heap of questions, don't you?"

"I do, Mrs. Baxter," said the stranger, "and it is thus that I acquire a princely income and a world-wide reputation. Here are your bits. Tell Mr. Baxter that I will send him a newspaper before long. Do I keep to the right or left?"

"To the right, stranger," said Mrs. Baxter.

"Come, Evil Merodach, let's go to camp," said the stranger, and, mounting his mule, he buoyantly rode away.

* * * * * * *

This is all of the great American romance that I am going to give to the readers of this paper at present. In three or four years I will have the second instalment ready. The scene will be laid at Hull, Mass., and the villain will be a hotel-keeper there, who charges a transient guest fifty cents for using a towel. After that I suppose I can never visit Hull again. But no matter for that. It is my intention to expose in a trenchant and vigorous manner some of the abuses of American society, even if I forfeit the delights of Hull forever.

In three or four years the original of Mrs. Jabez Baxter will be even more developed, physically and mentally, than now, thanks to the climate of California. It can not be that the romance of her life has ended with her marriage. On the contrary, I fear it has just begun. Poor little girl, it seems cruel that any climate should be so developing as that in California, if such outrages as your story are to follow. In three or four years, when the second chapter is ready, either special legislation will permit the recurrence of such exceptional cases as yours, or else you will be qualified to fill some position of public trust and honor under the coming administration of that eminent stateswoman, Mrs. Victoria C. Woodhull. And then, too, it is to be hoped that the "rising young journalist," who interviewed you, will have outgrown his present yeasty state, and be better able to do your story full justice.

The Atlantic & Pacific R. R.

The work of pushing this road westward is progressing at a rate hardly surpassed by the operations which characterized the building of the enormously subsidized Union Pacific, a few years ago. Aleady the line is completed to Vinita, thirty-five miles west of the Missouri line. A correspondent of The Chicago Evening Journal thus describes his journey from Seneca, a town situated on the line between Missouri and the Indian Territory, to the present terminus:

"Seneca is the verge of white civilization: all beyond is a wilderness. Three years ago Seneca was inchoate. The railroad approached and it sprang into being. Now a thriving town of 1,000 inhabitants, the centre of a large Indian trade, it is a fair type of a border town, and is eminently lively. Leaving the depot at Seneca a few minutes' ride brings you within the limits of the Territory, and soon the train crosses Grand river, over a magnificent bridge. On all sides are those peculiarities of vegetation and topography which characterize the greater part of the reservation. Thirteen miles west of Seneca is Prairie City, in the Cherokee nation, a good site for a city but a poor sight of a city. A depot building, a rough board "hotel" (Heaven save the mark,) two or three shanties and Cherokee tents, comprise the edifices. The Indians have laid out a town here which they call Oseuma (O-seemo) meaning "pure water." The railroad company have here erected stock yards, said to be the most extensive in the country. The place must soon become prominent as a shipping point for the vast heards of Texas and Cherokee cattle, which cover the surrounding plains. Twenty-two miles further west, or a little south of west, is Vinita, the present terminus of the Atlantic and Pacific Road and its junction with the Missouri Kansas and Texas road running south. The track of the Atlantic and Pacific Road is laid some three miles further, to Big Cabin Creek. Vinita is also in the Cherokee Nation, and at the time of our visit [middle of September] was hoary with the accumulated burdens of two week's existence—a bustling, busy canvas city. Two weeks ago a desert, now filled with 400 or 500 railroad operators, living in tents and box cars, while more substantial dwellings are being erected, it seemed to have been called into existence by the hand of enchantment. We approached it first on horse, through the tall grass of the prairie, in the dim twilight, when suddenly, on rounding the base of a hill, a hundred tents gleamed white through the gloom looking as though they had sprung from the earth. Of course nine-tenths of the inhabitants will follow the road to the next terminus, and only the few Indians residents will be left. Two years from now—should the Indian restrictions be removed—Vinita, as the junction of two great trunk roads crossing the continent at right angels, will be a city. The name is Cherokee and signifies "Flowery Plains," a name which the surroundings render beautiful and appropriate. The Indians have laid out a town here, called Downingsville in honor of their leading chief."

How He Won Five Dollars.

Two gentlemen of color went out early one morning to run a foot-race on a bet of $5. After jockeying a long time for the "bulge," they got off. Soon one led the other so much that the latter determined on a *coup de malive* to save money and credit, and flying the track took a wide circuit over logs and fences. On finally reaching the "out come" he was met by the exulting exclamation from his long heeled opponent, who was calmly awaiting his arrival: "Gosh, nigger, you see how I win dat five dollars 'fore breakfust?" "Go way, nigger," said the other indignantly, "how the debbil you win five dollars 'fore breakfust when I flewed the track?"

—A countryman came to one of our hotels and wrote after his name: "P. O. P. S. F. C." Here was a title which none but himself undersood. "Pray my dear sir," asked the barkeeper, "what do all these letters stand for?" "Stand for! Why, that's my title." "Yes, sir; but what is your title?" "Why, sir, Professor of Psalmody and Schoolmaster from Connecticut."

—A Miss Bain, of Montreal, has sued her lover for what she calls "extras." She says she will expain when the case comes up for trial.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday,...December 23, 1871.

The San Francisco Ghost.

The San Francisco people are now happy in the possession of a peculiar sort of a ghost. It is simply the photograph of a man's face and shoulders upon a window glass. This mysterious appearance has created quite a sensation and is a God-send to newspaper reporters, who are filling their respective journals with columns of descriptive, sage speculations as to its origin, etc. Some of them print pictorial representations of the ghost. The following, from The Bulletin of the 10th, will give some idea of what is said and done about it:

The mysterious face at the window Joergen's continues to monopolize the attention of the people as the sensation of the day, and, having the elements of success, it is likely to have a long and profitable run. In point of interest it eclipses the Cardiff giant, the woolly horse, and the strong whale, while it has none of the costliness attendant upon the keeping or transportation of either of these rival novelties, and has not the weight of the giant, the appetite of the horse or the odor of the whale. It is necessary to take all these points into consideration, because the face fast assumes a commercial value, and like the girl of the period is in the market. What it is we are not prepared to state, but reliable parties say that it is a peculiarity in the glass, caused at the time of its manufacture, and is known to mechanics by the name of "smoke in the glass." Some mechanics claim to have seen faces similar to the one in question in many a glass. This statement has the ring of reason. It sounds natural. It is well known that impressions of faces are accidentally taken on window-glass at times, and they are known as "chance pictures." Such may be the character of this picture. It has the appearance of the faded ambrotype of a corpse, approaches translucency, and is rather mellow and subdued. The position of the head suggests the idea that the party may have been mellow when it was taken, or had been hanged. Malicious persons claim to believe that it is the picture of some conscience-smitten pirate, who would naturally seek quarters in that neighborhood, because of the bay view. The general public may have whatever theory they please—R. B. Woodward has a theory of his own, and also has the picture. At 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon the glass was taken out, to the huge disgust of speculators on the street, and ere this the specter may be gazing serenely upon the pleasant scenes at Woodward's Gardens. It is reported that Mr. Woodward paid $250 for the prize. Perhaps he did.

A Railroad Race.

A correspondent of The Red Wing Argus thus describes a race which recently took place on the parallel lines of railroad between Winona and Minnesota City:

Taking the Eastern bound train on Tuesday, the 7th inst., at 2 P. M., at Rochester, nothing of note occurred until we came whistling and steaming out of the bluffs on to the river bottom, about six miles west of Winona, where the Winona and St. Peter and St. Paul and Chicago Railroad tracks come together into about one hundred feet of each other, and whence they run parallel into Winona, a distance of six miles.

It seems that the trains on the Winona and St. Peter and St. Paul and Chicago Railroads are due at Winona at the same time.

As we made the curve, where the two roads come together, as above stated, the train approached at the same time, running nearly at their utmost speed, creating considerable excitement amongst the passengers—ladies waving their handkerchiefs and gentlemen swinging their hats, evincing considerable interest as to which train could make the best speed and come in ahead at Winona.

Many of us have witnessed the trial of horse speed; some of yachting and steamboat racing; but this was certainly the most exciting race that I have ever witnessed. As the conductor came through the car, remarked that the engine "St Paul" on the St. Paul and Chicago road, was the Company's best or brag engine, but he thought it was not able to propel the train and make as good time to the city as would be made by the train of which he was the conductor. The train on the St. Paul and Chicago road was about its length ahead; ours put on more steam, and began to gain—both now running "neck and neck." The excitement on both trains became intense. Ours steadily gained. Just as we passed the train on the Chicago road—it being a mixed one—having a car load of lumber on one, one of the stakes of the car broke, and a plank fell off, one end striking the ground, while the other end struck the edge of a baggage car, breaking through it and striking a telegraph operator, who was in the baggage car, knocking him senseless.

The train was brought to a standstill, while we rushed on, at the rate of a mile a minute, to the depot.

The conductor and engineer of the St. Paul train were discharged by the Superentendent for the part which they took in the foregoing transaction,

SOME NEEDED LEGISLATION.

There are a number of questions pertaining to the interests of this county that require legislative action. To some of these we desire to call the attention of the Tuolumne delegation in the Legislature, these gentlemen, under the present arrangement, being the sole representation for this and Mono county. We are satisfied they will, one and all, take pride in complying with our wants but in the nature of the case they can have but an imperfect personal knowledge of what we do need without some special action on the part of our own citizens. The best means by which to, accomplish this would be through the agency of a good lobby member, as proposed by us a short time since. As we hear of no steps being taken to secure that sort of a representation, we conclude, first, that nothing of the kind will be done, and, second, that our business men and tax-payers do not properly appreciate the necessity of taking some such action in reference to impending questions, nor realize their importance as affecting the future destinies of our county. Without, at present, saying more on this point we shall briefly allude to some of the questions at issue.

1st. An act of the Legislature is required authorizing the Treasurer of Mono county to pay over some $1,200 school money apportioned to the Bishop Creek school district, said money not having been paid over at the time nor since that portion of Mono territory was set off to Inyo. The only reason why this has not been done was a doubt as to the legality of the transfer, and we now ask that this doubt be removed by act of the Legislature.

2d. A change in the time when our Assesor may commence his duties is imperatively needed. Thousands of live stock, owned by persons who are not citizens or tax-payers of the county—men belonging mostly on the west of the Sierras—are regularly every Fall driven into this county and wintered here, much to the detriment and inconvenience of our citizens, and as regularly driven again out in the Spring before they can under the law be assessed. Thus these nomadic stockmen escape all taxation and the county loses from $2,000 to $3,000 yearly in taxes that might and would be secured if the law was changed so that the Assessor could begin his work two months earlier.

3d. A law constituting the Assesor the collector of poll and transient property taxes, as recommended by the State Board of Equalization, would receive the hearty endorsement of the people of this county. It would effect a material saving in other taxes besides that upon property belonging to non-resident owners of the class above mentioned.

4th. It is generally, and we believe, universally desired that the salary of our County Judge be raised to something like a decent and adequate compensation for his responsible and arduous duties. It is a matter of the greatest difficulty, if not quite out of the question, to induce any one possessing the requisite qualifications to accept the position for the present pitiful salary, though nominally $1,000, really amounts to but $600 a year. For this reason the Judge elect will not qualify, and before the vacancy is filled the salary should be doubled at least.

5th. The passage of a no-fence law for this county would accord with the desires of at least nine-tenths of our citizens, stock men included. We shall not elaborate on this point at this time further than to say that if even the enormous expense of securing crops against stock by fencing was no consideration, the scarcity of suitable material places it quite out of the question to fence a vast area of land suited for agriculture, which, per force, must lie in idleness, and in consequence quantities of farm produce, that ought and could be raised at home, has now to be hauled here from abroad to supply increasing demands.

6th. The future prosperity of this county is essentially contingent upon some improved means or route for the transportation of freight to and from the metropolis A wagon road to connect us with the railroad, soon to be in operation, at Visalia seems to offer the most feasible inducements. The extent of the aid for this purpose that could consistently be asked of, or granted by, the Legislature would amount to nothing more than a charter, perhaps. Be that as it may, while we are opposed to cash subsidies in aid of such enterprises either by towns, counties or State, we would gladly second the granting by the general government of one-fourth or more of all the land in the Great Basin, under proper restrictions, to any company who will construct railroads through it. This, however, has but little to do with the matter under consideration. The proposed wagon road will be of the greatest advantage to both Inyo and Tulare, and we hope that it may receive whatever aid the Legislature can consistently grant it.

7th. A matter of paramount importance to Inyo, Mono and Tuolumne is involved in the impending legislative apportionment. We should cordially endorse an amendment to the Constitution that would give every county, regardless of population, at least one representative in the Legislature. The injustice of the present arrangement, even, is seen in the fact that *one* of three counties composing this legislative district, has *five* representatives in the two branches of the Legislature, while the others have *none at all*. And, unless the five gentlemen alluded to specially interest themselves in our favor, as in fairness they ought to do, for the next ten years Mono and Inyo can not have even one jointly, except under a possible condition that would leave Tuolumne utterly out in the cold, should the present district lines be retained. Now, in delault of the above amendment, we propose that the surplus population above 7,000, the basis of representation possessed by Tuolumne be credited to Mono and Inyo so that the two together might be entitled to a representative. There would still be a slight deficiency which in like manner might be made up from some other county. We ask this as a matter of right and justice due this portion of the State, geographically set off as were from all the rest, and for that reason if no other, entitled to a voice in its legislation. But if neither of these things can be accomplished, then as the next best thing we ask to be districted with either Tulare or Kern, with either of which we have some identity of interests, while with Tuolumne we have none whatever more than with San Diego or Sacramento. We beg leave to call the attention o the Tuolmne delegation to this fact: That, as shown by the State Treasurer's last report, Mono and Inyo are included among the twelve counties which show any advance by property returns, and as an indication of what it will be in a short time, it will be seen by reference to that report, that this county shows a much larger increase in property and population than any other in the State. In both particulars we have nearly doubled and have good reason to expect a continuance in the same ratio, so that at the date of the next election our vote, combined with that of Mono, will certainly exceed that of Tuolumne. In that case the contest for the single member apportioned the three, should there be no change in the district, will not be political, but simply Mono and Inyo versus Tuolumne.

Eighthly and lastly, we will remark that if we can not have any of the foregoing that some old clothes would be acceptable to us sage-brushers.

EASTERN NEWS.

In Congress the following business was transacted on Monday, December 11:

Sumner introduced a bill in the United States Senate to abolish the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue and reduce taxation. It was referred to the Finance Committee, which will probably report unfavorably to its passage. A general amnesty bill was also reported in the Senate. A like bill has also been introduced in the House, Cox being its sponsor. Ramsay introduced a bill in the Senate to organize the Territory of Ojibway, next to Montana. The lower house of Congress adopted a concurrent resolution to adjourn on the 21st inst. to the 8th of January. Trumbull made a speech in the Senate in favor of the civil service reform, in which he inveighed against the system of using the subordinate offices of the Government as administration patronage.

The rumors of an attempted impeachment of the President (set afloat by The New York Herald) are said to be without the least foundation.

In Illinois, for Congressman at large Beveridge (Rep.) has an official majority of 22,589, out of a total vote of 253-263; the Cook county vote was 27,452.

George Bancroft has been confirmed as Minister to the German Empire.

Three million two hundred and eighty-seven thousand six hundred dollars is the total cost of the census of 1870.

Hooper, Delegate from Utah, favors the formation of a State Constitution that shall be acceptable to Congress.

Peter B. Sweeney's administration of the New York Department of Public Works managed, in eighteen months, to spend $6,000,000 on the parks of the city.

Repot says Attorney General Akerman will resign, to be succeeded by Geo. H. Williams of Oregon.

The Ways and Means Committee of the House will introduce a bill abolishing the income tax.

Five hundred and twenty-five bills and two joint resolutions were introduced in Congress the 11th, one to raise the tax on whisky to eighty cents per gallon.

Edwards Pierrepont volunteers his services to assist the Internationals in prosecuting the city of New York for arresting them and stopping the procession last Sunday. They resolved to parade in force the following Sunday, and public opinion seconds the resolve.

PACIFIC COAST READAGRAMS.

The Grand Jury of Los Angeles have indicted thirty-eight persons for complicity in the raid on the Chinese at that place some weeks ago. The jury was of the opinion that the slaughter might have been averted had the officers discharged their duties properly, and with nerve enough to interfere between the victims and the mob.

The stage line between Salt Lake and Pioche is now being run daily, whereat the people of the latter place are much rejoiced.

Kidd, arrested some time since on a charge of incest with his own daughter, was tried in the District Court at Aurora week before last, found guilty, and Judge Seawell sentenced him to four years in the State Prison.

Alanson C. Bidwell, a well known citizen of Sacramento, committed suicide by shooting himself, December 10. Cause, depression of spirits from sickness and losses in business.

The Union of the 10th says the first mail and passengers to come through since the snow blockade on the overland railroad, arrived on the 9th.

Six companies of the Filth Cavalry are snow-bound in Wyoming Territory. They have been expected daily, *en route* for Arizona. Four companies of the same regiment were dispatched from San Francisco in the Newbern, by way of the gulf, a short time since.

It is understood that the appointment of Commissioner of Immigration will be given to Col. J. D. Stevenson of San Francisco.

A desperate affray took place in Virginia City, December 11. Timothy Quinn got a fighting drunk on, and made a murderous attack on a Mr. McGee of the Delta Saloon, who had to knife and otherwise cut up the said Quinn, who is dangerously wounded.

A courtezan named Mollie Forshay killed the cook at a restaurant in Reno, December 10. The mans name was Kelly. The woman was drunk.

Letters from Tucson, of November 27th, say that the news that the Apaches are to be placed under the control of General Schofield has had a most favorable effect on the people of Arizona. Several settlements which were about to be abandoned by the inhabitants in despair are now receiving accessions of settlers, and the mining prospects were never so good as at present. The mines in the Pinal country, recently discovered by members of Gov. Safford,s expedition, are prospecting immensely rich.

Judge Lake was examined in Judge Sawyer's court, San Francisco, touching his assault on De Young of The Chronicle. Sawyer held him to answer to the charge of assault and battery, believing the evidence did not sustain a graver charge. The case was sent to the County Court for trial; bail, $1,500.

The water Committee of the Board of Supervisors of San Francisco report against the Lake Tahoe and Clear Lake projects, and think a sufficient supply can be obtained by aggregating the waters of the streams in San Mateo, Santa Clara and San Francisco.

The Republican caucus which met December 14, nominated A. A. Sargent for Senator on the first ballot.

Seven thousand kangaroo skins have been received at San Francisco from Australia. They are being tanned into leather.

Inhuman.

Wm. Kruger, one of the two surviving victims of the Wickenburg massacre, writes us from Date Creek, under date of November 29th. He gives a most startling account of the inhuman treatment which he and his wounded companion, Miss Sheppard, received at the hands of the commanding officer of that post. Our space will not permit us to publish the account at length; but it is enough that the commanding officer ordered the woman to be taken off the reservation and refused to extend even the least aid or hospitality to Mr. Kruger.

It is very questionable virtue on the part of any man in position, to add, by his authority, to the misfortune of a woman already disabled and suffering from wounds, because she happens to be of those who have fallen from virtue. Humanity should recognize no condition; and it is a questionable right which man assumes when he punishes a woman for a crime of which not one out of every 500 of his own sex can plead guiltless.—*Arizona Miner, Dec 2.*

Woolen Mills at Santa Barbara.

A very gratifying interest is taken in the woolen mill project. One gentleman alone will invest ten or twelve thousand dollars. A fine brick house and grounds will be placed at the service of the manager, near by the mill site. An abundance of soft water rises near the surface in one corner of the grounds. These grounds embrace two acres in town. Capital stock would be taken to the extent of $100,000. It seems to us that the way opens at last for a woolen mill.—*Santa Barbara Press, Nov 25.*

SUMMARY OF THE DOINGS OF THE CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE.

[From The Daily Union.]

In the Assembly, Saturday Dec. 9 concurrent resolutions were introduced and referred to the Committee on Federal Relations, requesting Congress to intervene against the immigration of Mongolians.

The Legislature was not in session on Monday the 11th.

In the Senate, on Tuesday Lieutenant-Govenor Pacheco took his seat as President, making appropriate remarks. Mr. Irwin introduced a bill to amend Section 13 of Article 11 of the State Constitution in relation to taxation. A resolution was adopted making the Judiciary Committees of the two houses a Joint Committee on Revision of the Laws; and another resolution was adopted giving the use of the Senate Chamber for the inauguration ball.

In the State Senate on Wednesday Mr. Van Ness was sworn into office as a member. The standing committees on Enrolled Bills, Engrossed Bills, Elections, Claims, Finance, Judiciary, Agriculture, State Prison, Public Buildings, Federal Relations, Education, Contingent Expenses, Public Lands, Revenue, Mining Interests and State Hospitals were appointed. Bills on the general file were taken up and referred.

In the Assembly several more mail route resolutions were introduced, and quite a number of bills were introduced: By Little, amending the Registry act; by Slaughter erecting the Eighteenth Judicial District out of San Diego and San Bernardino; by Pardee, granting tide lands to Oakland; by Munday, repealing the Registry act; by De Haven, incorporating Chico, by Gray, requiring compensation from the seller for injuries done under the influence of liquor. by Hopper, repealing the specific contract act; by Luttrell, providing pay for the attaches of the Legislature; and by Berry, amending and repealing Sutter county reclamation acts.

—Courting is an irregular, active, transitive verb, indicative mood, present tense, third person, singular number, and agrees with all the girls in town.

MARRIED.

Near Camp Independence, December 22 by Hon. A. C Hanson, County Judge, Mr. CHARLES A. WALTER to LOUISA THOMPSON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

THE BALL OF THE CERRO GORDO SOCIAL Union is postponed until further notice, on account of the weather.

By rder. COMMITTEE.

CITIZENS' MEETING.

ALL PROPERTY OWNERS AND CITIZENS of the town of Independence and vicinity are requested to meet on SUNDAY (TO-MORROW) DECEMBER 24, 1871, at 7 o'clock P. M., at the Inyo House saloon, for the purpose of receiving and taking action upon the reports of special committees on the different plans of protecting the town from fire.

J. P. M. PERHAM, Chairman.
JAS E. PARKER, Secretary. n7911

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For sale cheap for cash. Agency for Eastern Publications. All orders promptly attended to.

J. B. ROWLEY.
d23n79m3

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY of Inyo, State of California. In the matter of the estate of J. L. Wells, deceased. Notice is hereby given that James Brady has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition praying for Letters of Administration of the estate of J. L. Wells, deceased, and that MONDAY, THE EIGHTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., being a day of a regular term of said Court, to-wit: of the January term, A. D. 1872, at the Court Room in the town of Independence, in the County of Inyo, State of California, has been fixed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why said petition should not be granted.

S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk,
[SEAL.] By M. W. HAMMARSTRAND,
December 22, 1871. Deputy Clerk.
d23n7913

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY of Inyo, State of California. In the matter of the estate of Margaret E. George, deceased. Notice is hereby given that William J. Lake, the Special Administrator of the estate of Margaret E. George, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement and filed in said Court his final account of his administration of said estate, and that TUESDAY THE TWENTY-SIXTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D 1871, being a day of term of said Court, to-wit: of the November Term A. D. 1871, at ten o'clock A. M., has been duly appointed by said Court for the settlement of said account, at which time any person interested may appear and file his exceptions in writing to the said account, and contest the same.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate
[SEAL] Court this 18th day of December, A. D. 1871.
S. P. MOFFAT,
d23n7911 Clerk.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DELINQUENT TAXES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE received from the Tax Collector of the County of Inyo the Delinquent List of Taxes for the year 1871, and have delivered the same to the District Attorney of said County, and if said taxes are not paid within TWENTY DAYS from the date hereof suit will be commenced for the collection of the same, together with costs.

Given under my hand this Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871. S. P. MOFFAT,
d23n7912 County Auditor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF HENRY GRIMM, DECEASED. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrator of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within FOUR MONTHS from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at the office of P. Reddy, in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, State of California.

JOHN A. LANK,
Public Administrator.
Independence, December 18, 1871. d23n7914

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF JAMES WHITE, DECEASED. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within FOUR MONTHS from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at the office of P. Reddy, in the town of Independence, State of California.

JOHN A. LANK,
Public Administrator.
Independence, December 18, 1871. d23n7914

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against Peter Laird and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said State and County known and described as Laird's 1,000 acres of grazing land, above Bishop Creek, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 3 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
d23n7913 By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against Westerville & Ryan, and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said State and County, known as Westerville & Ryan's possessory claim, near the town of Fish Springs, containing 320 acres, with the improvements thereon; also, one store house at Fish Springs, known as the Westerville & Ryan store, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 3 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
d23n7913 By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against J. R. Westerville and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said State and County, and described as J. R. Westerville's possessory claim at Fish Springs; also, the improvements thereon, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
d23n7913 By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against C. F. Duval and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said State and County and described as C. F. Duval's possessory claim to certain springs, situated about four miles from Cerro Gordo, in a north-westerly direction, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 1 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
d23n7913 By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against Antonio Rojas and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said County and State known as Antonio Rojas' house and lot, Cerro Gordo, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
d23n7913 By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against Manuel Pracado and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said State and County known and described as possessory claim of Manuel Pracado, Pine Nut Pine; also, the improvements thereon, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M. in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
d23n7913 By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against San Carlos Mill and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said State and County known as the San Carlos possessory claim; also, one quartz mill and machinery situate at old town of San Carlos and known as the San Carlos Mill, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
d23n7913 By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,...December 23, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

Will Not Qualify.

It is authoritatively stated that John A. Hannah, Esq., the County Judge elect, will not qualify for the position, sensibly preferring to remain in Cerro Gordo attending to his own affairs rather than accept the place. The contemptibly small salary received by this officer is disgraceful, and it is hardly to be wondered at that men refuse to assume the responsibilities—to work for nothing and board themselves. The official term of the present County Judge expires December 31, the office remaining vacant from and after that time unless the Judge elect qualifies; in the event he does not the Governor of the State has the appointing power. In case the rumor concerning Judge Hannah proves to be true, the position should remain unfilled until the Legislature can be induced to increase the salary to a decent compensation, such as would befit a public officer performing the onerous duties.

Go to Sneden's, ascertain his prices and you will at once admit that he can not sell on credit.

The Visalia Stage Line.

Any person having important business to attend to in San Francisco within a limited time, and starts out on the Visalia stage in the fond expectation that he will be put through on the advertised schedule time of that institution—which is four days—and expects to reach his destination within the said limited time, with some hours to spare, and finds instead that he is three days behind hand, because of being seven days *en route*, can fully appreciate existing facts and the experience of two gentlemen who, at different times during the past three weeks, have been thus deceived, and from whom we have seen letters. They write back that the said stage line "is run in the interest of second rate hotels," and for their "friends to go by some other route if they do not wish to be outrageously imposed upon." And the public, as well as ourself, are completely infatuated with the Northern line—in a horn.

Groceries sold at Sneden's at only a slight advance over cost and carriage.

Struck Water.

None but those familiar with the nature of the Cerro Gordo country can fully appreciate the importance of the above announcement, when given in reference to one of the mines of that district. A stream of water suddenly broke through the face of a drift from the lower tunnel of the Belmont mine one day last week, thoroughly drenching the astonished miner—giving him a free bath where water is (or was) ten cents per gallon. It spurted a small stream for some hours, when it gave out almost as suddenly as it came. As might be expected, its appearance created some excitement, since a steady supply of it would enhance the value of the mine ten fold. Prospecting for more of it is being energetically pushed; in fact one of the owners of this splendid property is distinguished as a Hunter of this Beveridge.

Fine Beaver and Cassimere Suits at Sneden's.

A Cold Bath

On Thursday evening last a gent of Celtic extraction and a burley farmer got into a little muss on the street, probably due to an overdose of tansy or something. Blows were exchanged, one of which landed our inebriated friend square into the middle of the creek—in the icey-cold water. He meekly crawled under the barber shop, beneath which runs the creek, concluded that he had been put in his little bed and would rest there for the night. But his happy dreams were disturbed, for a crowd assembled and fished him out. The last we saw of the beligerents they were shaking hands and being tried for salt and batter—and were probably fined the stimulants by the presiding Judge.

Otter, Brown Astrakhan and Cloth Cloaks at Sneden's.

Christmas

Is to be generally observed throughout the county, in the evening, at least. As will be seen by our advertising columns, balls are announced to take place at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine and this place, with a probable sprinkling of similar affairs to the northward, all of which will doubtless be well attended. May the Genius of good order and hearty enjoyment reign supreme at all these assemblages; and we sincerely wish all hands a merry, merry Christmas!

The latest styles in Water Proofs, Plaids and Satins at Sneden's.

Mining Accident.

A week or two since Mr. Daniel Schneider met with a very severe accident, by falling a distance of some twenty feet, in the Union mine, Cerro Gordo. Besides breaking a rib he sustained an injury of the spine, which has nearly paralyzed his lower limbs. He is under the care of Dr. Lesisne, who thinks he may recover, though necessarily slow.

A splendid assortment of Shawls at Sneden's.

In Bankruptcy.

The Kearsarge Company are about taking the "benefit" of the bankrupt law, according to notices received by creditors hereabouts. It is likely that this method is taken by the majority as a means of accomphishing certain objects, possibly legitimate, but the entire management of this corporation seems to deserve the strongest censure and condemnation.

If you want a good set of Harness or a Saddle, go to Sneden's.

The New Store.

Our worthy Postmaster has at last got into his new quarters, and proposes doing a business as is a business. His store is really a creditable concern, being just what was needed, and well filled with a variety of most everything. We commend to the reader the perusal of Mr. Rowley's official announcement, given elsewhere.

A full line of White Goods, Ribbons, Trimmings, Buttons, etc., at Sneden's.

Postponed.

It is announced that the ball to be given at Cerro Gordo by the Social Union is postponed until further notice, on account of the weather. See notice. We presume the snow is ten feet deep, more or less, at that point.

Ladies' Hats, latest style, at Sneden's.

Mistaken.

For the purpose of correcting rumors started by parties who do not read the papers, we will state that the ball to occur in this place on Christmas night is *not* given by Independence Engine Co. No. 1.

No Traces.

A party of soldiers, under command of Sergeant Remsnyder, returned yesterday from a twelve days' search in the Telescope country for some clue to the Egan-Wheeler mystery, having failed to make any discoveries of importance connected with that affair. They were accompanied by Monto and a man named Jones, in the employ of Mr. Brady. Will any solution of the strange affair ever be offered?

Sneden has so many things time and space will not permit to enumerate them. He feels confident that from his extensive assortment you will find what you want, and at prices that will prove satisfactory.

Attend.

The special committees appointed by our citizens to investigate and report upon the cost and feasibility of the engine and water works systems of fire protection are in readiness to report, and the Chairman has called a meeting for final action. Let every man who has the least interest at stake attend, without fail. See notice.

Heavy Sale.

On Monday last the Santa Maria mine, Cerro Gordo, was sold by the Sheriff on execution, for $100,041 50, to satisfy a judgment for $97,000, the purchaser being P. W. Bennett, Esq. It is thought that Mr. Dorr, the former owner of the mine, will come forward and redeem the property.

At Work.

Work on the big tunnel from the lower town of Cerro Gordo, to tap the Front at a depth of 1,000 feet, is now being energetically pushed by the projectors, Messrs. Brady & Simpson. Two years will be required to complete the work.

The Weather.

Since Sunday last up to Friday morning we have had a good deal of weather—"rain, glorious rain" in the valley and "snow, the beautiful snow" *ad nauseam*, in the mountains.

A Puff.

All the smokists attached to this office are happy while puffing away at a box of cigars, presented by Postmaster Rowley. They are A No. 1, and a fair sample of those which he has on sale at the Postoffice store.

Sold Out.

Fred Fink has sold out his interest—one eighth—in the Wittekind mine, Cerro Gordo, to one of his partners, for $1,000. Fred makes a break northward in a few days.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Fourth Sunday in the Month.

Independence—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 11 P. M.; Sunday School at 2 P. M.; class meeting at the parsonage on Saturday at 7 P. M. George's Creek—Rev S. W. Blaisdell; preaching at 1 P. M. Eclipse Mine—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 7 P. M.; class meeting at 9 A. M. Lone Pine—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 7 P. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 7½ P. M.; Sunday School at 11 A. M.; prayer meeting on Thursday at 7 P. M. Fish Springs—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching on Thursday before 1st Sunday, at 7 P. M. Big Pine—Rev. Orne and Clark; preaching on Friday before 1st Sunday, at 7 P. M.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Extremely cold weather in Paris—mercury twenty-one and a half degrees below zero, and the Sein frozen over.

The Czar of Russia desires constant peace and fraternity with Germany, and thinks this the surest means of maintaining the peace of Europe.

A Paris dispatch of the 9th instant says Thiers will throw up the French presidency in favor of the Duke of Aumale; that such an agreement has been made between the Duke and Thiers and that a majority of the "right" approve it.

All Madrid is in a fever of excitement over that part of President Grant's message which relates to the civil war in Cuba. The Spanish Government will at once send to Cuba 4,000 more soldiers, two new generals and four ironclads.

Prussia regards the late speech of the Czar of Russia (in which he declared that Germany and Russia in friendship will maintain the peace of Europe,) as putting an end to any prospect of an alliance between Russia and France.

The German Empire will soon send a naval expedition to South America.

Cholera has appeareb in Alexandria, Egypt.

Asiatic cholera is raging in the City of Lucknow, Hindostan.

The elections in Spain for members of the Cortes appear to have resulted in favor of the Republicans.

A bill legalizing civil marriages has just passed the Swiss Assembly.

The French Assembly, 289 to 277, adopted a resolution for the alienation of the crowe jewels of France to the State.

After the North Pole.

Sweden is preparing to send out an expedition in the Spring, in addition to those already sent out by other nations, in search of that mythical arrangement known as the North Pole. When they all do arrive there they will probably find the Stars and Stripes floating from the top of it, if Captain Hall, of the American expedition, is endowed with the degree of energy nationally expected of him. This business of discovering the Noth Pole, thus indulged in year after year, at so great a cost of both life and money, is becoming a serious tax—a pole tax, we may say. Yet when discovered it can be of no practical use except dubiously, in the interest of science. It is too cold a country for lumbering or ranching, and even the open sea said to exist around it is not safely available for profitable whaling, that is, judging by the loss of the whole whaling fleet up that way a short time ago. We hope the nation which has lost the most Poles may find this one, and settle the matter.

—What is the difference between a fool and a looking glass? One speaks without reflecting, and the other reflects without speaking.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND

CHRISTMAS BALL,

—GIVEN BY—

MRS. M. A. BARRY,

(Of the Lone Pine Hotel)

At Grothey's Hall,

....ON....

Christmas Night, Dec. 25th

Committee of Invitation:

LONE PINE.
W. L. Moore, D. Canty,
F. Grothey, J. J. Moore,
C. D. Begole, G. Spencer.
INDEPENDENCE.
T. May, J. A. Parker,
P. P. Dow, J. B. Brown.
SWANSKA.
George Andrews, T. S. Friels.
BISHOP CREEK.
J. Spray, J. Crough.
CERRO GORDO.
J. Hughes, D. Williams.

Floor Managers:

A. C. Harvey, D Williams,
J. A. Parker, H. Burroughs,
J. R. Moffat.

THE FINEST OF MUSIC HAS BEEN ENGAGED for the occasion, and no pains will be spared to render this affair the most enjoyable one of the season. d16n78t2

SPORT!

Chicken & Turkey Shooting

....AT....

INDEPENDENCE.

....ON....

CHRISTMAS DAY.

MESSRS. THOMAS MAY AND J. W. COFER have made all necessary arrangements for a general chicken and turkey

Shooting Match.

And respectfully invite everbody to participate. d16n78t2

HOLIDAY BALL

....AT THE....

Exchange Hotel, Independence,

....ON....

CHRISTMAS NIGHT

December 25, 1871.

Tickets, - - - $3.00.

EVERY EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO MAKE this ball a success, all arrangements being complete and of the best description. The dancing public are respectfully invited to attend

d16n78t2 R. D. PARKER, Proprietor.

LIVERY STABLES.

THE PIONEER

LIVERY, SALE

—AND—

FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.
Independence, October 28, 1871. o28n70m6

C. A. CRANNIS'

LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

(Hunt's Old Stand)

Lone Pine, - - - - Cal.

BEST OF SADDLE HORSES AND BUGGY teams always on hand. o7m6*

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Boot and Shoemaker.

MR. FRED. FISHER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Inyo that he has established a Boot and Shoe Shop, at the old stand

IN LENTELL'S BUILDING,

Where he is prepared to do any kind of work in his line, with neatness and dispatch. The best of French and other stocks constantly on hand. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

n625n74m3 FRED. FISHER.

PAINTING.

PAINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW PREPARED TO do all kinds of

SIGN, ORNAMENTAL

....AND....

PLAIN PAINTING,

In the best style. Picture frames made to order, varnishing, etc. Shop on Edwards street. Orders left at The Independent office will be promptly attended to.

no11n72m3 T. A. GARDNER

TO CONTRACTORS.

WOOD, WOOD!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL LET A CONTRACT for

500 Cords of Wood,

To be delivered at the Eclipse Mill.
For full particulars inquire of
HENRY TREGELLES, Manager.
d16n78t

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for County Scrip.

jy22n56m3 J. B. ROWLEY.

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

arine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20-n47tf

SETH G. SNEDEN.

NEW GOODS!

LARGE STOCK!

All Goods Sold for Cash

NO HIGH PRICES.

NO BIG PROFITS.

MEN'S WEAR,

PRINTS,

MUSLINS,

FLANNELS,

SHIRTINGS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

GROCERIES

OF THE BEST QUALITY,

TOBACCO,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

HARDWARE,

WOODEN WARE, TIN WARE,

STOVES.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF ALL KINDS of goods, and special inducements offered to

CASH BUYERS.

Grain, Butter & Eggs

Taken in exchange for goods. Prices fixed solely with reference to

CASH PAYMENT.

SETH G. SNEDEN,

Bishop Creek.

d16n77tf

LIFE INSURANCE.

FACTS

LITTLE KNOWN RELATIVE TO

LIFE INSURANCE.

LOSSES PAID ON THE PACIFIC COAST UNDER the Massachusetts Law by the NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL Life Insurance Company, of Boston:

Name.	Residence.	Term Overdue at Time of Death.	Am't Paid.
A C F Miller	Portland, Oregon	Six Months	$5,000
J W Jones	Colusa, Cal.	Four Months	10,000
J B Baldwin	Colusa, Cal.	Three Months	1,000
G L Potter	Virginia, Nev.	Ten Days	2,500
L G Peel	Walnut Creek, Cal.	Eleven Months	5,000
J H Culden	Princeton, Cal.	Four Months	3,000
J Lawson	Bass City, I. T.	Two Months	10,000
C W Salter	Herr's Ranch, Cal.	Two Months	5,000
C O Stevens	Danville, Cal.	One Month	5,000

The Main Points of the Law under which the above Claims were Paid:

No Insurance on Life shall be forfeited by non-payment of premium.

The net value of the Policy shall be ascertained at the time of the lapse of premium, and be considered a net single premium of temporary insurance.

If the death of the party occurs within the term of temporary insurance, the Company shall be bound to pay the whole Policy the same as if there had been no lapse of premium; provided, the Company shall have the right to deduct from the face of the Policy the amount of premium due, with interest, at the date of death.

THE NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Was incorporated in 1835. It has accumulated assets of

$10,000,000 00.

The premiums of this Company are the same as those of Companies that compel the insured to forfeit what they have paid in case of non-payment of premium when due.

WALLACE EVERSON
GENERAL AGENT,
Office, Northeast Corner of California and Sansome Streets,
San Francisco.
d9n76m1

PACIFIC

Insurance Company

Messrs. HARRIS & RHINE

THE AGENTS OF THE ABOVE COMPANY AT this place have received the following announcement:

"This Company has transferred all its fire business and the good will thereof in the United States and Territories to the

Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.

All fire policies of the PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY are therefore now protected by the LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY and all losses will be paid by them. d16n78tf

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

Office County Treasurer,
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal.
December 4, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY warrants will please present the same for ment. Interest will cease from date:

No.	Drawn in favor of.	Amount.
ON THE COUNTY GENERAL FUND		
234	W A Greenley	$500 00
223	A C Hanson	250 00
235	C D Begole	75 00
237	J R Hughes	75 00
238	D D Gunnison	19 00
243	J M Joslin	37 50
244	A C Hanson	250 00
245	W L Moore	55 00
246	S P Moffat	160 00
247	P W Bennett	125 00
248	C D Begole	75 00
249	John R Hughes	75 00
252	L A Talcott	274 44
253	C M Joslin	37 50
168	T J Goodale	18 00
254	A C Hanson	250 00
261	W L Moore	243 00
256	S P Moffat	200 00
ON THE CONTINGENT FUND.		
459	A B Elder	259 00
462	C Mulkey	121 75
526	S P Moffat	29 75
455	S P Moffat	94 50
517	L Firestone	3 00
518	W G Squires	72 25
522	A B Elder	37 75
535	W T Grant	32 00
537	W T Grant	32 00
588	S P Moffat	180 00
591	J A Lunk	60 00
ON THE BUILDING FUND.		
305	John Broder	500 00
306	John Broder	500 00
307	John Broder	200 00
ON THE HOSPITAL FUND.		
532	C B White	110 00
523	J J Rogers	142 00
524	H Marritt	15 00
596	C B White	155 00
597	J J Rogers	203 00
ON THE ROAD FUND.		
152	Alexander & Chaquette	100 00
153	Alexander & Chaquette	118 66
188	Robert Gourley	380 00
ON THE MONO DEBT FUND.		
Amount on hand for liquidation of bonds and coupons		2,369 24

I. HARRIS.
County Treasurer
By Henry M. Isaacs, Deputy.
d0n76t4

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF THOMAS MASON, deceased. It is hereby ordered that George Smith, Administrator of said estate, be and he is hereby authorized to sell at public auction all of the real estate belonging to the estate of Thomas Mason, deceased; and that the THIRTIETH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1871, at 1 o'clock P. M., in front of Seth G. Sneden's store, on Bishop Creek, be the time and place for said sale. And it is further ordered that this notice be published in The Inyo Independent, a newspaper published in Inyo County and State of California, for four weeks

A. C. HANSON,
County Judge and ex officio Probate Judge.
de2n75t4

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE

SHAVING SALOON.

Shop one door South of the Court House.

WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,...December 23, 1871.

Alexis' Railway Palace.

[From the New York World, Nov. 17.]

Yesterday afternoon the New Jersey Railroad Company placed upon their tracks in Jersey City, two magnificent palace coaches, which are designed for the Grand Duke Alexis' first trip over an American railroad, on his journey from this city to Washington. These cars were built by the Pullman Palace Car Company at a cost for the pair of $45,000, and after the Grand Duke has had his ride in them they will be added to the line of superb coaches that are now running over the road between New York and Chicago.

Large numbers of persons inspected the cars yesterday afternoon. They were fitted up under the personal directions of Mr. Pullman, with all the lavish decorations of the painters', the gilders', and the upholsterers' art. One of the cars is appropriately named "Ruby," its outer colors being of that bright hue, which is diversified scroll work, of gold leaves. Entering the car from the rear, the Duke will find himself in a kitchen, the floor of which is covered with a metallic carpet, the sides of which have silver racks for dishes, and which contains a massive range, large enough to cook a dinner for all the Imperial family. There are boxes for wine, for ice, for meats, and there are all the appliances for cooking that the best of New York hotels can afford. The dining-room opens from a corridor which leads from the kitchen. The floor of this room is covered with a crimson Brussels carpet, and the seats are of velvet of the same color. The seats accommodate twenty-eight persons, which number, it is understood, will accompany the Prince on his way to Washington. A richly-carved, marble-topped table, with a closet beneath for wine, a silver service costing $5,000, and elaborate mirrors comprise the most noticeable articles of furnishing in this apartment.

The "Kearsarge" is to be used for sitting and sleeping. Its style of furnishing is not inferior to that of the "Ruby," although less noticeable, because the class of car is more common upon our railroads.

The two cars form together the most splendid travelling accommodation that any traveller upon any American railway ever had before; and the Grand Duke will have in his railroad trip a better opportunity of marking the progress and the enterprise of the American people than any fetes, or speeches, or public dinners can give him.

SQUIBLETS.

—Can a lover be called a suitor when he don't suit her?

—Flesh & Blood is the suggestive name of a firm in the butcher business.

—Photographic albums with music-box attachments are coming into fashion again.

—A new version of an old verse—Loathe the poor Indian!

—Why is a water-lily like a whale?—Because both come to the surface to blow.

—France re-christened.—What used to be called *la belle France* is now called a Vale of Thiers.

—The difference between the leader of the flock and a fog signal is, that one is a bell-weather and the other is a weather-bell.

—A pound of energy with an ounce of talent will achieve greater results than a pound of talent with an ounce of energy.

—Three or four drops of arnica tincture poured in the ear, and the orifice filled with cotton to exclude the air is an infallible cure for earache.

—"I ain't going to live long, mother," said a woe begone looking young ster, one day, to his maternal parent. "Why not pray?" "Because my pantaloons is all tored out behind," was the conclusion.

—There are about three million eight hundred thousand head of cattle in Texas. Seven hundred and fifty thousand calves are raised and branded every year. All are raised on the great Texas plains, which cover an area of 152,000,000 acres.

—A Chinaman at Henderson Gulch, Montana, hadn't quite friends enough. He broke into a store and stole $200. When the community came to consider it, the vote stood 19 to 18, so a beech tree in the neighborhood bore Mogolian fruit.

—The Rondout Freeman says: "A little girl hearing read the account of the Grand Duke's reception, shouted with glee when she heard the Mary Powell's name mentioned. "Well," said she, "that's something for Rondout to brag over!"

—At the marriage of an elderly female lately in church the organist played the well-known hym beginning,

"This is the way I long have sought,
And mourned because I found it not,"

on the entrance of the bridal party.

—The story is told by Rev. Newman Hall of a negro preacher who informed his flock that Adam was made of wet clay, and set up against some palings to dry; and upon a skeptical darkey rising to ask, "who made the paling, den?" retorted: "Sit down, sar! such questions as dat would upset any system of theology."

—An editor in Illinois having engaged a new reporter, received the following as his first effort: "We are informed that the gentleman hoo stood on his head under a pile driver for the purpose of having a tight pair of bootes druv on, shortly afterwards found himself in Chiny, perfectly naked and without a cent in his pocket."

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

MAKE THE LITTLE ONES HAPPY,
....AND....
BE LIBERAL ALL ROUND

—THE FIRM OF—

WOOD & COHEN

....AT....

Masonic Hall Building,

Have recently received a splendid stock of

Holiday Presents,
TOYS,
FANCY GOODS,
Etc., Etc.,

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE DISPOSED OF AT the most reasonable rates. Attention is also directed to their

NEW AND COMPLETE
—Stock of—
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS,
FURNISHING GOODS,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Attached to the store is also a Merchant Tailoring Establishment, wherein is kept a large assortment of the finest

Woolen Cloths, Flannels,

Etc., ever brought to the country.

You can have clothing

MADE TO ORDER,

Both members of the firm being

PRACTICAL TAILORS,

All orders will be guaranteed.

"A stitch in time saves nine."

CLOTHING
CLEANED and REPAIRED

With neatness and dispatch, at the

MOST REASONABLE RATES

The public are cordially invited to give us a call.

WOOD & COHEN.

Independence, December 2, 1871. v2n66ty.

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business

—AND A—

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE
Fish Springs Store,
J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE-ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
Wines and Liquors,
Dry-Goods,
CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods,
HARDWARE,
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
—AND—
EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very

LOWEST RATES

For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.

Fish Springs, October 28, 1871. o28n70m2

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.

LEWIS SCHNEIDER.

At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.

jy15n50m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OYEZ! ATTENTION HO! HEAR YE, HEAR YE!

WE WISH YOU WARMLY CLAD,
WELL FED,
AND NOT THIRSTY!
WE HOPE YOU
ARE HAPPY!

IN THE EVENT
OF WANTING ANY
OF THE NUMEROUS
ARTICLES COMPRISING
THE SUM TOTAL OF
HUMAN DESIRES
JUST STEP IN TO THE
WORLD RENOWNED
EMPORIUM OF

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.,

WHERE WE KEEP
SO MANY THINGS
TO SELL,
BUT NOTHING TO
GIVE AWAY!
AND SUPPLY
YOURSELVES.
WE WANT
THE PROFITS.

no25n74tf

STILL AHEAD!

Further Reductions.

A 1 Crushed Sugar Four and One-Half Pounds for

ONE DOLLAR!

Best Quality Brown Sugar Five and One-Half Pounds for

ONE DOLLAR!

Chemical Olive Soap Eight Bars for

ONE DOLLAR!

The most complete stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Ever offered in the Valley, at prices to defy competition, at

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO'S.

LONE PINE.

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
—OF—
Lone Pine,

ARE

Constantly Receiving Additions

To one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.

Lone Pine, Sept. 23, 1871. n65n66

OPPOSITION STORE.

C. & M. COHN,
Lone Pine,

HAVE THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

....We will....

SELL CHEAPER

Than any other house in Lone Pine.

We Have On Hand

150 cases of Boots and Shoes—the best assortment ever brought to Lone Pine.

NEW GOODS RECEIVING EVERY WEEK

o14n68m3

EARL & HARRIS,
Camp Independence,

....Dealers in....

Dry Goods, Clothing,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Groceries,
HARDWARE,
Crockery and Glass Ware,
PAINTS, OILS,
Varnish and Window Glass.

And a fine assortment of the best brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,
Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a full supply of

Standard School Books

Of the latest adoption.

WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, miners and the public generally to the above stock of goods, and our

Greatly Reduced Prices!

Our business system will prove specially advantageous to interests of Farmers, as

Grain and Produce

of all kind is received in exchange for goods.

EARL & HARRIS.

Camp Independence, Cal., October 10. o14n68m3

ASSAYER.

ASSAYING.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL MAKE ASSAYS of all descriptions of ore, with results guaranteed correct, at reasonable rates. Orders left with Messrs. HARRIS & RHINE, Independence, or addressed to the subscriber will receive prompt attention.

JOHN MORRIS, Assayer.

o14n68m3 Eclipse Mill.

DRUGS, ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,
—SUCCESSOR TO—
A. A. GREEN,
—Wholesale and Retail—
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,

AURORA, NEVADA.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

And a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES.

Brushes of Every Description.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.

Aurora, Nevada, October 10, 1871. o14n68m3

INYO DRUG STORE.

Pioneer Establishment of this Kind in Lone Pine

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES
....AND....
PATENT MEDICINES
NEWLY ARRIVED.

ALSO, AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF Perfumes, Soaps, Cosmetics, Fine Essences for the Handkerchief, Pure Cologne and Florida Water, Bay Rum and Yankee Soap for barbers, Brushes and a number of other Toilet Articles, both for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Prescriptions,

and all orders by mail or express carefully and promptly filled, and forwarded immediately. Especial attention paid to

Loaded Sufferers,

with wonderfully quick cure and sure preventative, AT VERY MODERATE CHARGES. Scores of living testimony speak in favor of the treatment. Consultation is to the afflicted, in all civilized languages—English, Spanish, French, Italian, Slavonian and Russian—

Free of Charge,

and correspondence kept with the most delicate discretion.

Do You Wish to Purify Your Blood!

Then take a bottle of my own COMPOUND DECOCTIONS for Spring and Fall. Six days' treatment with these Decoctions will act as a Preventative against the attacks of Catarrhs, Coughs, Rheumatism, etc., that are always produced by the impurities of humors during the mid money of the Winter Season; and in Summer against Fevers, Colics, Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Liver Complaint and other diseases peculiar to that season. Miners, laborers, farmers and all classes of persons, of both sexes, are respectfully solicited to try a bottle of my Decoction; while taking it they can attend to their work or business without any inconvenience. Directions and instructions accompany each bottle, and full information given free by mail to any address.

P. G. GELCICH,
Druggist & Practitioner,
no18n73m3 Lone Pine

JOHN LENTELL,

Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,

—Dealer in—

Drugs & Medicines
CHEMICALS,
Patent Medicines,

For Man and Beast,

FINE PERFUMERY,
SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,
Hair Restoratives & Dyes.
SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,
STATIONERY,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of

Tobacco & Cigars.

CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.

Independence, October 14 JOHN LENTELL.

o14n68m6

MEDICAL.

CARD.

J. D. BLAIR,
Physician & Surgeon,

IS CONSULTED DAILY FOR ALL DISEASES incident to the female system, Prolapsus Uteri or falling of the womb, Flour Albus or whites, Suppression of the Menses, or other menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed. So invariable is the new mode of treatment that the most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted person rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Blair having made the diseases of women and children a specialty for eighteen years in California, has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of such diseases than any other physician on the Pacific coast. Can be consulted with at his drug store in Independence. no4n71tf

TINSMITH.

INYO PIONEER
TIN SHOP,
Of INDEPENDENCE.

WELCH & STEVENS,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all. Have just received a fine lot of

PARLOR AND COOKING
STOVES,

Which we offer

CHEAP, FOR CASH.

WELCH & STEVENS.

Independence, Dec 2, 1871. v7n51f

SALOONS.

THE BOOMERANG
SALOON.

Swansea, - - - - - Cal.

B. P. TASKER, Proprietor.

The "Boomerang" is now open for business. The best of drinkables, cigars and etceteras, always on hands for dispensation at the smallest possible remuneration.

Swansea, Cal., Sept. 30, 1871. v2n66tf

PIONEER SALOON,
LONE PINE, CAL.,

C. D. BECOLE, - - - Proprietor.

HAVING THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND refitted this popular place of resort, the proprietor calls attention to the fact that he has now on hand the largest and best stock of

THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,

Ever brought to the county, which he will dispose of over the bar at the usual rates. n61m3

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

ADULTERATION BY WATER BEING NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

au10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

INYO SALOON,

INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.

JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8n29m

SAZARAC SALOON.

INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.

John Wallace, Proprietor.

Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,

Cerro Gordo, Cal.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The

TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES

In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.

DAWSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.

le4n52tf

MAY'S SALOON

CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE.

A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. Every description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.

A Fine Billiard Table,

With fittings complete, in connection.

n38m3 THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

EXCELSIOR SALOON,

Benton, Mono Co., Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on old customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.

B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.

Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

HARRIS & RHINE,
Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place. d9n76m10

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,
Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. is prepared to attend to the repairing of Guns and Pistols. Jewelry made and warranted to order. v7n51f

THE INYO INDEPENDENT.

Volume II. INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA: DECEMBER 30, 1871. Number 80.

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. E. PARKER | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday, December 30, 1871.

TERMS:

One Year, by Mail or Express.	$5 00
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One Month	50
Single Copies	25

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Will be allowed a liberal reduction on above rates on advertisements inserted for six months or a year.

ATTORNEYS.

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Attorney and Counselor At Law,
Havilah, Kern Co., Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF the Sixteenth Judicial District. au19o1

P. REDDY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CALIFORNIA

J. G. McCLINTON,
Attorney at Law.
AURORA, NEVADA,
WILL DEVOTE SPECIAL CARE AND ATTENTION to business in the Aurora Land Office. n28tf

E. H. VAN DECAR,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Independence, Cal.
WILL PRACTICE IN THE SIXTEENTH Judicial District and the Counties comprising the same. n27ly

F. K. MILLER,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CERRO GORDO, INYO CO., CAL.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE COUNTY. *no5ly

PAUL W. BENNETT,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR INYO COUNTY.
Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. jy9tf

SURVEYOR.

WM. McBRIDE,
UNITED STATES MINERAL DEPUTY SURVEYOR for the Counties of Inyo and Mono, California. Office at Benton. no4o71y1

BREWERIES.

PIONEER & GERMANIA BREWERIES,
—AT—
Independence & Lone Pine.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THESE ESTABLISHMENTS respectfully notify the public that they are still in the field, and engaged in making a superior quality of

"Bully Lager Beer,"

Which they will deliver, at Cerro Gordo, Lone Pine, Independence and vicinity, at the most reasonable rates.
MUNZINGER, FERNBACH & LUBKENS
au26o61tf Proprietor

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,
—THE—
Pioneer Blacksmith
—OF—
OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.
Of every description.
Wagon Work
Done in the best style at reasonable terms.
Agricultural Implements
Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.
A. PARKER.
Independence, Cal., October 21, 1871. 1.69tf.

INSURANCE.

THE MUTUAL Life Insurance Co. Of New York.
Organized 1842.
Office, 144 and 146 Broadway, New York.
F. S. WINSTON, President. | R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.
Assets July, 1870, $41,000,000 Cash

THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Insure your life in this old and safe Company, which offers superior advantages to its insured over any other company in the world.
HARRIS & RHINE,
Agents for Independence and vicinity
o14n68m6

AGENCIES.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s EXPRESS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Pacific Insurance Co.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.,
OF NEW YORK.
HARRIS & RHINE, - - - - Agents.

GERMAN POSTOFFICE MONEY ORDERS.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.
Independence, Cal., October 14, 1871.
o14n68m6

Die Unterzeichneten

Sind ermaechtigt und bereit Geld-Einzahlungen anzunehmen welche durch die Norddeutsche Postverwaltung in allen Theilen Deutschlands an die bezeichneten Empfaenger Kostenfrei ausgezahlt werden.
Harris & Rhine,
oc14n68tf Agenten.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.
Independence, Cal.
WILL FORWARD BULLION, TREASURE and valuable packages to all parts of the World. Collections and Commissions attended to with dispatch.
HARRIS & RHINE, Agents
OFFICE—At Harris & Rhine's store.
o14n68m6

LUMBER.

$25
A THOUSAND FEET, FOR LUMBER, AT THE
BIG PINE SAW MILL.
Great Inducements to the Public.

The best Lumber produced on this side of the mountains, and **only $25 per thousand feet.**
Having secured the services of experienced sawyers and loggers, we are now prepared to saw 8,000 feet of LUMBER and 10,000 SHINGLES a day. Parties favoring us with their patronage can have their orders filled of any length of lumber from 10 to 32 feet

At Short Notice.
BELL & BRO.
Big Pine Mill, Saw Feb. 1, 1871. fe4n32 6m*

BLACK ROCK SAW MILL.
SMITH & ENGLE, Proprietors,
Furnish and deliver to order all kinds of
LUMBER, TIMBER, SHINGLES, Etc.
Call on or address,
SMITH & ENGLE,
Black Rock Saw Mill.
Independence, June 17, 1871. n51m6

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK
FLOURING MILLS.

ORDERS FOR GRINDING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. Flour and Feed constantly on hand. Also, our favorite brand of

XXX FAMILY FLOUR.

Flour sacks for sale at lowest cash prices. No credit for grinding, and positively

No Business Done on Sunday.
H. RUSSELL.
o21n69m6

HOTELS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
INDEPENDENCE, - - CAL.
THIS OLD AND FAVORITE HOUSE IS AGAIN opened for public patronage. By diligent attention and unremitting effort, the present manager hopes to please.
d16n78m2 • W. J. LAKE.

NEW RESTAURANT.
THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the public that he has just opened a restaurant, on
Edwards Street, opposite Harris & Rhine's Store,
where he holds himself in readiness to furnish meals in the best style the market can afford, at all hours of the day or night. Travelers by the morning stages can always obtain an early breakfast by leaving notice on the previous evening.
no11n72m6 J. G. BINDS.

ORLEANS HOTEL,
LONE PINE, INYO COUNTY, CAL.
D. J. CANTY, Proprietor.
THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAVING CHANGED hands, the proprietor respectfully announces to the public that the house will be conducted in the best style. There is a
Bar Attached,
Which has constantly on hand the choicest of
Wines, Liquors & Cigars.
Call and take a smile. jy15n55tf

FRENCH RESTAURANT
—AND—
ONE BIT SALOON.
PETER MARGALOT, Prop'r.
THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respectfully notify the public that he is still carrying on business at his place on Edwards street, Independence, and will be pleased to receive patrons at all times. He has a Bar Room in connection—drinks, 12½ cents.
au196m*

AMERICAN HOTEL,
Cerro Gordo,
Inyo County, - - - - Cal.
JOSEPH SEELY, Proprietor.
THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN HOTEL, HAVING changed hands, the proprietor would respectfully announce that the house will be carried on in first-class style.
October 1, 1871. o7n67m6

Lone Pine Hotel.
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASED the above property, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.
Mrs. M. A. BARRY, Proprietress.
Lone Pine, September 20, 1870. n12 6m

TRAVELING.

INDEPENDENCE
—AND—
CERRO GORDO STAGE LINE
Via. Lone Pine.
J. EARL & CO., - Proprietors.
ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE ABOVE well known line will make DAILY TRIPS, running as follows: Leave Independence every day at 5 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 8 A. M., Swansea at 12 M. and Cerro Gordo at 5 P. M. Also, leave Cerro Gordo at 7 o'clock A. M., arriving at Lone Pine at 12 M. Leaves Lone Pine at 2 P. M. and arrives at Independence at 5 P. M. Carries passengers, mail and express.
Agents—Independence, J. B. White; Lone Pine, Dan Canty; Cerro Gordo, Barrows & Dodd.
October 14, 1871. o14 68m3

Los Angeles & San Pedro RAILROAD.
ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1870, Trains will run as follows, leaving
WILMINGTON—7:45 A. M. and 1 P. M.
LOS ANGELES—10 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
Except on days of steamers arrival and departure, when trains will run to connect with steamer.
Passengers for San Francisco and San Diego will leave Los Angeles by the 10 A. M. train, connecting at Wilmington with the Company's steamers.
First class passenger cars will run regularly.
NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.
JOHN MILNER, Agent at Los Angeles.
n29 1y E. E. HEWITT, Superintendent.

FORWARDING.

FORWARDING
AND GENERAL
Commission Agency.
WM. M. OSBORN, OF LOS ANGELES, WOULD respectfully inform his friends of Owens Valley that he is still attending to the forwarding of Freight to all parts of the Valley. Goods forwarded promptly, and at the VERY LOWEST RATES.
Have all goods plainly marked—
"Care of Wm. O., Los Angeles."
Office at his Hay and Feed Stable, No. 66, cor Fourth and Fort streets, Los Angeles.
WM. M. OSBORN.
jy15n55m3

BABBITT METAL.
PARTIES DESIRING A QUANTITY OF BABBITT metal can be supplied at low rates on application at this office.

SALOONS.

THE BOOMERANG SALOON.
Swansea, - - - - - - Cal.
B. P. TASKER, Proprietor.
The "Boomerang" is now open for business. The best of drinkables, cigars and etceteras, always on hands for dispensation at the smallest possible remuneration.
Swansea, Cal., Sept. 30, 1871. v2n66tf

PIONEER SALOON,
LONE PINE, CAL.,
C. D. BECOLE, - - - Proprietor.
HAVING THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND refitted this popular place of resort, the proprietor calls attention to the fact that he has now on hand the largest and best stock of
THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,
Ever brought to the county, which he will dispose of over the bar at the usual rates. n61m3

DAN WILLIAMS' SALOON
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
ADULTERATION BY WATER BEING NO object, and keeping none but the very best, the undersigned respectfully call attention to the fact that his is THE PLACE to procure the finest
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
au10y1 D. H. WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

INYO SALOON,
INDEPENDENCE, INYO CO., CAL.
JOSEPH HARRIS, Proprietor.
HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A fine Billiard Table connected with the Saloon. n8a29 3m

SAZARAC SALOON.
INDEPENDENCE, - - - - - CAL.
John Wallace, Proprietor.
Choicest Brands of Liquors, Ales and Cigars constantly on hand

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON,
Cerro Gordo, Cal.
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS OF THE finest quality constantly on hand. The
TWO FINEST BILLIARD TABLES
In the county connected with this Saloon. Call and sample our wet groceries.
DAVIDSON & HUGHES, Proprietors.
fe4n32tf

MAY'S SALOON
CORNER OF MARKET AND EDWARDS STREETS INDEPENDENCE,
A POPULAR RESORT FOR THE THIRSTY. A very description of the best of drinkables dispensed at the bar.
A Fine Billiard Table,
With fittings complete, in connection.
n38m3* THOMAS MAY, Proprietor.

EXCELSIOR SALOON,
Benton, Mono Co., Cal.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SPARED NO expense in fitting up and furnishing his Bar in the most elegant style, and is always ready and willing to wait on **cash** customers—and prepare beverages to suit the most delicate palate. Has the largest and finest stock of
WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS
On hand and for sale at reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.
B. B. ALVERSON, Proprietor.
Benton, Mono County, Cal. jy29n57m6

BARBER SHOP.

INDEPENDENCE
SHAVING SALOON.
Shop one door South of the Court House.
WM. H. HUFF, Proprietor.
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC., DONE IN the best manner. Warm and cold baths at all hours. je10n50m6

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Boot and Shoemaker.
MR. FRED. FISHER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Inyo that he has established a Boot and Shoe Shop, at the old stand
IN LENTELL'S BUILDING,
Where he is prepared to do any kind of work in his line, with neatness and dispatch. The best of French and other stocks constantly on hand. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
n25n74m3 FRED. FISHER.

PAINTING.

PAINTING.
THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW PREPARED TO do all kinds of
SIGN, ORNAMENTAL
....AND....
PLAIN PAINTING,
In the best style. Picture frames made to order, varnishing, etc. Shop on Edwards street. Orders left at THE INDEPENDENT office will be promptly attended to.
no11n72m3 T. A. GARDNER

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE HIGHEST market price for **County Scrip.**
jy22n56m3 J. B. ROWLEY.

Boyall's Traction Steam Engine.

[From the American Artisan.]

English traction engine manufacturers have not very thoroughly tested their work, but seem determined to make known in many other lands. The houses of Thomson and of Aveling & Porter are in use in the United States, India, Spain and other countries, and there seems good reason to believe that the energy of these enterprising manufacturers will be imitated by us. Such at least seems probable from the action of Mr. Boyall, of Great Britain, whose traction engine are steam omnibuses, the engine and her with illustrations are to be sent to two of the omnibuses to Brazil for use on common roads, and their peculiarities set forth in a recent article in Hub (New York city), from which illustrations are taken. Mr. Boyall's omnibus building another of these steamers for use in Greece. The omnibuses in size, measuring them from outside to outside, are seven feet six inches wide and sixteen feet six inches in length, and carry sixty-five passengers, thirty inside and thirty-five outside. This vehicle is filled with comfortable cane-work seats, one along side facing inward, and two rows down the center, where the passengers sit back to back. This tremendous load is carried on two wheels only, which of course massive construction are fixed at the center of the vehicle, and alone weigh eleven cwt. axles are equally ponderous, being inches square at the bottom, and inches square at the top, tapering to three inches attached on the top, instead of being plan, as on all other horizontal carriages, they are fixed in a vertical manner, and run up through the body, giving a strong solid flap to bolt to springs above and below, the former fixed on the top rail, and the lower under the bottom side, all the springs secured by irons and bolts of well tempered and undoubted quality.

The two wheels enabled to sustain their balance, supposing the weight to be unequally distributed, by means of a strong drag-chain in connection with a draw bar, inclined to allow a small play of the springs, just as much as the body requires, as already described will require; and when the apparatus is attached to the engine, it will be seen that the engine, as a fore-carriage to the omnibus, that it can not tip nor deflect more than the respective springs will permit. This is an application of the equal system on an extensive scale.

By this arrangement, each wheel acts as the center upon which the vehicle turns, and in proportion and a corner far less compass is required than would be if the vehicle constructed on the common principle, on two wheels there is only the friction there would be on four.

The passengers occupy the roof of this omnibus, sheltered by a light, airy canopy and curtains, and along the outside edge of the roof is screen-work protecting outside seats.

There is at the end of each carriage, so that passengers may pass through from one to the other. The weight is about three and a half tons. The trial trip filled with passengers. The second omnibus was the trial trip, and the second coupled to the train: this was also filled with passengers. The train, containing about 180 passengers, moved easily through the town of Great Yarmouth, causing no small excitement at an unusual a mode of traveling, and passing through the principal thoroughfares, a trip was decided upon to test the capabilities of the engine with this tremendous load. It may be as well to state that the engine has been expressly to accompany the carriages to Brazil. After a two hours' trial the result was pronounced most satisfactory, though the rate of speed not so great as could have been attained, owing to the existing ordinances, which prohibit a higher speed than 4 miles per hour for such conveyances.

Cure for Small Pox.

Some years ago it was made known the Paris physicians cure for the following specific the small pox, a loathsome disease, have been paid attention seems to a California paper, but a writer in unfeeling as follows: asserts that it is as to offer a remedy he has known it even when the hundreds of cases, The remedy is pustules are filling, and we advise and very simple, it for use readers to preserve "Take sulphate occasion require it: one grain; zinc (white vitriol) grain; half a digitalis) one two tablespoonful of sugar and thoroughly water. Mix (half pint) of then add four ounces every hour, Take a spoonful pear entirely disease will disappear twelve hours. Small dose for a according to age. It is equally effectual in measles."

Small Pox Remedy.

We are pleased to learn that all the small pox patients in the valley are recovering, and that no new cases have occurred within a week. The disease is of that type known in Germany as hemorrhagic (confining its symptoms to the lower limbs, and solely to the old country, recently introduced). *Carson Register.*

Turkeys.

The following, which we find in The Pacific Rural Press, may be profitable reading to some of the farmers in this locality:

There is no doubt that turkeys, properly managed, are among the most profitable of live stock, and it is difficult to account for their absence from many places where they could be advantageously reared. Turkeys consume a larger proportion of green food than fowls, and grow into size almost without cost; when fattened, they realize a high price in the market, and, as they are chiefly in demand in cold weather, can be sent to distant places without risk of loss. Many farmers' wives, however, dread engaging in the rearing of turkeys, believing them to be exceedingly delicate when young. I believe properly-managed turkeys are not more difficult to rear than common fowls, and I am quite certain they can be raised to much greater profit. My own method of procedure is to follow Nature as far as possible. I make my turkey nests on the ground; or if in a paved house; in large shallow boxes, half filled with mould that can be dampened at intervals. The hens, unless they come off regularly, are lifted off to feed and then supplied with grain with a liberal hand. When the young ones are hatched, they are left undisturbed under the hen until the next day. No attempt is made to cram them—an absurd practice, which interferes most injuriously with the due digestion of the yolk that is absorbed into the intestines at birth, and constitutes all the food required for 24 or 30 hours after hatching. The first food given them is egg beaten up with an equal bulk of milk, and, baked into a soft custard; this is alternated with crumbled bread mixed with milk, to which oatmeal is added in a gradually increasing proportion. Ants' eggs are given, if I can get them; but if not, the custard is continued for a fortnight or three weeks. Quite as important as any other part of the dietary of young turkeys is the supply of green food, and many persons chop up nettles, onions, etc., with the meal; but if young turkeys are watched when grazing, it will be observed that they prefer eating bitter herbs belonging to the natural family Compositae, or compound flowered plants, such as the dandelion, etc. At three weeks old a dozen turkey chicks will eat four or five large lettuces in a day, and they even seem to prefer them when running to seed, at which time there is abundance of milky juice in the plants. At the age of a month, they will begin to pick a few grains of wheat or barley; but bread and milk and meal should form the staple of their food for the first two or three months of their lives. Most persons say that young turkeys are particularly delicate when they are "shooting the red." This is not to be wondered at when it is remembered that they are generally put on wholly grain, without milk, long before they arrive at that age, and suffer accordingly. Another point of the highest importance in feeding turkeys, or young birds of any kind, is the hour at which they get their first repast. In Summer it is daylight at 4 o'clock in the morning. If the birds have their first meal deferred until 6 or 7 o'clock, they have been hungry for two or three hours, and suffer very much. To be successful in rearing these, and any other young birds, they must either be supplied over night with their first meal, or the poultry maid must be up with the lark. There is no better plan than putting the hen and chicks, for the first month or two, in a closely-wired aviary at night, which is open to the early sun; and lettuce and a good supply of soft food can be put under a coop, so that the hen cannot eat it, and there will be found but little left an hour after daybreak. If the young turkeys are well fed from the first, they can be fattened by shutting them up for a fortnight or three weeks in any small sheltered court, and feeding them on meal and milk. Selling them direct to the consumer, if possible, will be found a far more profitable proceeding than consigning them to a salesman, against whom the producer has not the slightest check.

—A rural paper remarks: "Cold nights have put a stop to gate sparking. If she doesn't ask you to come in now, you had better quit."

—When an ox refuses to pull in Columbus, Ga., some inventive genius catches a cat and suspends it by the tail over the back of the obstinate brute. The claws are a sufficient incentive to business. The students of Columbus call this "ox-hazing."

—Houston, Texas, boasts of quite a novelty in the way of a birthday association, originated about a year ago, and now consisting of about twenty-five members, who are bound by the rules of the association to celebrate the birthday of each member as it comes round.

—A new remedy for "fainting spells" has been discovered in Georgia. A Georgia paper furnishes the following "receipe," and says in the case tried it proved very effectual. "A negro went so far as to faint in a store in Brainbridge. He was restored to consciousness by an unsympathetic friend, who sprinkled him with the short end of a buggy trace."

Inyo Independent.

LITIGANT PAPER FOR INYO COUNTY.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

CHALFANT & PARKER.

JAS. H. PARKER | P. A. CHALFANT

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.;

Saturday,...December 30, 1871.

HAPPY NEW YEAR!

The last, closing hours of the dying year are drawing nigh, and soon 1871 will have followed its predecessors, gone down the long vista of time and marked the lapse of another cycle of the years.

Weary would toil the pen that should recount the history of a twelvemonth so fruitful of events as the one just passing—so fraught with war, fire, storm and pestilence, as if the heathen gods of War and Vengeance were no longer mythical but real, stalking over the earth.

No people in the world so quickly regain their wonted buoyant and elastic hopes and spirits, depressed as they must be by such appalling disasters, as the Americans; an irrepressible spirit and superb self-reliance distinguishes the Nation, and soon the effects of the late calamities will pass away, and be only remembered as an evil dream.

For the world generally the New Year opens with fair promises of Peace; for our own Nation Peace, Plenty and Reform; and for our locality a continued reign of Prosperity, Life, Enterprise and Contentment, and rapid strides in local advancement. So, with a HAPPY NEW YEAR to all, we will close with this scriptural injunction, slightly paraphrased, to our friends:

"Remember the *Printer* that *his* days may be long in the land."

WEATHER AND MAILS.

No outside mails by either route have reached this place during the past ten days. The snow has fallen to a great depth on the Esmeralda mountains and more is being added every day, so that it is impossible for stages of any description to get through. At the last accounts the snow was three feet deep at Benton, from which we infer that it can not be less than ten in the vicinity of Aurora. It is rumored that the bridge across the river near Owensville has been swept away. but we doubt the truth of the statement. The river however is very high. Rivers of water and oceans of mud effectually bar stage travel on the southern route, so that for some weeks to come, the probabilties a re that the great outside world will have to wag along the best it can without definite advices from the "Owens River region" and *vice versa*, particularly the *vice versa*. We expect to hear some time within the next six months that the San Joaquin and Sacramento valleys are both flooded, causing great damage, also, that the railroad snow sheds have been swept down by avalanches and other similar disasters, all of which will be more than compensated by overflowing granaries, so essential to the prosperity of the State. "It never rains but it pours," is an adage of literal truth, this time.

Appletons Journal.

This excellent publication is rapidly and deservedly gaining in public favor. The series of illustrated papers depicting landscapes and places in our own country will be regularly produced in the volume for 1872, forming a very interesting and attractive feature. The subscription price of Appleton's Journal is $4 00, for which sum a greater amount of valuable and entertaining reading matter is offered than through any other magazine within our knowledge. Published weekly by D. Appleton & Co., Broadway, New York.

How High it is.

We failed to mention at the proper time the fact that the golden ball mounted on the dome of the State capitol is 320 feet from the ground, and now, since every body is aware of the important fact, it is useless for us to say anything about it.

That Exploring Expedition.

The Wheeler exploring party, of which we have heard so much the past six months, seems to have been composed of brutes, if not worse. Two guides taken from the Owens River region have never since been heard from, and THE INYO INDEPENDENT broadly hints that they were murdered by members of the party. That paper publishes a portion of a diary kept by Fred. W. Loring during the party's transit across Death Valley, and makes some justly scathing comments on that defunct Boston flunky's flippant style. Evidently the Wheeler exploring party has disgraced the United States service and had a few more of them met the fate of Loring, they would have only got their just deserts.—*Ventura Signal, Dec. 16.*

EQUALIZATION OF TAXES.

It is to be hoped the present Legislature may adopt some uniform system of assessing property that will at least approximate justice in its application. Under the present system, or want of system rather, the poorer counties have to bear burdens of taxation greater in proportion than the more wealthy. This is done in some of the rich counties by fixing the rate of county taxation at a very high figure, so that a low valuation of property shall yield sufficient for county purposes, while the State rate being already fixed, she receives but a small portion of the taxes actually her due. An instance in point is mentioned in the able report of the State Board of Equalization: the actual returned values made by the Assessor of San Mateo county was $4,301,196. The county Board of Equalization met, and without application for a reduction of assessment except from a very few tax-payers, reduced this sum to $1,897,200—a fraud on the State, the amount of which has to be made up by other counties. The remedy for this and kindred frauds is embraced in a proposition to the following effect from the State Board of Equalization: The assessment of all property, real and personal, to be based on its market value, which is to be ascertained and fixed by disinterested parties at the same rate it would be taken in the payment of a debt, that to be the rule by which the statutory definition of "full cash value" shall be determined; to compel each Assessor to make oath that he has assessed such property at its "full cash value," he to have full power to compel a discovery and to subpœna witnesses to testify to values in cases of dispute; to restrict and limit the power of county Boards of Equalization to reduce assessments, which may be done only upon sworn complaint and testimony.

The necessity of some general law by which to ascertain values is seen from this: That any county making a full and honest return of taxable property has to sustain an undue share of the expenses of the State government, because others only make partial returns, as in the case of San Mateo and some others where self-interest rather than honesty is the governing rule. The existing system offers a sort of a premium for dishonest assessments and equalizations by county Boards. The present loose or indefinite plan of fixing values necessitates a rate of taxation considerably higher than it should be. This is obvious from the fact that but a small portion of the real value of the property in the State is taken as a basis for fixing the necessary rate of taxation. The real property values in the State in 1871, as determined by careful estimates, was, in round numbers, $660,000,000, while the amount returned was but a little over one-third as much, viz. $277,000,000.

In the way of unequal assessments the most obviously unjust relates to that upon lands. The poor farmer who devotes his time and energies in developing the country by improving his farm is charged in taxes accordingly, while the rich land grabber, who will neither improve his lands nor sell them as they are for a less figure than would the poor man his with improvements thrown in, manages to have his lands assessed at a figure, which, instead of being rated as their value in fee simple, is less than the actual tax ought to be. Thousands of the best acres in the State are thus kept in idleness—assessed at from ten to twenty cents per acre, and yet can not be purchased for less than fifty times that amount. Such onerous discrimination is so manifestly unjust in effect as to create strong feelings of hostility between the two classes, portending evil to both. The development of the State has been and will continue to be retarded by this unjust system of taxation which enables these land grabbers to exclude actual settlers from such a large area of desirable land. If we are to have any discrimination let the presnt system be reversed, and that class of idle lands be taxed so high that their owners will be compelled to sell them or else bear their proper share of the public expense.

Our own county will be affected by the proposed reforms quite as much in proportion as the others, though there are but small grounds of complaint for unjust discriminations within her own borders of the kind alluded to. The returns on all classes of property are as complete and values placed as high as could be expected under the prevailing system, and in those particulars will doubtless compare favorably with those of any other county in the State. But, a very different result will be shown should the recommendations of the State Board of Equalization become faithfully executed laws. One of these suggestions worthy of the attention of Asssesors generally is embraced in the following extract from the report of the Board:

Another defect in assessing is, that the amount of property is stated by the taxpayer and listed by the Assessor before the oath is administered, and in many instances the affidavit to be taken by the taxpayer is omitted by the Assessor, because it takes time, and for a more potent reason—the Assessor is "making friends" for the next election. This is a singular source of fraud. Marvellous as it may be, yet it is a lamentable fact, that many a man, not supposing that an oath will be afterwards administered, omit to state the full amount of his property, and then when an oath is suddenly tendered to be taken, in the hasty and flippant manner in which oaths are usually administered, it is as suddenly and hastily taken, both from a moment wanting for thought and from the shame of being detected in uttering a falsehood.

A HINT TO LAWMAKERS.

The terrible lessons taught by the destructive marches of the Fiend of Fire during the past year, entailing almost unparalleled loss of life and property, should set the wits of our wise legislators at work to devise laws which would tend, in however small a degree, to the prevention of fires and toward the assistance of modern methods of fighting the destructive element.

Money, science and municipal laws have done almost everything possible to aid the metropolitan fireman, but in the thousand and one unincorporated towns throughout the State, there is no law-making body empowered to take even the simplest measures for protection. The remedy lies with the Legislature to pass such general laws as will work beneficially wherever the inhabitants of a town may see fit to take advantage of them, admitting the fact that a majority of the accidental fires are due from defective flues. We will suppose as a case in point that a bill is passed regulating the manner in which stove pipes shall pass through wooden buildings, prescribing that they be made firm, extending at least a certain distance above the roof, and at no point nearer than a specified number of inches from wood and inflammable lining, and fixing the amount of fine for violations of the law. The provisions necessary for enforcing such an act are very simple, and should make the Foreman of the oldest fire company an ex-Officio Fire Warden, whose duty it shall be to make thorough examinations at stated periods for all such dangerous fire breeders, and notify the careless occupants of such houses to at once repair the same. In the event of a refusal or neglect, let the Fire Warden arrest the offender and convey him before any Justice of the Peace for examination: and whatever fines collected should go one-half to the State and the balance to the general or charitable funds of the local fire companies or company.

The value of such a law is manifest, from the fact that most town and city corporations are enforcing a similar one, and the question is why should not smaller burgs have like advantages, through the enactment of a general law by the State?

THE COUNTY JUDGESHIP.

The matter of the impending vacancy in the County Judgeship is beginning to attract some attention, as it most assuredly should. Two prominent gentlemen of Lone Pine write us that they and others in that place will willingly contribute toward the expense of sending a good lobby member to Sacramento to look after the matter of an increase of the salary pertaining to the office of our county Judge, the appointment of a suitable person for the position, and other matters requiring like attention, some of which have been previously alluded to in these columns. These gentlemen, however, make no nominations for either position, seemingly leaving that matter with us. We would much sooner second and support nominations made by others, if for no other reason, because we are considerably at sea in regard to a proper person to name for the office of Judge. We have in our mind's eye a gentleman well qualified in every respect for that position, and who, we are satisfied, would receive the endorsement of a large majority of our citizens regardless of party considerations. But the difficulty is we have no assurance that he will accept, and without that assurance do not feel at liberty to propose him as a candidate.

In regard to a delegate to the Third House we can only say that it is useless to name any one for that duty until some steps are taken to reimburse him, at least in the amount of his necessary outlays. Now, we will submit a proposition, which, let it be understood, is offerred solely with the view of simplifying a question somewhat complicated by circumstances, and not with the desire of arrogating any right of dictation. As no better or more feasable plan suggests itself, our proposition is this:

Let the following prominent men be designated as a people's committee to take the matter in hand: At this place P. Reddy, P. W. Bennett and Isaac Harris; Cerro Gordo, W. L. Hunter, D. H. Williams and V. Beaudry; Lone Pine, Col. Whipple, W. L Moore and Rockwell Loomis; Bishop Creek, Seth Sneden, Jesse Spray and John Clark. Let each of these parties name the person they desire for a delegate to the Third House, with the amount of money which can be raised in their respective localities to defray his expenses; second, to express their choice for County Judge, and transmit a full report, under seal, with instructions, to S. P. Moffat, who will open the same. And the person receiving a majority of these votes for delegate to be considered the preference of all, and the same in reference to the Judgeship. But let it be understood this obligation to be no wise binding upon the minority, at least until the result has been referred to and ratified by them.

Or, let the respective County Central Committees have a joint meeting, and fix up the business. The interests of the county will suffer if something is not done.

LATEST FROM THE OUTSIDE.

Important News by the Backaction Telegraph—Special to the "Inyo," no Other Paper in the County Taking these Dispatches.

Owing to the late spell of weather, the Rio de los Americanos and Feather rivers combined got high, and threatened a raid on Rabel's Tannery The Legislature in solemn conclave assembled in the city, in view of the impending disaster from water, decided to send a man to the U. S. Senate constitutionally opposed to water in all its forms, and accordingly sent Henry Edgerton up on the first ballot. Tannery stock then took a rise.

A bill passed both Houses amending the marriage act, making it incumbent upon all persons contemplating matrimony in any form, to file their intentions three months in advance, and give due public notice thereof in THE INDEPENDENT.

San Francisco was nearly shaken out of her boots by a third class earthquake. Large quantities of quinine have been administered to stop the shakes.

The Sutro tunnel is into the earth a long way, and into the pockets of the stock holders about the same distance.

San Diego was visited by a tidal wave much less than a hundred feet high. A bill is under consideration in the Legislature to suppress such nuisances; refered to the Inyo delegation.

The Prince of W(h)ales was seen off the heads, San Francisco, and was looking robustious. Prospects for his recovery were good.

The King of Siam has declared war against the State of California.

A mob of Chinamen hung a large number of the citizens of Los Angeles, but failed to get the editor of The Star, who caused the disturbance He fled the town and great indignation was Express-ed, according to The News.

The New York Chamber of Commerce has indorsed this paper as the best advertising medium in this State, *east* of the Sierra Nevada mountains.

The Grand Juke has officially announced that he does not intend to visit this county to bath in Owens Lake.

Fity miles of the Pacific railroad snow sheds were destroyed by fire, and President Stanford and some other directors were badly singed. A dose of subsidy will set them to rights, it is thought.

The "ojeous" litigant law has been repealed, and the "litigant organ" of this county does'nt care a dam-aged shinplaster, although no man can show wherein said law ever injured any person to the amount of one cent, except newspaper men themselves.

The rumor that a Congressional Committee has been appointed to make provisions for a ferry boat at the Bishop Creek crossing of Owens River is discredited in well-informed circles, because the application for said boat was made direct to the Secretary of the Navy.

Congressional aid has not been granted to connect, by a canal, Death Valley with the top of Mount Whitney. It is thought the water would not run quite to the top.

At the late hour of going to press the stage is momentarily not expected.

In the Supreme Court yesterday Mrs. Laura D. Fair's case came up and she was

[At this point the wires gave out—operator drunk.—EDS. INDEPENDENT.]

Incidents of the Great Chicago Fire.

Alfred L. Sewell, one of the most widely known publishers of Chicago, is collecting Incidents of the Great Fire, to be published by him, in book form, at the earliest possible day. Mr Sewell's printing establishment and business were entirely destroyed, leaving him at liberty to give his whole attention, for the present, to this book, which will be one of thrilling interest. Mail to him now, at Chicago, the price, fifty cents, and he will send you a copy post paid, as soon as ready.

Old Silver Mines in Scotland.

In exploring the old workings near Bathgate, North Britain, an old hammer has been found in one of the mines. The handle is round, two inches in diameter, and about 14 inches in length. The head is of iron, and anchor shaped. The main pit, or entrance to the whole series of pits and mines is about 9 feet by 6 feet in width, and 24 fathoms deep. The walls are of solid limestone rock, finely chiseled, and bearing innumerable initials of individuals, among which is "C. H. 1469," and beneath it a coat of arms. From the bottom of this pit, shafts run in all directions; and at the termination of one of these, another pit, several fathoms in depth, has been discovered. At the bottom of this second pit, other mines have been discovered, and at the extreme end of one of these there is found a third pit, which has not been thoroughly explored, on account of the quantity of standing water contained in it. On the walls of this last pit the year "1498" is carved. It is surmised that the workmen had drawn the water in bucketsful from the lowest pit, conducted it to the bottom of the second pit, and, by same means, raised it from the second to the third pit, whence it ran along a main level and discharged itself into a stream in the neigborhood where the metals were crushed and washed. The various veins have been cleanly wrought out, and one of them was no less than 20 feet in hight. The rubbish had been neatly repacked into the veins to save the labor of carrying it to the pit-mouth. The workmen had descended the first pit by means of a windlass, and the remains of large beams are still visible there; but it would appear that they had descended and ascended the other pits by niches cut out of the solid rock. It is thought by experienced workmen that the only way these mediæval miners could have taken the water from the mines must have been by means of a level cut through the Bathgate hills, about a mile and a half in length; and an investigation is to be made to ascertain the correctness of this supposition.

Borax.

John L. Jones, of Central Falls, Rhode Island, writes to Gov. L. R. Bradley for information in relation to the borax mines of Nevada. The Governor refers the letter to us. The only borax mines, so called, that we know of in this State are situated in Esmeralda county, not far from Columbus, and near the California line. These deposits have been located, surveyed and thoroughly tested, and extend over an area of several thousand acres, in detached bodies of considerable size. Bell & Myrtetus owned and perhaps still own some of these deposits. W. E. Brown, of Sacramento, California, is at the head of one company owning the chief deposits, and can give full and accurate information of all chemical tests and analyses made of the material, while his legal agent, General T. D. Edwards of this city is thoroughly conversant with the legal status of the company's claim. The mineral (borate of lime) is found quite extensively in the salt marshes of Esmeralda county, principally in layers two to five inches thick, alternating with layers of salt and first occurring from one to two feet below the surface. It is also found in the shape of balls three or four inches in diameter, scattered about the salt deposit. The deposits have never been worked systematically, though a large quantity of the mineral shipped to Europe some years ago and tested, was found to be superior to the tincal imported from Asia and South America in the manufacture of the borax of commerce. There is believed to be enough of this mineral in the locality named to supply the world for half a century.—*Carson Register.*

To Make Glossy Shirts.

Put a little common white wax in your starch, say two ounces to the pound, then, if you use any thin patent starch, be sure you use it warm, otherwise it will get cold and gritty, and spot your linen giving it the appearance of being stained with grease. It is different with collar starch—it can be used quite cold; however, of that anon. Now, then, about polishing shirts; starch the fronts and wristbands as stiff as you can. Always starch twice—that is, starch and dry; then starch again. Iron your shirts in the usual way, making the linen nice and firm; but without any attempt at a good finish; don't lift the plaits; your shirt is now ready for polishing, but you ought to have a board the same size as a common shirtboard made of hard wood, and covered with only one ply of plain cotton cloth. Put this board into the breast of your shirt, damp the front very lightly with a wet sponge, then take a polishing iron which is flat, and beveled a little at one end—polish gently with the beveled part, taking care not to drive the linen up into wave like blisters; of course, this requires a little practice, but if you are careful, and persevere, in a short time you will be able to give that enamel like finish which seems to be so much wanted.

Sold.

A newspaper man in Boston, a member in good standing of the Bachelor Club, who, from the nature of his business, never attempts to effect a capture of the early worm, was a few mornings since awakened by a diligent rapping upon the door of his suite of rooms, and after rubbing his eyes for a moment, went to the door and asked what was wanted. The applicant for admission proved to be a person engaged in gathering certain census statistics, and the following dialogue ensued:

Census Man—"Have you any children that have been born within a year?"

Newspaper Man—"No!"

C. M.—"How old is your youngest child?"

N. M.—"Seventy-eight years."

C. M.—"Want to buy any soothing syrup for him?"

N. M. (*loquitur*)—"Sold, by Jove!"

—A lady, recently dressing for a ball, surprised her husband with the inquiry: "My dear, how does my hair look?" "I don't know," he replied, "I can't see it." "Why can't you see it, I should like to know? haven't you eyes?" "Yes; but some dead woman's hair covers yours." It is needless to say there was a slight disturbance in the family, and somebody was called a brute.

—"Sir," said a sturdy beggar to a benevolent old man, "please give me a quarter; I am hungry and unable to procure food." The quarter was given, when the beggar said "You have done a noble deed; you have saved me from doing something which I feared I would have to come to," "What is that?" said the benefactor. "Work," was the mournful answer.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIARIES FOR 1872

....AT....

J. B. ROWLEY'S POSTOFFICE BOOK STORE. n30tf

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY of Inyo, State of California. In the matter of the Estate of John T. Ryan, deceased. Notice is hereby given that John A. Lank has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition praying for Letters of Administration of the estate of John T. Ryan, deceased, and that MONDAY, THE TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., being a day of a regular term of said Court, to-wit: of the January term, A. D. 1872, at the Court Room, in the town of Independence, in the County of Inyo, State of California, has been fixed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why said petition should not be granted.

Witness my hand and the Seal of the Probate Court this 26th day of December, A. D. 1871.

[SEAL] S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk.

By M. W. HAMMARSTRAND, Deputy Clerk.

d30n8ot4

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF MARGARET E. GEORGE, DECEASED. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Executors of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same, with necessary vouchers, within TEN MONTHS from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at the office of the County Clerk, in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, State of California.

JOHN BRODER, P. REDDY, S. P. MOFFAT, } Executors.

Independence, December 26, 1871. d30n8ot4

LIFE INSURANCE.

FACTS

LITTLE KNOWN RELATIVE TO LIFE INSURANCE.

LOSSES PAID ON THE PACIFIC COAST UNDER the Massachusetts Law by the NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL Life Insurance Company, of Boston:

Name.	Residence.	From Overdue and Time of Death	Amt Paid.
A. C. E. Miller	Portland, Oregon	six Months	$5,000
J. W. Jones	Colusa, Cal.	Four Months	10,000
J. B. Baldwin	Colusa, Cal.	Three Months	1,000
G. L. Potter	Virginia, Nev.	ten Days	2,500
L. G. Peel	Walnut Creek, Cal.	Eleven Months	5,000
G. L. Pettibone	Princeton, Cal.	Four Months	3,000
J. H. Calden	Boise City, I. T.	two Months	10,000
J. Lawson	Hoer's Ranch, Cal.	Two Months	5,000
C. W. Salter	Danville, Cal.	One Month	5,000
C. O. Stevens			

The Main Points of the Law under which the above Claims were Paid:

No Insurance on Life shall be forfeited by non-payment of premium.

The net value of the Policy shall be ascertained at the time of the lapse of premium, and be considered a net single premium of temporary insurance.

If the death of the party occurs within the term of temporary insurance, the Company shall be bound to pay the whole Policy the same as if there had been no lapse of premium; provided, the Company shall have the right to deduct from the face of the Policy the amount of premium due, with interest, at the date of death.

THE NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Was incorporated in 1835. It has accumulated assets of

$10,000,000 00.

The premiums of this Company are the same as those of Companies that compel the insured to forfeit what they have paid in case of non-payment of premium when due.

WALLACE EVERSON

GENERAL AGENT,

Office, Northeast Corner of California and Sansome Streets, San Francisco.

d9n76m1

LIVERY STABLES.

THE PIONEER LIVERY, SALE —AND— FEED STABLES,

Edwards Street,

Independence, - - - Cal.

B. L. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING JUST COMPLETED THE FINEST and most commodious stables in the county, and supplied the same with the best of turn-outs, the undersigned are prepared to do a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

The best of care paid to transient and permanent stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hay and Grain always on hand and for sale. Horses bought and sold. Stop at the New Stables, at the old "Pioneer" stand.

B. L. BROWN & CO.

Independence, October 28, 1871. o28n70m6

C. A. CRANNIS' LIVERY & FEED STABLE,

(Hunt's Old Stand)

Lone Pine, - - - - Cal.

BEST OF SADDLE HORSES AND BUGGY teams always on hand. o7tf

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:

Saturday,...December 30, 1871.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*** All advertisements, to insure insertion in these columns, must be handed in on or before 2 o'clock P. M., Friday.

The Shooting Match.

Pursuant to notice a number of shootists congregated near town on Christmas Day, with a view of deciding the fate and ownership of a few chickens and turkeys. As there was but two or three rifles on the ground, and they of a very superanuated pattern, we infer that good rifles are scarce hereabouts, or the once popular amusement of rifle shooting is sadly on the wane. Be that as it may, on the present occasion the performance began by burying an old hen in the ground so that she would be able to hold up her venerable head, which, at forty yards, off-hand, was to be the target. Terms: Pay full market price, to wit, six bits, if you hit the bird any where else than squarely in the head. We took the first shot; we also paid the full market price for that ancient fowl. Bird No. 2 was then interred in like manner as his predecessor, and after a number of skilful misses by different marksmen, all of whom were dead shots "when I was in practice, sir," was eventually resurrected and raised bodily four feet in the air by Jim Shepherd. That bird needed re-stuffing before he was fit for the table. It was the second worst shot on record. Next, a young gobbler was stationed nearly two hundred yards away as judge of the shooting. With ordinary luck no harm could befall that turkey; no gun there could throw a ball much over half way to him without a dangerous strain; but, "a fool for luck the world over," and that gobbler was undoubtedly a fool of the first magnitude, if judged by his luck. John Alexander stepped forth and pointing his gun in the direction of the western mountains blazed away; ball fell fifty yards short and was caught on the bound by that lucky turkey! "Oh, that's nothing; can do it nine times out of ten," said the shooter. Turkey man looked blue; nevertheless gobbler No. 2 was put in the position just vacated by the fool turkey, and while there had an opportunity of witnessing more bad shooting than any other turkey of his age on the coast. For hours he serenely sat there, while those ambitious little rifles and ye shooters were jeopardizing their breech-pins in futile endeavors to heave him a ball, but with such poor success that it really appeared that death by starvation and exposure would be the verdict for that gobbler. Ye bold shooters, though, continued to blaze away in a sublime faith that they could either carom or lob a ball on that monument of patience, each sustained by a conviction that neither the feathered bineds nor John Alexander possessed the sole prerogative of "scratching." As might be expected the turkey man looked grieved to see his bird exposed to so many shots, each shot being four bits in his pocket (the turkey man's pocket, not the turkey's). His painful suspense was eventually relieved, and the sublime faith justified by Tom May, and another scratch was scored; (the turkey scratched out of that when the ball knocked gravel stones against his legs). Soon after the Shades of Night spread his big mantle over the bloody scene and the slaughter was at an end. P. S. The usual courtesies of the country were extended the press-gang.

Indian Stabbed.

About half past 10 on Christmas night, some Indians just back of Rowley's store attracted attention by their noise, upon which a couple of men went to the place and found one of them left about dead from several knife cuts in the throat, and—drunk! The assistance of Dr. Smith was called, who examined and dressed the fearful looking wounds. It is said that the quarrelsome Indians were brothers, and that the fight grew out of whisky and from the wounded one having been concerned in cutting the throat of "Doctor Joe," whose killing at George's Creek we mentioned several months since. The Indian, being taken by his tribe, is now out at one of the *rancherias* on the plains, and will probably die. The cause of the whole trouble undoubtedly lays at the door of some white villain who sells them whisky. The Indians mention a place in town where, for a dollar and a half, they can procure all they want, and there is some other testimony against the same man. Now, it is hardly probable that this individual is ignorant of the fact that this is a direct violation of a plain law, for every infraction of which heavy penalties are imposed on conviction. It is also incumbent upon every person having knowledge of these infractions to report the same, that the guilty person may be brought to the punishment which he so richly deserves. Any man is essentially low down in the scale of humanity who, for the sake of the few pennies he may gain by the transaction, will sell whisky to these otherwise inoffensive beings. In so doing he not only jeopardizes the lives of the Indians themselves, as in the instance alluded to, but also the lives of white men, as we from personal experience can testify. This subject has been brought to our notice several times, by letter and personal observation, but as we were led to believe that measures would be taken to convict the *guilty* parties, we refrained from giving publicity to certain well-founded statements which would at least fasten a reasonable suspicion upon certain quarters beyond the limits of this town. The method generally adopted by the Indians to obtain whisky is through the agency of a low, sneaking go-between claiming to be white, and therefore not debarred by law from investing an Indian's money in whisky, a portion of which becomes his perquisites. No responsible saloon keeper will or does knowingly barter whisky directly or indirectly to Indians. A trip to San Quentin by one or two of these go-betweens and low whisky-sellers would have have a very salutary effect, besides affording an immense amount of satisfaction to the community in general.

Masquerade.

We acknowledge the receipt of an invitation and ticket to attend a masquerade ball, to be given by Senora Antonia Montoy, at her place on the corner of Main and Lone Pine streets, Lone Pine, on New Year's Night. The programme includes dancing and a supper, and doubtless the gay masqueraders will enjoy themselves to the fullest extent.

Another Dance.

A dance is to come off at the place of Mr. Cofer, lately Mr. Martin's, near Camp Independence, on New Years Night. "All are invited to attend." Also, during the day a shooting match, chicken pulling and similar amusements. Here's a chance for lovers of fun to spread themselves.

A New Roaster.

The Owens Lake Silver-Lead Co. are engaged in building a galamadore near the mouth of the Omega tunnel, Cerro Gordo, for reducing their lead ore to slag before being shipped down the mountain, for final reduction in the cupola at Swansea.

Died.

Mr. Daniel Schnieder, who was injured by meeting with a fall in the Union mine, died in Cerro Gordo a few days since.

Christmas Dinner.

On Christmas day some ten or a dozen of the "old baches" of Lone Pine assembled at the residence of Col. Whipple, to partake of the distinguished hospitalities of that gentleman and his worthy lady. We were not so fortunate as to have been present, but, as reported to us, the proceedings must have been of the jolliest character—what with the sumptuous repast, the popping of liberated corks and the keen contests of wit by the unfortunate "pioneer bachelors of Lone Pine." We give in the following some of the regular and volunteer toasts of the occasion, which for wit, point and brevity are not bad:

"California—The gem of the Pacific Slope from Behring Straits to Cape Horn."

"Inyo County—Young in years; the Little Giant in mineral wealth among her sister counties."

"Old Settlers of Lone Pine—Honorable to a dot and generous to a fault; may their prosperity keep pace with the development of the county."

"The Young 'Old Settlers' Present—'Time makes all things even,' and to make them even Time will have to take them to the Haltar, with the 'H' off.'

"The Judiciary of Lone Pine—Dignified in demeanor, slow to wrath, just in its convictions."

"W. T. Grant—The Arbiter of the greatest of National differences—*the Alabama claims.*"

"'Dad' Moore—Though not a 'dad' *that we know of*, yet more than a father to the deserving poor."

After dinner a Bachelor's Club was formed, composed of those present; and the Colonel and Mrs. Whipple were unanimously elected members. On adjournment the Club of unregenerates resolved to meet on the Fourth of July next, at which time we predict for them another equally enjoyable hour. Our Lokleitems is invited, as a "respectable" bachelor. Mistake.

Diaries.

Postmaster Rowley has some Diaries for 1872 of a new style. He will sell 'em!

Very Ill.

John Wallace, of this place, is dangerously sick; his recovery is hopeless.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

First Sunday in the Month.

George's Creek—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 11 A. M. Independence—Rev. A. Clark; preaching at 7 P. M.; Sabbath School at 2 P. M.; prayer meeting at the parsonage on Saturday at 7 P. M. Bridge, near Bend City—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 2 P. M. Eclipse Mine—Rev. J. Tamblyn; preaching at 7 P. M. Round Valley—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 11 A. M. Bishop Creek—Rev. E. H. Orne; preaching at 7 P. M.; Sunday School at 11 A. M.; prayermeeting on Thursday at 7 P. M.

TINSMITH.

INYO PIONEER

TIN SHOP,

Of INDEPENDENCE.

WELCH & STEVENS,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all. Have just received a fine lot of

PARLOR AND COOKING

STOVES,

Which we offer

CHEAP, FOR CASH.

WELCH & STEVENS.

Independence, Dec. 2, 1871. n75tf

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Boot and Shoemaker.

MR. FRED. FISHER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Inyo that he has established a Boot and Shoe Shop, at the old stand

IN LENTELL'S BUILDING,

Where he is prepared to do any kind of work in his line, with neatness and dispatch. The best of French and other stocks constantly on hand. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

no25n74m3 FRED. FISHER.

PAINTING.

PAINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW PREPARED TO do all kinds of

SIGN, ORNAMENTAL

....AND....

PLAIN PAINTING,

In the best style. Picture frames made to order, varnishing, etc. Shop on Edwards street. Orders left at The Independent office will be promptly attended to.

no11n72m3 T. A. GARDNER

BLACKSMITHING.

ABRAHAM PARKER,

—THE—

Pioneer Blacksmith

—OF—

OWENS VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Independence and of Inyo County generally that he is always on hand at his old stand, to do all kinds of work in his line, in the best style, at the lowest rates—for cash.

Horse Shoeing, Ox Shoeing, Tire Setting, Iron Work, Etc.

Of every description.

Wagon Work

Done in the best style at reasonable terms.

Agricultural Implements

Made and repaired.

UNCLE ABE returns thanks for the very liberal amount of patronage received from the people of Inyo, and hopes they will continue to favor him with the same.

A. PARKER.

Independence, Cal., October 21, 1871. n69tf

TO CONTRACTORS.

WOOD, WOOD!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL LET A CONTRACT for

500 Cords of Wood,

To be delivered at the Eclipse Mill.

For full particulars inquire of

HENRY TREGELLES, Manager.

d16n78tf

HARRIS & RHINE.

Harris & Rhine,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

D. COHN & CO.,

INDEPENDENCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Liquors,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Wagon & Carriage Stock,

HARDWOOD,

Hardware,

IRON AND STEEL,

MECHANICS' & MINERS' TOOLS,

—AND—

Farming Implements

Tin-Ware,

Wooden and Willow Ware,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GUN AND BLASTING POWDER,

Giant Powder.

FUSE AND SHOT,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Saddlery,

Leather & Shoe Findings,

Drugs & Medicines

PAINTS & OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

Doors, Sashes & Blinds,

Wall Paper,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH,

Stationery & Blank Books,

Cutlery and Notio ,

Marine and Cottage

CLOCKS,

AND GRAIN OF ALL KINDS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO CALL the attention of the public to their large and well selected stock of General Merchandise, which they will sell at the lowest possible price for cash, consisting in part of the following articles:

Flour, Bacon, Macaroni and Rice,
Everything good and everything nice,
Pickles, Extracts, Grapes and Sauces—
Stirrups, Saddles and Collars for Horses,
Bedsteads, Carpets and Babies' Chairs,
Crockery, Glass and Earthenwares;
Carpenters' Tools, Bolts and Screws,
Muslins, Ginghams, Boots and Shoes;
Buggy Rims and Wagon Hubs,
Codfish, Salmon and Wooden Tubs;
Brandies, Whiskies, Syrups and Wines—
Wheel and Lead Harness, Lashes and Lines,
Cigars, Tobacco and Grain of all kinds,
Wall Paper, Blankets and Shoeing Finds,
With lots of articles too numerous to mention
To the whole of which we call your attention

We are paying particular attention to the WHOLESALE BUSINESS, and will do our utmost to secure and retain the trade of storekeepers as well as the public generally.

HARRIS & RHINE,

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES

On hand and for sale at agents' rates, with addition of freight only, by

HARRIS & RHINE, Agents.

Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. my20 n47tf

SETH G. SNEDEN.

NEW GOODS!

LARGE STOCK!

All Goods Sold for Cash

NO HIGH PRICES.

NO BIG PROFITS.

MEN'S WEAR,

PRINTS,

MUSLINS,

FLANNELS,

SHIRTINGS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

GROCERIES

OF THE BEST QUALITY,

TOBACCO,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

HARDWARE,

WOODEN WARE, TIN WARE,

STOVES.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF ALL KINDS of goods, and special inducements offered to

CASH BUYERS.

Grain, Butter & Eggs

Taken in exchange for goods. Prices fixed solely with reference to

CASH PAYMENT.

SETH G. SNEDEN,

Bishop Creek.

d16n77tf

STATIONERY.

BOOKS, BOOKS!

AT THE INDEPENDENCE POST OFFICE

SCHOOL BOOKS

BLANK BOOKS,

GIFT BOOKS,

Books for the Little Ones,

CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

STATIONERY,

Tobacco and Cigars,

GROCERIES,

CONFECTIONARY.

Etc., Etc.,

For sale cheap for cash. Agency for Eastern Publications. All orders promptly attended to.

J. B. ROWLEY.

d23n79m3

Aurora News Depot.

J. M. MEREDITH,

AURORA, - - - - - - NEVADA.

DEALER IN

Stationery.

BLANK BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,

MAGAZINES & NEWSPAPERS,

CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, CUTLERY, ETC., ETC.,

And Everything in his Line Cheap.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED UPON THE most reasonable terms. All Eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers furnished. Agent for The Inyo Independent.

Store in Post Office Building

AURORA, - - - - - - - - NEVADA.

FLOUR.

BISHOP CREEK

FLOURING MILLS.

ORDERS FOR GRINDING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. Flour and Feed constantly on hand. Also, our favorite brand of

XXX FAMILY FLOUR.

Flour sacks for sale at lowest cash prices. No credit for grinding, and positively

No Business Done on Sunday.

H. RUSSELL.

d21n69m6

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROBATE NOTICE.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY of Inyo, State of California. In the matter of the estate of J. L. Wells, deceased. Notice is hereby given that James Brady has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition praying for Letters of Administration of the estate of J. L. Wells, deceased, and that MONDAY, THE EIGHTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., being a day of a regular term of said Court, to wit: of the January term, A. D. 1872, at the Court Room in the town of Independence, in the County of Inyo, State of California, has been fixed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause why said petition should not be granted.

S. P. MOFFAT, Clerk,
By M. W. HAMMARSTRAND, Deputy Clerk.

[SEAL.] December 22, 1871. d23n79w3

COUNTY WARRANTS PAYABLE.

Office County Treasurer, Independence, Inyo Co., Cal. December 4, 1871.

PARTIES HOLDING THE FOLLOWING COUNTY warrants will please present the same for ment. Interest will cease from date:

ON THE COUNTY GENERAL FUND

No.	Drawn in favor of.	Amount.
234	W A Greenley	$500 00
223	A C Hanson	250 00
235	C D Begole	75 00
237	J R Hughes	75 00
238	D D Gunnison	19 00
243	J M Joslin	37 50
244	A C Hanson	250 00
245	W L Moore	55 00
246	S P Moffat	160 00
247	P W Bennett	125 00
248	C D Begole	75 00
249	John R Hughes	75 00
252	L A Talcott	274 44
253	C M Joslin	37 50
168	T J Goodale	18 00
254	A C Hanson	250 00
261	W L Moore	243 00
256	S P Moffat	200 00

ON THE CONTINGENT FUND.

459	A B Elder	259 00
462	C Mulkey	121 75
526	S P Moffat	29 75
455	S P Moffat	94 50
517	L Firestone	3 00
518	W G Squires	72 25
522	A B Elder	37 75
535	W T Grant	32 00
537	W T Grant	32 00
588	S P Moffat	180 00
591	J A Lank	60 00

ON THE BUILDING FUND.

305	John Broder	500 00
306	John Broder	500 00
307	John Broder	200 00

ON THE HOSPITAL FUND.

532	C B White	110 00
523	J J Rogers	142 09
524	H Marritt	15 00
596	C B White	155 00
597	J J Rogers	203 00

ON THE ROAD FUND.

152	Alexander & Chaquette	100 00
153	Alexander & Chaquette	118 66
188	Robert Gourley	380 00

ON THE MONO DEBT FUND.

Amount on hand for liquidation of bonds and coupons		2 369 24

I. HARRIS.
County Treasurer
By HENRY M. ISAACS, Deputy.

d9n78tf

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

DELINQUENT TAXES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE received from the Tax Collector of the County of Inyo the Delinquent List of Taxes for the year 1871, and have delivered the same to the District Attorney of said County, and if said taxes are not paid within TWENTY DAYS from the date hereof suit will be commenced for the collection of the same, together with costs.

Given under my hand this Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871.

S. P. MOFFAT, County Auditor.

d23n79t2

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF HENRY GRIMM, DECEASED. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within FOUR MONTHS from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at the office of P. Reddy, in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, State of California.

JOHN A. LANK,
Public Administrator.

Independence, December 18, 1871. d23n79t4

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF JAMES WHITE, DECEASED. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within FOUR MONTHS from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at the office of P. Reddy, in the town of Independence, State of California.

JOHN A. LANK,
Public Administrator.

Independence, December 18, 1871. d23n79t4

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against Peter Laird and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said State and County known and described as Laird's 1,000 acres of grazing land, above Bishop Creek, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 3 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

d23n7913

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against Westerville & Ryan, and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said State and County, known as Westerville & Ryan's possessory claim, near the town of Fish Springs, containing 320 acres, with the improvements thereon; also, one store house at Fish Springs, known as the Westerville & Ryan store, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 3 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

d23n7913

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against J. R. Westerville and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said State and County, and described as J. R. Westerville's possessory claim at Fish Springs; also, the improvements thereon, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

d23n7913

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against C. F. Duval and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said State and County and described as C. F. Duval's possessory claim to certain springs, situated about four miles from Cerro Gordo, in a north-westerly direction, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 1 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

d23n7913

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against Antonio Rojas and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said County and State known as Antonio Rojas' house and lot, Cerro Gordo, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

d23n7913

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against Manuel Praciado and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said State and County known and described as possessory claim of Manuel Praciado, Lone Pine; also, the improvements theron, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M. in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

d23n7913

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE AND ORDER OF sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Inyo, in the suit of the People of the State of California against San Carlos Mill and the real estate and improvements in the County of Inyo, particularly described as the right of possession in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said State and County known as the San Carlos possessory claim; also, one quartz mill and machinery situate at old town of San Carlos and known as the San Carlos Mill, duly attested the Eighteenth day of December, A. D. 1871, I will sell at public vendue on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House in the town of Independence, County of Inyo, the above described real estate to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, United States gold or silver coin.

A. B. ELDER, Sheriff,
By L. A. TALCOTT, Under Sheriff.

d23n7913

Inyo Independent.

INDEPENDENCE, CAL.:
Saturday,...December 30, 1871.

SQUIBLETS.

—Ground Hog—Sausage.

—A fireside tale—The cat's.

—A precious volume—A bank book.

—A military air—A pla-toon.

—Hairs presumptive—Chignons.

—A great "composer"—Chloroform

—To permit a lady to satiate herself is not the same thing as to permit her to say she ate herself.

—A man that ought to be re—membered: A one legged soldier.

—What do liars do when they die? They lie still.

—A Cincinnati market regulation—"No whistling near the sausage stand."

—Othello was not a lawyer, although he was a tawny general of Venice.

—The oldest "ring" in the country—The Indian war (w)hoop.

—The scarcest "ring"—The "ring" of the true metal.

—A Kansas man is in jail for letting a neighbor's mule follow nim.

—The great American desert—Fruit. That's plain enough.

—Stealing nutmegs is a small crime but it might lead to another.

—An old lady writing to her son out West, tells him to beware of billious saloons and bowl alleys.

—It is queer that at a party the guests always grow thin after supper.

—Who ever saw anybody near a fire who didn,t want to play poker?

—A merchant of our acquaintance wonders why he is obliged to go so often after money that is coming to him.

—A good joke in the paper and a hod carrier on the ladder, go the rounds.

—Dogs are said to be the best dentists because they insert natural teeth.

—What age is most agreeable to a man just started in business? Patronage.

—The reason why successful vaccination is always popular, is, because it takes.

—While a woman with a sick child in her arms was being tried in an English police court, the child died.

—"Flannel Receptions" are in vogue. It is another name for those parties where the yonng ladies sew an hour for the poor, and dance three for joy.

—Retort Courteous.—A judge, joking a young lawyer, said, "If you and I were turned into a horse and an ass, which would you prefer to be?" "The ass, to be sure," replied the lawyer. "I've heard of an ass being made a judge, but not a horse."

—The Atlantic and Great Western railroad companies have consolidated all their interests in New York and Pennsylvania, under the name of the Atlantic and Great Western, Geo. B. McClellan, President.

—North Carolina's General Assembly proposes to test the legality of United States military arrests under the Kuklux act by appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States, on habeas corbus.

SEWING MACHINES.

FLORENCE

THE FLORENCE IS THE BEST Sewing Machine for Family use because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expenae to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,
No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,
Grand Hotel Building,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

HARRIS & RHINE,
Agents at Independence.

Send for circular and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.
d9n76m10

JEWELER.

G. BURKHARDT,
Watch Maker and Jeweler,
Lone Pine, Inyo County, Cal.

ORDERS FROM A DISTANCE ATTENDED TO promptly. Is prepared to attend to the repairing of Guns and Pistols. Jewrely manufactured to order. n70tf

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

MAKE THE LITTLE ONES HAPPY,
....AND....
BE LIBERAL ALL ROUND

—THE FIRM OF—
WOOD & COHEN
....AT....
Masonic Hall Building,

Have recently received a splendid stock of

Holiday Presents,
TOYS,
FANCY GOODS,
Etc., Etc.,

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE DISPOSED OF AT the most reasonable rates. Attention is also directed to their

NEW AND COMPLETE
—Stock of—
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS,
FURNISHING GOODS,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Attached to the store is also a Merchant Tailoring Establishment, wherein is kept a large assortment of the finest

Woolen Cloths, Flannels,

Etc., ever brought to the country.

You can have clothing
MADE TO ORDER,
Both members of the firm being
PRACTICAL TAILORS,
All orders will be guaranteed.

"A stitch in time saves nine."

CLOTHING
CLEANED and REPAIRED
With neatness and dispatch, at the
MOST REASONABLE RATES

The public are cordlally invited to give us a call.

WOOD & COHEN.
Independence, December 2, 1871. v2n66ly.

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

New Store, New Business
—AND A—
LARGE STOCK OF GOODS.

THE
Fish Springs Store,
J. W. McMURRY, Proprietor,

HAS BEEN RE-ESTABLISHED, AND IS NOW supplied with an extensive and well-selected stock of

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
Wines and Liquors,
Dry-Goods,
CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods,
HARDWARE,
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
—AND—
EVERYTHING ELSE

Usually kept in a first-class country store.

All goods will be sold at the very
LOWEST RATES
For Cash.

Having purchased goods on the most advantageous terms, and from the first houses in San Francisco, the undersigned requests purchasers to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. McMURRY.
Fish Springs, October 25, 1871. o28n70m2

MARKET.

New Butcher Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL FOR FORMER patronage, wishes to notify old friends and the public generally that he has resumed business at Camp Independence, where he keeps constantly on hand, and will deliver promptly on order at any point in the vicinity, all kinds of meat, such as

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON

at the lowest possible rates.
LEWIS SCHNEIDER.
At Earl's Store, near Camp Independence.
jy15n55m3

GENERAL MERCHANDISE!

OYEZ! ATTENTION HO! HEAR YE, HEAR YE!

WE WISH YOU WARMLY CLAD,
WELL FED,
AND NOT THIRSTY!
WE HOPE YOU
ARE HAPPY!

IN THE EVENT
OF WANTING ANY
OF THE NUMEROUS
ARTICLES COMPRISING
THE SUM TOTAL OF
HUMAN DESIRES
JUST STEP IN TO THE
WORLD RENOWNED
EMPORIUM OF

J. S. ROTHSCHILD & CO.,

WHERE WE KEEP
SO MANY THINGS
TO SELL,
BUT NOTHING TO
GIVE AWAY!
AND SUPPLY
YOURSELVES.
WE WANT
THE PROFITS.
no25n74tf

STILL AHEAD!

Further Reductions.

A 1 Crushed Sugar Four and One-Half Pounds for
ONE DOLLAR!
Best Quality Brown Sugar Five and One-Half Pounds for
ONE DOLLAR!
Chemical Olive Soap Eight Bars for
ONE DOLLAR!

The most complete stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES
Ever offered in the Valley, at prices to defy competition, at

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO'S.
LONE PINE.

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
—OF—
Lone Pine,

ARE
Constantly Receiving Additions
To one of the
LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE
Assortments of

General Merchandise

To be found in the country.

OUR TRADE HAS INCREASED LARGELY OF late, and "you know how it is yourself." People will go where they can do the best, and we are kept busily at work. Goods sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On the most reasonable terms

A. M. LOOMIS & BRO.
Lone Pine, Sept. 23, 1871. n65*tn66

OPPOSITION STORE.

C. & M. COHN,
Lone Pine,

HAVE THE ~~LARGEST~~ AND BEST STOCK OF
Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.
....We will....
SELL CHEAPER
Than any other house in Lone Pine.
We Have On Hand
150 cases of Boots and Shoes—the best assortment ever brought to Lone Pine.
NEW GOODS RECEIVING EVERY WEEK
o14n68m3

EARL & HARRIS,
Camp Independence,
....Dealers in....
Dry Goods, Clothing,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Groceries,
HARDWARE,
Crockery and Glass Ware,
PAINTS, OILS,
Varnish and Window Glass.
And a fine assortment of the best brands of
WINES, LIQUORS,
Tobacco and Cigars.

Have also a full supply of
Standard School Books
Of the latest adoption.

WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, miners and the public generally to the above stock of goods, and our

Greatly Reduced Prices!

Our business system will prove specially advantageous to interests of Farmers, as

Grain and Produce

of all kind is received in exchange for goods.

EARL & HARRIS.
Camp Independence, Cal., October 10.
o14n68m3

ASSAYER.

ASSAYING.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL MAKE ASSAYS of all descriptions of ore, with results guaranteed correct, at reasonable rates. Orders left with Messrs. HARRIS & RHINE, Independence, or addressed to the subscriber will receive prompt attention.
JOHN MORRIS, Assayer,
d16 98 m3 Eclipse Mill.

DRUGS, ETC.

CHAS. E. BALDWIN,
—SUCCESSOR TO—
A. A. GREEN,
—Wholesale and Retail—
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.
AURORA, NEVADA.
DEALER IN
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ALCOHOL, ACIDS, PAINTS, OILS, QUICKSILVER, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,
And a splendid assortment of
TOILET ARTICLES.
Brushes of Every Description.
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,
For medicinal purposes.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL be promptly filled and forwarded immediately.
Aurora, Nevada, October 10, 1871.
o14n68m3

INYO DRUG STORE.

Pioneer Establishment of this Kind in Lone Pine

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES
....AND...
PATENT MEDICINES
NEWLY ARRIVED.

ALSO, AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF Perfumes, Soaps, Cosmetics, Fine Essences for the Handkerchief, Pure Cologne and Florida Water, Bay Rum and Yankee Soap for barbers, Brushes and a number of other Toilet Articles, both for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Prescriptions,

and all orders by mail or express carefully and promptly filled, and forwarded immediately.
Especial attention paid to
Leaded Sufferers,
with wonderfully quick cure and sure preventative, AT VERY MODERATE CHARGES. Scores of living testimony speak in favor of the treatment. Consultations to the afflicted, in all civilized languages—English, Spanish, French, Italian, Slavonian and Russian—
Free of Charge,
and correspondence kept with the most delicate discretion.

Do You Wish to Purify Your Blood!

Then take a bottle of my own COMPOUND DECOCTIONS for Spring and Fall. Six days' treatment with these Decotions will act as a Preventative against the attacks of Catarrhs, Coughs, Rheumatism, etc., that are always produced by the impurities of humors during the inclemency of the Winter Season; and in Summer against Fevers, Colics, Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Liver Complaint and other diseases peculiar to that season. Miners, laborers, farmers and all classes of persons, of both sexes, are respectfully solicited to try a bottle of my Decotion; while taking it they can attend to their work or business without any inconvenience. Directions and instructions accompany each bottle, and full information given free by mail to any address.

P. G. GELCICH,
Druggist & Practitioner,
no18n73m3 Lone Pine.

JOHN LENTELL,
Independence, - - - - - - Cal.,
—Dealer in—
Drugs & Medicines
CHEMICALS,
Patent Medicines,
For Man and Beast,
FINE PERFUMERY,
SAGE CATARRH REMEDY,
Hair Restoratives & Dyes.
SELF-ADJUSTING TRUSSES,
STATIONERY,
AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARY and NUTS. Choice brands of
Tobacco & Cigars.
CHOICE APPLES constantly on hand, and other Fruits in their Season.
Independence, October 14 JOHN LENTELL.
o14n68m6

MEDICAL.

CARD.

J. D. BLAIR,
Physician & Surgeon,

IS CONSULTED DAILY FOR ALL DISEASES incident to the female system, Prolapsus Uteri or falling of the womb, Flour Albus or whites, Suppression of the Menses, or other menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed. So invariable is the new mode of treatment that the most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted person rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Blair having made the diseases of women and children a specialty for eighteen years in California, has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of such diseases than any other physician on the Pacific coast. Can be consulted with at his drug store in Independence. no4n71tf

TINSMITH.

INYO PIONEER
TIN SHOP,
Of INDEPENDENCE.
WELCH & STEVENS,
Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Workers.

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING IN OUR LINE promptly executed, at low rates and to the satisfaction of all. Have just received a fine lot of

PARLOR AND COOKING
STOVES,
Which we offer
CHEAP, FOR CASH.

WELCH & STEVENS.
Independence, Dec. 2, 1871. n75tf

PRINTING.

To Business Men.

PATRONISE
HOME INDUSTRY,
....AND....
KEEP YOUR MONEY AT HOME!

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE INYO INDEPENDENT printing establishment would respectfully ask the attention of the public to their great and unexcelled facilities for the prompt execution of every description of plain and ornamental printing.

Our stock of paper comprises the following styles and sizes, selected with special reference to the wants of the business men of this and adjoining counties: News, Book, Colored, Tissue and Wrapping Paper; Flat Cap, Bill Head, Statement, Demy, Double Cap, Medium and Imperial; Commercial Note, Letter, Packet, Foolscap, etc., with envelopes, cards, etc., in every variety of size, color and texture, from dainty white to legal, and the finest Bristol Board and Satin Enamelled to heavy Railroad.

Our establishment contains over two hundred varieties of type, including many of the very latest and most approved styles and designs. Having every color and quality of ink and bronzes, with a splendid assortment of cuts, rules, borders and flourishes, we are enabled to turn out work pleasing the taste of the most fastidious.

Our presses are of the best patterns, rapid running and capable of doing every description of job-work, in all its endless variety.

For prices, special attention is directed to the illuminated Price List, which will shortly be issued and forwarded to the business men of Inyo County.

Meanwhile, send in your orders; we guarantee satisfaction in every instance.

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